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OF

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1950





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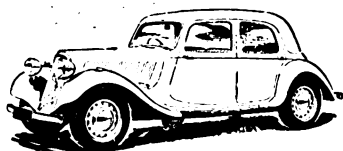
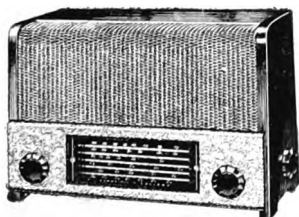
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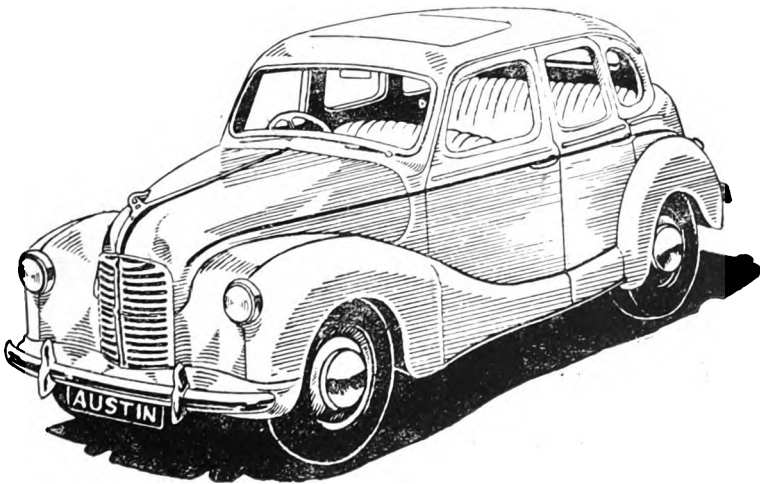
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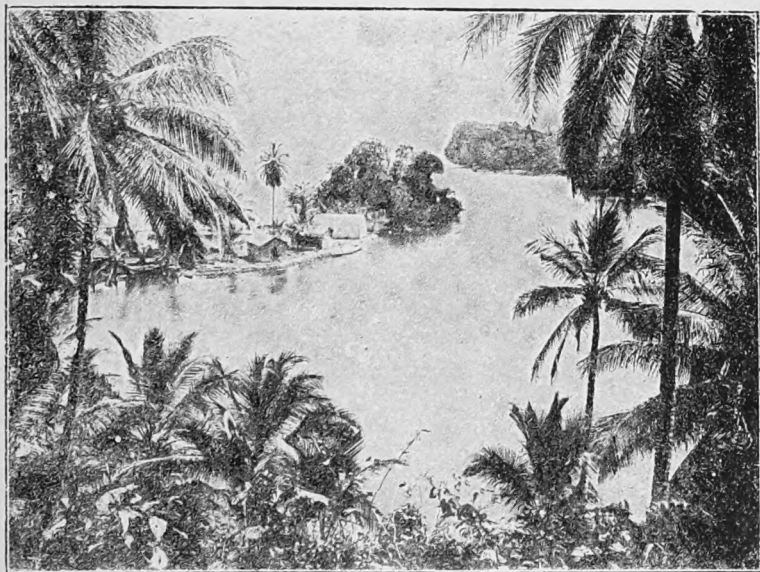
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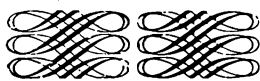
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FOR 1949-50

COMPRISING HISTORICAL, STATISTICAL AND GENERAL  
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SIXTIETH YEAR OF PUBLICATION

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**PREFACE**

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Thanks are hereby tendered to those Heads of Departments, Officers of the Public Service, Managers and Secretaries of the various Public Bodies and Associations and other persons who have co-operated in making this edition as complete as possible.

As references are made throughout to previous issues, it may be well to state that there is a complete set of all previous editions of the Handbook in the West India Reference Library of the Institute of Jamaica.

March, 1950

W.A.C.

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THE  
HANDBOOK OF JAMAICA

FOR THE YEAR 1949-50

IS RESPECTFULLY DEDICATED

TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

SIR JOHN HUGGINS, G.C.M.G., M.C.,

Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief  
of Jamaica and its Dependencies,

by his obedient servant,

THE EDITOR.

•



## CHAPTER I.

---

### THE ROYAL FAMILY, COLONIAL OFFICE, CROWN AGENTS, COLONIAL OFFICIALS AND CONSULS.

---

#### THE SOVEREIGN

**HIS MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY GEORGE VI.** by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Northern Ireland, and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, and of Jamaica Lord; second son of His late Majesty King George V., and of Her Majesty Queen Mary; born at York Cottage, Sandringham, December 14, 1895, married April 26, 1923, Lady Elizabeth Angela Marguerite Bowes-Lyon, C.I., the youngest daughter of the Earl of Strathmore and Kinghorne, K.T.; succeeded to the throne, December 12, 1936; crowned at Westminster Abbey, May 12, 1937.

The name of the Royal House was changed to that of Windsor by Special Decree in 1917. Their Majesties have issue:—

#### CHILDREN OF THE KING

**H.R.H. PRINCESS ELIZABETH ALEXANDRA MARY**, born April 21, 1926, married **LIEUT. PHILIP MOUNTBATTEN** (now **PRINCE PHILIP**, Duke of Edinburgh) 20th November, 1947, has issue: **PRINCE CHARLES PHILIP ARTHUR GEORGE**, born 14th November, 1948.

**H.R.H. PRINCESS MARGARET ROSE**, born 21st August, 1930.

#### MOTHER OF THE KING

**H.M. QUEEN MARY** formerly Her Highness Princess **VICTORIA MARY AUGUSTA LOUISE OLGA PAULINE CLAUDINE AGNES**, born May 26, 1867; only daughter of His Highness the late Duke of Teck and the late Duchess; married on July 6, 1893, **H.R.H. Prince of Wales** (later King George V.)

#### BROTHERS AND SISTER OF THE KING

**H.R.H. Princess MARY (VICTORIA ALEXANDRA ALICE MARY)**, Princess Royal, Countess of Harewood, G.B.E., D.C.L., born April 25, 1897. Married February 28, 1922, Viscount Lascelles now deceased.

Has issue (i) **George Henry Hubert**, Viscount Lascelles, now seventh Earl of Harewood born February 7, 1923, (ii) **Hon. Gerald David Lascelles**, born August 21, 1924.

**H.R.H. the Duke of Gloucester, HENRY WILLIAM FREDERICK ALBERT**, Earl of Ulster and Baron Culloden, K.G., P.C., K.T.G., K.P., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., LL.D., has Royal Victorian Chain, born at York Cottage,

Sandringham, March 31, 1900; married Nov. 6, 1935, Lady Alice Montagu-Douglas-Scott, C.I., G.B.E., born Dec. 25, 1901, 3rd daughter of the 7th Duke of Buccleuch, K.T., G.C.V.O.

H.R.H. the Duke of Kent, GEORGE EDWARD ALEXANDER EDMUND, Earl of St. Andrew, and Baron Downpatrick, P.C., K.G., K.T., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., has Royal Victorian Chain, born at Sandringham Dec. 20, 1902, married Nov. 29, 1934, H.R.H. Princess Marina, C.I., G.B.E.; born Nov. 30, 1906. Has issue: (i) H.R.H. Prince Edward George Nicholas Paul Patrick, born October 9, 1935, (ii) H.R.H. Princess Alexandra Helen Elizabeth Olga Christabel, born December 25, 1936. H.R.H. the Duke lost his life in a plane accident in 1942.

H.R.H. Prince EDWARD ALBERT CHRISTIAN GEORGE ANDREW PATRICK DAVID, Duke of Windsor, formerly H.M. King Edward VIII, abdicated December 1, 1936, born June 23, 1894, at White Lodge, Richmond Park; married June 3, 1937, in France, Mrs. Wallis Warfield Simpson of Maryland, U.S.A. No issue.

H.R.H. Prince JOHN, born July 12, 1905, died January 18, 1919.

---

## COLONIAL OFFICE

*The Church House, Great Smith Street, London, S.W.1.*

THE Secretary of State for the Colonies possesses an advisory power of veto on legislation of the self-governing colonies and is responsible for the government of the remaining dominions beyond the seas in inverse proportion to the amount of self-government possessed by them.

*Secretary of State for the Colonies*—The Rt. Hon. A. Creech Jones, P.C., M.P.

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## CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES

Head Office, 4 Millbank, Westminster, S.W. 1, Stock Transfer Office, Lloyds Bank Buildings, Moorgate, E.C. 2.

The Crown Agents for the Colonies are appointed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, and act as commercial and financial agents in England for all Colonial Governments. They are paid by fixed salaries settled by the Secretary of State and derived from moneys paid by the colonies for services rendered.

# PRINCIPAL ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS IN BRITISH COLONIES, MANDATED TERRITORIES, ETC.

Governors of Colonies are addressed as:—

His Excellency,

The Governor of .....

Chief Secretaries and Colonial Secretaries are addressed as:—

The Honourable,

The Chief (or Colonial) Secretary of .....

Colony and Chief Town					Principal British Officials
Aden .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor Chief Secretary
Bahamas (Nassau) .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary
Barbados (Bridgetown) .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary
Bermuda (Hamilton) .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary.
British Guiana (Georgetown) .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary
British Honduras (Belize) .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary.
Cyprus .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary
Falkland Islands .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary
Fiji .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary
Gambia .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary
Gibraltar .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary
Gold Coast .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary
Hong Kong .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary
Jamaica (Kingston) .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary
Turks Islands .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Commissioner
Cayman Islands .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Commissioner
Kenya .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor Chief Secretary
Leeward Islands:— .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary
Antigua .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Administrator
St. Christopher (St. Kitts) and Nevis .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Administrator
Montserrat .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Commissioner
British Virgin Islands .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Commissioner
Malayan Union .. .. .	..	..	..	..	Governor General

## Colony and Chief Town

## Principal British Officials

Malta	..	..	..	..	Governor Secretary to Government
Mauritius	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary
Nigeria	..	..	..	..	Governor Chief Secretary
Nyasaland Protectorate	..	..	..	..	Governor Chief Secretary
Pacific Islands (Western Pacific)	..	..	..	..	High Commissioner
Palestine	..	..	..	..	High Commissioner Chief Secretary
Southern Rhodesia	..	..	..	..	Governor
Northern Rhodesia	..	..	..	..	Governor Chief Secretary
St. Helena	..	..	..	..	Governor Government Secretary
Sarawak	..	..	..	..	Governor
Seychelles	..	..	..	..	Governor Secretary to Government
Sierra Leone	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary
Singapore	..	..	..	..	Governor
Somaliland Protectorate	..	..	..	..	Military Governor
Tanganyika Territory	..	..	..	..	Governor Chief Secretary
Trinidad and Tobago	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary
Tobago	..	..	..	..	Warden and Magistrate
Tristan Da Cunha	..	..	..	..	Governor
Uganda Protectorate	..	..	..	..	Chief Secretary
Windward Islands:—	..	..	..	..	Governor Colonial Secretary
Grenada	..	..	..	..	Administrator
St. Vincent	..	..	..	..	Administrator
St. Lucia	..	..	..	..	Administrator
Dominica	..	..	..	..	Administrator
Zanzibar	..	..	..	..	British Resident Chief Secretary.

**BRITISH CONSULAR REPRESENTATIVES IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES**

The following are the principal towns in each foreign country and the principal British Consular Representatives in these towns. Fuller information is given in respect of the American Zone.

**MODE or ADDRESS:**

British Ambassadors, Envoys, etc., should be addressed as follows:—

His Majesty's  
Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary,  
British Embassy,

His Majesty's  
Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipotentiary  
and Consul General,  
British Legation

His Majesty's  
Consul General (or Consul or Vice-Consul)  
British Consulate,

Foreign Country and town	British Consular Representatives
<b>AFGHANISTAN</b> ..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary
Kabul	
<b>ARGENTINE REPUBLIC</b>	
Buenos Ayres ..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
	Consul-General
Concordia ..	Consul
La Plata ..	Consul
Rosario ..	Consul
<b>BELGIUM</b>	
Brussels ..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
Antwerp ..	Consul-General
Leopoldville (Congo)	Consul-General
Liege ..	Consul
<b>BOLIVIA</b>	
La Paz ..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary
	Consul
Cochabamba ..	Vice-Consul
Oruru ..	Consul
Sucre ..	Consul
<b>BRAZIL</b>	
Rio de Janeiro ..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
	Consul-General
Bello Horizonte ..	Vice-Consul
Morro Velbo ..	Vice-Consul
Victoria ..	Vice-Consul
Bahia ..	Consul
Ilheus ..	Vice-Consul
Para ..	Consul
Belem ..	Vice-Consul
Manaos ..	Vice-Consul
Maranhao ..	Vice-Consul
Parnahyba ..	Vice-Consul



Foreign Country and Town	British Consular Representatives
Pernambuco ..	Consul
Ceara ..	Vice-Consul
Meceio ..	Vice-Consul
Natal ..	Vice-Consul
Porto Alegre ..	Consul
Rio Grande do Sul ..	Vice-Consul
Sao Paulo ..	Consul-General
Corumba ..	Vice-Consul
Curityba ..	Vice-Consul
Florianopolis ..	Vice-Consul
Paranagua ..	Vice-Consul
Santos ..	Consul
San Francisco do Sul ..	Vice-Consul
<b>BULGARIA</b>	
Sofia ..	Political Representative Pro-Consul
<b>CHILE</b>	
Santiago ..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Vice-Consul
Antofagasta ..	Consul
Arica ..	Vice-Consul
Chanaral ..	Vice-Consul
Iquique ..	Vice-Consul
Mejillones ..	Vice-Consul
Taltal ..	Vice-Consul
Tocopilla ..	Vice-Consul
Valparaiso ..	Consul-General
Concepcion ..	Consul
Coquimbo ..	Vice-Consul
Coronel ..	Vice-Consul
Lota ..	Vice-Consul
Osorno ..	Vice-Consul
Punta Arenas ..	Consul
San Antonio ..	Vice-Consul
Santiago ..	Consul
Valdivia ..	Vice-Consul
<b>CHINA</b>	
Shanghai ..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Consul-General
Canton ..	Consul-General
Chungking ..	Consul-General
Hankow ..	Consul-General
Harbin ..	Consul-General
Macao ..	Consul-General
Mukden ..	Consul-General
Nanking ..	Consul
Peking ..	Consul
<b>COLOMBIA</b>	
Bogota ..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Consul
Barranquilla ..	Vice-Consul
Buenaventura ..	Consular Agent
Cali ..	Vice-Consul
Cartagena ..	Vice-Consul
Manizales ..	Vice-Consul
Mariquita ..	Consular Agent
Medellin ..	Vice-Consul
Pasto ..	Vice-Consul
Santa Marta ..	Vice-Consul

Foreign Country and town	British Consular Representatives
<b>COSTA RICA</b>	
San José ..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary Consul-General
Port Limon ..	Vice-Consul
<b>CUBA</b>	
Havana ..	Envoy Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Consul-General
Camaguey ..	Vice-Consul
Cienfuegos ..	Vice-Consul
Oriente ..	Vice-Consul
Santiago ..	Vice-Consul
<b>CZECHOSLOVAKIA</b>	
Prague ..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary Vice-Consul
<b>DENMARK</b>	
Copenhagen ..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary Consul-General
<b>DOMINICAN REPUBLIC</b>	
Ciudad Trujillo ..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary Vice-Consul
Barahona ..	Vice-Consul
La Romana ..	Vice-Consul
Puerto Plata ..	Vice-Consul
San Pedro de Macoris	Vice-Consul
<b>ECUADOR</b>	
Quito ..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary Consul
Guayaquil ..	Consul
<b>EGYPT</b>	
Cairo ..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Consul-General
Alexandria ..	Consul-General
Port Said ..	Consul
Suez ..	Consul
<b>ETHIOPIA</b>	
Addis Ababa ..	Envoy Extraordinary Minister Plenipotentiary and Consul-General Consul
<b>FINLAND</b>	
Helsingfors ..	Political Representative Consul
<b>FRANCE</b>	
Paris ..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Consul-General
Algiers ..	Consul-General
Antananarivo ..	Consul-General
Bordeaux ..	Consul
Brazzaville ..	Consul-General
Dakar (W.A.) ..	Consul-General
Havre ..	Consul
Lille ..	Consul
Lyons ..	Consul-General

Foreign Country and townBritish Consular Representatives

Marseilles	..	Consul-General
Martinique	..	Consul
Nice	..	Consul-General
Saigon	..	Consul-General
Strasbourg	..	Consul-General
<b>GREECE</b>		
Athens	..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary Consul
Salonica	..	Consul-General
<b>GUATEMALA</b>		
Guatemala		Envoy Extraordinary Minister Plenipotentiary and Consul-General
		Consul
Puerto Barrios	..	Vice-Consul
Quezaltenango	..	Consul
San Jose	..	Vice-Consul
<b>HAYTI</b>		
Port-au-Prince	..	Envoy Extraordinary Minister Plenipotentiary and Consul Vice-Consul
Aux Cayes	..	Vice-Consul
Cape Haitian	..	Vice-Consul
<b>HOLY SEE</b>		
Rome	..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary
<b>HONDURAS REPUBLIC</b>		
Tegucigalpa	..	Envoy Extraordinary Minister Plenipotentiary and Consul-General
		Vice-Consul
Amapala	..	Vice-Consul
La Ceiba	..	Vice-Consul
Tela	..	Vice-Consul
Truxillo	..	Consul
<b>HUNGARY</b>		
Budapest	..	Political Representative Consul
<b>ICELAND</b>		
Reykjavik	..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary Consul
<b>IRAN</b>		
Teheran	..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Consul
Abwaz	..	Consul-General
Bushire	..	Consul-General
Meshed	..	Consul-General
Tabriz	..	Consul-General
<b>IRAQ</b>		
Bagdad	..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Consul
Basra	..	Consul-General
Mosul	..	Consul

Foreign Country and town	British Consular Representatives
<hr/>	
<b>ITALY</b>	
Rome ..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Consul
<b>LIBERIA</b>	
Monrovia ..	Charge d'Affaires and Consul-General
<b>LIECHTENSTEIN</b> ..	Consul-General
<b>LUXEMBOURG</b> (See Belgium) ..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary
<b>MEXICO</b>	
Mexico City ..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Consul-General
Chihuahua ..	Vice-Consul
Coatzacoalcos ..	Vice-Consul
Durango ..	Vice-Consul
Guadalajara ..	Vice-Consul
Guaymas ..	Vice-Consul
Manzanillo ..	Vice-Consul
Mazatlan ..	Vice-Consul
Merida and Progreso ..	Vice-Consul
Monterrey ..	Vice-Consul
Pachuca ..	Vice-Consul
Progreso ..	Vice-Consul
Puebla ..	Vice-Consul
Tampico ..	Consul
Tapachula ..	Vice-Consul
Torreon ..	Vice-Consul
Vera Cruz ..	Vice-Consul
<b>MOROCCO</b>	
Tangier ..	Consul-General
Tetuan ..	Consul-General
<b>MUSCAT</b>	
Muscat ..	Consul
<b>NEPAL</b>	
Kathmandu ..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary
<b>NETHERLANDS</b>	
The Hague ..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary Vice-Consul
Amsterdam ..	Consul-General
Batavia (Java) ..	Consul-General
Surabaya ..	Consul
Medan (Sumatra) ..	Consul
Willemstad (Curacao) ..	Consul
Aruba ..	Vice-Consul
Paramaribo ..	Vice-Consul
Rotterdam ..	Consul-General
<b>NICARAGUA</b>	
Managua ..	Envoy Extraordinary Minister Plenipotentiary and Consul-General
Bluefields ..	Vice-Consul
Corinto ..	Vice-Consul
Leon ..	Vice-Consul

Foreign Country and town	British Consular Representatives.
<b>NORWAY</b>	
Oslo ..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary
Bergen ..	Consul
<b>PACIFIC ISLANDS</b>	
Suva ..	Consul-General
<b>PANAMA</b>	
Panama ..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary
Bocas del Toro ..	Consul
Colon ..	Vice-Consul
<b>PARAGUAY</b>	
Asuncion ..	Consul
<b>PERSIA</b> (See Iran) ..	Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipotentiary and Consul-General
<b>PERU</b>	
Lima ..	Vice-Consul
Arequipa ..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
Callao ..	Consul
Iquitos ..	Vice-Consul
Mollendo ..	Vice-Consul
Payta ..	Vice-Consul
Pisco ..	Vice-Consul
Talara ..	Vice-Consul
<b>POLAND</b>	
Warsaw ..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
Danzig ..	Consul-General
<b>PORTUGAL</b>	
Lisbon ..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
Beira ..	Consul
Funchal ..	Consul
Guinea ..	Consul
Loanda ..	Consul-General
Lourenco Marques ..	Consul-General
Macao (China) ..	Consul-General
Madeira ..	Consul
Nova Goa ..	Consul
Oporto ..	Consul
Ponta Delgada ..	Consul
<b>ROUMANIA</b>	
Bucharest ..	Political Representative
<b>SALVADOR</b>	
San Salvador ..	Consul-General
Acajutla ..	Envoy Extraordinary Minister Plenipotentiary and Consul-General
Cutuco ..	Vice-Consul
La Libertad ..	Vice-Consul

Foreign Country and townBritish Consular Representatives

<b>SAN MARINO</b>		Consul General
<b>SAUDI ARABIA</b>		
Jedda ..	..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, Consul
<b>SIAM</b>		
Bangkok ..	..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary Consul-General
<b>SOVIET UNION</b>		
Moscow ..	..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
<b>SPAIN</b>		
Madrid ..	..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Consul
Barcelona ..	..	Consul-General
Alicante ..	..	Consul
Palma (Bal. Is.)		Vice-Consul
Bilbao ..	..	Consul
Malaga ..	..	Consul
Santa Cruz, Teneriffe (Can. Is.) ..	..	Consul
Seville ..	..	Consul-General
Valencia ..	..	Consul
Vigo ..	..	Consul
<b>SWEDEN</b>		
Stockholm ..	..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary Consul-General
Göteborg ..	..	Consul-General
Helsingborg ..	..	Consul
<b>SWITZERLAND</b>		
Berne ..	..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary Consul
Bâle ..	..	Consul-General
Geneva ..	..	Consul
Lausanne ..	..	Consul
Zurich ..	..	Consul-General
<b>SYRIA AND THE LEBANON</b>		
Beirut ..	..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary Consul-General
Tripoli ..	..	Vice-Consul
Aleppo ..	..	Consul
Damascus ..	..	Consul
Deir es Zor ..	..	Consul
<b>TUNISIA</b>		
Tunis ..	..	Consul-General
<b>TURKEY</b>		
Angora ..	..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
Istanbul ..	..	Consul-General
Smyrna ..	..	Consul-General
<b>UNITED STATES OF AMERICA</b>		
Washington ..	..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
Atlanta ..	..	Consul
Jacksonville ..	..	Vice-Consul
Tampa ..	..	Vice-Consul

Foreign Country and townBritish Consular Representatives

Baltimore	..	Consul
Norfolk (Va.)	..	Consul
Boston	..	Consul-General
Portland (Maine)	..	Vice-Consul
Chicago	..	Consul-General
Cincinnati (Ohio)	..	Consul
Denver (Colo.)	..	Consul
Detroit	..	Consul-General
Cleveland (Ohio)	..	Consul
Houston (Tex.)	..	Consul-General
Dallas	..	Vice-Consul
Galveston	..	Vice-Consul
Kansas City	..	Consul
Los Angeles	..	Consul-General
San Pedro	..	Vice-Consul
Manila (Phillippine Is.)	..	Consul-General
Miami	..	Consul
New Orleans	..	Consul-General
Mobile	..	Consul
New York	..	Consul-General
Buffalo	..	Consul
St. Pierre and Miquelon	..	Vice-Consul
Philadelphia	..	Consul-General
Pittsburgh	..	Consul
San Juan (Pt. Rico)	..	Consul
St. Louis	..	Consul
St. Paul-Minneapolis	..	Consul
St. Thomas and Ste. Croix (Virg. Is.)	..	Consul
San Francisco	..	Consul-General
Seattle	..	Consul
Portland	..	Consul
Spokane (Wash.)	..	Vice-Consul
<b>URUGUAY</b>		
Montevideo	..	Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary
		Consul
Maldonado	..	Vice-Consul
Paysandu	..	Vice-Consul
<b>VENEZUELA</b>		
Caracas	..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary
		Consul
Carupano	..	Vice-Consul
Caripito	..	Vice-Consul
Ciudad Bolivar	..	Vice-Consul
El Callao	..	Vice-Consul
Guiria	..	Vice-Consul
La Guayra	..	Vice-Consul
Las Piedras	..	Vice-Consul
Maracaibo	..	Vice-Consul
Puerto Cabello	..	Vice-Consul
Puerto La Cruz	..	Vice-Consul
<b>YUGOSLAVIA</b>		
Belgrade	..	Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary
		Consul
Zagreb	..	Consul-General

## FOREIGN CONSULAR REPRESENTATIVES IN JAMAICA

Countries represented	Consular Representatives
Belgium ..	L. J. Stone, Esq., Consul c/o Milholland, Ashenheim & Stone, Tel. 2149
Brazil ..	Senor Armindo Branco Mendez Cadaxa (Vice-Consul), Port of Spain, Trinidad, (jurisdiction in Trinidad, Bahamas, Jamaica, Windward Islands, Leeward Islands, Barbados, British Guiana, British Honduras).
Chile ..	Senor Ronald H. Suarez, (Hon. Consul) c/o Royal Mail Lines, Ltd., 8 Port Royal Street, Kingston, Tel. 3031.
Colombia ..	Senor Eduardo Escover, (Consul de carriere) 10 Duke Street, Kingston, P.O. Box 288, Tel. 43141.
Costa Rica	Senor J. W. Martin Carazo, (Consul General de carriere) 78 Orange Street, Kingston, Tel. 3621.
	Senor J. A. Martin, (Hon. Vice-Consul), 87 Orange Street, Kingston, Tel. 3621.
Cuba ..	Senor Heriberto Clews, (Consul de carriere) 10 Duke Street, Kingston, Tel. 43142.
Denmark ..	F. W. Harris, Esq., (Hon. Consul) 134 Harbour Street, Kingston, Tel. 2151.
Dominican Republic	Senor Don Gustavo Tolentino, (Hon. Consul) c/o United Fruit Company, Kingston,
Finland ..	A. E. West, Esq., (in charge Finnish interests) Royal Mail Lines, Ltd., 8 Port Royal Street, Kingston, Tel. 3830.
France ..	Wellesley Bourke Jr., Esq., (Consular Agent) 19 Duke Street, Kingston, Tel. 2802.
Greece ..	H. D. MacCaulay Orrett, Esq., (Hon. Consul) 62 Port Royal Street, Kingston, Tel. 3685.
Honduras ..	Senor J. W. Martin Carazo, (Hon. Consul) 78 Orange Street, Kingston, Tel. 3621.
Haiti ..	Wellesley Bourke, Jr., i/c Consulate, (Consul) 19 Duke Street, Kingston, Tel. 2802.
Luxemburg ..	L. J. Stone, Esq., (in charge Luxemburg's interests) c/o Milholland, Ashenheim & Stone, Tel. 2149.
Italy ..	Signor Carlo Fecia di Cossato, (Consul) Havana.
Netherlands ..	Hon. Sir Alfred D'Costa, (Hon. Consul) 14 Port Royal Street, Kingston, Tel. 2164.
Nicaragua ..	Senor J. W. Martin Carazo, (Hon. Consul General) 78 Orange Street, Kingston, Tel. 3621.
	Senor Doctor Don Ramon Meza, (Hon. Consul at Grand Cayman,) Grand Cayman.
Norway ..	F. W. Harris, Esq., (Hon. Consul) 134 Harbour Street, Kingston, Tel. 2151.
	Alan Keith Edmund Hart, Esq., (Hon. Vice-Consul at Montego Bay,) Montego Bay.
	K. V. Abendana, Esq., (Hon. Vice-Consul at Port Antonio,) Port Antonio.
	B. A. Kirkham, Esq., (Hon. Vice-Consul at Savanna-la-Mar,) Savanna-la-Mar.
Panama ..	Senor Edgardo Quintero, (Consul General de carriere) Coronation Building, 126 Tower Street, Kingston, Tel. 3784.
	E. R. Surridge, Esq., (Hon. Vice-Consul) 35 Harbour Street, Kingston, Tel. 2540.
Peru ..	C. D. Rowe, Esq., (Hon. Consul) c/o Royal Mail Lines Ltd., 8 Port Royal Street, Kingston, Tel. 3031.
El Salvador ..	V. L. George, Esq., (Hon. Consul) 58 Port Royal Street, Kingston, Tel. 3969.



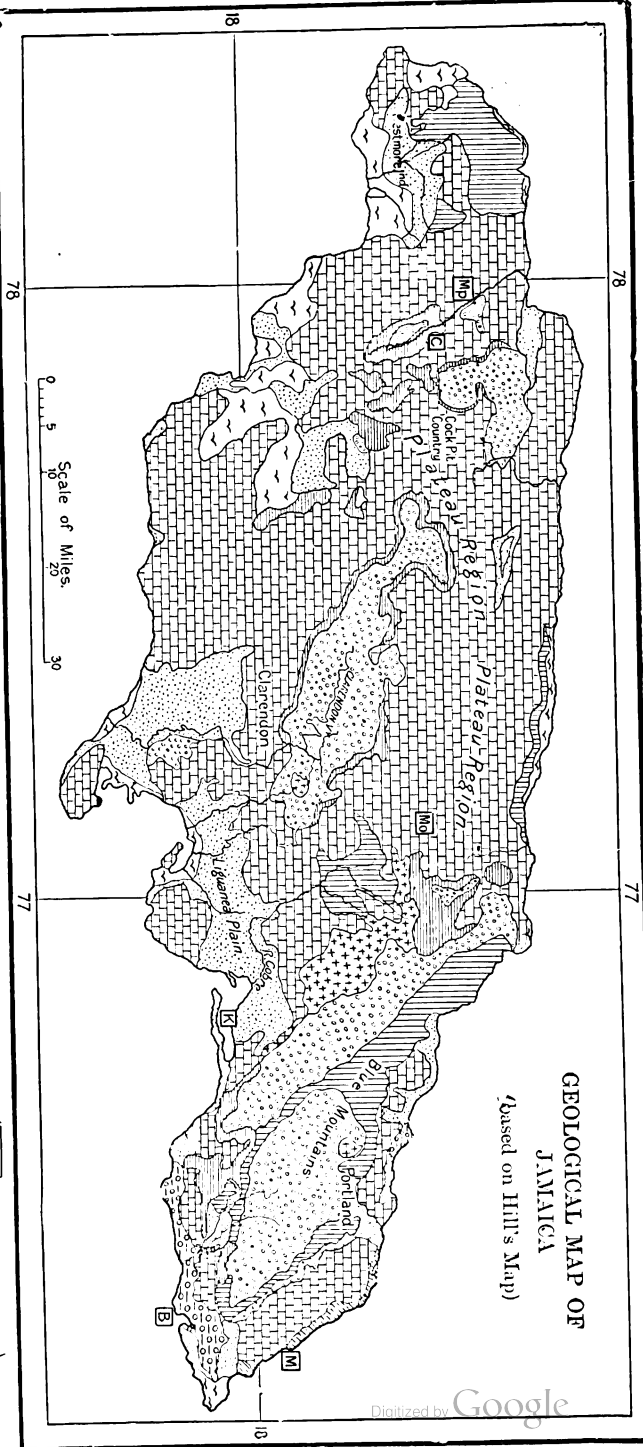
FOREIGN CONSULAR REPRESENTATIVES IN JAMAICA (*contd.*)

<u>Countries represented</u>	<u>Consular Representatives</u>
Spain ..	<p>Senor Don Luis de Olivares Y Bruguera, (Consul General of Spain in London with jurisdiction including the British Colonial Territories.)</p> <p>David Sabio, Esq., (Hon. Vice-Consul) 113 Harbour Street, Kingston, Tel. 2856.</p> <p>Hon. F. V. Grosett, (Hon. Consular Agent at Port Antonio,) Port Antonio.</p>
Sweden ..	A. E. West, Esq., c/o Royal Mail Lines Ltd., 8 Port Royal Street, Kingston, Tel. 3830
Switzerland ..	R. J. Waeckerlin, Esq., (Hon. Vice-Consul) 6A King Street, Kingston, Tel. 3000.
United States of America	<p>Nelson R. Park, Esq., (Consul General de carriere,) 33 Duke Street, Kingston, Tel. 4181.</p> <p>Hubert W. Carlson, Esq., (Consul de carriere) 33 Duke Street, Kingston, Tel. 2558.</p> <p>Felix S. Verity, Esq., (Vice-Consul de carriere) 33 Duke Street, Kingston, Tel. 2558.</p> <p>James P. Wilson, Esq., (Vice-Consul de carriere) 33 Duke Street, Kingston, Tel. 2558.</p> <p>Thomas E. Burke, Esq., (Vice-Consul de carriere) 33 Duke Street, Kingston, Tel. 2558.</p>
Venezuela ..	Senor German C. Navarro G. (Consul de carriere) Coronation Building, Tower Street, Tel. 2779.



# GEOLOGICAL MAP OF JAMAICA

(based on Hill's Map)



- |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| <p><b>Recent.</b></p> <p>~~~~~ Alluvium, raised coral reefs, etc.</p> <p>▢ Montpelier, Montezgüe &amp; Cobre Beds. (Oceanic Series)</p> <p>▢ Igneous Intrusions and Lavas.</p> | <p><b>Pleistocene</b> ▢ Kingston Formation.</p> <p><b>Pliocene.</b> ▢ Manchineel Beds.</p> <p><b>Lower Miocene on</b> ▢ Bowden Beds and</p> <p><b>Upper Oligocene</b> ▢ Clarendon Marls.</p> | <p><b>"Transitional"</b> {</p> <p>(partly Eocene and partly Cretaceous)</p> <p>▢ Cambridge Beds.</p> <p>▢ Richmond Beds.</p> <p>▢ Conglomerates, Turfs and Limestones.</p> <p><b>Blue Mountain Series.</b></p> |
|--|--|--|

## CHAPTER II

### DESCRIPTION OF JAMAICA, POPULATION, METEOROLOGY

The island of Jamaica is situated in the Caribbean Sea between 17° 43' and 18° 32' N. lat., and 76° 11' and 78° 20' 50'' W. long., about 4,120 miles to the south-west of England, 100 miles west of Haiti, 90 miles south of Cuba, 445 miles north of Carthagena, and 540 miles from Colon.

The islands of Grand and Little Cayman, with Cayman Brac, are situated the first about 170 miles, the second about 130 miles, and the third about 120 north-west of Negril Point. The Pedro Bank and Cays commence about 40 miles south of Portland Point, and extend westerly for 100 miles; this bank is about three-fourths of the size of Jamaica. The Morant Cays are 32 miles from Morant Point in a south-easterly direction. These several islands and cays, together with the Turks and Caicos islands, are all dependencies of the Island of Jamaica.

The nearest part of the continent of America to Jamaica is Cape Gracias a Dios, in the Mosquito Territory, which is 310 miles south-west of the west end of Jamaica.

From its central situation as regards the other West Indian Islands and the fact of its being in the direct track between Europe and the United States and the Isthmus of Panama, Jamaica furnishes special advantages and conveniences for trade and commerce between these points.

The aboriginal Arawak name of Jamaica, *Xaymaca*, which it has retained till today, is supposed to imply an overflowing abundance of rivers.

The greatest length of Jamaica is according to the latest measurements 148 miles, its greatest width is 52 miles and its least width (from Kingston to Annotto Bay) 22½ miles. The island is divided into three counties and fourteen parishes, namely:—

SURREY		MIDDLESEX		CORNWALL	
	Square Miles		Square Miles		Square Miles
Kingston and Port Royal }	10.10	St. Catherine ..	483.27	St. Elizabeth ..	474.44
		St. Mary ..	254.04	Trelawny ..	352.55
St. Andrew ..	181.3	Clarendon ..	467.89	St. James ..	240.61
St. Thomas ..	300.17	St. Ann ..	481.05	Hanover ..	177.08
Portland ..	328.53	Manchester ..	339.79	Westmoreland ..	320.39
Totals ..	820.1		2026.04		1565.07
				Grand Total ..	4,411.21

giving a total of 4,411.21 square miles, equal to 2,823,174.4 acres, of which only about 891.617 square miles, or 570,635.1 acres, are flat, consisting of alluvium, marl and swamps.

#### GENERAL GEOLOGICAL FORMATION

The foundation or basis of the island is composed of igneous rocks, overlaying which are several distinct formations.

## COUNTY OF SURREY

The coast formation is of white and yellow limestone; the interior consists chiefly of the metamorphosed and trappean series, with carbonaceous shales and conglomerate. The greater part of this county is very mountainous; the only flats are the plain of Liguanea (north of Kingston) and the valleys of the Morant and Plantain Garden rivers, and smaller flats at and near the mouths of the other chief rivers. Mineral deposits are numerous in the mountain districts. Iron, copper, lead, manganese and cobalt have been found and worked to some extent, but no profitable industry has been the result. Marble of good quality has also been found at the head of the Blue Mountain Valley.

The only volcanic formation in the island is that at Lowlayton and Retreat estates in the parish of Portland, a mile from the sea; there is, however, no defined crater, and the volcanic materials are the only evidence remaining.

## COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX

The parish of St. Mary exhibits a great diversity of formation, consisting of white and yellow limestone, carbonaceous shales, metamorphosed, porphyritic, granite and conglomerate rocks with many mineral-bearing rocks. The district of St. Thomas-in-the-Vale is of granitic formation, overlaid considerably by cretaceous and white limestone and marl beds.

St. Catherine possesses an extensive alluvial flat stretching from Kingston harbour to the boundary of Clarendon; the rest of the parish is of white limestone.

In Upper Clarendon the metamorphosed trappean and conglomerate series prevail; the central districts are of white limestone, and the southern part, with the district of Vere, is alluvium, and embraces an area of about 132 square miles, which is the largest continuous flat in the island. The mineral deposits of upper Clarendon are considerable and, it is believed offer a fair field for mining enterprise.

The parishes of Manchester and St. Ann consist almost entirely of white limestone.

## COUNTY OF CORNWALL

The parish of St. Elizabeth has an extensive area of alluvium from the boundary of Manchester to the boundary of Westmoreland, narrowing so considerably at Lacovia that the north and south limestones nearly meet; much of this flat is covered by swamp.

In the north-east of the parish, there is also an extensive flat called the Nassau valley. The rest of the parish is white limestone with some patches of yellow limestone.

The parish of Westmoreland also presents extensive alluvial deposits and marl beds. The north-western part of the parish furnishes trappean rocks with yellow and cretaceous limestone. The eastern part is chiefly white limestone with some trap formations at the head of the Great River.

In Trelawny the district called "The Black Grounds" consists of trap formation. The rest of the parish is of white limestone with some alluvial valleys; that called "The Queen of Spain's Valley," on the borders of and extending into the parish of St. James, is remarkable for its picturesque beauty and great fertility. The interior of St. James presents a trappean formation, with some overlaying yellow and cretaceous limestones.

The rest is of white limestone with some alluvial deposits round the coast.

The eastern part of Hanover is chiefly white limestone, and the western part black shale, with some metamorphosed rocks and yellow limestone.\*

## MOUNTAIN RANGES

The surface of the island is extremely mountainous and attains considerable altitudes, particularly in the central part where the central range is known as the Blue Mountains.

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\* For a more complete account of the geology of the island see Sawkins' "Geology of Jamaica," Hill's "Geology and Physical Geography of Jamaica," and "Some Recent Contributions to the Geology of Jamaica" by C. A. Matley, in the Handbook of Jamaica for 1923.

The following table will give a general idea of the area in square miles embraced in the different zones of elevation, above sea level, in the several parishes:—

PARISHES	Area below 1,000 ft.	1,000 ft. to 2,000 ft.	2,000 ft. to 3,000 ft.	3,000 ft. to 4,000 ft.	4,000 ft. to 5,000 ft.	5,000 ft. and upwards	Total areas in sq. Miles
Kingston and Pt. Royal	9.35	.75					10.10
St. Andrew	60.3	57	30	20	11	3	181.30
St. Thomas	141.17	63	39	24	18	15	300.17
Portland	97.53	94	49	41	26	21	328.53
St. Mary	112.04	119	19	4			254.04
St. Ann	88	336.05	57				481.05
Trelawny	172.55	142	38				352.55
St. James	142.11	92	6.5				240.61
Hanover	168.08	9					177.08
Westmoreland	244.39	76					320.39
St. Elizabeth	339.94	124	10.5				474.44
Manchester	47	150.79	142				339.79
Clarendon	304	114.89	49				467.89
St. Catherine	335.27	129	19				483.27
Totals	2261.73	1507.48	459	89	55	39	4411.21

From the above it will be observed that a great diversity of climate is obtainable.

From a tropical temperature of 80° to 86° at the sea coast the thermometer falls to 40° and 50° on the tops of the highest mountains, and with a dryness of atmosphere that renders the climate of the mountains of Jamaica particularly delightful and suitable to the most delicate constitution.

The midland parts of the island are the highest. Through the county of Surrey, and partly through Middlesex, there runs the great central chain which trends generally in an east and west direction, the highest part of which is the Blue Mountain Peak attaining an elevation of 7,402.4 feet.

From this range subordinate ridges or spurs run northerly to the northside of the island and southerly to the southside; these ridges in their turn are the parents of other smaller ridges, which branch off in every direction with considerable regularity and method; and they again throw off other ridges, until the whole surface of the country is cut up into a series of ridges, with intervening gullies.

Many of the subordinate ridges vie with the main ridge in importance and elevation such, for instance, as the great ridge starting from Catherine's Peak, above Newcastle, and passing through the parish of St. Andrew in a south-easterly direction, culminating at great elevations at Newton and Bellevue, and expending itself at Albion in the parish of St. Thomas. Also the ridge known as Queensberry Ridge, starting from the Blue Mountain Peak, passing by Arnully, Belle Clair and Windsor Castle, where it is known as Coward's Ridge, and extending to the sea at Belvedere and Creighton Hall, to the north of which place it forms the conspicuous mountain known as Yallahs Hill, 2,408 feet high. On the northern side of the island three great ridges may be mentioned, one extending from the Blue Mountain Peak through the parish of Portland dividing the waters of the Rio Grande from those of the Swift River, and expending itself at St. Margaret's and Hope Bays. Another starting from Silver Hill, dividing the waters of the Buff Bay and Spanish rivers, and the other very high ridge extending from Fox's Gap at the boundary of St. Mary and Portland, north-easterly, culminating in a conspicuous elevation called Hay Cock Hill, 2,500 feet above the sea, and terminating on the coast near Dover.

The John Crow Mountains, named also the Blake Mountains in honour of Sir Henry Blake, a former Governor of the Island, which run in a north-westerly and south-easterly direction in the parish of Portland divide the Rio Grande valley from the eastern coast of the island. They form a plateau of about 2,000 feet elevation rather than a mountain range. In their higher parts they are a barren, waterless tract of limestone formation; much of it covered by the sharp rocks known as honeycombed rocks, over which it is almost impossible to walk. These mountains may be said to be an offshoot from the great central range which, from the depression known as the Corn Puss Gap north of the town of Bath, turns suddenly north and forms itself into this plateau.

The central range suffers a considerable depression at Stony Hill, in the parish of St. Andrew, where the main road to the north side crosses it at an elevation of 1,360 feet. Here the range is divided into two ridges; one of limestone formation, extending westerly through the district known as Mamee Hill, reaches a conspicuous elevation known as Lunan Mountain at Highgate, in St. Catherine, and expands itself at Bog Walk; the other, which is the continuation of the central dividing ridge, is of granite formation and extends in a north-westerly direction. It passes the districts of Lawrence Tavern and Mount Charles, where it commences to form the boundary line between the parishes of St. Mary on the north and St. Catherine on the south-side; continuing north-westerly it passes Pear Tree Grove and turns suddenly to the south-west at Windsor Castle and Decoy, and it then joins the limestone formation at Guy's Hill and Middlesex township, continuing as a well defined range to Mount Diablo, where the main road crosses it at an elevation of 1,800 feet. It continues on to Holly Mount, a little beyond which it unites with the St. John's range, which forms the eastern boundary of Lluidas Vale.

From this point although these mountains continue as a separate range, they become irregular and broken, chiefly on account of their limestone character, and with this formation they extend through the parish of St. Ann, expending themselves in the Cockpit country to the east of the district called "The Black Grounds," from the rich black soil in contra-distinction to the red soil of Manchester, in the parish of Trelawny. To the south of this locality, along the borders of Clarendon and Manchester the trappean series is again met with and two great inland rivers flow there.

Running in an irregular north-westerly line, almost parallel with the last range of mountains described, is another limestone range which may be said to commence from the western bank of the Rio Minho or Dry River above Lime Savannah and, forming first the range known as Mocho Mountains, it includes the Whitney valley and joins the Manchester Mountain range at Cumberland. Thence trending north-westerly it passes through the northern district of Manchester and enters the parish of St. Elizabeth at Hector's River Sink; thence it continues on to Accompong and becomes lost in a peculiarly wild formation of what is usually known as Cockpit Country. In this quarter and extending for a considerable distance into the parishes of Trelawny and St. James, the Cockpit land bids defiance to the traveller.

This formation is of white limestone, sharp, irregular and jagged, with little earth, and formed into a series of circular arenas like inverted cones with extremely irregular sides but preserving the circular formation throughout and terminating in most instances with a sink hole in the apex.

These arenas are of all diameters, from half-a-chain to two and three chains. The ridge or edges where these cones unite are of course, very irregular and sharp, presenting very steep or vertical rocks of considerable height. Such a country may be said to be almost inaccessible.

The May Day and Carpenter's Mountains pass through the parish of Manchester in a diagonal direction. Commencing at the Round Hill in Vere at the south-east extremity of Manchester, they traverse the parish to its north-western angle, where they join the main ridge near the Hector's River Sink; one offshoot forming the Nassau Mountains of St. Elizabeth.

The Santa Cruz Mountains in the parish of St. Elizabeth run parallel with the Manchester Mountains. They commence at the sea at the precipice called The Lover's Leap 1,660 feet high, and terminate near Lacovia, where the passage of the Black River produces a break in the hills. These mountains, as well as those of Manchester, are justly considered to be very salubrious.

Another range of mountains a continuation of the same line as the Santa Cruz Mountains, commences above Lacovia, to the north, and extends to Mulgrave near the line of St. James, and traverses the parish of St. James in a northerly direction, terminating in the hills south of Montego Bay.

The last and most westerly range of mountains, extending through Westmoreland and Hanover, commences about the locality called Middle Quarters and extends northerly, with some irregularities, to Chesterfield at the head of the Great River, which forms the boundary between St. James and Westmoreland; it then trends north-westerly to Chester Castle and Knockalva, near the boundary of the parishes of Westmoreland, and Hanover, and then westerly, culminating in a conspicuous hill called Dolphin Head, with an elevation of 1,816 feet, and terminating in several small ridges towards the west end of the island. There is also a coastal range in Westmoreland called the Bluefields or Surinam Range commencing at Middle Quarters in St. Elizabeth and extending towards Savanna-la-Mar.

## ELEVATION

The following are a few of the elevations, above the sea, of the principal mountains and passes in them commencing from the eastern end of the island; some of the figures are taken from Sawkin's "Geology of Jamaica", the others from the Survey Department's Trigonometrical Heights:—

Names	Elevation in Feet
John Crow Mountains (average) .. .. .	2,500
Cuna Cuna Gap .. .. .	2,698
Blue Mountain Peak .. .. .	7,402
Blue Mountain East Peak .. .. .	7,375
Portland Gap .. .. .	5,495
Sir John's Peak (highest point of Cinchona Plantation) .. .. .	6,100
House, Cinchona Plantation .. .. .	5,017
Arntully Gap .. .. .	2,800
Hagley Gap .. .. .	1,959
Morce's Gap .. .. .	4,945
Content Gap .. .. .	3,250
Newcastle Hospital .. .. .	3,850
Flamstead .. .. .	3,660
Belle Vue .. .. .	3,780
Silver Hill Gap .. .. .	3,513
Catherine's Peak .. .. .	5,056
Cold Spring Gap .. .. .	4,500
Hardware Gap .. .. .	4,380
Fox's Gap .. .. .	3,907
Stony Hill (where main road crosses) .. .. .	1,361
Guy's Hill .. .. .	2,100
Mount Diablo, highest point .. .. .	3,053
"    "    where main road crosses .. .. .	1,800
Bull Head .. .. .	2,782
Mandeville .. .. .	2,060
Accompong .. .. .	1,409
Dolphin Head .. .. .	1,789
Green Vale (highest point of Ja. Govt. Railway) .. .. .	1,705
Holly Mount .. .. .	2,754
Mount Denham .. .. .	3,236

## RIVERS AND GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The numerous rivers and springs which abound along the coast in most parts of the island to a considerable extent justify the name of "The Land of Springs," although there are extensive districts in the midland and western parts of the island singularly barren of water.

When it is remembered that the chief range of mountains, or backbone of the island, runs east and west, it will be easily understood that the chief rivers, starting from the northern and southern slopes of this range, would run, the ones northerly, the others, southerly, to the sea. There are some exceptions to this general rule, the chief of which is the Plaintrain Garden River in the parish of St. Thomas, which, rising in the Cuna Cuna Mountains, runs southerly in its upper course, but suddenly meeting the coast range of hills turns easterly, and flowing through the fertile district to which it gives its name, empties itself at Holland Bay. Another is the Montego River, which although it flows northerly in its upper course, turns westerly through the greater part of its flow, discharging at Montego Bay.



There are interior rivers (which have no outlet) which are also exceptions to this general rule, such as the Cave and Hector's Rivers.

While most of the rivers have generally either northerly or southerly directions, it must not be forgotten that the subordinate ridges which are nearly at right angles to these lines will produce subordinate streams meeting the rivers on their eastern and western banks.

In consequence of the great elevations from which most of the rivers flow, they are very rapid in their descent, and in times of flood, become formidable torrents, sweeping everything before them and operating as dangerous obstructions to the traveller. Many of these rivers now, however, have substantial bridges erected across them.

Some of the chief of these are the Plantain Garden River already mentioned and the Morant and Yallahs in the parish of St. Thomas. The Rio Grande, in the parish of Portland, is one of the finest rivers in the island; it flows from the northern slopes of the Blue Mountains. The Back and Stony Rivers, two of its great affluents, furnish not only some of the loftiest and most picturesque waterfalls but the wildest and most romantic scenery in the island.

It was on one of these naturally fortified ridges, nearly surrounded by the Stony River that the notorious Nanny, the renowned Maroon leader, held out against the regular troops about the year 1739.

Most of the upper part of the parish of Portland remains unsettled to the present time in consequence of the steepness of the country and the want of roads, but there is no other part of the island richer in valuable timbers and other natural productions, and possessing greater advantages for the growth of coffee, cacao and cinchona than this district. The character of the soil and climate is the same as that of the St. Andrew and Port Royal Mountains where the best coffee is produced, but where the coffee fields are fast wearing out.

The other rivers of Portland are the Swift, Spanish and Buff Bay all possessing the same character as the Rio Grande.

In St. Andrew there is the Wag Water (corruption of Agua Alta) River, which, rising in the mountains behind Stony Hill, runs through the parishes of St. Andrew and St. Mary debouching at Annotto Bay. The Hope River rises in the hills around Newcastle and joins the sea at the sixth mile stone from Kingston on the Windward Road; from this river the city of Kingston and district of Liguanea receive part of their water supply. From the Above Rocks district of St. Andrew flows the sources of the Rio Pedro, a large tributary of the Rio Cobre, which with its numerous affluents, traverses the parish of St. Catherine. The gorge known as Bog Walk, through which the Rio Cobre flows, is remarkable for its picturesque scenery. This river is utilised for irrigating the plains of St. Catherine, and for the motive power for the Kingston electric tramways.

The rivers of St. Mary besides the Wag Water, are the Dry River, the Annotto, the Port Maria, Oracabessa, Rio Nueva and the White River, which latter forms the boundary between the parishes of St. Mary and St. Ann.

The volume of water in the White River is considerable, and the great cascade above Industry and the fall at Prospect are very grand and form objects of attraction to visitors.

The parish of St. Ann, being chiefly limestone formation, furnishes no river of any consequence in the interior. The sea coast rivers are numerous; the Roaring River and the Llandovery River possess large volumes of water. The cascades on both these rivers are very beautiful, particularly those of the Roaring River, where the main road crosses it. Near Moneague a lake forms at varying intervals, sometimes lasting for a year or more.

In the yellow limestone and granite formation at Guy's Hill the Great River flows and sinks at Middlesex township, rising again at intervals of from 12 to 23 years at Rio Hoe, where it forms the Moneague Lake; which receives additional water forced up on Unity Valley, Riverhead and Tadmire, the waters of which disappear in sink holes at Walton Rio Hoe.

The Cave and Hector's Rivers, near the junction of the parishes of Clarendon and Manchester with St. Ann and Trelawny and running in opposite directions, form the northern and southern boundaries of these parishes, respectively.

The Cave River, with its affluent the Yankee River, flows easterly, sinking at Greenock estate; thence it is supposed to have a subterranean course of  $13\frac{1}{2}$  miles or more and, rising near Dornoch Pen with considerable volume, is called Rio Bueno, and, with a course of 6 $\frac{1}{2}$  miles to the sea, forms the boundary between St. Ann and Trelawny.

Hector's River runs westerly and, after a course of about 12 miles terminates in several sink holes in a wild and broken country. This river again makes its appearance at Oxford in Manchester, where it goes by the name of One Eye River, and again sinking there, it

passes through a ridge to the north of the Bogue Hill and rises in considerable body at Mexico and Island estates, from which point to the sea it is called the Black River. This is certainly the finest river in the island. With a tortuous course of about 44 miles it debouches at Black River Bay near the town of that name. It is navigable for boats of considerable size for a distance of about 25 miles, and is used for conveying the produce of a large district to the sea.

The Black River receives several tributaries of considerable size, which are also partially navigable, such as the Y.S., Broad, Grass and Horse Savanna Rivers.

The Rio Minho, or Dry River, rises with numerous tributaries in the Clarendon Mountains, and, flowing through the entire length of the parish of Clarendon and district of Vere, discharges near Carlisle Bay.

In consequence of the arenaceous character of the soil the water of this river sinks a little below Longville estate, 16 miles from the sea. The lower part of this river, say from Sevens Plantations estate to a little above Alley in Vere, is, therefore, usually dry, except a considerable spring at Parnassus estate where the water flows for a short distance; the water appearing a little above Alley and flows to the sea. In floods this is a most formidable river and formerly, when "down," (as the expression is) all communication along the south side of the island was cut off, until an iron bridge was erected across the river at May Pen.

The Cock Pit and Salt Rivers are short but deep rivers. The Milk River, a very fine river, navigable for some two miles, supplies a system of canals for the irrigation of Vere. A considerable quantity of logwood and fruit is shipped from it.

Along the foot of the Manchester Mountains considerable water rises and, with short channels, flows to the sea. The largest of these rivers are the Alligator Hole, Swift and Gut Rivers.

Trelawny furnishes only one river of importance; this is the Martha Brae River. This river rises at Windsor in the interior of the parish and seems to be the waters of the Quashie and Mouth Rivers, as well as many other small streams which are interior rivers that rise and sink in the black grounds. The Martha Brae is a fine river, navigable for some distance up, and discharges to the east of Falmouth.

The Montego River rises in the trap formation near Maroon Town and is there called Tangle River. It sinks and re-appears, and after receiving numerous tributaries, enters the sea south-west of the town of Montego Bay. The Great River is the boundary of St. James next to Hanover and Westmoreland. It is a long river, but has few tributaries, the Lamb's and Seven Rivers being the chief.

The rivers of Hanover are the Flint, Maggoty, Lucea (east and west) Lance's, Davis, Cove, Pell and Green Island Rivers; none of these are large rivers or demand any special notice.

In Westmoreland the chief river is the Cabaritta. This is also a very fine river and with its tributaries, the Thicket and Morgan's Rivers, waters the alluvial districts of the parish. There are also the Dean's Valley or Sweet River, from which the town of Savanna-la-Mar is supplied with water, New Savanna and Negril Rivers.

#### CAVERNS

The limestone formation, prevalent in Jamaica, furnishes many caverns and sink holes of great size and grandeur, the chief of which is the beautiful cave at a place called Cave Hall pen, two miles east of Dry Harbour, near the main road. This cave is of great length and has two branches; the various apartments are designated grottoes, halls, domes and galleries; and the stalactites and stalagmites, formed by the dripping of calcareous water, glittering in the torch light, impart a magical effect to the scene.

The cave at Mexico, in St. Elizabeth, is probably the longest in the island: it is nearly a mile from the One Eye Gulf to Mexico Gulf (the mouth of the cave). The One Eye or Black River passes through this cave. It has been explored for some distance in, but in consequence of some deep bodies of water obstructing the passage, less is known of it than of the cave on the Rio Cobre.

The Peru Cave, also in St. Elizabeth, is very beautiful, and the stalactites and stalagmites here show to great effect. There is also a very fine cave at Mount Plenty in St. Ann, which can be traversed for a distance of ten chains; it has two branches and the vaulted chambers are particularly fine. At some distance from the mouth it is illuminated by a sink hole from the top.

Another very fine cave is that from which the Mouth River flows in the black grounds of the parish of Trelawny and the Carambi Cave  $2\frac{1}{2}$  miles from Albert Town is  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a mile in extent. There is also a remarkable cave near this at Spring Garden. The cave at Portland in Vere, is very fine and used formerly to be a great place for picnics.

There is also a remarkable cave and subterranean river at Epping Forest in the parish of Manchester.

The Grand Cave at River Head in St. Thomas-in-the-Vale is a very remarkable place. The Rio Cobre, after sinking at Worthy Park, emerges from this cave. It is of great dimensions and in former years was a favourite resort for picnics; it is traversable, with the assistance of a raft to cross some deep water, for a distance of over a quarter of a mile, until the "floodgate" is reached where the water gushes from the rock.

There are numerous other caves of smaller dimensions through the island. Sink holes, as already stated, are also very numerous. The Light Hole at Tingley's in St. Ann is a sink hole on a large scale. There is a great arena of vertical rocks some three or four chains in diameter and of considerable depth, with large trees growing at the bottom.

Many of the sink holes and caves throughout the island have springs at the bottom, such as the Governor's Cave at Healthshire; a sink hole near Fort Clarence opposite Port Royal; a cave near Salt River and one at Swansea on Luudas Vale.

There is a large Sink Hole in the Cockpit Country beyond Mulgrave in St. Elizabeth, which is roughly circular and about 100 ft. in diameter. The walls are sheer and it has a depth of several hundred feet.

#### MINERAL SPRINGS

There are many mineral springs in Jamaica, some of them possessing valuable qualities for the cure of various diseases and infirmities of the body. Chief of these are the Milk River Bath in Clarendon, the Bath of St. Thomas, and the Rockfort Bath in Kingston, details of which will be found in Chapter XIII. There are also the minor Springs mentioned below.

In St. Andrew there are two springs. One is a series of Springs which come to the surface at Rock Hall Estate near the Ferry and form the source of the Salt River. The other, at Silver Hill in the Blue Mountains, was formerly known as the Jamaica Spa, and was maintained as a government institution. The waters are chalybeate aerated, cold, tonic; beneficial in most cases of debility, particularly after fever, dropsy and stomach complaints.

At Garbrand Hall there is a series of warm springs. On the Adam's River, about  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a mile south of Downer's Hut Gap on the main range, there is a spring which belongs to the Crown.

At Moffat there is a spring on the White River, a tributary of the Negro River.

In Portland on the Guava River, about one mile north of Downer's Hut Gap, on the main range there is a spring which belongs to the Crown.

Windsor Spring, which is near St. Ann's Bay, has enjoyed for many years a reputation for the healing of ulcers and skin complaints. An analysis is given in Handbooks prior to 1939.

In Hanover, there is a hot spring at Buxton on the Cabaritta River.

In St. Elizabeth, there is a sulphuric spring at Lower Works near Black River.

In St. Catherine, there is at St. Faith's in the St. John's district a spring on Good Hope. The spring at Port Henderson was once a favourite bath for the inhabitants of Spanish Town.

An analysis of the water of the spring at Manatee Bay is given in Dr. Phillippo's pamphlet on Mineral Springs.

#### BLUE MOUNTAIN PEAK (ST. THOMAS)

THE journey to the Blue Mountain Peak (7,402 ft.) is comfortably made in twenty-four hours, though most people prefer to linger as long as possible at Torre Garda a charming hotel in the heart of the famous coffee region. Anyone in normal health can ride or walk to the summit, and no special clothes or equipment is necessary, apart from the stout shoes and warm coats usual for country life.

Mavis Bank, 17 miles from Kingston, is reached by car along a spectacular road in marvellous scenery. The car can be garaged in Mavis Bank, where riding mules or ponies meet the traveller and pack mules await his suitcase.

All information with regard to the Blue Mountains can be obtained from the Tourist Trade Development Board, 78 Harbour Street, Kingston, or by letter to Miss Stedman, Torre Garda, Hagley Gap P.O. or by telegram. (Porterage 2/6) Mavis Bank P.O.

## THE MORANT CAYS AND PEDRO CAYS

The Morant Cays and the Pedro Cays are groups of small sandy islands lying off the south coast of Jamaica. The Morant Cays lie on a crescent-shaped shoal which runs in a more or less north-south direction and is situated about 33 miles to the south-east of Morant Point, Jamaica. There are four cays in the group, the largest being North-east Cay. The Pedro Cays lie on the Pedro Bank which extends westward for nearly 100 miles from a point about 40 miles south-south-west of Portland Point, Jamaica. There are four cays in the group, the largest being South-west Cay about a half-mile in circumference.

The Morant Cays were taken possession of on behalf of the British Crown, on the 12th October, 1862 and the Pedro Cays on the 13th June, 1863. It was first intended that they should be annexed to Jamaica. However, it was decided that it would not be necessary and the Governor of Jamaica was empowered to deal with them as "Guano Cays" under Letters Patent issued in June, 1864.

The original intention was later carried out and the Cays were formally annexed to the colony of Jamaica on 1st June, 1882, giving the Governor, Courts of Law and Magistrates, full jurisdiction over them. For judicial purposes, these Cays form a part of the parish of Kingston.

Although both groups of cays were termed "Guano Cays" and a certain amount of guano has been removed from them from time to time, they have been known also as a source of "Booby eggs". True Boobies occur on Middle Cays of the Pedro group, but the familiar speckled eggs sold in Kingston, are, in point of fact, not Booby eggs but are laid by the Sooty Tern and Noddy. These sea birds arrive at the Cays by the thousands during late March or April for the nesting season. The eggs are collected and conveyed by schooners to Kingston. Temporary huts have been erected on most of the Cays by the leasees. There is a brackish well on South-West Cays, Pedro, and coconut trees have been planted on North-East Cay, Pedro and North-East Cay Morant. Turtle, fish and shark are sometimes caught in the vicinity of the Cays.

## POPULATION OF JAMAICA

Census Date	Males	Females	Total
Census of 1844 .. ..	181,633	195,800	377,433
" 1861 .. ..	213,521	227,743	441,264
" 4.6. 1871 .. ..	246,573	259,581	506,154
" 4.4. 1881 .. ..	282,957	297,847	580,804
" 6.4. 1891 .. ..	305,948	333,543	639,491
" 3.4. 1911 .. ..	397,439	433,944	831,383
" 25.4. 1921 .. ..	401,973	456,145	858,118
" 4.1. 1943 .. ..	598,267	638,796	1,237,063
Estimated 31.12. 1948	661,193	700,917	1,362,110

## POPULATION OF PARISHES

Parish	Census	Mean Population
	4.1. 1943	1948
Kingston, St. Andrew and Port Royal	238,229	260,200
St. Thomas	60,693	64,500
Portland	60,712	64,500
St. Mary	90,902	96,900
St. Ann	96,193	106,900
Trelawny	47,535	52,800
St. James	63,542	69,700
Hanover	51,684	56,500
Westmoreland	90,109	98,600
St. Elizabeth	100,182	111,400
Manchester	92,745	102,100
Clarendon	123,505	135,400
St. Catherine	121,032	130,600
Whole Island	1,237,063	1,350,100

# HANDBOOK OF JAMAICA VITAL STATISTICS, 1943-1948

	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
<b>Births</b>						
Males ..	19,959	20,953	19,090	20,285	21,861	21,072
Females ..	19,412	20,819	18,864	19,633	21,406	20,670
<b>Total</b> ..	<b>39,371</b>	<b>41,772</b>	<b>37,954</b>	<b>39,918</b>	<b>43,267</b>	<b>41,742</b>
<b>Per 1,000 of Population</b>	<b>31.54</b>	<b>33.16</b>	<b>29.98</b>	<b>30.76</b>	<b>32.60</b>	<b>30.92</b>
<b>Percentage of Births</b>						
Illegitimate ..	69.81	69.33	68.83	67.71	68.62	68.09
<b>Deaths</b>						
Males ..	8,904	9,551	9,686	8,633	9,450	8,951
Females ..	8,654	9,425	9,188	8,639	9,320	8,938
<b>Total</b> ..	<b>17,558</b>	<b>18,976</b>	<b>18,874</b>	<b>17,272</b>	<b>18,770</b>	<b>17,889</b>
<b>Per 1,000 of Population</b>	<b>14.07</b>	<b>15.07</b>	<b>14.91</b>	<b>13.30</b>	<b>14.14</b>	<b>13.25</b>
<b>Infants (Deaths) per</b>						
1,000 live Births ..	93.3	98.7	102.3	89.51	92.19	86.70
<b>Medically certified</b>						
Deaths per cent. of						
total ..	49.1	49.9	53.64	55.45	54.37	55.35
<b>Population (mean)</b> ..	<b>1,248,100</b>	<b>1,259,400</b>	<b>1,265,800</b>	<b>1,297,900</b>	<b>1,327,400</b>	<b>1,350,100</b>

## MOVEMENT OF POPULATION DURING 1948

	Total	Males	Females
Estimated population at 31st December, 1947	1,340,392	650,626	689,766
Birth registered in 1948 ..	41,742	21,072	20,670
Deaths registered in 1948 ..	17,839	8,951	8,938
Natural Increase ..	23,853	12,121	11,732
Arrivals recorded in 1948 ..	22,972	13,974	8,998
Departures recorded in 1948 ..	25,107	15,528	9,579
Gain by excess Arrivals ..	2,135	1,554	581
Estimated Population at 31st December, 1948	1,362,110	661,193	700,917

## LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE OF KINGSTON

During the years 1875 and 1876 the latitude and longitude of Kingston were determined with great accuracy by Commander F. M. Green, of the United States Navy.

The station at Kingston was 12 feet west of the centre of the pedestal on which the statue of Lord Rodney was then mounted, and on which the statue of Sir Charles Metcalfe now stands, at the lower end of King Street, near the market-place and overlooking the harbour.

A tablet was inserted in 1893 by the Institute of Jamaica in the north side of the pedestal which states that the above-mentioned longitude refers to a point 12 feet west of the centre of the pedestal.

The latitude of this station was obtained from 43 observations of pairs of stars, by means of an instrument suited for the purpose. It was a combination of a transit-instrument and a zenith-sector. The latitude thus found was 17° 57' 41.0" N.

The longitude of this station was determined by telegraphic signals between Greenwich and Washington, Washington and Key West, and so on, to Havana, Santiago de Cuba and Kingston; the latter three sections forming part of the work conducted by Commander Green, U.S.N. The longitude thus found was in arc 76° 47' 39.8" west of Greenwich; or in time 5 hr. 7m. 10.65 sec.

The Admiralty has figures for the Latitude and Longitude of the Flag Staff at Fort Charles, Port Royal and it is on these that their charts are based and on which the new

maps of Jamaica will be based. These figures differ slightly from Commander Green's. The Latitude and Longitude of Commander Green's points, based on the Admiralty figures are:—

Latitude  $17^{\circ} 57' 40.135''$  North

Longitude  $76^{\circ} 47' 40.028''$  West.

The approximate length of one second of latitude and one second of longitude in the neighbourhood of Jamaica is 100.86 ft. and 96.56 ft. respectively.

#### TIME

On January 18th, 1912, Mean Time on 75th meridian west of Greenwich was adopted as the official standard of time for Jamaica. It is the same standard as is used in New York and Washington, and is commonly known as E.S.T. or Eastern Standard Time. It is five hours behind Greenwich Mean Time.

A time signal is broadcast daily at 5.30 p.m. E.S.T. by the Jamaica Government Broadcasting Station.

## METEOROLOGY

TIMES OF SUNRISE AND SUNSET (SUN'S UPPER LIMB) AT KINGSTON, 75TH MERIDIAN TIME  
(EASTERN STANDARD TIME) FOR YEAR 1950

Date	January		February		March		April		May		June		Date
	Sun- rise	Sun- set	Sun- rise	Sun- set	Sun- rise	Sun- set	Sun- rise	Sun- set	Sun- rise	Sun- set	Sun- rise	Sun- set	
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	
1	6 38	5 42	6 40	6 02	6 27	6 13	6 03	6 20	5 40	6 28	5 31	6 39	1
2	6 38	5 43	6 40	6 02	6 26	6 13	6 02	6 20	5 40	6 28	5 31	6 39	2
3	6 39	5 43	6 39	6 02	6 25	6 14	6 01	6 21	5 39	6 29	5 31	6 39	3
4	6 39	5 44	6 39	6 03	6 24	6 14	6 00	6 21	5 39	6 29	5 31	6 39	4
5	6 39	5 44	6 39	6 03	6 24	6 14	5 59	6 21	5 39	6 29	5 31	6 40	5
6	6 40	5 45	6 39	6 03	6 23	6 15	5 58	6 21	5 38	6 29	5 31	6 40	6
7	6 40	5 46	6 39	6 04	6 22	6 15	5 58	6 22	5 38	6 29	5 31	6 41	7
8	6 40	5 46	6 38	6 04	6 21	6 15	5 57	6 22	5 38	6 30	5 31	6 41	8
9	6 41	5 47	6 38	6 05	6 20	6 16	5 56	6 22	5 37	6 30	5 31	6 41	9
10	6 41	5 48	6 37	6 05	6 20	6 16	5 55	6 22	5 36	6 30	5 31	6 41	10
11	6 41	5 48	6 37	6 06	6 19	6 16	5 54	6 23	5 36	6 31	5 31	6 42	11
12	6 41	5 49	6 37	6 07	6 18	6 16	5 53	6 23	5 36	6 31	5 31	6 42	12
13	6 42	5 49	6 36	6 07	6 18	6 16	5 53	6 23	5 36	6 32	5 31	6 43	13
14	6 42	5 50	6 35	6 07	6 17	6 16	5 52	6 23	5 35	6 32	5 31	6 43	14
15	6 42	5 51	6 35	6 08	6 16	6 17	5 51	6 23	5 34	6 32	5 31	6 43	15
16	6 42	5 51	6 35	6 08	6 16	6 17	5 51	6 23	5 34	6 33	5 31	6 43	16
17	6 42	5 52	6 34	6 08	6 15	6 17	5 50	6 23	5 34	6 33	5 31	6 44	17
18	6 42	5 53	6 34	6 09	6 14	6 17	5 50	6 24	5 33	6 34	5 31	6 44	18
19	6 42	5 53	6 33	6 10	6 13	6 18	5 49	6 24	5 33	6 34	5 32	6 44	19
20	6 42	5 54	6 32	6 10	6 12	6 18	5 48	6 24	5 32	6 34	5 32	6 44	20
21	6 42	5 55	6 31	6 11	6 11	6 18	5 47	6 25	5 32	6 35	5 32	6 45	21
22	6 42	5 55	6 31	6 11	6 10	6 18	5 47	6 25	5 32	6 35	5 32	6 45	22
23	6 42	5 56	6 30	6 11	6 09	6 19	5 46	6 25	5 32	6 36	5 33	6 45	23
24	6 42	5 57	6 30	6 11	6 09	6 19	5 45	6 26	5 31	6 36	5 33	6 45	24
25	6 42	5 57	6 29	6 11	6 08	6 19	5 44	6 26	5 31	6 36	5 33	6 45	25
26	6 41	5 58	6 29	6 12	6 07	6 19	5 44	6 26	5 31	6 37	5 33	6 46	26
27	6 41	5 59	6 28	6 12	6 06	6 20	5 43	6 27	5 31	6 37	5 34	6 46	27
28	6 41	5 59	6 28	6 12	6 05	6 20	5 42	6 27	5 31	6 38	5 34	6 46	28
29	6 41	6 00	..	..	6 05	6 20	5 42	6 27	5 31	6 38	5 34	6 46	29
30	6 40	6 00	..	..	6 04	6 20	5 41	6 28	5 31	6 38	5 34	6 46	30
31	6 40	6 01	..	..	6 03	6 20	..	..	5 31	6 38	..	..	31

The times of Sunrise and Sunset at Morant Point are 2 minutes earlier; and at Negril Point 7 minutes later, than the above figures.

## METEOROLOGY

TIMES OF SUNRISE AND SUNSET (SUN'S UPPER LIMB) AT KINGSTON, 75TH MERIDIAN  
TIME (EASTERN STANDARD TIME) FOR YEAR 1950, *contd.*

Date	July		August		Sept.		October		Nov.		Dec.		Date
	Sun-	Sun-	Sun-	Sun-	Sun-	Sun-	Sun-	Sun-	Sun-	Sun-	Sun-	Sun-	
	rise	set	rise	set	rise	set	rise	set	rise	set	rise	set	
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	
1	5 35	6 46	5 45	6 41	5 52	6 22	5 58	5 56	6 06	5 35	6 22	5 29	1
2	5 35	6 46	5 45	6 41	5 52	6 21	5 58	5 55	6 07	5 35	6 23	5 30	2
3	5 35	6 46	5 46	6 40	5 52	6 20	5 58	5 55	6 07	5 34	6 23	5 30	3
4	5 36	6 46	5 46	6 40	5 53	6 19	5 58	5 54	6 07	5 34	6 24	5 30	4
5	5 36	6 46	5 46	6 39	5 53	6 19	5 58	5 54	6 08	5 33	6 24	5 31	5
6	5 36	6 46	5 46	6 39	6 53	5 18	5 58	5 53	6 09	5 33	6 25	5 31	6
7	5 37	6 46	5 47	6 38	5 53	6 17	5 58	5 52	6 09	5 33	6 25	5 31	7
8	5 37	6 46	5 47	6 38	5 54	6 16	5 58	5 51	6 09	5 32	6 26	5 31	8
9	5 37	6 46	5 47	6 37	5 54	6 15	5 59	5 50	6 09	5 32	6 26	5 32	9
10	5 38	6 46	5 47	6 37	5 54	6 14	5 59	5 49	6 10	5 32	6 27	5 32	10
11	5 38	6 46	5 47	6 37	5 54	6 13	5 59	5 48	6 10	5 32	6 27	5 33	11
12	5 38	6 46	5 48	6 36	5 54	6 12	6 00	5 48	6 10	5 31	6 28	5 33	12
13	5 38	6 46	5 48	6 35	5 55	6 11	6 00	5 47	6 11	5 31	6 29	5 33	13
14	5 39	6 46	5 48	6 35	5 55	6 11	6 00	5 46	6 12	5 31	6 29	5 33	14
15	5 39	6 46	5 49	6 34	5 55	6 10	6 00	5 45	6 12	5 30	6 30	5 34	15
16	5 39	6 46	5 49	6 33	5 55	6 09	6 01	5 45	6 13	5 30	6 30	5 34	16
17	5 39	6 46	5 49	6 33	5 55	6 09	6 01	5 44	6 14	5 30	6 31	5 35	17
18	5 40	6 46	5 49	6 32	5 55	6 08	6 02	5 43	6 14	5 30	6 31	5 35	18
19	5 40	6 46	5 50	6 31	5 55	6 07	6 02	5 43	6 15	5 30	6 32	5 36	19
20	5 40	6 46	5 50	6 31	5 55	6 06	6 02	5 42	6 15	5 30	6 33	5 36	20
21	5 41	6 45	5 50	6 30	5 55	6 05	6 02	5 42	6 16	5 30	6 33	5 37	21
22	5 41	6 45	5 51	6 29	5 56	6 04	6 02	5 41	6 17	5 29	6 34	5 37	22
23	5 42	6 45	5 51	6 28	5 56	6 03	6 02	5 41	6 17	5 29	6 34	5 37	23
24	5 42	6 44	5 51	6 28	5 56	6 02	6 03	5 40	6 18	5 29	6 35	5 38	24
25	5 42	6 44	5 51	6 27	5 56	6 01	6 03	5 39	6 18	5 29	6 35	5 39	25
26	5 43	6 44	5 51	6 26	5 56	6 01	6 04	5 39	6 19	5 29	6 35	5 39	26
27	5 43	6 43	5 52	6 25	5 57	6 00	6 04	5 38	6 20	5 29	6 36	5 40	27
28	5 43	6 43	5 52	6 25	5 57	5 59	6 04	5 37	6 20	5 29	6 36	5 40	28
29	5 44	6 43	5 52	6 24	5 57	5 58	6 05	5 37	6 21	5 29	6 37	5 41	29
30	5 44	6 42	5 52	6 23	5 57	5 57	6 05	5 36	6 22	5 29	6 37	5 41	30
31	5 44	6 42	5 52	6 23	..	..	6 06	5 36	..	..	6 38	5 42	31

\*The times of Sunrise and Sunset at Morant Point are 2 minutes earlier, and at Negril Point 7 minutes later, than the above figures.



## TIDES ON THE COAST OF JAMAICA

The rise and fall of the tides around Jamaica do not exceed 16 inches.

From the late Mr. Charlton Thompson's observations in Kingston harbour it appears that there are two kinds of tides on the coasts of Jamaica. The first and more important kind are *diurnal*, giving high and low water once in every 24 hours; they occur when the moon's declination is greater than 9° north or south. The second kind are *semi-diurnal*, giving high and low water twice in every 24 hours; they occur when the moon's declination is 9° or less, north or south.

For the diurnal tides, when the moon's declination is north, the time of high water does not greatly differ from the time of the moon's lower meridian passage; and when the moon's declination is south, the time of high water does not greatly differ from the time of the moon's upper meridian passage.

For the semi-diurnal tides the times of high water do not greatly differ from the time of the moon upper and lower Meridian Passage.

SEMI-DIURNAL TIDES Moon's Decl. Small			DIURNAL TIDES Moon's Decl. more than 9° north*					
Moon's Age	First High Water	Second High Water	Moon's Age	High Water	Low Water	Moon's Age	High Water	Low Water
d. d.	hr.	hr.	d.	hr.	hr.	d.	hr.	hr.
0 15	11½ a.m.	11½ p.m.	0	12½ a.m.	3 p.m.	15	12½ p.m.	2½ a.m.
1 16	12 noon	12 noon	1	1 "	3½ "	16	1 "	3 "
2 17	12½ a.m.	12½ p.m.	2	1½ "	4 "	17	2 "	4 "
3 18	1 "	1 "	3	2 "	5 "	18	2½ "	4½ "
4 19	1½ "	2 "	4	3 "	6 "	19	3½ "	5½ "
5 20	2½ "	2½ "	5	4 "	7 "	20	4½ "	6½ "
6 21	3 "	3½ "	6	5 "	8 "	21	5½ "	7½ "
7 22	4 "	4½ "	7	6 "	9½ "	22	7 "	9 "
8 23	5 "	5½ "	8	7½ "	10½ "	23	8 "	10 "
9 24	6 "	6½ "	9	8½ "	11½ "	24	9 "	11 "
10 25	7½ "	8 "	10	9½ "	12mnt.	25	9½ "	11½ "
11 26	8½ "	9 "	11	10 "	"	26	10½ "	12½ p.m.
12 27	9½ "	10 "	12	10½ "	12½ a.m.	27	11 "	1 "
13 28	10 "	10½ "	13	11½ "	1½ "	28	11½ "	1½ "
14 29	11 "	11 "	14	12 noon	2 "	29	..	2½ "

\*When the Moon's Declination is South change a.m. into p. m. and vice versa.

## CORRECTIONS TO BE APPLIED TO THE ABOVE TIMES FOR THE ANNUAL INEQUALITY

	Semi-diur.	Diurnal		Semi-diur.	Diurnal
January	— 1 hr.	— 1 hr.	July	+ 2 hr.	+ 1 hr.
February	— 1½ "	— 1 "	August	0 "	+ 1 "
March	— ½ "	— 1½ "	September	— ½ "	+ 1 "
April	— ½ "	+ ½ "	October	+ 1 "	0 "
May	— ½ "	+ ½ "	November	+ 1 "	0 "
June	+ 1 "	0 "	December	— ½ "	½ "

In Kingston harbour the Mean Range of the diurnal tide is only 8 inches; and the range of the semi-diurnal tide is only 3 inches; but these small ranges are frequently obscured by larger irregular fluctuations in the ocean level which cannot be attributed to the action of the sun or moon. Further particulars will be found in Weather Report No. 227.

New series of measurements are now being made in Kingston Harbour.

TIMES OF MOONRISE AND MOONSET AT KINGSTON FOR 1950 IN 75TH MERIDIAN TIME  
(EASTERN STANDARD TIME)

DATE	JANUARY		FEBRUARY		MARCH		APRIL		MAY		JUNE		DATE
	Rise	Set	Rise	Set	Rise	Set	Rise	Set	Rise	Set	Rise	Set	
1	3.26p.m.	4.15a.m.	4.58p.m.	5.44a.m.	3.42p.m.	4.33a.m.	5.22p.m.	5.07a.m.	6.10p.m.	5.01a.m.	8.20p.m.	6.20a.m.	1
2	4.17 "	5.10 "	5.59 "	6.34 "	4.43 "	5.10 "	6.24 "	5.47 "	7.16 "	5.47 "	9.22 "	7.26 "	2
3	5.13 "	6.07 "	7.00 "	7.20 "	5.42 "	5.54 "	7.26 "	6.29 "	8.26 "	6.40 "	10.16 "	8.32 "	3
4	6.12 "	7.03 "	7.59 "	8.03 "	6.42 "	6.36 "	8.32 "	7.12 "	9.35 "	7.39 "	11.03 "	9.35 "	4
5	7.12 "	8.43 "	8.57 "	8.43 "	7.42 "	7.16 "	9.39 "	7.59 "	10.39 "	8.41 "	11.44 "	10.39 "	5
6	8.11 "	9.25 "	9.54 "	9.21 "	8.43 "	7.56 "	10.47 "	8.55 "	11.36 "	9.45 "	12.19a.m.	11.28 "	6
7	9.10 "	10.05 "	10.57 "	10.00 "	9.45 "	8.36 "	11.51 "	9.54 "	12.25a.m.	10.47 "	12.19a.m.	12.19p.m.	7
8	10.06 "	11.02 "	11.56 "	11.24 "	10.48 "	9.22 "	12.51a.m.	10.55 "	1.08 "	11.48 "	12.52 "	1.07 "	8
9	11.02 "	12.00p.m.	12.56a.m.	12.15p.m.	11.53 "	10.11 "	1.44 "	11.56 "	1.46 "	12.43p.m.	1.24 "	1.55 "	9
10	12.00a.m.	12.42 "	2.00 "	1.10 "	12.57a.m.	11.05 "	2.28 "	1.55 "	2.20 "	1.35 "	1.56 "	2.42 "	10
11	12.58a.m.	1.28 "	3.04 "	2.08 "	2.00 "	1.03 "	3.08 "	2.46 "	2.52 "	2.24 "	2.30 "	3.31 "	11
12	1.59 "	2.20 "	4.03 "	3.09 "	2.55 "	2.04 "	3.44 "	3.38 "	3.24 "	3.11 "	3.05 "	4.23 "	12
13	3.04 "	4.09 "	4.58 "	4.10 "	3.45 "	2.03 "	4.17 "	4.26 "	3.55 "	3.59 "	3.45 "	5.15 "	13
14	4.09 "	5.12 "	5.47 "	5.09 "	4.29 "	3.58 "	5.14 "	4.49 "	4.29 "	4.46 "	4.28 "	6.10 "	14
15	5.12 "	6.16 "	6.31 "	6.05 "	5.08 "	4.50 "	6.01 "	5.14 "	5.05 "	5.36 "	5.16 "	7.04 "	15
16	6.12 "	7.21 "	7.08 "	6.57 "	6.15 "	5.41 "	6.50 "	6.01 "	5.46 "	6.27 "	6.08 "	7.56 "	16
17	7.07 "	8.22 "	7.43 "	7.47 "	7.15 "	6.29 "	7.28 "	6.30 "	7.03 "	7.22 "	7.03 "	8.47 "	17
18	8.03 "	9.19 "	8.16 "	8.36 "	8.16 "	6.29 "	8.28 "	7.40 "	7.59 "	8.15 "	7.59 "	9.33 "	18
19	9.12 "	0.05 "	9.19 "	9.23 "	9.19 "	8.05 "	9.06 "	8.32 "	8.15 "	8.08 "	8.56 "	10.16 "	19
20	10.12 "	1.05 "	10.11 "	10.11 "	10.11 "	8.54 "	10.26 "	9.26 "	9.08 "	9.08 "	10.52 "	11.32 "	20
21	11.12 "	2.05 "	11.01 "	11.01 "	11.01 "	9.46 "	11.14 "	10.14 "	10.50 "	10.50 "	12.47 "	12.47 "	21
22	12.12 "	3.05 "	12.01 "	12.01 "	12.01 "	10.38 "	12.04a.m.	11.01 "	11.34 "	11.34 "	1.41 "	1.41 "	22
23	1.12 "	4.05 "	1.10 "	1.10 "	1.10 "	11.32 "	1.13 "	12.04a.m.	12.04a.m.	12.04a.m.	2.41 "	2.41 "	23
24	2.12 "	5.05 "	2.08 "	2.08 "	2.08 "	12.32a.m.	1.11a.m.	12.35a.m.	12.52p.m.	12.52p.m.	3.41 "	3.41 "	24
25	3.12 "	6.05 "	3.04 "	3.04 "	3.04 "	1.20 "	2.06 "	2.17 "	2.46 "	2.46 "	4.41 "	4.41 "	25
26	4.12 "	7.05 "	4.00 "	4.00 "	4.00 "	2.11 "	3.04 "	2.58 "	3.47 "	3.47 "	5.41 "	5.41 "	26
27	5.12 "	8.05 "	5.00 "	5.00 "	5.00 "	3.00 "	4.03 "	3.38 "	4.53 "	4.53 "	6.41 "	6.41 "	27
28	6.12 "	9.05 "	6.00 "	6.00 "	6.00 "	3.44 "	5.04 "	4.18 "	6.00 "	6.00 "	7.41 "	7.41 "	28
29	7.12 "	10.05 "	7.00 "	7.00 "	7.00 "	4.26 "	6.04 "	5.18 "	7.12 "	7.12 "	8.41 "	8.41 "	29
30	8.12 "	11.05 "	8.00 "	8.00 "	8.00 "	5.04 "	7.04 "	6.18 "	8.12 "	8.12 "	9.41 "	9.41 "	30
31	9.12 "	12.05 "	9.00 "	9.00 "	9.00 "	6.04 "	8.04 "	7.18 "	9.12 "	9.12 "	10.41 "	10.41 "	31

TIMES OF MOONRISE AND MOONSET AT KINGSTON FOR 1950 IN 75TH MERIDIAN TIME  
(EASTERN STANDARD TIME) (contd.)

DATE	JULY		AUGUST		SEPTEMBER		OCTOBER		NOVEMBER		DECEMBER		Date
	Rise	Set	Rise	Set	Rise	Set	Rise	Set	Rise	Set	Rise	Set	
1	8.53p.m.	7.16a.m.	9.21p.m.	8.50a.m.	10.00a.m.	9.36p.m.	10.28a.m.	10.59p.m.	10.47a.m.	11.34p.m.	11.48a.m.	11.48a.m.	1
2	9.37 "	8.18 "	9.54 "	9.40 "	10.51 "	10.26 "	11.22 "	11.54 "	12.31p.m.	12.31p.m.	12.25p.m.	12.25p.m.	2
3	10.16 "	9.16 "	10.27 "	10.29 "	11.43 "	11.18 "	12.14p.m.	12.49a.m.	1.13 "	1.51 "	1.39 "	1.01 "	3
4	10.50 "	10.09 "	11.01 "	11.18 "	12.37p.m.	12.13a.m.	1.05 "	1.44 "	1.51 "	2.29 "	2.19 "	2.19 "	4
5	11.24 "	11.00 "	11.38 "	12.09p.m.	1.32 "	1.09 "	1.53 "	2.39 "	3.08 "	3.46 "	3.02 "	3.02 "	5
6	11.56 "	11.49 "	1.00 "	1.53 "	2.24 "	1.29 "	2.06 "	3.37 "	3.46 "	4.23 "	3.52 "	3.52 "	6
7	12.38p.m.	12.18a.m.	1.53 "	2.48 "	3.15 "	2.06 "	3.03 "	4.00 "	4.16 "	5.16 "	4.48 "	4.48 "	7
8	1.04 "	1.26 "	1.03 "	2.48 "	3.42 "	2.26 "	3.03 "	4.00 "	4.16 "	5.16 "	4.48 "	4.48 "	8
9	1.04 "	2.17 "	1.53 "	3.42 "	4.46 "	3.24 "	4.00 "	4.57 "	5.16 "	6.10 "	5.54 "	5.54 "	9
10	1.42 "	3.08 "	2.46 "	4.34 "	5.27 "	4.57 "	5.16 "	6.48 "	7.10 "	8.55 "	8.08 "	8.08 "	10
11	2.24 "	4.03 "	3.42 "	5.25 "	6.41 "	6.59 "	6.42 "	8.01 "	8.15 "	9.50 "	9.13 "	9.13 "	11
12	3.10 "	4.57 "	4.40 "	6.09 "	7.23 "	8.04 "	7.31 "	9.09 "	9.23 "	10.37 "	10.13 "	10.13 "	12
13	4.02 "	5.51 "	5.38 "	6.52 "	8.05 "	9.12 "	8.25 "	10.13 "	10.27 "	11.17 "	11.09 "	11.09 "	13
14	4.56 "	6.42 "	6.34 "	7.31 "	8.50 "	10.20 "	9.27 "	11.11 "	11.27 "	11.54 "	11.54 "	11.54 "	14
15	5.52 "	7.30 "	7.31 "	8.09 "	9.39 "	11.25 "	10.30 "	12.41p.m.	11.59 "	12.28p.m.	12.01a.m.	12.01a.m.	15
16	6.51 "	8.15 "	8.26 "	8.46 "	10.38 "	12.31p.m.	11.34 "	1.17 "	1.19 "	1.00 "	12.51 "	12.51 "	16
17	7.47 "	8.55 "	9.24 "	9.25 "	11.21 "	1.03p.m.	11.34 "	2.03 "	1.53 "	1.33 "	1.39 "	1.39 "	17
18	8.43 "	9.33 "	10.22 "	10.07 "	12.31p.m.	1.17 "	1.33 "	2.26 "	2.05 "	2.08 "	2.28 "	2.28 "	18
19	9.37 "	10.10 "	11.23 "	10.52 "	1.32 "	2.29 "	2.27 "	3.33 "	2.54 "	2.46 "	3.19 "	3.19 "	19
20	10.32 "	10.47 "	12.27p.m.	11.43 "	2.29 "	3.29 "	3.18 "	4.08 "	3.42 "	3.26 "	4.10 "	4.10 "	20
21	11.29 "	11.26 "	1.32 "	1.32 "	3.29 "	4.03 "	3.51 "	4.47 "	4.32 "	4.12 "	5.04 "	5.04 "	21
22	12.27p.m.	12.08a.m.	2.37 "	2.39a.m.	4.03 "	4.42 "	4.08 "	5.29 "	5.24 "	5.02 "	5.57 "	5.57 "	22
23	1.29 "	12.55 "	3.38 "	1.41 "	4.42 "	5.18 "	4.56 "	6.16 "	6.15 "	5.54 "	6.50 "	6.50 "	23
24	2.34 "	1.48 "	4.34 "	2.45 "	5.18 "	5.50 "	5.31 "	7.09 "	7.09 "	6.48 "	7.40 "	7.40 "	24
25	3.41 "	2.48 "	5.21 "	3.48 "	5.50 "	6.23 "	6.08 "	8.52 "	8.54 "	8.37 "	9.10 "	9.10 "	25
26	4.47 "	3.52 "	6.05 "	4.48 "	6.23 "	6.47 "	6.36 "	9.47 "	9.43 "	9.30 "	10.22 "	10.22 "	26
27	5.48 "	4.57 "	6.43 "	5.45 "	6.58 "	7.31 "	7.28 "	10.41 "	10.28 "	10.14 "	11.01 "	11.01 "	27
28	6.41 "	5.01 "	7.18 "	6.39 "	7.32 "	8.20 "	8.14 "	11.04 "	11.10 "	11.14 "	12.02 "	12.02 "	28
29	7.29 "	6.01 "	7.51 "	7.30 "	8.43 "	9.11 "	9.07 "	12.04 "	12.10 "	12.14 "	13.02 "	13.02 "	29
30	8.10 "	7.02 "	8.24 "	8.20 "	9.34 "	10.04 "	10.07 "	1.04 "	1.10 "	1.14 "	12.02 "	12.02 "	30
31	8.47 "	7.58 "	8.57 "	9.09 "	10.04 "	10.04 "	10.59 "	1.04 "	1.10 "	1.14 "	12.02 "	12.02 "	31

## MOONPHASES FOR 1950

Phases	Date	Time	Phases	Date	Time
Full Moon	Jan. 4	2.48 a.m.	Last Quarter	Jul. 6	9.53 p.m.
Last Quarter	Jan. 11	5.31 a.m.	New Moon	Jul. 15	12.05 a.m.
New Moon	Jan. 18	2.59 a.m.	First Quarter	Jul. 22	5.05 a.m.
First Quarter	Jan. 25	11.39 p.m.	Full Moon	Jul. 28	11.17 p.m.
Full Moon	Feb. 2	5.16 p.m.	Last Quarter	Aug. 5	2.56 p.m.
Last Quarter	Feb. 9	1.32 p.m.	New Moon	Aug. 13	11.48 a.m.
New Moon	Feb. 16	5.53 p.m.	First Quarter	Aug. 20	10.35 a.m.
First Quarter	Feb. 24	8.52 p.m.	Full Moon	Aug. 27	9.51 a.m.
Full Moon	Mar. 4	5.34 a.m.	Last Quarter	Sep. 4	8.53 a.m.
Last Quarter	Mar. 10	9.38 p.m.	New Moon	Sep. 11	10.29 p.m.
New Moon	Mar. 18	10.20 p.m.	First Quarter	Sep. 18	3.54 p.m.
First Quarter	Mar. 26	3.09 p.m.	Full Moon	Sep. 25	11.21 p.m.
Full Moon	Apr. 2	3.49 p.m.	Last Quarter	Oct. 4	2.53 a.m.
Last Quarter	Apr. 9	6.42 a.m.	New Moon	Oct. 11	8.33 a.m.
New Moon	Apr. 17	3.25 a.m.	First Quarter	Oct. 17	11.18 p.m.
First Quarter	Apr. 25	5.40 a.m.	Full Moon	Oct. 25	3.46 p.m.
Full Moon	May 2	12.19 a.m.	Last Quarter	Nov. 2	8.00 p.m.
Last Quarter	May 8	5.32 p.m.	New Moon	Nov. 9	6.25 p.m.
New Moon	May 16	7.54 p.m.	First Quarter	Nov. 16	10.06 a.m.
First Quarter	May 24	4.28 p.m.	Full Moon	Nov. 24	10.14 a.m.
Full Moon	May 31	7.43 p.m.			
Last Quarter	Jun. 7	6.35 a.m.	Last Quarter	Dec. 2	11.22 a.m.
New Moon	Jun. 15	10.53 a.m.	New Moon	Dec. 9	4.28 a.m.
First Quarter	Jun. 23	12.12 p.m.	First Quarter	Dec. 16	12.56 a.m.
Full Moon	Jun. 29	2.58 p.m.	Full Moon	Dec. 24	5.23 a.m.

## ECLIPSES FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR 1950

There will be four Eclipses in 1950 two of the Sun and two of the Moon, as follows:—

- |                     |    |   |
|---------------------|----|---|
| I. March 18th       | .. | Annular Eclipse of the Sun, not visible in Jamaica. |
| II. April 2nd       | .. | Total Eclipse of the Moon, not visible in Jamaica.  |
| III. September 12th | .. | Total Eclipse of the Sun, not visible in Jamaica.   |
| IV. September 26th  | .. | Total Eclipse of the Moon visible in Jamaica.       |

I. *Annular Eclipse of the Sun March 18th* This eclipse will be visible in Antarctic, the Falkland Islands, the South Atlantic Ocean, South and South West Africa. The closest approach of the Earth to the Axis of the Moon's shadow is approximately 16 miles and occurs at 15 hours 32 minutes GMT. at Longitude 40° 54'S Latitude 61.00E. The magnitude of the Annular Eclipse is 0.928. (Sun's diameter—1.0).

II. *Total Eclipse of the Moon on April 2nd* This Eclipse is visible in Europe, Asia, Africa, the Atlantic Ocean, the Indian Ocean, the Arctic and Antarctic Regions, Eastern and the Western Pacific Oceans. It is not visible in Jamaica as the moon leaves the penumbra on April 3rd at 6.19 p.m. whilst the time of Moonrise is one minute before. The middle of the Eclipse is at 20 hours 44.1 minutes GMT and the magnitude 1.039. (Moon's diameter—1.0).

III. *Total Eclipse of the Sun on September 12th* This Eclipse will be visible generally in the Pacific Ocean, North East Asia and Alaska. The Eclipse begins at 0123 GMT and ends at 0554 GMT. The centre of the Eclipse will be at local apparent noon in the areas mentioned.

IV. *Total Eclipse of the Moon on September 26th-27th* This Eclipse will be visible generally in the East Pacific Ocean North America, South America, the Arctic and Antarctic Regions, the Atlantic Ocean, Europe, Africa and South west Asia. The Moon enters the penumbra at 8.20 p.m. (Jamaican time). The total Eclipse begins at 10.54 p.m. and lasts until 11.40 p.m. The Moon leaves the umbra at 1.02 a.m. on the 27th September and the penumbra 2.13 a.m. The Magnitude of the Eclipse will be 1.084 (Moon's Diameter—1.0).

#### THE MAGNETIC DECLINATION AT KINGSTON

Year	Variation	Observer	Year	Variation	Observer
	° ' "			° ' "	
1700	6 30 East	Edmund Halley	1906	1 24 East	Colin Liddell
1804	6 30 "	James Robertson	1922	1 17 "	H.W. Bowker
1876	3 45 "	Comm. Green, U.S.N.	1922	1 10 "	Carnegie Institute
1891	2 16 "	J. F. Brennan	—	—	Washington
1895	2 0 "	do.	1931	0 55 "	ditto.

Observations were made by Mr. J. B. Campbell of the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey with the Magnetometer and Earth Inductor in 1942 and results are tabulated below.

Station	North Lat.	West Long.	Date	East Declination	North Dip	Horizontal Intensity	Vertical Intensity
	° ' "	° ' "	1942	° ' "	° ' "	cgs.	cgs.
Stony Hill	18 05	76 48	May 20-21	1 19.4	52 14.7	.2804	.3621
Old Harbour	17 54	77 06	May 21	—	51 44.9	.2860	.3628
Little Goat Island	17 53	77 04	May 22	1 09.7	51 12.2	.2883	.3586
Woods	17 53	77 04	May 23	—	51 15.0	.2882	.3591

Final instrumental corrections have been applied, based on comparisons at the Cheltenham Magnetic Observatory before and after these observations. Diurnal-variation corrections have been applied to all values of declinations, based on the records of the San Juan Magnetic Observatory. No such corrections have been applied to dip and horizontal intensity, these being the means of the several sets irrespective of the time at which the observations were made.

Vertical intensity was computed from the formula  $Z = H \tan I$ , using the values of H and I tabulated above, except that H was expressed to one more place.

## SUMMARY OF THE KINGSTON MEAN MONTHLY TEMPERATURES

FOR 57 YEARS

(1881-1898 and 1908-1946)

Months	Mean	7 a.m.	3 p.m.	Max.	Min.	Average Highest Max.	Average Lowest Min.
January ..	75.8	69.1	82.4	86.0	67.7	89.9	63.6
February ..	75.9	69.2	82.8	85.9	67.7	89.3	63.7
March ..	76.6	71.0	83.1	85.9	68.4	89.7	64.8
April ..	78.3	74.6	83.5	86.7	70.5	90.4	67.0
May ..	79.8	77.6	83.5	87.5	72.6	90.7	68.9
June ..	81.0	78.4	85.3	88.6	73.8	92.2	70.7
July ..	81.4	77.9	86.4	89.8	73.7	93.5	70.7
August ..	81.0	77.0	85.6	89.7	73.6	93.1	70.6
September ..	80.6	76.6	85.0	89.3	73.6	92.5	70.7
October ..	79.6	75.3	84.1	88.1	72.7	91.9	69.4
November ..	78.4	73.1	84.0	87.3	71.1	90.7	67.4
December ..	77.0	70.7	83.5	86.6	69.1	90.1	66.5
Means ..	78.8	74.2	84.1	87.6	71.2	91.2	67.8

Highest Max. 97.8 Aug. 11th, 1923

Lowest Min. 56.7 Dec. 4th, 1887

Temperatures are measured on the Fahrenheit scale and are *shade* readings made from thermometers enclosed in a louvered screen but otherwise freely exposed to the air.

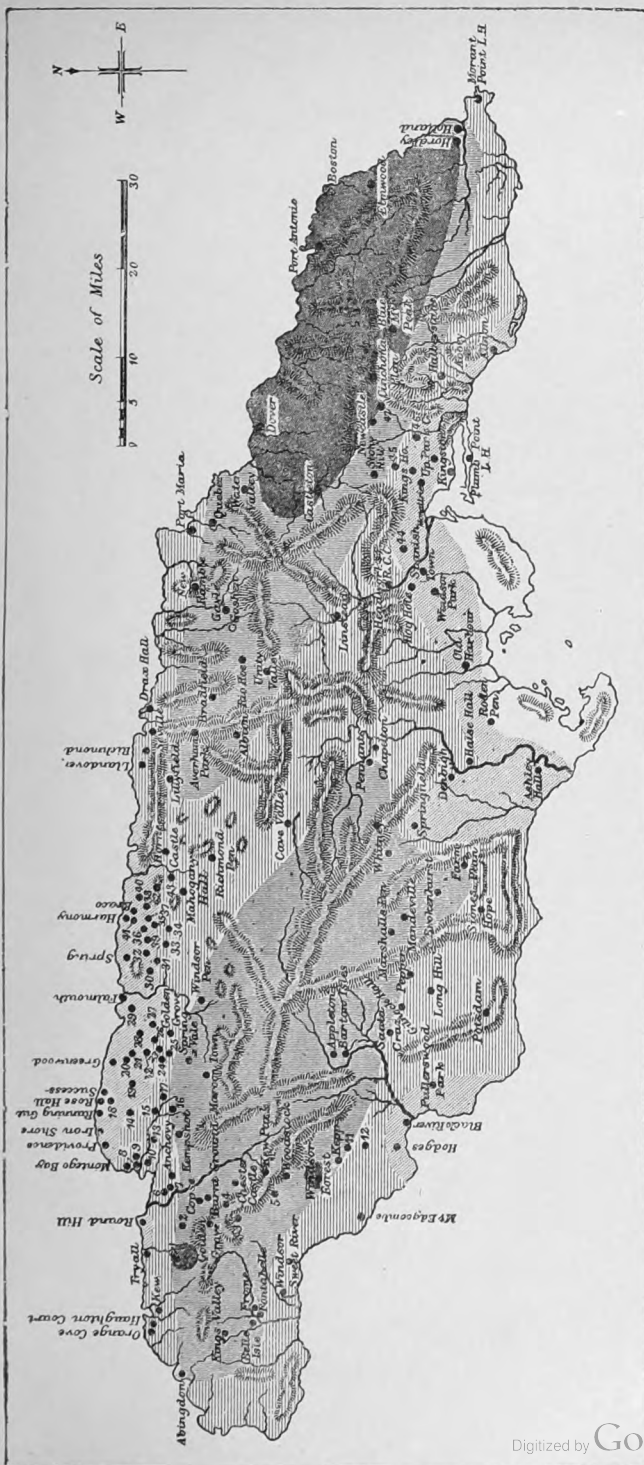
The mean temperature is obtained from an empirical formula originated by Maxwell-Hall, in effect the sum of the temperatures 7 a.m., 3 p.m., maximum and minimum, divided by four, then subtract 0.5°.

## ISLAND MONTHLY RAINFALL NORMALS (INCHES), based on observations over the 70-year period 1870-1939

—	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total
Means ..	4.00	3.21	3.33	5.11	8.89	6.91	5.22	7.14	7.80	10.89	9.31	5.31	77.12

## ISLAND MEAN MONTHLY RAINFALL (INCHES) FOR EACH YEAR FROM 1923 to 1947. (For figures prior to 1923 see earlier Handbooks)

Year	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total
1923	4.51	3.10	2.21	3.96	9.74	1.89	2.91	3.92	5.41	10.78	5.37	3.65	57.45
1924	1.52	2.80	1.50	2.67	6.12	4.95	5.10	6.88	12.41	13.30	15.46	6.57	79.28
1925	1.92	3.39	2.20	8.36	5.35	5.55	3.88	4.69	9.69	4.18	8.73	3.09	61.03
1926	2.70	5.19	3.56	3.91	5.52	4.53	3.71	8.34	8.76	9.04	7.78	3.83	66.87
1927	4.84	2.68	2.06	3.97	8.78	3.87	6.55	4.90	7.12	17.04	9.38	1.26	72.45
1928	2.20	1.14	1.69	3.89	7.97	3.67	3.00	10.51	6.84	8.60	9.41	4.29	63.21
1929	2.93	1.86	4.66	3.41	4.96	3.34	4.02	9.21	7.10	9.12	4.43	5.18	60.22
1930	3.80	5.10	1.24	8.44	6.28	5.39	3.80	3.61	4.00	7.03	10.23	3.21	62.13
1931	6.75	3.56	4.29	8.01	13.13	9.89	10.01	4.26	7.47	11.81	9.24	3.11	91.53
1932	2.62	0.82	1.73	12.05	9.95	8.08	4.51	6.56	5.50	9.38	11.00	3.78	75.98
1933	1.43	0.48	4.30	1.37	6.26	13.76	11.44	7.44	11.91	28.43	14.13	8.53	116.53
1934	4.76	9.03	4.27	6.64	7.26	3.57	4.85	7.44	7.70	8.74	10.29	5.27	79.82
1935	1.64	4.76	3.10	1.93	6.54	4.76	4.55	9.24	9.77	16.57	4.19	4.08	71.13
1936	4.32	1.82	2.65	7.08	18.35	13.77	4.79	9.95	6.88	7.73	5.81	5.05	86.20
1937	4.35	2.62	3.15	3.84	11.29	4.38	4.91	6.69	4.53	12.84	14.13	4.61	77.44
1938	2.83	2.87	2.21	4.47	5.19	4.15	5.14	8.86	8.61	9.55	3.17	2.95	60.00
1939	2.89	1.18	4.97	4.93	6.57	6.35	5.07	4.54	6.41	9.93	25.07	3.88	81.79
1940	5.09	3.99	1.61	3.51	11.94	4.67	4.10	4.77	6.27	9.46	8.77	6.92	71.10
1941	5.09	6.61	2.76	5.46	9.84	3.71	4.63	5.85	5.34	6.59	6.89	3.46	66.23
1942	4.27	3.47	4.68	7.52	12.83	12.03	5.56	12.71	7.69	11.80	6.16	10.48	99.25
1943	2.13	5.04	7.72	9.45	10.84	4.81	3.66	7.54	5.59	14.40	5.56	4.26	80.80
1944	2.84	0.36	1.23	6.47	5.55	8.86	7.93	10.02	8.46	15.43	4.89	3.10	75.24
1945	1.70	1.73	1.92	5.01	8.92	3.14	7.06	11.71	10.84	8.48	13.40	5.84	79.75
1946	3.48	2.69	2.52	5.66	6.51	4.53	2.99	5.83	9.16	6.05	6.91	4.52	60.85
1947	3.62	4.23	2.38	2.80	7.31	3.10	6.47	6.58	10.90	7.99	2.17	4.56	62.11



#### Reference Nos.

- 1 Great Valley
- 2 Cacoen Castle
- 3 Mackfield
- 4 Haughton Grove
- 5 Strute
- 6 Wiltshire
- 7 Eden
- 8 Catherine Hall
- 9 Catherine Mount
- 10 Vainfield
- 11 Bloombury
- 12 Mt. Charles
- 13 Twin
- 14 Leagan
- 15 Lantun
- 16 Satters Hill
- 17 Gullsbro
- 18 Cinnamon Hill
- 19 Content
- 20 Kent
- 21 Orange Valley
- 22 Dundee
- 23 Phenix
- 24 Gales Valley

#### Reference Nos.

- 25 Weston Favel
- 26 Tilston
- 27 Pembroke
- 28 Green Park
- 29 Holland Pen
- 30 Lottery
- 31 Cambridge
- 32 Oxford
- 33 Gibraltar
- 34 Hyde
- 35 Goldis Pen
- 36 Georgia
- 37 Vale Royal
- 38 Arcadia
- 39 Steelfield
- 40 Bryan Castle
- 41 Lancaster
- 42 Brampton
- 43 Hopewell
- 44 Ewing's Caymans
- 45 Cherry Gardens
- 46 Hope Gardens and Reservoir
- 47 Newton

MAP SHOWING THE AVERAGE RAINFALL OVER JAMAICA FOR THE YEAR





## THE ISLAND MEAN RAINFALL

The table below gives the monthly "20-year" averages for each Parish in the Island, beginning in the NE. with Hanover and circulating clockwise round to Westmoreland. The totals for 1947 are included for comparison. At the foot of the table are the monthly and yearly means for the Island. These are taken from "The Rainfall of Jamaica to 1939" and are based on records usually of very long standing.

Parish	Month (20-year Means)												Means for Year	Means for 1947
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.		
Hanover ..	2.95	2.29	3.09	6.76	10.10	10.50	8.07	8.94	8.95	10.51	6.41	2.62	81.19	75.17
St. James ..	2.39	2.36	2.65	5.36	8.36	6.87	4.82	6.43	6.44	9.00	7.34	2.99	65.01	66.55
Trelawny ..	2.94	2.79	3.14	5.38	8.56	5.08	3.96	6.27	6.33	9.16	7.68	3.86	65.15	54.15
St. Ann ..	4.40	3.57	3.14	5.02	7.64	4.18	3.01	4.90	4.86	8.26	9.48	6.08	64.54	45.96
St. Mary ..	6.17	4.73	4.51	6.05	9.01	4.85	3.75	6.06	5.84	9.93	13.93	9.44	84.27	46.34
Portland ..	10.26	8.14	6.38	9.81	13.14	9.06	8.76	9.96	13.77	15.64	24.77	15.71	145.40	96.54
St. Thomas ..	3.66	2.67	2.07	3.87	6.75	9.85	6.22	8.62	9.66	15.85	9.48	5.09	83.69	70.35
St. Andrew ..	2.12	2.71	1.95	4.05	7.18	5.34	4.10	7.74	8.04	12.29	9.98	3.60	69.10	51.23
Kingston ..	0.76	0.70	0.60	0.94	2.52	3.74	2.27	4.98	3.81	6.76	3.80	0.98	31.86	26.97
St. Catherine ..	2.36	2.42	2.46	4.36	7.81	5.98	4.60	7.36	6.40	10.66	6.98	3.48	64.87	47.94
Clarendon ..	1.88	2.37	2.26	4.45	8.49	5.95	4.65	7.46	7.38	12.23	5.50	1.88	64.50	48.05
Manchester ..	2.48	3.08	3.13	5.76	8.46	6.72	5.30	8.33	8.27	13.05	6.30	2.14	73.02	54.54
St. Elizabeth ..	2.06	3.03	3.72	6.75	8.87	5.04	5.23	8.15	7.45	11.63	5.85	2.13	69.91	68.60
Westmoreland ..	2.46	2.92	4.30	7.93	11.16	8.89	9.40	10.61	9.31	13.67	5.39	2.38	88.42	81.13
20-Year Means	3.34	3.13	3.10	5.46	8.43	6.58	5.30	7.56	7.61	11.33	8.78	4.46	75.07	62.11
70-Year Means	4.00	3.21	3.33	5.11	8.89	6.91	5.22	7.14	7.80	10.87	9.31	5.31	77.12	..

## KINGSTON TEMPERATURES

The table below gives the mean temperatures for Kingston over a period of 33 years. It is interesting to note that, since records began in 1880 (apart from a break 1898-1908) the highest temperature recorded in Kingston, using thermometers exposed in a properly ventilated screen, is 97.8°F in 1923, whilst on only four other occasions has the mercury risen above 96.0°F. The lowest minimum temperature recorded over the above periods is 56.7°F in 1887 whilst on three other occasions the mercury has dropped below 60.0°F.

Month	Mean	Mean Max.	Mean Min.	Average Highest Max.	Average Lowest Max.
January .. ..	75.8	86.0	67.4	89.9	63.2
February .. ..	75.7	85.8	67.3	89.4	63.3
March .. ..	76.5	86.0	68.1	89.4	64.4
April .. ..	78.2	86.7	70.2	90.3	66.7
May .. ..	79.7	87.3	72.4	90.7	68.9
June .. ..	80.9	88.5	73.6	92.2	70.5
July .. ..	81.4	89.8	73.4	93.4	70.4
August .. ..	81.0	89.8	73.5	93.1	70.5
September .. ..	80.6	89.5	73.5	92.6	70.8
October .. ..	79.4	88.3	72.6	92.0	69.3
November .. ..	78.3	87.4	70.9	90.9	67.0
December .. ..	76.8	86.6	68.8	90.1	64.7
Mean for Year .. ..	78.7	87.6	71.0	91.2	67.5

## KINGSTON JAMAICA—DAYLIGHT PARTICULARS

1. Shortest Day .. December 22nd 11 hrs. 3 mins.  
(6.34 a.m. to 5.37 p.m.)
2. Longest Day .. June 21st 13 hrs. 13 mins.  
(5.32 a.m. to 6.45 p.m.)
3. Earliest Sunrise .. June 6th 5.31 a.m.
4. Latest Sunrise .. January 19th 6.42 a.m.
5. Earliest Sunset .. November 26th 5.29 p.m.
6. Latest Sunset .. July 8th 6.46 p.m.

At Kingston the Sun at Apparent Noon transmits directly overhead (zenith) on May 12th and also on August 2nd, 1948.

The Table above refers to the Sun's upper limb on the horizon, and to local Civil time at 18° N. Latitude, with 7 minutes added, giving the 75th Meridian Time, or "Eastern Standard Time" which is the standard time in use in Jamaica. The dates in the Table are the middle of periods when the time of sunrise or sunset is changing very slowly.

### CHAPTER III

#### POLITICAL CONSTITUTION

##### EARLIER HISTORY

IN the first two years after Penn and Venables captured Jamaica in 1655, the Island was governed by Commissioners. In 1657, Doyley governed by Court Martial. In 1661 Doyley was made Governor, with the advice of an *elected* Council. Later the Governor's Council was nominated by the Crown, in the main on the recommendation of the Governor. In 1663-4 the first elected House of Assembly met. Soon after this the Council had a dual existence as a Privy Council and, while the Assembly sat, as a Legislative Upper Chamber. The Council was often recruited from the Assembly, and not unfrequently a patriot left the Assembly and became a King's man in the Council. There was constant jealousy between the Board (Council) and the House (Assembly).

Lynch in 1671, sent home "The present state of the Government of Jamaica, on the 20th of August, 1671. His Majesty is sovereign and proprietor, is styled King, &c. and Lord of Jamaica; and the Governor and Lieutenant Governor are appointed during his pleasure. The present Lieutenant-Governor has a council of 14 of the best men in the Island, *viz.*, Major-General Jas. Banister, Sir Jas. Modford, Colonels Thos. Modford, John Cope, Thos. Freeman, and Thos. Ballard, Lieutenant-Colonels Wm. Ivy, Robert Byndlos, Chas. Whitfield, and Thos. Fuller, Major Anthony Collyer, Capt. Hender Molesworth, Lieutenant Colonel Robert Freeman, Secretary, and John White, Chief Justice; they may be suspended for misdemeanour, but the Lords of the Council of Foreign Plantations must judge if it is reasonable. There is an assembly numbering 18, *viz.*, two from each of the districts of St. Catherine, Clarendon, St. Andrew, Port Royal, St. John, St. David, St. Elizabeth, St. Thomas and North Side: these are chosen indifferently by the people, and make laws which are of force for two years, and ever after with the Royal Assent. The people look on it as their Magna Charta, that they shall be governed by these municipal laws and those of England, and not have anything imposed on them but by their own consents as in Barbados and the Carribbees".

In March, 1674, a Draft Commission for the Earl of Carlisle, appointed by His Majesty Governor of Jamaica, was offered to His Majesty by the Council for Trade and Foreign Plantations. The Council was to consist of 12 persons, seven to be a quorum. Vacancies were to be certified to His Majesty by the first opportunity, meantime the Governor was to fill up the number to nine, and no more, out of the principal freeholders of the Island. The Governor to have the power to administer the oaths to each of the Council and Deputy Governor, and to suspend or expel any member of Council, also with consent of the Council to call general assemblies of the freeholders, according to the custom of the island, whose representatives, duly elected, shall have power, with consent of the Governor and Council, to make laws as near as may be agreeable to those of England, which shall be of force for two years, and no more unless confirmed by His Majesty; to exercise a negative voice in the passing of all laws; to dissolve all general or representative assemblies, with consent of the Council, to establish courts of judicature, and appoint judges, justices, sheriffs, and other necessary officers, transmitting copies of all establishments for His Majesty's approval; to pardon offences before or after sentence, treason or wilful murder excepted in which cases he may grant reprieves till His Majesty's pleasure be known; to present to churches, chapels, and other ecclesiastical benefices; to levy and arm persons under his Government for resisting enemies by land or sea and transport them to any of His Majesty's Plantations in America for defence of the same from invasion of enemies, and to execute all things which to a Captain-General belong. To raise and build cities, boroughs, towns and fortifications, and arm them or demolish or dismantle them; to erect a Court of Admiralty, and exercise all powers of a Vice-Admiral in those seas according to Commission and Instructions from Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of England; to grant lands on moderate quit rents, to hold fairs and markets, and appoint ports and havens, custom houses, warehouses. But not to dispose of any office granted by His Majesty under the great seal. All inhabitants of the island to be obedient to him, and in his absence to the Deputy Governor, who shall exercise all powers hereby granted. In case he shall happen to die or be absent, and there be no Deputy Governor upon the place, the present Council of Jamaica to take upon them the Government and execute this commission. And lastly to hold office during His Majesty's pleasure.

Money bills originated with the Assembly and were a constant source of dispute. In 1670-80 an attempt was made by Carlisle, without success, to force the principle of Poyning's laws (*i.e.*, laws made in England) on Jamaica.

The Colony soon realized that it was desirable to have an Agent to solicit its affairs in England, and Jamaica was so represented from 1664 to 1845, when the office was abolished. In 1767 the Assembly and Council quarrelled over the control of the Agent.

In 1728 full legislative power was ceded to the Colony in return for an annual subsidy granted to the King for the support of the civil government and subject to the proviso that no Act should be passed repugnant to the laws of England and that the Crown had power of disallowance within a limited period but the money bills and "tacking" were a constant source of trouble.

The antagonism shown by many of the planters first to the abolition of the slave trade and later to Emancipation created an attitude hostile to the Colony in the minds of many politicians in England.

Emancipation, in 1834, was met by many of the planters in an unsympathetic manner. At the same time it encouraged the black and coloured population to take an interest in the political affairs of the Colony. The dissenting missionaries became their strong advocates and thereby earned the enmity of many of the planting class.

The Assembly resented the action of the Mother Country in bringing the Apprenticeship system to an early conclusion in 1838, and regarded the legislating for the better government of prisons as an infringement of their rights. A deadlock ensued under Sir Lionel Smith, and a law was passed in the Imperial Parliament to arrange for government by the Governor and Council if the Assembly refused to act. Sir Charles Metcalf did much to throw oil on troubled waters, to reconcile the colony with the Mother Country and to conciliate all classes of the colonial community.

In the Lieutenant-Governorship of General Berkeley (1846) the British Act equalizing the sugar duties on British and foreign production raised the active hostility of the Assembly, and in a petition to the Queen was said to be "a flagrant violation of national faith, consistency and honour". And during the whole six years of Sir Charles Grey's administration (1847-53) a war of retrenchment was waged. The treasury became bankrupt and a deadlock ensued the Assembly declining to do any business with the Council. This state of affairs welcomed Sir Henry Barkly to the colony in 1853.

In 1854 an Act was passed for the better government of this island and for raising a revenue in support thereof. (Vic. 17 Chap. 29). By it the old Council ceased to exercise its functions as a Legislative Council and a new Legislative Council was appointed consisting of seventeen members, the old members of the Council retaining their seats. The Council enjoyed like political powers and authority exercised and enjoyed by the House of Lords of Great Britain and Ireland. By the same Law the Governor was authorised to appoint three persons members of the Assembly, and one person a member of the Legislative Council to form an Executive Committee for the assistance of the Governor in the general administration of the finances of the island. No member of the Executive Committee was to be the holder of an office of emolument.

Sir Charles Darling (1857-62) fell out with his Executive Committee on the question of the intention of the Government in passing the Act for the better Government of the island which deprived the Assembly of the right to initiate the money bills, and they resigned.

The appointment of the Executive Committee had led to no permanent improvement, for after the first few years a constant struggle for place and power was maintained, and partisanship became more bitter than before. To use the words of Gardner "The House of Assembly was generally felt to be a barrier in the way of all progress, and in no proper sense of the word could it be regarded as a representative body;" and Dr. Bowerbank, a former member, said it was "the curse of Jamaica". Its deliberations were often interrupted by scenes of confusion and strife.

Jamaica, with a population of upwards of half a million, was divided into twenty-three parishes or electoral districts, returning forty-seven members in all. But in 1864, the united registries showed only 1,903 persons qualified to vote, and only 1,457 persons exercised their privilege.

With such small constituencies, as Gardner points out, it was an easy matter for any man anxious to obtain a seat to do so, and in parishes where bribery and corruption could not be supposed to influence the votes, there was no representation of the great body of the people for whom the assembly was assumed to legislate. That many upright and honourable men were elected by such small constituencies must be admitted, and yet such men occasionally complained to their intimate friends that they were fast losing their self-respect.

In 1864 the Island was not prosperous, the American war had raised the price of American bread stuffs, and the Governor was at variance with the Assembly. Agitation ended in a riot at Morant Bay on October 11th, 1865. The Commission which reported on the matter said that "the disturbances had their immediate origin in a planned resistance to lawful authority, which resistance was caused in manifold ways, by a desire to obtain land free of rent, a lack of confidence on the part of the labouring class in the tribunals before which most of their disputes were adjudicated, and, in some cases hostility towards political and personal opponents and a desire to attain their ends by the death or expulsion of the white inhabitants of the island".

After the suppression of the disturbances, Governor Eyre urged on the Legislature the unsuitability of the then existing form of government to meet the circumstances of the community, and the necessity of making some sweeping change by which a strong government might be created. The Legislative Council, in their reply, assured His Excellency that he "might confidently rely upon their giving their best consideration to any measure tending to establish that strong government so necessary for the well-being of this community" and the Assembly expressed their "full conviction that nothing but the existence of a strong government would prevent this island lapsing into the condition of a second Haiti". These assurances were followed by the passing of the 29th Vic., Chap. 11, declaring that "from after the coming into operation of this Act the present Legislative Council and House of Assembly, and all and every the functions and privileges of these two bodies, respectively shall cease and determine absolutely". Another Act was also passed in the same session declaring "that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty the Queen to create and constitute a government for this island in such form and with such powers as to Her Majesty might best seem fitting and from time to time to alter or amend such government". Effect was given to these acts of the Colonial Legislature by an Act of Imperial Parliament, 29 Vic., Chap. 12, entitled, "An Act to make provision for the government of Jamaica", which enacted that "in construing the secondly recited Act the term government should be held to include Legislature and that the powers exercisable by Her Majesty under the two Acts should be exercisable by Her Majesty in Council".

In pursuance of these enactments a single Chamber was established under designation of the "Legislative Council of Jamaica", by an order in Council dated 11th June, 1866. The Council thus created consisted of the Senior Military Officer for the time being in command of Her Majesty's Regular Troops within the Island, and the five persons for the time being exercising the respective offices of Colonial Secretary, of Attorney General, of Financial Secretary, of Director of Roads and of Collector of Customs, who were declared to be official members of the Council, *virtute officii*, and of six unofficial members nominated by the Governor and appointed by the Queen.

In 1883 a petition was sent from the inhabitants of Jamaica for a change in the Constitution of the Colony. By an Order-in-Council of 19th May, 1884 a "moderate step in advance" was granted; nine members of the Council were to be elected by the people. This did not give entire satisfaction.

For one session in 1893, the Governor was not a member of the Legislative Council, which was presided over by a nominated president.

In 1895 the Elected Members were increased to 14 (one for each parish) the nominated members being increased to 10 (4 being in abeyance) and effect was given to a Resolution of the Council (known as the Kerr-Sharp resolution) to the effect that a member of Council must have been for a twelve month immediately preceding his election either a resident of the parish he represents or possess a clear annual income of £150 per annum arising from property in the parish possessed by himself or his wife. In 1899 the Governor added the dormant 4 to the nominated members of the Legislative Council to pass the Tariff Bill. They were thereafter withdrawn, but in 1900 they were reinstated.

In the Jamaica Gazette of November 8th, 1923, appeared the correspondence which had taken place between the Governor and the Secretary of State for the Colonies in 1922 and 1923 in regard to a proposed reform of the Constitution. A form of constitution proposed by the Secretary of State was discussed in the Legislative Council in 1926 and rejected. The question was more vigorously pursued from 1938 onwards, as a consequence of social developments in the Colony, resulting in the New Constitution described hereafter.

## PRESENT CONSTITUTION

After due deliberation and acceptance by members of the Legislative Council and certain political parties of proposals made by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, a new Constitution was granted to Jamaica by His Majesty by Order-in-Council of the

27th of October, 1944, entitled "The Jamaica (Constitution) Orders-in-Council, 1944," and was brought into effect by Proclamation by the Governor on the 20th of November, 1944. The Order-in-Council, together with the new Letters Patent issued in respect of the office of Captain General and Governor-in-Chief, and the new Instructions to the Captain General and Governor-in-Chief, were published in a Jamaica Gazette Extraordinary on the 17th of November 1944, and are reproduced at the end of this Chapter. Proclamations by the Governor bringing the Order-in-Council and these Letters Patent into effect on the 20th November, 1944, were published in a Jamaica Gazette Extraordinary on the 18th of November, 1944.

The Constitution provides as follows:—

#### PRIVY COUNCIL

This Council consists of the Colonial Secretary, the Officer Commanding the Troops (if not below the rank of Lieutenant Colonel), the Attorney General, the Financial Secretary and Treasurer, and two Nominated Members, who shall be persons not holding office of emolument under the Crown and who shall vacate their seats at the end of three years.

The functions of this Council are to advise the Governor in relation to the exercise of the powers and performance of the duties conferred or imposed on him by the Letters Patent, subject to the provisions of such Letters Patent and of the Instructions; in effect, they are limited to advising the Governor on the exercise of the Royal Prerogative and the discipline of the Civil Service. (Articles 11 and 12 of the Letters Patent constituting the office of Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief).

(A list of the present Members of this Council is given in Chapter IV).

#### EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

This Council consists of the Governor as Chairman, three Official Members (the Colonial Secretary, the Attorney General and the Financial Secretary and Treasurer), two Nominated Members, (who shall be Members of the Legislative Council, and be persons not holding office of emolument under the Crown, and are nominated by the Governor) and five Elected Members (who shall be Members of the House of Representatives, elected to the Council by the House). The Governor does not have an original vote, but if on any question the votes are equally divided, he shall have a Casting Vote.

This Council is the principal instrument of policy, and also prepares the Annual Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure and all Supplementary Estimates of Expenditure before their introduction into the House of Representatives. In the formulation of policy and in the execution of all other authorities and powers conferred upon him, except those conferred by Articles 10, 11 and 12 of the Letters Patent, the Governor shall consult with the Executive Council, (save in certain events specified in Clause 13 of the Instructions) and shall act in accordance with the Council's advice. He may, however, act against the advice of the Council with the prior approval of the Secretary of State, or, if in his judgment urgent necessity so requires, without such prior approval (Clause 13 of the Instructions).

Although not provided for in the Constitution, it has been arranged, with the approval of the House of Representatives, that the various subjects, which form the work of the several Government Departments, shall be divided into 5 main groups as indicated below and that each of the five Elected Members of the Executive Council, who are now designated Ministers, shall be assigned one of these groups and that he shall be responsible in the House for matters affecting the Government Departments which deal with the subjects assigned to him:—

1. Finance and General Purposes
2. Communications
3. Agriculture, Lands and Commerce
4. Education
5. Social Welfare.

For purposes of convenience, the Council has also appointed a Committee of the Council to be known as the Estimates Committee, which will consider all financial matters coming before the Council and report to the Council thereon. The Committee is under the Chairmanship of the Financial Secretary and Treasurer.

(A List of the present Members of this Council is given in Chapter IV).

## LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

This Council consists of 3 ex-officio Members (The Colonial Secretary, the Attorney General and the Financial Secretary and Treasurer), not more than 2 Official Members (who shall be persons holding office of emolument under the Crown) and not less than 10 Unofficial Members (who shall be persons *not* holding any office of emolument under the Crown). The Council elects one of its Members (who shall be one of the Unofficial Members, not being a Member of the Executive Council) to be its President.

The functions of this Council are, in the main, the consideration of legislation passed by the House of Representatives. Save in certain exceptional cases where the Governor with the consent of the Executive Council and the Secretary of State may exercise an over-riding power (section 47 of the Order-in-Council) all Bills must be passed by the Legislative Council before they can become Law.

(A List of the present Members of this Council is given in Chapter IV).

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The House of representatives consists of 32 Members, one from each of the 32 constituencies into which the Island is divided (Kingston including Port Royal, St. Andrew, Clarendon and St. Catherine are each divided into 3 constituencies and the remaining ten parishes into 2 constituencies each). Election is for a period of 5 years, on the basis of universal adult suffrage, and qualification for election in any constituency is that the candidate must be a British Subject, 21 years of age or over, and qualified for registration as a voter, and must have been ordinarily resident in the parish in which that constituency is comprised for 12 months immediately preceding the day of Election. Under sections 20 and 21 of the Representation of the People Law, 1944, Law 44 of 1944, a candidate for election is also required to make a deposit of £50, and he forfeits the deposit if he receives less than  $\frac{1}{10}$ th of the total amount of votes polled in his constituency.

The House elects a Speaker from among its Members, and five Members to serve as Elected Members of the Executive Council.

The House has in general all the powers given by the existing Laws to the previous Legislative Council. Save in certain exceptional cases where the Governor, with the consent of the Executive Council and the Secretary of State, may exercise an over-riding power (section 47 of the Order-in-Council), all Bills must be passed by the House of Representatives and the Legislative Council before they can become Law. The Annual Estimates of Expenditure and Supplementary Estimates of the Colony are also subject to the approval of the House. Any question may be debated in the House, but no Bill, which is certified by the Speaker to be a money measure, or intended to implement the policy of Government, may be introduced without the approval of the Executive Council.

In accordance with the arrangement indicated previously, five standing Committees of the House have been appointed, one to advise on each of the five groups of subjects referred to in that paragraph, i.e.:-

- Finance and General Purposes
- Communications
- Agriculture, Lands and Commerce
- Education
- Social Welfare

The Chairman of these Committees, none of whom may be Ministers, form in turn a Joint Committee for the control of the internal affairs and business of the House.

(A List of the present Members of the House and the House Committees is given in Chapter IV).



## GENERAL ELECTION, 1944

At the first election to the House of Representatives held on the 14th of December, 1944, 389,109 votes were polled out of a total number of 663,069 persons who were eligible to vote on the basis of adult suffrage. At this election the Jamaica Labour Party won seats in 22 Constituencies, the People's National Party in 5, while Independent Candidates were successful in the remaining 5 Constituencies.

## RESULTS BY PARTY

The Labour party	144,661	41.4
The Independent candidates	104,814	30.0
The People's National Party	82,029	23.5
The Jamaica Democratic Party	14,123	4.1
All other parties	3,500	1.0
	349,127	..

## GENERAL ELECTION, 1949

At the second election to the House of Representatives held on the 20th December, 1949, 477,107 votes were polled out of a total of 732,217 persons eligible to vote, or 65.2%. The number of rejected ballots amounted to 9,928 or 2.1% of the votes polled. Of the 32 seats available, the Jamaica Labour Party won 17, the Peoples National Party 13 and Independent Candidates 2. The Peoples National Party put forward a candidate in each Constituency, while the Jamaica Labour Party put forward candidates only in 30 Constituencies. The votes polled for the several Parties were as follows:—

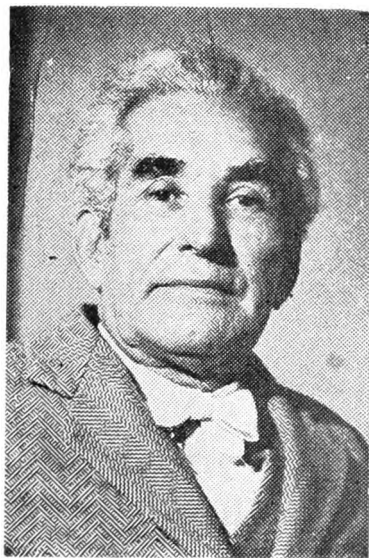
For the Peoples National Party	203,048 (43.5%)
“ “ Jamaica Labour Party	199,538 (42.7%)
“ “ Agricultural Industrial Party	4,683 (1%)
“ “ United Party of Jamaica	1,120 (.2%)
“ “ Independent Candidates	58,790 (12.6%)

In the 32 Constituencies where the P.N.P. had Candidates, the Party received 203,048 votes or 43.5% of the votes cast.

In 30 Constituencies where the J.L.P. had Candidates the Party received 199,538 votes or 45.6% of the votes cast.

Constituencies; Number of Electors on Lists; Number of Ballots Cast for Each Candidate; Percentage of total Ballots Cast.

Parish and Constituency	Parties	Total	Percentage
1. Kingston Eastern and Port Royal:			
Electors on lists		26,062	
Accepted ballots for:			
Glasspole, Florizel	P.N.P.	12,251	67.7
McFarlane, G. P.	Lab.	5,704	31.5
		17,955	
2. Kingston Central:			
Electors on lists		23,215	
Accepted ballots for:			
Isacs, Wills O.	P.N.P.	10,570	60.2
Nelson, Edith	Lab.	223	1.3
Pixley, Frank Ainsley	Lab.	6,577	37.4
		17,370	



THE HONOURABLE  
W. A. BUSTAMANTE, M.H.R.  
Minister for Communications



CONSTITUENCIES, *contd.*

Parish and Constituency	Parties (1)	Total	Percentage
3. Kingston, Western:			
Electors on list .. .. .		25,460	
Accepted ballots for:			
Hill, Kenneth G. .. .. .	P.N.P.	10,099	54.
Shearer, Hugh .. .. .	Lab.	8,478	45.3
		18,577	
4. St. Andrew, Eastern:			
Electors on list .. .. .		30,094	
Accepted ballots for:			
Fagan, Edward Henry .. .. .	Lab.	9,925	46.8
Manley, N. W. .. .. .	P.N.P.	10,980	51.8
		20,905	
5. St. Andrew, Central:			
Electors on list .. .. .		37,312	
Accepted ballots for:			
Nethersole, Noel Newton .. .. .	P.N.P.	14,350	53.
Newland, Linden .. .. .	Lab.	12,349	45.7
Parkin, Morris E. .. .. .	Ind.	139	.5
		26,838	
6. St. Andrew, Western:			
Electors on list .. .. .		34,357	
Accepted ballots for:			
Brown, Vitellius .. .. .	Ind.	203	.9
Dalton-James, E. .. .. .	P.N.P.	10,225	44.1
Evans, E. R. D. .. .. .	A.I.P.	294	1.3
Leon, Rose Agatha .. .. .	Lab.	11,715	50.5
McLaughlin, E. E. .. .. .	Ind.	474	2.
		22,911	
7. St. Thomas, Eastern			
Electors on list .. .. .		20,895	
Accepted ballots for:			
Barrant, I. W. A. .. .. .	Lab.	8,904	73.9
Young, Eric .. .. .	P.N.P.	2,209	19.3
		11,113	
8. St. Thomas, Western:			
Electors on list .. .. .		19,069	
Accepted ballots for:			
Gordon, Robert Obadiah .. .. .	U.P.J.	604	5.3
McPherson, Jehoida Agustus .. .. .	Lab.	6,045	52.9
Stewart, Cyrus Lloyd .. .. .	P.N.P.	3,684	32.3
Urquhart, Milton Arthur .. .. .	Ind.	600	5.3
		10,933	
9. Portland, Eastern:			
Electors on list .. .. .		19,977	
Accepted ballots for:			
Allan, Sir H. E. .. .. .	Ind.	8,714	57.9
Dillon, L. E. .. .. .	P.N.P.	4,308	28.6
Hall, Edgar Altamont .. .. .	Ind.	1,767	11.7
		14,789	

CONSTITUENCIES, *contd.*

Parish and Constituency	Parties (1)	Total	Percentage
10. Portland, Western:			
Electors on list .. .. .		15,333	
Accepted ballots for:			
Lowe, Reginald Leopold .. .. .	P.N.P.	4,340	43.5
Lynch, Leopold Augustus .. .. .	Lab.	5,376	53.9
		9,716	
11. St. Mary, Eastern:			
Electors on list .. .. .		26,312	
Accepted ballots for:			
Bailey, Victor .. .. .	P.N.P.	6,429	39.8
Morris, Cyril Hurlock .. .. .	Ind.	661	4.1
Ross, Andrew .. .. .	Lab.	7,873	48.7
Parkinson, Eugene C. L. .. .. .	Ind.	642	4.0
		15,605	
12. St. Mary, Western:			
Electors on list .. .. .		22,324	
Accepted ballots for:			
Cousins, E. Rufus .. .. .	Ind.	739	4.8
Edwards, Myrtle Gwendolyn .. .. .	Ind.	245	1.6
Simmonds, Lester L. .. .. .	Lab.	7,446	48.1
Stuart, Charles L. A. .. .. .	P.N.P.	6,770	43.8
		15,200	
13. St. Ann, Eastern:			
Electors on list .. .. .		25,383	
Accepted ballots for:			
Baird, R. E. .. .. .	Lab.	3,248	21.2
Lloyd, Ivan Stewart .. .. .	P.N.P.	11,832	77.3
		15,080	
14. St. Ann, Western:			
Electors on list .. .. .		24,490	
Accepted ballots for:			
Aabuthnott-Gallimore, G. W. .. .. .	Ind.	6,860	44.
Wilmot, Rupert Dawkins .. .. .	P.N.P.	8,351	53.5
		15,211	
15. Trelawny, Northern:			
Electors on list .. .. .		13,813	
Accepted ballots for-			
Douglas, Allan .. .. .	Lab.	4,826	47.8
Gentles, Victor W. .. .. .	Ind.	1,457	14.4
Titus, Cedric Oswald .. .. .	Ind.	612	6.1
Wakeland, Luther Stillman .. .. .	P.N.P.	2,948	29.2
		9,843	

CONSTITUENCIES, *contd.*

Parish and Constituency	Parties (1)	Total	Percentage
16. Trelawny, Southern:			
Electors on list .. .. .		12,341	
Accepted ballots for:			
Bennett, H. P. .... .	P.N.P.	2,590	29.5
Codling, Chilion Mark .. .. .	A.I.P.	153	1.7
Neita, Cecil Alexander .. .. .	Ind.	303	3.5
Toyloy, Felix Debon .. .. .	Lab.	4,485	51.1
Witter, Harry H. .... .	Ind.	1,113	12.7
		8,644	
17. St. James, North-Western:			
Electors on list .. .. .		20,437	
Accepted ballots for:			
Brown, Clifford .. .. .	Ind.	111	.8
Collins, Iris R. .... .	Lab.	5,486	41.
Coombs, A. G. St. Clare .. .. .	P.N.P.	7,564	56.5
		13,161	
18. St. James, South-Eastern:			
Electors on list .. .. .		16,587	
Accepted ballots for:			
Carey, Maxwell .. .. .	P.N.P.	1,349	12.
Lowe, Arthur Benjamin .. .. .	Ind.	2,204	19.5
McFarlane, R. Cecil .. .. .	Lab.	1,150	10.2
Morgan, Cyril Arthur .. .. .	Ind.	1,210	10.7
Morris, Charles Samuel .. .. .	Ind.	815	7.2
Scott, Stanley Albert .. .. .	Ind.	4,111	36.4
Morris, Ernest Newton .. .. .	Ind.	278	2.5
		11,117	
19. Hanover, Eastern:			
Electors on list .. .. .		12,069	
Accepted ballots for:			
Atherton, Isaac Nathaniel .. .. .	Ind.	1,442	16.8
Grubb, Winsbert M. .... .	P.N.P.	1,628	19.
Malcolm, J. Z. .... .	Lab.	3,770	44.
Samuels, Dorcas Eliza .. .. .	Ind.	1,566	18.3
		8,406	
20. Hanover, Western:			
Electors on list .. .. .		14,887	
Accepted ballots for:			
Allen, Fredrick Adolphus .. .. .	P.N.P.	1,274	14.4
Dickson, William M. .... .	Lab.	6,290	70.8
Doran, James B. .... .	A.I.P.	1,129	12.7
		8,693	
21. Westmoreland, Western:			
Electors on list .. .. .		27,369	
Accepted ballots for:			
Campbell, Clifford C. .... .	Lab.	12,261	67.2
Tomlinson, Walter James .. .. .	P.N.P.	5,434	29.7
		17,685	

CONSTITUENCIES, *contd.*

Parish and Constituency	Parties (1)	Total	Percentage
22. Westmoreland, Eastern:			
Electors on list .. .. .		21,555	
Accepted ballots for:			
Evans, Fred L. B. .. .. .	P.N.P.	9,208	68.8
Ramsay, John Oswald .. .. .	Ind.	372	2.8
Scott, Leturn Edward .. .. .	Ind.	465	3.5
Wakeland, E. W. .. .. .	Lab.	2,524	18.9
Williams, Winston B. .. .. .	A.I.P.	249	1.8
		12,818	
23. St. Elizabeth, Northern:			
Electors on list .. .. .		26,889	
Accepted ballots for:			
Allen, Edward .. .. .	P.N.P.	8,538	50.9
Fraser, John Nathaniel .. .. .	Ind.	378	2.3
Lewis, Neville Cleveland .. .. .	Lab.	7,559	44.9
		16,520	
24. St. Elizabeth, Southern:			
Electors on list .. .. .		25,843	
Accepted ballots for:			
Blythe, Claude A. .. .. .	P.N.P.	3,700	21.9
Bloomfield, E. H. .. .. .	Ind.	1,476	8.7
Coke, Burnett Birthwright .. .. .	Ind.	5,643	33.4
Hutchinson, Percival .. .. .	Ind.	141	.8
Sangster, Donald Burns .. .. .	Lab.	5,691	33.6
		16,651	
25. Manchester, Northern:			
Electors on list .. .. .		23,548	
Accepted ballots for:			
Evans, Max .. .. .	Ind.	3,321	23.2
Hastings, S. U. .. .. .	Lab.	4,245	29.7
Sinclair, Norman L. .. .. .	P.N.P.	6,454	45.1
		14,020	
26. Manchester, Southern:			
Electors on list .. .. .		24,944	
Accepted ballots for:			
Benjamin, Wendell Winston .. .. .	P.N.P.	7,737	45.8
Bloomfield, Lawton C. .. .. .	Lab.	8,648	51.1
Powell, Easton .. .. .	Ind.	105	.6
		16,490	
27. Clarendon, North-Eastern:			
Electors on list .. .. .		19,881	
Accepted ballots for:			
Atkinson, George H. .. .. .	A.I.P.	1,801	17.5
Broderick, Percival .. .. .	P.N.P.	2,840	27.6
Brown, J. B. .. .. .	Lab.	1,895	18.4
Graham, Thomas T. .. .. .	Ind.	368	3.6
Harris, E. F. .. .. .	Ind.	129	1.3
Lieba, Stanley .. .. .	Ind.	335	3.3
McMorris, Herman A. .. .. .	Ind.	2,691	16.1
		10,059	

CONSTITUENCIES, *contd.*

Parish and Constituency	Parties (1)	Total	Percentage
<b>28. Clarendon, North-Western:</b>			
Electors on list .. ..		20,153	
Accepted ballots for:			
Boothe, Maitland G. .. ..	A.I.P.	620	4.6
Linton, William Delroy .. ..	P.N.P.	6,026	45.1
Malcolm, O. A. .. ..	Lab.	6,421	48.
		13,067	
<b>29. Clarendon, Southern:</b>			
Electors on list .. ..		29,073	
Accepted ballots for:			
Beresford, S. G. .. ..	P.N.P.	3,483	18.1
Bustamante, William A. .. ..	Lab.	14,053	73.2
Cork, Hugh Clive .. ..	Ind.	833	4.3
Williams, A. H. W. .. ..	Ind.	494	2.6
		18,863	
<b>30. St. Catherine, North-Eastern:</b>			
Electors on list .. ..		25,213	
Accepted ballots for:			
Bennett, I. S. .. ..	Lab.	3,150	24.9
Black, Samuel Agustus .. ..	Ind.	1,662	13.2
Cox, M. B. .. ..	Ind.	1,016	8.
Crossley, Isiah .. ..	Ind.	1,004	8.
Nation, Donald B. H. .. ..	P.N.P.	5,507	43.6
		12,339	
<b>31. St. Catherine, South-Eastern:</b>			
Electors on list .. ..		22,444	
Accepted ballots for:			
Brown, G. B. J. .. ..	A.I.P.	437	3.2
Gore, James Fredrick .. ..	U.P.J.	437	3.2
Grant, J. E. .. ..	P.N.P.	5,429	39.2
McKoy, Victor H. .. ..	Ind.	145	1.
Rose, Leslie W. .. ..	Lab.	7,105	51.4
		13,553	
<b>32. St. Catherine, Western:</b>			
Electors on list .. ..		28,888	
Accepted ballots for:			
Golding, T. N. .. ..	Lab.	6,116	45.7
Lawson, B. T. .. ..	P.N.P.	4,906	36.7
Levien, Eric Osbourn .. ..	Ind.	300	2.3
Senior, Norman I. .. ..	Ind.	1,646	12.3
Wright, William A. H. .. ..	U.P.J.	79	.6
		13,047	

(1) The abbreviations for parties are as follows:—

Ind.	Independent
Lab.	Jamaica Labour Party
P.N.P.	Peoples' National Party
A.I.P.	Agricultural Industrial Party
U.P.J.	United Party of Jamaica.



## JAMAICA

LETTERS PATENT PASSED UNDER THE GREAT SEAL OF THE REALM CONSTITUTING THE OFFICE OF CAPTAIN-GENERAL AND GOVERNOR-IN-CHIEF OF THE ISLAND OF JAMAICA AND ITS DEPENDENCIES.

Dated October 27th, 1944.

GEORGE THE SIXTH, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith.

To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting!

## RECITES LETTERS PATENT OF 1887 AND 1913

WHEREAS by Letters Patent under the Great Seal dated the Twenty-ninth day of July, 1887, as amended by like Letters Patent dated the Fifth day of March, 1913, provision is made constituting the Office of Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over Our Island of Jamaica and its Dependencies:

AND WHEREAS We are minded to make further provision for the purpose aforesaid:

NOW KNOW YE that We do by these Presents declare Our will and pleasure as follows:—

## INTERPRETATION

1—(1) In these Letters Patent, unless the context otherwise requires:—

“Jamaica” means the Island of Jamaica (including the small islands adjacent thereto) and the Dependencies of Jamaica, comprising the Cayman Islands, the Turks and Caicos Islands, and the Morant and Pedro Cays;

“Governor” means the Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of Jamaica and includes the officer for the time being administering the Government of Jamaica;

“the Gazette” means the Jamaica Gazette;

“the Broad Seal” means the Broad Seal of Jamaica.

(2) The Interpretation Act, 1889, shall apply for the interpretation of these Letters Patent as it applies for the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

## SHORT TITLE AND COMMENCEMENT

2. These Letters Patent may be cited as “The Jamaica Letters Patent, 1944”. They shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Governor by Proclamation in the Gazette and shall be proclaimed at such places within Jamaica as the Governor shall think fit.

## REVOCATION OF LETTERS PATENT OF 1887 AND 1913

3. The aforesaid Letters Patent dated the Twenty-ninth day of July, 1887, and the Fifth day of March, 1913, are hereby revoked, but without prejudice to any appointment lawfully made, or to any other thing lawfully done, thereunder.

Provided that the Privy or Advising Council constituted by the said Letters Patent shall cease to exist.

## OFFICE OF CAPTAIN-GENERAL AND GOVERNOR-IN-CHIEF CONSTITUTED

4. There shall be a Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over Jamaica, and appointments to the said Office shall be made by Commission under Our Sign Manual and Signet.

## GOVERNOR'S POWERS AND AUTHORITIES

5. We do hereby authorize, empower and command the Governor to do all things belonging to his Office in accordance with these Letters Patent, and such Commission as aforesaid, and such Instructions as may from time to time be given to him by Us under Our Sign Manual and Signet or through a Secretary of State, and in accordance with such Orders in Our Privy Council and other laws as may from time to time be in force in Jamaica.

LETTERS PATENT, 1944 (*contd.*)

## PUBLICATION OF GOVERNOR'S COMMISSION AND TAKING OF OATHS

6. Every person appointed to fill the Office of Governor shall, with all due solemnity, before entering on any of the duties of his Office, cause the Commission appointing him to be Governor to be read and published in the presence of the Chief Justice or, in his absence, some other Judge of Our Supreme Court of Jamaica, and of such Members of the Privy Council and of the Executive Council as can conveniently attend, which being done, he shall then and there take before them the Oath of Allegiance and the Oath for the due execution of the Office of Governor in the forms set out in the Schedule to these Letters Patent, which Oaths the said Chief Justice or Judge is hereby required to administer.

## SUCCESSION TO GOVERNMENT

7—(1) Whenever the Office of Governor is vacant, or the Governor is absent from Jamaica, or is from any cause prevented from, or incapable of, acting in the duties of his Office, then such person as We may appoint under Our Sign Manual and Signet, or if there is no such person in Jamaica and capable of discharging the duties of the administration, the senior Member of the Executive Council then in Jamaica and so capable, shall, during Our pleasure, administer the Government of Jamaica.

(2) Before assuming the administration of the Government any such person shall, in the form and manner prescribed in these Letters Patent, take the oaths herein directed to be taken by the Governor, which being done, We do hereby authorize, empower and command such person, subject, if he is appointed as aforesaid under Our Sign Manual and Signet, to the terms of his appointment, during Our pleasure, to do all things that belong to the Office of Governor, as provided in these Letters Patent.

(3) Any such person as aforesaid shall not continue to administer the Government after the Governor or some other person having a prior right to administer the same has notified that he is about to assume the administration.

(4) The Governor or any other person as aforesaid shall not be regarded as absent from Jamaica for the purposes of these Letters Patent during his passage from one part of Jamaica to another or when there is a subsisting appointment of a deputy under the next succeeding Article of these Letters Patent.

## APPOINTMENT OF DEPUTY TO GOVERNOR

8—(1) Whenever the Governor has occasion to be absent from the seat of Government but not from Jamaica, or to be absent from Jamaica for a period which he has reason to believe will be of short duration, or whenever by reason of illness which he has reason to believe will be of short duration he considers it desirable so to do, he may by an Instrument under the Broad Seal, appoint any person resident in Jamaica to be his deputy during such absence or illness, and in that capacity to exercise and perform for and on behalf of the Governor during such absence or illness all such powers and functions vested in the Governor as shall in and by such Instrument be specified.

(2) By the appointment of a deputy as aforesaid the power and authority of the Governor shall not be abridged, altered, or in any way affected otherwise than as We may at any time hereafter think proper to direct; and every such deputy shall conform to and observe all such instructions as the Governor shall from time to time address to him for his guidance.

(3) Any appointment under this Article may at any time be revoked by the Governor or by a Secretary of State, and, in case of absence as aforesaid shall cease and determine upon the return of the Governor to the seat of Government or to Jamaica, as the case may be.

## DISPOSAL OF LANDS

9. The Governor may, in Our name and on Our behalf, make and execute, under the Broad Seal, grants and dispositions of any lands or other immovable property within Jamaica which may be lawfully granted or disposed of by Us.

## APPOINTMENT OF OFFICERS

10. The Governor may constitute and appoint in Our name and on Our behalf all such Judges and other Officers as may lawfully be constituted or appointed by Us, all of whom, unless otherwise provided by law, shall hold their offices during Our pleasure.

LETTERS PATENT, 1944 (*contd.*)

## DISCIPLINE

11. The Governor may, subject to the provisions of any law for the time being in force in Jamaica and to such instructions as may from time to time be given to him by Us through a Secretary of State, upon sufficient cause to him appearing, dismiss or suspend from the exercise of his office any person holding any public office in Jamaica, or, subject as aforesaid, may take such other disciplinary action as may seem to him desirable.

## GRANT OF PARDON

12. When any offence has been committed for which the offender may be tried in Jamaica, the Governor may, as he shall see occasion, in Our name and on Our behalf, grant a pardon to any accomplice in such offence who shall give such information as shall lead to the conviction of the principal offender, or of any one of such offenders if more than one; and further may grant to any offender convicted of any such offence in any Court within Jamaica, a pardon, either free or subject to lawful conditions, or any respite, either indefinite or for such period as the Governor may think fit, of the execution of any sentence passed on such offender, and may remit the whole or any part of any such sentence or of any penalties or forfeitures otherwise due to Us.

## BROAD SEAL

13. The Governor shall keep and use the Broad Seal for sealing all things whatsoever that shall pass the said Seal.

## OFFICERS AND OTHERS TO OBEY THE GOVERNOR

14. We do hereby require and command all Our Officers, Civil and Military, and all other the inhabitants of Jamaica to be obedient, aiding and assisting unto the Governor.

## RESERVATION OF POWER TO AMEND, OR REVOKE LETTERS PATENT

15. We do hereby reserve to Ourselves, Our Heirs and Successors full power and authority to revoke, add to, or amend these Letters Patent as to Us or Them shall seem fit.

## SCHEDULE

*Oath of Allegiance*

## ARTICLES 6 AND 7

I. ....

do swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty King George VI, His Heirs and Successors, according to Law, So help me God.

*Oath for the due Execution of the Office of Governor*

I. ....

swear that I will well and truly serve His Majesty King George VI, His Heirs and Successors in the Office of Governor. So help me God.

In witness whereof We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent.

Witness Ourselves at Westminster this 27th day of October, 1944, in the Eighth year of Our Reign.

By Warrant under The King's Sign Manual.

## JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE

The 27th day of October, 1944

Present

## THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL

Whereas by the Jamaica Act, 1866, and the enactments of the Legislature of the Island of Jamaica therein mentioned, His Majesty is empowered by Order in Council to create and constitute a Government (including a Legislature) for the said Island:

And whereas—

- (a) under the Cayman Islands Act, 1863, the Officer Administering the Government of Jamaica has powers and authorities in respect of the Cayman Islands as if the same had been part of the Island of Jamaica, and the Legislature of Jamaica has power to make laws for the peace, order and good government of the said Islands; and
- (b) by virtue of the Turks and Caicos Islands Act, 1873, and an Order made by Her Majesty Queen Victoria in Council on the 4th day of August, 1873, the Turks and Caicos Islands as therein defined were annexed to, and form part of, the Colony of Jamaica, and the Governor and Legislature of Jamaica have respectively the same jurisdiction, powers and authority over the said Islands that they have over the Island of Jamaica; and
- (c) by virtue of Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal and dated the 3rd day of March, 1882, as amended by Letters Patent dated the 27th day of October, 1944, the Morant Cays and the Pedro Cays as therein defined are Dependencies of the Island of Jamaica and all the powers of government and legislation vested in the person for the time being administering the Government of the Island of Jamaica and in the Legislature thereof apply and extend to the said Cays;

and the said Islands and Cays are accordingly administered, and are in this Order referred to, as Dependencies of Jamaica:

And whereas by the Orders in Council mentioned in the First Schedule to this Order, provision is made for a Legislature for the said Island and the Dependencies thereof:

And whereas by virtue of Letters Patent of even date herewith, revoking and replacing Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal constituting the Office of Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of Jamaica and dated the 29th day of July, 1887, the Privy or Advising Council of the Governor established by the last-mentioned Letters Patent will in due course cease to exist:

And whereas it is expedient to make other provision for a Government and Legislature of the Island of Jamaica and the Dependencies thereof:

Now, Therefore, His Majesty, in the exercise of the powers aforesaid and of all other powers enabling Him in that behalf, is pleased by and with the advice of his Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

## PART I

## PRELIMINARY

## INTERPRETATION

1.—(1) In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires—

“the appointed day” means the day fixed under section 2 of this Order;

“the Broad Seal” means the Broad Seal of Jamaica;

“the Colonial Secretary” “the Attorney General” and “the Financial Secretary and Treasurer” include any persons lawfully performing the functions of those offices;

“Chamber” means the Legislative Council or the House of Representatives established by this Order;

“the existing Orders” means the Orders in Council mentioned in the First Schedule to this Order;

“the Gazette” means the Jamaica Gazette;

“the Governor” means the Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of Jamaica, and includes the officer for the time being administering the Government of Jamaica;

JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944 (*contd.*)

"the House" means the House of Representatives established by this Order;  
 "Jamaica" means the Island of Jamaica (including the small Islands adjacent thereto) and the Dependencies of Jamaica;

"Privy Council" not preceded by the word "existing" means the Privy Council established by section 6 of this Order;

"the existing Privy Council" means the Privy or Advising Council of the Governor established by Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal constituting the Officer of Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of Jamaica and dated the 29th day of July, 1887;

"the Supreme Court" means the Supreme Court of Jamaica constituted under the Judicature Law (Cap. 430 of the Laws of Jamaica, Revised Edition, 1938) or any Law amending or substituted for that Law.

(2) For the purposes of this Order, a person shall not be deemed to hold an office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica by reason only that he—

- (a) is in receipt of a pension or other like allowance in respect of service under the crown; or
- (b) is a Member of the Executive Council established by this Order or a Member of either Chamber; or
- (c) holds an office the holder of which is declared by any law for the time being in force in Jamaica not to be disqualified for election as a Member of the House of Representatives.

(3) The Interpretation Act, 1889, shall apply for the interpretation of this Order as it applies for the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

## SHORT TITLE AND COMMENCEMENT

2. This Order may be cited as the Jamaica (Constitution) Order in Council, 1944. It shall be published in the Gazette and, save as otherwise expressly provided in this Order, shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Governor by Proclamation in the Gazette.

## ESTABLISHMENT OF LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

3. The Legislative Council of Jamaica, as constituted under the existing Orders immediately before the appointed day, shall cease to exist, and in place thereof there shall be constituted, in and for Jamaica, in accordance with the provisions of this Order—

- (a) a Legislative Council, which shall be called the Legislative Council of Jamaica; and
- (b) a House of Representatives, which shall be called the Jamaica House of Representatives.

## REVOCATION

4.—(1) The existing Orders are hereby revoked.

(2) The continued operation of any law in force in Jamaica immediately before the appointed day shall not be affected by reason only of the revocation of the said Orders.

## MODIFICATION OF EXISTING LAWS

5.—(1) The Governor may by Proclamation, at any time after the date of this Order and before the appointed day, make such provision as appears to him necessary or expedient in consequence of the provisions of this Order, for modifying, adding to or adapting provisions in existing instruments which refer to the Legislative Council, the existing Privy Council or the Governor in that Privy Council, in whatever terms, or Members of either of those Councils, or electoral districts, and otherwise for bringing existing instruments into accord with the provisions of this Order, or for giving effect to those provisions on the appointed day.

(2) Any Proclamation under this Section shall be published in the Gazette, and thereupon it shall have the force of law and shall take effect on the appointed day or on such later date as may be prescribed therein or in any other Proclamation.

JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944 (*contd.*)

(3) Any Proclamation under this Section may be amended, added to or revoked by further Proclamation.

(4) In this Section "existing instruments" means Laws, rules, regulations, by-laws, proclamations, orders, licences, permits and other enactments and instruments, having the force of law or issued in pursuance of statutory powers, and in force in Jamaica at the date of the Proclamation by which they are affected.

(5) This Section shall come into operation forthwith.

## PART II

## PRIVY COUNCIL

## ESTABLISHMENT OF PRIVY COUNCIL

6.—(1) There shall be a Privy Council in and for Jamaica, and the said Council shall consist of such persons, appointed in such manner, as His Majesty may direct by Instructions under His Sign Manual and Signet.

(2) The Members of the Privy Council shall hold their places in the Council during His Majesty's pleasure and, subject thereto, for such period and upon such conditions as may be specified in any Instructions as aforesaid.

## FUNCTIONS OF PRIVY COUNCIL

7.—(1) It shall be the duty of the Privy Council to advise the Governor in relation to the exercise of any powers, and the performance of any duties, conferred or imposed upon him by any Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal, in accordance with, and subject to, the provisions of any such Letters Patent or any Instructions given to the Governor by His Majesty under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet or through a Secretary of State.

(2) The Privy Council shall also perform such other functions as may be prescribed by any other enactment or instrument having the force of law in Jamaica.

## PART III

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

## ESTABLISHMENT OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

8. There shall be an Executive Council in and for Jamaica, constituted in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

## FUNCTIONS OF THE COUNCIL

9.—(1) The Executive Council shall be the principal instrument of policy and shall perform such functions and exercise such powers and duties as may from time to time be prescribed by or under this Order, any other Orders of His Majesty in Council, any Instructions under His Majesty's Sign Manual and Signet or any Law or other instrument having the force of law in Jamaica.

(2) It shall be the duty of the Executive Council to prepare the Annual Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure and all Supplementary Estimates of Expenditure.

## MEMBERS OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

10. The Executive Council shall consist of the Governor as Chairman, three Official Members, two persons not holding office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica who (save as otherwise expressly provided in this Order) are Members of the Legislative Council, who shall be styled Nominated Members, and five persons who (save as aforesaid) are Members of the House of Representatives, who shall be styled Elected Members.

JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944 (*contd.*)

## OFFICIAL MEMBERS

11. The Official Members shall be the Colonial Secretary, the Attorney-General and the Financial Secretary and Treasurer.

## NOMINATED MEMBERS

12. The Nominated Members shall be appointed by Instructions or Warrant under His Majesty's Sign Manual and Signet, or by the Governor by Instrument under the Broad Seal in pursuance of His Majesty's instructions through a Secretary of State.

## ELECTED MEMBERS

13.—(1) At the first meeting of the House of Representatives and thereafter at the first meeting after every general election, or as soon as convenient after such meeting, the House shall elect from among its Members five Members to serve as Elected Members of the Executive Council.

(2) Whenever the seat of an Elected Member becomes vacant from any cause other than the dissolution of the House of Representatives, the House shall, as soon as convenient, in like manner elect a Member to fill the vacancy.

## TENURE OF OFFICE

14.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Order, every Nominated Member of the Executive Council shall hold his seat in the Council during His Majesty's pleasure.

(2) The House of Representatives may, by resolution, in favour of which there are cast the votes of not less than two-thirds of all the Members of the House, revoke the election to the Executive Council of any Elected Member thereof, and, upon the passing of such resolution, the seat of the Member in the Executive Council shall become vacant.

(3) The seat of a Member of the Executive Council (other than an Official Member) shall become vacant—

(a) if he shall cease to be a Member of the House or the Legislative Council as the case may be, from any cause other than the dissolution thereof; or

(b) if he shall by writing under his hand, addressed to the Governor, resign his seat in the Executive Council; or

(c) if he shall be absent from Jamaica without written permission from the Governor.

(4) A Nominated or Elected Member shall not vacate his seat in the Executive Council on the dissolution of the Chamber of which he is a Member but shall vacate such seat at the first meeting of that Chamber held thereafter.

(5) Any person vacating a seat as a Nominated or Elected Member may, if qualified, be again appointed or elected from time to time.

(6) If a Nominated Member shall be appointed temporarily to any office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica or to act in any such office, he shall not sit as a Nominated member of the Executive Council so long as he continues to hold or act in that office.

## SUSPENSION OF NOMINATED MEMBERS

15.—The Governor may, by an Instrument under the Broad Seal suspend any Nominated Member from the exercise of his functions as a Member of the Executive Council. Every such suspension shall forthwith be reported by the Governor to His Majesty through a Secretary of State, and shall remain in force unless and until it shall be removed by the Governor by an Instrument under the said seal or by His Majesty through a Secretary of State or the person suspended ceases to be a Member of the Executive Council.

## PROVISIONAL APPOINTMENTS

16.—(1) Whenever there shall be a vacancy in the number of persons sitting in the Executive Council as Official or Elected or Nominated Members, by reason of the fact that—

(a) an Official Member is administering the Government of Jamaica; or

(b) one person is lawfully discharging the functions of more than one of the three officers specified in section 11 of this Order; or

JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944 (*contd.*)

(c) no person is lawfully discharging the functions of one of those officers; or  
 (d) a Nominated Member is suspended from the exercise of his functions as a Member; or  
 (e) the seat of a Nominated Member is vacant for any cause; or  
 (f) a Member is declared by the Governor by an Instrument under the Broad Seal to be incapable of discharging his functions as a Member; or  
 (g) a Member is absent from Jamaica; or  
 (h) a Nominated Member has been appointed temporarily to an office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica or to act in any such office;  
 a person may be appointed or elected provisionally a Member for the period of such vacancy.

(2) The said person shall—

- (a) in the case of a vacancy in the number of persons sitting in the Executive Council as Official Members, be appointed by the Governor by an Instrument under the Broad Seal and shall be the holder of an office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica;
- (b) in the case of a vacancy in the number of persons sitting in the Executive Council as Nominated Members, be appointed by the Governor by an Instrument under the Broad Seal and shall be qualified for appointment as a Nominated Member; and
- (c) in the case of a vacancy in the number of persons sitting in the Executive Council as Elected Members, be elected by the House of Representatives.

(3) Every person so appointed or elected shall, as long as his appointment or election shall subsist, be to all intents and purposes—

- (a) in the case of a vacancy in the number of persons sitting in the Executive Council as Official Members, an Official Member;
- (b) in the case of a vacancy in the number of persons sitting in the Executive Council as Nominated Members, a Nominated Member; and
- (c) in the case of a vacancy in the number of persons sitting in the Executive Council as Elected Members, an Elected Member;

and, subject to the provisions of this Section, the provisions of Sections 14 and 15 of this Order shall apply accordingly.

(4) The Governor shall forthwith report every such provisional appointment to His Majesty through a Secretary of State. Any such appointment may (without prejudice to anything done by virtue thereof) be disallowed by His Majesty through a Secretary of State or revoked by the Governor by an Instrument under the Broad Seal.

(5) A provisional appointment under this Section shall cease to have effect on notification by the Governor to the person appointed of disallowance by His Majesty or of revocation by the Governor, and a provisional appointment or provisional election under this Section shall cease to have effect on supersession of the appointment by the definitive appointment of a person to fill the vacancy, or when the vacancy shall otherwise cease to exist.

For the purposes of this sub-section, an Instrument made under paragraph (f) of sub-section (1) of this Section shall have effect until it is revoked by an Instrument made in like manner.

## PRECEDENCE OF MEMBERS

17.—(1) The Members of the Executive Council shall take precedence as His Majesty may specially assign and, in default thereof, as follows:—

First, the Official Members mentioned in section 11 of this Order in the order in which they are specified therein;

Secondly, Official Members provisionally appointed under section 16 of this Order, in such order as may be assigned by the Governor;

Thirdly, Nominated and Elected Members who are Members of the Privy Council, in the order of their seniority therein;

Fourthly, the Nominated Members who are not Members of the Privy Council in order of date of appointment or, if appointed on the same day, in such order as may be assigned by the Governor.

Fifthly, the Elected Members who are not Members of the Privy Council according to the length of time during which they have been continuously Members of the Executive Council, Elected Members who have been continuously Members of the Council for the same length of time taking precedence according to the alphabetical order of names.



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(2) In ascertaining, for the purposes of the preceding sub-section, the period for which any person shall have been continuously a Member of the Executive Council,

- (a) no account shall be taken of any interval between the vacation by that person of his seat on the Executive Council in consequence of a dissolution of the Legislative Council or the House, as the case may be, and the date of his re-appointment or re-election to fill a vacancy in the Executive Council caused by that dissolution; and
- (b) if any person, having been, on the date upon which the existing Privy Council ceases to exist, a Member of that Council, becomes a Member of the Executive Council as first appointed and elected under this Order, he shall be deemed to have been a member of the Executive Council during the period for which he has been a member of the existing Privy Council; and no account shall be taken of any interval between the day preceding the date upon which the existing Privy Council ceases to exist and the date upon which he is first appointed or elected a Member of the Executive Council.

## SUMMONING AND QUORUM

18.—(1) The Executive Council shall not be summoned except by the authority of the Governor, but shall be so summoned on the written request of at least five Members of the Executive Council.

(2) The Executive Council shall not be disqualified for the transaction of business by reason of any vacancy among the Members; but no business except that of adjournment shall be transacted if objection is taken by any Member present that there are less than four Members present besides the Governor or other Members presiding.

## GOVERNOR TO PRESIDE

19. The Governor shall, so far as is practicable, attend and preside at all meetings of the Executive Council, and in his absence such Member as the Governor may appoint or, in the absence of such Member or if no Member be so appointed, the senior Member of the Council actually present shall preside.

## VOTING

20. Where any matter is dependent upon the decision of the Executive Council, any decision shall be regarded as the decision of the Executive Council if a majority of the votes cast are in favour thereof. The Governor shall not have an original vote but, if upon any question the votes shall be equally divided, he shall have a casting vote. In the absence of the Governor, the Member presiding shall have an original vote and also, if upon any question the votes shall be equally divided, a casting vote.

## COMMENCEMENT OF PART III

21. Unless the Proclamation fixing the appointed day otherwise expressly provides, this Part of the Order shall not come into operation by virtue of that Proclamation but shall come into operation upon such day as may be fixed by the Governor by other Proclamation in the Gazette.

## PART IV

## LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

## MEMBERS OF LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

22. The Legislative Council shall consist of three *ex officio* Members, not more than two Official Members and not less than ten Unofficial Members.

## EX OFFICIO MEMBERS

23. The *ex officio* Members shall be the Colonial Secretary, the Attorney General and the Financial Secretary and Treasurer.

JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944 (*contd.*)

## OFFICIAL MEMBERS

24. The Official Members shall be persons holding office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica, and shall be appointed by Instructions or Warrant under His Majesty's Sign Manual and Signet, or by the Governor by an Instrument under the Broad Seal in pursuance of His Majesty's Instructions through a Secretary of State.

## UNOFFICIAL MEMBERS

25. The Unofficial Members shall be persons not holding any office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica, and shall be appointed by Instructions or Warrant under His Majesty's Sign Manual and Signet, or by the Governor by an Instrument under the Broad Seal in pursuance of His Majesty's Instructions through a Secretary of State.

## QUALIFICATIONS OF UNOFFICIAL MEMBERS

26. Subject to the provisions of section 27 of this Order, any person who—  
 (a) is a British subject of the age of 21 years or upwards; and  
 (b) is qualified to be registered as a voter for the election of Members of the House of Representatives for some constituency,  
 shall be qualified to be appointed as an Unofficial Member of the Legislative Council and no other person shall be qualified to be so appointed, or, having been so appointed, shall sit or vote in the Council.

## DISQUALIFICATION FOR UNOFFICIAL MEMBERS

27. No person shall be capable of being appointed a Member of the Legislative Council or, having been appointed, shall sit or vote in the Legislative Council, who at the time of appointment—

- (1) is an undischarged bankrupt; or
- (2) has, in any part of His Majesty's dominions or in any territory under His Majesty's protection, been sentenced to death or penal servitude or to imprisonment for a term exceeding twelve months and has not either suffered the punishment to which he was sentenced or such other punishment as may by competent authority have been substituted therefor or received a free pardon; or
- (3) shall be a party to any subsisting contract with the Government of Jamaica for or on account of the public service and shall not have disclosed to the Governor the nature of such contract and his interest therein; or
- (4) is a person found or declared insane under any law in force in Jamaica.

## TENURE OF OFFICE OF OFFICIAL AND UNOFFICIAL MEMBERS

28.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Order, every Official or Unofficial Member of the Legislative Council shall hold his seat in the Legislative Council during His Majesty's pleasure and shall in any case cease to be a Member at the next dissolution of the Legislative Council after his appointment, or previously thereto if his seat shall become vacant under the provisions of this Order.

(2) The seat of a Member of the Legislative Council (other than an *ex officio* Member) shall become vacant—

- (a) upon his death; or
- (b) if he shall, without the leave of the Governor previously obtained, be absent from the meetings of the Legislative Council for a continuous period of one month throughout which the Legislative Council is in session; or
- (c) if he shall cease to be a British subject; or shall take any oath, or make any declaration or acknowledgment, of allegiance, obedience or adherence to any foreign Power or State; or shall do, concur in, or adopt any act done with the intention that he shall become a subject or citizen of any foreign Power or State; or
- (d) if he shall be adjudicated a bankrupt; or
- (e) if in any part of His Majesty's dominions or in any territory under His Majesty's protection, he shall be sentenced to death or penal servitude or to imprisonment for a term exceeding twelve months; or

JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944 (*contd.*)

- (f) if, being an Unofficial Member, he shall without the approval of the Governor become a party to any contract with the Government of Jamaica for or on account of the public service; or
- (g) if he shall be found or declared insane under any law in force in Jamaica; or
- (h) if, being an Unofficial Member, he shall by writing under his hand addressed to the President resign his seat in the Legislative Council; or
- (i) if, being an Official Member, he shall cease to hold office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica; or
- (j) if, being an Unofficial Member, he shall be appointed permanently to any such office; or
- (k) if he shall be elected as a Member of the House of Representatives; or
- (l) if, being an Unofficial Member, he shall cease to possess qualification for appointment under paragraph (b) of section 26 of this Order.

(3) If an Unofficial Member of the Legislative Council shall be appointed temporarily to any office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica or shall be appointed to act in any such office he shall not sit or vote in the Legislative Council so long as he continues to hold or to act in that office.

(4) Whenever the seat of an Unofficial Member of the Legislative Council becomes vacant under this Section, the vacancy shall forthwith be reported to the Governor in writing by the President of the Legislative Council.

(5) Any person vacating a seat as a Member of the Legislative Council, may, if qualified, be again appointed as a Member from time to time.

## SUSPENSION OF MEMBERS

29. The Governor may, by an Instrument under the Broad Seal, suspend any Official Member or Unofficial Member from the exercise of his functions as a Member of the Legislative Council. Every such suspension shall forthwith be reported by the Governor to His Majesty through a Secretary of State, and shall remain in force unless and until it shall be removed by the Governor by an Instrument under the said Seal or by His Majesty through a Secretary of State or the person suspended ceases to be a Member of the Legislative Council.

## PROVISIONAL APPOINTMENTS

30.—(1) Whenever there shall be a vacancy in the number of persons sitting in the Legislative Council as *ex officio*, or Official or Unofficial Members, by reason of the fact that—

- (a) an *ex officio* Member is administering the Government of Jamaica; or
- (b) one person is lawfully discharging the functions of more than one of the three officers specified in Section 23 of this Order; or
- (c) no person is lawfully discharging the functions of one of those officers; or
- (d) an Official Member is lawfully discharging the functions of one of those officers; or
- (e) a Member is suspended from the exercise of his functions as a Member; or
- (f) the seat of an Official Member or an Unofficial Member is vacant for any cause other than the dissolution of the Legislative Council; or
- (g) a Member is declared by the Governor by an Instrument under the Broad Seal to be incapable of discharging his functions as a Member; or
- (h) a Member is absent from Jamaica; or
- (i) an Unofficial Member has been appointed temporarily to an office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica or to act in any such office;

the Governor may by an Instrument under the Broad Seal appoint a person to be provisionally a Member for the period of such vacancy.

(2) If the vacancy is in the number of *ex officio* or Official Members, the person appointed shall be a person qualified for appointment as an Official Member; and if the vacancy is in the number of Unofficial Members, the person appointed shall be a person qualified for appointment as an Unofficial Member.

(3) Every person appointed provisionally to be a Member under this Section shall, as long as his appointment shall subsist, be to all intents and purposes—

- (a) in the case of a vacancy in the number of persons sitting in the Legislative Council as *ex officio* Members or Official Members, an Official Member; and

JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944 (*contd.*)

(b) in the case of a vacancy in the number of persons sitting in the Legislative Council as Unofficial Members, an Unofficial Member, and, subject to the provisions of this Section, the provisions of sections 28 and 29 of this Order shall apply accordingly.

(4) The Governor shall forthwith report every such provisional appointment to His Majesty through a Secretary of State. Any such appointment may (without prejudice to any thing done by virtue thereof) be disallowed by His Majesty through a Secretary of State or revoked by the Governor by Instrument under the Broad Seal.

(5) A provisional appointment under this Section shall cease to have effect on notification by the Governor to the person appointed of disallowance by His Majesty or of revocation by the Governor, on supersession of the appointment by the definitive appointment of a person to fill the vacancy, or when the vacancy shall otherwise cease to exist.

For the purposes of this sub-section, an Instrument made under paragraph (g) of sub-section (1) of this Section shall have effect until it is revoked by an Instrument made in like manner.

## PRESIDENT OF THE COUNCIL

31.—(1) An Unofficial Member of the Legislative Council, not being a Member of the Executive Council, shall be elected by the Legislative Council to be President thereof.

(2) Such election shall take place before the despatch of any other business at the first meeting of the Legislative Council after the appointed day and thereafter at the first meeting after every dissolution, and at the first or second meeting after the occurrence of a vacancy in the office of President arising from any other cause.

(3) The person so elected shall hold office as President until the next dissolution of the Legislative Council:

Provided that if he shall, before such dissolution, otherwise vacate his seat in the Legislative Council, or become a Member of the Executive Council, or, by writing under his hand addressed to the Governor, resign the office of President, he shall thereupon vacate that office.

(4) The President if present, shall preside at the meetings of the Legislative Council. In his absence, or if the office of President is vacant, that Unofficial Member shall preside who is first in order of precedence among the Members present who are not Members of the Executive Council.

## PRECEDENCE OF MEMBERS

32.—(1) The President of the Legislative Council shall take precedence before the other Members, who shall take precedence among themselves as His Majesty may specially assign and, in default thereof, as follows:—

First, the *ex officio* Members in the order in which they are mentioned in section 23 of this Order;

Secondly, other Members who are Members of the Privy Council according to their seniority therein;

Thirdly, other Members who are Members of the Executive Council according to their seniority therein;

Fourthly, the remaining Members according to the length of time during which they have been continuously Members of the Legislative Council, Members who have been continuously Members for the same length of time taking precedence according to the alphabetical order of their names.

(2) In ascertaining, for the purposes of the preceding sub-section, the period for which any person shall have been continuously a Member of the Legislative Council—

(a) no account shall be taken of any interval between the vacation by that person of his seat in the Legislative Council in consequence of a dissolution of the Legislative Council and the date of his reappointment to fill a vacancy in the Legislative Council caused by that dissolution; and

(b) if any person, having been for any period immediately before the appointed day, a Member of the Legislative Council constituted under the existing Orders becomes a Member of the Legislative Council as first appointed under this Order

JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944 (*contd.*)

he shall be deemed to have been a Member of the Legislative Council constituted under this Order during the said period; and no account shall be taken of any interval between the end of that period and the date upon which he is first appointed a Member of the Legislative Council established by this Order or of any interval in his membership of the Legislative Council constituted under the existing Orders necessarily following a dissolution of that Council.

## QUORUM

33. The Legislative Council shall not be disqualified for the transaction of business by reason of any vacancy among the Members but no business except that of adjournment shall be transacted if objection is taken by any Member present that there are less than five Members present besides the President or other Member presiding.

## PART V

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

## MEMBERS OF HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

34. The House of Representatives shall consist of thirty-two Members to be elected in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

## CONSTITUENCIES

35.—(1) For the purpose of the election of Members of the House of Representatives the following parishes (as defined by the Counties and Parishes Law (Cap. 5 of the Laws of Jamaica, Revised Edition, 1938) or any Law amending or repealing that Law), that is to say:—

- (a) (i) the parishes of Kingston and Port Royal;
  - (ii) the parish of St. Andrew;
  - (iii) the parish of St. Catherine; and
  - (iv) the parish of Clarendon;
- shall each be divided into three constituencies; and

- (b) (i) the parish of St. Thomas;
- (ii) the parish of Portland;
- (iii) the parish of St. Mary;
- (iv) the parish of St. Ann;
- (v) the parish of Trelawny;
- (vi) the parish of St. James;
- (vii) the parish of Hanover;
- (viii) the parish of Westmoreland;
- (ix) the parish of St. Elizabeth, and
- (x) the parish of Manchester;

shall each be divided into two constituencies.

- (2) Each constituency shall return one Member.

(3) The boundaries of each constituency shall be defined, for the first election to the House of Representatives, by Resolution of the Legislative Council constituted under the existing Orders, and for each subsequent election to the House of Representatives in such manner as may be provided by law.

- (4) This section shall come into operation forthwith.

## QUALIFICATIONS FOR MEMBERSHIP

36.—(1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2) of this Section and of section 37 of this Order, any person who—

- (a) is a British subject of the age of 21 years or upwards; and
- (b) is qualified to be registered as a voter for the election of Members of the House of Representatives for some constituency;

JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944 (*contd.*)

shall be qualified to be elected as a Member of the House, and no other person shall be qualified to be so elected, or having been so elected, shall sit or vote in the House of Representatives.

(2) No person shall be qualified to be elected as a Member of the House for any constituency or having been elected shall sit or vote in the House unless for twelve months immediately preceding the day of election he has been ordinarily resident in the parish in which that constituency is comprised.

## DISQUALIFICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP

37. No person shall be capable of being elected a Member of the House of Representatives, or, having been elected, shall sit or vote in the House of Representatives, who at the time of election—

- (1) is the holder of any office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica; or
- (2) is a returning officer of the constituency for which the election is held; or
- (3) is an undischarged bankrupt; or
- (4) has, in any part of His Majesty's dominions or in any territory under His Majesty's protection, been sentenced to death or penal servitude or to imprisonment for a term exceeding twelve months and has not either suffered the punishment to which he was sentenced or such other punishment as may by competent authority have been substituted therefor or receive a free pardon; or
- (5) shall be a party to any subsisting contract with the Government of Jamaica for or on account of the public service and shall not have published, within one month before the day of election, in the Gazette or in some newspaper circulating in the constituency for which he is a candidate, a notice setting out the nature of such contract and his interest therein; or
- (6) is a person found or declared insane under any law in force in Jamaica; or
- (7) is disqualified for election under any law for the time being in force in Jamaica relating to offences connected with the election of Members.

## LAWS AS TO ELECTION, ETC.

38.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Order and of any Proclamation made under Section 5 of this Order, the election of Members of the House of Representatives shall be held, and the qualification and registration of voters for the election of such Members shall be determined and effected, in accordance with the provisions of the Legislative Council Elections Law (Cap. 8 of the Laws of Jamaica, Revised Edition, 1938) as amended by the Forgery Law 1942 (Law No. 21 of 1942) and the Registration of Voters Law (Cap. 7 of the said Laws) as amended by the Registration of Voters (Amendment) Law, 1941 (Law No. 56 of 1941) as if any references therein to the Legislative Council were references to the House of Representatives, or in accordance with any Law amending or replacing those Laws either before or after the appointed day; and subject as aforesaid, all the provisions of the said Laws shall apply in relation to such election and registration.

(2) The Legislature constituted under the existing Orders shall have power, by laws made under those Orders, to make such provision for the purposes mentioned in the preceding sub-section as they think fit notwithstanding that such provision may be repugnant to, or inconsistent with, any provisions of the existing Orders, and it shall not be necessary for any such law to be reserved for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure. This sub-section shall come into operation forthwith.

## VACATION OF SEATS

39.—(1) The seat of a Member of the House of Representatives shall become vacant—

- (a) upon his death; or
- (b) if he shall, without the leave of the Speaker previously obtained, be absent from the meetings of the House for a continuous period of one month throughout which the House is in Session; or
- (c) if he shall cease to be a British subject; or shall take any oath, or make any declaration or acknowledgment, of allegiance, obedience or adherence to any foreign Power or State or shall do, concur in, or adopt any act done with the intention that he shall become a subject or citizen of any foreign Power or State; or

JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944 (*contd.*)

- (d) if he shall be adjudicated a bankrupt; or
- (e) if in any part of His Majesty's dominions or in any territory under His Majesty's protection, he shall be sentenced to death or penal servitude or to imprisonment for a term exceeding twelve months; or
- (f) if, without the prior consent of the House, he shall become a party to any contract with the Government of Jamaica for or on account of the public service; or
- (g) if he shall be found or declared insane under any law in force in Jamaica; or
- (h) if he shall become disqualified for membership of the House under any law for the time being in force in Jamaica relating to offences connected with the election of members; or
- (i) if he shall by writing under his hand addressed to the Speaker resign his seat in the House; or
- (j) if he shall be appointed permanently to any office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica; or
- (k) if he shall become a Member of the Legislative Council; or
- (l) if he shall cease to possess qualification for election under paragraph (b) of sub-section (1) of section 36 of this Order.

(2) If any Member of the House of Representatives shall be appointed temporarily to any office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica or shall be appointed to act in any such office, he shall not sit or vote in the House so long as he continues to hold or to act in that office.

(3) Whenever the seat of a Member of the House becomes vacant under this Section the vacancy shall forthwith be reported to the Governor in writing by the Speaker of the House.

## DECISION OF QUESTIONS AS TO MEMBERSHIP

40. All questions which may arise as to the right of any person to be or remain a Member of the House shall be referred to and decided by the Supreme Court in accordance with the provision of any law for the time being in force in Jamaica.

## ELECTION OF SPEAKER

41—(1) A Member of the House of Representatives, not being a Member of the Executive Council, shall be elected by the House of Representatives to be Speaker thereof.

(2) Such election shall take place before the despatch of any other business at the first meeting of the House after the appointed day and thereafter at the first meeting after every dissolution, and at the first or second meeting after the occurrence of a vacancy in the office of Speaker arising from any other cause.

(3) The person so elected shall hold office as Speaker until the next dissolution of the House:

Provided that if he shall, before such dissolution, otherwise vacate his seat in the House of Representatives, or become a Member of the Executive Council, or by writing under his hand addressed to the Governor, resign the office of Speaker, he shall thereupon vacate that office.

(4) The Speaker if present shall preside at the meetings of the House. In his absence, or if the office of Speaker is vacant, that Member shall preside who is first in order of precedence among the Members present who are not Members of the Executive Council.

## PRECEDENCE

42—(1) The Speaker of the House shall take precedence before the other Members, who shall take precedence among themselves as His Majesty may specially assign and, in default thereof, as follows:—

First Members who are Members of the Privy Council according to their seniority therein;

Secondly other Members who are Members of the Executive Council according to their seniority therein; \*

Thirdly, the remaining Members according to the length of time during which they have been continuously Members of the House, Members who have been continuously Members of the House for the same length of time taking precedence according to the alphabetical order of their names.

JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944 (*contd.*)

## (2) For the purposes of this Section—

- (a) Members elected at a general election shall be deemed to have become Members by virtue of that election on the date of the return of the first writ thereat; and
- (b) in ascertaining the period for which any person shall have been continuously a Member of the House.
  - (i) no account shall be taken of any interval between a dissolution of the House and the re-election of such person at the succeeding general election; and
  - (ii) if any person having been for any period immediately before the appointed day, a Member of the Legislative Council constituted under the existing Orders, becomes a Member of the House of Representatives as first elected under this Order he shall be deemed to have been a Member of the House during that period; and no account shall be taken of any interval between the day preceding the appointed day and date upon which he is first elected a Member of the House of Representatives or of any interval in his membership of the Legislative Council constituted under the existing Orders necessarily following the dissolution of that Council.

## QUORUM

43. The House of Representatives shall not be disqualified for the transaction of business by reason of any vacancy among the Members: but no business except that of adjournment shall be transacted if objection is taken by any Member present that there are less than ten Members present besides the Speaker or other Member presiding.

## PART VI

LEGISLATION AND PROCEDURE OF LEGISLATION  
POWER TO MAKE LAWS

44. Subject to the provision of this Order, it shall be lawful for the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and of the House of Representatives to make laws for the peace, order and good government of Jamaica.

## DISAGREEMENT BETWEEN CHAMBERS

45.—(1) If any Bill is passed by the House of Representatives in two successive Sessions and having been passed to the Legislative Council at least one month before the end of the Session is rejected by the Legislative Council in each of those Sessions that Bill, shall on its rejection for the second time by the Legislative Council unless the House of Representatives otherwise resolve, be presented to the Governor for his assent and, if the Governor shall assent thereto or if he shall reserve the Bill for His Majesty's pleasure and His Majesty shall assent thereto, the Bill shall thereupon become law notwithstanding that the Legislative Council have not consented to the Bill:

Provided that this provision shall not have effect unless one year has elapsed between the date of the second reading in the first of those Sessions of the Bill in the House and the date on which it passes the House in the second of those Sessions.

(2) When a Bill is presented to the Governor for assent in pursuance of the provisions of this Section there shall be endorsed on the Bill the certificate of the Speaker of the House signed by him that the provisions of this Section have been duly complied with.

(3) For the purposes of this Section, a Bill shall be deemed to be rejected by the Legislative Council if it is not passed by the Council either without amendment or with such amendments only as may be agreed to by both Chambers.

(4) A Bill shall be deemed to be the same Bill as a former Bill sent to the Legislative Council in the preceding Session if, when it is sent to the Legislative Council, it is identical with the former Bill or contains only such alterations as are certified by the Speaker of the House to be necessary owing to the time which has elapsed since the date of the former Bill or to represent any amendments which have been made by the Legislative Council in the former Bill in the preceding Session; and any amendments which are certified by the Speaker of the House to have been made by the Legislative Council in the second Session and agreed to by the House shall be inserted in the Bill as presented to the Governor for assent in pursuance of this Section:



JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944 (*contd.*)

Provided that the House of Representatives may, if they think fit, on the passage of such a Bill through the House in the second Session, suggest any further amendments without inserting the amendments in the Bill, and any such suggested amendments shall be considered by the Legislative Council, and if agreed to by the Council, shall be treated as amendments made by the Council and agreed to by the House; but the exercise of this power by the House shall not affect the operation of this Section in the event of the rejection of the Bill by the Legislative Council.

(5) Any alteration of the enacting words of a Bill made in consequence of the provisions of this Section shall not be deemed to be an amendment of the Bill.

## QUESTIONS BE DECIDED BY MAJORITY OF VOTES

46. Save as otherwise provided in this Order, all questions in the Legislative Council or in the House of Representatives shall be determined by a majority of the votes of Members present:

Provided that the President or other presiding Member of the Legislative Council and the Speaker or other presiding Member of the House of Representatives shall not vote unless the votes of the other members shall be equally divided, in which case he shall give a casting vote.

## GOVERNOR'S RESERVED POWER

47.—(1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2) of this Section if the Governor shall consider that it is expedient in the interest of public order, public faith or good government (which expressions shall, without prejudice to their generality, include the responsibility of Jamaica as a component part of the British Empire and all matters pertaining to the creation or abolition of any public office or to the salary or other conditions of service of any public officer or officers) that any Bill introduced, or any motion, resolution or vote proposed for decision in either Chambers should have effect then if the Chamber fail to pass such Bill motion, resolution or vote within such time and in such form as the Governor may think reasonable and expedient, the Governor, at any time in his discretion, may, notwithstanding any provisions of this Order or of any Standing Orders of the Chamber, declare that such Bill, motion, resolution or vote shall have effect as if it had been passed by that Chamber, either in the form in which it was so introduced or proposed or with such amendments as the Governor shall think fit which have been moved or proposed in the Chamber or in any Committee thereof; and thereupon, the said Bill, motion, resolution or vote shall be deemed to have been so passed and further proceedings may be taken thereon, and, in the case of any such Bill the provisions of this Order relating to assent to Bills and disallowance of laws shall apply, accordingly.

(2) The Governor shall not make any declaration under this Section unless—

- (a) the question whether the declaration should be made shall have been submitted in writing by the Governor to the Executive Council, and the Executive Council shall have resolved that the declaration be made; and
- (b) a Secretary of State shall have approved of such declaration or the Governor shall at the time of making the declaration, certify in writing that urgent necessity requires that the declaration be made without obtaining such approval.

(3) Whenever the Governor shall make a declaration under this Section without the approval of a Secretary of State, he shall forthwith report to a Secretary of State the making of, and the reasons for, the declaration and the grounds of urgency.

(4) If any Member of either Chamber objects to any declaration made under this Section he may, within seven days of the making thereof, submit to the Governor a statement in writing of his reasons for so objecting and a copy of such statement shall, if furnished by such Member, be forwarded by the Governor as soon as practicable to a Secretary of State.

(5) Any such declaration, other than a declaration relating to a Bill may be revoked by a Secretary of State, and the Governor shall notify such revocation in the Gazette; and from the date of such notification any motion, resolution or vote which shall have had effect by virtue of the declaration revoked shall cease to have effect but without prejudice to anything lawfully done thereunder.

## ASSENT TO BILLS

48.—(1) No Bill shall become a law until either the Governor shall have assented thereto in His Majesty's name and on His Majesty's behalf, and shall have signed the

JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944 (*contd.*)

same in token of such assent, or His Majesty shall have given His assent thereto by Order in Council or through a Secretary of State.

(2) When a Bill is presented to the Governor for his assent, he shall, according to his discretion, but subject to the provisions of this Order and of any Instructions addressed to him under His Majesty's Sign Manual and Signet or through a Secretary of State, declare that he assents, or refuses his assent, thereto, or that he reserves the Bill for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure:

Provided that the Governor shall in every case reserve for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure—

(a) any Bill by which any provision of this Order is repealed or amended or which is in any way repugnant to or inconsistent with the provisions of this Order; and

(b) any Bill defining or affecting privileges, immunities, and powers to be held enjoyed and exercised by the Legislative Council or the House of Representatives or the Members of either Chamber

unless he shall have been authorised by a Secretary of State to assent thereto.

(3) A law assented to by the Governor shall come into operation on the date on which such assent shall be given, or if it shall be enacted, either in the law or in some other enactment (including any enactment in force on the appointed day), that it shall come into operation on some other date, on that date.

(4) A Bill reserved for the signification of His Majesty's pleasure shall become a law so soon as His Majesty shall have given His assent thereto either by Order in Council or through a Secretary of State and the Governor shall have signified such assent by Proclamation in the Gazette. The law shall come into operation on the date of such Proclamation or, if it shall be enacted, either in the law or in some other enactment (including any enactment in force on the appointed day), that it shall come into operation on some other date, on that date.

## RETURN OF BILLS BY GOVERNOR

49 The Governor, with the approval of the Executive Council, may return to the Legislative Council and the House of Representatives any Bill presented to him for his assent transmitting therewith any amendments which he may recommend, and the Legislative Council and the House of Representatives shall deal with such recommendation.

## DISALLOWANCE OF LAWS

50—(1) Any law to which the Governor shall have given his assent may be disallowed by His Majesty through a Secretary of State.

(2) Whenever any law has been disallowed by His Majesty, the Governor shall cause notice of such disallowance to be published in the Gazette.

(3) Without prejudice to anything lawfully done thereunder, every law so disallowed shall cease to have effect as soon as notice of such disallowance shall be published as aforesaid, and thereafter any enactments repealed or amended by such law shall have effect as if such law had not been made.

## LEGISLATURE TO CONFORM TO ROYAL INSTRUCTIONS

51. Subject to the provisions of this Order, the Governor, the Legislative Council and the House of Representatives shall, in the transaction of business and the passing of laws, conform as nearly as may be to the directions contained in any Instructions under His Majesty's Sign Manual and Signet which may from time to time be addressed to the Governor in that behalf.

## PRIVILEGES OF MEMBERS

52. It shall be lawful for the Legislature by law made under this Order to define the privileges, immunities, and powers to be held, enjoyed, and exercised by the Legislative Council and House of Representatives and the Members thereof respectively:

Provided that no such privileges, immunities, or powers shall exceed those for the time being held, enjoyed and exercised by the Commons' House of Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, or the Members thereof.

JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944 (*contd.*)

## STANDING ORDERS

53—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Order and of any Instructions under His Majesty's Sign Manual and Signet, the Legislative Council and the House of Representatives may from time to time, make, amend and revoke Standing Orders, including joint Standing Orders, for the regulation and orderly conduct of their proceedings and the despatch of business and for the order and manner in which the said Council and House shall confer, correspond, and communicate with each other, and for the passing, intituting, and numbering of Bills, and for the presentation of the same to the Governor for assent. The first Standing Orders shall be made by each Chamber in their first Session.

(2) Until other provision is made under this Section the Standing Orders of the Legislative Council constituted at the date of this Order, as in force immediately before the appointed day, shall with the necessary modifications and adaptations, be the Standing Orders of the Legislative Council and House of Representatives established under this Order; and the said Standing Orders may be amended or revoked by Standing Orders made under the preceding sub-section.

## OATH OF ALLEGIANCE

54. Except for the purpose of electing a President or Speaker and for the purpose of enabling this Section to be complied with, no Member of either Chamber shall sit or vote therein until he shall have taken and subscribed the following oath before the Legislative Council or the House of Representatives, as the case may be:—

"I, A. B., do swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to His Majesty King George the Sixth His Heirs and Successors according to law So help me God".

Provided that every person authorised by law to make an affirmation instead of taking an oath in legal proceedings may make such affirmation in like terms instead of the said oath.

## INTRODUCTION OF BILLS, ETC.

55—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Order and of the Standing Orders of the Chambers, any Member may propose any question for debate in the Legislative Council or the House as the case may be, and such question, if seconded by any other Member, shall be debated and disposed of according to the Standing Orders:

Provided that—

- (a) no Bill shall be introduced and no motion, resolution or vote shall be proposed, without the approval of the Executive Council if the Speaker shall have certified in writing that it is a money measure;
  - (b) a Bill so certified shall be first introduced in the House of Representatives; and
  - (c) no Bill intended to implement the policy of the Government shall be introduced without the approval of the Executive Council.
- (2) If the Executive Council so resolve, the Governor—
- (a) may send by message to the Speaker the draft of any Bill motion, resolution or vote which it appears to the Governor should be introduced or moved in the House of Representatives; and
  - (b) may in the same or a later message require that the Bill, motion, resolution or vote shall be introduced or moved not later than a date specified in such message;

and if such requirement is not complied with, the Bill motion, resolution or vote shall be deemed for all purposes to have been introduced in the House on the date so specified.

(3) For the purposes of this Section, a Bill, motion, resolution or vote shall be regarded as a money measure if the Speaker of the House of Representatives, after consultation with the Attorney General, is of opinion that it contains only provisions dealing with all or any of the following subjects, namely, the imposition, repeal, remission, alteration or regulation of taxation; the imposition for the payment of debt or other financial purposes of charges on public money or the variation or repeal of any such charges; supply, the appropriation, receipt, custody, issue or audit of accounts of public money; the raising or guarantee of any loan or the repayment thereof; or subordinate matters incidental to those subjects or any of them. In this sub-section the expressions "taxation", "public money", and "loan", respectively do not include any taxation money or loan raised by local authorities or bodies for public purposes.

JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944 (*contd.*)

## SESSIONS

56—(1) The Sessions of the Legislative Council and the House of Representatives shall be held at such times and places as the Governor shall from time to time by Proclamation appoint. There shall be a Session of each Chamber once at least in every year so that a period of twelve months shall not intervene between the last sitting in one Session and the first sitting in the next Session of either Chamber.

(2) The first Session of each Chamber shall be held within six months of the appointed day.

## PROROGATION AND DISSOLUTION

57—(1) The Governor may at any time, by Proclamation prorogue or dissolve the Chambers.

(2) The Governor shall dissolve the Chambers at the expiration of five years from the date of the return of the first writ at the last preceding general election, if they shall not have been sooner dissolved.

## GENERAL ELECTIONS

58—A general election of Members of the House of Representatives shall be held at such time, within four months after the appointed day and within three months after every dissolution of the House of Representatives, as the Governor shall by Proclamation appoint.

## PART VII

## MISCELLANEOUS

## PENALTY FOR UNQUALIFIED PERSON SITTING OR VOTING

59—(1) Any person who—

- (a) having been appointed as a Member of the Legislative Council or returned as a Member of the House of Representatives, but not having been, at the time of his appointment or election, qualified to be so appointed, or to be elected as a Member for the constituency for which he has been returned shall sit or vote in the Legislative Council or in the House of Representatives, as the case may be; or
- (b) shall sit or vote in the Legislative Council or the House of Representatives after his seat thereon has become vacant or he has become disqualified from sitting and voting therein;

knowing or having reasonable grounds for knowing, that he was so disqualified, or that his seat has become vacant, as the case may be, shall be liable to the penalty of twenty pounds for every day upon which he so sits or votes.

(2) The said penalty shall be recoverable by action in the Supreme Court at the suit of the Attorney General.

## EMOLUMENTS

60. The emoluments specified in the Second Schedule to this Order are hereby charged upon the revenues of Jamaica, and shall be paid by the Financial Secretary and Treasurer out of the said revenues upon warrant directed to him under the hand of the Governor.

## REMOVAL OF DIFFICULTIES

61—(1) If any difficulty shall arise in bringing into operation any of the provisions of this Order or in giving effect to the purposes thereof, a Secretary of State may, by Order, make such provision as seems to him necessary or expedient for the purpose of removing the difficulty and may by such Order amend or add to any provision of this Order;

Provided that no Order under this Section shall be made later than the first day January, 1947.

JAMAICA (CONSTITUTION) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1944 (*contd.*)

(2) Any Order under this Section may be amended, added to, or revoked by further Order, and may be given retrospective effect to a day not earlier than the date of this Order.

(3) This Section shall come into operation forthwith.

## POWER TO REVOKE OR AMEND THIS ORDER

62. His Majesty hereby reserves to Himself, His Heirs and Successors, power, with the advice of His or Their Privy Council, to revoke, add to or amend this Order as to Him or Them shall seem fit.

E. C. E. LEADBITTER.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

## PREAMBLE AND SECTION 1

Existing Orders in Council making provision for a Legislature for the Island of Jamaica and the Dependencies thereof.

- 1 An Order made by Her Majesty Queen Victoria in Council, on the 19th day of May, 1884.
- 2 An Order made by Her Majesty Queen Victoria in Council, on the 3rd day of October, 1895.
- 3 An Order made by His Majesty King George V in Council, on the 5th day of November, 1929.
- 4 An Order made by His Majesty King George V in Council, on the 21st day of February, 1935.
- 5 The Jamaica (Legislative Council—Extension of Duration) Order in Council, 1939.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

## EMOLUMENTS

## SECTION 60

Governor	..	..	..	£4,500 and £1,000 duty allowance per annum
Private Secretary	..	..	..	£ 400 per annum
Aide-de-Camp	..	..	..	£ 400 " "
Colonial Secretary	..	..	..	£ 2,000 " "
Attorney General	..	..	..	£ 1,600 " "
Financial Secretary and Treasurer	..	..	..	£ 1,600 " "

## JAMAICA

*Instructions passed under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet to the Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of the Island of Jamaica and its Dependencies.*

Dated October 27th, 1944, GEORGE R. I.

INSTRUCTION to Our Captain-General and Governor-in Chief in and over the Island of Jamaica and its Dependencies or other Officer for the time being Administering the Government of Our said Island and its Dependencies.

## RECITES LETTERS PATENT CONSTITUTING OFFICE OF GOVERNOR

WHEREAS by the Jamaica Letter Patent, 1944 (hereinafter called "the Letter Patent"), We have ordered and declared that there shall be a Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief (therein and hereinafter called "the Governor") in and over Our Island of Jamaica and its Dependencies (therein and hereinafter called "Jamaica"):

## RECITES INSTRUCTIONS DATED 29TH JULY, 1887

AND WHEREAS on the Twenty-ninth day of July, 1887, Instructions under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet were issued to the Governor of Jamaica.

AND WHEREAS We are minded to issue fresh Instructions under Our Sign Manual and Signet for the guidance of the Governor and any other Officer who may administer the Government of Jamaica:

## REVOKES INSTRUCTIONS DATED 29TH JULY, 1887

NOW, THEREFORE, as from the date of the coming into operation of the Letters Patent, We do hereby revoke the aforesaid Instructions of the Twenty-ninth day of July 1887, but (subject to the provisions of the Jamaica (Constitution) Order in Council, 1944, and of the Letters Patent) without prejudice to anything lawfully done thereunder and instead thereof We do hereby direct and enjoin and declare Our will and pleasure as follows:—

## GOVERNOR TO ADMINISTER OATH

1. The Governor may, whenever he thinks fit require any person in the public service of Jamaica to take the Oath of Allegiance in the form prescribed by the Letter Patent, together with such other oath or oaths as may from time to time be prescribed by any laws in force in Jamaica. The Governor is to administer such oaths or cause them to be administered by some public officer of Jamaica.

## INSTRUCTIONS TO BE OBSERVED BY DEPUTY

2—(1) Whenever there is a subsisting appointment of a deputy to the Governor under the Letters Patents, these Instructions, so far as they apply to any matter or thing to be done, or any powers or functions to be exercised or performed by such deputy shall be deemed to be addressed to and shall be observed by such deputy.

(2) Any such deputy may, if he thinks fit, apply to Us through a Secretary of State for instructions in any matter; but he shall forthwith transmit to the Governor a copy of every despatch or other communication so addressed to Us.

## CONSTITUTION OF PRIVY COUNCIL

3. The Privy Council shall consist of:—

- (1) the person for the time being lawfully discharging the functions of Colonial Secretary, the Officer in Our Military Forces, if not below the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, who is for the time being within Jamaica and holding the appointment of, or acting as, Officer Commanding Our Troops therein (excluding the Governor or Officer Administering the Government of Jamaica) and the persons for the time being lawfully discharging the functions of the respective offices of Attorney General and of Financial Secretary and Treasurer, who shall be styled Official Members of the Privy Council, and

ROYAL INSTRUCTIONS, 1944 (*contd.*)

- (2) two persons not holding office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica, who shall be styled Nominated Members of the Privy Council, appointed by Instructions or Warrant under Our Sign Manual and Signet, or by the Governor by Instrument under the Broad Seal in pursuance of Instructions from Us through a Secretary of State.

## TENURE OF OFFICE

4—(1) Subject to the provisions of the Jamaica (Constitution) Order in Council 1944, every Nominated Member of the Privy Council shall vacate his seat at the end of three years from the date of the instrument by which he is appointed, or at such earlier date as may be provided by that instrument, or before either such date if he shall—

- (a) be appointed permanently to any office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica; or
- (b) by writing under his hand addressed to the Governor, resign his seat in his Privy Council; or
- (c) be absent from Jamaica without written permission from the Governor.

(2) If any person is appointed to be provisionally a Member of the Privy Council and the provisional appointment is immediately followed by his definitive appointment as a Nominated Member, the said period of three years shall be reckoned from the date of the instrument by which he is provisionally appointed.

(3) Any person vacating a seat as a Nominated Member may, if qualified, be again appointed from time to time.

(4) If a Nominated Member shall be appointed temporarily to any office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica or to act in any such office, he shall not sit as a Nominated Member of the Privy Council so long as he continues to hold or act in that office.

## SUSPENSION OF NOMINATED MEMBERS

5—The Governor may, by an Instrument under the Broad Seal suspend any Nominated Member of the Privy Council from the exercise of his functions as such. Every such suspension shall forthwith be reported by the Governor to Us through a Secretary of State, and shall remain in force unless and until it shall be removed by the Governor by an Instrument under the said Seal or by Us through a Secretary of State or the person suspended ceases to be a Member of the Council.

## PROVISIONAL APPOINTMENTS

6—(1) Whenever there shall be a vacancy in the number of persons sitting in the Privy Council as Official or Nominated Members, by reason of the fact that—

- (a) an Official Member is administering the Government of Jamaica; or
- (b) one person is lawfully discharging the functions of more than one of the offices of Colonial Secretary, Attorney General and Financial Secretary and Treasurer; or
- (c) no person is lawfully discharging the functions of the office of Colonial Secretary or of Attorney General or of Financial Secretary and Treasurer; or
- (d) a Nominated Member is suspended from the exercise of his functions as a Member; or
- (e) the seat of a Nominated Member is vacant for any cause; or
- (f) a Member is declared by the Governor by an Instrument under the Broad Seal to be incapable of discharging his functions as a Member; or
- (g) a Member is absent from Jamaica; or
- (h) a Nominated Member has been appointed temporarily to an office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica or to act in any such office;

the Governor may by an Instrument under the Broad Seal appoint a person to be provisionally a Member for the period of such vacancy,

(2) Every person so appointed shall, as long as his appointment shall subsist, be to all intents and purposes—

- (a) in the case of a vacancy in the number of persons sitting in the Council as Official Members, an Official Member; and
- (b) in the case of a vacancy in the number of persons sitting in the Council as Nominated Members, a Nominated Member;

and, subject to the provisions of this Clause, the provisions of Clauses 4 and 5 of these Instructions shall apply accordingly.

## ROYAL INSTRUCTIONS, 1944 (contd.)

(3) The Governor shall forthwith report every such provisional appointment to Us through a Secretary of State. Any such provisional appointment may (without prejudice to anything done by virtue thereof) be disallowed by Us through a Secretary of State or revoked by the Governor by an Instrument under the Broad Seal.

(4) A provisional appointment shall cease to have effect on notification by the Governor to the person appointed of disallowance by Us or of revocation by the Governor, on supersession of the appointment by the definitive appointment of a person to fill the vacancy, or when the vacancy shall otherwise cease to exist.

For the purposes of this paragraph, an Instrument made undersub-paragraph (f) of paragraph (1) of this Clause shall have effect until it is revoked by an Instrument made in like manner.

## PRECEDENCE OF MEMBERS

7. The Members of the Privy Council shall take precedence as We may specially assign and, in default thereof, as follows:—

First, the Official Members mentioned in paragraph (1) of Clause 3, in the order in which their respective offices are specified therein;

Secondly, Official Members provisionally appointed under Clause 6, in such order as may be assigned by the Governor;

Thirdly, the Nominated Members in order of date of appointment or, if appointed on the same day, in such order as may be assigned by the Governor.

## SUMMONING AND QUORUM

8—(1) The Privy Council shall not be summoned except by the authority of the Governor.

(2) The Privy Council shall not be disqualified for the transaction of business by reason of any vacancy among the Members; but no business except that of adjournment shall be transacted if objection is taken by any Member present that there are less than three Members present besides the Governor or Member presiding.

## GOVERNOR TO ATTEND AND PRESIDE

9. The Governor shall, so far as it is practicable, attend and preside at all meetings of the Privy Council and in his absence such Member as the Governor may appoint or, in the absence of such Member or if no Member be so appointed, the senior Member of the Council actually present shall preside.

## FUNCTIONS OF PRIVY COUNCIL

10. In the execution of the powers and duties conferred upon him by Articles 11 and 12 of the Letter Patent, the Governor shall consult with the Privy Council, except in cases

(a) which are of such nature that, in his judgment Our service would sustain material prejudice by consulting the Council thereupon; or

(b) in which the matters to be decided are, in his judgment, too unimportant to require their advice; or

(c) in which the matter are, in his judgment, too urgent to admit of their advice being given by the time within which it may be necessary for him to act.

In every case falling within paragraph (c) of this Clause he shall as soon as practicable communicate to the Council the measures which he shall have adopted, with the reasons therefor.

## GOVERNOR TO PROPOSE QUESTIONS

11. The Governor shall alone be entitled to submit questions to the Privy Council; but if the Governor decline to submit any question to the Council touching upon the powers and authorities conferred upon him by Articles 11 and 12 of the Letters Patent when requested in writing by any Member so to do, it shall be competent to such Member to require that there be recorded upon the Minutes his written application together with the answer returned by the Governor thereto.



ROYAL INSTRUCTIONS, 1944 (*contd.*)

## GOVERNOR MAY ACT IN OPPOSITION TO PRIVY COUNCIL

12. The Governor may act in opposition to the advice given to him by Members of the Privy Council if in any case it shall in his judgment be right so to do; but in any such case he shall, at the first convenient opportunity, fully report the matter to Us through a Secretary of State with the reasons for his action. In every such case it shall be competent to any Member of the Council to require that there be recorded upon the Minutes any advice or opinion he may give upon the question and the grounds therefor.

## FUNCTIONS OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

13—(1) In the formulation of policy and in the execution of all other authorities and powers conferred upon him, the Governor shall, save in relation to the powers and authorities conferred upon him by Articles 10, 11 and 12 of the Letters Patent, consult with the Executive Council, except in cases

- (a) which are of such a nature that, in his judgment Our service would sustain material prejudice by consulting the Council thereupon; or
- (b) in which the matters to be decided are, in his judgment, too unimportant to require their advice; or
- (c) in which the matters are, in his judgment, too urgent to admit of their advice being given by the time within which it may be necessary for him to act.

In every case falling within sub-paragraph (c) of this paragraph he shall as soon as practicable communicate to the Council the measures which he shall have adopted with the reasons therefor.

(2) In matters in which he is required by this Clause to consult with the Executive Council, the Governor shall act in accordance with the advice of that Council.

Provided that, save as otherwise expressly provided by any Order made in Our Privy Council, if in any case the Governor shall consider that it is expedient in the interest of public order, public faith, or good government (which expressions shall, without prejudice to their generality, include the responsibility of Jamaica as a component part of the British Empire, and all matters pertaining to the creation or abolition of any public office or to the salary or other conditions of service of any public officer or officers) that he should not act in accordance with the advice of the Executive Council, then—

- (a) he may with the prior approval of a Secretary of State, act against that advice; or
- (b) if, in his judgment, urgent necessity so requires, he may act against that advice without such prior approval, but shall report the matter to Us without delay through a Secretary of State with the reasons for his action.

Whenever the Governor shall so act against the advice of the Executive Council it shall be competent to any Member of the said Council to require that there be recorded upon the Minutes of the Council the grounds of any advice or opinion he may give upon the question.

## MINUTES OF THE PRIVY AND EXECUTIVE COUNCILS

14. Minutes shall be kept of all the proceedings of the Privy Council and of the Executive Council. At every meeting of each Council the Minutes of the last preceding meeting shall be confirmed, with or without amendment as the case may require, before proceeding to the despatch of any other business. Twice in each year a full transcript of all Minutes of each Council for the preceding half year shall be transmitted to Us through a Secretary of State.

## GOVERNOR TO COMMUNICATE INSTRUCTIONS TO PRIVY AND EXECUTIVE COUNCILS

15. The Governor shall forthwith communicate to the Privy Council and to the Executive Council these Our Instructions and all such others as he shall, from time to time, find convenient for Our service to impart to them.

## RULES FOR THE ENACTMENT OF LAWS

16. In the making of laws the Governor, the Legislative Council and the House of Representatives shall observe, as far as practicable, the following Rules:—

- (1) All laws shall be styled "Laws" and the words of enactment shall be "enacted by the Governor of Jamaica with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Representatives": Provided that—

ROYAL INSTRUCTIONS, 1944 (*contd.*)

- (a) in the case of any Bill becoming law by virtue of sub-section (1) of section 45 of the Jamaica (Constitution) Order in Council, 1944, the words of enactment shall be "enacted by the Governor of Jamaica with the advice and consent of the House of Representatives, in accordance with the provisions of section 45 of the Jamaica (Constitution) Order in Council, 1944"; and
- (b) in the case of any Law having effect by virtue of a declaration made by the Governor under section 47 of the said Order, the words of enactment shall be "enacted by the Governor of Jamaica in accordance with the provisions of section 47 of the Jamaica (Constitution) Order in Council 1944".
- (2) All Laws shall be distinguished by titles, and shall be divided into successive sections consecutively numbered, and to every section there shall be annexed in the margin a short indication of its contents. The Laws enacted in each year shall be distinguished by consecutive numbers, commencing in each year with the number one.
- (3) Each different matter shall be provided for by a different Law without intermixing in one and the same Law such things as have no proper relation to each other. No provision shall be inserted in any Law which shall be foreign to what the title of such Law imports; and no perpetual provision shall be included in any temporary Law.

## CERTAIN BILLS NOT TO BE ASSENTED TO WITHOUT INSTRUCTIONS

17. The Governor shall, not, without having previously obtained instructions through a Secretary of State, assent to any Bill within any of the following classes, unless such Bill contain a clause suspending the operation thereof until the signification in Jamaica of Our pleasure thereon, that is to say:

- (1) Any Bill for the divorce of persons joined together in holy matrimony:
- (2) Any Bill whereby any grant of land or money, or other donation or gratuity may be made to himself:
- (3) Any Bill affecting the currency of Jamaica or relating to the issue of Bank Notes:
- (4) Any Bill imposing differential duties:
- (5) Any Bill the provisions of which shall appear to him to be inconsistent with obligations imposed upon Us by Treaty:
- (6) Any Bill interfering with the discipline or control of Our forces by land, sea or air:
- (7) Any Bill of an extraordinary nature and importance whereby Our prerogative or the rights and property of Our subjects not residing in Jamaica, or the trade or transport or communications of any part of Our dominions or any territory under Our protection may be prejudiced:
- (8) Any Bill containing provisions to which Our assent has once been refused, or which have been disallowed by Us:

Provided that, if the Governor shall have satisfied himself that urgent necessity requires that any such Bill (other than one appearing to him to be inconsistent with obligations imposed upon Us by Treaty) be brought into immediate operation, he may assent thereto but he shall at the earliest opportunity, transmit the Law to Us together with his reasons for so assenting.

## PRIVATE BILLS

18—(1) Every Bill (not being a Government measure) intended to affect or benefit some particular person, association or corporate body, shall contain a clause saving the right of Us, Our Heirs and Successors, all bodies politic and corporate, and all others, except such as are mentioned in the Bill and those claiming by, from, or under them.

(2) No such Bill shall be introduced into the Legislative Council or the House of Representatives until due notice has been given by not less than three successive publications of the Bill in the Jamaica Gazette; and the Governor shall not assent thereto in Our Name unless it has been so published. A certificate under the hand of the Governor signifying that such publication has been made shall be transmitted to Us with the Bill or Law.

## LAWS TO BE SENT THROUGH SECRETARY OF STATE

19. When any Law shall have been enacted, the Governor shall forthwith transmit to us through a Secretary of State for the signification of Our pleasure, a transcript

ROYAL INSTRUCTIONS, 1944 (*contd.*)

in duplicate of the Law duly authenticated under the Broad Seal of Jamaica and by his own signature, together with an explanation of the reasons and occasion for the enactment of the Law.

## LAWS TO BE PUBLISHED

20. As soon as practicable after the commencement of each year, the Governor shall cause a complete collection of all Laws enacted during the preceding year to be published for general information.

## DISPOSITION OF CROWN LANDS

21—(1) Before disposing of any vacant or waste lands to Us belonging, the Governor shall cause the same to be surveyed, and such reservations to be made thereout as he may think necessary for any public purpose.

(2) The Governor shall not, directly or indirectly, purchase for himself any land or building to Us belonging without Our special permission given through a Secretary of State.

## APPOINTMENTS TO BE DURING PLEASURE

22. Every appointment by the Governor of any person to any office or employment shall, unless otherwise provided by law, be expressed to be during pleasure only.

## REGULATION OF POWER OF PARDON IN CAPITAL CASES

23. Whenever any offender shall have been condemned by the sentence of any civil Court in Jamaica to suffer death, the Governor shall call upon the Judge who presided at the trial to make to him a written report of the case of such offender, and shall cause such report to be taken into consideration at a meeting of the Privy Council, and he may cause the said Judge to be specially summoned to attend at such meeting and to produce his notes thereat. The Governor shall not pardon or reprove any such offender unless it shall appear to him expedient so to do, upon receiving the advice of the Privy Council thereon; but in all such cases he is to decide either to extend or to withhold a pardon or reprove, according to his own deliberate judgment, whether the Members of the Privy Council concur therein or otherwise; entering nevertheless in the Minutes of the Privy Council, his reasons at length, in case he should decide any such question in opposition to the judgment of the majority of the Members thereof.

## BLUE BOOK

24. The Governor shall forward to Us, from year to year, through a Secretary of State, the annual book of returns commonly called the Blue Book, relating to Revenue and Expenditure, Public Works, Legislation, Civil Establishments, Pensions, Populations, Schools, Course of Exchange, Import and Exports, Agricultural Produce, Manufactures, and other matters in the said Blue Book more particularly specified with reference to the state and condition of Jamaica.

## GOVERNOR'S ABSENCE

25. Except in circumstances in which he is not regarded as absent from Jamaica for the purposes of the Letters Patent, the Governor shall not quit Jamaica without having first obtained leave from Us for so doing through a Secretary of State.

## INTERPRETATION

26—(1) In these Our Instructions, unless inconsistent with the context, the term "the Governor" includes every person for the time being administering the Government of Jamaica, and the term "Secretary of State" means one of Our Principal Secretaries of State.

(2) For the purposes of these Our Instructions, a person shall not be deemed to hold an office of emolument under the Crown in Jamaica by reason only that he—

- (a) is in receipt of a pension or other like allowance in respect of service under the Crown; or
- (b) is a Member of the Executive Council; or
- (c) holds an office the holder of which is declared by any law for the time being in force in Jamaica not to be disqualified for election as a Member of the House of Representatives.

Given at Our Court at St. James's this 27th day of October, 1944, in the Eighth Year of Our Reign.

## CHAPTER IV

### GOVERNMENT, PUBLIC DEPARTMENTS AND CIVIL SERVICE

#### GOVERNOR OF JAMAICA

His Excellency Sir John Huggins, G.C.M.G., M.C. Born 17th September, 1891. Educated at Bridlington School and Leeds University. Served European War 1914-18. Captain, Yorkshire Regiment. Active Service, Gallipoli, Egypt, France (despatches, M.C.). Malayan Civil Service, 1920-38; held various appointments in that Service including Private Secretary to the Governor of Straits Settlements and High Commissioner for Malay States, 1926-27; Acting Malayan Establishment Officer, 1934-38. Colonial Secretary, Trinidad, 1938-42; Governor's Deputy, September to November, 1938; Acting Governor, 1938-39, 1941 and 1942. Head of British Colonies Supply Mission. Washington, 1942-43. Governor of Jamaica, 1943.

Salary	..	£4,500 per annum
Duty Allowance	..	£1,000 " "
Aide-de Camp	..	Mr. Frank Jones (Salary £500 per annum)
Extra Aide-de Camp	..	Captain J. Hamilton, late The Buffs (East Kent Reg.).
do		Captain Noel Crosswell
do		Captain Bruce Barker
Private Secretary	..	Mrs. Bernard G. St. Aubyn (Salary £500 per annum)

#### PRIVY COUNCIL

The functions of this Council are to advise the Governor in relation to the exercise of the powers and performance of the duties conferred or imposed on him by the Letters Patent, subject to the provisions of such Letters Patent, and of the Instructions, and, in effect, are limited to advising the Governor on the exercise of the Royal Prerogative and on matters relating to the discipline of the Public Service (Clauses 11 and 12 of the Letters Patent constituting the office of Captain General and Governor in Chief).

Members of the Council are entitled to the prefix "The Honourable" before their names. They receive no remuneration.

The Council, over which the Governor presides, consists of:—

- The Honourable, The Colonial Secretary  
(Hon. D. C. MacGillivray, C.M.G., M.B.E.)
- The Honourable, The Officer Commanding the Troops  
(Honourable Brigadier E. K. Page, O.B.E., M.C.)
- The Honourable, The Attorney General  
(Hon. T. H. Mayers, K.C.)
- The Honourable, The Financial Secretary  
(Hon. Robert Newton)
- The Honourable Sir Alfred H. D'Costa
- The Honourable H. V. Alexander, C.B.E.

#### EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

This Council is the principal instrument of policy and also prepares the Annual Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure and all Supplementary Estimates of Expenditure before their introduction into the House of Representatives.

Members of this Council are entitled to the prefix "The Honourable" before their names. Nominated Executive Councillors receive a salary of £600 p.a. and Elected Councillors, now designated Ministers, receive £1,100 p.a.

The Council consists of:—

- His Excellency The Governor (Chairman)
- The Honourable, The Colonial Secretary  
(Hon. D. C. MacGillivray, C.M.G., M.B.E.)
- The Honourable, The Attorney General  
(Hon. T. H. Mayers, K.C.)
- The Honourable, The Financial Secretary  
(Hon. Robert Newton)

- The Honourable Sir Robert Barker, O.B.E.**  
(Nominated Member)
- The Honourable O. K. Henriques**  
(Nominated Member)
- The Honourable Sir Harold Allan, O.B.E.**  
Minister for Finance and General Purposes
- The Honourable W. A. Bustamante,**  
Minister for Communications
- The Honourable I. W. A. Barrant,**  
Minister for Agriculture, Lands and Commerce
- The Honourable J. Z. Malcolm,**  
Minister for Education
- The Honourable D. B. Sangster,**  
Minister for Social Welfare.

There is an *Estimates Committee* of the Council, appointed to consider and report on all financial matters coming before the Council, and which consists of the Hon. Financial Secretary (Chairman), the Hon. O. K. Henriques and the five Ministers; the Chairman and 3 Members forming a quorum. There is also an *Administrative Committee* of the Council, appointed to consider matters of less importance and so free the full Council to devote more time to consider questions of major policy; the Committee which reports to the full Council, consists of the Colonial Secretary (Chairman), the Hon. Sir Robert Barker, O.B.E. and the five Ministers.

The various subjects which form the work of the several Government Departments have been divided into 5 main groups, namely, (1) Finance and General purposes, (2) Communications, (3) Agriculture, Lands and Commerce, (4) Education and (5) Social Welfare. Each of the 5 Elected Members of the Council, who are designated Ministers, has been assigned one of these groups of subjects, and is responsible in the House of Representatives for matters affecting the Government Departments which deal with the subjects assigned to him.

These subjects have been assigned as follows:—

**HON. SIR HAROLD ALLAN, O.B.E.**

Minister for Finance and General Purposes.

Government Departments:—

Colonial Secretariat  
Treasury  
Currency  
Collector General  
Income Tax  
Registrar General  
Police  
Administrator General  
Attorney General  
Crown Solicitor  
Audit  
Bankruptcy  
Local Forces  
Printing Office  
Registrar of Titles  
Judicial  
Government Savings Bank  
Tourist Trade Development.

**HON. ALEXANDER BUSTAMANTE**

Minister for Communications

Government Departments:—

Air  
Post and Telegraph  
Public Works Department and Rio Cobre  
Jamaica Government Railway  
Island Traffic Authority  
Harbours  
Marine Board.

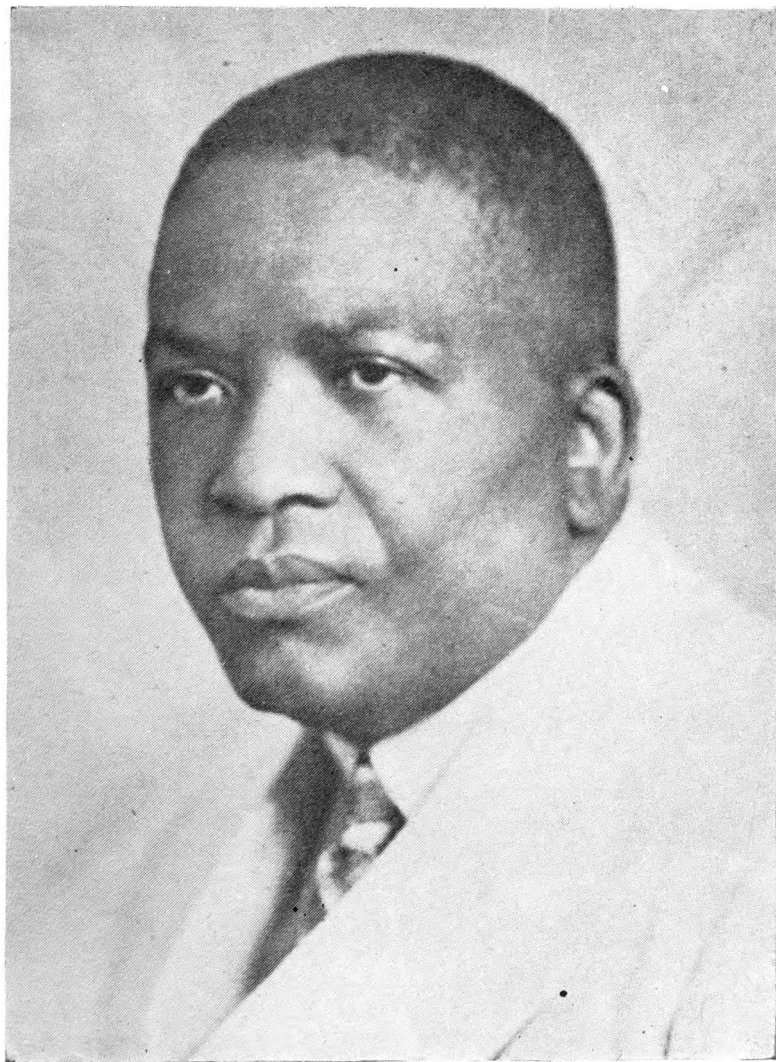




THE HONOURABLE  
J. Z. MALCOLMA, M.H.R.  
Minister for Education



THE HONOURABLE  
ROBERT NEWTON,  
Financial Secretary



THE HONOURABLE SIR HAROLD ALLAN, O.B.E., M.H.R.  
Minister for Finance and General Purposes





HON. I. W. A. BARRANT

Minister for Agriculture, Lands and Commerce.

Government Departments:—

Agriculture  
Agricultural Loan Societies Board  
Commerce and Industries  
Forest  
Government Chemist  
Lands  
Survey  
Mines (when formed)  
4-H Clubs

HON. J. Z. MALCOLM

Minister for Education.

Government Departments:—

Education  
Industrial Schools  
Broadcasting

HON. D. B. SANGSTER

Minister for Social Welfare.

Government Departments:—

Central Housing Authority  
Labour and Relief Works  
Medical and Mental Hospitals  
Prisons  
Board of Supervision  
Social Services Head of Estimates, except 4-H Club Movement.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

The functions of this Council are, in the main, the consideration of legislation passed by the House of Representatives. Save in certain exceptional cases where the Governor with the consent of the Executive Council may exercise an over-riding power (Section 47 of the Order-in-Council) all Bills must be passed by the Legislative Council before they can become Law.

Members of this Council are entitled to the prefix "The Honourable" before their names. The President and the two Nominated Members of Executive Council are each paid a salary of £600 p.a. Other Nominated Members are reimbursed their travelling expenses but receive no remuneration.

The Council consists of:—

The Honourable Sir Noel Livingston, President.

- |   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| " | " | The Colonial Secretary (Hon. D. C. MacGillivray, C. M. G., M. B. E.) |
| " | " | The Attorney General (Hon. T. H. Mayers, K. C.)                      |
| " | " | The Financial Secretary (Hon. Robert Newton)                         |
| " | " | Capt. Arthur Frederick Thelwell, O. B. E.                            |
| " | " | Dr. Lawrence Wylie Fitzmaurice, O. B. E.                             |
| " | " | Sir Robert Beacroft Barker, O. B. E.                                 |
| " | " | Owen Karl Cohen Henriques  |
| " | " | Douglas Joseph Judah   |
| " | " | Robert Lucien Morrison Kirkwood                                      |
| " | " | Theodore Rowland Williams  |
| " | " | Allan Shaw Campbell  |
| " | " | Hon. Dr. Aldington George Curphey, M. B. E., M. C.                   |
| " | " | Richard Walter Youngman  |
| " | " | Griffith Greenwich Roberts Sharp, O. B. E.                           |

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

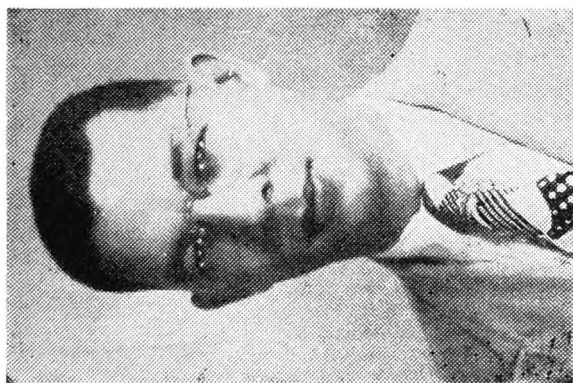
The House has, in general, all the powers given by the Laws of the Colony to the previous Legislative Council. Save in certain exceptional cases where the Governor, with the consent of the Executive Council and the Secretary of State, may exercise an over-riding power, all Bills must be passed by the House before they can become Law. The Annual Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure and Supplementary Estimates of Expenditure of the Colony are also subject to the approval of the House.

There are 5 Standing Committees of the House appointed to advise on each of the 5 groups of subjects into which the work of the Government Departments is divided.

Members of the House, other than the Speaker and the Elected Members of Executive Council, are not entitled to the prefix "The Honourable" before their names. The Speaker receives a salary of £900 p.a. the Elected Members of Executive Council £1,100 p.a. each and other Members £550 p.a. in addition to commuted travelling and subsistence allowances based on the mileage of their parishes from Kingston. Ministers receive an additional travelling allowance of £150 p.a.

The present members of the House are:—

Hon. Oswald Alphonsous Malcolm (Clarendon N.W.), Speaker  
 Hon. Sir Harold Egbert Allan, O.B.E. (Portland E.), Ind.  
 Hon. William Alexander Bustamante, (Clarendon S.), J.L.P.  
 Hon. Isaac William Augustus Barrant, (St. Thomas E.), J.L.P.  
 Hon. Joseph Zachariah Malcolm, (Hanover E.), J.L.P.  
 Hon. Donald Burns Sangster, (St. Elizabeth S.), J.L.P.  
 Mr. Edward Victor Vivian Allen, (St. Elizabeth N.), P.N.P.  
 Mr. Lawton Crosswell Bloomfield, (Manchester S.), J.L.P.  
 Mr. Percival Alwyn Broderick, (Clarendon N.E.), P.N.P.  
 Mr. Clifford Clarence Campbell, (Westmoreland W.), J.L.P.  
 Mr. Allan George St. Claver Coombs, (St. James N.W.), P.N.P.  
 Mr. William Malcolm Dickson, (Hanover W.), J.L.P.  
 Mr. Allan Mozzolin Westley Douglas, (Trelawny N.), J.L.P.  
 Mr. Fred L'Overture Barca Evans, (Westmoreland E.), P.N.P.  
 Mr. Florizel Augustus Glasspole, (Kingston E.), P.N.P.  
 Mr. Tacius Nathaniel Golding, (St. Catherine W.), J.L.P.  
 Mr. Kenneth George Hill, (Kingston W.), P.N.P.  
 Mr. Wills Oglivy Isaacs, (Kingston, Central), P.N.P.  
 Mrs. Rose Agatha Leon, (St. Andrew W.), J.L.P.  
 Dr. Ivan Stewart Lloyd, (St. Ann E.), P.N.P.  
 Mr. Leopold Augustus Lynch, (Portland W.), J.L.P.  
 Mr. Norman Washington Manley, K.C., (St. Andrew E.), P.N.P.  
 Mr. Jehoida Augustus McPherson, (St. Thomas W.), J.L.P.  
 Mr. Donald Balfour Hyslop Nation, (St. Catherine N.E.), P.N.P.  
 Mr. Noel Newton Nethersole, (St. Andrew, Central), P.N.P.  
 Mr. Leslie Washington Rose, (St. Catherine S.E.), J.L.P.  
 Mr. Andrew Vivian Ross, (St. Mary E.), J.L.P.  
 Mr. Stanley Albert Scott, (St. James S.E.), Ind.  
 Mr. Lester Laselve Simmonds, (St. Mary W.), J.L.P.  
 Mr. Norman Luther Sinclair, (Manchester N.), P.N.P.  
 Mr. Felix Debon Toyloy, (Trelawny S.), J.L.P.  
 Mr. Rupert Dawkins Wilmot, (St. Ann W.), P.N.P.



THE HONOURABLE  
D. B. SANGSTER, M.H.R.  
Minister for Social Welfare



THE HONOURABLE  
I. W. A. BARRANT, M.H.R.  
Minister for Agriculture



MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEES OF THE HONOURABLE  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

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*(These Committees were not yet appointed up to  
the time that the Handbook went into  
final printing—Editor.)*

## STAFF OF THE LEGISLATURE.

Office	Name of Holder	Salary	Date of appointment	Date of first appointment in the Service
Clerk of the Legislature	Clinton Hart	£800 p.a.	1.9.37	1.9.37
Deputy Clerk of the Legislature	E. H. Bravo	£500-25-600 p.a.	1.6.39	10.7.28
Asst. Clerk of the Legislature	E. A. Forrest	£500 p.a.	11.12.44	1.4.37
Female Clerk Grade III	Miss M. A. Vangenderen	£120-10-150, £15-165-210 p.a.	19.1.45	19.1.45

**COLONIAL SECRETARIAT**  
(Headquarters House, Duke St., Kingston)

**ESTABLISHMENT**

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of Appointment to present grade	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Colonial Secretary	MacGillivray, Hon. D. C., C.M.G. M.B.E.	£2,000	Jca. 13.12.47	—
Financial Secretary	Newton, Hon. Robert	£1,600	1.12.49	—
Secretary for Economic Affairs	Clegg, J. B.	£1,500	29.1.49	—
Deputy Colonial Secretary	O'Regan, J. W. H.	£1,400	—	—
Secretary for Social Welfare Services	Newlin, T. E.	£1,200	30.3.43	30.3.43
Assistant Secretary	Swaby, C. L., M.B.E.	£1,000	16.11.42	1.10.19
Ditto	Soutar, A. D.	£1,000	21.2.44	3.8.15
Ditto	Lindo, H. L.†	£1,000	30.10.45	1.3.35
Ditto	Mordecai, J. S.†	£1,000	1.11.46	22.4.20
Ditto	Richardson, E. R.	£950	17.9.47	15.5.33
Office Superintendent	Chapman, C. D.	£800	4.6.46	23.9.24
Administrative Officer	McFarlane, V H.	£750	16.9.48	15.5.34
Ditto	Cover, W. A.*	£700	1.4.49	17.12.20
Principal Clerk	Taylor, A. R.**	£650	1.4.44	1.9.29
Ditto	Shaw, A. W. G.	£650	26.8.46	1.6.37
Ditto	Clerk, J. H.	£650	11.9.46	1.8.36
Ditto	Mais, R. E.	£650	19.10.46	2.12.24
Ditto	Hussey, N. A.	£650	2.4.47	1.2.23
Ditto	Patterson, E. W.	£625	21.4.48	20.12.43
Ditto	Lynch, B. W.	£625	16.9.48	1.2.33
Ditto	Wood, A. G.	£600	1.4.49	21.11.38
Senior Clerk	Smith, G. A.	£575	26.8.46	1.7.29
Ditto	Smith, A. B.	£575	11.9.46	1.5.30
Ditto	Grant, J. L.	£575	27.10.47	30.4.23
Ditto	Ellwood, W. C.	£550	15.9.47	1.2.38
Ditto	Clerk, A. P.	£525	21.4.48	15.10.37
Ditto	Mowatt, S. W.	£525	16.9.48	—
Ditto	Crompton-Nicholas, C. A.	£500	1.4.49	—
First Class Clerk	Miller, E. S.	£475	16.9.44	—
Ditto	Spencer, H. A.	£475	18.9.44	18.9.44
Ditto	Rainford, R. M.	£450	2.11.45	12.10.36
Ditto	McFarlane, J. B.	£450	12.11.45	16.9.43
Ditto	Barrett, V. A.	£425	26.8.46	26.10.38
Ditto	Stuart, A. H.	£425	11.9.46	22.5.39
Ditto	Burke, P. W.	£400	27.10.47	5.10.38
Ditto	Sullivan, J. F.	£375	21.4.48	3.10.38
Ditto	Smith, N. H.	£375	30.9.48	21.3.38
Ditto	Bates, T. P.	£375	12.1.49	1.11.40
Ditto	Rutterford, O. E.	£375	23.1.49	—
Second Class Clerk	Dodd, B. C.	£325	24.11.44	1.4.43
Ditto	Barber, H. G.	£325	28.11.44	16.7.42
Ditto	Madden, C. O.	£305	1.2.45	2.12.40
Ditto	Murray, O. H.	—	—	—

† also Secretary, Titchfield Trust.

‡ Seconded as Trade Controller.

\* also Editor, Handbook of Jamaica.

\*\* Acting Assistant Secretary Vice Mr. Mordecai.



ESTABLISHMENT OF COLONIAL SECRETARIAT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of Appointment to present grade	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Second Class Clerk, <i>contd.</i>	Brandon, P. H.	£305	7.11.45	13.1.42
Ditto	Powell, B. B.	£305	7.11.45	1.4.44
Ditto	Harrison, O. G.	£285	26.1.47	16.11.43
Ditto	Dyer, A. L.	£265	1.2.47	21.6.46
Ditto	Duncanson, F. H.	£265	11.8.47	27.1.43
Ditto	Thorbourne, O. J.	£265	2.7.47	9.1.46
Ditto	Sharrers, D. O.	£265	27.10.47	13.4.46
Ditto	Coombs, G. B.	£245	21.4.48	2.8.46
Ditto	Myers, L. H.	£245	12.1.49	5.7.43
Third Class Clerk	Russell, E. L.	£165	1.4.46	23.3.44
Ditto	Forbes, R. A.	£165	1.4.46	27.9.44
Ditto	Taylor, O. E.	£135	8.3.48	10.12.45
Ditto	Lazarus, A. E.	£135	13.9.48	28.6.48
Female Clerk, Grade I	Miss F. M. Ritchie	£350	1.1.45	..
Ditto	Miss T. DuMont	£350	5.12.46	..
Ditto	Miss F. Dowding	£350	13.12.47	..
Female Clerk, Grade II	Miss H. A. Cameron	£325	20.12.43	..
Ditto	Miss L. E. Haughton	£325	1.4.44	..
Ditto	Mrs. C. V. Gauntlett	£325	12.7.44	..
Ditto	Miss M. H. Wright	£325	25.9.44	..
Ditto	Miss F. M. Chambers	£325	1.1.45	..
Ditto	Miss I. M. Whiteman	£305	12.7.45	..
Ditto	Miss P. E. Gordon	£305	8.10.45	..
Ditto	Mrs. A. R. Atkins	£285	1.11.46	..
Ditto	Mrs. G. E. Powell	£285	5.12.46	..
Ditto	Miss C. W. Milner	£265	15.9.47	..
Ditto	Miss B. M. Johnston	£265	13.12.47	..
Ditto	Miss Y. C. Escoffery	£245	1.2.48	..
Ditto	Miss D. E. Grey	£245	3.8.48	..
Ditto	Mrs. I. A. Martin	£225	5.9.49	..
Female Clerk, Grade III	Miss U. M. Smith	£180	8.1.45	..
Ditto	Miss H. V. Turner	£180	10.1.45	..
Ditto	Miss T. E. Thomas	£180	15.1.45	..
Ditto	Mrs. M. L. Lorne	£165	1.4.46	..
Ditto	Miss L. F. Butler	£165	1.4.46	..
Ditto	Miss Z. Y. Miller	£150	4.6.47	..
Ditto	Miss J. E. Binger	£135	27.2.48	..
Temporary Clerk (Female)	Miss P. Edwards	£2 6/- p.w.	..	..
Ditto	Miss M. Griffiths	£2 6/- p.w.	..	..
Ditto	Miss B. Reynolds	£2 6/- p.w.	..	..
Ditto	Miss Y. Isaacs	£2 6/- p.w.	..	..
Temporary Clerk (Male)	K. B. Cassells	£120 p.a.	..	..
Ditto	L. H. Boothe	£120 p.a.	..	..
Ditto	L. A. Scott	£120 p.a.	..	..
Ditto	D. T. James	£120 p.a.	..	..
Ditto	K. B. Gordon	£120 p.a.	..	..
Ditto	A. Ramsay	£2 6/- p.w.	..	..
Ditto	N. G. Martin	£2 6/- p.w.	..	..
Ditto	M. Lazarus	£2 6/- p.w.	..	..
Ditto	F. Bradley	£2 6/- p.w.	..	..

## ADMINISTRATOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

*(Public Buildings, East Block, King St.)*

The appointment of an Administrator General and Deputy Administrator General is made under Chapter 97, which, together with Chap. 372 requires the Administrator General to administer on the estates of persons (1) who die intestate leaving residuary estate which does not exceed £500 or where it exceeds that sum and a minor is entitled to a share thereof; (2) who die intestate without leaving a widower, widow brother, sister, or any lineal ancestor or descendant or leaving such relative if no such relative as aforesaid of such deceased shall take out Letters of Administration within 3 months or such other time as may be fixed by the Court Provided the personalty amounts to £50 and upwards; (3) who die leaving a Will in which no executor is appointed or where the executor has died before the testator, or renounces, or will not act.

He may administer on the estate of any person who shall appoint him the sole executor of his will, but he cannot act as a co-executor with any other person. The Administrator General may be appointed trustee of any real or personal property in the same way that any other person might be appointed. He may also be appointed guardian of any infant, committee of any lunatic or idiot and receiver in chancery.

The Administrator General is subject to the immediate control of the Supreme Court of Judicature, being an Officer of that Court and accountable to it for the due and efficient discharge of his duties.

During the year ended 31st March

Estate and Trusts received:—

1937	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
221	347	427	383	388	403

Amounts at credit of Estates of deceased persons, Trusts, Receiverships, Committee of persons of Unsound Mind, and under Powers of Attorney, aggregated in :—

1937	1945-46	1946-47	1947-48	1948-49
£ 537,122 13 4	£ 840,328 9 4	£ 809,815 10 7	£ 843,083 19 7	£ 917,302 11 3

In addition to the foregoing four agricultural properties aggregating approximately 3,800 acres, cultivated in canes, bananas, coconuts and other valuable crops, with 500 head of cattle thereon; also 140 holdings in the Corporate Area, with a tenement roll of approximately 520; and 40 holdings in the rural parishes with a tenement roll of 132, were under complete control and management of the Department during the year.

ADMINISTRATOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

## ESTABLISHMENT OF THE ADMINISTRATOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Administrator General	Vacant	£1,200 0 0	
Deputy Administrator General	H. F. Barry	£900 0 0	9.3.1917
Assistant Administrator General	O. A. Lyon	£650-50-750	14.1.1915
Ditto	E. C. Tomlinson	Ditto	1.10.1928
Accountant	V. A. Wilson	Ditto	14.3.1923
Assistant Accountant	V. E. Spencer	£600-25-650	4.8.1927
Principal Clerk	L. M. Johns	Ditto	1.7.1920
Ditto	W. T. Tomlinson	Ditto	1.7.1926
Ditto	R. A. Thomas	Ditto	3.9.1924
Senior Clerk	S. L. Curtin	£500-25-600	23.1.1924
Ditto	A. F. Pattinson	Ditto	1.3.1938
Ditto	L. L. Mendes	Ditto	1.10.1929
Ditto	W. R. Cooks	Ditto	
First Class Clerk	P. J. Arms	£350-25-475	13.9.1923
Ditto	G. G. Fleming	Ditto	1.6.1921
Ditto	C. A. Hudson	Ditto	15.9.1933
Ditto	A. R. Marsh	Ditto	1.5.1937
Ditto	B. H. Alberga	Ditto	6.11.1933
Ditto	E. J. Monteith	Ditto	11.6.1933
Ditto	A. N. Jennings	Ditto	2.6.1937
Ditto	K. H. Ireland	Ditto	3.8.1938
Ditto	E. S. Kentish	Ditto	7.11.1939
Ditto	G. A. Groves	Ditto	21.6.1935
Second Class Clerk	W. A. Malone	£225-20-325	13.7.1939
Ditto	V. M. Peters	Ditto	24.4.1941
Ditto	S. G. Kirkaldy	Ditto	27.4.1942
Ditto	R. O. Martin	Ditto	13.12.1943
Ditto	S. E. Vaz	Ditto	15.8.1939
Ditto	A. A. Brown	Ditto	12.6.1940
Ditto	D. P. Carby	Ditto	18.3.1943
Ditto	L. M. Rattray	Ditto	1.10.1944
Third Class Clerk	S. A. Lewis	£120-15-210	22.3.1943
Ditto	M. E. Edwards	Ditto	30.5.1944
Ditto	St. G. V. Thompson	Ditto	18.12.1945
Ditto	N. H. Bonnick	Ditto	14.7.1947
Ditto	H. E. Walker	Ditto	14.7.1947
Ditto	G. A. Wood	Ditto	
Female Clerk, Grade I	C. L. Richards	£350	1.12.1915
Ditto	M. A. Morrison	Ditto	16.2.1925
Ditto	A. R. Waite	Ditto	1.7.1920
Female Clerk, Grade II	M. C. Whyte	£225-20-325	6.3.1939
Ditto	M. E. Bryce	Ditto	3.8.1939
Ditto	E. L. Walcott	Ditto	2.5.1938
Ditto	P. I. Deans	Ditto	11.12.1939
Ditto	Vacant	Ditto	
Female Clerk, Grade III	J. E. Mould	£120-15-210	1.6.1942
Ditto	(Mrs.) B. A. Tomlinson	Ditto	4.5.1942
Ditto	(Mrs.) L. A. Lazarus	Ditto	1.4.1944
Ditto	C. C. McLean	Ditto	18.3.1946
Ditto	C. J. Saunders	Ditto	19.8.1946
Ditto	D. Mullings	Ditto	15.7.1946
Ditto	G. E. Auld	Ditto	15.7.1946

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

(Office: Hope Gardens, St. Andrew)

This Department has charge of the Agricultural Stations at Grove Place in Manchester, Orange River in St. Mary; Bodles in St. Catherine, and sub-stations at Hope, St. Andrew, Irwin in St. James, and Caenwood in Portland; citrus nurseries at Charlton, Bodles, Grove Place, Manchester, Irwin, St. James and Caenwood, Portland; Livestock Improvement Centres throughout the island; the Jamaica School of Agriculture at Hope; the public gardens at Hope, the Victoria Park, Castleton, Cinchona and Bath and the King's House Gardens. It is also in charge of the Research Laboratories at Hope and directs general work of Government in agriculture throughout the Island.

(For general information on Agriculture, see Chapter IX)

## ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Office	Name of holder	Salary and other Emoluments	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Director of Agriculture	A. E. Trotman, N.D.A., C.D.A., A.I.C.T.A., Dip. Rural Econ. (Oxon) (a)	£1,500	30.10.47 Jamaica
Deputy Director of Agriculture (Research)	J. Wright, B.Sc. (Hons.), A.I.C.T.A., (a) (b)	£1,100	27.3.46 Jamaica
Deputy Director of Agriculture (Extension Services)	Vacant	£1,100	—
Deputy Director of Agriculture (Veterinary Services)	Vacant	£1,100	—
Senior Agricultural Officers	E. J. Gregory, Dip. Agric. (Wye), A.I.C.T.A. (a) (b)	£750-50-900	9.5.46 Jamaica
Ditto	C. D. F. Hutchings, B.Sc. A., Dip. Agric. (1) (a) (b)	Ditto	1.7.38
Ditto	E. A. Tai, M.Sc., D.I.C.T.A., (a) (b)	Ditto	1.10.35
Ditto	Vacant		
Ditto	Vacant		
Agricultural Officers Grade I	W. K. Mitchell, D.I.C.T.A. (a) (b)	£650-25-750	1.8.36
Ditto	B. F. Topper, M.A. (a) (b)	Ditto	10.11.42
Ditto	W. G. Stuart, D.I.C.T.A. (2) (a) (b)	Ditto	1.9.38
Ditto	L. A. Powell, (3) (a) (b)	Ditto	1.8.21
Agricultural Officers Grade II	D. A. R. Campbell, B.Sc. (a)	£450-25-600	19.12.44
Ditto	W. S. Whittingham (a)	Ditto	5.1.25
Ditto	J. H. Haughton, A.I.C.T.A., D.I.C.T.A. (4) (a) (b)	Ditto	4.7.32

(1) Acting Deputy Director (Extension Services) from 17.10.49.

(2) Acting Senior Agricultural Officer from 28.9.48.

(3) Acting Senior Agricultural Officer from 13.5.49.

(4) Acting Senior Agricultural Officer from 17.10.49.

(a) In receipt of travelling allowance at £120 per annum plus 3d., per mile.

(b) In receipt of carrying-on allowance at approved rates.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emoluments	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Agricultural Officer Grade II	R. E. Osborne, D.I.C.T. A., (5) (a)	£450-25-600	30.10.39
Junior Agricultural Officers Grade I	N. E. C. Thomson, (a)	£350-25-450	8.2.27
Ditto	G. E. Redshaw, (6) (a)	Ditto	1.10.30
Ditto	M. St. C. Motta, D.I.C.T. A., (7) (a)	Ditto	6.10.42
Ditto	L. B. Robinson, M.Sc., B.Sc., (8)	Ditto	26.5.37
Ditto	S. O. Coy, (a)	Ditto	7.2.27
Ditto	R. A. Amiel	Ditto	1.10.31
Ditto	L. S. Marston	Ditto	1.5.25
Ditto	A. G. Naylor, D.I.C.T.A. (9) (a)	Ditto	3.2.41
Ditto	W. C. Higgins, B.Sc., (Temporary)	£350	1.4.49
Ditto	L. K. A. Swaby, B.Sc. (Temporary)	£350	1.7.49
Junior Agricultural Officers Grade II	E. M. Carey	£120-15-210 } 225-20-325 }	8.6.25
Ditto	L. A. Russell (10)	Ditto	8.6.25
Ditto	W. C. Castello	Ditto	1.2.27
Ditto	C. J. Case (11) (d)	Ditto	4.3.29
Ditto	A. D. Arnaud (a)	Ditto	1.10.29
Ditto	O. L. Carnegie (a)	Ditto	1.9.33
Ditto	H. M. Peterkin (a)	Ditto	7.12.36
Ditto	L. W. Gray (a)	Ditto	20.8.38
Ditto	L. A. Barrett; (12)	Ditto	6.2.39
Ditto	C. A. Long, (a)	Ditto	1.7.39
Ditto	D. H. Halstead, (a)	Ditto	1.11.39
Ditto	S. S. Dale	Ditto	13.11.39
Ditto	C. B. Elliott, (13)	Ditto	21.8.39
Ditto	J. S. B. McDonald (a)	Ditto	15.7.42
Ditto	L. E. McLaren, (14)	Ditto	3.1.44
Ditto	B. M. Walker	Ditto	22.8.43
Ditto	H. R. Shaw	Ditto	1.1.44
Ditto	E. L. Latibeaudiere	Ditto	29.7.46
Ditto	R. A. Perrin	Ditto	29.7.46
Ditto	O. L. DePass (a)	Ditto	1.8.47
Ditto	C. A. Pink	Ditto	1.10.46
Ditto	F. A. Ray	Ditto	16.3.42

(5) Seconded to Banana Research Scheme from 1.6.48.

(6) Acting Senior Livestock Officer from 30.8.49.

(7) Acting Agricultural Officer Grade II from 11.7.49.

(8) Acting Assistant Headmaster, J.S.A., from 7.9.49.

(9) Seconded to Banana Research Scheme from 16.7.48.

(10) Acting Junior Agricultural Officer Grade I from 11.7.49.

(11) Seconded to J.A.S.

(12) Seconded to Grenada for 5 years from 19.7.47.

(13) Seconded to Grenada for 3 years from 19.7.47.

(14) On Study leave in United Kingdom.

(a) In receipt of travelling allowance at £120 per annum plus 3d. per mile.

(d) Receives commuted travelling allowance of £150 per annum.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emoluments	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Junior Agricultural Officer Grade II	H. W. Grant	£120-15-210 }	1.10.41
Ditto	S. D. Gage (15)	225-20-325 }	1.8.43
Ditto	H. J. Duval	Ditto	1.4.42
Ditto	R. S. Robotham (Temp.)	£120	1.9.49
Ditto	A. L. Tomlinson, (Temp.)	£120	5.9.49
Ditto	D. S. Persad (Temp.)	£120	5.9.49
Agricultural Foreman Grade I	S. C. Edwards	85/-5/-100/- p.w.	31.5.37
Ditto	G. C. Brown	Ditto	1.10.43
Ditto	F. A. Burgess	Ditto	1.4.38
Ditto	E. A. Dawes	Ditto	13.1.34
Ditto	O. G. McCorkle	Ditto	29.7.46
Ditto	L. S. M. Scott	Ditto	29.7.46
Ditto	L. E. Turner	Ditto	29.7.46
Agricultural Foreman Grade II	R. A. M. Lewis	70/-5/-85/- p.w.	30.8.45
Ditto	B. O. Fearon	Ditto	17.2.47
Ditto	W. W. Smith	Ditto	22.7.46
Ditto	H. N. Stephens	Ditto	1.4.43
Ditto	C. E. Marshall	Ditto	1.10.46
Ditto	J. Hendricks	Ditto	29.7.46
Ditto	E. E. Smith	Ditto	1.11.46
Ditto	R. J. Williams	Ditto	1.12.47
Ditto	K. W. McKenzie	Ditto	11.8.47
Ditto	J. R. Gayle	Ditto	12.8.47
Junior Field Assistant	Miss G. Steadman	30/- to 40/- p.w.	7.5.47
Ditto	Miss I. R. Dougherty	Ditto	7.5.47
Ditto	R. L. Rainford	Ditto	5.8.48
Ditto	Mrs. D. K. Barnett	Ditto	9.5.44
Ditto	F. Coley	Ditto	20.1.49
Ditto	C. L. Silvera	Ditto	1.2.49
Ditto	Miss T. Newman	Ditto	8.12.47
Ditto	L. A. Robertson	Ditto	14.4.49
Ditto	A. L. Wint	Ditto	14.4.49
Ditto	A. Moore	Ditto	12.5.49
Ditto	Miss M. E. Matthews	Ditto	3.12.45
Ditto	C. L. Grey	Ditto	18.7.49
Ditto	Miss E. C. Francis	Ditto	11.10.49
Ditto	3 Vacancies		
Senior Veterinary Officer	P. D. L. Guilbride, B.Sc., M.R.C.V.S. (a) (b) (c)	£750-50-900	30.11.46
Veterinary Investigation Officer	R. M. Arnold, B.Sc., M.R.C.V.S. (16) (a) (b) (c)	Ditto	28.3.46
Veterinary Officer	R. C. Glover, M.R.C.V.S. (17) (a) (b) (c)	£650-50-750	1.5.48

(15) Acting Junior Agricultural Officer Grade I from 11.7.49.

(16) Seconded from Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries for three years.

(17) On contract for two years.

(a) In receipt of travelling allowance at £120 per annum plus 3d. per mile.

(b) In receipt of carrying-on allowance at approved rates.

(c) Receives a personal non-pensionable allowance of £150 per annum in lieu of private practice.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emoluments	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Veterinary Officer	D. L. Diamond, D.V.M. (18) (a) (b) (c)	£650-50-750	9.11.48
Ditto	Vacant		
Ditto	Vacant		
Senior Livestock Officer	T. P. Lecky, B.S.A. (14) (a) (b)	£750-50-900	1.6.37
Poultry Specialist	D. W. Rodriques, M.Sc., B.A., (a) (b)	£450-25-600	16.2.46
Plant Pathologist	E. B. Martyn, B.A., A.I.C.T.A. (a) (b)	£750-50-900	28.11.40
Plant Pathologist (Bananas)	Vacant		
Plant Pathologist (Coconuts)	H. P. Hansen, Dr. Agro., M.A., B.A., (19) (a)	£1,100-50-1,200	17.2.49
Entomologist	W. H. Edwards, F.R.E.S., D.I.C., Dip. Agric. (a) (b)	£750-50-900	16.5.29
Senior Agricultural Chemist	T. O. Ellis, B.Sc., A.R.I.C. (a) (b)	Ditto	9.3.46
Agricultural Chemist	R. K. Richardson, B.Sc. (b)	£450-25-750	1.4.38
Ditto	C. W. Hewitt, A.I.C.T.A., D.I.C.T.A. (b)	Ditto	17.7.39
Farm Implements Officer	Vacant		
Soil Conservation Officer	Vacant		
Senior Botanist	P. A. Chan Choong, B.Sc. (Hons.), A.I.C.T.A. (a) (b)	£750-50-900	26.1.48
Agricultural Economist	H. D. Huggins, Ph.D., M.A., -M.Sc., D.I.C.T. A. (20)	Ditto	17.3.46
Agricultural Statistician	W. D. Burrowes, B.A., (b)	£450-25-600	23.8.48
Coffee Officer	A. M. Pratt (a) (b)	£750-50-900	12.6.45
Superintendent, Public Gardens	E. J. Downes (a)	£450-25-600	8.11.20
Librarian	Miss E. H. Marson	£350-25-450	1.8.18
Technical Assistant Grade I	Z. A. Daniels	£350-25-450	18.8.30
Ditto	W. B. Dixon	Ditto	1.8.34
Ditto	O. W. Harrison	Ditto	1.12.31
Ditto	W. F. Hutchinson	Ditto	26.8.35
Technical Assistant Grade II	A. L. Reid (21)	£225-20-325	24.7.39
Ditto	L. T. McDonnough (22)	Ditto	18.12.29

(18) On contract for three years.

(19) On contract for three years.

(20) Seconded to West Indies University College from 16.9.48.

(21) On study leave in United States of America.

(22) On study leave in Canada.

(a) In receipt of travelling allowance at £120 per annum plus 3d. per mile.

(b) In receipt of carrying-on allowance at approved rates.

(c) Receives a personal non-pensionable allowance of £150 per annum in lieu of private practice.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emoluments	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<b>Technical Assistant</b>			
Grade II	H. M. Thompson (14)	£225-20-325	25.1.43
Ditto	V. C. Harnett (23)	Ditto	22.3.38
Ditto	Vacant		
<b>Technical Assistant</b>	A. R. Ebanks (14)	£120-15-150 }	25.1.43
Grade III		£165-15-210 }	
Ditto	C. L. Bent (14)	Ditto	10.1.44
Ditto	M. F. Robinson	Ditto	9.7.45
	G. S. Smith	Ditto	1.6.44
Ditto	Mrs. B. M. Thomas	Ditto	13.7.46
Ditto	Miss S. C. Harrison	Ditto	8.12.48
Ditto	E. R. Samuels	Ditto	17.7.47
Ditto	L. A. Wright (Temp.)	£120 per annum	17.7.47
Ditto	L. M. Reynolds (Temp.)	Ditto	10.6.48
Ditto	D. McLeod (Temp.)	Ditto	12.7.48
Ditto	A. H. Silvera (Temp.)	Ditto	12.7.48
Ditto	K. G. Robinson (Temp.)	Ditto	8.9.48
Ditto	R. Tewari (Temp.)	Ditto	5.9.49
Ditto	M. Taylor (Temp.)	Ditto	1.10.49
<b>Technical Assistant</b>			
Grade III	H. C. Lai, (Temp.) (24)	£120 per annum	15.9.49
<b>JAMAICA SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURE</b>			
<b>Headmaster</b>	H. C. Miller, B.Sc. (Hons) D.I.C.T.A. (a) (b)	£750-50-900	4.4.34
<b>Assistant Headmaster</b>	I. E. Johnson, D.I.C.T.A. (21) (b)	£450-25-600	11.8.42
<b>Assistant Master</b>	N. J. Singh, D.I.C.T.A. (25)	£350-25-450	—
Ditto	E. G. Roper	£260-20-350	2.1.47
Ditto	L. L. Shaw	Ditto	6.10.47
<b>Junior Assistant Master</b>	Vacant		
<b>Housekeeper Grade I</b>	Mrs. K. D. Turner	£150-15-210	16.9.41
<b>CLERICAL STAFF</b>			
<b>Accountant</b>	H. A. Abrahams (c)	£600-50-700	19.9.23
<b>Principal Clerk</b>	W. E. Watson	£600-25-650	1.8.16
<b>Personal Assistant to Director of Agriculture</b>	H. S. Hickling	£450-25-600	18.3.29
<b>Senior Clerk</b>	L. E. Royes (a)	£500-25-600	6.7.25
Ditto	V. A. Valentine (f)	Ditto	16.11.31
<b>First Class Clerk</b>	P. V. Lawson	£350-25-475	19.5.33
Ditto	C. A. Robinson	Ditto	3.5.32
Ditto	S. M. Rainford	Ditto	14.12.36
Ditto	C. E. Street	Ditto	18.12.39

(14) On Study leave in United Kingdom.

(23) Seconded to Banana Research Scheme from 1.6.48.

(24) Employed temporarily under Coconut Research Scheme.

(25) Seconded from Education Department from 7.9.49

(a) In receipt of travelling allowance at £120 per annum plus 3d per mile.

(b) In receipt of carrying-on allowance at approved rates.

(f) Receives allowance of £36 per annum for work in connection with Central Farm Improvement Authority accounts.



ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emoluments	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
First Class Clerk	L. O. Gardner	£350-25-450	25. 10. 22
Second Class Clerk	E. Atkins	£225-20-325	7. 2. 38
Ditto	R. N. Lewis	Ditto	2. 12. 28
Ditto	P. A. I. Robinson	Ditto	12. 4. 43
Ditto	R. A. Markes	Ditto	24. 3. 41
Ditto	J. McNeil	Ditto	4. 10. 44
Ditto	L. B. Holding	Ditto	15. 3. 43
Ditto	I. W. Dundas	Ditto	8. 2. 43
Ditto	E. E. Jones	Ditto	19. 8. 43
Ditto	F. A. Bernal	Ditto	—
Third Class Clerk	J. L. A. Smith	£120-15-150 } 165-15-210 }	1. 4. 46
Ditto	C. L. Chen (14)	Ditto	24. 7. 44
Ditto	L. L. Cousins	Ditto	25. 9. 44
Ditto	T. A. C. Welsh	Ditto	21. 6. 48
Ditto	F. A. Richards	Ditto	30. 9. 48
Ditto	C. G. Williams	Ditto	18. 8. 48
Ditto	M. L. Brown	Ditto	5. 1. 49
Ditto	J. A. Beckno	Ditto	27. 7. 46
Ditto	O. S. Lyon	Ditto	19. 1. 49
Ditto	M. O. Mason	Ditto	1. 2. 49
Ditto	G. R. Murphy (26)	Ditto	—
Ditto	C. J. DuCille (Temp.)	£120 per annum	5. 12. 45
Ditto	Miss H. Persad (Temp.)	Ditto	26. 6. 46
Ditto	D. L. Edwards (Temp.)	Ditto	23. 9. 46
Ditto	R. G. Buchanan (Temp.)	Ditto	5. 4. 47
Ditto	Miss T. M. Campbell (Temp.)	Ditto	12. 4. 48
Ditto	L. C. Brown (Temp.)	Ditto	1. 9. 49
Ditto	J. Tulloch (Temp.)	Ditto	11. 10. 49
Female Clerk Grade I	Miss R. E. White	£350	21. 4. 26
Female Clerk Grade II	Miss D. H. Wyatt	£225-20-325	26. 8. 35
Ditto	Miss A. L. Hudson	Ditto	2. 1. 37
Ditto	Miss D. E. Davis	Ditto	17. 7. 39
Ditto	Miss A. E. Ferguson	Ditto	9. 1. 43
Library Assistant	Miss A. K. Gunter	£180-15-240	21. 7. 42
Female Clerk Grade III	Miss L. A. Dixon	£120-15-150 } 165-15-210 }	2. 11. 42
Ditto	Mrs. N. E. Carnegie	Ditto	16. 9. 44
Ditto	Miss M. U. Douglas (14)	Ditto	10. 8. 42
Ditto	Miss G. M. Creary	Ditto	3. 1. 44
Ditto	Miss D. Thomas	Ditto	12. 6. 44
Ditto	Mrs. K. F. Asher	Ditto	6. 11. 44
Ditto	Miss D. A. Davis	Ditto	1. 2. 45
Ditto	Miss J. M. Fagan	Ditto	31. 7. 44
Ditto	Miss D. M. Webster	Ditto	1. 8. 44
Ditto	Miss H. E. Hinds	Ditto	4. 10. 43
Ditto	Miss J. E. Walsh	Ditto	15. 7. 46
Ditto	Miss P. Y. Nunes	Ditto	29. 7. 46
Ditto	Mrs. I. S. Morrison	Ditto	28. 7. 47
Ditto	Miss G. F. Barrett	Ditto	17. 4. 45
Ditto	Miss J. M. Rigg	Ditto	1. 5. 45
Ditto	Miss H. Blair	Ditto	13. 11. 47

(14) On study leave in United Kingdom

(26) Seconded to Government Savings Bank.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emoluments	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<b>Female Clerk Grade III</b>	Miss P. R. Campbell	£ { 120-15-150 } { 165-15-210 }	1.10.48
Ditto	Miss W. E. Ridsen	Ditto	10.1.49
Ditto	Miss S. M. Sampson	Ditto	15.3.49
Ditto	Miss R. Palmer (14)	Ditto	—
Ditto	Miss C. Thomas (Temp.)	120	8.6.48
Ditto	Miss J. Wellington (Temp.)	120	15.9.48
<b>UNESTABLISHED STAFF</b>			
<b>Unestablished Clerk Grade I</b>	G. R. Phillips	75/-7/6-100/- p.w.	11.8.42
Ditto	J. S. Segre (g)	Ditto	8.4.43
<b>Unestablished Clerk Grade II</b>	C. M. Harris	40/-5/-70/- p.w.	17.9.45
Ditto	Mrs. E. M. Abrahams	Ditto	17.11.45
<b>Telephone Operator Grade I</b>	H. Fitz Simmonds	50/-5/-65/- p.w.	29.10.34
Ditto	Mrs. H. J. Naylor	Ditto	21.11.45
<b>Van Driver Grade II</b>	G. G. Henny	35/-5/-45/- p.w.	27.3.40
Ditto	R. H. Graham	Ditto	27.3.47
<b>Binder Grade II</b>	S. Myrie	60/-5/-75/- p.w.	21.7.38
<b>Watchman Grade II</b>	A. McDonald	30/-5/-35/- p.w.	29.6.42
<b>Agricultural Ranger Grade I</b>	J. DeLisser	45/-5/-60/- p.w.	22.3.34
<b>Agricultural Ranger Grade II</b>	H. J. Forbes	35/-5/-45/- p.w.	1.4.48
Ditto	J. U. Davis	Ditto	1.4.48
Ditto	R. Dalmage	Ditto	1.4.48
Ditto	O. Ebanks	Ditto	19.12.48
<b>Agricultural Rangers Grade III</b>	C. Barrett	30/-5/-35/- p.w.	1.4.48
Ditto	V. Nugent	Ditto	1.4.48
Ditto	A. Scott	Ditto	19.12.48
<b>CENTRAL FARM IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY</b>			
<b>Secretary</b>	H. A. Darby (27) (a)	900	1.4.27

(14) On study leave in United Kingdom.

(27) Seconded from Jamaica Agricultural Society.

(a) In receipt of travelling allowance at £120 per annum plus 3d. per mile.

(g) Receives an annual honorarium of £25 for work in connection with Lucky Hill Farm accounts.

N.B.—All Officers and employees in receipt of war bonus at approved rates.

## AGRICULTURAL LOAN SOCIETIES BOARD

Tower Street, Kingston.

The Agricultural Loan Societies Board is constituted under the provisions of sections 3 and 4 of the Agricultural Loan Societies Law, 1944, Law 28 of 1944. The Board encourages the formation and working of agricultural loan societies, supervises their activities and issues loans to them from funds placed at its disposal by the Legislature.

Registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Law, Chapter 263, as People's Co-operative Banks, Agricultural Loan Societies are also registered as such under the Agricultural Loan Societies Law, 1944. There were 121 Societies on the register on the 31st March, 1949.

Section 9 of the Agricultural Loan Societies Law, 1944 empowers the Board to make loans to registered societies for the provision of office accommodation and equipment and for re-loan to members for the following purposes:—

- (i) for the promotion of agricultural and pastoral activities (General Purposes);
- (ii) for agricultural rehabilitation after a natural calamity;
- (iii) for rehabilitation of buildings which have suffered damage in a natural calamity;
- (iv) for purchase of lands, erection of buildings and re-settlement of sufferers after a natural calamity;
- (v) for the construction, improvement, etc., of farmer's cottages and farm buildings;
- (vi) for such other purposes as may from time to time be approved by the Legislature.

Agricultural Loan Societies are the channels through which Government makes loans available to farmers for special purposes and assists agriculturists and others whose buildings or cultivations are damaged by hurricanes or other calamities.

Advances are made to registered societies from the Agricultural Credit Revolving Fund created by section 47 of Law 28 of 1944, and from other sums placed to the credit of the Board for specific purposes. The amount at credit of the Revolving Fund at the 31st March, 1949, was £455,000.

With a view to making the Island less dependent on imported foodstuffs during World War II, a Food Production campaign was started and loans were made available through the Societies for the cultivation of food crops. Up to the 31st March, 1949, Food Production and Irish Potato Advances aggregating £208,195 had been issued. Of this amount £56,786 was outstanding. During 1940-1941 the Board also issued Food Production Loans aggregating £7,804 direct to the large landowners. The balance outstanding at the 31st March, 1949, was £409. Advances were also made to the Commissioner of Lands for re-loan to settlers on land settlements and to the Director of Education for re-loan to students on Practical Training Centres.

During 1948 an allocation of £25,000 from the Agricultural Credit Revolving Fund was made available for re-loan to Cane Farmers through the Banks.

After the hurricane of August, 1944, the Imperial Government allocated £2,004,000 for the assistance of agriculturists whose cultivations and houses had suffered damage. The administration of these funds was entrusted to the Agricultural Loans Societies Board. Advances were made to Banks (Agricultural Loan Societies) in the affected areas for re-loan to sufferers. Loans were made for the rehabilitation of banana cultivations, food crops, mixed cultivations, orchard crops, coconuts, fishermen and buildings. Up to the 31st March, 1949, rehabilitation loans aggregating £833,715 had been advanced through Banks and £514,701 was outstanding. £46,251 was issued on account of loans made by the Board direct to large landowners for the extension of banana cultivations and the rehabilitation of coconuts, and £27,188 was outstanding.

Since the passing of the 1944 Law all the rights, powers, privileges and interests vested in the Banana Industry Aid Board appointed under Law 15 of 1932 and Law 5 of 1933 have been taken over by the Agricultural Loan Societies Board.

## AGRICULTURAL LOAN SOCIETIES BOARD

*Summary of Advances and Loans issued to People's Co-operative Banks to  
31st March, 1949 and Balances Outstanding*

Advances and Loans issued			Balances Outstanding		
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
<b>Law 28 of 1944—</b>					
General Purposes	448,040 5 0		192,263 13 1		
Dairy Cattle	30,572 0 0		16,665 13 0		
Banana Extension	19,873 0 0	498,485 5 0	8,919 17 4	217,849 3 5	
Office Equipment (including Iron Safes and Fireproof Vaults)	6,180 7 3		2,195 11 0		
Office Accommodation	8,365 0 0	14,545 7 3	6,238 0 0	8,433 11 0	
<b>Agricultural Rehabilitation—</b>					
Hurricane Loans—					
1935	23,100 0 0		701 7 10		
1939	67,004 0 0		10,779 6 0		
1943	8,050 0 0		165 2 3		
36 of 1912	48,821 0 0		..		
37 of 1916	24,768 12 4		..		
24 of 1917	6,900 0 0		..		
Fishermen Loans	2,816 16 8	181,460 9 0	1,076 4 0	12,722 0 1	
Housing Loans,		8,305 0 0		4,305 14 11	
Farmers' Housing Loans		41,870 0 0		35,622 19 4	
Rice		2,760 0 0		1,853 19 2	
Special Food Production		1,960 0 0		1,960 0 0	
Advances for Food					
Production Loans	169,073 15 0		50,115 3 1		
Advances for Irish					
Potato Loans	34,401 4 0	203,474 19 0	2,857 0 5	52,972 3 6	
Advances for Sugar					
Cane Loans		6,116 0 0		5,504 0 0	
Citrus		966 13 4		616 13 4	
<b>1944 Rehabilitation</b>					
<b>Loans—</b>					
Bananas	81,028 0 0		15,234 6 4		
Coconuts	31,502 0 0		11,739 19 7		
Orchard Crops	6,483 0 0		3,400 8 5		
Food Crops	34,570 0 0		13,236 16 3		
Mixed Cultivations	32,872 0 0		14,970 9 2		
Building	647,093 0 0		456,078 18 10		
Fishermen	167 0 0	833,715 0 0	40 0 4	514,700 18 11	
		1,793,658 13 7		856,541 3 8	

N.B.—The above figures do not include Land Settlement Advances to Co-operative Banks aggregating £59,641 3s. 11d.

## AGRICULTURAL LOAN SOCIETIES BOARD

The Board consists of—

Mr. R. K. Nunes, Chairman; Sir Gilbert Wainwright, O.B.E.; Hon. Sir Harold E. Allan, Kt., O.B.E.; The Minister for Agriculture; Mr. R. S. Martinez, I.S.O.; Mr. A. B. Lowe; The Honourable Financial Secretary; The Director of Agriculture; The Commissioner of Commerce and Industries; The Commissioner of Lands.

## ESTABLISHMENT OF THE AGRICULTURAL LOAN SOCIETIES BOARD

Office	Name of Holder	Salary	Date of Appointment to Public Service
Manager	E. L. Jack, M.B.E.	£1,000	1st Aug., 1915
Asst. Manager and Secretary	V. E. Walker	£650-50-700	21st Aug., 1933
Examiner of Accounts	A. L. MacFarlane	£500-25-650	3rd Sept., 1923
Ditto	E. G. Soutar	Ditto	1st April, 1920
Senior Clerk	S. A. Dudley	Ditto	14th March, 1927
Ditto	H. W. Stephenson	Ditto	9th April, 1934
First Class Clerk	J. A. Grant	£350-25-475	8th Sept., 1920
Ditto	H. G. Martin	Ditto	14th May, 1934
Ditto	R. M. Millingen	Ditto	1st April, 1933
Ditto	K. C. McLeod	Ditto	2nd Dec., 1935
Ditto	R. P. Cardozo	Ditto	1st Dec., 1938
Ditto	Vacant	—	—
Ditto	Vacant	—	—
Second Class Clerk	A. W. Abrahams	£225-20-325	1st July, 1939
Ditto	F. A. Briscoe	Ditto	2nd Sept, 1940
Ditto	W. H. Emanuel	Ditto	1st July, 1949
Third Class Clerk	B. E. Rickards	£120-15-150	19th May, 1947
Ditto	Vacant	165-15-210	—
Female Clerk Grade II	Miss M. FitzRitson	£225-20-325	7th Dec., 1932
Ditto	Miss D. M. Chinn	Ditto	3rd April, 1941
Ditto	Miss M. Aris	Ditto	19th April, 1938
Female Clerk Grade III	Mrs. H. M. Cuthbert	£120-15-160	27th Mar., 1944
Ditto	Miss P. M. Motta (a)	165-15-210	3rd March, 1946

(a) Receives 2 years seniority by virtue of being holder of the Higher Schools Certificate.

## ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Attorney General	Hon. T. H. Mayers, M.A., Ll.B. (Cantab.) K.C. (a)**	£1,600 and fees	6th Oct., 1936
Solicitor General	J. L. Cundall K.C., M.A., (Cantab.)*	£1,200	1st Feb., 1929
Legal Draftsman	Vacant	—	—
Crown Counsel	H. R. Ballysingh, B.A., (Col.)**	£900	2nd Oct., 1939
Crown Counsel	C. D'Oven Fitchett**	£900	1st April, 1947
Crown Counsel	L. L. Murad, M.A., B.C.L., Oxon.	£900	1st Sept., 1947
Clerk to Attorney General	K. W. Polack (1)	£600-25-650	9th June, 1924
Female Clerk Grade I	Miss P. M. Foster	£350	14th Sept., 1936
Female Clerk Grade II	Miss D. A. Webb	£225-20-325	19th Sept., 1941
Female Clerk Grade III	Miss C. Edwards	£120-15-150	3rd May, 1944
Female Clerk Grade III.	Miss N. A. McNamee	165-15-210 Ditto	29th May, 1944

(a) Occupies quarters—pays economic rental.

\* Receives fixed commuted travelling allowance of £60 per annum.

\*\* Receives £120 per annum and 3d. per mile for travelling allowance.

(1) Acting as Clerk of the Courts, Kingston.

## AUDIT DEPARTMENT

## ESTABLISHMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Auditor General	F. D. MacPhail	£ 1,200	22nd Aug., 1925
Deputy Auditor General	E. A. Gadishaw	900	10th July 1919
Examiner of Accounts	S. A. O. Martin	500-25-650	13th July, 1914
		-50-700	
Ditto	A. L. Gabay	Ditto	14th Nov., 1925
Ditto	O. D. Sanguinetti	Ditto	7th May, 1923
Ditto	J. G. Fyfe	Ditto	15th July, 1929
Ditto	F. O. Rousseau	Ditto	31st March, 1919
Ditto	L. O. Vaughan	Ditto	1st Aug., 1931
Ditto	A. D. Manahan	Ditto	18th Dec., 1930
Ditto	R. E. A. Turpin	Ditto	2nd Aug., 1933
Ditto	N. A. K. Fraser	Ditto	18th Nov., 1935
First Class Clerk	E. S. Hayles	350-25-475	16th Nov., 1926
Ditto	A. F. Brown (1)	Ditto	1st Nov., 1934
Ditto	D. W. Evans	Ditto	1st Nov., 1935
Ditto	A. D. Aiken	Ditto	30th Oct., 1933
Ditto	J. H. Blackwood	Ditto	2nd May, 1933
Ditto	E. C. Keeling	Ditto	1st Jan., 1936
Ditto	H. E. Sadler (2)	Ditto	19th Sept., 1938
Ditto	A. G. Abrahams	Ditto	1st May, 1937
Ditto	L. R. Terrelonge	Ditto	5th Feb., 1937
Ditto	L. K. Brown	Ditto	28th June, 1937
Ditto	A. A. Mowatt	Ditto	22nd Jan., 1938
Ditto	E. A. Royale	Ditto	14th Feb., 1927
Ditto	L. M. Hitchins	Ditto	26th Sept., 1938
Ditto	E. H. Canton	Ditto	3rd Apr., 1939
Ditto	S. M. Mould	Ditto	12th Dec., 1938
Ditto	R. P. Matthews	Ditto	7th May, 1940
Ditto	G. S. Griffith	Ditto	24th June, 1940
Supernumerary First Class Clerk	W. E. M. Hogarth	Ditto	27th April, 1936
Second Class Clerk	L. M. Hamilton	225-20-325	26th Feb., 1940
Ditto	P. H. Davis	Ditto	4th May, 1942
Ditto	D. R. Clarke	Ditto	6th Jan., 1943
Ditto	H. B. Earle	Ditto	6th Aug., 1942
Ditto	M. F. Levy	Ditto	29th Sept., 1941
Ditto	A. M. Chin Yee	Ditto	16th July, 1941
Ditto	E. F. Bailey	Ditto	3rd May, 1943
Ditto	G. S. Jackson	Ditto	19th April, 1943
Ditto	R. E. Murray	Ditto	5th Jan., 1942
Ditto	H. W. Milner	Ditto	3rd May, 1943
Ditto	E. L. Francis	Ditto	1st Feb., 1945
Ditto	C. M. Findlay	Ditto	5th Nov., 1943
Ditto	D. I. Thomas	Ditto	13th Dec., 1943
Ditto	C. G. McLean	Ditto	16th July, 1942
Ditto	H. J. Daley	Ditto	4th Oct., 1943
Ditto	V. L. Page	Ditto	2nd Jan., 1945
Ditto	G. H. Matthews	Ditto	22nd Feb., 1943
Ditto	H. A. McDonald	Ditto	15th July, 1942

(1) Medical Scholarship—On leave in United Kingdom from 1.11.43.

(2) On secondment in Turks Islands from 15.4.48.

ESTABLISHMENT OF AUDIT DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Third Class Clerk	A. L. Pennant	£ 120-15-150 } 165-15-210 }	1st Nov., 1943
Ditto	R. A. Irvine	Ditto	11th Feb., 1946
Ditto	U. H. Salmon	Ditto	1st June, 1944
Ditto	J. G. Chin	Ditto	2nd Aug., 1944
Ditto	E. G. Goodin	Ditto	13th Jan., 1947
Ditto	G. A. Marks	Ditto	14th Sept., 1948
Ditto	L. M. Graham	Ditto	13th Sept., 1946
Ditto	H. A. Robotham	Ditto	4th Sept., 1945
Ditto	F. C. D'Oyen	Ditto	14th July, 1947
Ditto	A. R. Robinson	Ditto	2nd Sept., 1946
Ditto	D. C. Terrelonge	Ditto	9th June, 1947
Ditto	L. R. Rowe	Ditto	28th Oct., 1946
Ditto	S. E. Edwards	Ditto	25th July, 1945
Ditto	R. O. Cooke	Ditto	6th Dec., 1948
Ditto	L. A. Campbell	Ditto	13th Jan., 1949
Ditto	H. A. Deane	Ditto	14th Nov., 1947
Ditto	V. G. Morrison	Ditto	2nd July, 1945
Ditto	Vacant		
Ditto	Vacant		
Female Clerk, Grade I	Miss I. Ware	350	8th Jan., 1919
Ditto	Miss M. Facey	Ditto	Sept., 1912
Female Clerk, Grade II	Miss L. Thompson	225-20-325	1st Apr., 1937
Female Clerk, Grade III	Mrs. L. Lee Sin	120-15-150 } 165-15-210 }	15th July, 1944
Ditto	Miss M. McDonnough	Ditto	14th Feb., 1946

## BANKRUPTCY

Law 28 of 1936 places under the control of the Trustee in Bankruptcy in the Supreme Court the administration of Estates falling within the jurisdiction of the Resident Magistrate's Court for the parish of Kingston.

In the year 1938 on the revision of the Laws of Jamaica all enactments relating to Bankruptcy were amalgamated and are now incorporated in Chapter 441 of the Revised Edition 1938 of the Laws of Jamaica.

The Law provides *inter alia*:—

- (a) for acts of Bankruptcy available on Petition of a Creditor with claim not less than £20; and
- (b) for proceedings by a Debtor on his own Petition to obtain an Order of the Court.

Under (a) the Order is Provisional and must be based on an Act committed within six months of the date of the Petition; whilst the Order under (b) is Absolute.

Provisions for granting of Discharge are covered by Sections 72-75 inclusive, and the circumstances which would militate against the Debtor obtaining an immediate Order of Discharge are set out in Section 73 sub-section 4.

The number of Bankruptcies in the Supreme Court during each of the last nine years, and in the Resident Magistrate's Courts of the Island, for the same period is set out hereunder:

		Supreme Court	R.M. Courts
1940-41	.. ..	21	401
1941-42	.. ..	14	285
1942-43	.. ..	2	206
1943-44	.. ..	8	141
1944-45	.. ..	3	127
1945-46	.. ..	3	130
1946-47	.. ..	2	92
1947-48	.. ..	2	125
1948-49	.. ..	7	148

The Trustee in Bankruptcy keeps a record of all bankruptcies throughout the Island.

## BANKRUPTCY DEPARTMENT

## ESTABLISHMENT

Office	Name	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first appointment to Public Service
Trustee in Bankruptcy, Supreme Court	J. M. Hippolyte	£ 900	19th July, 1913
Principal Clerk	Vacant	600	
Senior Clerk	P. F. Francis (a)	600	11th Nov., 1918
First Class Clerk	C. L. Gayle (b)	475	21st May, 1930
Ditto	D. B. Levy	425	1st Dec., 1939
Second Class Clerk	L. B. Johnson (c)	325	1st April, 1936
Ditto	A. J. Fletcher	325	25th April, 1939
Ditto	J. I. M. Boothe	285	11th March, 1941
Third Class Clerk	N. H. Bailey	165	2nd Oct., 1943
Ditto	C. W. H. Pyne	150	9th Dec., 1946
Female Clerk, Grade I	Miss C. B. Fernandez	350	13th March, 1923
Ditto Grade III	Miss R. E. Malcolm	165	1st Oct., 1948
Ditto ditto	Miss J. M. McLaughlin	135	26th Feb., 1948

(a) Acting as Principal Clerk.

(b) " " Senior Clerk.

(c) " " First Class Clerk.

## BOARD OF SUPERVISION

Offices: 119 Duke Street, Kingston.

The Board of Supervision consists of the following:—

Mr. T. E. Newlin, Secretary, Social Welfare Services (Chairman)	Hon. J. Z. Malcolm, M.H.R.
Director of Medical Services	Mr. E. H. Fagan
His Worship, the Mayor of Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation	Mr. S. M. Walker, O.B.E.
Mr. G. C. Gunter	Mr. N. C. Lewis
	Miss Iris Collins

Staff consists of:—

Secretary	Mr. R. Arscott (Acting)	£600
Area Officer	Mr. K. A. Walker	£300-25-£400
Ditto	Mr. E. W. DaCosta	£300-25-£400
Ditto	Mr. G. W. Kinlocke	£300-25-£400
Senior Clerical Assistant	Miss Phyllis Livingston	£225-20-£325
Junior Clerical Assistant	Miss Sydney Matcham	£120-15-£150 }
Ditto	Vacant	£165-15-£210 }
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto
Ditto	Ditto	Ditto



2. The Board of Supervision so far as its authority is concerned, is a statutory Board *vide* the Poor Relief Law (Cap. 53), with an administrative Secretary. It is analogous to the Local Government Boards of the British Isles. The Board is closely annexed to the Central Government, which approves of its Annual Estimates and requires compliance with Central Government's Treasury, Audit and Civil Service Rules except in the appointment of staff and in this respect the Board is likened unto any other Government Department.

3. The Poor Relief Law, Cap. 53 vests the supervision of poor relief in a Board of Supervision, consisting of nine members appointed by the Governor.

The general duties of the Board are thus described in Chapter 53 as amended by the Poor Relief (Amendment) Law, 1942.

"It shall be lawful for the Board of Supervision to examine into the manner in which Poor Relief is administered in the several parishes, and in cases where it shall appear to the Board that the arrangements in any parish are defective, to require the Parochial Board of such parish to remedy such defect, to inspect and audit all books, papers and accounts of Parochial Boards, in so far as they relate to the relief of the poor, and of all institutions maintained for the relief of the poor, and with the concurrence of the Auditor General of Jamaica to surcharge any officer on whose authority any excessive or unlawful expenditure in the absence of a reasonable explanation by such officer to the satisfaction of the Auditor General. To investigate and report to the Governor any charge preferred against a Medical Officer, such charges having been brought to its notice in writing and duly authenticated, to settle any question or difference arising between two or more Parochial Boards or the officials of such Boards; to hear and decide appeals from poor persons who have been refused relief, or who may consider the relief afforded them inadequate; and generally it shall be the duty of the Board of Supervision to see the Law effectually administered by the several Parochial Boards, without injustice to the persons entitled to relief on the one hand, and with due regard to the interest of the taxpayers on the other, and so far as it may be to secure unity of system in its practical administration throughout the Island".

The Board of Supervision may make rules for the better carrying out of this Law and generally in relation to the administration of poor relief and, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing powers, the Board may make rules:—

- " (a) for the control and management of poor relief and for the form and manner in which such relief may be given;
- (b) for controlling the education of children whose education is a charge on poor relief funds;
- (c) for regulating and controlling the form, manner and kind of medical assistance which may be granted to persons under this Law;
- (d) for the government, management and control of Almshouses and of all poor relief institutions;
- (e) for making provision for, and controlling the boarding out of children subject to poor relief;
- (f) for controlling the duties of all poor relief officers and the manner of their performance of such duties."

No such rules shall have effect until approved by the Governor in Executive Council.

4. Section 4 of the said Law provides that:

"All matters relating to the exercises by a Parochial Board of its functions under this law shall stand referred to a Committee (to be known as the Poor Relief Committee) of the Parochial Board, and the Parochial Board, before exercising any such functions, shall, unless in their opinion the matter is urgent, first receive and consider the report of such Committee, with respect to the matters in question.

"The Parochial Board may delegate to the Poor Relief Committee with or without any restrictions or conditions as they think fit any of the functions of the Parochial Board under this Law.

"Every Poor Relief Committee shall consist of not more than six and not less than three members as provided for in this section.

- (b) Every Poor Relief Committee shall be constituted of:—

- (i) not more than two members (who shall not necessarily be members of the Parochial Board) nominated by the Board of Supervision for a period of two years and eligible for re-nomination on expiration of such period;

- (ii) four other members nominated by the Parochial Board.

- (c) Every Poor Relief Committee shall notwithstanding anything in this section, have power at any time to co-opt not more than two persons to assist in its deliberations but no person so co-opted shall have any right to vote on any matter voted upon by the Committee.
- (d) The Parochial Board shall appoint one of the members of the Poor Relief Committee to be the Chairman of such Committee.
- (e) Three members of the Poor Relief Committee shall form a quorum.
- (f) The Poor Relief Committee shall have power to regulate its own procedure."

*Section 20 (2)* "No person shall be appointed to be an Inspector of Poor or a Master or Matron of the Almshouse without the approval of the Board of Supervision and unless that person has passed such examination as may be required by the Board of Supervision and the requirements of the Board of Supervision as to such examination shall be published from time to time in the Jamaica Gazette."

The total number of outdoor and indoor registered paupers on the 31st March, 1949, was made up as follows:—

Outdoor .. .. .	13,244
Indoor .. .. .	2,871
Children in Industrial Schools and Charitable Homes ..	1,386
	<hr/>
Total	17,501

The total cost of outdoor personnel for the year ended 31st March, 1949 was £19,571. The total cost of relief of the poor was £278,653 of which £46,530 was for children in Industrial Schools and homes.

### JAMAICA BROADCASTING STATION (ZQI)

2 Seaview Avenue, St. Andrew.

The Government Broadcasting Station, established on a basis of amateur equipment donated by Mr. John F. Grinan in 1939, continues to operate from No. 2 Seaview Avenue, St. Andrew (Halfway Tree P.O.) with a power of 1,200 watts.

There are normally two daily transmissions; from 4.00 to 5.30 p.m. on 4.95 mcs., and from 7.30 to 10.00 p.m. on 3.48 mcs. although additional transmissions are conducted to cover special events of island-wide interest.

The Station is operated under a Committee of Management consisting of the following:—

The Director of Education, Chairman.  
 The Secretary for Social Welfare Services.  
 Sir Gilbert Wainwright, O.B.E.  
 Mr. Lindsay P. Downer, O.B.E.  
 Mr. Trevor Lyons.  
 The Engineer, Postal and Telegraphs Department.  
 The Station Manager, ZQI

Personnel in charge of the Station are:—

Mr. Denis M. Gick, Station Manager.  
 Mr. Archie Lindo, Assistant Station Manager.  
 Mr. G. A. Gauntlett, Engineer.  
 Mr. B. H. Brown, Assistant Engineer  
 Mr. M. E. Haughton, Second Assistant Engineer.  
 Mrs. E. Hylton, Stenographer. (Acting)

## CENTRAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS

93 Hanover St., Kingston.

## ESTABLISHMENT

Name	Rank	Rate of Salary	Date of first Appointment
		£	
Royes, O. M. ..	Island Statistician	800 p.a.	18th Sept., 1922
Morais, A. I. ..	Assistant Statistician	650 p.a.	2nd Aug., 1940
Innerarity, E. C. T. ..	Senior Clerk	600 p.a.	1st April, 1932
Crosskill, V. L. ..	Female Clerk Grade I	350 p.a.	18th Oct., 1933
Lampart, E. M. St. C. ..	1st Class Clerk	350-25-475	7th May, 1936
Woodstock, H. V. ..	Second Clerk	225-20-325	24th Nov., 1943
Davidson, B.C. ..	ditto	ditto	
Lawrey, S. ..	Female Clerk Grade II	ditto	5th Nov., 1946
Lawe, Enid Lorretta ..	Female Clerk Grade III	120-15-150	1st April, 1946
		165-15-310	
Chin, Leila M. ..	ditto	ditto	1st Apr., 1946
Robotham, Uriel ..	Third Class Clerk	ditto	3rd June, 1947
Heron, L. C. ..	Machine Supervisor	£6 5/- p.w.	19th Nov., 1945
Cover-Ramsay, Ivy May ..	Machine Operator	4 17/6 p.w.	1st Nov., 1945
Keating, George ..	ditto	4 10/- p.w.	1st Nov., 1945
Chung-Alloy, L. A. ..	ditto	4 2/6 p.w.	12th Nov., 1945
Hamilton, David ..	ditto	2 5/- p.w.	1st Jan., 1947
Strawe, C. ..	Temp. Clerk	£3 p.w.	1st Sept., 1947
Melville, I. ..	ditto	2 6/- p.w.	18th March, 1948

## CENTRAL HOUSING AUTHORITY

The Central Housing Authority is appointed under the powers given by the Slum Clearance Law.

It consists of:

The Town Planning Adviser (Chairman)

The Director of Public Works

The Crown Solicitor

Hon. Sir Harold Allan, KT., O.B.E.

F. A. Pixley,

Miss I. R. Collins,

Mr. N. C. Lewis,

Hon. W. A. Bustamante, M.H.R.

His Worship the Mayor of the Corporate Area.

The Staff of the Central Housing Authority consists of the following:—

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
		£	
Manager ..	Bird, E. N., M.B.E.	1,000	16.10.1918
Chief Engineer ..	H. S. Brownlow, A.M.I.	1,000	14.9.1920
	Const. E.		
Asst. Manager (Assgd.) ..	G. W. Gregory	700-800	1.1.1930
Accountant ..	W. B. Campbell, A.L.	600-700	3.7.1928
	A.A., A.C.C.S.		
Senior Clerk ..	P. C. Whitbourne	500-600	1.10.1929
Ditto	W. C. Jervis, A.C.C.S.,	500-600	1.2.1938
	F. C. I.		

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE CENTRAL HOUSING AUTHORITY, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emoluments	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Housing Surveyor (Actg.)	E. deC. Penso A.M.I.C.E.	£ 550-650	—
Building Supervisor (Actg.)	J. C. Taylor	550-650	1.12.1944
Asst. Building Supervisor (Actg.)	N. B. Sanguinetti	450-550	1.4.1943
First Class Clerk	E. R. Miller	350-25-475	3.2.1938
Ditto	V. I. C. Levy	Ditto	1.5.1936
Ditto	E. M. Brown	Ditto	23.2.1929
Ditto	C. H. Barber	Ditto	—
Second Class Clerk	R. H. Alexander	225-20-325	1.4.1943
Ditto	W. D. Marsh	Ditto	25.3.1944
Ditto	F. A. Douce	Ditto	31.3.1945
Ditto	C. A. Steadman	Ditto	17.1.1949
(Actg.)			
Ditto	N. A. Sturridge	Ditto	14.4.1945
Housing Officer, Grade I	Vacant	350-450	—
Housing Officer, Grade II	L. C. McKenzie	225-20-325	1.4.1943
Ditto	V. C. Carey	Ditto	1.11.1944
Ditto (Actg.)	A. A. Fuller	Ditto	—
Ditto (Temp.)	C. L. McPherson	Ditto	23.6.1949
	A.M.I.E.T.		
Third Class Clerk	H. W. Polack	120-15-150 } 165-15-210 }	11.1.1949
Ditto	R. C. Fisher	Ditto	3.2.1949
Ditto (Temp.)	K. L. Derby	Ditto	—
Ditto (Temp.)	F. C. Little	Ditto	—
Ditto (Temp.)	W. L. Jervis	Ditto	—
Female Clerk, Grade II	E. V. Boothe	225-20-325	22.2.1943
Ditto	C. S. Francis	Ditto	19.2.1942
Female Clerk, Grade III	S. L. Channer	120-15-210	1.4.1946
Ditto	M. Bennett	120-15-210	1.4.1946
Ditto	P. C. E. McGregor	Ditto	1.11.1945
Ditto	G. Cotterell	Ditto	26.8.1944
Ditto (Acting)	H. Saunders	Ditto	—
Ditto	I. Thompson	Ditto	3.6.1947
Ditto	B. M. Grant	Ditto	1.3.1948
Telephone Operator	F. Magnus	117-143	16.6.1948
Storekeeper	V. A. Oxford	500-600	23.5.1928
House Prop. Manager (Actg.)	W. Hewitt	350-450	July, 1937
Asst. Building, Supr. Grade I	O. I. Hamilton	450-550	16.10.1944
Asst. Building Supr., Grade II	S. J. Beek	350-450	1.1.1942
Ditto	M. C. Moore	350-450	1.1.1942
Sup. Works Overseer	E. E. Joseph	450	1.12.1945
Works Overseer	H. B. Jones	250-350	9.10.1944
Ditto	S. G. Wellington	250-350	15.11.1944
Ditto	C. M. Agnant	250-350	26.3.1945
Ditto	P. A. Stiebel	250-350	1.8.1946
Ditto	H. G. East	250-350	1.8.1946
Ditto	A. C. Rose	250-350	1.6.1947
Ditto	P. H. Jacobs	250-350	16.6.1947
Ditto	J. H. Christian	250-350	1.8.1948
Ditto	C. A. Brammer	250-350	1.8.1948
Ditto	R. S. Taylor	250-350	18.10.1947
Ditto	G. S. Reynolds	250-350	18.10.1947
Ditto	A. D. Parris	250-350	1.10.1949
Ditto (Temp.)	W. B. Murray	250-300	—

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE CENTRAL HOUSING AUTHORITY, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Unestablished Draughtsman Grade II	A. W. Guy	£ 225-325	1.3.1946
Asst. Unestablished Draughtsman, Grade III	G. A. Miller	156-234	9.12.1946
Ditto .. (Temp.)	L. O. Bewry	156	—
Unestablished Female Clerks Grade I	S. K. McKay	195-312	21.2.1939
Ditto ..	I. Morrison	195-312	24.11.1948
Accounting Clerk ..	R. T. Groves	225-325	1.4.1948
Ditto ..	LeF. Simms	225-325	10.2.1947
Ditto ..	J. B. Sanguinetti	225-325	1.4.1948
Unestablished Clerk Grade I	E. Whonder	195-312	1.4.1948
Ditto Grade II (Ag.)	E. Lewis	104	—
Ditto ..	O. N. Bernal	104-182	17.1.1949
Ditto ..	L. Ayton	104-182	2.11.1936
Clerical Asst. Fem. Grade I	E. E. Sequeira	195-312	15.2.1945
Ditto ..	E. L. Miller	195-312	23.6.1947
Clerical Asst. Fem. Grade II	M. Munroe	120-210	1.7.1949
Ditto ..	A. Lyle	120-210	13.2.1948

## TEMPORARY ESTABLISHMENT OF TOWN PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Town Planning Officer ..	D. W. Spreull, A.R.I.B.A.	£ £1,100	—
Temp. Planning Officer (Ag.)	W. L. Adams	650	<i>On Secondment from C.H.A.</i>
Temp. Junior Planning Officer	L. R. Lorne	234	<i>On Secondment from C.H.A.</i>
Draughtsman ..	M. O. Austin	..	<i>On Secondment from Survey Dept.</i>
Ditto ..	V. L. Theobalds	..	<i>On Secondment from Water Commission.</i>
Secretary ..	M. B. Philips	312	<i>On Secondment from Currency Dept.</i>

## DEPARTMENT OF THE GOVERNMENT CHEMIST

(GOVERNMENT LABORATORY, HOPE, KINGSTON P.O.)

The Department dates from 1870 when Sir J. P. Grant instituted the Department of the Island Chemist under the direction of Mr. J. J. Bowery, F.C.S., F.I.C., for the purposes of carrying out chemical analyses under the various Laws of the Colony. From 1898-1899 Mr. Francis Watts, F.I.C., occupied the position of Government Chemist and he was succeeded in 1900 by Mr. H. H. Cousins, M. A., F.C.S., who was given the title of Island and Agricultural Chemist. In 1908 the Government Laboratory,

the Department of Public Gardens and Plantations and the Experiment Station were amalgamated to form the Department of Agriculture and Mr. Cousins was appointed Island Chemist and Director of Agriculture. This change necessitated Mr. Cousins removing to another Office and the Chemical Laboratories were put under the charge of Mr. R. Simmons, A.I.C., who was appointed Deputy Island Chemist. In 1922 Mr. W. L. Barnett, M.A., B.Sc., F.I.C., succeeded Mr. Simmons as Deputy Island Chemist, and thereafter all the chemical and agricultural analytical work was carried out under his directions.

An Agricultural Chemical Laboratory was built at Hope in 1932 and an Agricultural Chemist was appointed to relieve the Deputy Island Chemist of the agricultural work and to enable more time to be devoted to forensic work for the Police and Medical Departments and chemical work for other Government Departments.

In 1939 the title of Deputy Island Chemist was changed to Government Chemist in order to bring Jamaica into line with other Colonies in accordance with the unification of the Colonial Chemical Service.

On 1st April, 1943, the Government Chemist's, was made a separate Department although continuing to occupy the old Government Laboratory building at Hope.

#### FUNCTIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT

The scope of the work of the Government Chemist is extremely wide since in addition to such duties as are performed by a Public Analyst there is a great deal of forensic work for the Police and Medical Department in addition to analytical and advisory work for the Judicial, Customs, Agricultural and other Government Departments. As there are no private consulting Chemist or Chemical Engineers in Jamaica, a variety of problems and analyses are submitted by individuals and firms requiring advice or special investigations.

Analyses for Government Departments and in the general interest of the public are carried out free of cost. For work done for firms and private individuals fees are payable in accordance with a schedule approved by the Governor in Privy Council. Stamp duty is payable at the rate of two shillings per Certificate.

The Government Chemist is the Official Analyst under the Fertilizers and Feeding Stuffs Law, Law 26 of 1942, and under the Public Health Law, Chapter 71 and also under the Food and Drugs Law, Chapter 72. He also operates under the Excise Duty Law, the Drugs and Poisons Law, the Rum Duty Law and under various other Laws.

The Government Chemist is a member of the Customs Tariff Board and also a member of the Food Yeast Committee.

Patent specifications are examined by the Government Chemist in cases where chemical, physical or chemico-physical principles are involved.

The greater portion of the work in the Laboratory is done for the Police Department being of a forensic character and comprising toxicological analyses of human viscera for poisons, also foods, waters, vomits, stomach contents and washings, examination of a variety of articles submitted in cases of murder such as firearms, bullets, cartridges, clothing, weapons of all kinds, particles of dust, etc. Cases of obeah, housebreaking and larceny, arson, robbery, manslaughter, fraud, malicious damage, river pollution, forgery of documents, etc., involve a large amount of time and frequently necessitate the devising and carrying out of a variety of experiments the results of which may be demonstrated in Court either by the production of exhibits or by means of photomicrographs or other devices. Work done for the Customs Department comprises the examination of dutiable goods of variable composition and the determination of the spirit content of alcoholic liquors exported to determine the amount of drawback.

In addition to the technical work there is a small factory where insecticides and fungicides are manufactured for agricultural and horticultural purposes and these are sold to the public at cost price.

About ten tons of arsenite of soda and about fifteen tons of paranaph are sold annually to registered owners of dipping tanks for dipping cattle to free them from ticks. Carbon Bisulphide is retailed for killing weevils in corn.

Standard solutions and chemicals are prepared for testing the strength of cattle dip and also for use in sugar and rum factories.

## ESTABLISHMENT OF THE GOVERNMENT CHEMIST, (contd.)

Office	Name of Holder	Salary	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Government Chemist	W. L. Barnett, M.A., B.Sc. (Hons.), F.R.I.C.	£ 1,000	14th Nov., 1922
Deputy Government Chemist	N. Kirby, B.Sc., A.R.I.C.	750	—
Assistant to the Government Chemist	N.O. Walsh, B.Sc., (Agric) Tor.	500-25-600	1st Dec., 1945
Chemical Assistant Grade I	E. K. P. Blake	350-25-450	1st Aug., 1930
Ditto	R. E. Swaby	Ditto	9th Aug., 1943
Chemical Assistant Grade II	E. R. Tomlinson	225-20-325	1st Dec., 1938
Ditto	K. E. deCasseres	Ditto	9th June, 1941
Chemical Assistant Grade III	G. E. St. J. Morgan	120-15-210	2nd Aug., 1946
Ditto	M. Ramsay	Ditto	1st Nov., 1946
Ditto	T. B. Marks	Ditto	5th Sept., 1949
Second Class Clerk	T. P. Sawers	225-20-325	14th Mar., 1939
Female Clerk Grade III	Miss H. J. Robinson	120-15-210	14th June, 1943
Female Clerk do.	Miss N. K. Scott	Ditto	1st July, 1947

## SCALE OF FEES

*Payable into the Public Treasury*

	£	s.	d.
Acid of electrolytes, from 10/6 to .. .. .	1	1	0
Agricultural limes and marls, CaCO <sub>3</sub> only .. .. .	0	5	0
Agricultural limes and marls, complete analysis .. .. .	0	10	6
Alcoholic liquors, strength only .. .. .	0	5	0
Ashes of plants for use as fertilisers, complete .. .. .	1	1	0
Ashes of plants, Potash and Phosphoric Acid only .. .. .	0	10	0
Barks and Tannin materials, for tannin content .. .. .	1	1	0
Bay Rums and liquid perfumes, from 10/6 to .. .. .	1	1	0
Butter, moisture, fat and salt .. .. .	0	10	6
Butter, complete analysis .. .. .	1	1	0
Cane Juices, sucrose only .. .. .	0	4	0
Cane Juice, complete analysis .. .. .	0	10	6
Citrus Juices, and fruits for citric acid .. .. .	0	5	0
Coals, for ash, moisture, sulphur, carbon and volatile .. .. .	1	1	0
Condensed Milks, for fat only .. .. .	0	7	0
Condensed Milks, complete analysis .. .. .	1	1	0
Copra, oil only .. .. .	0	7	0
Copra, complete analysis .. .. .	1	1	0
Drugs for B.P. specification purposes, simple .. .. .	0	10	6
Drugs, both crude and complex for assay .. .. .	1	1	0
Essential Oils, native manufacture .. .. .	0	5	0
Essential Oils, imported .. .. .	0	10	6
Essences and Oils for use in making Alcoholic liquor .. .. .	2	2	0
Feeding Stuffs, per constituent .. .. .	0	5	0
Fertilisers, per constituent .. .. .	0	5	0
Foods for preservatives .. .. .	0	7	0
Foods for prohibited colouring matters and poisons .. .. .	0	10	6
Fuel Oils, Flash point and Specific Gravity .. .. .	0	10	6
Gasoline, Kerosine and Turpentine, Flash point and S.G. .. .. .	0	10	6
Gasoline, Kerosine and Turpentine, complete .. .. .	1	1	0
Logwood and other dyewoods for dye content .. .. .	1	1	0
Honey, native for sugar content .. .. .	0	4	0
Honey, for detection of adulterants and quality .. .. .	1	1	0
Margarine and butter substitutes, moisture, fat and salt .. .. .	0	10	6

SCALE OF FEES, *contd.*

	£	s.	d.
Margarine and butter substitutes, complete analysis .. ..	1	1	0
Lubricating oils for Viscosity, S.G. and Flash point .. ..	1	1	0
Medicines, for check of prescription which must be sent with the sample .. ..	1	1	0
Milks, fresh, for Fat, S.G. and Total solids .. ..	0	2	0
Milks, fresh, for Fat, etc., for 2 or more samples submitted at the same time, per sample .. ..	0	1	0
Mineral Waters, manufactured .. ..	1	1	0
Molasses, polarisation only .. ..	0	4	0
Molasses, apparent purity and Brix .. ..	0	10	6
Minerals and Ores, per constituent determined .. ..	0	10	6
Metals and Alloys, ferrous, per constituent .. ..	0	5	0
Metals and Alloys, non-ferrous, per constituent .. ..	0	6	0
Oils, Edible, of native manufacture .. ..	0	10	6
Oils, Edible, imported .. ..	1	1	0
Pimento leaves and berries for oil content .. ..	0	0	6
Pimento leaves for oil content and test of oil .. ..	1	1	0
Paints, Oil, pigment and fillers .. ..	1	1	0
Rum, strength, acidity and ethers .. ..	0	10	6
Rum, complete analysis .. ..	1	1	0
Soaps, complete analysis .. ..	1	1	0
Soils (a) mechanical analysis .. ..	0	10	6
(b) Nitrogen; potash, Phos. Acid; Humus; Lime requirement at 5/- per factor .. ..	1	10	0
(c) Fertility analysis, available Potash and Phos. Acid at 7/- per factor .. ..	0	14	0
Complete analysis as (a) (b) and (c) .. ..	2	12	6
Saccharine in foods and beverages .. ..	0	10	6
Sugars, polariscope test per single sample .. ..	0	4	0
Sugars, polariscope test 5 samples or more half price .. ..			
Salinity of irrigation waters, and soils .. ..	0	4	0
Viscera of animals for poisons .. ..	1	11	6
Waters, Boiler feed for hardness only .. ..	0	4	0
Waters, Boiler feed for Ca. Mg, Cl, SO <sup>4</sup> and hardness .. ..	1	0	0
Waters for domestic purposes .. ..	1	1	0
Waters complete mineral analysis .. ..	2	12	6
Waters, Mineral for complete analysis and Radio-activity .. ..	10	10	0
Waters, for detection of poisonous substances .. ..	0	4	0
Miscellaneous analyses of Trade articles, not enumerated in the above schedule from 10/6 to .. ..	5	5	0

## ANALYSIS OF GENERAL INTEREST ARE CARRIED OUT FREE OF CHARGE

Certificates of analysis of samples submitted by the public are issued on condition that such certificates are not to be used in any way for the purposes of advertisement.

All fees for analysis must be prepaid, and should accompany the samples.

Stamp Duty of two shillings per certificate is also payable in advance.

All samples of liquids should measure at least one pint, with the exception of water samples, when special sampling bottles are supplied on application to the Laboratory.

Samples of solid substances should weigh not less than 8 ounces, except in special circumstances.

Approved by the Governor in Privy Council on the 24th November, 1932.



## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRIES

WEST END, KINGSTON

The Department of Commerce and Industries deals with the following matters:—

- (1) advising Government in matters of trade and marketing,
- (2) co-ordinating and supervising of existing export trades and industries which are in need of or lend themselves to co-ordination;
- (3) marketing certain export crops which are under Government control;
- (4) marketing certain local products for local consumption,
- (5) seeking new outlets for existing crops and exploring and developing outlets for new ones,
- (6) expanding the London marketing office and other similar marketing offices, should they be found necessary;
- (7) Assisting in the local participation of overseas exhibition and general advertising of Jamaica commodities;
- (8) undertaking general experimental work in the cold storage and preservation of various commodities

## ESTABLISHMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Commissioner of Commerce and Industries	D. C. Ferguson, B.Sc. (Botany)	£ 1,400*	1st Sept., 1944
Deputy Commissioner of Commerce and Industries	E. A. Maynier, B.Sc. (Econ.)	1,000*	23rd Oct., 1944
Actg. Temporary Assistant Commissioner of Commerce and Industries	V. C. Smith, A.L.A.A.	600-50-700	13th Feb., 1939
Banana Experimental Officer	H. J. Shepherd	1,348	18th July, 1949
Canning Officer	F. G. Conaty, B.Sc., A.R.I.C.	(a) (b) (c) 1,000*	11th Mar., 1947
Assistant Banana Experimental Officer	J. E. Robinson	1,065	1st Nov., 1947
Senior Marketing Officer	R. C. Bridge	(a) (b) (c) 650-50-750*	27th. Mar., 1935
Accountant	A. C. Carter	600-25-650	1st Feb., 1939
Senior Clerk	F. A. L. Laing (e)	500-25-600	1st Mar., 1926
Marketing Officer, Grade I	R. H. Black*	450-25-600*	5th July, 1937
Ditto	B. D. Kelly* (d)	" (d)	15th July, 1939
Actg. Ditto	B. J. Stephenson	450-25-600	16th Feb., 1942
Ditto Grade II	K. J. Spicer	350-25-475	23rd Jan., 1939
Ditto	O. R. Evans	"	2nd May, 1941
Ditto	E. O. Polack	"	3rd April 1940
Ditto	G. A. McKenzie	"	1st Aug., 1947
Ditto Grade III	E. F. Francis	225-20-325	1st Dec., 1941
Ditto	A. C. Cunningham	"	1st Jan., 1943
Actg. Senior Clerk	R. V. Irvine	500-25-600	7th Nov., 1938
First Class Clerk	S. A. Moore	350-25-475	13th July 1938
Actg. Ditto	H. E. Moore	350-25-475	25th May, 1940

\* With travelling expenses

(a) Personal Allowance.

(b) Foreign Service Allowance.

(c) Duty Allowance.

(d) Seconded to the Salt Industry Board, Turks Island since 17th July, 1947.

(e) Seconded to Sugar Industry Labour Welfare Board since 1st May, 1949.

ESTABLISHMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRIES, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first appointment to Public Service
Actg. First Class Clerk	J. M. Campbell	£350-25-475	2nd Jan., 1940
Second Class Clerk	K. M. Lloyd	£225-20-325	7th Oct., 1942
Ditto	H. J. Hardy-Henry	Ditto	23rd Oct., 1944
Ditto	Vacant		
Third Class Clerk	M. H. Brown	£120-15-210	1st April, 1946
Female Clerk Grade I	Miss P. Walcott	£350	29th Sept., 1941
Ditto	Miss U. Foster Davis	£350	1st July, 1927
Female Clerk Grade II	Mrs. L. R. Hamilton	£225-20-325	1st July, 1938
Ditto	Miss R. O. Kean	Ditto	27th July, 1942
Female Clerk Grade III	Miss C. Miller	£120-15-210	15th Mar., 1943
Ditto	Miss U. M. Phillips	Ditto	4th Aug., 1942
Ditto	Miss K. Johnson	Ditto	1st July, 1947
Ditto	Miss M. O. Garsia	Ditto	29th May, 1947
Refrigerating and Electrical Engineer	A. J. McDowell	£450-25-550	12th Feb., 1935
Chief Inspector of Produce	T. V. Thompson	£800*	1st May, 1937
Inspector of Produce	H. B. Monteith	£600*	1st July, 1929
Ditto	L. H. Bicknell	£600*	2nd Jan., 1940
Ditto	A. M. Douet (f)	£600*	1st July, 1929
Actg. Ditto	L. R. Mitchell	£600*	12th June, 1939
Inspector of Produce Grade II	S. H. Baugh	£350-25-450*	11th Mar., 1940
Ditto	G. B. Grant	Ditto	10th June, 1938
Ditto	S. M. Stewart	Ditto	1st July, 1939
Ditto	H. McNamee	Ditto	29th April, 1940
Ditto	L. M. Wright	Ditto	27th May, 1940
Ditto	C. B. Dixon	Ditto	5th July, 1943

\* With travelling expenses.

(f) Seconded to the Banana Purchases Board since 1st Jan., 1945

## CROWN SOLICITOR'S DEPARTMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Crown Solicitor	C. C. Sandford (Actg.)	£1,200	
Assistant Crown Solicitor	M. A. M. Burke*	£700	20.8.40
Clerk to Crown Solicitor	Vacant	£600	
Female Clerk Grade I	Miss I. G. Edwards	£350	1.7.27
Female Clerk Grade II	Miss S. A. Mills	£225-20-325	15.7.40
Ditto	Miss O. R. Bailey	Ditto	1.2.43
Female Clerk Grade III	Miss G. Kerr	£120-15-210	1.4.46
Ditto	Miss P. McMillan	Ditto	28.2.48

\* Acting as Registrar, Supreme Court.

## ESTABLISHMENT OF CURRENCY DEPARTMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Currency Officer	L. J. MacPherson	£ 700-50	15th April, 1912
Deputy Currency Officer	H. B. Cole	800 (p.a.) *	21st Aug., 1922
Asst. Currency Officer	Miss E. M. Sanguinetti	600-25-650	17th Sept., 1917
Female Clerk, Grade II	Miss C. E. Phillips	350	27th July, 1943
Currency Clerk	Miss C. T. Barnett	225-20-325	10th Aug., 1944
Ditto	Miss J. A. Beckno	120-15-210	20th June, 1945
Ditto	Miss G. E. Tomlinson	Ditto	12th Nov., 1945
Ditto	Miss H. M. Thompson	Ditto	16th Dec., 1946

\* Personal Allowance

## EDUCATION

(116 East Street, Kingston.)

## ESTABLISHMENT OF THE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Director of Education	H. Houghton, M.A.	£1,400	1st May, 1946
Deputy Director of Education	G. V. Helwig, Ph.D.	£1,000	1st March, 1938
Assistant Director of Education	W. D. Hetherington, M.A.	£750	11th May, 1937
Chief Inspector	Vacant		
Ditto	G. H. R. Clough, M.A.	£675	3rd Sept., 1939
Inspector of Schools	G. K. Roberts	£650	9th Aug., 1933
Ditto	E. C. M. Theobalds, B.A.*	£650	15th March, 1937
Ditto	V. C. Cuthbert, B.A.	£650	2nd Jany., 1939
Ditto	J. N. Jones, B. A.	£650	1st May, 1937
Ditto	A. A. Thompson, B.A. †	£600	16th April, 1945
Ditto	Vac.		
Assistant Inspector of Schools	J. H. Loftman	£500	1st Aug., 1938
Ditto	J. A. Woodstock	£500	1st Aug., 1938
Ditto	C. S. Morrison	£500	1st Oct., 1938
Ditto	E. B. Johnson	£500	1st Nov., 1940
Ditto	G. J. Holness	£500	1st Aug., 1943
Ditto	J. N. Bair	£500	1st Oct., 1943
Ditto	Q. N. Thomas	£500	1st Feby., 1941
Ditto	L. J. Donaldson	£475	1st Sept., 1945
Ditto	V. C. Robotham	£475	1st Nov., 1948
Ditto	R. F. Morris	£475	1st March, 1946
Ditto	S. E. Edmondson	£475	1st March, 1946
Ditto	A. A. Grant	£450	1st January, 1947
Ditto	S. E. Buck	£425	1st Jan., 1948
Ditto	R. S. Stewart	£425	1st March 1948
Supervisor, Physical Training (Male)	H. L. Harper	£500	1st Oct., 1947

\* Seconded to St. Vincent

† Seconded to U. N. O.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Supervisor, Physical Training (Female)	Mrs. M. Clough	£450	11th Nov., 1948
Supervisor Grade I	W. T. Domville	£575	1st Oct., 1947
Ditto	Mrs. R. W. Meredith	£500	2nd Jan., 1935
Ditto	Miss D. Campbell	£525	14th April, 1947
Supervisor Grade II	H. C. Anglin	£500	1st Sept., 1944
Ditto	W. S. Jones	£475	1st Jan., 1939
Ditto	Mrs. H. H. Webster	£500	5th Feby., 1945
Ditto	Miss D. L. Morant	£475	1st May, 1945
Inspector of Homecraft	Mrs. E. Hicks	£280	22nd June, 1936
Ditto	Miss E. DeLisser	£280	1st May, 1928
Ditto	Miss A. E. Harrison	£280	1st June, 1945
Supervisor, Practical Training Centres	Vac.	600-25-650	
Executive Secretary Children's Authority	E. B. Rodgers	£800	1st Jany., 1916
Superintendent, Practical Training Centres (Male)	J. L. Thompson	£450	1st Jany., 1939
Ditto	F. R. Ricketts	£450	7th Sept., 1940
Ditto	J. M. Coke	£425	1st April, 1940
Ditto (Female)	Miss F. E. Foster-Davis	£400	1st Oct., 1913
Accountant	L. M. Kirkpatrick	£650	25th Oct., 1915
Principal Clerk	A. C. Thomas	£650	2nd April, 1918
Senior Clerk	O. H. Goldson	£525	13th July, 1936
Ditto	R. L. Charlton	£600	25th Jany., 1921
First Class Clerk	N. A. Pomier	£475	5th Nov., 1921
Ditto	P. Ogle	£475	1st April, 1943
Ditto	C. A. Thompson	£450	14th Jan., 1928
Ditto	C. T. Cameron	£375	1st, Nov., 1937
Second Class Clerk	L. E. Magnus	£305	4th Nov., 1939
Ditto	L. A. Curtis	£305	11th Nov., 1941
Ditto	C. H. G. Allison	£305	2nd Jany., 1940
Ditto	V. H. Bell	£285	2nd Aug., 1942
Ditto	S. H. O. Williams	£265	12th Nov., 1943
Ditto	C. R. Miller	£245	20th Nov., 1943
Third Class Clerk	N. I. Campbell	£150	1st April, 1946
Ditto	A. S. Byfield	£150	1st April, 1946
Ditto	C. A. Turner	£150	1st April, 1946
Ditto	A. N. Leslie	£135	1st March, 1948
Ditto	F. C. Martin	£135	24th March, 1948
Ditto	I. F. S. Bailey	£135	12th Mar., 1948
Ditto	M. Derby	£120	16th Sept., 1948
Ditto	A. Stewart	£120	23rd Sept., 1948
Female Clerk Grade I	Miss D. Gray	£350	15th June, 1927
Female Clerk Grade II	Miss T. J. Limonius	£325	1st Oct., 1938
Ditto	Miss X. H. Ellington	£245	12th April, 1943
Female Clerk Grade III	Miss M. Ffrench	£180	17th Nov., 1943
Ditto	Miss C. H. Howell	£165	16th Jany., 1945
Ditto	Miss L. M. Stephenson	£150	1st April, 1946
Ditto	Miss J. E. Strachan	£135	30th May, 1947
Ditto	Mrs. L. Murray	£150	1st Nov., 1948
Ditto	Miss C. E. King	£135	6th June, 1947

## FINANCE BOARD

78 Harbour Street, Kingston. — Telephone 4038.

## (JAMAICA DEFENCE FINANCE BOARD)

(APPOINTED under the Jamaica Defence (Finance) Regulations, 1942)

Mr. Geoffery Hargreaves, O.B.E., (*Chairman*); Mr. H. F. V. Tame, (*Deputy Chairman*); Mr. John Findlay, M.C., Mr. F.D. MacPhail, Hon. G. G. R. Sharp, O.B.E., Mr. W.M. Fraser, I.S.O., The *Secretary* is Mr. Allan Taylor (*Actg.*)

The Board is assisted by a Staff.

## FOREST DEPARTMENT

The Forest Department was constituted an independent Department in December, 1942 having previously been a Branch of the Lands Department (1937-38) and Division of the Agricultural Department (1938-42).

The Department is charged with the management of the forest estate of the Government, which comprises 62 Forest Reserves, totalling 232,000 acres, and constituted under the Forest Law, Cap. 338. These Reserves are patrolled regularly by a staff of Forest Rangers, responsible for the maintenance of boundaries, roads, forest huts, etc. Timber and other forest produce having a market value of approximately £30,000 per annum is cut from mature trees on Crown Lands by licencees operating under the Forest Rules. The Reserves also serve to protect major water supplies and provide other indirect benefits in the prevention of landslides and erosion, and the mitigation of drought and flood conditions. The protection of birds and other wild life, and the provision of recreational facilities are also functions of the Reserves.

The following table indicates in acres the distribution of Forest Reserves and private forest land throughout the island.

Parish	Forest Reserve	Protected Area	Private woodlands			Grand Total
			Used as Pasture	Other	Total Private woodlands	
St. Andrew	15,561	1,182	2,250	7,100	9,350	26,093
St. Thomas	28,488	1,856	7,087	11,920	19,407	49,351
Portland	66,995	—	2,192	7,340	9,532	76,527
St. Mary	2,003	..	2,080	4,980	7,060	9,063
St. Ann	30,999	..	6,244	27,000	33,244	64,243
Trelawny	49,404	..	6,110	33,810	39,920	89,324
St. James	10,293	..	4,710	20,980	25,690	35,983
Hanover	51	..	3,990	9,760	13,750	13,801
Westmoreland	1,231	..	10,480	13,070	23,550	24,781
St. Elizabeth	8,081	..	11,450	23,510	34,960	43,041
Manchester	548	..	8,690	14,170	22,860	23,408
Clarendon	4,207	..	9,790	26,660	36,450	40,657
St. Catherine	14,139	..	6,350	24,950	31,300	45,439
Total	232,000	3,038	81,483	225,250	306,673	541,711

The Department has been largely expanded in order to undertake afforestation work financed by Colonial Development and Welfare Funds. The present programme which is now being merged into the Ten Year Plan, is due to be completed in 1951, and calls for the afforestation of 45,000 acres of land with economic timber trees suitable for constructional purposes, the programme also includes research on afforestation and timber utilisation problems, etc., land acquisition, surveys, construction of buildings and bridle roads, training of staff. Advice and planting materials are provided for private land-owners and other government departments.

FOREST DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

## ESTABLISHMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Conservator of Forests	E. W. March, M.A.	£1,100 (c)	
Asst. Conservator of Forests	E. M. Brown	600-50-750 (c)	1st January, 1922
Junior Asst. Conservator of Forests	L. V. Burns B.A. (Hons) Oxon	450-25-600 (c)	25th Aug., 1937
Forest Settlement Officer	W. A. P. Snaith	450-25-600 (c)	1st April 1943
District Supervisor	H. H. Henry	350-25-450 (c)	1st Dec., 1937
Ditto	T. B. Scott	do (c)	1st Sept. 1939
Ditto	J. H. Sparkes	do (c)	1st Dec. 1937
First Class Clerk	G. I. Dundas	350-25-475	18th Nov 1935
Second Class Clerk	N. E. Grant	225-20-325	15th Jan. 1934
Ditto	K. L. Mc Morris	do	5th Jan. 1943
Third Class Clerk	K. D. Henriques	{ 120-15-150 } { 165-15-210 }	19th Feb. 1943 19th Jan. 1949
Ditto	C. E. Facey	do	24th Oct., 1946
Female Clerk, Grade II	Miss E. M. Lawrence	225-20-325	8th June, 1936
Female Clerk, Grade III	Miss L. P. E. Mullins	120-15-150 } 165-15-210 }	25th Jan., 1944
Ditto	Miss D. R. Douglas	do	2nd Oct., 1944
Forest Ranger, Grade I	S. E. Ricketts	£225-20-325 (c)	24th July, 1939
Ditto	P. N. Tucker	Ditto (d)	14th Nov., 1938
Ditto	H. A. King	Ditto (d)	1st Nov., 1940
Ditto	N. B. Vickers	Ditto (d)	1st Dec., 1941
Ditto	C. G. Scott	Ditto (b)	4th Aug., 1942
Ditto	J. K. Fletcher	Ditto (d)	2nd Jan., 1940
Ditto	V. P. Ritchie	Ditto (d)	1st April, 1943
Ditto	R. C. King	Ditto (d)	1st April, 1942
Ditto	B. U. Leslie	Ditto (d)	1st May, 1944
Ditto	C. E. Johnson	Ditto (d)	3rd Jan., 1944
Forest Ranger, Grade II	V. B. Crump	£120-15-210 (d)	1st Feb., 1943
Ditto	A. G. Fletcher	Ditto (d)	4th Aug., 1941
Ditto	G. A. Morgan	Ditto (d)	27th Oct., 1941
Ditto	I. C. Williams	Ditto (d)	1st Jan., 1940
Ditto	L. M. Brimm	Ditto (d)	1st Feb., 1944
Ditto	A. A. Powell	Ditto (d)	1st May, 1944
Ditto	G. R. Scott	Ditto (d)	1st May, 1944
Ditto	W. A. Bradshaw	Ditto (d)	1st Feb., 1946
Ditto	H. L. Sinclair	Ditto (d)	1st July, 1944
Ditto	H. A. Bennett	Ditto (d)	1st March, 1945
Ditto	J. D. Baillie	Ditto (d)	1st May, 1946
Ditto	J. A. Dixon	Ditto (d)	6th Aug., 1947
Ditto	E. U. Bryan	Ditto (d)	1st Nov., 1946
Ditto	T. V. W. Bennett	Ditto (d)	1st March, 1948
Ditto	C. A. Melbourne	Ditto (d)	1st June, 1945
Ditto	A. O. Miller	Ditto (d)	1st Nov., 1944
Ditto	C. B. R. Higgins	Ditto (d)	1st Oct., 1948
Temporary Forest Ranger, Grade II	W. L. Boyne	£100-10-150 (d)	6th Dec., 1948
Ditto	D. F. Dyer	Ditto (d)	3rd Jan., 1949
Ditto	W. J. Knight	Ditto (d)	15th Jan., 1949
Ditto	J. A. McNab	Ditto (d)	22nd Aug., 1949
Ditto	K. C. Jones	Ditto (d)	1st Sept., 1949
Ditto	Vacant	Ditto	

(c) In receipt of travelling Allowance.

(d) Receives Motor Cycle Allowance.

(d) Receives Horse Allowance where necessary.

## HARBOURS

Establishment of the Harbour Master's Department (See also Chapter XV.)

Office	Name of Holder	Salary	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Marine Superintendent and Harbour Master, Kingston,	Pickering, Capt. B. H. (R of O)	£800 p.a.	1st Sept., 1939
Deputy Harbour Master, Green Island	McKenzie, H. V.	£6 p.a.	1st April, 1944
Unestablished Clerk Grade I	McCormack, Miss Lisa	75/-/7/6-120/- p.w.	13th Nov., 1940
Female Clerk Grade III	Newman, Miss D. G.	£120-£15-£150 } £165-£15-£210 }	28th Sept., 1942

## IMMIGRATION DEPARTMENT

(BRANCH OF POLICE DEPARTMENT)

59 Harbour Street, Kingston.

The Immigration Department was established in August, 1945 as a separate Department. As from 1st April, 1948, it became a Branch of the Police Department. It is responsible for controlling the entry of persons into Jamaica, the issue of British Passports, Permits under the Emigrants Protection Law, visas for other parts of the Empire, and for keeping the Central Register of Aliens and the register of Aliens living in Kingston and Port Royal.

Office	Name of Holder	Salary	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Superintendent	A. B. Harper	£700	10.5.33
Senior Clerk	L. T. Fox	£500-25-600	12.4.34
First Class Clerk	P. M. Neale *	£350-25-475	29.1.35
Second Class Clerk	R. A. Forrester	£225-20-325	3.6.40
Ditto	S. C. Dowding	£225-20-325	1.12.45
Female Clerk Grade III	B. E. Thompson	£120-15-150 } £165-15-210 }	1.4.46
Ditto	M. J. Latibeaudere	Ditto	1.4.46
Immigration Officers Grade II	J. B. Sutherland	£200-20-300	5.10.42
Ditto	S. G. Fray	Ditto	13.8.45
Ditto	W. B. Lewin	Ditto	27.8.45
Ditto	R. W. Harris	Ditto	29.9.46
Ditto	J. N. Chang	Ditto	4.8.47
Immigration Officers (Police)	Sgt. Donaldson (No. 981)	According to Police rates	
Ditto	Cpl. Goldson (No. 761)		
Ditto	Cpl. Hamilton (No. 1333)		
Ditto	Cpl. Williams (No. 1727)		
Ditto	Cpl. Carter (No. 104)		
Ditto	Cons. Uter (No. 1609)		
Ditto	Cons. Gallimore (No. 1518)		

\*Seconded to the Treasury.

## DEPARTMENT OF INCOME TAX AND STAMP DUTIES

## ESTABLISHMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emoluments	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Commissioner of Income Tax and Stamp Duties	E. S. Hendriks	£1,200	14th July, 1909
Deputy Commissioner of Income Tax and Stamp Duties	E. L. Munroe	900	26th June, 1922
Asst. Commissioner of Income Tax and Stamp Duties	H. G. Nosworthy, A.A.C.C.A.	700-50-800	1st Nov., 1929
Principal Assessor	G. E. Grosett	650-50-700	6th Nov., 1935
Ditto	C. C. Jones, A.A.C.C.A.	650-50-700	14th July, 1944
Assessor	E. H. Barnett	500-25-650	2nd Aug., 1924
Ditto	John McIntosh	Ditto	3rd Nov., 1926
Ditto	J. L. Balfour	Ditto	2nd April, 1928
Ditto	R. N. Smellie A.A.C.C.A.	Ditto	8th Oct., 1934
Ditto	P. A. Chevannes	Ditto	29th Aug., 1926
Ditto	S. M. Abrahams	Ditto	14th April, 1936
Asst. Assessor	Mrs. K. B. Sharpe	350-25-475	1st June, 1935
First Class Clerk	P. A. Thompson	Ditto	1st June, 1933
Ditto	L. G. Robinson, Barrister-at-Law	Ditto	1st June, 1937
Ditto	L. V. Dujon	Ditto	2nd Aug., 1938
Ditto	J. A. Hernandez	Ditto	2nd Sept., 1935
Ditto	C. L. Aikman	Ditto	4th May, 1937
Ditto	G. A. Brown, A.A.C.C.A.	Ditto	25th Nov., 1941
Ditto	H. V. Patterson	Ditto	4th Aug., 1939
Ditto	T. C. Dixon, A.A.C.C.A.	Ditto	4th Sept., 1939
Ditto	H. B. Bent	Ditto	7th Sept., 1937
Ditto	M. G. Martin	Ditto	3rd Jan., 1938
Ditto	L. G. Wint	Ditto	13th Sept., 1937
Second Class Clerk	K. G. Pinnock	225-20-325	2nd Feb., 1943
Ditto	C. A. Michael	Ditto	4th Dec., 1940
Ditto	K. L. Robertson	Ditto	2nd Aug., 1944
Ditto	J. U. Davis	Ditto	2nd Aug., 1944
Ditto	E. N. Robotham	Ditto	7th June, 1943
Ditto	D. A. Thomas	Ditto	11th Nov., 1940
Ditto	O. I. Nelson	Ditto	31st Dec., 1942
Ditto	G. G. Atkinson	Ditto	20th Dec., 1943
Ditto	D. H. C. McFarlane	Ditto	1st March, 1946
Ditto	L. O. Minott	Ditto	1st June, 1939
Ditto	O. W. McMillan	Ditto	4th March, 1940
Third Class Clerk	G. G. Neil	120-15-150 }	1st June, 1944
Ditto	K. P. Chaplin	165-15-210 }	19th June, 1944
Ditto	P. J. Duncan	Ditto	24th July, 1944
Ditto	S. B. Williams	Ditto	1st July, 1947
Ditto	J. F. R. Hart	Ditto	4th Feb., 1948
Ditto	R. D. Stimpson	Ditto	27th April, 1948
Ditto	G. R. Williams	Ditto	4th Feb., 1948
Ditto	V. A. Morris	Ditto	24th Oct., 1946
Ditto	H. G. Anderson	Ditto	1st July, 1946
Ditto	D. A. Correoso	Ditto	8th Oct., 1945
Ditto	Vacant		—



ESTABLISHMENT INCOME TAX AND STAMP DUTIES DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Female Clerk, Grade I	H. C. Bayley	£350	21st July, 1924
Female Clerks, Grade II	E. J. Campbell	225-20-325	7th July, 1941
Ditto	C. M. Barrett	Ditto	2nd Dec., 1941
Female Clerks, Grade III	L. A. Vickers	120-15-210	2nd Jan., 1941
Ditto	C. I. Spence	Ditto	1st Nov., 1944
Ditto	L. C. Betton	Ditto	12th Aug., 1946
Ditto	F. M. Mullings	Ditto	2nd June, 1947
Chairman, Income Tax Assessment Committee	H. M. Radcliffe, K.C.	£100 and Fees	—
Members of the Assessment Committees	Sir Gilbert Wainwright, O.B.E.	Fees	—
	C. R. Campbell, C.B.E.	Fees	—
	O. L. Samuel	Fees	—
	W. Scholefield	Fees	—

## ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE AND BOARD OF REFEREES

## Income Tax Assessment Committee

Mr. H. M. Radcliffe, K.C., Chairman  
 Commissioner of Income Tax and Stamp Duties Deputy Chairman  
 The Manager, Government Savings Bank  
 Sir Gilbert Wainwright, O.B.E.  
 Mr. C. R. Campbell, C.B.E.  
 Mr. O. L. Samuel  
 Mr. W. Scholefield

} Members

## Assessment Committee, Excess Profits Tax:

Commissioner of Income Tax and Stamp Duties (Chairman)  
 Deputy Commissioner of Income Tax and Stamp Duties  
 Mr. C. R. Campbell, C.B.E.  
 Mr. O. L. Samuel

## LABOUR DEPARTMENT

(110 East Street, Kingston)

The steady increase of unemployment throughout the island led Government in the year 1938 to realise the importance of a reliable appraisal of the extent of unemployment especially in the Corporate Area. On the 12th of September, 1938, an Unemployment Registration Bureau was set up under Mr. G. H. Scott, for the primary purpose of ascertaining the extent of unemployment in the Corporate Area, and its function was later extended to some of the country parishes.

When it became evident that there were many pressing labour problems outside the terms of reference of the Unemployment Registration Bureau which needed attention, a Labour Department was established on the 5th of June, 1939, and Mr. F. A. Norman, O.R.E. seconded from the Ministry of Labour, England, as Labour Adviser. The staff and duties of the Unemployment Registration Bureau were absorbed in the new Department, and the Kingston Employment Bureau established to deal specially with the registration and placement of the unemployed in the Corporate Area. Area offices were set up in the towns of Port Antonio, St. Ann's Bay, Montego Bay and Mandeville in 1940, and sub-branches were opened later in Port Maria, Falmouth, May Pen and Spanish Town, but all these country offices have been closed. The Statistical Branch, which was responsible for the compilation of labour statistics, was absorbed into the newly-established Central Bureau of Statistics in November, 1945, consequently the Labour Department continues to collect statistical information relating to only such aspects of labour matters as industrial disputes, industrial accidents, and wages in industries which may from time to time be subject to the review of Minimum Wage Advisory Boards.

The Department aims at the promotion and maintenance of amicable relationships between employers and workers by advising association of employers and trade unions in the light of the latest trends in industrial relations organisation and practice, by the regular inspection of factories in the interests of the health and safety of workers, and by the promotion and enforcement of minimum wage legislation.

It has also been responsible, since its inception, for the recruitment and despatch from the island of approximately 77,460 Jamaicans for service in Panama, in the United Kingdom in munitions factories, and the Royal Air Force, and in the United States of America in agriculture and industry. Work of this type does not begin with the selection of the workers and end with their departure from the island, as this Department is required to draft the necessary contracts in the light of the requirements of relevant International Labour Conventions, and the supervision of the welfare and interests of all emigrant workers under contract places a heavy responsibility on the Department.

## ESTABLISHMENT OF LABOUR DEPARTMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Labour Adviser	G. H. Scott	£ 1,300	5th Dec., 1910
Assistant Labour Adviser—Administration	C. G. Hill, A.M.I.P.M.	750-50-850	23rd Oct., 1922
Assistant Labour Adviser—Relief Works	C. D. Bell	750-50-850 and £50 allowance as Rehab. Officer	20th April, 1917
Labour Officer, Grade I	O. A. Thomson	475-25-550	9th Aug., 1939
Ditto	R. M. P. Johnstone	Ditto	30th Nov., 1940
Ditto	L. C. Edwards *	Ditto	1st June, 1929
Labour Officer, Grade II	A. V. Farmer	350-25-475	11th Nov., 1927
Ditto	A. W. Downie	Ditto	17th Sept., 1939
Ditto	G. A. Reid	Ditto	27th July, 1942
Labour Officer, Grade III	Mrs. T. E. King	225-20-325	16th Nov., 1946
Ditto	V. G. Saunders	Ditto	2nd April, 1946
First Class Clerk	V. S. Parker	350-25-475	1st April, 1939
Ditto	C. A. Woodstock (Acting)	Ditto	17th Oct., 1939
Second Class Clerk	N. A. Sasso	225-20-325	7th Oct., 1945
Ditto	L. C. Kitchin	Ditto	24th April, 1944

\* Seconded to the Government of Antigua—Mr. A. W. Downie, L. O., Gr. II acting.  
Mr. W. V. Sibbles, Acting vice Mr. Downie.

ESTABLISHMENT OF LABOUR DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Third Class Clerk	K. A. Thomas	£ 120-15-210	30th Jan., 1946
Ditto	R. O. Saunders	Ditto	15th Dec., 1947
Ditto	G. E. Eaton	Ditto	15th Jan., 1949
Female Clerk Grade I	Miss J. E. Burgess	350	2nd Jan., 1932
Female Clerk Grade II	Miss D. Whiteman	225-20-325	1st Nov., 1940
Ditto	Miss H. L. E. Chambers	Ditto	1st Aug., 1937
Ditto	Vacant	—	—
Female Clerk Grade III	Miss H. L. McMorris †	120-15-210	10th Dec., 1940
Ditto	Miss O. J. Earle	Ditto	18th Nov., 1942
Ditto	Miss B. M. Clark	Ditto	29th July, 1946
Ditto	Miss L. G. Smellie	Ditto	2nd Aug., 1946
Ditto	Miss V. C. Blair	Ditto	19th May, 1948
Unestablished Clerk Grade I	H. A. Ellis	75/-7/6-120/- p. w.	15th April, 1940
Ditto	I. N. Gough	Ditto	12th Sept., 1938
Grade II	Miss L. Perkins	40/-5/-75/- p. w.	1st Oct., 1946
Ditto	Miss H. Hepburn	Ditto	1st Dec., 1947
Ditto	Vacant	—	—
Telephone Operator	Miss C. Stultz	55/-5/-65/- p. w.	4th April, 1944

† Seconded to B.W.I. Central Labour Organisation—Miss F. M. Gayle, Acting.

## LANDS DEPARTMENT

In 1929 the Survey Department embarked on a scheme of purchasing a number of suitable properties in the more accessible areas for the purpose of settling the people on the land on easy terms. Over thirty properties were acquired, comprising approximately 15,000 acres, which were allotted to over 2,000 purchasers, and the settlers were allowed periods of five to seven years to complete payment.

In 1938 in order to expedite the work of land settlement, a separate Department was set up, known as the Lands Department, with a Commissioner of Lands at its head. At the outset, a sum of £650,000 was provided for the purchase, development and eventual settling of the people on the lands, and to date there are 186 settlements including ex-soldiers settlements, comprising an area of over 193,471 acres, and under the scheme to date 23,480 allotments have been made.

The present Scheme includes provision for such amenities as roads, water supplies, recreation centres, cemeteries, and a development programme combining agricultural development, co-operative housing, thrift clubs and savings unions, co-operative marketing and social welfare generally form the basis of the scheme.

Nearly all the settlements have their Land Settlement Associations and Women's Clubs and these organisations are a valuable means of establishing and fostering a communal spirit on the Settlements.

The Scheme on the whole has been well received by all classes of the community and the clamour still continues for more Land Settlements. In addition to the Land Settlement programme, the Department is also responsible for:—

- Administration of over 262,000 acres of Crown land together with all Government owned property in the Island;
- Valuation and acquisition of lands required by Government and for other public purposes;

- (c) Settlement of Ex-B.W.I.R. soldiers; (World War I)
- (d) Control and disposal of all holdings forfeited for non-payment of taxes;
- (e) Custody of all documents relating to Government property;
- (f) Administration of Twickenham Park Agricultural Centre. Twickenham Park is the only remaining Agricultural Centre as all the others have been converted into land settlements and Irwin handed over to the Department of Science and Agriculture for use as an Agricultural Station. The normal work of training and demonstrations was carried out. This farm plays a great part in the contribution to the various aspects of agricultural life; demonstrations with respect to new crops, experiments on behalf of the Agricultural Department, and trials in new technique in the production of food crops are numbered among the varied and extensive operations of the Centre.

(g) The administration of Food Production Tenancies and

(h) The settlement of Ex-Servicemen on land (World War II)

The Department contributed to the implementation of the Scheme for Rehabilitation of Ex-Servicemen of World War II. The general terms of this programme are—

- (i) The men to be allotted land up to the value of £150, of this amount 25% will be a grant and the remainder will be re-payable over 25 years.
- (ii) Assistance up to the value of £200 for building or purchasing houses on the allotment, of this amount 33½% will be a free grant and the remainder repayable over 25 years.
- (iii) A grant of £25 for purchase of small livestock.
- (iv) grant of £5 for purchase of tools.
- (v) A subsistence allowance of £1 per week for six months to those allotted unproductive holdings on Government Land Settlements or unproductive private holdings in a block of not less than twenty holdings, on condition that they personally perform work to the value of £1 during the week.

The Central Housing Authority has taken over the construction of all houses in connection with the Scheme; previously this Department carried out the building of houses on land settlements.

This Department undertakes repairs in connection with houses on holdings acquired by Private Purchase.

#### ESTABLISHMENT OF LANDS DEPARTMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Commissioner of Lands	A. F. Thelwell, O.B.E.	£1,400	11th Aug., 1913
Deputy Commissioner of Lands	D. C. Mais, M.M., F.I.A.C.	£1,000	5th Aug 1912
Asst. Commissioner of Lands	J. R. E. Elliott	£750-50-800	1st March, 1939
Ditto	N. R. McHardy	Ditto	10th Oct., 1933
Senior Lands Officer	C. H. Gray	£600-50-700	7th June, 1937
Ditto	J. T. Peterkin	Ditto	1st April, 1939
Accountant	A. J. Greenidge, A.C.C.A.	Ditto	7th April, 1931
Senior Clerk	S. N. Ingram	£500-25-600	26th April, 1922
Ditto	W. G. Parkinson	Ditto	Aug., 1925
First Class Clerk	R. T. Cousins*	£350-25-475	28th Nov., 1932
Ditto	L. H. C. Ferguson	Ditto	13th May, 1929
Ditto	J. G. Lammie	Ditto	1st Oct., 1928
Ditto	E. V. McMillan	Ditto	17th July, 1923
Ditto	H. M. Carson	£350-25-475 plus £150 allice.	6th July, 1935

\* Appointed Assistant Registrar of Co-operatives (£700-£50-£800) as from 1/1/50.

ESTABLISHMENT OF LANDS DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
First Class Clerk	N. A. Tomlinson	£350-25-475	10th Nov., 1934
Ditto	L. S. Bruce *	Ditto	8th Jan, 1947
Second Class Clerk	O. H. Murray	£225-20-325	10th July, 1939
Ditto	C. A. Woodstock, D.P.A.	Ditto	17th Oct., 1939
Ditto	O. H. Grant	Ditto	25th Apr., 1934
Ditto	J. A. Richards	Ditto	5th May, 1943
Ditto	W. S. Chang	Ditto	12th Aug., 1943
Ditto	E. R. Madden	Ditto	20th July, 1942
Ditto	B. J. Scott	Ditto	16th June, 1941
Ditto	I. M. Aiken	Ditto	27 May, 1940
Ditto	E. G. Goberdon	Ditto	18th May, 1943
Ditto	Y. L. Chang	Ditto	20th Sep., 1944
Ditto	M. B. C. Scott	Ditto	18th Feb., 1938
Ditto	P. A. Williams	Ditto	14th Sep., 1942
—	One vacancy	—	—
Third Class Clerk	W. G. Huie	£120-15-210	2nd Feb., 1948
Ditto	S. J. Stephens	Ditto	16th Sep., 1947
Ditto	D. G. Thomas	Ditto	1st June, 1943
Ditto	A. C. May	Ditto	6th June, 1944
Ditto	O. J. Chandia	Ditto	25th June, 1944
Ditto	G. St. D. Ramsay	£120-15-210	10th June, 1946
Ditto	R. C. Williams	Ditto	23rd Jan., 1945
Ditto	M. M. McIntosh	Ditto	12th Aug., 1946
Ditto	L. A. Willington	Ditto	11th Feb., 1946
Ditto	E. C. McIntosh	Ditto	20th Sep., 1944
Ditto	S. D. Moore	Ditto	30th April, 1947
Ditto	S. A. Gutzmer	Ditto	14th July, 1947
Ditto	H. E. Williams	Ditto	20th July, 1945
Ditto	H. E. Goberdon	Ditto	9th April, 1947
Ditto	K. A. McMillan	Ditto	30th June, 1947
Ditto	G. A. Priestley	Ditto	17th Aug., 1948
Ditto	H. F. Rhoden	Ditto	20th Sept. 1948
Ditto	A. A. Livingstone	Ditto	6th Aug., 1948
Ditto	A. A. Mills	Ditto	19th Jan., 1948
Ditto	H. P. Deans	Ditto	18th Sept., 1944
Ditto	Four vacancies	—	—
Female Clerk, Grade I	Miss I. J. Benjamin	£350	4th Sept., 1922
Female Clerk, Grade II	Mrs. E. Foreman	£225-25-325	1st April, 1935
Ditto	Miss E. G. McKay	Ditto	27th May, 1925
Female Clerk, Grade III	Miss C. C. Bryan	£120-15-210	1st June, 1943
Ditto	Mrs. H. E. Murray	Ditto	21st July, 1939
Ditto	Miss P. A. Morales	Ditto	25th Sept., 1944
Ditto	Mrs. S. J. Thompson	Ditto	30th July, 1945
Ditto	Miss F. W. Saunders	Ditto	1st April, 1947
Ditto	Miss M. A. Dale	Ditto	6th May, 1947
Ditto	Miss A. D. Service	Ditto	19th June, 1945
District Lands Officer	R. P. Lewis	£450-25-550	18th Sept., 1939
Ditto	R. A. Foreman, B.Sc. (Ag.)	Ditto	6th Nov., 1938
Ditto	O. B. Lawrence	Ditto	17th July, 1939
Ditto	P. D. V. Bovell	Ditto	15th Oct., 1940
Ditto	R. C. Jobson	Ditto	20th Feb., 1939
Ditto	A. H. Blackwood	Ditto	1st June, 1940
Ditto	C. C. Langford	Ditto	1st June, 1942

\* First appointment dd, 13th April, 1935, was broken on 3rd November, 1945.

ESTABLISHMENT OF LANDS DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Assistant Engineer, Gr. II	A. H. Samms	£350-25-475	1st May, 1947
Asst. Dist. Lands Officer	H. A. Ableton	£300-25-350	1st May, 1939
Ditto	C. R. Moss	Ditto	20th Feb., 1939
Ditto	L. A. Arscott	Ditto	1st Sept., 1939
Ditto	A. P. LaFayette	Ditto	1st Oct., 1939
Ditto	D. H. Riley	Ditto	1st Oct., 1939
Ditto	R. W. Burgess	Ditto	3rd June, 1940
Ditto	W. V. Nelson	Ditto	6th March, 1939
Ditto	W. J. Acquart	Ditto	16th Aug., 1939
Ditto	W. A. Bevan	Ditto	12th Aug., 1942
Ditto	E. L. Mais	Ditto	17th Aug., 1942
Ditto	C. C. Henry	Ditto	16th Sept., 1939
Ditto	J. W. Small	Ditto	1st Sept., 1939
Ditto	W. L. G. Chambers	Ditto	6th May, 1940
Ditto	C. H. Hamilton	Ditto	1st Aug., 1940
Cooperative Officer	—	£500-25-600	
Senior Social Welfare Off. (Male)	R. J. McDowell	£300-25-450	8th April, 1940
Senior Social Welfare Off. (Female)	Mrs. S. Francis	£305-25-400	18th May, 1936
Social Welfare Officer	Allan Jacobs	£250-25-300	1st May, 1941
Ditto	C. H. B. Cresser	Ditto	1st July 1943
Ditto	Miss B. Lowe	Ditto	1st July, 1943
Ditto	Mrs. S. Gregory	Ditto	1st July, 1943
Ditto	Miss L. H. Gabay	Ditto	1st April, 1944
Ditto	G. S. A. Smith	Ditto	1st March, 1945
Ditto	Miss J. G. Oppenheim (B.Sc. Ec.)	Ditto	1st Jan., 1947
Draughtsman, Grade II	W. L. Jackson	£225-20-325	1st April, 1939
Ditto	H. E. Holmes	Ditto	25th Nov., 1940
Unestablished Clerk Grade I	S. A. Atkinson	75/-7/6-120/ p.w.	3rd Sept., 1942
Ditto	V. G. Downie	Ditto	29th Sept., 1942
Ditto	H. N. Lawrence	Ditto	16th Dec., 1940
Ditto	T. G. Thomas	Ditto	18th Oct., 1943
Ditto	L. L. Blackwood	Ditto	18th May, 1943
Unestablished Clerk, Grade II	G. D. Depass	40/-5/-70/- p.w.	1st Oct., 1936
Ditto	Miss L. Lynch	Ditto	22nd Nov., 1943
Ditto	Mr. E. R. Chang	Ditto	7th July, 1944

## MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Director of Medical Services	L. W. Fitzmaurice, O.B.E., M.D., C.M. (McGill), D.P.H., F.A.C.S., F.I.C.S., F.A.P.H.A. L.M.C.C., M.C.P.S., (Man.), F.R. San. I.	£1,500	1st April, 1946 Jca.
Assistant Director of Medical Services (Health)	S. E. Ferreira, M.D. Toronto, L.M.C.C., D.P.H. L.M.S. (N.S.).	£1,200	21st July, 1937
Assistant Director of Medical Services (Hospitals and Personnel)	C. C. Wedderburn, M.C., Ch.B., (Edin.), M.P.H. (Mich.).	£1,200	14th July, 1938
Medical Secretary	B. M. Clark	£900	8th Nov., 1911
Accountant	V. A. Isaacs	£700	26th Aug., 1921
Senior Clerk	A. S. McCarthy	£600	1st Nov., 1922
Ditto	V. Sherwood	£550	27th May 1929
Ditto	W. A. McDonald	£575	3rd June, 1936
First Class Clerk	C. G. Grant	£475	1st June, 1933
Ditto	H. Spencer	£475	18th Sept., 1944
Ditto	E. M. Mamby	£425	14th Dec., 1937
Ditto	C. W. Richards	£475	1st Sept., 1929
Ditto	L. L. Phillips	£450	28th Dec., 1936
Supernumerary First Class Clerk	R. H. Dickson	£475	5th Dec., 1933
Second Class Clerk	—	—	—
Ditto	G. DuSaire	£285	9th Feb., 1945
Ditto	F. Williams	£285	8th April, 1940
Ditto	D. C. Hitchman	£325	29th May, 1940
Ditto	R. H. Robinson	£325	23rd Dec., 1940
Ditto	E. V. A. Barrett	£325	2nd Jan., 1938
Ditto	K. K. Walters	£305	25th Nov., 1940
Ditto	G. H. Murray	£305	9th April, 1941
Ditto	W. Delgado	£305	2nd Aug., 1941
Ditto	H. G. Townsend	£265	—
Ditto	N. L. Gibbs	£245	24th Jan., 1945
Ditto	B. C. Lennon	£225	13th Dec., 1946
Third Class Clerk	S. L. Silvera	£120-15- £210	1st April, 1946
Ditto	C. R. McLarty	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	C. G. Morris	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	B. Goldson	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	E. A. Sawyers	Ditto	16th June, 1947
Ditto	A. A. Levy	Ditto	6th Sept., 1945
Ditto	C. S. Hanson	Ditto	23rd April, 1946
Ditto	A. J. Soman	Ditto	22nd Sept., 1948
Ditto	H. Embden	Ditto	9th Sept., 1948
Ditto	R. Wynter	Ditto	11th Sept., 1948
Ditto	A. A. Rattray	Ditto	13th June, 1947

ESTABLISHMENT OF MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Third Class Clerk	B. deV. Batchelor	£120-15-210	2nd Sept., 1948
Ditto	L. B. King	Ditto	8th Sept., 1948
Ditto	L. H. Simmonds	Ditto	24th Sept., 1948
Ditto	Noel L. Stephenson	Ditto	1st Oct., 1948
Ditto	J. T. Atkinson	Ditto	20th Jan., 1949
Ditto	Louis Miller	Ditto	25th Jan., 1949
Ditto	C. M. Daley	Ditto	12th Jan., 1949
Ditto	3 vacancies	—	—
Female Clerk Grade I	Edna Crawford	£350	1st Jan., 1936
Ditto	Marion Russell	£350	21st Jan., 1922
Ditto	H. D. Pruefe	£350	8th Oct., 1930
Female Clerk Grade II	Pearl McLeod	£225-£20	20th Feb., 1943
		£325	
Ditto	I. M. Crooks	Ditto	8th June, 1943
Ditto	G. D. Shaw	Ditto	1st April, 1943
Ditto	C. K. Hamilton	Ditto	1st Jan., 1943
Female Clerks, Grade III	M. E. Robotham	£120-£210	16th Jan., 1945
Ditto	J. Birthwright	Ditto	31st March, 1945
Ditto	H. O. Hewitt	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	M. E. Record	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	C. R. Robinson	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	I. I. Blackwood	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	Vacant	—	—
Ditto	P. H. Williams	Ditto	11th April, 1944
Ditto	J. E. Wyatt	Ditto	6th Oct., 1945
Ditto	H. E. Thornley	Ditto	5th Aug., 1946
Ditto	J. Boothe	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	A. Eames	Ditto	4th Sept., 1948
Ditto	H. E. McLeod	Ditto	6th June, 1947
Ditto	Hyacinth L. Campbell	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	Valerie Hall	Ditto	30th May, 1947
Ditto	7 vacancies	—	—
Supt. Med. Stores	S. E. Anderson	£625	26th July, 1932
Deputy Supt. Med. Stores	O. G. Miller	£475	1st April, 1930
Dispenser Grade I	D. O. L. Bolton	£475	15th Feb., 1916
Ditto	D. S. Wynter	£375	1st Dec., 1937
Ditto	L. G. Logan	£350	1st Nov., 1939
Dispenser Grade II	I. R. Nelson	£270	20th June, 1944
Ditto	A. F. Francis	£270	5th Nov., 1942
Ditto	O. A. Fletcher	£330	19th Oct. 1938
Dispenser Grade III	G.L. Taylor	£190	5th Nov., 1946
Ditto	G. E. Mendez	£175	10th Nov., 1947
Ditto	3 vacancies	—	—
PUBLIC HOSPITAL, KGN. Chief Medical Officer and Director	L. W. Fitzmaurice, O.B.E., M.D., C.M., (McGill), D.P.H., F.A.C.S., F.I.C.S., F.A.P.H.A., L.M.C.C., M.C.P.S., (Man.) F.R., San. I.	—	1st April, 1946
Senior Medical Officer	Vacant L.R.C.P.	—	—
Surgeon Specialist	G. V. Harry, M.B., C.H.B. (Edin), F.R.C.S.	£1,100	1st Jan., 1936



ESTABLISHMENT OF MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Surgeon Specialist	A. L. McFarlane, M.R.C.S., M.B., B.S., L.R.C.P., F.R.C.S., (Edin.)	£1,100	1st April, 1930
Medical Officer, Specialist	H. D. Chambers, M.B., Ch. B. (Aber.) M.D., Aberdeen	£1,050	1st Oct., 1933
Ditto	H. I. Whitelocke, M.B., Ch.B., M.R.C.P., (Edin.)	£1,050	1st July, 1939
Ditto	D. W. A. DeGazon, M.R.C.S. (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (Lon.), M.B., B.S., (Lon.) F.R.C.S., (Edin.) D.O.M.S.	£1,050	2nd Aug., 1948
Ditto	Max Sugar, L.R.C.P. and S. (Edin.), L.R.F.P. and S., (Glas.), F.R.C.S. (Edin.), M.D. Vienna	£950	25th Aug., 1948
Ditto	John Goodey, B.A., (Ox.) M.R.C.S (Eng.) M.R.C.P. (Lond.) (Ag.)	£900	10th May, 1949
Ditto	1 vacancy		
Ditto	E. S. Shoucair, M.B., Ch.B. (acting)	..	...
Medical Officers	D. E. Verley, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin), D.A., (Ireland). (1)	£600	1st July, 1940
Ditto	Leila Wedderburn, M.B., Ch.B., Edin. (1)	£600	5th July, 1938
Ditto	A. Maragh, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin), L.R.C.P. & S. (Glas.)	£600	8th April, 1946
Ditto	M. R. Thompson, M.R.C.S. L.R.C.P. (1)	£600	9th Dec., 1946
Ditto	S. P. W. Street, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (1)	£600	14th Sept., 1946
Ditto	R. Aub, M.D. (Heidelberg)	£600	29th Mar., 1943
Ditto	P. Feanny, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., D.G.O., L.M., Ireland	£600	13th Nov. 1943
Ditto	E. S. Shoucair, M.B., Ch.B. (1)	£550	5th March, 1948
Ditto	P. M. Jackson, M.B., Ch.B. (Aberdeen) (1)	£600	13th Nov., 1948
Ditto	A. L. Walcott, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin) (1)	£600	8th May, 1946
Medical Officer	E. A. McNeil-Smith, M.D., C.M. (McGill) L.M.C.C. (1)	£500	14th Sept., 1948
Assistant Medical Officer	B. St. J. Hylton, M.D., C.M. (McGill) L.M.C.C.	£500	15th Oct., 1948
Ditto	T. Mair, M.D., C.M. (McGill) L.M.C.C.	£500	1st Nov., 1948
Ditto			

(1) Personal non-pensionable allowance of £300 p.a. in lieu of private practice.

ESTABLISHMENT OF MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Assistant Medical Officer	P. Magnus, B.S., M.D., (Mich.)	£500	1st July, 1949
Ditto	N. March, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., (Eng.)	£500	18th June, 1949
Ditto	V. O. Williams, M.D., (N.Y.U.)	£500	1st July, 1949
Ditto	W. Magnus, M.D., (Mich.)	£500	1st July, 1949
Ditto	5 vacancies		
Subsized Medical Officer	Dr. W. A. Browne	£400	—
Dental Surgeons	Dr. A. E. Virtue (Ag.)	£600	—
Ditto	Dr. L. S. H. Pink (Ag.)	£600	—
Ditto	Dr. A. F. Gilbourne (Ag.)	£600	—
Ditto	Dr. J. M. Gregory	£600	1st May, 1942
Radiologist	C. H. Parkin, M.D., C.M., D.P.H., McGill	£1,050	1st Oct., 1930
Ditto	C. H. Tomlinson, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.) D.M.R.E.	£950	1st Jan., 1938
Hospital Manager	S. E. Anderson	£800	
Senior Sister Tutor	Vacant		
Junior Sister Tutor	Vacant		
Masseuse-Physiotherapist	Vacant (Miss P. Wilson actg.)		
Matron (Ag.)	Miss A. Walton	£523	13th Sept., 1926
Assistant Matron	Miss J. Symes	£325	9th May, 1946
Ditto	Miss J. Minott	£325	26th July, 1928
Dispenser, K. P. H.	A. V. Bryan	£500	1st Oct., 1927
Dispenser, Grade I	R. T. Gordon	£425	1st April, 1936
Ditto	C. C. Mason	£350	1st June, 1940
Dispenser, Grade II	1 vacancy	—	—
Dispenser, Grade III	Miss D. Laidley	£250	1st April, 1944
Ditto	D. L. White	£190	1st May, 1947
Ditto	W. H. Murray	£220	10th May, 1943
Ditto	A. O. Baker	£190	5th Nov., 1946
Ditto	K. E. Jennings	£220	27th April, 1942
Ditto	4 vacancies	—	—
Storekeeper	Miss V. O. Taylor	£375	29th July, 1929
Chaplain	Rev. J. C. Swaby	£72	1st Aug., 1938
<b>KING GEORGE V. SANATORIUM</b>			
Senior Medical Officer	R. A. S. Cory, M.B., Ch.B., Bristol, M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., London	£1,150	1st April, 1934
Medical Officer	E. J. Valentine, (Ag.), M.B. & B.S., Aber. (1)		
Matron	Miss W. Jones	£450	Oct., 1932
Assistant Matron	H. Groves (Acting)	£250	9th March 1946
Dispenser, Grade I	H. G. Chambers	£375	7th Nov., 1938
Dispenser, Grade II	Vacant	—	—
Technician, Grade III	Miss E. Kirkpatrick	£325	27th Nov., 1934
Ditto	1 vacancy		

(1) Personal non-pensionable allowance of £300 p.a. in lieu of private practice.

ESTABLISHMENT OF MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<b>BACTERIOLOGICAL LABORATORY</b>			
Bacteriologist	K. L. Evans, L.R.C.P. and S., Edin., L.R.F.P.S., Glasgow, M.P.H., Harvard	£1,150	1st April, 1930
Assistant Bacteriologist	L. E. Arnold, M.D., C.M., D.P.H., McGill, L.C.P. and S., Quebec, L.M.S., Nova Scotia, L.M.C., Canada	£1,050	1st Feby., 1932
Ditto	L. S. Grant, M.B., Ch.B., Edin., M.P.H., Mich.	£1,050	7th Aug., 1939
Ditto	E. S. Hamaty, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.) M.P.H. (Mich.)	£950	1st April, 1941
Technician Grade I	H. O. Fox	£475	26th Sept., 1932
Ditto	H. C. Berry	£475	19th Dec., 1932
Ditto	H. V. Garriques	£475	10th April, 1936
Ditto	J. J. Williams	£450	7th Dec., 1935
Ditto	C. G. Earle	£375	1st Oct., 1937
Technician Grade II	H. R. Parke	£285	1st Jan., 1942
Ditto	G. R. Grant	£325	20th Jany., 1940
Ditto	Miss Lois Barker	£325	1st March, 1938
Ditto	H. V. Smith	£305	11th Sept., 1942
Ditto	H. M. Parke	£325	19th May, 1941
Ditto	R. G. Montague	£325	9th July, 1941
Ditto	L. St. M. Johnson	£305	19th Aug., 1941
Ditto	J. B. Campbell	£325	20th April, 1942
Ditto	I. M. Aldred	£285	1st May, 1942
Ditto	C. Shackelford	£325	18th Oct., 1943
Ditto	Gwendolyn Buzzell	£245	18th Oct., 1943
Ditto	Ivy Hilbourne-Brooks	£265	18th Oct., 1943
Ditto	A. J. Gaynair	£245	1st July, 1941
Ditto	L. Bryan	£225	5th Dec., 1939
Ditto	K. B. Hepburn	£325	1st June, 1940
Ditto	1 vacancy		
Technician Grade III	D. Thompson	£195	24th April, 1944
Ditto	Blossom Clarke	£165	8th Oct., 1945
Ditto	Keith Heron	£150	9th Dec., 1946
Ditto	B. Thorpe	£150	19th March, 1947
Ditto	Marjorie Sanguinetti	£135	6th March, 1948
Ditto	L. P. Constable	£135	30th Aug., 1948
Ditto	Lygia Hoo	£165	18th Aug., 1948
Ditto	Kathleen Bingham	£150	15th Sept., 1948
Ditto	Pansy Grizzlo	£120	1st Oct., 1948
Ditto	Hyacinth Boothe	£120	11th Oct., 1948
Ditto	Elaine Chinn	£120	14th Oct., 1948
Ditto	John McDowell	£150	16th June, 1947
Ditto	Pauline Francis	£150	18th Nov., 1946
Ditto	Joyce Perkins	£150	1st Dec., 1948
Ditto	K. Jones	£120	19th Sept., 1949
Ditto	G. Lalor	£120	20th Sept., 1949
Ditto	M. White	£120	20th Aug., 1949
Ditto	K. Grant	£120	1st Oct., 1949
Ditto	J. Johnson	£120	6th Oct., 1949
Ditto	F. Auld	£120	18th Oct., 1949

ESTABLISHMENT OF MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Technician Grade III	E. Sankey	£180	11th Sept., 1944
Ditto	J. H. Wittingham	£150	29th Oct., 1946
Ditto	L. Dawes	£150	22nd Nov., 1946
Ditto	J. Beswick	£150	1st Feb., 1947
<b>X-RAY DEPARTMENT—TECHNICIAN</b>			
Senior Technician	F. I. Clarke	£550	11th Nov., 1931
Technician Grade I	G. Fullerton	£450	17th July, 1937
Ditto	1 vacancy W. J. Dowding (acting)	—	1st June 1937,
Technician Grade II	Miss Gladys Reid	£325	1st April, 1934
Ditto	E. Smith	£325	30th May, 1935
Ditto	Miss Edna Little	£325	1st June, 1937
Ditto	W. J. Dowding	£285	22nd Jan., 1940
	1 vacancy G. A. Hitchman (acting)	—	12th July, 1943
Technician Grade III	Miss Daisy Baxter	£210	8th Oct., 1942
Ditto	G. Hitchman	£210	12th July., 1943
Ditto	I. Lawrence	£180	18th Aug., 1945
Ditto	C. Phillips	£180	18th Aug., 1945
Ditto	T. Bailey	£180	1st Dec., 1944
Ditto	P. Morris	£165	25th Feb., 1946
Ditto	B. Stanton	£120	15th Sept., 1948
Ditto	V. McNeil	£165	30th Sept., 1946
Ditto	H. Russell	£180	—
Ditto	E. Jackson	£120	—
Ditto	I. Salmon	£120	31st Oct., 1949
Ditto	2 vacancies	—	—
<b>VICTORIA JUBILEE HOSPITAL</b>			
Senior Medical Officer	Dr. I. S. Parboosingh, B.A. (Earlham), M.D., (Penn.) D.T.M., (Liverpool)	£1,150	1st June, 1935
Medical Officer (Specialist)	J. T. Burrowes, M.A. (Ox.) B. M. Ch.B. (Ox.) M.R.C.O.G.	£950	15th Aug., 1948
Medical Officer	J. A. Tate, M.B., B.S., (Lond.)	£600	12th June, 1945
Matron	Miss A. M. Anderson	£400	
Assistant Matron	Miss L. McGregor	£325	Jany., 1927
Storekeeper	Miss L. Curtin	£285	25th June, 1935

ESTABLISHMENT OF MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<b>VENERAL DISEASES CLINIC</b>			
Medical Officer (Health)	Vacant		
Medical Officer (Health)	1 vacancy—(Dr. L. Feanny), Actg. H. T. Strudwick, M.D. C.M. (McGill)	£600	—
Ditto			
Medical Officer	3 vacancies		
Subsidiary Medical Officer	Vacant		
Technician, Grade I	A. B. Stephenson	£475	1st Oct., 1937
Ditto	C. A. Peralto	£475	1st Oct., 1937
Ditto	C. B. Aris	£475	1st Oct., 1937
Ditto	L. M. McIntosh	£475	1st July, 1937
Technician, Grade II	L. A. Phillips	£325	14th July, 1938
Ditto	B. L. Gibson	£325	1st April, 1936
Ditto	L. E. Williams	£325	24th July, 1939
Ditto	H. A. Grant	£325	1st June, 1940
Ditto	O. L. Levy	£325	27th Oct., 1945
Ditto	G. S. Smith	£325	1st Oct., 1936
Ditto	I. Thompson	£325	9th Feb., 1938
Ditto	A. E. McKenzie	£325	2nd Sept., 1936
Ditto	G. E. LaBeach	£225	14th July, 1939
Technician, Grade III	W. Bernard	£210	7th Nov., 1941
Ditto	A. E. Hemming	£180	2nd Jan., 1945
Ditto	W. Henry	£180	10th Sept., 1945
Ditto	L. Bertram	£180	20th Sept., 1945
Ditto	K. Smith	£165	1st March, 1946
Ditto	L. Graham	£120	1st March, 1938
Ditto	M. Jackson	£120	2nd Aug., 1949
Ditto	A. E. Robinson	£120	2nd Aug., 1949
Ditto	R. Clarke	£120	1st March, 1948
Ditto	C. Melbourne	£120	14th Feb., 1938
Ditto	W. Davis	—	2nd Aug., 1949
Ditto	1 vacancy		
<b>TUBERCULOSIS CLINIC</b>			
T.B. Officer	J. I. Rerrie, M.R.C.S. (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (Lon.) D.P.H. (Toronto)	£1,050	5th Aug., 1936
Medical Officer	Vacant—Dr. M. Slade (acting)		
Ditto	Vacant—Dr. W. Magnus (ag.)		
Technician, Grade III	M. Hitchins	£195	11th Sept., 1944
<b>PUBLIC HEALTH TRAINING STATION</b>			
Sanitary Instructor	F. Gordon-Somers	£600–50–800	2nd Aug., 1921
Nursing Instructress	N. Barrow	£500–25–600	28th Oct., 1945
Secretary	Lisa Bitter	£350	1st Jan., 1943
Female Clerk, Grade II	O. Bernard	£225–20–325	19th Nov., 1943
Ditto	G. Robotham	Ditto	1st April, 1944
Technician, Grade II	Vacant	—	—

(1) Personal non-pensionable allowance of £300 per annum in lieu of private practice.

## MEDICAL OFFICERS

Parish	District	Name of Medical Officer	Salary	Date of Appointment
Kingston	Kingston	Vacant—Dr. J. H. Beckford (ag.)	—	12th July, 1948
	Port Royal	Vacant D. H. MacPhail, M.B. & B.S. (Glasgow) acting		
	Child Welfare Clinic	Muriel M. Manley, M.B., Ch.B., Lond., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.,	£600 (1)	24th Sept., 1938
St. Andrew	Lower St. Andrew	A. I. Foster, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.)	£600	1st Jan., 1936
	Stony Hill	C. S. Gideon (Ag.)	£500	
	Gordon Tn.	Dr. T. B. Sinclair (Ag.)	£500	
St. Thomas	Morant Bay	F. C. Wright, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.	£600	20th Dec., 1930
	Hagley Gap	Vacant V. F. Anderson, M.D. (Lon). D.P.H. (Lon.) acting		
	Hordley	K. L. Hart, L.R.C.P. (Lond.) M.R.C.S. (Eng.)	£600	1st July, 1940
Portland	Manchion-eal Port	Vacant—Dr. C. F. Weyrauch (ag.) L. S. Ferguson, L.R.C.P. and S., Edin., L.R.F.P., and S. Glas.	£600	10th Nov., 1929
	Antonio	J. A. Martin, M.D. (Howard)	£600	12th Nov., 1945
	Buff Bay	M. S. Golding, L.R.C.P. and S., Edin., L.R.F.P. and S., Glas.	£600	1st March, 1931
St. Mary	Annotto Bay	S. E. O. Martin, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.)	£600	17th Jan., 1940
	Port Maria	J. F. B. Sanguinetti, M.B., Ch.B. (Aber.) G. W. A. Forrester, L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.F.P. and S. Glas.	£600	16th Sept., 1936
	Richmond	Vacant—T. A. Dryden, M.D., C.M., McGill (ag.)	£400	24th Nov., 1938
St. Ann	Gayle	D. A. P. Brandon, M.D. C.M. (McGill)	£600	1st July, 1936
	St. Ann's Bay	L. M. Jacobs	£600	—
	Alexandria	H. S. Brady, M.B., Ch.B., (Aber.)	£600	27th April, 1939
	Brown's Tn.	E. R. C. Campbell, L.R.C.P., (Lond.) M.R.C.S. (Eng.)	£500	17th Dec., 1934
	Claremont	I. B. Lyon, M.C.P., and S., Ont., M.D. Toronto	£500	10th Feb., 1949
			£600	17th May, 1919

(1) Personal non-pensionable allowance of £300 p.a. in lieu of private practice.

MEDICAL OFFICERS, *contd.*

Parish	District	Name of Medical Officer	Salary	Date of Appointment
Trelawny	Falmouth	V. S. Magnus, M.B., Ch.B., Edin.	£600	14th Sept., 1937
	Duncans	Vacant	.	
		E. S. Greaves, L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.F.P. and S., Glas. (ag.)	£600	2nd Nov., 1930
St. James	Ulster	H. E. Robins, M.B., Ch.B (Edin.)	£600	8th Jan., 1944
	Spring			
	Montego Bay	H. L. Morrison, M.B., Ch.B., Edin., F.R.C.S., Edin.	£600	10th Nov., 1930
		H. H. Brown, L.R.C.P., Lond., L.R.C.S., Eng.	£600	1st Sept., 1934
	Adelphi Maroon Town	B. A. Harris (Ag.)	£500	5th Nov. 1946
Hanover	Lucea	N. N. Holmes, M.B., B.A.O. Dublin	£600	17th Jany., 1938
	Windward	Vacant		
Westmoreland		S. J. Arthurs, M.D., Howard (ag.)	£600	1st July, 1923
	Savanna-la-Mar	W. H. Escoffery, Ch.B. (Aber.) Acting	£600	30th Jan., 1944
	Little London	A. R. C. Hayden, M.D., C.M., Dalhousie, L.M.S., Nova Scotia	£600	7th March, 1927
St. Elizabeth	Lambs River	Noel Sanford, M.D., Con.	£600	1st Dec., 1918
	Black River	G. W. D. Campbell, M.B., Ch.B., (Aber.)	£600	26th Aug., 1948
	Ditto	R. A. Lindo, M.D., C.M., (McGill), L.M.C.C.	£500	9th Aug., 1948
	Bulacava	D. S. H. Cadien, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.) L.R.F.P. & S. (Glas.)	£600	30th June, 1945
	Malvern	R. A. Peat, M.B. Ch.B., (Aber.)	£600	9th Jan., 1945
Manchester	Mandeville	H. L. Henriques, M.B., Ch.B., Glas.	£600	1st May, 1934
		G. A. Mais, M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lond.	£400	1st Nov., 1938
	Newport	O. C. Pitter, B.A., M.B., Ch.B., Birmingham	£600	1st Jany., 1936
Clarendon	Spaldings	V. R. Rob, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S. (Edin.) F.R.C.S. (Edin.)	£600	1st Sept., 1933
	Spaldings	J. H. Gentles, L.R.C.P. (Edin.) L.R.C.S. (Edin.)	£500	1st July, 1949
	May Pen	L. E. Johnson, M.B., Ch.B., Liverpool	£600	16th Feb., 1928
	Chapelton	J. H. Pershad-Singh, M.B., Ch.B., (Edin.)	£600	15th July, 1940
	Lionel Tn.	D. K. Jacobs, M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P. Lond.,	£600	

MEDICAL OFFICERS, *contd.*

Parish	District	Name of Medical Officer	Salary	Date of Appointment
Clarendon, <i>contd.</i>	Frankfield	S. C. Grant, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.F.P., and S., Glas.	£600	10th Aug., 1932
St. Catherine	Spanish Tn.	L. L. Freeman, M.B., Ch.B., Edin.	£600	6th July, 1934
	Lepers Home	Dr. M. L. E. Montaigne, M.D., (Paris) (Sister Mary Magdalene)	£500	
	Old Harbour	J. A. Brown, L.R.C.P. and S., Edin, L.R.F.P. and S., Glas.	£600	8th March 1943
	Crofts Hill	Vacant W. L. M. Garcia, L.M.S.S.A. (Lond.) Acting	—	3rd Aug., 1948
	Linstead	C. G. Binns, M.B., Ch.B., Edin.	£600	1st April, 1933
		Dr. L. C. Leslie	£400	Subsidised.
	Turks Island	S. C. Dryden, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.)	£600	15th July, 1946
	Do.	N. M. Antonio, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.)	£600	7th July, 1947
	Cayman Islands	Dr. P. G. Dawson (ag.)		
On Study Leave		A. L. Carnegie, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.)	—	17th Aug., 1936
Do.		W. J. S. Wilson, M.B., B.S. (Lond.) M.D. (Lond.) D.T.M. & H. (Lond.)	—	1st Oct., 1943
Do.		L. S. Grant, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.) M.P.H. (Mich.)	—	7th Aug., 1939
On Study Leave		Dr. L. Wedderburn	..	5th July, 1938
Ditto		Dr. M. R. Thompson	..	9th Dec., 1946
Ditto		Miss J. Symes (Asst. Matron)	..	9th May, 1946
Ditto		Miss G. Swaby (Public Health Nurse)	..	1st Oct., 1946
Ditto		Miss E. C. Lowe (Nursing Supervisor)	..	2nd April, 1940

## MEDICAL OFFICERS (HEALTH)

	Name of Medical Officer	Salary	Date of Appointment
MEDICAL OFFICERS (HEALTH)	£900-50-1,050		
Malaria Officer	Vacant		
M.O.(H.) i/c V.D. Clinics	Do.		
Tuberculosis Officer	Ian Rennie, M.R.C.S. Eng., L.R.C.P. Lond., D.P.H., Toronto.	£1,050	5th Aug., 1936

N.B.—Medical Officers (Health) in parishes are the Port Health and Visiting Officer at Outports.

Medical Officers at Outports are Deputy Port Health Officers.



MEDICAL OFFICERS (HEALTH) *contd.*

	Name of Medical Officer	Salary	Date of Appointment
MEDICAL OFFICERS (HEALTH)	£800-50-1,050		
Kingston and St. Andrew	L. M. Watson, M.B., Ch.B. Aber., C.P.H., Harvard	£1,050	1st Nov., 1933
Ditto	Hyacinth Lightbourne, M.B., Ch.B., Birm., D.P.H., Lond	£1,050	2nd Dec., 1938
St. Thomas	A. A. Bonner, B.S., M.D. (Meharry) D.P.H.	—	9th Sept., 1946
Portland	P. C. Murray, L.M.S., Nova Scotia, M.P.H., John Hopkins	£1,050	7th Aug., 1935
St. Mary	E. S. Sutherland, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., Edin. and Glas., L.R.F.P. and S. Glas., D.P.H.	£950	12th Jany., 1945
St. James	D. Glen Campbell, M.B., Ch.B., Aber., D.P.H., Toronto	£1,050	1st April, 1938
St. Ann	H. S. Lawrence, L.R.C.P. and S., Edin., L.R.F.P. and S., Glas., D.P.H., Liverpool	£1,050	3rd Nov., 1930
St. Elizabeth	H. M. Johnston, M.B., Ch. B. (Edin.) M.P.H. Harvard	£1,050	April, 1931
Trelawny	Vacant Dr. H. E. C. Cezair (Ag.)	—	—
Hanover	Vacant	—	—
Westmoreland	Dr. F. E. Lowe, acting L. Richards, L.R.C.P. & S., Edin, L.R.F.P. & S., Glas., D.P.H., Tor.	£1,050	1st Feb., 1937
Manchester	Vacant		
Clarendon	Dr. H. D. Collins, (acting) F. H. N. Cruchley, M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., M.B.B.S., Lond., C.P.H., John Hopkins	£1,050	1st Oct., 1931
St. Catherine	Dr. B. A. Harding, acting	—	—
Rural Health Officer	V. L. Tennant, M.B., Ch.B., Aber., D.P.H., Toronto	£1050	17th March, 1940

N.B.—Medical Officers (Health) in parishes are the Port Health and Visiting Officers at Outports.

Medical Officers at Outports are Deputy Port Health Officers.

MEDICAL OFFICER (HEALTH) *contd.*

	Name of Medical Officer	Salary	Date of Appointment
TEMPORARY M.O.(H) Health Unit	Dr. F. W. Aris (Ag.) Dr. W. F. Foote (ag.) Dr. A. Wright (ag.)	£711 .. ..	25th May, 1946 23rd June, 1949 21st June, 1949
Nursing Supervisor	E. C. Lowe	£450	2nd April, 1940
Ditto	E. L. Bailey	£450	1st Nov., 1940
Ditto	H. N. Knight	£400	4th Nov., 1946
BUREAU OF EDUCATION Health Education Officer	G. Morrison	£800	27th Oct., 1941
Asst. Health Education Officer	Vacant		
Technician, Grade II	M. Weller	£285	1st June, 1946
Female Clerk Grade II	P. McLeod	£285	20th Feb. 1943

N.B.—Medical Officers (Health) in parishes are the Port Health and Visiting Officers at Outports.

Medical Officers at Outports are Deputy Port Health Officers.

## MENTAL HOSPITAL

(as at 31st December, 1949)

Office	Name of Medical Officer	Salary	Date of Appointment
Senior Medical Officer	Dr. R. O. Cooke, M.D., C. M. (Dal.) L.M.S., Nova Scotia, D.P.M. (Lond.) (1)	£1,150	15th Sept., 1934
Medical Officer—Senior	Dr. K. C. Royes, M.A., D.M., B. Ch. (Oxford) D.P.M. (R.C.P.S.), M.R.C.S. L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	£1,000	1st Jan. 1936
Medical Officer—Senior	Dr. F. W. Aird, L.R.C.S. (Edin.) L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.) L.R.F.P. & S. (Glas.) (Acting) (1)	£600 (2) £300	1st Jan., 1936
Medical Officer—Junior	Dr. H. A. Miller, M.D. (Howard, Washington, D.C.) (1)	£600 (2) £300	1st April, 1943
Ditto	Dr. V. O. Williams, M.D. (New York University, N.Y.C.) (1)	£500	4th July, 1949
Ditto	Dr. E. E. Murray, M.B. B.S. (Lond., Eng.) (ag.) (1)	£500 (2) £300	1st April, 1947
Ditto	Dr. R. W. Bailey, Ph.C., M.D., C.M. (Acting part- time)	£400	8th Nov., 1948

(1) Partly Furnished Quarters.

(2) Personal Allowance £300.

MENTAL HOSPITAL, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder of Office	Salary	Date of Appointment
Senior Clerk	S. M. Bramwell (1)	£600	1st Oct., 1925
Second Class Clerk	K. E. Phillips	£265	1st April, 1943
Female Clerk, Grade II	J. E. Martin (Miss)	£265	1st Oct., 1938
Ditto	E. C. Small (Miss)	£265	1st April, 1943
Third Class Clerk	D. O. Thorborn	£165	24th Jan., 1949
Ditto	Vacant		
Ditto	Vacant		
Ditto	Vacant		
Female Clerk, Grade III	B. E. Falconer (Miss)	£150	7th Jan., 1949
Ditto	S. I. Watson (Miss)	£135	16th Aug., 1948
Dispenser, Grade II	P. L. Whittock	£250	2nd Feb., 1945
Dispenser, Grade III	W. W. Cousins	£235	10th May, 1943
Chief Storekeeper (M.H.)	H. A. Whittingham	£375	1st May, 1942
Assistant Storekeeper, Grade I	L. A. Hutchinson (Miss)	£245	21st Dec., 1933
Assistant Storekeeper, Grade II	C. L. Henry	£150	25th Aug., 1947
Ditto	G. N. Brash	£135	6th Feb., 1948
Chief Male Nurse	N. A. Lynch (1)	£375	26th June, 1919
Asst. Chief Male Nurse	F. H. Moore (1)	£310	26th June, 1928
Ditto	E. A. Graham	£295	26th Aug., 1932
Matron	C. M. Flindall (Mrs.) (1)	£450	12th Sept., 1947
Assistant Matron	Vacant (1)	£250	..
Ditto	Vacant	£250	..
Matron, Nurses Training	Vacant	£350	..
Church of England Chaplain	Rev. R. O. C. King	£60	..
Roman Catholic Chaplain	..		

(1) Partly Furnished Quarters.

(2) Personal Allowance, £300.

## BOARDS OF HEALTH

## CENTRAL BOARD OF HEALTH

Director of Medical Services, Chairman; Hon. W. A. Bustamante, F. A. Pixley, Hon. Sir Harold Allan, O.B.E., Assistant Director of Medical Services (Health), Dr. R. M. Arnold, Senior Veterinary Officer, W. Y. Feurtado, Secretary, A. S. McCarthy.

## LOCAL BOARDS OF HEALTH

The Council of the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation is the Local Board for the parishes of Kingston and St. Andrew, and as regards the other parishes the Parochial Boards of such parishes are the Local Boards.

## QUARANTINE

The Quarantine Board consists of:—

The Director of Medical Services—Chairman

The Harbour Master

The Assistant Director of Medical Services (Health)

Mr. C. N. Hislop

Mr. Frank E. Lyons

The Medical Officer (Health) for Kingston and St. Andrew

The Deputy Director, Civil Aviation

Port	Visiting Officer	Deputy Visiting Officer
Morant Bay	Dr. A. A. Bonner	Dr. F. C. Wright
Port Morant		Dr. K. C. Hart
Manchioneal	Dr. P. C. Murray	Dr. C. F. Weyrauch
Port Antonio	Dr. P. C. Murray	Dr. L. St. C. Ferguson
Annotto Bay	Dr. E. S. Sutherland	Dr. S. Martin
Port Maria	Dr. E. S. Sutherland	Dr. J. Sanguinetti
Ocho Rios	Dr. H. S. Lawrence	Dr. L. M. Jacobs
St. Ann's Bay	Dr. H. S. Lawrence	Dr. L. M. Jacobs
Dry Harbour	Dr. H. S. Lawrence	Dr. L. Campbell
Rio Bueno	Dr. H. E. Cezair	Dr. V. Magnus
Falmouth	Dr. H. E. Cezair	Dr. V. Magnus
Montego Bay	Dr. E. D. Glen-Campbell	Dr. H. I. Morrison
Lucea	Dr. F. E. Lowe	Dr. N. N. Holmes
Green Island	Dr. F. E. Lowe	Dr. N. N. Holmes
Sav.-la-Mar	Dr. L. A. Richards	Dr. W. H. Escoffery
Black River	Dr. H. M. Johnston	Dr. G. Campbell
Salt River	Dr. F. H. N. Cruchley	Dr. D. K. Jacobs
Port Royal	Dr. D. McPhail	None

### VENEREAL DISEASE CLINICS

Venereal Disease Clinics for the free treatment of men and women are operated in the south-eastern section of Kingston. These are located on Highholborn Street and Ladd Lane respectively, conveniently near the docks. These Clinics are open from 6 a.m. to 10 p.m. daily. A Clinic was opened at the Kingston Public Hospital on 27th April, 1942, and is open from 6 a.m. to 10 p.m. on week days; Saturdays and Bank Holidays from 6 a.m. to 12 noon. Clinics at Montego Bay and Port Antonio open daily from 7 a.m. to 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. to 7 p.m., except Sundays.

### METEOROLOGICAL OFFICE

(At Government Airport, Palisadoes)

The control of the Jamaica Weather Service which was originally established in 1880, and was temporarily transferred by Government to the Air Ministry as from 1st January, 1943, the work of the Service being combined with that of the Air Ministry Meteorological Office, Palisadoes. Due to shortage of Air Ministry staff, the Royal Naval Meteorological Service discharged the Air Ministry's responsibilities until Oct. 31st, 1943. The Weather Service Office, which had been situated in the Public Works Building was closed down on Dec. 31st, 1944.

The Office is responsible for all meteorological information required by Government. It maintains:—

- (a) Three observing stations—at Palisadoes, Morant Point Lighthouse and Negril Point Lighthouse, the Palisadoes station making observations throughout the 24 hours, and also making Pilot Balloon ascents daily for the purpose of determining upper wind speeds and directions. Daily ascents were first started by the Weather Service in May, 1925, and have been continuous ever since. The various observations and balloon results are communicated by wireless to other meteorological offices in the Caribbean and Western Atlantic areas.
- (b) The collection of monthly rainfall statistics from some 400 gauges, situated in all parts of the Island, and its Dependencies and maintained by official and private individuals.

The services provided by the Office are as follows:—

- (a) A 24-hour forecasting service for aviation, shipping, and military purposes.
- (b) Issue of hurricane warnings to the Island, and its Dependencies and of advice of storm and hurricane movements to the Shipping Companies.
- (c) Provision of daily weather reports to the Press, and in periods of bad weather, to the Government Broadcasting Station and to shipping.
- (d) Production of various printed weather reports, principally 'Monthly Weather Report' and 'Annual Rainfall'.

- (e) Advice to Agricultural Department on the maintenance of its Climatological Stations, five of which are at present in operation, situated at Hope Laboratory, Orange River Experimental Station (St. Mary), Hill Gardens, Castleton Gardens and Grove Place. The work of these stations has been considerably expanded recently.
- (f) Safe custody of all official weather records and preparation of monthly climatological returns, copies of which are forwarded to the Air Ministry and to the United States Weather Bureau.  
(For further history of the Weather Service see earlier Handbooks annually). The Jamaica Government makes a contribution of £895 to the Air Ministry annually towards the upkeep of the Meteorological Service.

### POLICE

In 1866 it was considered necessary to abolish the old Police Force dating from 1834 and a Law was passed in 1867 (No. 8) establishing a new and improved Police or Constabulary Force. Law 8 of 1867 and Laws made subsequently in connection with the Police Force were consolidated and amended in 1935 by the Jamaica Constabulary Force Law Cap. 129. Under this Law the Governor is empowered to appoint a Commissioner of Police, a Deputy Commissioner of Police, and a Staff of Superintendents, Senior Assistant Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents and the Commissioner of Police is authorised to admit persons as Sub-Officers and Constables. No person is eligible for membership unless he can produce a Certificate of Character from a Magistrate or other gentleman of position and can pass a satisfactory medical examination. He must not be less than five feet eight inches in height and be thirty-three inches round the chest, not less than 19 or more than 30 years of age and be able to read without hesitation any printed or written document and to write a fair hand. Every constable is enrolled for five years, the first six months on probation and is bound to serve and reside in any place to which he is appointed—his native parish and the parish with which he may be connected by marriage or family ties not being one of the districts to which he may be sent.

There is a modern Criminal Investigation Department with Headquarters at Kingston, in operation, having been inaugurated in 1935. Included in this Unit are a Finger Print Bureau, Criminal Records Section, Modus Operandi Bureau and Photographic Section.

Historical details of the Jamaica Constabulary Force and duties of the Police will be found in issues of the Handbook prior to 1927.

#### ESTABLISHMENT OF THE CONSTABULARY DEPARTMENT, 1949

Office	Division	Name	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Commissioner of Police	Headquarters	W. A. Calver	£1,300	2.2.1948
Deputy Commissioner of Police	Headquarters	C. A. Smith	950	22.12.1924
Superintendents	No. 3 Area	F. N. Miles	700	1.2.1921
Ditto	No. 1 Area	J. Murphy	700	28.4.1922
Ditto	Training	S. V. Higgins	700	11.2.1924
Ditto	School & Depot			
Ditto	Immigration	A. B. Harper	700	26.4.1933
Ditto	Branch			
Ditto	No. 2 Area	L. P. R. Brown-ing	700	21.11.1933
Ditto	Clarendon	L. O'Donoghue	700	24.2.1922
Ditto	Kingston	N. A. Crosswell	700	1.4.1927
Ditto	C.I.D.	P. Long	700	18.12.1938
Ditto	No. 4 Area	A. G. Langdon	700	9.2.1939
	Vacant	Vacant	—	—

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE CONSTABULARY DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Division	Name	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Senior Assistant Superintendent	Headquarters	J. L. Monro	£ 625	4. 12. 1939
Ditto	Hanover	W. H. L. Pink	625	25. 4. 1941
Ditto	Westmoreland			
Ditto	St. Andrew	F. A. dePass	625	8. 2. 1945
Ditto	Manchester	J. G. Lindop	625	25. 4. 1941
Ditto	St. Ann	D. A. L. Chase	625	11. 5. 1940
Ditto	St. Catherine	C. A. Mahon	625	25. 9. 1944
Ditto	St. Thomas	J. U. Beckett	625	19. 8. 1912
Ditto	—	E. D. P. Greaves	625	1. 9. 1934
Ditto	Vacant	Vacant	—	—
Assistant Superintendents	C.I.D.	J. Kealey	425-25-525	23. 9. 1948
Ditto	St. Elizabeth	C. U. Pennycooke	425-25-525	29. 1. 1920
Ditto	Trelawny	C. S. Panton	425-25-525	30. 8. 1923
Ditto	Kingston	W. S. Ashley	425-25-525	30. 5. 1924
Ditto	Kingston	H. M. Wellington	425-25-525	23. 9. 1919
Ditto	Headquarters	J. R. Middleton	425-25-525	22. 10. 1948
Ditto	St. Mary	C. R. P. H. Miller	425-25-525	25. 10. 1948
Ditto	St. James	F. S. Langford	425-25-525	16. 12. 1948
Ditto	Portland	L. A. H. Lack	425-25-525	16. 12. 1948
Ditto	Kingston	S. J. J. DaCosta	425-25-525	14. 3. 1949
Ditto	Kingston	J. E. Marrett	425-25-525	1. 4. 1949
Ditto	St. Andrew	N. S. Houston	425-25-525	1. 4. 1949
Ditto	Headquarters	E. Northrop	425-25-525	16. 7. 1949
Ditto	Kingston	J. P. Beatt	425-25-525	16. 7. 1949
Ditto	Vacant	Vacant	—	—
Ditto	Vacant	Vacant	—	—
Ditto	Vacant	Vacant	—	—
Principal Clerk	Headquarters	A. L. Hylton	* 600-25-650	9. 12. 1910
Accountant	Ditto	A. A. Box	600-50-700	23. 2. 1917
Senior Clerk (Internal Auditor)	Ditto	M. F. Guilfoyle	500-25-600	24. 2. 1924
Senior Clerk	Ditto	A. A. Harrison	500-25-600	7. 5. 1928
First Class Clerk	Ditto	L. L. Bonitto	350-25-475	2. 5. 1919
Ditto	Ditto	V. S. Chambers	350-25-475	15. 10. 1934
Ditto	Ditto	L. A. Kirkcaldy	350-25-475	6. 12. 1938
Ditto	Ditto	C. S. Brown	350-25-475	1. 4. 1933
First Class (Statistical) Clerk				
Second Class Clerk	Ditto	D. C. Davis	225-20-325	30. 12. 1933
Ditto	Ditto	D. S. Heywood	225-20-325	19. 6. 1939
Ditto	Ditto	D. G. Tomlin	225-20-325	1. 11. 1940
Ditto	Ditto	R. G. Chambers	225-20-325	14. 7. 1942
Ditto	Ditto	N. G. Largie	225-20-325	1. 4. 1943
Third Class Clerk	Ditto	A. E. Latibeaudiere	120-15-210	1. 4. 1946
Ditto	Ditto	P. H. Ogle	120-15-210	17. 3. 1948
Ditto	Ditto	D. A. Reid	120-15-210	27. 3. 1948
Ditto	Ditto	O. R. Daley	120-15-210	23. 9. 1948

\* Plus £50 Personal Allowance.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE CONSTABULARY DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Division	Name	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Female Clerk, Grade II	Headquarters	Miss J. G. Gordon	£ 225-20-325	18.7.1938
Female Clerk, Grade III	Ditto	Miss L. V. Clerke	120-15-210	14.1.1943
Ditto	Ditto	Miss C. A. Saunders	120-15-210	23.10.1944
Temporary Clerk	Ditto	J. T. Brown	£2 6/- p.w.	—
	Ditto	L. R. Shirley	£2 6/- p.w.	—

Officers receive furnished Quarters for which a nominal rental is paid to Government. Assistant Superintendents are also in receipt of £50 as Uniform Allowance on joining the commissioned Ranks and £30 thereafter.

## POLICE STATIONS AND POLICE POSTS

## POLICE STATIONS

*Kingston*—Central Station, Rockfort, Rae Town, Brown's Town, Denham Town, Allman Town, Hannah's Town, Fletcher's Land, Franklin Town, Rollington Town Water Police Station.

*Port Royal*—Water Police Station, Palisadoes.

*St. Andrew*—Halfway Tree, Cross Roads, Matilda's Corner, Gordon Town, Stony Hill Guava Ridge, Lawrence Tavern, Admiral Town, Greenwich Town, Vineyard Town.

*St. Thomas*—Morant Bay, Port Morant, Bath, Golden Grove, Yallahs, Llandewey, Cedar Valley, Trinity Ville, Seaforth.

*Portland*—Port Antonio, Manchioneal, Buff Bay, Hope Bay, Castle, St. Margaret's Bay, Mill Bank, Spring Hill.

*St. Mary*—Port Maria, Annotto Bay, Richmond, Highgate, Oracabessa, Gayle, Castleton, Retreat.

*St. Ann*—St. Ann's Bay, Brown's Town, Moneague, Ocho Rios, Claremont, Cave Valley, Alexandria, Runaway Bay, Discovery Bay, Watt Town.

*Trelawny*—Falmouth, Stewart Town, Ulster Spring, Clark's Town, Duncans, Rio Bueno, Wakefield, Albert Town, Wait-a-Bit, Warsop.

*St. James*—Montego Bay, Cambridge, Adelphi, Spring Mount, Amity Hall.

*Hanover*—Lucea, Miles Town, Green Island, Kings Vale, Sandy Bay.

*Westmoreland*—Sav-la-Mar, Morgan's Bridge, Little London, Negril, Bluefields Whithorn, Bethel Town, Frome.

*St. Elizabeth*—Black River, Santa Cruz, Balaclava, Lacovia, Malvern, New Market, Pedro, Siloah, Maggotty.

*Manchester*—Mandeville, Porus, Newport, Asia, Alligator Pond, Christiana, Cottage, Kendal, Williamsfield, Spaldings, Cross Keys.

*Clarendon*—Chapelton, May Pen, Alley, Four Paths, Hayes, Milk River, Frankfield Croft's Hill, Rock River, Salt River, Sandy Gully.

*St. Catherine*—Spanish Town, Linstead, Old Harbour, Old Harbour Bay, Guy's Hill Point Hill, Ewarton, Shady Grove, Riversdale, Bog Walk, Troja, Glengoffe, Ferry.

## POLICE POSTS

Bamboo  
Swift River  
Orange Bay

## POST AND TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of Appointment to present Grade	Date of first Appointment
Postmaster General	G. F. White	£1,200	12.1.1949	28.7.1913
Deputy Postmaster General	E. M. Morales	£ 900	12.1.1949	3.5.1921
Engineer	H. A. Sowley	£600 x 50-£750	17.9.1945	1.10.1938
Accountant	A. A. V. Nash	£600 x 50-£700	19.10.1946	2.2.1920
Supervisor of Post Offices	L. L. Lewis	£600 x 50-£700	1.1.1940	28.7.1914
Supt. of Mails	E. J. Andrews	£600 x 25-£650	12.7.1949	24.10.1913
Superintendent	H.A. Fairweather	£600 x 25-£650	19.7.1949	5.9.1927
Parcels Post Superintendent, Telecommunication Traffic	O. N. Welsh	£550 x 25-£650	25.6.1944	24.10.1912
Senior Clerk	R. E. Weston	£500 x 25-£600	11.3.1948	11.7.1927
Assistant Engineer	D. G. P. Robertson	£450 x 25-£550	17.9.1945	24.10.1938
First Class Clerk	B. H. Barrett	£350 x 25-£475	1.3.1944	19.9.1932
Ditto	A. H. Richards	Ditto	13.8.1945	14.4.1923
Ditto	M. L. Bayley-Hay	Ditto	13.8.1945	8.9.1930
Ditto	W. G. Brown	Ditto	13.8.1945	20.2.1936
Ditto	C. N. Rutty	Ditto	11.1.1949	14.5.1934
Ditto	H. L. Fox	Ditto	11.3.1948	1.10.1937
Ditto	P. F. Tennant	Ditto	30.7.1948	21.1.1938
Ditto	H. B. Young	Ditto	21.10.1946	7.1.1929
Asst. Superintendent, Telecommunication Traffic	Rose McGregor	£350 x 25-£450	1.4.1944	1.1.1914
Second Class Clerk	L. M. Tomlinson	£225 x 20-£325	1.5.1944	20.2.1939
Ditto	L. E. Morrison	Ditto	17.9.1945	1.9.1936
Ditto	I. B. Russell	Ditto	17.9.1945	1.4.1939
Ditto	N. W. Pigott	Ditto	17.9.1945	20.5.1935
Ditto	O. A. White	Ditto	17.9.1945	25.11.1940
Ditto	L. H. McLean	Ditto	1.5.1946	26.8.1940
Ditto	R. I. Knight	Ditto	1.4.1944	12.2.1940
Ditto	C. D. Levy	Ditto	26.9.1947	26.7.1943
Ditto	L. G. Jackson	Ditto	30.10.1947	1.4.1946
Ditto	R. G. Chambers	Ditto	11.3.1948	21.1.1930
Ditto	E. G. Hamilton	Ditto	23.7.1945	16.9.1940
Ditto	J. S. Donaldson	Ditto	30.7.1948	1.2.1946
Ditto	K. L. DePass	Ditto	29.5.1948	3.4.1944
Third Class Clerk	B. F. Cupidon	{ £120 x 15-£150 £165 x 15-£210	1.4.1946	1.5.1943
Ditto	N. N. Jackson	Ditto	1.4.1946	6.8.1943
Ditto	H. M. Williams	Ditto	1.4.1946	1.4.1943
Ditto	R. Blackman	Ditto	1.4.1946	1.7.1943
Ditto	V. D. Harris	Ditto	11.6.1947	17.8.1945
Ditto	O. St. J. Phillips	Ditto	16.6.1947	3.6.1946
Ditto	G. M. Betty	Ditto	13.6.1947	—



POST AND TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of Appointment to present Grade	Date of first Appointment
Third Class Clerks	N. G. Johnson	£120x15-£210	19.3.1948	1.9.1945
Ditto	F. A. Bernal	Ditto	1.4.1946	1.6.1943
Ditto	A. F. A. Salkey	Ditto	11.9.1948	2.1.1948
Ditto	D. A. Gowie	Ditto	21.9.1948	19.5.1948
Ditto	Roy Taylor	Ditto	23.9.1948	5.5.1943
Ditto	James Dunn	Ditto	29.9.1948	1.9.1948
Ditto	H. S. Romero	Ditto	14.1.1949	14.7.1947
Vacant—2				
Female Clerk Gr. I	Louise Feurtado	£350	1.4.1943	1.5.1917
Female Clerk Gr. II	C. L. Murray	£225 x 20-£325	12.11.1945	8.4.1941
Female Clerk Grade III	M. Allen	{ £120 x 15-£150 £165 x 15-£210	1.4.1946	1.12.1942
Ditto	H. J. Fisher	Ditto	1.4.1946	1.2.1945

## GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

THE Government Printing Office was established in October, 1879. The whole of the printing of the House of Representatives, Legislative Council and other Government Departments is done by this Department as well as a large amount of work for the Parochial Boards and other public bodies. The Government Printing Office also imports and supplies the stationery for all Public Departments and is the depot for the wholesale and retail sale of Government publications.

The Office is situated at 79 Duke Street, Kingston, and conveniently adjoins the Legislative Council Chamber and Office. P.O. Box, No. 130.

The buildings include the main Offices, Monotype room, Linotype room, Ludlow room, Machine room, Composing room, Bindery, Warehouse, Stereo foundry, Type Store, Stationery Store and offices. The staff numbers 164.

## ESTABLISHMENT OF THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Government Printer	L. E. Facey	£ 800	2nd March, 1949
Superintendent of Press	J. L. Taylor	500	2nd March, 1949
Asst. Supt. of Press	C. Markland	400	2nd March, 1949
Storekeeper	H. A. Taylor	600	27th Dec., 1911
First Class Clerk	J. A. G. Grant	475	8th Sept., 1920
Ditto	G. A. DaCosta	425	15th Jan., 1921
Ditto	F. B. Miller	400	18th July, 1927
Second Class Clerk	E. M. Brown	325	23rd Feb., 1929
Ditto	S. B. Lyle	325	1st April, 1927
Ditto	N. A. Ramsay	245	14th May, 1935
Ditto	A. A. deBuc	245	5th July 1940
Third Class Clerk	R. C. Walker	Seconded from Collector General's Office	—
Female Clerk Grade II	I. Nairn	325	21st June, 1925
Ditto III	J. Fagan	150	1st April, 1946
Ditto	L. Perkins	150	3rd Aug., 1948
Artisan Staff	149 Employees		

## THE PRISONS DEPARTMENT AND GENERAL STORES

## ESTABLISHMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<i>Head Office</i>		£	
Director of Prisons	I. Child * †	900	20th May, 1948
Accountant	V. H. Murphy	500-25-600	1st Feb., 1917
Senior Clerk	E. P. Buckley	"	10th Oct., 1922
First Class Clerk	A. E. King	350-25-475	1st Sept., 1932
Ditto	E. M. R. Owen	"	2nd July, 1934
Second Class Clerk	V. L. Simpson	225-20-325	17th Jan., 1945
Female Clerks (Gr. III)	Vacant	—	—
Ditto	Vacant	—	—
<i>General Stores</i>			
Storekeeper	P. O. Jarrett	350-25-475	—
Third Class Clerk	J. A. Johnstone	120-15-210	25th Nov., 1946
<i>General Penitentiary</i>			
Superintendent	H. A. D. Noad * †	700	31st May, 1910
Assistant Superintendent	R. B. Parkinson *	450-25-525	27th May, 1912
Senior Overseer	G. E. Sherman *	400-25-450	1st May, 1937
Overseer	H. N. Ashman *	325-15-400	1st April, 1941
Ditto	G. E. Morris *	"	1st July, 1943
Ditto	H. C. Smith *	"	26th June, 1943
Ditto	A. S. Dwyer *	"	1st March, 1944
Ditto	J. O. E. Dawes *	"	3rd Feb., 1948
Ditto	R. J. Firman	"	20th March, 1949
Ditto	Vacant	—	—
Works Overseer (Gr. II)	P. W. Beckwith	—	—
		(seconded from P.W.D.)	
First Class Clerk	G. T. Rainford	350-25-475	1st Aug., 1925
Second Class Clerk	M. E. Berry	225-20-325	30th Oct., 1940
Third Class Clerk	L. R. B. Hamilton	120-15-210	10th Oct., 1946
Schoolmaster	V. G. Nelson	270-10-300	1st April, 1941
Matron	Miss E. Morgan *	325-15-400	8th June, 1935
Assistant Matron	Mrs. G. Tai *	250-15-300	20th Dec., 1947
Medical Officer	District Medical Officer, Kingston	—	—
Dispenser	N. H. Bryan	—	—
<i>General Penitentiary Stores</i>			
Storekeeper	C. L. Levy *	350-25-400	1st July, 1936
Third Class Clerk	Vacant	—	—

\* Free residence (or allowance in lieu) fuel, uniform and medical attendance.

† Travelling allowance in accordance with current Regulations.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PRISONS DEPARTMENT AND GENERAL STORES, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<i>St. Catherine District Prison</i>		£	
Superintendent	T. E. Rippin *	600-25-700	2nd May, 1921
Assistant Superintendent	F. L. King *	450-25-525	1st June, 1936
Senior Overseer	O. C. Scott *	400-25-450	1st May, 1923
Overseers	C. G. Aitcheson *	325-15-400	1st Sept., 1943
Ditto	C. W. Campbell *	Ditto	1st April, 1944
Ditto	P. Evans *	Ditto	9th Dec., 1947
Ditto	P. Hall *	Ditto	1st May, 1948
Ditto	C. M. Lipset *	Ditto	1st April, 1949
Ditto	H. A. Carney *	Ditto	9th June, 1949
First Class Clerk	E. M. L. Priestley	350-25-475	16th July, 1930
Second Class Clerk	G. L. Campbell	225-20-325	—
Third Class Clerk	E. McL. Bailey	120-15-210	1st April, 1946
Schoolmaster	L. Barracks	270-10-300	1st April, 1945
Medical Officer	M. O., Spanish Town	attached to Medical Dept.	—
Dispenser	K. A. Corrie	—	—
<i>Richmond Farm Prison</i>			
Superintendent	G. A. MacKenzie *	500-25-600	15th Aug., 1935
Senior Overseer	E. G. Williams *	400-25-450	1st Dec., 1941
Medical Officer	Dr. T. A. Dryden	attached to Medical Dept.	—
Dispenser	G. F. Hamilton	—	—

\* Free residence, fuel, uniform and medical attendance, also travelling allowance in accordance with current Regulations.

## RICHMOND FARM PRISON

From funds provided by Colonial Development and Welfare, land was purchased near Richmond, St. Mary, for the purpose of training in agriculture and allied industries up to 200 selected prisoners. The Prison buildings consist of office, store-room, two dormitories, and dining room for accommodation of 200 prisoners, kitchen, electric light plant-house, and some farm buildings. Quarters are provided for some of the staff. The electric light plant-house and electric wiring was recently completed. Provision of a dispensary has also had to be made. Prisoners are subjected to the minimum of restraint, often working under the direction of other prisoners who have earned special privileges by industry and good conduct. The subordinate staff consists of not "warders" but "leaders", whose duties are similar to those of foremen. At the close of the year 1949 200 prisoners were in occupation. This Farm Prison has no boundary walls.

## VISITING COMMITTEE GENERAL PENITENTIARY

(MALE DIVISION)

Messrs. Cyril Graham (*Chairman*), O. L. Samuel, A. E. Brandon, A. R. Hendriks, H. D. M. Orrett, Hon. W. A. Bustamante, M.H.R., F. A. Pixley, Dr. Chas. Levy, Mr. Geo. W. Downer.

## VISITING COMMITTEE GENERAL PENITENTIARY

(FEMALE DIVISION)

Miss Iris Collins, Mrs. A. S. Campbell, Miss Jessie Irwin, Mrs. Dorothy Stone, Mrs. H. D. Orrett, Mrs. Harold Drury, Miss W. Birbeck, Mrs. Major M. Nelson and Miss Jean Evenett.

## VISITING COMMITTEE ST. CATHERINE DISTRICT PRISON

Hon. Capt. H. S. McGrath (*Chairman*), Dr. H. H. Blair, Mr. John Munro, Rev. Canon R. Parkin, Mr. F. L. deFonseca, Mr. L. W. Rose, M.H.R., Mr. J. R. Henry, Mr. O. M. Henzell, Rev. M. J. Ashe, S.J.

## VISITING COMMITTEE, RICHMOND FARM PRISON

H. S. Schliefer (*Chairman*), Mr. Roy D. Lindo, The Senior Agricultural Officer, Orange River Experimental Station, The Resident Priest-in-Charge, Marymount Convent, The Resident Anglican Minister, Highgate, The Presbyterian Minister in charge, Mt. Regale, Mr. Chester Touzalin, Mr. Ronald Campbell, and the Principal of Friends Educational Council Ltd.

## PROBATION SERVICE

Head Office—40 Duke Street.

Probation Officers are the Social Welfare Officers of the Court. At the request of the Court they present a report giving a complete picture of the past and present background of an offender or of any other person or child appearing before the Court. Instead of committing to Prison or an Institution, the Court can place anyone under the care of the Officer for a period of one to three years, and during that time it shall be the duty of the officer to guide, assist and befriend them. They also help in reconciling matrimonial cases, help unmarried mothers in bastardy cases, look after children in need of care and protection, escort to Homes and Institutions and deal with the general social work of the Court.

The new Probation of Offenders Law, Law 27 of 1948, was introduced on 12th November 1948, and under Section 19 of the Law the Probation of Offenders Rules were proclaimed on 10th August, 1949.

The Island Probation Committee was appointed by the Governor to generally supervise and control the working of the probation system throughout the Island, and consists of:—

His Honour the Chief Justice—Chairman.

The Senior Puisne Judge, Deputy Chairman.

The Solicitor General.

The Secretary for Social Welfare Services.

The Commissioner of Police or his nominee.

Mr. C. G. X. Henriques.

Mr. C. C. Sandford.

The Honourable Major A. G. Curphy, M.B.E., M.C., E.D.

The Reverend Hugh Sherlock.

Colonel W. P. Sansom, representing the Salvation Army.

## ESTABLISHMENT OF PROBATION SERVICE

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<i>Head Office</i>			
Chief Probation Officer	Vacant (Mr. Fleming, acting)	£700	—
Probation Officer Grade I	Odel Fleming	£350-25-475	1.4.47
Probation Officer Grade II	Miss Lorraine Blair	£225-20-325	1.5.48
Female Clerk Grade II	Miss N. P. Thompson	£225-20-325	13.1.42
<i>OFFICERS STATIONED IN COUNTRY</i>			
Probation Officers Grade II			
Western Circuit, Spanish Town	Eric Whittingham	£225-20-325	1.5.48
Eastern Circuit, Port Maria	Winston B. Cannicle	£225-20-325	1.11.40
Northern Circuit, Montego Bay	Reynold A. Allen	£225-20-325	1.5.48

## JAMAICA GOVERNMENT RAILWAY

## KINGSTON TERMINUS—BARRY STREET

The Jamaica Railway, was opened for traffic in 1845 to Angels Station—a distance of 14 miles 5 furlongs.

The length of main line and spurs open to traffic and maintained by the Jamaica Government Railway on the 31st December, 1949 was 208½ miles.

## ESTABLISHMENT OF RAILWAY

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument
General Manager .. .. .	H. R. Fox, C.B.E., A.M.I.C.E.	£1,400
Principal Clerk .. .. .	M. Barrow	650
Accountant .. .. .	H. D. Jones	700
Personnel Officer .. .. .	P. A. Tomlinson	600
Engineer-in-Chief .. .. .	L. C. Gardner, A.M.I.M.E., A.M.I.L.E.	1,100
Asst. Engineer-in-Chief (Civil) .. .. .	A. H. Sloly	750
Draughtsman Surveyor .. .. .	P. C. Quin	750
Railway Principal Clerk .. .. .	S. E. Magnus	650
Supervisor, Steam Section .. .. .	L. B. Williams	550
Supervisor, Motor Section .. .. .	C. Sykes	550
Running Inspector .. .. .	E. V. Hamilton	500
Permanent Way Superintendent Grade I .. .. .	S. Spratt	550
		With Quar- ters free of Rental.
Traffic Manager .. .. .	J. C. Atkinson	850
Senior Traffic Inspector .. .. .	E. Hamilton	600
Chief Trains Controller .. .. .	L. A. Fiddler	550
Stores Superintendent .. .. .	A. H. Hudson	700
Pay Clerk .. .. .	H. F. Burke	500
Chief Boiler Maker and Inspector .. .. .	J. S. Burgher	500

## ADVISORY BOARD, JAMAICA GOVERNMENT RAILWAY

(FIRST APPOINTED 7TH MAY, 1902)

General Manager, Jamaica Government Railway, Chairman.  
 Hon. W. A. Bustamante, M.H.R., Minister for Communications.  
 Hon. Sir Harold Allan, O.B.E., M.H.R., Minister for Finance and General Purposes.  
 Hon. A. M. Pawsey.  
 Secretary for Economic Affairs.  
 Accountant General.  
 Mr. A. B. Lowe.  
 Mr. H. J. Evennett, O.B.E.  
 Mr. G. W. McDuff.  
 Director of Public Works.

## ISLAND RECORD OFFICE,

*Spanish Town*

THIS office was established under Law 6 of 1879 (Chapter 120 of Revised Laws)

The Chief Justice is *ex officio* Keeper of the Records and has an official title as such.

The Deputy Keeper of the Records is appointed by the Governor. His duties comprise the enrolling in proper registers of all deeds and conveyances, patents, wills, which have been admitted to probate, annual produce accounts of estates and accounts current of executors, administrators, trustees, attorneys, agents and persons acting in a fiduciary character, as well as the custody and preservation of the authenticated impression of the laws of the island.

## ESTABLISHMENT OF THE ISLAND RECORD OFFICE

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Keeper of the Records	The Chief Justice	Draws salary as Chief Justice	
Deputy Keeper of the Records	W. P. O'B. Thomson	Draws salary as Registrar General	
First Class Clerk	E. V. G. Wilks	£350-25-475	1st April, 1935
Ditto	C S. McMorris	Ditto	9th Feb., 1939
Second Class Clerk	R. A. Jones	£225-20-325	8th Jan., 1445
Third Class Clerk	G. M. Glasgow	£120-15-210	14th June, 1947
Ditto	B. R. Gurrel	Ditto	11th Sept. 1948
Ditto	L. Kentish	Ditto	9th March, 1948
Female Clerk Grade III	C. Llewellyn	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	Vacant	Ditto	—

## REGISTRATION

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT,  
SPANISH TOWN

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Registrar General	W. P. Thompson	£900 p.a.	1st May, 1910
Asst. Registrar General	J. M. Lloyd	£600-25-650	1st July, 1930
Senior Clerk	J. M. Sudu	£500-25-600	14th Nov., 1931
First Class Clerk	R. C. Roxburgh	£350-25-475	6th July, 1937
Ditto	A. B. Ross	Ditto	1st June, 1940
Second Class Clerk	G. B. F. Walker	£225-20-325	16th July, 1939
Ditto	O. W. Black	Ditto	21st Jan., 1943
Ditto	C. J. Andrade	Ditto	10th July, 1939
Ditto	Vacant		
Third Class Clerk	R. S. Evans	£125-15-150 £165-15-210	8th Nov., 1943
Ditto	K. Hernandez	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	G. Pantry	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	K. E. Morris	Ditto	22nd Jan, 1949
Ditto	E. A. Nicholas	Ditto	28th Feb., 1949
Ditto	Vacant		
Female Clerk, Grade I	Mrs. S. M. Moody	£350 p.a.	23rd June, 1921
Female Clerk, Grade II	O. E. Green	£225-20-325	18th June, 1939
Female Clerk, Grade III	M. Grant *	£120-15-150 £165-15-210	1st April, 1946
Ditto	S. V. Grant	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	L. Grant	Ditto	1st April, 1946

\* On study leave.

## RESIDENT MAGISTRATES COURTS DEPARTMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<i>Kingston</i>		£	
<b>CRIMINAL AND CIVIL</b>			
Resident Magistrate	H. P. Allen *	1,000	1st Sept. 1936
Ditto	W. A. H. Duffus *(a)	1,000	1st Nov., 1935
Ditto	C. G. X. Henriques *	1,000	18th Sept., 1939
Ditto	N. A. St. L. Clare *	1,000	3rd April, 1920
Ditto	L. A. Gale (Ag.) *	1,000	1st April, 1939
Clerk of the Courts	C. J. St. L. Henry *	600-50-650	12th Oct., 1923
Ditto	W. H. Alexander *	Ditto	7th April, 1927
Deputy Clerk Courts	F. St. J. Hill	350-25-475	14th May, 1923
Ditto	C. S. Grant	Ditto	23rd Nov., 1923
Ditto	B. L. Myrie	Ditto	28th May, 1934
Ditto	H. J. Shelley (b)	Ditto	1st Nov., 1935
Ditto	E. H. Watkins	Ditto	12th July, 1940
Assistant Clerk Grade I	C. O. Blair	225-20-325	1st Sept., 1936
Ditto	V. C. Melville	Ditto	27th Jan., 1945
Ditto	Miss E. B. Lue Sang	Ditto	5th Jan., 1943
Ditto	A. G. Gilman	Ditto	1st July, 1947
Female Clerk to the R.M. Kgn. (Crim. Div.)	Miss E. A. Dixon	Ditto	15th Jan., 1943
Female Clerk Grade III	Miss W. M. Witter	120-15-150, 165-15-210	28th April, 1948
Asst. Clerk Grade II	F. M. G. Phipps	Ditto	7th June, 1947
Ditto	R. S. Sinclair	Ditto	16th June, 1947
Ditto	A. D. Pixley	Ditto	8th May, 1948
Ditto	M. J. Garvey	Ditto	3rd, Sept., 1948
Bailiff	G. V. T. Parkins	120 p.a. and fees	15th Nov., 1916
<i>St. Andrew</i>			
Resident Magistrate	C. D'Oyen Fltchett **	1,000	18th Aug., 1919
Ditto	G. E. Waddington L.L.B. (Ag.)**	1,000	6th July, 1925
Clerk of the Court		600-25-650	14th Feb., 1921
Deputy Clerk Court	S. T. Ellington **	350-25-475	1st Dec., 1934
Ditto	V. L. Lopez	Ditto	8th Feb., 1940
Asst. Clerk Grade I	K. G. Smith	225-20-325	18th May, 1940
Ditto	K. S. Webster (b)	Ditto	9th April, 1943
Asst. Clerk Grade II	I. O. Farquharson	120-15-150, 165-15-210	7th July, 1947
Ditto	I. D. Rowe	Ditto	
Ditto	E. L. Miller	Ditto	17th March, 1948
Ditto	B. H. Carey	Ditto	17th May, 1948
Female Clerk Grade III	Miss E. M. Hall	Ditto	28th Mar., 1944
Bailiff	H. H. Blackwood	120 p.a. and fees	1st July, 1925
<i>St. Thomas</i>			
Resident Magistrate	R. R. Phillips **	1,000	1st April, 1921
Clerk of the Court	K. R. Brandon **	600-25-650	9th June, 1941
Deputy Clerk Court	H. V. T. Chambers	350-25-475	18th May, 1936
Asst. Clerk Grade II	M. M. Jackson	120-15-150, 165-15-210	15th Sept., 1948
Ditto	J. B. Jones	Ditto	23rd Sept., 1948

\* Receives £60 p.a. allowance for motor car upkeep.

\*\* Receives £120 p.a. and 3d. a mile for travelling allowance.

(a) On leave of absence prior to transfer to Nigeria.

(b) Off the Island on Study Leave.

(c) Off the Island on Study Leave.



ESTABLISHMENT OF THE RESIDENT MAGISTRATES COURT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<i>St Thomas, contd.</i>			
Female Clerk Grade III	Miss M. E. Morgan	£120-15-150, 165-15-210	16 <sup>th</sup> Oct., 1946
Bailiff	P. M. McCalla	120 p.a. and fees	15 <sup>th</sup> May, 1938
<i>Portland</i>			
Resident Magistrate (Ag.)	F. N. Barrow* (a)	950 (i)	1 <sup>st</sup> June, 1943
Clerk of the Court	H. W. Harris*	600-25-650	1 <sup>st</sup> July, 1943
Deputy Clerk Court	C. A. Bedasee	350-25-475	23 <sup>rd</sup> Mar., 1915
Asst. Clerk Grade I	E. O. Boothe	225-20-325	10 <sup>th</sup> May, 1943
Ditto	E. G. Green	Ditto	7 <sup>th</sup> Jan., 1946
Asst. Clerk Grade II	C. A. Harris	120-15-150, 165-15-210	1 <sup>st</sup> June, 1948
Bailiff	C. M. Spence	120 p.a. and fees	1 <sup>st</sup> Feb., 1947
<i>St. Mary</i>			
Resident Magistrate	A. E. Nash *	1,000	1 <sup>st</sup> July, 1926
Clerk of the Court	A. H. V. Cotterell *	600-25-650	1 <sup>st</sup> Aug., 1920
Deputy Clerk Court	Miss E. J. Collymore	350-25-475	9 <sup>th</sup> Jan., 1940
Asst. Clerk Grade II	R. A. Jones	120-15-150, 165-15-210	30 <sup>th</sup> May, 1947
Ditto	E. M. Robinson	Ditto	23 <sup>rd</sup> Mar., 1948
Ditto	C. A. Patterson	Ditto	17 <sup>th</sup> Sept., 1948
Bailiff	B. S. Walker	120 p.a. and fees	1 <sup>st</sup> Sept., 1945
<i>St. Ann</i>			
Resident Magistrate	D. Marchalleck *	1,000	1 <sup>st</sup> Dec., 1934
Clerk of the Court	H. G. Keeling *	600-25-650	1 <sup>st</sup> July, 1922
Deputy Clerk Court	G. T. Lumsden	350-25-475	1 <sup>st</sup> Dec., 1936
Ditto	H. McD. Dixon	Ditto	2 <sup>nd</sup> June, 1941
Asst. Clerk Grade I	S. A. Barrett	225-20-325	1 <sup>st</sup> May, 1936
Asst. Clerk Grade II	E. L. Chambers	120-15-150, 165-15-210	11 <sup>th</sup> June, 1947
Bailiff	W. A. Lloyd	120 p.a. and fees	6 <sup>th</sup> Feb., 1938
<i>Trelawny</i>			
Resident Magistrate	R. H. Small *	1,000	9 <sup>th</sup> Aug., 1937
Clerk of the Courts (Ag.)	V. B. Grant * (b)	600 (i)	1 <sup>st</sup> June, 1939
Deputy Clerk Court	B. K. Monteith	350-25-475	27 <sup>th</sup> May, 1940
Asst. Clerk Grade II	E. S. Hall	120-15-150, 165-15-210	18 <sup>th</sup> March, 1948
Bailiff	C. B. DaCosta	120 p.a. and fees	1 <sup>st</sup> July, 1945

\* Receives £120 a year and 3d. a mile travelling allowance.

(i) Salary plus acting allowance.

(a) Acting as Resident Magistrate vice Mr. W. A. H. Duffus

(b) Acting as Clerk of the Courts consequent on secondment of Mr. W. H. Swaby Clerk of the Courts, to the Crown Solicitor's office as Acting Assistant Crown Solicitor.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE RESIDENT MAGISTRATES COURT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<i>St. James</i>			
Resident Magistrate	S. T. B. Sanguinetti *	£ 1,000	1st Nov., 1935
Ditto (Ag.)	L. A. Gale (c)	950 (i)	9th June, 1941
Clerk of Court	V. L. S. Scott	600-25-650	1st Mar., 1922
Deputy Clerk Court	C. B. Swapp	325-25-475	2nd Feb., 1937
Ditto	C. H. L. Raymond (d)	325 (i)	1st Nov., 1941
Asst. Clerk Grade II	G. R. Stair	120-15-150, 165-15-210	31st Mar., 1948
Ditto	R. C. Bodah	Ditto	1st Nov., 1948
Bailiff	K. A. Knibb	120 p.a. and fees	1st Dec., 1942
<i>Hanover</i>			
Resident Magistrate	R. H. McLaughlin	1,000	1st July 1931
Clerk of the Court (Ag.)	D. E. Grant (a)	600 (i)	2nd Jan., 1945
Deputy Clerk of Court (Ag.)	K. C. St. L. Henry (b)	350 (i)	23rd Mar., 1944
Asst. Clerk Grade II	K. G. Maxwell	120-15-150, 165-15-210	1st Nov., 1948
Bailiff	H. W. Musson	120 & fees	1st Oct., 1944
<i>Westmoreland</i>			
Resident Magistrate	D. H. Semper *	1,000	8th Oct., 1944
Clerk of the Court	P. C. Gunter *	600-25-650	1st June, 1933
Deputy Clerk Court (Ag.)	G. M. Vanderpump (c)	350 (i)	5th Aug., 1941
Asst. Clerk Grade I	J. S. Kerr	225-25-325	23rd June, 1941
Asst. Clerk Grade II	A. C. Crooks	120-15-150, 165-15-210	16th June, 1947
Bailiff	J. H. Pennicooke	120 & fees	1st Aug., 1925
<i>St. Elizabeth</i>			
Resident Magistrate	I. D. Eccleston *	1,000	14th May, 1923
Clerk of the Court	B. G. McDonald *	600-25-650	14th May, 1912
Deputy Clerk Courts	W. B. Frankson (d)	350 (i)	13th Jan., 1943
Asst., Clerk Grade II	L. C. Bedasee	120-15-150, 165-15-210	9th Sept., 1948
Bailiff	R. L. Linton	120 & fees	16th June, 1947
<i>Manchester</i>			
Resident Magistrate	A. O. Thomson *	1,000	1st May, 1925
Clerk of the Court	C. O. Segre *	600-25-650	1st April, 1909
Deputy Clerk Court	H. S. E. Stewart	350-25-475	1st Feb., 1934
Asst. Clerk Grade I	B. A. Rycketts	225-20-325	1st April, 1946
Asst. Clerk Grade II	Vacant	—	—
Ditto	Vacant	—	—
Bailiff	F. W. Browne	120 & fees	1st April, 1926

\* Receives £120 a year and 3d. a mile travelling allowance.

(i) Salary plus acting allowance.

(a) Acting as Clerk Courts consequent on the appointment of Mr. L. A. Gale, Clerk of the Courts, as Acting Resident Magistrate, St. James.

(b) Acting as Deputy Clerk Courts consequent on secondment of Mr. V. K. G. McCarthy, Deputy Clerk Courts, to the Crown Solicitor's office as Acting Clerk to the Crown Solicitor.

(c) Acting as Deputy Clerk of the Courts *Vice* Mr. Shelley in the additional post created in the Estimates for 1949/50

(d) Acting as Deputy Clerk of the Courts consequent on the appointment of Mr. E. D. Grant as acting Clerk of the Courts, Hanover.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE RESIDENT MAGISTRATES COURT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<i>Clarendon</i>			
Resident Magistrate	H. G. H. Duffus *	£ 1,000	1st Sept., 1943
Clerk of the Court	H. E. Munroe (e)	600 (i)	21st April, 1931
Deputy Clerk Courts	H. O. Wynter	350-25-475	29th July, 1938
Ditto (Ag.)	C. F. B. Orr (f)	350 (i)	1st April, 1946
Asst. Clerk Grade I	S. A. Ingram	225-20-325	—
Asst. Clerk Grade II	M. L. Wright	120-15-150, 165-15-210	25th May, 1948
Ditto	Vacant	—	—
Ditto	Vacant	—	—
Bailiff	S. W. Helps	120 & fees	2nd Feb., 1939
<i>St. Catherine</i>			
Resident Magistrate	A. C. V. Graham *	1,000	3rd April, 1939
Clerk of the Court	C. W. Cox *	600-25-650	27th June, 1922
Deputy Clerk Court	L. L. Cousins	350-25-475	9th Oct., 1939
Ditto (Ag.)	L. L. Robotham (a)	350 (i)	2nd Jan., 1942
Asst. Clerk Grade II	G. B. R. Nicholas	120-15-150, 165-15-210	20th Sept., 1948
Female Clerk Grade III	Miss A. McKain	Ditto	7th May, 1945
Bailiff	D. L. Thompson	120 and fees	1st Nov., 1934

\* Receives £120 a year and 3d. a mile travelling allowance.

(i) Salary plus acting allowance.

(a) Acting as Deputy Clerk of the Courts consequent on the absence on Study leave of Mr. R. A. Foster, Deputy Clerk of the Courts.

(e) Acting as Clerk of the Courts consequent on the secondment, Mr. D. A. R. Alexander, Clerk of the Courts, to the Turks and Caicos Islands as Magistrate.

(f) Acting as Deputy Clerk of the Courts *vice* Mr. Munroe.

## REVENUE DEPARTMENT

## (CUSTOMS, EXCISE AND INTERNAL REVENUE)

The Revenue of the Island both for general and parochial purposes is collected and accounted for by a Department administered by an officer styled as the Collector General. The Department comprises 3 principal sections, viz., Customs, Excise and Internal Revenue.

The Head Office is known as the Collector General's Office and is in the Public Buildings King Street, Kingston. There the accounts of the collecting officers are examined but the compilation of statistics is carried out by the Bureau of Statistics. In this office are the Deputy Collector General, 3 Assistant Collectors General, 2 Supervisors of Revenue Offices, an Accountant, 3 Senior Clerks and 39 other clerks, male and female, divided into three grades.

The Deputy Collector General is also Valuation Commissioner.

Collecting Officers are divided into four grades, viz., Senior Collectors and Grades I II and III Collectors. They are stationed in every parish. A Collector at the principal towns is officially regarded as the Collector for the parish. One or more other Collectors, subordinate to him are stationed either in his office or at some other place within the parish and are recognised as Assistant Collectors. All Assistant Collectors possess the same powers of collecting and enforcing the payment of taxes as a Collector, for the parish. For the convenience of taxpayers, Assistant Collectors attend at fixed outstations at regular periods.

Seven Excise Inspectors of the Department under the control of an Assistant Collector General, visit all distilleries and factories where excisable goods are manufactured and in addition, Collectors and Assistant Collectors make surprise visits.

Collectors pay quarterly visits of inspection to the offices of their Assistant Collectors.

In parishes where Customs Revenue is collected, the duties of collecting Customs, Excise and Internal Revenue are combined except in Kingston where separate establishments are maintained. The staff for the conduct of customs business at Kingston consists of a Collector who is also Shipping Master, a Surveyor, 3 Assistant Surveyors one of whom is Chief Tide Surveyor and another in charge of a "preventive service" 21 Senior Customs and Excise Officers, 1 Principal Clerk, 1 Senior Clerk and 104 other clerks divided into 3 grades. There are also 77 guards. The staff for the collection of Excise and Internal Revenue in Kingston consists of a Collector, 2 Assistant Collectors, an Excise Officer, an Assistant Excise Officer, 1 Senior Clerk and 34 Clerks of 3 grades.

**ESTABLISHMENT OF CUSTOMS, EXCISE AND INTERNAL REVENUE DEPARTMENT**  
1949

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first appointment to Public Service
<b>HEAD OFFICE</b>			
Collector General	Simon Bloomberg	£1,400	—
Deputy Collector General	H. V. Lewis	£1,000	April, 1920
Assistant Collector General (ag.)	O. W. Grosett	£900	July, 1913
Ditto	H. C. Stedman	£900	May, 1912
Ditto	H. A. Ellis	£900	Feby., 1919
Supervisor, Revenue Offices (ag.)	H. G. Williams	£700	Aug., 1919
Ditto	J. C. Smith	£700	Feby., 1925
Accountant (acting)	C. St. G. Knight	£600	Dec., 1928
Senior Clerk	Geo. Reid	£550	April, 1929
Senior Clerk (acting)	E. N. Roberts	£500	April, 1928
Ditto	A. St. J. Jarrett	£500	March, 1938
Collector of Taxes, Grade II	V. L. Cover	£600	July, 1921
First Class Clerk	F. W. Urquhart	£400	April, 1935
Ditto	N. O. Glegg	£400	June, 1937
Customs and Excise Officer			
Grade I	I. L. Lewis	£475	June, 1922
Ditto	H. L. Green	£475	Sept., 1933
Ditto	S. R. Myers	£400	June, 1936
Ditto	H. H. McLaren	£400	Dec., 1936
Collector of Taxes Grade III	D. L. Burke	£400	April, 1937
Female Clerk Grade I	Mrs. Ivy Alexander	£350	March, 1921
Ditto	Mrs. I. H. Simpson	£350	Jany., 1925
Second Class Clerk	W. H. Black	£325	Nov., 1938
Ditto	A. F. Smith	£305	July, 1942
Ditto	V. A. Coke	£325	Jany., 1940
Ditto	R. G. Lampart	£325	Aug., 1938
Ditto	L. G. Phillpotts	£325	Jan., 1940
Ditto	O. V. Desnoes	£245	April, 1946
Ditto	W. F. Atkinson	£325	April, 1928
Ditto	W. J. Wilson	£325	Oct., 1939
Customs and Excise Officer			
Grade II	D. A. Hussey	£325	Jany., 1940
Ditto	S. O. Scott	£305	Feby., 1942
Ditto	R. W. Carey	£285	July, 1942
Female Clerk Grade II	Mrs. K. E. Sylvester	£305	June, 1937
Ditto	Miss P. A. D. Smith	£265	April, 1943

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE CUSTOMS, EXCISE AND INTERNAL REVENUE, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Third Class Clerk	G. P. Vincent	£165	March, 1948
Ditto	C. I. Little	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	W. G. Chin	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	L. O. Samuels	£150	June, 1947
Ditto	T. A. Grant	£150	June, 1947
Ditto	O. T. Jackson	£150	June, 1947
Ditto	C. L. Bell	£135	March, 1948
Ditto	R. A. Ffrench	£165	Sept., 1948
Ditto	A. A. L. Lea	£135	Sept., 1948
Ditto	R. M. Wade	£120	Jany., 1949
Ditto	C. L. E. Munroe	£120	Jany., 1949
Female Clerk Grade III	Miss G. S. McLeod	£150	May, 1947
Ditto	Miss P. V. Birthwright	£135	Feby., 1948
<b>KINGSTON CUSTOMS</b>			
Collector of Customs (acting)	A. G. Turner	£800	Dec., 1915
Principal Clerk	L. A. Doran	£650	Jany., 1919
Collector of Taxes, Grade I	O. H. Nash	£650	March, 1908
Senior Clerk (acting)	C. A. Reid	£500	Jany., 1931
Customs and Excise Officer Gr. I	B. C. Marsh*	£500*	Feby., 1920
Ditto	A. L. Baugh	£450	Dec., 1933
Ditto	G. L. Kerr	£400	June, 1936
Ditto	E. G. Fairweather	£400	July, 1930
Ditto	H. C. G. Grant	£400	March, 1936
Ditto	M. R. Kennedy	£400	April, 1935
First Class Clerk	C. H. Lawrence	£450	April, 1927
Ditto	K. B. Scott	£450	Dec., 1933
Second Class Clerk	J. I. Small	£325	Dec., 1937
Ditto	L. G. Jackson	£305	Jany., 1942
Ditto	R. H. Hanson	£305	Dec., 1941
Ditto	O. L. McDonald	£265	Jany., 1945
Ditto	W. A. Edwards	£265	Feby., 1944
Ditto	K. L. Reynolds	£265	April, 1945
Ditto	C. A. Maye (Super.)	£265	Jany., 1943
Customs and Excise Officer Grade II	H. E. Willoughby	£325	May, 1920
Ditto	R. J. Anderson	£325	Aug., 1938
Ditto	T. R. Bramwell	£325	Oct., 1938
Ditto	H. D. Campbell	£325	Jany., 1940
Ditto	T. O. Ramsay	£305	July, 1942
Ditto	F. E. Malcolm	£265	April, 1943
Ditto	O. A. Thompson	£265	April, 1943
Ditto	V. J. Campbell	£265	Jany., 1943
Ditto	W. S. Bennett	£265	April, 1943
Ditto	E. B. Wynter	£265	Jany., 1943
Ditto	K. E. Stimpson	£265	Aug., 1942
Ditto	E. G. Vernon	£265	April, 1941
Ditto	L. H. M. Brown	£325	May, 1938
Female Clerk Grade III	Miss A. J. Gray	£150	June, 1947
Surveyor of Customs	G. A. Howden	£700	Jany., 1911
Assistant Surveyor of Customs	G. Pike Stephenson	£650	Oct., 1920
Ditto	D. K. Wynter	£650	Jany., 1919
Ditto (acting)	D. A. Stirling	£600	Jany., 1920

\* In receipt of Seniority Allowance of £25 per annum.

ESTABLISHMENT OF CUSTOMS, EXCISE AND INTERNAL REVENUE, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<b>Senior Customs and Excise Officer</b>	G. R. Johns	£600	June, 1920
Ditto	G. A. T. Eaton	£600	July, 1920
Ditto	S. I. Parry	£600	June, 1921
Ditto	C. T. Johnson	£600	March, 1924
Ditto	A. V. L. Cummings	£600	Jany., 1921
Ditto	L. A. Falla	£600	June, 1923
Ditto	L. B. Wallace	£600	April, 1924
Ditto	D. G. Priestley	£600	July, 1924
Ditto	H. P. Forbes	£600	March, 1919
Ditto	H. G. R. Irons	£600	Oct., 1922
Ditto	G. R. Simpson	£600	May, 1926
Ditto	C. W. Hewitt	£600	June, 1928
Ditto	A. S. B. D'Oyley	£600	Dec., 1924
Ditto	S. A. Stewart	£600	July, 1926
Ditto	I. R. Johnson	£600	Aug., 1928
Ditto	N. B. Schroeter	£600	April, 1928
Ditto	J. A. J. Francis	£600	Oct., 1920
<b>Senior Custom and Excise Officer (actg.)</b>	V. P. Bartlett	£550	June, 1930
Ditto (actg.)	G. A. Hamilton	£550	Jany., 1931
Ditto (actg.)	R. C. Scarlett	£550	Nov., 1929
Ditto (actg.)	N. C. Hogg	£550	Sept., 1932
<b>Third Class Clerk</b>	C. W. Gibbons	£210	May, 1920
Ditto	R. G. Dietrich	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	W. G. Hart	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	M. A. Smith	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	R. M. Thomas	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	C. V. Tulloch	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	C. T. Johnson	£150	June, 1947
Ditto	E. L. Deans	£150	June, 1937
Ditto	R. M. Watson	£135	March, 1948
Ditto	G. A. Flanigan	£135	March, 1948
Ditto	L. C. Harrison	£135	March, 1948
Ditto	V. G. Morgan	£135	March, 1948
Ditto	L. R. McFarlane	£135	March, 1948
Ditto	G. Knight	£135	March, 1948
Ditto	A. C. Martin	£135	March, 1948
Ditto	N. T. Birch	£135	March, 1948
Ditto	G. G. Beecher	£135	Sept., 1948
Ditto	R. R. Tapper	£135	Sept., 1948
Ditto	N. A. Gray	£165	Sept., 1948
Ditto	N. Blair	£150	Jany., 1949
Ditto	E. L. Grant	£120	Jany., 1949
Ditto	H. O. K. Smith	£120	Feby., 1949
<b>KINGSTON TAX OFFICE</b>			
<b>Senior Collector of Taxes (actg.)</b>	R. K. Stimpson	£650	May, 1918
<b>Collector of Taxes Grade II</b>	G. V. Aarons	£600	March, 1924
Ditto	C. A. Dundas	£600	Oct., 1928
<b>Excise Inspector</b>	L. C. Isaacs	£600	Feb., 1919
<b>First Class Clerk</b>	H. L. Clacken	£400	Feby., 1936
<b>Customs and Excise Officer Grade I</b>	E. Dundas	£400	Nov., 1936

ESTABLISHMENT OF CUSTOMS, EXCISE AND INTERNAL REVENUE, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<b>KINGSTON TAX OFFICE, <i>contd.</i></b>			
Second Class Clerk	L. C. Rose	£265	Jan., 1944
Ditto	C. C. A. Randle	£265	April, 1945
Third Class Clerk	A. G. Exell	£195	March, 1946
Ditto	A. R. Smith	£165	March, 1948
Ditto	W. E. Franklin	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	K. E. Gordon	£135	April, 1948
Excise Officer	A. H. C. Packer	£700	July, 1916
Ditto (actg.)	A. B. Brandford	£650	April, 1920
Assistant Excise Officer	E. D. G. Coombs	£600	July, 1919
Senior Clerk (acting)	S. C. Gordon	£500	March, 1925
Customs and Excise Officer			
Grade I	J. L. Hill	£425	July, 1920
Ditto	J. D. Cespedes	£400	Jan., 1937
Ditto	H. J. McHugh	£450	Oct., 1929
Ditto	U. L. W. Samms	£375	Sept., 1937
Ditto	H. E. Hollar	£475	April, 1925
Customs and Excise Officer			
Grade II	R. A. Irvine	£325	Jan., 1940
Ditto	S. C. Crooks	£265	April, 1943
Ditto	E. G. Murray	£265	Jan., 1943
Ditto	J. D. Crawford	£265	April, 1943
Second Class Clerk	H. H. Myers	£325	Dec., 1938
Ditto	E. G. M. Lewin	£325	Oct., 1939
Ditto	E. L. G. Cameron	£305	Dec., 1941
Ditto	E. K. Campbell	£265	April, 1943
Ditto	S. A. Waite	£265	Jan., 1942
Third Class Clerk	E. G. Spencer	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	V. A. Samuda	£150	June, 1947
Ditto	L. P. Lawrence	£135	March, 1948
Ditto	J. H. Elliott	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	K. L. Taylor	£135	Sept., 1948
Ditto	T. W. Steele	£120	Jan., 1949
Ditto	N. B. McLaren	£120	Jan., 1949
Ditto	N. E. Mitchell	£120	Jan., 1949
Ditto	D. D. Dixon	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	R. D. Elliott	£165	March, 1948
<b>ST. ANDREW</b>			
Senior Collector of Taxes	J. P. H. McLaughlin	£700	Jan., 1917
Collector of Taxes Grade II	C. E. Edwards	£600	Jan., 1927
Customs and Excise Officer			
Grade II	D. F. Mendes	£305	July, 1942
Ditto	R. L. Kean	£265	Feby., 1944
Third Class Clerk	V. J. Morrison	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	B. E. Parke	£150	June, 1947
<b>ST. THOMAS</b>			
Collector of Taxes Grade I	H. B. Brown	£650	June, 1920
Collector of Taxes Grade II	H. N. Franklin	£500	Feby., 1924
Excise Inspector	N. G. Gregory	£600	May, 1924
Customs and Excise Officer			
Grade I	E. D. Kerr	£475	Aug., 1928
Ditto	D. A. Hudson	£475	July, 1921
Second Class Clerk	L. G. Kerr	£325	Feby., 1940

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE CUSTOMS, EXCISE AND INTERNAL REVENUE, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<b>ST. THOMAS, <i>contd.</i></b>			
Third Class Clerk	C. R. Walker	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	D. G. Parker	£120	Jany., 1949
Ditto	V. L. Wilson	£120	Jan., 1949
<b>PORTLAND</b>			
Collector of Taxes Grade I (acting)	R. L. C. Aarons	£600	Nov., 1925
Collector of Taxes Grade III	O. C. A. Buckley	£475	May, 1930
Ditto	K. L. Sullivan	£450	March, 1937
Second Class Clerk	I. W. Shelton	£325	Oct., 1938
Customs and Excise Officer Grade II	D. L. McDermott	£325	Nov., 1938
Third Class Clerk	G. A. Headley	£180	April, 1946
Ditto	A. H. Gurrell	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	L. L. Francis	£120	Jany., 1949
Ditto	R. I. Harris	£165	April, 1946
<b>ST. MARY</b>			
Collector of Taxes Grade I (act.)	R. O'L. Guilfoyle	£600	June, 1923
Collector of Taxes Grade III	J. M. Weller	£375	July, 1937
Ditto (acting)	P. R. Robinson	£350	Aug., 1938
Second Class Clerk	E. M. Buckner	£305	June, 1940
Ditto	V. E. Byfield	£305	June, 1940
Third Class Clerk	M. L. Goulbourne	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	S. W. B. Milbourne	£120	Jany., 1949
Ditto	V. I. Terrelonge	£165	April, 1946
<b>ST. ANN</b>			
Collector of Taxes Grade I (acting)	G. W. Facey	£600	May, 1918
Collector of Taxes Grade II	J. M. Jones	£600	Aug., 1920
Collector of Taxes Grade III	J. L. Sinclair	£475	June, 1930
Excise Inspector	S. H. Donaldson	£600	May, 1925
Customs and Excise Officer Grade I (acting)	C. S. Edwards	£350	Aug., 1938
Customs and Excise Officer Grade II	L. F. Harris	£305	Dec., 1943
Second Class Clerk	H. S. Little	£245	April, 1946
Third Class Clerk	H. O. Francis	£150	June, 1947
Ditto	D. L. Rose	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	J. B. Alexander	£120	Jany., 1949
Ditto	F. M. Strudwick	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	V. D. Welds	£135	March, 1948
Ditto	D. L. Henriques	£135	Sept., 1948
<b>TRELAWNY</b>			
Collector of Taxes Grade I (acting)	R. H. Kerr	£600	April, 1927
Collector of Taxes Grade III	C. E. Nelson	£450	Sept., 1933
Second Class Clerk	R. O. Bromfield	£305	Nov., 1940
Ditto	M. J. Beckford	£325	Aug., 1938
Ditto	F. M. Miller	£265	Jany., 1943



ESTABLISHMENT OF THE CUSTOMS, EXCISE AND INTERNAL REVENUE, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<b>TRELAWNY, <i>contd.</i></b>			
Customs and Excise Officer Grade II	H. L. Gray	£285	July, 1942
Ditto	K. P. Exell	£285	July, 1942
Third Class Clerk	N. W. DeSouza	£150	June, 1947
Ditto	P. A. Thompson	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	S. J. Campbell	£135	March, 1948
Ditto	A. N. Hall	£135	March, 1948
<b>ST. JAMES</b>			
Senior Collector of Taxes (acting)	C. T. Livingstone	£650	March, 1920
Collector of Taxes Grade II (acting)	C. A. Spence	£550	May, 1929
Excise Inspector (acting)	C. D. Miller	£550	July, 1929
Customs and Excise Officer Grade I	G. Page Stephenson	£450	March, 1934
Ditto	W. S. Grant	£425	July, 1934
Customs and Excise Officer Grade I	C. F. Thomas	£400	June, 1936
Customs and Excise Officer Grade II	A. D. J. Weller	£325	Nov., 1939
Ditto	L. C. M. Bennett	£265	Jany., 1943
Second Class Clerk	W. B. Brown	£325	Jany., 1940
Ditto	E. V. O. Bennett	£265	Aug., 1942
Third Class Clerk	C. D. Hamer	£150	June, 1947
Ditto	B. A. Noble	£120	Jany., 1949
<b>HANOVER</b>			
Collector of Taxes Grade II (acting)	A. R. Phillips	£550	April, 1925
Excise Inspector (acting)	H. H. Haughton	£550	Oct., 1936
Customs and Excise Officer Grade I	C. E. Scarlett	£375	Oct., 1937
Second Class Clerk	T. O. B. Goldson	£245	April, 1946
Third Class Clerk	E. E. Woode	£150	June, 1947
<b>WESTMORELAND</b>			
Collector of Taxes Grade II	K. F. Dickson	£600	Nov., 1925
Collector of Taxes Grade III	H. A. Kerr	£450	Jany., 1933
Ditto (acting)	A. C. Smith	£350	Aug., 1938
Customs and Excise Officer Grade I	W. T. Ritch	£425	April, 1934
Ditto	E. A. C. Smith	£450	April, 1921
Second Class Clerk	K. E. Roberts	£265	July, 1942
Ditto	B. O. T. Farquharson	£245	April, 1945
Third Class Clerk'	S. A. Small	£150	June, 1947
Ditto	L. W. Young	£135	Sept., 1948

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE CUSTOMS, EXCISE AND INTERNAL REVENUE, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<b>ST. ELIZABETH</b>			
Collector of Taxes Grade II	J. S. Marshall	£600	April, 1920
Ditto	R. G. Grey	£575	Dec., 1928
Excise Inspector	V. L. James	£600	July, 1926
Second Class Clerk	A. B. Edwards	£265	April, 1946
Third Class Clerk	R. A. Franklin	£135	Sept., 1948
Ditto	F. E. Nelson	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	A. G. Robinson	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	D. F. Jones	£120	Jany., 1949
<b>MANCHESTER</b>			
Collector of Taxes Grade I	E. E. Thompson	£650	July, 1920
Collector of Taxes Grade III	G. L. Forrest	£425	May, 1934
Ditto (acting)	F. A. Whittaker	£350	Feby., 1938
Second Class Clerk	C. J. M. Clarke	£285	July, 1942
Third Class Clerk	K. Brent-Harris	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	G. G. Duncan	£150	March, 1949
Ditto	R. H. Jackson	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	E. N. McKie	£120	Jany., 1949
<b>CLARENDON</b>			
Collector of Taxes Grade II	A. D. V. Gauntlett	£600	Feby., 1918
Ditto	N. V. Millingen	£575	June, 1920
First Class Clerk	H. A. Anderson	£450	June, 1933
Customs and Excise Officer Grade II	F. G. Downie	£285	July, 1942
Third Class Clerk	M. W. Thompson	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	W. C. Hall	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	A. S. Allen	£165	April, 1946
Ditto	M. R. Spence	£120	Jany., 1949
Ditto	K. N. Patterson	£150	June, 1947
Ditto	W. T. Temple	£165	April, 1946
<b>ST. CATHERINE</b>			
Collector of Taxes Grade I (acting)	F. L. J. Francis	£600	July, 1929
Collector of Taxes Grade II	E. G. Banks	£575	May, 1922
Collector of Taxes Grade III (acting)	H. A. L. Tomlinson	£350	Nov., 1938
Excise Inspector (acting)	H. L. Harrison	£550	July, 1930
Customs and Excise Officer Grade I	C. G. A. Blackman	£400	Oct., 1935
Ditto	D. H. H. Williams	£375	July, 1937
Second Class Clerk	S. H. Dadd	£285	July, 1942
Ditto	C. B. Thomas	£325	Dec., 1938
Customs and Excise Officer Grade II	D. G. Panton	£305	July, 1942
Third Class Clerk	D. L. VanWhervin	£195	Aug., 1947
Ditto	K. R. Dixon	£165	April, 1946

## PROPERTY VALUATION

A Valuation of all real property in the island was undertaken in 1901, under Law 22 of 1901, to enable the Government to see whether one tax for general, and one for parochial purposes could be made to take the place of the many different rates then payable by landowners.

Prior to this, holders of real property were required to pay a house tax on its annual value, a property tax on each acre of land according to the cultivation of crop upon it and a school tax on the annual value of houses. They also paid a quit rent of one penny per acre, and a holding tax according to the size of their holdings. In addition to these poor, sanitary and other rates were levied for municipal purposes.

A Valuation Commissioner was appointed to direct and bring to completion the preparation of the valuation rolls.

This law was a tentative measure to last for five years, but on its expiration in 1906, the condition of the country did not appear to warrant a re-valuation, and the time was extended for a further period of five years. The law was from time to time amended and in 1911 a consolidation and amending permanent law was passed, Law 3 of 1911 under which a general revision of the values previously obtained was made. This Law was amended by Law 23 of 1919 under which the Valuation Commissioner ceased to be a member of the Board of Assessment and the number of members appointed by the Governor was increased to four in each parish.

A re-valuation of property was completed in 1919, and became effective from 1st April, 1920. Taxes are levied on the value of properties thus obtained, under Caps. 36, 21, 67 and 200.

Under the provisions of Law 23 of 1919, the Valuation Roll which was completed in 1919, and which became effective from the 1st April, 1920, should remain in force for a period of seven years. This period expired on the 31st March, 1927. A re-valuation of property should, therefore, have taken place during the year 1926. Law 3 of 1926, however, was passed to provide for the continuation of the existing Roll until the Legislative Council shall by resolution otherwise determine. At the Spring Session of 1929, the Legislative Council determined that the re-valuation should take place within the financial year ending on March 31st, 1930. This was accordingly done and resulted in a taxable value of £16,628,369. Re-valuation again took place within the financial year ending on March 31st, 1938. This resulted in a taxable value of £17,486,494.

Under the provisions of Law 23 of 1944 it was enacted that.—

2—Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 5 of the Valuation Law (which relate to the preparation of a new Valuation Roll), it shall not be necessary to prepare, make and sign a new Valuation Roll until such time as the Governor may direct the Valuation Commissioner so to do.

3—The Valuation Roll in force on the commencement of this Law shall, subject to any amendments made under the Valuation Law, continue in force until such time as the Governor in Privy Council may by Proclamation direct, and such Proclamation may contain a provision that a new Valuation Roll, prepared, made and signed in accordance with the provisions of the Valuation Law, shall come into force immediately after the existing Valuation Roll ceases by such Proclamation to have any force, and shall continue in force for such period as may be specified in such Proclamation.

Under these laws every person is required to tender an ingiving of the description and value of property, and where no ingiving is made the Collector issues his assessment. For the purpose of settling cases in which the ingiver and Collector cannot agree as to the value of the property, a Board of Assessment for each parish has been appointed. The Board is composed of the Resident Magistrate and the Chairman of the Parochial Board of the parish and four other persons appointed by the Governor. The following persons have been selected for the several parishes:—

The Mayor of the Corporate Area of Kingston and St. Andrew is an ex-officio member of the boards of Assessment for those parishes:—

KINGSTON  
ST. ANDREW  
ST. THOMAS  
PORTLAND  
ST. MARY

D. C. Tavares, Gerald Mair, A. E. Brandon, C. R. Campbell, C.B.E.  
Capt. R. C. S. Ratty, Eric Abrahams, G. N. Penso, W. B. Powell.  
H.F. Munn, R. L. Hollinsed, R. A. Burke, Hon. H. E. Pengelly  
E. H. Lyon-Hall, Fred M. Jones, A. H. Sharp, A. H. Robertson.  
Norman L. March, G. A. Purcell, I. S. Magnus, J. H. Byles.

ST. ANN	Alec. Gordon, C. S. Cotter, J. Stanley Lyon, W. V. Townend.
TRELAWNY	L. N. Grant, A. Muschette, Ralston Grant, W. F. Donald Hill.
ST. JAMES	J. G. Hawthorne, G. L. McFarlane, W. J. D. Shore, G. Howard.
HANOVER	W. H. DeLisser, C. J. M. Smith, A. S. Hogg, T. L. Junor.
WESTMORELAND	Hon. T. R. Williams, R. T. G. Kirham, Capt. R. C. Harvey. C. A. Thompson,
ST. ELIZABETH	W. H. Redpath, D. R. Clacken, R. C. James, H. A. Grant.
MANCHESTER	George Fulford, Ernest M. Clarke, Vivian Helwig.
CLARENDON	Hon. A. M. Pawsey, H. R. Sharp, J. C. Fowles, Alan Anderson.
ST. CATHERINE	C. K. Clarke, D. J. Sumpter, L. H. Caryll, J. N. Turner.

The present Valuation Commissioner is Mr. H. V. Lewis.

### GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BANK

134-140 *Tower Street*

The Government Savings Bank was established by Law 20 of 1870 as amended by Law 33 of 1882. These and subsequent Laws were in time repealed by Law 7 of 1917 and regulations were passed giving greater facilities for the encouragement of thrift. Law 7 of 1917 was repealed by Law 11 of 1925 and the latter Law was repealed by Law 35 of 1941 under which new regulations were passed and an Advisory Board appointed by the Governor under section 6 of Law 35 of 1941.

This Law provides for the investment of funds of the Bank (a) in such manner as the Governor in Executive Council shall approve, in the public securities of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and North Ireland, and of Jamaica or any other British Dominion, Colony, Protected State or Protectorate, or any territory in respect of which a Mandate on behalf of the League of Nations is being exercised by His Majesty, (b) be placed on deposit with the Treasurer and in such bank or banks as the Manager may, with the approval of the Governor in Executive Council, from time to time direct.

Under Law 35 of 1941 a Reserve Fund has been created to which the profits of the Bank are carried and there are Regulations providing how the amount at credit of the Reserve Fund may be expended.

The advantages assured to depositors are (i) absolute security (ii) the convenience of operating an account in Kingston or at any of the Branches in the Island (iii) interest added half-yearly (iv) no Stamp duty on withdrawals.

The Head Office is in Kingston and there are 178 branches conducted at Post Offices throughout the Island.

During the year 1948-49 the deposits amounted to £1,739,677 19s. 5d. and withdrawals to £1,784,513 8s. 8d.

The total amount at credit of depositors on the 31st March, 1948 was £2,274,802 8s. 1d.

Investments at 31st March, 1949 were as follows:—

In British and Colonial Stock at Middle Market prices	£1,915,973 18 7
In Local Government Stock " " " "	477,034 41 3
	<hr/> £2,393,008 2 10

### ADVISORY BOARD

The Manager (Chairman), W. M. Fraser, I.S.O., (Vice-Chairman), Sir Gilbert Wainwright, O.B.E., Mr. G. C. Gunter Mr. O. R. Nunes and the Postmaster General.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BANK, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Manager	Vacant (D. P. Lacy, acting)	£ 1,000	—
Asst. Manager and Senior Clerk	D. P. Lacy	600-50-700	24th Oct., 1918
Ditto	V. A. Nelson	500-25-600	4th Nov., 1921
First Class Clerk	D. V. Smith	Ditto	1st Nov., 1929
Ditto	Vacant	350-25-475	—
Ditto	O. S. Solomon	Ditto	5th Dec., 1933
Ditto	J. G. Rankine	Ditto	5th Jan., 1932
Ditto	H. L. Smart	Ditto	21st May, 1930
Ditto	V. H. Murray	Ditto	1st Sept., 1932
Ditto	A. Durrant	Ditto	23rd April, 1923
Ditto	E. M. Figueroa	Ditto	18th May, 1936
Ditto	D. J. Sullivan	Ditto	20th March, 1937
Ditto	A. E. McLaren	Ditto	11th July, 1938
Ditto	I. S. deSouza	Ditto	1st Feb., 1938
Ditto	R. V. Mitchell	Ditto	23rd Jan., 1939
Second Class Clerk	A. D. Arscott	225-20-325	12th Aug., 1943
Ditto	D. Smith	Ditto	3rd Feb., 1943
Ditto	V. C. Lettman	Ditto	20th Aug., 1942
Ditto	S. A. Hinds	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	F. E. Gregg	Ditto	1st April, 1943
Ditto	H. S. McMorris	Ditto	29th Dec., 1941
Ditto	S. K. Walters	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	L. F. Boothe	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	L. N. Skyers	Ditto	23rd Sept., 1944
Ditto	R. W. Mason	Ditto	13th Dec., 1944
Ditto	R. K. Campbell	Ditto	19th May, 1939
Ditto	C. A. McCalla	Ditto	6th Aug., 1941
Ditto	A. J. Wilson	Ditto	22nd April, 1942
Ditto	S. Shearer	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	N. A. Richards	Ditto	5th June, 1941
Third Class Clerk	P. G. Fakhouri	120-15-150 } 165-15-210 }	14th Jan., 1949
Ditto	L. S. Martin	Ditto	29th Jan., 1949
Ditto	L. Ashby	Ditto	29th May, 1947
Ditto	R. Woodstock	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	A. H. Chong	Ditto	14th Sept., 1948
Ditto	W. Burke	Ditto	10th June, 1947
Ditto	Vacant	Ditto	—
Ditto	H. Owen	Ditto	28th May, 1947
Ditto	B. C. Wright	Ditto	13th June, 1947
Ditto	A. V. Thompson	Ditto	13th June, 1947
Ditto	E. M. Knight	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	A. H. McLean	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	Vacant	Ditto	—
Ditto	K. R. Hall	Ditto	5th March, 1948
Ditto	L. M. Kentish	Ditto	9th March, 1948
Ditto	F. L. Barnett	Ditto	16th March, 1948
Ditto	C. G. Jankee	Ditto	22nd March, 1948
Ditto	L. G. Poole	Ditto	22nd March, 1948
Female Clerk Grade I	Miss G. M. Logan	£350	29th July, 1918
Ditto	Mrs. B. Sanguinetti	Ditto	15th May, 1919
Ditto	Miss L. M. Holtz	Ditto	1st Nov., 1919
Female Clerk Grade II	Miss L. E. Farmer	225-20-325	24th Oct., 1934

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BANK, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emoluments	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Female Clerk, Grade III	Miss V. Chin	£120-15-150-165-15-210	1st April, 1946
Ditto	Mrs. L. C. McCalla	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	Miss A. E. St. L. Henry	Ditto	6th Jan., 1949
Ditto	Miss N. E. McHardy	Ditto	30th May, 1947
Ditto	M. C. Suares	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	O. J. Coke	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	I. Harrisingh	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	E. M. Stimpson	Ditto	5th June, 1947
Ditto	H. M. Maynier	Ditto	6th June, 1947
Telephone Operator	C. Chin	45/-5/-55/-p.w.	18th June, 1949

## SUPREME COURT

## ESTABLISHMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Chief Justice	Horace Hector Hearne, Kt. Hon. Sir	£ 2,200	Jan., 1916
Senior Puisne Judge	J. E. D. Carberry, Hon.	1,550	16th Aug., 1927
Puisne Judge	R. M. Cluer, Hon.	1,500	March, 1932
Puisne Judge	A. B. Rennie, Hon.	1,500	—
Puisne Judge	C. M. MacGregor, Hon.	1,500	1st Jan., 1925
Registrar and Librarian	M. Burke (acting)*	1,000	—
Deputy Registrar	F. N. Barrow (a)	600-50-700	1st June, 1943
Legal Clerk,	O. S. Munroe	400-25-500	15th June, 1949
Principal Clerk	W. A. Godfrey	600-25-650	16th Sept., 1936
First Class Clerk	A. C. V. Whiting	350-25-475	7th April, 1932
Ditto	A. L. G. Henriques (b)	Ditto	1st Oct., 1932
Second Class Clerk	S. L. Beckett	225-20-325	1st May, 1940
Ditto	R. G. Butler	Ditto	31st Jan., 1945
Third Class Clerk	S. Hinds	120-15-150-165-15-210	1st April, 1946
Ditto	V. O. Malcolm	Ditto	1st April, 1946
Ditto	R. C. Ratray	Ditto	7th March, 1948
Female Clerk, Grade I	Miss Alys Sanguinetti	350	1st Jan., 1926
Ditto Grade II	Miss E. D. E. Robinson	225-20-325	3rd Jan., 1940
Ditto Grade II	Miss A. E. Brammer	Ditto	1st April, 1943
Female Clerk, Grade III	Miss H. D. Ramsay	120-15-150-165-15-210	26th Sept., 47
Shorthand Writer	R. Fitz-Henley	500	16th Sept., 1940
Ditto	Oscar J. Durrant	500	1st April, 1944
Ditto	K. C. Barrett	500	15th July, 1944
Ditto	I. E. Dahl	500	1st April, 1946
Ditto	L. A. Gooden	500	1st April, 1946
Library Assistant	D. T. A. Reid	180-15-240	24th July, 1933
Usher	G. S. McCartney	120-15-180	2nd Aug., 1938

\* Temporary Duty Allowance to Registrar of £100 p.a.

(a) Acting as Resident Magistrate.

(b) Off the Island on Study Leave.

## SURVEY DEPARTMENT

*Office (East Block) Public Buildings, King St., Kingston*

During the administration of Sir John Peter Grant, a Crown Lands Division of the Public Works Department was established with an officer in charge, styled Government Surveyor. On 1st Oct., 1890, this division of the Public Works Department was organised as a separate Department, and the Government Surveyor was appointed as its Head, under the designation of Surveyor General.

On 27th October, 1938, the Department was divided into two, viz., Survey and Lands.

By Law 17 of 1940 the titles of the two senior officers of the Department were changed to Director of Surveys and Deputy Director of Surveys.

In 1942 a new survey law, Law 31 of 1942 was passed by the Legislative Council and came into effect on the 1st of August, 1944.

The new law requires higher educational qualifications for apprentices to Commissioned Land Surveyors, and is generally an endeavour to raise the standard of surveying in Jamaica. All plans to be attached to any legal document must be checked in the Survey Department before they are legal, and the law provides for regulations as to how any such survey is to be made.

The law also provides for a Land Surveyors Board consisting of the Director of Surveys as Chairman, the Registrar of Titles and two private Commissioned Land Surveyors appointed by the Land Surveyors Association whose functions are to draw up the Regulations, to hold examinations for Commissions as Land Surveyors and to deal with any cases of professional misconduct etc.. etc.

The law also provides for a Land Surveyors Disciplinary Committee consisting of the Deputy Director of Surveys as Chairman and four Private Practicing Surveyors to be appointed by His Excellency the Governor in Privy Council. The functions of the Disciplinary Committee are to enquire into any charges of professional misconduct or negligence against Surveyors or any charges against an apprentice and to forward its findings to the Board for action.

## ESTABLISHMENT OF THE SURVEY DEPARTMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Director of Surveys	Major F. J. Quinton T.D., F.R.I.C.S.	£1,100	2nd Feby, 1932
Deputy Director of Surveys	O. B. Rogers	£850 and £50 Temporary (n.p.) Carrying-on-Allowance	1st April, 1936
Senior Surveyor	H. F. Edwards	*£800 and £50 Temporary (n. p.) Carrying-on-Allowance	1st Nov., 1936
Surveyor	L. H. Myers	£500-25-600 -50-700 c*	1st April, 1939
Ditto	E. A. Tate	Ditto	1st April, 1940
Ditto	R. C. W. Byles	Ditto	1st April, 1944
Ditto	H. F. D'Aguilar	Ditto	1st April, 1944
Ditto	P. E. Rose	Ditto	19th March, 1946
Ditto	K. G. Lopez (1)	Ditto	2nd July, 1947
Ditto	C. G. Phillips	Ditto	17th Sept., 1947

\* Receives £120 p.a. and 3d. per mile for Travelling Allowance.

c Receives £100 p.a. Temporary non-Pensionable Carrying-on-Allowance.

(1) Off the Island on Study Leave.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
		£	
Surveyor, <i>contd.</i>	E. G. Rickman, A.R.I.	500-25-600	2nd Oct., 1933
	C.S.	-50-700 c*	
Ditto	L. V. McClure	Ditto	1st Sept., 1939
Ditto	H. R. Dunn	Ditto	18th May, 1948
Ditto	J. B. Brassington	Ditto	18th May, 1948
Ditto	H. G. Bell	Ditto	6th Sept., 1948
Ditto	S. M. McLaughlin	Ditto	20th Sept., 1948
Ditto	Vacant		
Ditto	Vacant		
First Class Clerk	E. S. Miller (2)	350-25-475	1st Oct., 1934
Second Class Clerk	C. M. G. Bennett	225-20-325	15th Sept., 1930
Ditto	Vacant		
Third Class Clerk	H. H. Brown (a)	120-15-150-165-15-210	1st March, 1948
Ditto	A. R. McKenzie (a)	Ditto	10th Sept., 1948
Ditto	N. E. Aiken	Ditto	11th June, 1947
Ditto	O. C. Francis (3)	Ditto	21st Sept., 1948
Female Clerk, Grade I	Miss Stella Levy	350	2nd Oct., 1922
Female Clerk, Grade III	Miss D. Watson	120-15-150-165-15-210	28th May, 1947
Ditto	Mrs. M. Salmon	Ditto	26th Sept., 1947
Survey Draughtsman, Grade I	L. E. Saunders	350-25-450	23rd Feb., 1925
Ditto	G. L. Cogle	Ditto	1st April, 1943
Ditto	S. B. Austin	Ditto	26th June, 1930
Survey Draughtsman, Grade II	P. G. Serrant	225-20-325	1st April, 1933
Ditto	C. A. Davis	Ditto	1st April, 1943
Ditto	C. A. Martin	Ditto	1st April, 1943
Ditto	C. S. Gordon	Ditto	1st April, 1944
Ditto	G. I. Prescod	Ditto	1st April, 1943
Ditto	M. O. Austin	Ditto	1st April, 1943
Ditto	M. F. Campbell	Ditto	1st April, 1943
Ditto	Miss M. E. Grant	Ditto	1st April, 1943
Ditto	J. G. Campbell	Ditto	6th May, 1943
Ditto	R. L. Atkinson	Ditto	12th June, 1944
Ditto	H. L. Blackburn	Ditto	1st April, 1944
Survey Draughtsman, Grade III	Mrs. D. E. Urquhart-Miller	120-15-150-165-15-210	1st April, 1943
Ditto	A. L. Howell	Ditto	1st May, 1943
Ditto	V. O. White	Ditto	1st July, 1944
Ditto	Miss A. M. Rennie	Ditto	1st Oct., 1944
Ditto	M. A. Levy	Ditto	1st Dec., 1944
Ditto	R. A. Jones	Ditto	1st Jan., 1945
Ditto	D. N. Campbell	Ditto	11th Sept., 1945
Ditto	B. V. Bailey	Ditto	8th Feb., 1946
Ditto	Miss G. L. West	Ditto	19th Sept., 1946

\* Receives £120 p.a. and 3d. per mile for Travelling Allowance.

c Receives £100 p.a. Temporary non-Pensionable Carrying-on-Allowance.

(2) On secondment to the Secretariat.

(a) Receive two years seniority by virtue of being holders of the Higher School Certificate.

(3) Granted 3 years leave of absence to accept a Government Exhibition Scholarship tenable at the University College of the West Indies w.e.f. 19.10.49.



ESTABLISHMENT OF THE SURVEY DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Survey Draughtman, Grade III, <i>contd.</i>	C. C. Yorke 4 (a)	£ { 120-15-150- 165-15-210	20th Oct., 1947
Ditto	E. S. Harrison 5 (a)	Ditto	5th Jany., 1948
Ditto	A. L. Osborne	Ditto	1st July, 1947
Ditto	J. Ho'On	Ditto	2nd Aug., 1947
Ditto	L. Adams	Ditto	1st Nov., 1947
Ditto	C. L. Johnson	Ditto	18th May, 1948
Ditto	A. L. Maye	Ditto	21st Aug., 1948
Ditto	C. O. Adams	Ditto	1st Nov., 1948
Ditto	K. B. Mitchell	Ditto	1st Nov., 1948
Ditto	E. G. Anderson	Ditto	1st Feby., 1949
Ditto	D. E. Spencer	Ditto	5th June, 1949
Ditto	C. A. Tait	Ditto	8th June, 1949
Ditto	R. L. Brown	Ditto	1st April, 1949
Ditto	C. A. White	Ditto	1st April, 1949
Ditto	M. F. Lewis	Ditto	6th June, 1949
Ditto	H. E. Chung	Ditto	8th June, 1949
Ditto	Miss J. Henry	Ditto	10th June, 1949
Ditto	David Plant	Ditto	27th June, 1949
Ditto	Vacant		

(a) Receive two years seniority by virtue of being holders of the Higher School Certificate.

4. Seniority date 12th December, 1947

5. Seniority date 11th December, 1948

## LAND SURVEYOR'S BOARD

(appointed under section 10 of the Land Surveyors Law, Law 31 of 1942).

The Board consists of:—

Director of Surveys (*Chairman*). Registrar of Titles, Messrs. G.W. Bourke and P. L. Abraham representing the Land Surveyor's Association. Three Members of the Board form a quorum.

## LAND SURVEYORS DISCIPLINARY COMMITTEE

(Sec. 20 of Law 31 of 1942)

Deputy Director of Surveys (*Chairman*) Mr. A. S. Byles, Mr. G. K. Rose, Mr. D. H. Jackson, M. M., Mr. K. W. Jobson, A.R.I.C.S

OFFICE OF TITLES,  
*Public Buildings, Kingston*

THE Registration of Titles Law, 21 of 1888, came into operation on the 1st October, 1889. It provides for voluntary registration with a contribution towards an Assurance Fund of  $\frac{1}{4}$ d. in the £ on the value of the land registered. The Schedule of fees payable appears in the Registration of Titles Law, Chapter 353.

ESTABLISHMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Registrar	Arnold Foote	£ 900	1st March 1927
Principal Clerk	H. O. Hendricks	650	1st Nov., 1910
First Class Clerk	F. T. Williamson	475	1st Dec., 1936
Ditto	D. B. McCalla	375	26th Sept., 1938
Second Class Clerk	E. G. Hearne	325	8th Sept., 1919
Ditto	C. B. Rowe	245	18th Dec., 1945
Third Class Clerk	S. G. Shaw	165	1st April, 1946
Ditto	H. S. Ellis	165	Ditto
Ditto	E. V. Dixon	165	Ditto
Ditto	A. C. Coulton	135	15th Mar., 1948
Ditto	H. H. Walker	135	7th Sept., 1948
Ditto	B. A. F. Morgan	165	9th Sept., 1948
Ditto	A. T. Crooks	120	13th Jan., 1949
Ditto	A. A. Grant	120	25th Jan., 1949
Female Clerk, Grade I	Miss C. T. Thompson	350	1st Dec., 1921
Female Clerk, Grade II	Miss T. M. Strawe	285	18th Mar., 1941
Female Clerk, Grade III	Miss H. E. Bellamy	165	1st April, 1946
Referees	H. M. Radcliffe, K.C. } H. H. Dunn }	Fees	

TRADE CONTROL BOARD

Appointed as the Competent Authority for purposes of Jamaica Defence Regulation No. 50, the Board consists of—

Mr. S. Bloomberg (Collector General) (*Chairman*) Secretary for Economic Affairs, Commissioner of Commerce and Industries, Secretary to the Finance (Defence) Board, Hon. R. W. Youngman, S. G. Fletcher, D. J. Verity.

Four members including the Chairman form a quorum.

The Board is assisted by a large Staff headed by Mr. J. S. Mordecai, Trade Administrator and Secretary of the Board.

## TREASURY

## ESTABLISHMENT OF TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Accountant General	J. E. C. McFarlane, O.B.E., F.R.S.A.	£1,200	10th Sept., 1913
Senior Assistant Treasurer	H. McD. White	850-50-1,000	3rd Aug., 1920
Assistant Treasurer	N. F. deB. Holtz	750-50-850	29th Dec., 1920
Ditto	A. St. G. Taylor *	Ditto	11th Nov., 1924
Pensions Officer	A. R. Abrahams	Ditto	17th Aug., 1927
Principal Clerk	O. V. Carnegie	600-25-650	6th May, 1943
Ditto	G. I. Phillips †	Ditto	29th March, 1935
Ditto	F. O. Romney	Ditto	1st May, 1926
Ditto	C. A. Kerr	Ditto	23rd Dec., 1929
Ditto	A. D. Langley	Ditto	2nd July, 1928
Ditto	R. V. H. Gayle	Ditto	19th May, 1928
Ditto	A. B. D. Lumsden	Ditto	26th July, 1929
Ditto	F. H. Foster	Ditto	13th Sept., 1929
Senior Clerk	K. A. D. Holtz	500-25-600	7th Feby., 1929
Ditto	C. C. Newsam	Ditto	8th Sept., 1929
Ditto	J. C. Sinclair	Ditto	29th Sept., 1933
Ditto	I. L. Collins	Ditto	17th Jan., 1938
Ditto	E. B. South	Ditto	22nd Sept., 1931
Ditto	P. W. Beckwith	Ditto	1st Dec., 1936
Ditto	K. A. Burrowes	Ditto	20th April, 1936
Ditto	I. F. Escoffery	Ditto	20th Aug., 1928
First Class Clerk	E. D. Kerr	350-25-475	2nd June, 1929
Ditto	W. L. Harrison	Ditto	3rd June, 1936
Ditto	C. H. Dinroe	Ditto	16th April, 1931
Ditto	C. F. McDonald	Ditto	1st Jan., 1938
Ditto	B. L. Bennett	Ditto	27th Oct., 1933
Ditto	A. G. Clare	Ditto	15th May, 1934
Ditto	A. K. Elliott	Ditto	1st April, 1937
Ditto	C. A. Somerville	Ditto	3rd June, 1936
Ditto	W. B. Black	Ditto	13th Jan., 1937
Ditto	A. G. Wright	Ditto	2nd Sept., 1937
Ditto	V. A. Hitchener	Ditto	18th Sept., 1933
Ditto	G. E. Mills	Ditto	2nd Aug., 1938
Ditto	H. F. Hart	Ditto	4th Jan., 1929
Ditto	R. A. Johnson	Ditto	10th July, 1939
Ditto	K. A. Wilson	Ditto	1st April, 1937
Ditto	E. E. D. Brown	Ditto	21st March, 1938
Ditto	J. I. Phillips	Ditto	22nd May, 1939
Ditto	D. O. Mills	Ditto	18th Dec., 1939
Supernumery First Class Clerk	Vacant		
Second Class Clerk	L. D. J. Coore	225-20-325	18th Aug., 1938
Ditto	C. J. Stone	Ditto	21st Aug., 1944
Ditto	St. C. S. McDonald	Ditto	20th March, 1939
Ditto	H. D. Davidson	Ditto	9th June, 1941
Ditto	A. L. Walters	Ditto	23rd Feby., 1942
Ditto	O. D. Marsh	Ditto	17th Aug., 1941
Ditto	K. B. Soley	Ditto	14th Dec., 1943
Ditto	R. M. S. Blake	Ditto	8th May, 1944
Ditto	H. V. A. Grant	Ditto	7th Sept., 1942
Ditto	W. D. Feres	Ditto	26th Oct., 1942
Ditto	D. J. Morris	Ditto	26th Aug., 1942
Ditto	P. A. L. Mullings	Ditto	1st May, 1943

† Acting as Assistant Treasurer Vice Mr. Taylor

\* Acting as Secretary, Finance Board.

ESTABLISHMENT OF TREASURY DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and and Emoluments	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
<b>Second Class Clerk, <i>contd.</i></b>	C. L. Shirley	£225-20-325	2nd Aug., 1945
Ditto	L. B. Francis	Ditto	8th March, 1943
Ditto	D. P. A. Goldson	Ditto	2nd Jany., 1946
Ditto	E. E. DePass	Ditto	2nd May, 1946
Ditto	C. V. Smith	Ditto	13th May, 1940
Ditto	C. A. Whittingham	Ditto	23rd July, 1942
Ditto	H. D. Weller	Ditto	17th Feb., 1947
<b>Supernumery Second Class Clerk</b>	D. E. A. Atkinson	Ditto	1st October 1943
<b>Third Class Clerk</b>	D. E. Muirhead	120-15-150, 165-15-210	5th May, 1947
Ditto	H. A. Tomlinson	Ditto	15th Nov., 1943
Ditto	A. L. Harris	Ditto	5th May, 1944
Ditto	A. W. Hamilton	Ditto	2nd July, 1944
Ditto	S. L. Daley	Ditto	23rd Oct., 1944
Ditto	R. I. Mason	Ditto	15th Dec., 1947
Ditto	R. Harrison	Ditto	16th Sept., 1946
Ditto	N. H. Foster	Ditto	6th Jany., 1947
Ditto	K. E. L. Pryce	Ditto	1st July, 1946
Ditto	K. A. Gilmore	Ditto	19th Aug., 1946
Ditto	L. E. Hutchinson	Ditto	5th May, 1947
Ditto	D. E. Cover	Ditto	6th May, 1947
Ditto	L. P. Brown	Ditto	12th July, 1947
Ditto	R. A. Hamilton	Ditto	4th July, 1947
Ditto	B. S. Christie	Ditto	29th Aug., 1946
Ditto	C. A. Latty	Ditto	23rd Aug., 1946
Ditto	A. D. Hobbins	Ditto	20th May, 1948
Ditto	P. J. Gordon	Ditto	30th Sept., 1948
Ditto	2 Vacant		
<b>Female Clerk, Grade I</b>	M. E. Thomas	£350	9th Oct., 1916
Ditto	I. A. Cappe	Ditto	1st Nov., 1919
Ditto	L. E. Hamilton	Ditto	6th May, 1929
Ditto	L. H. Brooks	Ditto	13th Sept., 1920
<b>Female Clerk, Grade II</b>	W. M. Smith	225-10-325	8th May, 1933
Ditto	T. E. Glasspole	Ditto	22nd Nov., 1935
Ditto	R. C. McDonald	Ditto	17th Nov., 1941
Ditto	C. R. Smith	Ditto	13th June, 1939
Ditto	J. D. Thompson	Ditto	1st April, 1942
Ditto	L. E. Limonius	Ditto	5th Aug., 1944
<b>Female Clerk, Grade III</b>	N. J. Carter	120-15-150, 165-15-210	27th July, 1943
Ditto	J. H. B. Rodgers	Ditto	20th May, 1944
Ditto	M. L. Murray	Ditto	11th Sept., 1944
Ditto	J. E. Williams	Ditto	1st March, 1945
Ditto	J. U. Thompson	Ditto	22nd Jany., 1946
Ditto	M. D. Chen	Ditto	8th April, 1946
Ditto	M. A. Gage	Ditto	25th Jany., 1946
Ditto	J. E. Johnson	Ditto	8th Sept., 1947
Ditto	Y. E. Robotham	Ditto	4th Sept., 1946
Ditto	J. E. Mowatt	Ditto	10th Oct., 1949
Ditto	1 Vacant		
<b>Unestablished Staff, Clerical</b>	V. G. Robinson	40/-5/-70/- p.w.	14th March, 1944
Ditto	O. B. Henriques	Ditto	27th June, 1943
Ditto	A. S. Smith	Ditto	4th May, 1945

## PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

*Head Office, Port Royal Street, Kingston.*

The Department is responsible for the construction, reconstruction and maintenance of all Main Roads, Public Buildings, Lighthouses, Rio Cobre Irrigation Works, and other Public Works. There are 2,557 miles of Main Roads of which 2,504 miles are suitable and 53 miles unsuitable for Motor Traffic.

## ESTABLISHMENT OF THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
		£	
Director of Public Works ..	W. Y. Feurtado, A.M. Inst. C.E., L.R.I.B.A., M.R. SAN. I.	1,500	14.11.21
Deputy Director ..	G. A. R. Farquharson, B.A., (Eng.) A.M. Inst. C.E.	1,100	17.11.30
Assistant Director ..	G. F. Alberga, B.Sc. (McGill), A.M. Inst. C.E.	1,000	7.5.28
Superintending Engineer ..	L. B. Spence	750-50-900	1.4.11
Ditto ..	A. R. Magnus	Ditto	21.6.15
Ditto ..	A. M. Alberga, B.Sc. (McGill), A.M. Inst. C.E., A.M. Eng. Inst. C.E. (Canada)	Ditto	1.3.32
Chief Engineer (Electrical and Mechanical) ..	D. M. Rait, A.M.I.E.E.	750-50-900	9.3.46
Chief Engineer, ..	S. A. G. Taylor	1,000	1.4.37
Hydraulics ..			
Chief Architect ..	T. C. M. Miklos, R.H.H.S.A.	1,000	20.11.33
Architect ..	R. H. Bond, B. Arch. (Liverpool), A.R.I.B.A., Dipl. Civ./D., A.M.T.P.I.	750-50-850	25.3.49
Ditto ..	Vacant		
Executive Engineer ..	H. F. S. Hoyes	650-50-750	14.4.09
Ditto ..	A. R. Suarez	Ditto	27.4.06
Ditto ..	L. C. Stedman	Ditto	11.6.20
Ditto ..	H. C. Murray, A.M. Inst. C.E., Comm. Land Surveyor	Ditto	20.2.28
Ditto ..	H. R. Phillpotts, A.M. Inst. C.E., A.M. Inst. W.E.	Ditto	16.9.32
Ditto ..	F. B. Hill, A.M.I.C.E., Com. Land Surveyor. (M.Sc. Purdue, U.S.A.)	Ditto	25.1.30
Ditto ..	B. S. Duncombe	Ditto	18.8.19
Ditto ..	G. M. Bicknell	Ditto	2.1.25

ESTABLISHMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
		£	
Executive Engineer, <i>contd.</i>	K. O. Streadwick	650-50-750	6.2.22
Ditto	H. A. Plant	Ditto	19.8.29
Ditto	A. E. Terrier, A.M. Inst. C.E. Purdue, U.S.A.	Ditto	4.6.31
Ditto	J. K. O'Hara	Ditto	1.10.48
Ditto	J. McL. Wint, B.Sc. (Eng.), A.C.G.I., A.M.I.C.E.	Ditto	14.8.39
Ditto	J. W. Smith	Ditto	11.7.27
Ditto	Vacant		
Ditto	Vacant		
Asst. Engineer, Grade I	R. A. Magnus	550-25-650	5.8.07
Ditto	R. I. Walker	Ditto	6.3.27
Ditto	R. M. Royes	Ditto	11.6.27
Ditto	R. P. Rubie	Ditto	19.1.31
Ditto	J. M. Christie	Ditto	19.8.33
Ditto	G. W. Lindo, A.M.I.C.E.	Ditto	21.7.36
Ditto	A. F. McGhan, A.M.I.C.E.	Ditto	1.9.36
Ditto	C. A. Cover	Ditto	1.7.41
Ditto	C. A. Broderick	Ditto	9.1.28
Ditto	W. A. Collman	Ditto	16.6.30
Ditto	A. B. Walcott	Ditto	2.3.31
Ditto	C. L. Blair	Ditto	9.1.28
Ditto	R. J. Feurtado	Ditto	25.5.20
Ditto	A. G. M. Hall	Ditto	11.3.29
Ditto	C. E. Innerarity	Ditto	29.11.20
Ditto	C. C. Salmon	Ditto	2.6.30
Ditto	W. A. C. Veira	Ditto	17.8.30
Ditto	F. M. Wyatt	Ditto	1.3.24
Assistant Engineer, Grade II	H. W. Archer	450-25-550	25.6.34
Ditto	E. F. C. Foord	Ditto	20.4.42
Works Overseer, Grade I	F. C. Smith	450-25-550	15.9.19
Ditto	H. N. Maxwell	Ditto	18.4.28
Ditto	A. G. Murray	Ditto	10.9.22
Ditto	E. V. Crawford	Ditto	1.8.16
Ditto	H. G. Thomas	Ditto	11.7.30
Ditto	H. J. Mair	Ditto	13.4.24
Ditto	E. T. Moodie	Ditto	12.1.25
Ditto	W. L. McDonald	Ditto	26.6.33
Ditto	G. H. Halliburton	Ditto	21.2.23
Ditto	W. G. Lyon	Ditto	2.8.23
Ditto	C. S. Cann	Ditto	15.1.34
Ditto	S. G. Ogle	Ditto	1.10.28
Ditto	V. E. Cox	Ditto	22.7.35
Ditto	V. L. Tavares	Ditto	29.4.29
Works Overseer, Grade II	W. P. Beckwith	350-25-450	11.7.31
Ditto	H. L. Ilgner	Ditto	17.5.24
Ditto	S. K. Davis	Ditto	15.11.43
Ditto	J. J. B. Hay	Ditto	4.6.24
Ditto	R. A. Segree	Ditto	8.8.21
Ditto	G. G. Tinglin	Ditto	23.1.30

ESTABLISHMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Works Overseer,		£	
Grade II, <i>contd.</i>	S. A. Maull	350-25-450	1.8.40
Ditto	J. G. Stephenson	Ditto	9.6.23
Ditto	K. G. Bygrave	Ditto	27.3.28
Ditto	C. A. Latibeaudiere	Ditto	5.5.22
Ditto	R. A. Plummer	Ditto	7.10.25
Ditto	F. M. Forbes	Ditto	18.1.28
Ditto	F. F. Dodd	Ditto	15.2.25
Ditto	A. L. Palmer	Ditto	11.11.32
Ditto	L. A. Wilson	Ditto	1933
Ditto	D. S. Morgan	Ditto	23.6.29
Ditto	S. T. A. Rowe	Ditto	10.1.28
Ditto	G. McFarlane	Ditto	1.12.33
Ditto	I. E. Thompson	Ditto	13.12.35
Ditto	G. C. Drayton	Ditto	10.11.31
Surveyor	D. L. Paisley, P.A.S.I., Com. Land Surveyor	500-25-600 50-700	11.7.27
Ditto	M. M. McGann	Ditto	8.6.24
Ditto	O. C. Stephenson	Ditto	20.2.28
Ditto	C. C. Cunningham	Ditto	18.6.28
Ditto	H. G. Bubb Clarke	Ditto	2.10.33
Ditto	D. C. Hendricks	Ditto	22.11.37
Ditto	D. M. McGlashan	Ditto	4.4.38
Ditto	L. A. Goldson	Ditto	5.6.36
Ditto	S. H. Delvalle	Ditto	26.8.43
Ditto	K. K. Rickard	Ditto	1.9.43
Ditto	F. D. Nemohard	Ditto	7.12.44
Ditto	H. R. Massey	Ditto	1.4.49
Ditto	C. D. Smith	Ditto	1.4.49
Ditto	J. S. T. Biscoe	Ditto	1.4.49
Ditto	R. G. Evans	Ditto	1.4.49
Draughtsman, Grade I	N. R. Gauntlett	350-25-450	18.4.40
Ditto	D. W. Brown	Ditto	22.9.41
Ditto	H. S. Wilson	Ditto	1.6.48
Draughtsman, Grade II	F. A. Tucker	225-20-325	1.8.43
Ditto	F. E. Watt	Ditto	28.5.41
Ditto	A. F. D. Alberga	Ditto	12.1.44
Ditto	H. K. Lawson	Ditto	17.1.44
Ditto	A. B. Salmon	Ditto	18.8.47
Ditto	J. R. Hunt	Ditto	11.10.44
Ditto	H. Chin	Ditto	5.7.44
Senior Electrician	C. U. Phillips	450-25-550	15.5.40
Junior Electrician	L. Craddock	350-25-450	5.12.44
Accountant	N. B. Donaldson, Hons. Diploma o.b.c.	650-50-750	1.12.24
Supt. Public Works Stores	F. C. Isaacs	650-50-750	7.9.21
Principal Clerk ..	E. W. Brodhurst	600-25-650	3.10.21
Ditto	L. A. Curtis	Ditto	10.8.14
Asst. Supt. Stores	T. H. Francis	550-25-650	13.8.28
Senior Clerk ..	L. A. Phillips	500-25-600	20.6.21
Ditto	C. S. Irving	Ditto	1.11.26
Ditto	D. M. Forrester	Ditto	9.9.29
Ditto	E. T. Wright	Ditto	28.8.20
Ditto	C. A. Wilson	Ditto	4.1.21
Ditto	H. E. Walcott	Ditto	17.9.20
Ditto	R. I. Haughton	Ditto	24.10.33

ESTABLISHMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
		£	
First Class Clerk	A. A. Mills	350-25-475	13.6.21
Ditto	R. E. Feurtado	Ditto	10.8.28
Ditto	H. H. Phillips	Ditto	9.12.29
Ditto	C. Williams	Ditto	25.2.24
Ditto	S. L. Schliefer	Ditto	21.3.21
Ditto	G. O. Rose	Ditto	25.9.28
Ditto	W. L. Forrester	Ditto	15.9.30
Ditto	S. O. Whittaker	Ditto	27.8.23
Ditto	R. W. Black	Ditto	12.8.12
Ditto	V. H. Crawford	Ditto	13.4.26
Ditto	H. A. Grant	Ditto	12.6.30
Ditto	K. I. Phillips	Ditto	17.4.25
Ditto	W. L. Craig	Ditto	29.9.25
Ditto	L. A. Eastwood	Ditto	22.9.27
Ditto	E. H. Bailey	Ditto	16.8.28
Ditto	C. A. Anglin	Ditto	1.4.28
Ditto	J. W. Williams	Ditto	1.9.29
Ditto	P. I. Rae	Ditto	19.9.38
Ditto	L. O. Ruddock	Ditto	17.6.29
Ditto	C. I. Phillips	Ditto	1.11.35
Ditto	C. G. Jones	Ditto	23.12.29
Ditto	L. L. K. Williams	Ditto	14.8.33
Ditto	Vacant		
Ditto	Vacant		
Ditto	Vacant		
Second Class Clerk	J. A. Abdool	225-20-325	6.11.16
Ditto	J. E. Martin	Ditto	22.2.22
Ditto	C. C. Buchner	Ditto	3.9.23
Ditto	R. A. Wilson	Ditto	28.9.25
Ditto	V. L. Virtue	Ditto	24.12.29
Ditto	O. G. Charley	Ditto	1.2.30
Ditto	A. V. Edwards	Ditto	10.4.30
Ditto	N. A. Sinclair	Ditto	12.5.30
Ditto	S. L. Hamilton	Ditto	31.5.30
Ditto	R. A. Young	Ditto	4.6.30
Ditto	A. G. Hayle	Ditto	23.7.30
Ditto	S. A. Smith	Ditto	18.9.33
Ditto	H. C. Bygrave	Ditto	22.12.33
Ditto	H. E. Skipton	Ditto	8.8.34
Ditto	N. S. Campbell	Ditto	30.5.38
Ditto	D. D. Bolton	Ditto	24.1.38
Ditto	F. E. Smith	Ditto	27.2.30
Ditto	H. A. Pickwick	Ditto	11.11.30
Ditto	N. S. Brown	Ditto	30.5.38
Ditto	F. H. Mills	Ditto	31.7.39
Ditto	D. E. Comrie	Ditto	31.3.30
Ditto	T. B. Hay	Ditto	23.3.36
Ditto	R. L. Motta	Ditto	7.7.30
Ditto	C. A. Donaldson	Ditto	23.3.31
Ditto	C. R. Comrie	Ditto	10.7.32
Ditto	W. V. Kenny	Ditto	15.7.29
Ditto	C. C. Darby	Ditto	26.6.33
Ditto	E. A. Alexander	Ditto	14.3.38
Ditto	W. L. Lumsden	Ditto	29.9.36





ESTABLISHMENT OF PUBLIC WORK DEPARTMENT, *contd.*

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first Appointment to Public Service
Female Clerk, Grade III	Miss B. A. Hue	£120-15-150, £165-15-210	7.2.44
Ditto	Miss E. E. D. Cousins	Ditto	3.8.43
Ditto	Miss A. M. Osborne	Ditto	1.9.43
Ditto	Mrs. M. L. Maxwell	Ditto	13.9.44
Ditto	Miss M. E. Mair	Ditto	14.1.45
Ditto	Miss C. L. H. Clare	Ditto	1.2.45
Ditto	Miss M. L. Jones	Ditto	1.4.46
Ditto	Miss G. E. McNab	Ditto	18.9.45
Ditto	Miss J. E. Freckleton	Ditto	1.4.46
Ditto	Miss M. A. Campbell	Ditto	11.9.46
Ditto	Miss L. E. Johnson	£120-15-150 £165-15.210	22.8.47
Ditto	Miss A. J. Montock	Ditto	6.8.45
Ditto	Miss P. Genus	Ditto	2.1.45
Ditto	Miss M. J. Swaby	Ditto	22.7.46
Ditto	Miss M. Miller	Ditto	2.4.47
Ditto	Miss C. Harding	Ditto	29.8.45
Ditto	Miss P. Y. Clark	Ditto	22.5.48
Ditto	Miss G. Rodriguez	Ditto	3.4.44
Ditto	Miss D. Levy	Ditto	10.2.47
Ditto	Miss E. L. Hue	Ditto	1.12.48
Ditto	Miss D. V. Gervais	Ditto	4.1.47
Ditto	Vacant	..	..
Ditto	Vacant	..	..
Ditto	Vacant	..	..
Ditto	Vacant	..	..
Ditto	Vacant	..	..
Ditto	Vacant	..	..

## HEADQUARTERS, CARIBBEAN AREA

Commander, Caribbean Area	Hon. Brigadier E. K. Page, D.S.O., O.B.E. M.C.
General Staff Officer, 2nd Grade	Major J. D. Sale, King's Somerset Light Infantry
Assistant Adjutant and Quarter-Master-General	Colonel J. R. Welchman, D.S.O., Welsh Regiment

## ROYAL ENGINEERS

Commander, Royal Engineers	Lt. Colonel R. Clayton
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## ROYAL CORPS OF SIGNALS

Officer Commanding	Captain R. L. Murray
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## 1ST BATTALION THE ROYAL INNISKILLING FUSILIERS

Commanding Officer	Lt. Colonel D. M. Shaw, D.S.O., M.C.
Second in-Command	..

## JAMAICA BATTALION

Commanding Officer .. ..	Lt. Colonel M. Manlove, East Lancashire Regiment
Second-in-Command .. ..	Major N. G. H. Holdich, Royal Warwickshire Regiment.

## ROYAL ARMY SERVICE CORPS

Officer Commanding .. ..	Major J. A. I. Baldwin
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## ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS

Senior Medical Officer .. ..	Major S. Ward
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## ROYAL ARMY ORDNANCE CORPS

Officer Commanding .. ..	Major A. Young
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## ROYAL ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS

Officer Commanding .. ..	Major T. R. Smeatham
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## ROYAL ARMY PAY CORPS

Command Paymaster .. ..	Major F. W. E. Hutchinson
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## WOMEN'S ROYAL ARMY CORPS

Officer Commanding .. ..	Junior Commander K. W. Samuels
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## ROYAL NAVY

Resident Naval Officer .. ..	Lt. Commander R. D. Pankhurst, D.S.C. R.N.,
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## THE JAMAICA MILITARY BAND

When the West India Regiment was disbanded in 1926, public feeling was strongly in favour of retaining the Regimental Band and the famous old Zouave Uniforms of which all were so justly proud.

In 1927, both of these wishes were realised, when, from the Members of the Band of the West India Regiment, a new band was formed. This band was called the "Jamaica Military Band" and allotted the Zouave Uniforms as its full ceremonial dress.

Cost of salaries and upkeep of The Jamaica Military Band is met by the Local Government, the money being voted in the Annual Estimates.

The present Commanding Officer is Major Robert G. Jones, L.R.A.M., A.R.C.M., (Conductorship), a graduate in Military Bandmastership of the Royal Military School of Music, Twickenham, England. Major Jones is also the Director of Music.

The strength of the Band is at present one officer, and thirty-two other ranks including a W.O. II., Band Sergt.-Major E. Stewart.

The Band plays in the public parks and gardens, and may be heard to advantage in the beautiful Botanical Hope Gardens on the 1st, and 3rd Sundays of the month. It is also available to play at private functions, etc.; information as to fees may be obtained from the O.C., Jamaica Military Band, Up Park Camp, Kingston.

# RULES FOR ADMISSION TO THE CIVIL SERVICE OF JAMAICA (CLERICAL)

Candidates for appointment to the Civil Service who possess such University degrees or such accounting qualifications as may be counted as acceptable by the Governor will be considered for such special posts as they would be qualified to fill at commensurate salaries. Admission to the Civil Service (Clerical) is as a general rule by appointment to the office of Third Class Clerk or Female Clerk, Grade III. To fill vacancies which may occur in these offices the Governor may employ men and women of British nationality who satisfy the requirements specified in the following rules.

1. The Governor may appoint as temporary officers in any office or Department as circumstances may require men and women qualified for admission to the Civil Service.
2. No candidate shall be admitted to the Public Service as a Third Class Clerk or Female Clerk, Grade III, who is under 17 or over 25 years of age.
3. Every candidate shall be required to show attainment of a certain educational standard. This standard shall be either:—
  - (a) the Higher School Certificate;
  - (b) the Certificate of the Matriculation examination of the University of London; or
  - (c) the Cambridge School Certificate with at least:—
    - a "C" (Credit) in English Language; and
    - a "P" (Pass) in Arithmetic;
  - (d) an educational record of higher or equal value in the opinion of the Governor to that specified in clause (c) of this rule. For the purpose of this rule the Senior School Commercial Certificate of the Royal Society of Arts will be accepted as evidence that a candidate for admission to the Civil Service of Jamaica has attained a satisfactory standard of education provided that the holder of such certificate (i) shall have passed in a language other than English; (ii) shall have obtained three first class passes within eight subjects of the examination; and (iii) shall have secured at least 50% marks in all four of the obligatory subjects.  
In addition, female candidates will be required either:—
  - (e) to produce, prior to appointment, documentary evidence of the attainment of a certain standard of proficiency in shorthand and typewriting which standard shall be either:—
    - (i) the Intermediate (or Stage 2) Certificate of the Royal Society of Arts, or
    - (ii) the London Chamber of Commerce Certificate stage, or
    - (iii) a certificate of higher or equal value in the opinion of the Director of Education;

*OR, alternatively*
  - (f) to pass an examination in shorthand and typewriting within three years of the date of appointment, the syllabus for which is set out at the end of these Rules, provided that any candidate who, within the period of three years from the date of her appointment as a Female Clerk, Grade III fails to pass such an examination will cease to be qualified to remain in the Service and her appointment shall forthwith be determined.
4. Each candidate shall obtain a recommendation from either:—
  - (a) a Member of the Privy Council; or
  - (b) a Member of the Executive Council; or
  - (c) a Head of a Department of the Public Service; or
  - (d) the Custos of the parish in which the candidate resides; or
  - (e) a Member of the Legislative Council; or
  - (f) a Member of the House of Representatives; or
  - (g) a Resident Magistrate; or
  - (h) a Justice of the Peace.

Such recommendation shall be in the form of a certificate that the candidate is, in the opinion of the person certifying a fit and proper person for admission to

the Civil Service of Jamaica, and the certificate shall also contain a brief statement, by the person certifying, of the particulars known to him of the antecedents and character of the candidate.

5. Candidates between the ages of 17 and 25 in possession of the Higher School Certificate who comply with the provisions of Rule 4 will on appointment receive salary equivalent to the minimum of the grade plus two increments and will be allowed two years' seniority from the date of appointment.
6. All candidates for appointment who comply with Rules 2, 3 and 4 shall be interviewed by a Public Service Appointments Board which shall consist of not less than three persons selected from a panel of persons appointed by the Governor. The Board shall meet at least twice a year, in June and December, for the purpose of selecting candidates for appointment to existing vacancies and shall consider the following in respect of each candidate:—
  - (a) Educational record;
  - (b) General fitness;
  - (c) Any previous service in a Government Department or in outside employment; and
  - (d) Any reports for which the Board may choose to call, e.g., from the Headmaster or Headmistress of a candidate's school or from any referees named by the candidate.

The Board may invite any Head of a Department to attend any of its meetings. The Board shall transmit to the Colonial Secretary a list of the candidates recommended for appointments to existing vacancies.

7. No candidate shall be appointed until he or she has passed a satisfactory medical examination by a Medical Officer in the Government Medical Service who shall report to the Colonial Secretary in such form as he may from time to time determine.
8. Candidates appointed as Third Class Clerks will, before the conclusion of three years' service, be required to take an examination designed to test their knowledge of Jamaica General Orders and Colonial Regulations and the Laws of Jamaica and Constitutional Instruments. (The examination in Laws and Constitutional Instruments will be designed to test the candidate's familiarity with existing legislation and his ability to make prompt reference to the Laws and Instruments; he will be allowed to have the Laws and Instruments with him in the examination.) If successful in this examination they will be eligible for confirmation in their appointments. Any candidate who within the period of three years from the date of his appointment as a Third Class Clerk fails to pass such an examination will cease to be qualified to remain in the Service and his appointment shall forthwith be determined.
9. (a) No married woman shall be eligible for any appointment to a clerical office in the Civil Service unless the Governor in any special case otherwise directs. If after the appointment of any woman to such office it is discovered that she was a married woman whose husband was alive at the time of such appointment, the Governor may require her to vacate her office from such date as he may specify and as from such date such married woman shall cease to hold her office and shall not be eligible for any pension, gratuity or allowance in respect of her service therein.
- 9b. No woman employed in any clerical office in the Civil Service who marries while so employed shall be liable to be called upon to vacate her office unless she is unable or unwilling to continue to comply with the normal requirements and conditions of her employment, including regular attendance, working of overtime when necessary, and the liability to transfer.
10. Nothing in these rules shall be construed as preventing the Governor from appointing either permanently or temporarily any person to any office in the Civil Service (Clerical) notwithstanding that such person has not complied with any of the requirements of these Rules or is not eligible by virtue of these Rules for any permanent or temporary appointment, if in the opinion of the Governor the special circumstances of the case warrant such permanent or temporary appointment.

## SYLLABUS FOR THE EXAMINATION OF FEMALE CANDIDATES IN SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING UNDER RULE 3

### SHORTHAND

- (1) A passage dictated at 80 words per minute to be taken down in any recognised system and then transcribed in manuscript (longhand). This test will last for four minutes.
- (2) A letter containing not more than 150 words dictated at a speed not exceeding 80 words per minute to be taken down in any recognised system and then transcribed (letter form) in manuscript. 1½ hours will be allowed for transcription of these tests.

### TYPEWRITING

- (a) An accuracy test to last 10 minutes at the rate of 30 words per minute.
- (b) Copying including copying manuscripts of official and non-official matter. Tabulation.
- (c) Theory questions and other exercises in relation to (b).

NOTE—The use of an eraser is permitted, *except in the Accuracy Tests.*

NOTE—Candidates who are eligible for appointment as Third Class Clerks and Female Clerks, Grade III, in the Government Service will also be eligible for appointment to clerical posts with the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation.

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## PUBLIC SERVICE APPOINTMENTS BOARD

(under Rule 6 of the Rules for admission to the Civil Service)

Deputy Director of Education, (*Chairman*); Deputy Collector General, Deputy Auditor General, Senior Assistant Treasurer, Manager, Govt. Saving Bank, Mr. C. R. Campbell, C.B.E., and Mr. J. J. Mills, M.B.E.

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## WHITLEY COUNCIL FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE OF JAMAICA

The Council was established in 1940 the terms of its Constitution being as follows:—

### CONSTITUTION

#### *Membership*

I. The Council shall consist of 12 members to be appointed as to one-half by the Government (Official Side) who may or may not be Civil Servants, and as to the other half by the Jamaica Civil Service Association (Staff Side). Each side shall appoint a Secretary.

II. The first Council shall be appointed to serve until 31st December, 1941. Thereafter appointments to future Councils shall be made during the month of January in each year; the Members of the retiring Council shall hold office until the succeeding Council is appointed. It shall be open to the authorities appointing the respective sides of the Council to vary their representatives.

III. In appointing the representatives of the Staff Side the Association shall, as far as possible, select representatives from various grades of the Service.

IV. Casual vacancies shall be filled by the authority concerned, which shall appoint a member to serve for the remainder of the term for which the out-going member was appointed.

#### *Officers*

V. The Chairman of the Council shall be a member of the Official Side; the Vice-Chairman shall be a member of the Staff Side of the Council.

VI. The Quorum shall be three members on each side of the Council.

*Meetings*

VII. The ordinary meetings of the Council shall be held as often as may be necessary and not less than once a quarter. An agenda shall be circulated to all members not less than seven days before the meetings of the Council. Business not on the agenda shall only be taken by permission of the Chairman of the meeting. A Special meeting of the Council shall be called by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman as required. The business to be discussed at such Special meeting shall be limited to matters stated on the notice summoning the meeting.

VIII. The Council shall draw up such Standing Orders and Rules for the conduct of its business as it may deem necessary.

*Objects*

IX. The objects of the Council shall be to secure the greatest measure of co-operation between the Government in its capacity as employer, and the general body of Civil Servants in matters affecting the Civil Service, with a view to increasing efficiency of the Public Service combined with the well being of those employed; to provide machinery for dealing with grievances, and generally to bring together the experience and different points of view of representatives of the various branches of the Civil Service.

*Functions*

X. The scope of the Council shall comprise all matters which affect the conditions of service of the Staff.

The functions shall include the following:—

- (i) Provision of the best means for utilising the ideas and experience of the staff.
- (ii) Means for securing to the staff a greater share in, and responsibility for the determination and observance of the conditions under which their duties are carried out.
- (iii) Determination of the *general principles* governing conditions of service, e.g., recruitment, hours, promotion, discipline, tenure, remuneration and superannuation.

In the Council the discussion of promotion shall be restricted to the general aspects of the matter and the principles upon which promotions in general should rest. In no circumstances shall individual cases be taken into consideration. It shall be open to the Council to discuss the general principles underlying disciplinary action, but there shall be no discussion of individual cases.

- (iv) The encouragement of the further education of Civil Servants and their training in higher administration and organisation.
- (v) Improvement of office machinery and organisation, and the provision of opportunities for the full consideration of suggestions by the staff on this subject.
- (vi) Proposed legislation so far as it has a bearing upon the position of Civil Servants in relation to their employment.

*Committees*

XI. The Council may appoint Standing Committees and Special Committees. Members of the Standing Committees shall be members of the Council but persons not necessarily members of the Council may be appointed on Special Committees.

*Amendment of Constitution*

XII. The constitution of the Council may be added to or amended from time to time as may be necessary at any meeting of the Council provided notice of such addition or amendment has been given at a previous meeting of the Council.

*Decisions*

XIII. The decisions of the Council shall be arrived at by agreement between the two sides, shall be signed by the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, shall be reported to Government and thereupon shall become operative subject to the approval of the House of Representatives where such approval is necessary. Provided that in any case of disagreement between the two sides, the provisions of Clause XI of the Constitution in regard to Special Committees shall be resorted to. In such case the Special Committee shall consist of an equal number of members from both Sides of the Council to be determined by the Council together with such other person or persons (not being members of the Civil Service) as the Council may appoint. The decision arrived at by such Special Committee shall be binding on the Council and shall be reported to Government and thereupon shall become operative subject to the approval of His Excellency The Governor.

## PUBLICATION OF PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNCIL

XIV. Only statements issued under the authority of the Council shall be published.

*Minutes*

XV. The Council shall keep minutes of its proceedings.

2. The Council consists of the following persons:—

## REPRESENTING THE OFFICIAL SIDE

Hon. Colonial Secretary, (Chairman)  
 Hon. Financial Secretary  
 Deputy Colonial Secretary  
 The Director of Education  
 The Collector General  
 The Labour Adviser

## REPRESENTING THE STAFF SIDE

Dr. L. E. Arnold (Vice-Chairman)  
 Mr. C. H. Dickson  
 Mr. O. D. Sanguinetti  
 Mr. H. C. Miller  
 Mr. K. B. Scott  
 Mr. L. L. Mendes

The Secretary of the Official side is Mr. R. E. Mais of the Colonial Secretariat and the Secretary of the Staff Side is Mr. H. B. Bent, of the Income Tax Dept.

## DEPARTMENTAL WHITLEY COUNCILS

3. In 1945 approval was given for the formation of Departmental Whitley Councils, one in each Government Department, the terms of their Constitution being as follows:—

*Membership*

- I. The Council shall consist of not more than 10 members to be appointed as to one-half by the Head of Department (Official Side) and as to the other half by the members of the J.C.S. Association employed in the Department (Staff Side). Each side shall appoint a secretary who may or may not be a member of the Council.
- II. The first Council shall be appointed to serve until 31st December, 1945. Thereafter appointments to future Councils shall be made during the month of January in each year, the Members of the retiring Council shall hold office until the succeeding Council is appointed. It shall be open to the authorities appointing the respective sides to the Council to vary their representatives.



- III. In appointing the Members of the Staff Side the selection shall, as far as possible, be fully representative of the Staff of the Department.
- IV. Casual vacancies shall be filled by the authority concerned, which shall be a member to serve for the remainder of the term for which the outgoing member was appointed.

#### *Officers*

- V. The Chairman of the Council shall be a member of the Official Side; the Vice-Chairman shall be a member of the Staff Side.
- VI. The quorum shall be \*.....members on each side of the Council.

#### *Meetings*

- VII. The meetings of the Council shall be held as often as may be necessary, and not less than once a quarter. An Agenda shall be circulated to all members not less than seven days before the meetings of the Council. Business not on the Agenda shall only be taken by permission of the Chairman of the Meeting. A special meeting of the Council shall be called by the Chairman or Vice-Chairman as required. The business to be discussed at such special meetings shall be limited to matters stated on the notice summoning the meeting.
- VIII. The Council shall draw up such Standing Orders and Rules for the conduct of its business as it may deem necessary.

#### *Objects*

- IX. The objects of the Council shall be to secure the greatest measure of co-operation between the Administration and the Staff in matters affecting the Department, with a view to increasing efficiency in the Department combined with the well-being of the Staff; to provide machinery for dealing with grievances and generally to bring together the different points of view respecting conditions of service within the Department.

#### *Functions*

- X. The scope of the Council shall comprise all matters which affect the conditions of service of the Staff Side.

The functions shall include the following:—

- (1) Provision of the best means for utilising the ideas and experience of the staff.
- (2) Means for securing to the staff a greater share in, and responsibility for, the determination and observance of the conditions under which their duties are carried out.
- (3) Application of the general principles governing conditions of service, e.g. recruitment, hours, promotion, discipline, tenure, remuneration and superannuation, in so far as they relate to the Department.

Without prejudice to the responsibility of the Head of the Department for making recommendations for promotion and maintaining discipline, it shall be within the competence of the Council:—

- (i) to discuss any promotion in regard to which it is represented by the Staff Side that any accepted principle of promotion has been violated;
- (ii) to discuss any case in which disciplinary action has been taken if it is represented by the Staff Side that any general principle has been violated.
- (4) The encouragement of the further education of Civil Servants and their training in higher administration and organisation.
- (5) Improvement of office machinery and organisation and the provision of opportunities for the full consideration of suggestions by the staff on this subject.
- (6) Consideration of proposed legislation so far as it has a bearing upon the position of the members of the Staff in relation to their employment in the Department.

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\*To be decided by each Council, according to the number of its members.

*Committees*

- XI. The Council may appoint Standing Committees and Special Committees. Members of the Standing Committees shall be members of the Council but persons not necessarily members of the Council may be appointed on Special Committees.

*Amendment to Constitution*

- XII. The Constitution of the Council may be added to or amended from time to time as may be necessary at any meeting of the Council provided notice of such addition or amendment has been given to each member at least seven days before such meeting of the Council. No such addition or amendment shall have effect until ratified by the Local Whitley Council.

*Decisions*

- XIII. The decisions of the Council shall be arrived at by agreement between the two sides, shall be signed by the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, shall be reported to the Head of the Department and thereupon shall become operative subject to the overriding authority of the Head of the Department, or, in the case of any matter involving a question of principle or policy, or expenditure, of the Governor, and without prejudice to the authority of the Local Whitley Council as the only Whitley Joint Body competent to deal with general questions, provided that in every case of disagreement between the two sides the provisions of Clause XI of the Constitution in regard to Special Committees shall be resorted to. In such cases the Special Committee shall consist of an equal number of members from both sides of the Council to be determined by the Council together with such other person or persons (being members of the Civil Service) as the Council may appoint. The decision arrived at by such Special Committee shall be binding on the Council and shall be reported to the Head of the Department in accordance with the procedure indicated above.

*Publication of Proceedings of the Council*

- XIV. Only statements issued under the authority of the Council shall be published and such statements shall be as full and informative as possible.

*Minutes*

- XV. The Council shall keep minutes of its proceedings.

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## INSTITUTE OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

The Institute of Public Administration of Jamaica, a Branch of the British Institute of Public Administration, was founded on the 24th November, 1944.

The Institute is a learned Society existing for the purpose of promoting the study (a) Vocational and Professional Practice of Public Administration; (b) Machinery necessary for the efficient day-by-day practice of Public Administration; (c) Historical, Economic and Political Science with special reference to Public Administration and Constitutional Law and Practice.

2. *Objects*—The principal object for which the Institute is established is to function as a learned Society for the encouragement and promotion of the study of Public Administration.

In pursuance of this object, the Institute shall endeavour:—

- (a) To maintain the high ideals and traditions of the Public Services and promote the professional interests of Public Servants;
- (b) To promote the study of:—
  - (i) The vocational or professional practice of public administration;
  - (ii) The machinery necessary for the efficient day-by-day practice of public administration; and
  - (iii) Historical, economic and political science with special reference to public administration and constitutional law and practice.

- (c) To facilitate the exchange of information and thought on administrative and related questions with a view to the increased efficiency of the public services, and to the creation of a well-informed public opinion concerning those Services; to provide opportunities for the acquisition and dissemination of useful information concerning the Public Services of this and other countries, and to develop the technique of administration;
- (d) To give expression to the considered view of the public services on questions of public duty and professional etiquette.
- (e) To promote good relations between the members of different branches of the Public Services, and to encourage interest in their profession, and to this end to establish Central Headquarters with suitable Committee Rooms, Library, and other facilities for study and social intercourse.
- (f) To keep the members and the public constantly informed by means of lectures and publications as to the functions, aims and utility of the Public Services;
- (g) To publish a Journal.

**CONSTITUTION**—The Institute is governed by a Council of some 22 members elected annually.

**QUALIFICATION OF MEMBERSHIP**—Membership is open to all persons engaged in Public Services (Civil and Local), Voluntary Social Service Agencies and the Teaching Profession.

**FEES**—The annual subscription fee is One Pound (£1) which entitles a member to receive regularly both the Journal of the Institute and that published by the British Institute.

**Honorary President**—His Excellency Sir John Huggins, G.C.M.G., M.C., Governor of Jamaica; **Honorary Vice-Presidents**—Hon. T. H. Mayers, K.C., Attorney General of Jamaica; H. L. Harris, J.P., Rev. T. Edgar Newlin, *Secretary, Social Welfare Services*; **Honorary Secretary**—Walton W. Zink, 24 Church Street, Kingston; **Honorary Treasurer**—D. C. Mais.

### JAMAICA CIVIL SERVICE ASSOCIATION \*

The Jamaica Civil Service Association, which was founded in the year 1919, has for its objects the improvement of the status of the Public Service, the securing of efficiency in the Service and contentment among the officers and the development of the financial and social conditions of its members.

The Association has assisted in the formation of a Society known as "The Jamaica Civil Service Mutual Thrift Society, Ltd."

The objects of the Society are to foster and encourage thrift, and to assist members of the Civil Service with loans, from time to time, on satisfactory security at reasonable rates of interest, to enable them to overtake unforeseen and unavoidable expenditure, which their immediate income is insufficient to enable them to meet but which amounts, if advanced by the Society, they will be able to repay over a period of time.

It is realized by Public Officers that this organisation is of immense benefit to the Service as a whole.

In the field of Sports and other Social functions, the Association has played a large part. Ever since its inception—cricket, football, tennis, billiards and bridge games have been arranged inter-departmentally each year; and these games have helped considerably in cementing the bond of friendship among Public Officers. An Annual Tennis Tournament has always been a great feature in the Association's life.

An Inter-Departmental Cricket Competition on the knock-out System for which Dr. Hewson, late Medical Officer, Mental Hospital, donated a shield, is played annually.

All Heads of Departments are eligible to become Honorary Members of the Association. Full membership is extended to all other officers on the Civil Establishment of the Colony and to such other members of the Public Service as well as Pensioners, as the Committee may from time to time deem eligible for election.

The business of the Association is conducted by a *General Council* consisting of the Officers of the Association and one member drawn from each Department or group of Departments, one member representing each grade of officers in the Service and the members of the Staff Side of the Whitley Council. An *Executive Committee* is appointed from this Council to manage the business between meetings of the Council which are held once a quarter.

\* For a full history of the Association, see the Handbook for 1939.

All correspondence with the Association should be addressed to Mr. C. H. Dickson, the Associate Secretary, P.O. Box 399, Kingston.

## GENERAL COUNCIL

President	J. E. C. MacFarlane, O.B.E.	Treasury
1st Vice President	Dr. L. E. Arnold	Medical Department
2nd " "	O. D. Sanguinetti	Audit Office
3rd " "	H. B. Brown	Revenue Department
Honorary Secretary	K. B. Scott	Kingston Customs
Honorary Treasurer	J. McIntosh	Stamp Office

In addition there are 45 other members representing the several Departments.

## MEMBERS OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Dr. L. E. Arnold	Medical Office
O. D. Sanguinetti	Audit Office
H. B. Brown	Revenue Department Morant Bay
K. B. Scott	Revenue Department
J. McIntosh	Income Tax Office
C. H. Dickson	Associate Secretary, Jamaica Civil Service Association
H. C. Miller	Agricultural Department
S. T. Ellington	Courts Office, H.W.T.
L. L. Mendes	Administrator General's Office
P. A. Chevannes	Income Tax Office
L. M. Tomlinson	Post Office
A. G. Wright	Treasury
Dr. H. D. Chambers	Medical Department
D. W. Evans	Audit Office
C. St. G. Knight	Collector General's Office
V. McFarlane	Secretariat
H. B. Bent	Income Tax Office
L. H. Brown	Revenue Department
R. V. Irvine	Commerce and Industries
A. L. Gabay	Audit Office.

## MEMBERS OF THE CENTRAL WHITLEY COUNCIL

Messrs. L. E. Arnold (Vice Chairman)  
 O. D. Sanguinetti  
 K. B. Scott  
 L. L. Mendes  
 C. H. Dickson  
 H. C. Miller  
 H. B. Bent, Secretary

## OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE

Any person who has any representations of a public or private nature to make to the Government should forward them through the Colonial Secretary.

"Any person has the right to address the Secretary of State for the Colonies, if he thinks proper in which case he must transmit his communication, unsealed and in triplicate, to the Governor, requesting him to forward it in due course to the Secretary of State. Every letter, memorial or other document received by the Secretary of State from the Colony otherwise than through the Governor will be referred back to the Governor for his report or returned to the sender."

In addressing communications to the Government, or to the various Government Departments, the following rules should be observed:—

- (1) all such communications should be written on foolscap or large sized paper, and in formal terms.
- (2) they should be typewritten or, if in handwriting, legibly written.
- (3) the signatures of the senders should be legible, or their names should be typewritten below their signatures.

- (4) the marks of persons unable to sign their names must be attested to by the signature of some responsible person, as witness to the fact that the mark was made in his or her presence, and that the person making the mark was aware of the facts and object of the document to which his mark was appended.
- (5) matters of a purely private nature, or which are in course of settlement, or have been settled in a court of Law, should not as a general rule be submitted for the consideration of Government, as it has no power of interference therein.
- (6) Petitions to the House of Representatives may be sent by bodies or by individuals to the Clerk of the House or they may be presented by any Member of the House when it is in Session as required by the Rules.

### HOURS OF ATTENDANCE AT PUBLIC OFFICES

The hours of attendance at Public Offices are from 8.30 a. m. to 4 p.m., (1 p.m. on Saturdays) except at the General Post Office which are 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., and the Island Telegraph Offices which are 7 a.m. to 5 p.m. Offices are open to the public during these hours with the following exceptions:—

Supreme Court	.. ..	9 a.m. to 3 p.m. (1 p.m. on Saturdays)
Treasury	}	10 a.m. to 3 p.m. (1 p.m. on Saturdays)
Government Savings Bank		
Titles Office		
Customs		
Stamp Office		
Passport Office		
Institute: (a) General Library	..	9 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Ditto (b) West India Reference Library	..	9 a.m. to 4 p.m. (1 p.m. on Saturdays)

### PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES

The provisions for the award of retiring benefits to Government and quasi-Government Officers and employees are as follows:—

<u>Groups</u>	<u>Legislation</u>
A. Civil Servants and other permanent whole-time employees of Government with the exception of those in the subsequent groups. (Employees of the Jamaica Agricultural Society and certain Employees of the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation and the Parochial Boards are also provided for under the Provident Fund Law, 1947, Law 25 of 1947)	The Pensions Law, 1947, Law 27 of 1947 The Provident Fund Law 1947, Law 25 of 1947 The Pensions (War Service) Law, Chapter 117
B. Sub-officers and Constables of the Constabulary Force. (The officers are Civil Servants and fall in Group A.)	Jamaica Constabulary Force (Amendment) Law, 1947, Law 28 of 1947.
C. Officers and Members of the Local Forces	Sections 26 and 27(2) of the Local Forces Law. The Provident Fund Law, Law 25 of 1947
D. Teachers in Government-owned and Government-aided places of education.	The Teachers Pension Law, 1947, Law 26 of 1947

PENSIONS AND GRATUITIES, *contd.*

Groups	Legislation
E. All other Government employees (part-time, daily-paid, etc.). Similar Resolutions also apply to employees of the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation and the Parochial Boards not provided for in Group F, below, or in the Provident Fund Law.	The Government Employees (Compassionate Gratuities) Resolution, 1947
F. Permanent whole-time employees of the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation and the Parochial Boards.	The Parochial Officers Pensions Law, 1947, Law 24 of 1947 The Provident Fund Law, Law 25 of 1947
G. Certain Employees of the Water Commission	The Pension Rules of the Kingston General Commissioners

2. Government officers and employees, teachers in elementary and secondary schools and Training Colleges, and Parochial employees who were prior to the enactment of the above legislation qualifying for retiring benefits under any Law or Regulation were given the option to remain under the provisions of the Laws or Regulations which were previously applicable to them and a few exercised their option.

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 TABLE OF PRECEDENCE FOR JAMAICA

1. The Governor or Officer Administering the Government.
2. The Officer in command of the Naval Forces in the Station in which the Colony is included if holding rank equivalent or superior to that of Rear Admiral, the Officer in command of the Land Forces in the Colony if holding rank equivalent or superior to that of Major-General, and the Officer in command of the Air Forces in the Colony if holding rank equivalent or superior to that of Air Vice-Marshal, their own relative rank and precedence being determined by the King's Regulations on that subject.
3. The Chief Justice of Jamaica.
4. The Colonial Secretary.
5. The Officer in command of the Naval Forces on the Station in which the Colony is included if of the rank of Commodore, the Officer in command of the Land Forces in the Colony if of the rank of Brigadier, and the Officer in command of the Air Forces in the Colony if of the rank of Air Commodore, their own relative rank and precedence being determined by the King's Regulations on that subject.  
(See Note (a) ).
6. Members of Privy Council in their order.
7. Members of Executive Council in their order.
8. The Officer in command of the Naval Forces on the Station in which the Colony is included if of the rank of Captain or Commander, the Officer in command of the Land Forces in the Colony if of the rank of Colonel or Lieutenant Colonel, and the Officer in command of the Air Forces in the Colony if of the rank of Group Captain or Wing Commander, their own relative rank and precedence being determined by the King's Regulations on that subject.  
(See Note (a) ).

TABLE OF PRECEDENCE FOR JAMAICA, *contd.*

9. The Commissioner of the Turks and Caicos Islands.
10. The Commissioner of the Cayman Islands.
11. The Puisne Judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature of Jamaica in order of seniority.
12. The President of the Legislative Council.
13. Members of the Legislative Council in their order.
14. The Speaker of the House of Representatives.
15. Members of the House of Representatives in their order.
16. Custodes of Parishes.  
(See Note (b)).
17. The Officer in command of the Naval Forces on the Station in which the Colony is included if below the rank of Commander, the Officer in command of the Land Forces in the Colony if below the rank of Lieutenant Colonel and the Officer in command of the Air Forces in the Colony if below the rank of Wing Commander, their own relative rank and precedence being determined by the King's Regulations on that subject.  
(See Note (a)).
18. Principal of the University College of the West Indies.
19. Heads of Departments.  
(See Note (c)).

## NOTES

- (a) Should the rank of the Officer in command of the Land Forces in the Colony change, the War Office reserve the right to raise the question of his position in the Table.
- (b) The Custos of a parish within the border of his parish is the personal representative of the Governor and therefore takes the first place on all occasions except when His Excellency the Governor himself is present.
- (c) Heads of Departments, who are not members of the Privy, Executive or Legislative Councils, will be granted precedence in accordance with the Salaries attached to their posts, the order as between those within the same salary group being determined by the date of appointment to the post.

The following is the present order of precedence of those Heads of Departments:—

<u>Post</u>	<u>Salary</u>	<u>Date of Appointment</u>
Director of Public Works .. ..	£1,500	29.8.47
Secretary of Economic Affairs .. ..	£1,500	27.1.49
Director of Agriculture .. ..	£1,500	—
General Manager, Railway .. ..	£1,400	12.1.39
Commissioner of Commerce and Industries .. ..	£1,400	1.9.44
Deputy Colonial Secretary .. ..	£1,400	30.10.45
Collector General .. ..	£1,400	5.5.48
Director of Education .. ..	£1,400	1.1.49
Labour Adviser .. ..	£1,300	8.2.48
Commissioner of Police .. ..	£1,300	26.7.48
Crown Solicitor .. ..	£1,200	8.11.34
Auditor General .. ..	£1,200	1.9.41
Postmaster General .. ..	£1,200	13.5.45

TABLE OF PRECEDENCE FOR JAMAICA, *contd.*

Post	Salary	Date of Appointment
Administrator General .. ..	£1,200	9.10.46
Commissioner of Income Tax and Stamp Duties .. ..	£1,200	20.11.46
Trade Controller .. ..	£1,200	16.2.48
Solicitor General .. ..	£1,200	10.6.48
Conservator of Forests .. ..	£1,100	5.2.47
Director of Surveys .. ..	£1,100	24.10.47
Registrar, Supreme Court .. ..	£1,000	15.6.33
Manager, Government Savings Bank .. ..	£1,000	1.9.41
Government Chemist .. ..	£1,000	1.4.43
Manager, Agricultural Loan Societies Board .. ..	£1,000	1.4.43
Manager, Housing Department .. ..	£1,000	1.4.43
Registrar of Titles .. ..	£900	18.9.37
Government Printer .. ..	£900	2.3.49
Registrar General .. ..	£900	21.9.42
Airport Manager and Deputy Director of Civil Aviation .. ..	£900	20.10.47
Director of Prisons .. ..	£900	20.5.48
Clerk of the Legislature .. ..	£800	1.9.37
Harbour Master .. ..	£800	7.2.43
Island Statistician .. ..	£800	1.11.45
Trustees in Bankruptcy .. ..	£800	9.10.46
Secretary, Board of Supervision .. ..	£600	10.2.36



## CHAPTER V.

### JUDICIAL AND LEGAL

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#### SUPREME COURT OF JUDICATURE

*(Public Buildings, East Block, King Street)*

The Supreme Court of Judicature of Jamaica as it now exists was constituted by the Judicature Law 1879 and several amendments thereto now incorporated in Chapter 430 of the Revised Edition of the Laws of Jamaica and as further amended by the Court of Appeal Law 1932—now Chapter 431—and the Judicature Amendment Law 29 of 1939.

The Court is a Superior Court of Record and now exercises the jurisdiction, power and authority formerly possessed by the Supreme Court of Judicature, the High Court of Chancery, the Incumbered Estates Court, the Court of Ordinary, the Court for Divorce and Matrimonial Causes, the Chief Court of Bankruptcy, the Circuit Courts or any of the Judges of those Courts or the Governor as Chancellor or Ordinary acting in any Judicial capacity and all ministerial powers, duties and authorities incident to any part of such jurisdiction, power and authority.

The Supreme Court now consists of the Court of Appeal and the High Court of Justice and the Judges of the Supreme Court are the Chief Justice a Senior Puisne Judge and three Puisne Judges.

The Judges of the Court of Appeal as first constituted by Law 9 of 1932 which came into operation on the 6th November, 1935, were the Chief Justice and a Justice of Appeal neither of whom exercised any Jurisdiction in the High Court but since the 1st January, 1940, by virtue of Law 29 of 1939 the Chief Justice and every other Judge of the Supreme Court has and exercises jurisdiction in both the Court of Appeal and the High Court, but in any appeal, civil or criminal, the Judge who presided at the trial may not sit.

All appeals, motions and other business which prior to the 6th November, 1935, were heard by the Full Court are now heard by the Court of Appeal and in addition persons who are convicted at the Circuit Courts have a right of appeal to the Court of Appeal on a question of Law and are also entitled to make application to the Court of Appeal for leave to appeal on questions of fact.

The sittings of the Supreme Court are regulated by Rules made in 1945 and published in the Proclamations, Rules and Regulations Supplement of the Jamaica Gazette of the 2nd November, 1945 and are as follows:—

Michaelmas, commencing 16th September and terminating 20th December; Hilary, 7th January to the Friday before Good Friday; and Easter commencing on the Wednesday after Easter day and terminating on the 31st July.

The office of the Supreme Court is open every day of the year except Sundays, Good Friday, the Saturday before Easter Monday and Tuesday in Easter week, Christmas Day and the next following working day, and all days appointed to be kept as public general holidays.

The Sittings of the Court of Appeal for each Term are fixed by the Chief Justice and the Judges.

## THE BAR

## BARRISTERS-AT-LAW ADMITTED TO PRACTICE IN JAMAICA

\*Retired from practice or holding Government appointments and precluded from practice.

†Visited Jamaica in connection with Fire Insurance cases in 1907.

‡Left the Island.

Name	Called to the Bar	Admitted in Jamaica
Allen, H. P., LL.B.*	Middle Temple, 17th Nov., 1930	8th May, 1931
Brown, Sir H. I. C., B.A., Oxon K.C.*	Lincoln's Inn, 26th Jan., 1899	6th April, 1899
Blake, Maurice Bernal, B.A., Oxon†	Inner Temple, 9th May, '06	21st August, 1907
Blake, V.O.S.	Gray's Inn, 26th Jan., 1948	11th March, 1948
Burke, S. C., B.A., Cantab.	Inner Temple, Nov., 1890	December, 1890
Ballysingh, Harold R., B.A.*	Inner Temple, 6th June, '37	16th September, 1937
Byles, G. Louis *	Middle Temple 1st Sept., '47	24th October, 1947
Campbell, E. E. A., M.Sc., B.A., LL.B.	Inner Temple, 12th June, 1929	21st August, 1929
Carberry, John Edward D.*	Middle Temple, 26th January, 1925	12th March, 1925
Chenalloy, Edmund Hubert*	Gray's Inn, 28th April, '20	14th September, 1925
Cundall, J. Leslie, M.A., Cantab, K.C.*	Inner Temple, 26th January, 1928	23rd February, 1928
Cumper, Gloria C., B.A. (Hons) Toronto, LL.B.	Middle Temple 18th June 1947	27th July, 1948
Dickson, Arthur R. F.*	Lincoln's Inn, 29th June, '38	7th September, 1938
Drury, Harold, COL.	Gray's Inn, 30th April, '47	24th March, 1948
Evans, Ernest†	Lincoln's Inn, 8th June, 1910	1st October, 1925
Evans, W. K.	Gray's Inn, 21st April, 1937	29th July, 1937
Evelyn, Vincent Dudley, B.A., B.C.L.	Lincoln's Inn, 28th Jan., '35	29th July, 1936
Fitchett, C. D'Oyen*	Middle Temple, 26th Jan. '38	31st August, 1938
Fitzroy, Henry Somerset†	Inner Temple, 26th Jan., '10	3rd February, 1936
Fox, Louis B. B.A., (Hons) Toronto	Middle Temple, 17th Nov., 1947	13th January, 1948
Gauntlett, H. G. H.	Inner Temple, 17th Nov., '19	12th July, 1935
Grant, E. A.†	Inner Temple, 26th Jan., '28	9th March, 1942
Hannays, L. C.	Gray's Inn, 26th Jan., '14	12th October, 1949
Hemmerde, Edward George, M.A., K.C.†	Inner Temple, 26th January, 1897	9th August, 1907
Henriques, Cyril Geo. Xavier, LL.B.*	Inner Temple, 6th May, '36	19th August, 1936
Humphryes, Travers† (Now Mr. Justice Travers Humphryes)	Inner Temple, 18th Nov., 1889	30th December, 1901
Jackman, Edward C.†	Middle Temple, 14th April, 1892	2nd March, 1933
Jackson, John L.*	Lincoln's Inn, 17th Nov., 47	13th January, 1948
Lindo, A. H., LL.B.	Middle Temple, 12th June, 1929	19th July, 1929
Lopez, V.L. *	Middle Temple, 26th Jan., 1948	27th July 1948
Lloyd, J. M. *	Lincoln's Inn, 26th Jan., '48	6th July, 1948
Lyons, John Rose Cormack, B.A., Cantab.†	Inner Temple, 9th May 1900	7th May, 1907
Manley, Norman Washington, K.C., B.A., B.C.L.	Gray's Inn, 20th April, '21	30th August, 1922
Mayers, T. Henry, K.C., M.A., LL.B.*	Middle Temple, 18th Nov., 1929	7th March, 1938

BARRISTERS-AT-LAW ADMITTED TO PRACTICE IN JAMAICA, *contd.*

Name	Called to the Bar	Admitted in Jamaica
MacGregor, Colin Malcolm* ..	Middle Temple, 10th May, 1922	13th December, 1922
Meade, J. H. A.† ..	Lincoln's Inn, 11th June, '27	28th July, 1942
Moody, L. T. ..	Gray's Inn, 13th June, 1945	11th November, 1948
Mosse, Jonathan Cardie, B.A., LL.B. ..	Middle Temple, 25th Jan., 1923	15th March, 1923
Murad, L. L., M.A., B.C.L. (Oxon)* ..	Gray's Inn, 29th April, 1942	18th September, 1945
Nethersole, J. M. ..	Gray's Inn, 26th Jan., 1921	14th October, 1948
Newbold, C. D.† ..	Gray's Inn, 17th June, 1931	2nd June, 1941
Oldfield, Josiah, M.A., D.C.L.† ..	Lincoln's Inn, 29th June, '92	2nd December, 1920
Otter-Barry, W. W., B.A., Cantab.†	Inner Temple, 18th Nov., 1901	2nd August, 1907
Parkinson, E. C. L., LL.B. ..	Inner Temple, 3rd July, '46	9th September, 1946
Pershad, R.S. ..	Middle Temple, 26th Jan.,	28th February, 1949
Phillips, R. R.* ..	Inner Temple, 7th May, '41	15th September, 1943
Pike, P. E. H. † ..	Middle Temple, 29th June, 1938	15th September, 1941
Polack, Karl W. * ..	Lincoln's Inn, 21st April, 1948	19th May, 1948
Radcliffe, Henry Milne, K.C. ..	Middle Temple, June, 1909	18th October, 1909
Robinson, Aubrey Charles, B.A., Oxford* ..	Inner Temple, 18th Nov., 1901	1st September, 1902
Robinson, Leacroft H. U. ..	Gray's Inn, 9th June, 1948	30th May, 1949
Ryan, Hugh Kaye, M.A., LL.M.† ..	Inner Temple, 17th May, '05	26th November, 1922
Rennie, Alfred Baillie, LL.B.* ..	Gray's Inn, 10th May, 1922	2nd June, 1922
Reid, John Alan Lincoln, LL.B.†	Middle Temple, 8th June, 1921	November, 1921
Robinson, L. G. * ..	Middle Temple, 18th June, 1947	22nd June, 1948
Rowe, Basil A., LL.B. ..	Lincoln's Inn, 18th June, 47	29th July, 1947
Sanders, Gerald Stanley† ..	Middle Temple, 23rd April, 1902	19th March, 1914
Savary, J. L. H. W. † ..	Gray's Inn, 17th Nov., '05	6th May, 1949
Sutton, S. W. P. Foster, K.C.† ..	Gray's Inn, 16th November, 1926	21st April, 1927
Sturdy, R. G. M.A. (Oxon). ..	Gray's Inn, 27th Jan., 1947	22nd April, 1948
Small, R. H., LL.B.* ..	Middle Temple, 19th Nov., 1934	21st December, 1934
Tobin, Sir Alfred Aspinall, K.C.†	Middle Temple, 9th June, 1880	16th August, 1907
Tomlinson, W. T. * ..	Middle Temple, 13th June, 1945	31st July, 1947
Williams, F. Sims, LL.B., Cambridge, K.C.† ..	Inner Temple, 17th Nov., 1879	2nd August, 1907
Wooding, H. O. B., K.C. ..	Middle Temple, 26th Jan., 1927	22nd July, 1947

## SOLICITORS

\*Retired from practice or hold Government appointments and are precluded from practice.

†No longer resident in the Island.

Name	Date of Admission	Postal Address
Abendana, V. O. (Abendana & Abendana)	20th March, 1928	Port Antonio
Ashenheim, Leslie Erle, M.A. (M.A. & Stone)	4th March, 1925	Kingston
Ashenheim, Neville N., M.A. (M.A. & Stone)	15th February, 1926	Kingston
Aris, Julius A.	16th August, 1922	Kingston
Abendana, Kenneth Vivian (Abendana & Abendana)	10th December, 1918	Port Antonio
Aguilar, A. W. O.	25th June, 1906	Savanna-la-mar
Alberga, Louis P. (Alberga & Hart)	26th April, 1921	Kingston
Alexander, Hon. H. V., C.B.E. (Livingston, Alexander & Levy)	20th February, 1911	Kingston
Anderson, F. K.	18th September, 1940	Linstead
Armstrong, H. Clinton	31st August, 1938	Montego Bay
Barker, B. B.	21st March 1949	Kingston
Barnes, Sidney	31st March, 1936	Kingston
Barrett, Geo. A. (Allwood, Barrett & Thomson)	28th July, 1931	Brown's Town
Barrow, F. N.*	2nd March, 1933	Kingston
Barton, Cedric L. (Manton and Hart)	27th April, 1942	Kingston
Bernard, D. R.	17th March, 1948	Kingston
Bourke, A. W. (Harvey & Bourke)	21st March, 1907	Kingston
Bourke, Wellesley (Harvey & Bourke)	15th January, 1900	Kingston
Bourke, Wellesley Jnr. (Harvey & Bourke)	1st March, 1935	Kingston
Brandon, K. R.*	26th April, 1917	Half Way Tree
Brown, G. Philpotts (Brown & Thomson)	14th August, 1896	Montego Bay
Browne, C. H. (Manton & Hart)	17th July, 1929	Kingston
Browne, Oswald	1st March, 1935	Kingston
Bell, R. O. (Dickenson, Bell & Peterkin)	24th July, 1929	St. Ann's Bay
Brandon, A. E., LL.B. (Brandon & Bolton)	9th May, 1924	Kingston
Bailey, A. J.	20th September, 1924	Mandeville
Bolton, Harold Warner (Brandon & Bolton)	15th February, 1926	Kingston
Bovell, J. L. R. (Dunn, Cox & Orrett)	25th July, 1944	Kingston
Brandt, I. G.	28th July, 1928	Kingston
Burke, Morris A.*	9th August, 1935	Kingston
Blair, Percival	31st August, 1938	Montego Bay
Burke, K. C.	27th September, 1945	Kingston
Byrnes, A. H. W.†	7th January, 1948	
Calame, Cyprian Chevallier (Fraser & Calame)	23rd July, 1926	Kingston
Campbell, Geo. A. (Campbell & Campbell)	10th February, 1905	Montego Bay
Campbell, H. Rowan	10th January, 1947	Montego Bay
Campbell, W. G. Rowan	7th December, 1942	Montego Bay
Capleton, S. C.	18th September, 1940	Port Maria
Cargill, J. H. (Cargills, Hendry and Graham)	4th February, 1902	Kingston
Cargill, M.†	5th March, 1937	Kingston
Cawley, C. L. O.	27th February, 1929	Kingston
Chambers, Daisy L.	17th March, 1948	Kingston
Chin Yee, Leonard	18th December, 1946	Kingston
Clarke, E. C.	27th February, 1902	Chapelton
Clark, W. P.	18th December, 1886	Mandeville
Coke, Wm. F., (Coke & Coke)	5th March, 1937	Mandeville

SOLICITORS, *contd.*

Name	Date of Admission	Postal Address
Collymore, F. St. J.	July, 1902	Montego Bay
Cox, Arthur J.	8th March, 1922	Kingston
Cunningham, W. P.	15th December, 1943	Mandeville
Dale, C. Geo.	20th September, 1944	Kingston
Dale, Owen G.	16th May, 1940	Port Antonio
Dayes, H. O. A.		
(Dayes & Whitehorne)	18th November, 1929	Kingston
D'Costa, Sir Alfred H.*	31st March, 1894	Kingston
Davis, W. E. Foster	4th March, 1927	Kingston
Dawes, W. E. C.	29th May, 1944	Kingston
DeCasseres, K. D.	2nd March, 1933	Kingston
Douglas, Allan M. W.	17th March, 1939	Falmouth
Dunn, H. H. (Dunn, Cox & Orett)	13th June, 1904	Kingston
Dunn, O. H.	27th September, 1945	Kingston
Duffus, H. G. H.*	12th May, 1930	Chapleton
Duffus, W. A. H.*	2nd March, 1933	Kingston
Duffus, J. A. H.	15th December, 1943	Kingston
Dickenson, J. A. (Dickenson, Bell & Peterkir)	29th March, 1910	St. Ann's Bay
Delgado, Alan C. L. (Mil., Ash. & Stone)	31st July, 1929	Kingston
Delapenha, E. S.†	1st June, 1891	Kingston
Delapenha, L. P. (Delapenha & Iver)	6th March, 1931	Mandeville
Desnoes, George	26th July, 1930	Kingston
Evans, E. R. Dudley (Evans & Holness)	31st July, 1925	Kingston
Feurtado, Herbert R.	4th August, 1937	Christiana
Finlason, A. W. R.*	27th January, 1898	Alley
Finlason, E.	20th September, 1944	Mandeville
Fitz-Ritson, D. S. A. (Samuel & Samuel)	4th March, 1927	Kingston
Footte, Arnold*	22nd September, 1914	Kingston
Fraser, Noel Joslyn (Fraser & Calame)	27th March, 1923	Kingston
Fraser, John P.	28th July, 1931	Kingston
Fraser, Reginald E. S. (Gaynair & Frazer)	15th December, 1943	Kingston
Forrest, John H. N.	24th August, 1938	Kingston
Fletcher, Douglas V. (Myers, Fletcher & Gordon)	24th August, 1938	Kingston
Fyfe, Stanley	28th August, 1946	Kingston
Gale, L. A.*	2nd March, 1933	Kingston
Gaynair, A. F. (Gaynair & Frazer)	6th April, 1932	Kingston
Goldsworthy, R. C. S.	17th March, 1939	Mandeville
Gordon, W. S. K. (Myers, Fletcher & Gordon)	9th August, 1935	Kingston
Graham, A. C. V.*	26th March, 1934	Spanish Town
Graham, Cyril M. (Cargills, Hendry & Graham)	26th July, 1927	Kingston
Grant, D. E.*	16th August, 1933	Lucea
Graw, P. G.	5th March, 1937	Black River
Grossett, Hon. Fred. V.	9th April, 1922	Port Antonio
Grossett, G. E.*	21st March, 1930	Kingston
Gunter, Peter C.*	27th February, 1929	Savanna-la-mar
Gunter, A. M. (Gunter & Gunter)	27th February, 1929	Mandeville
Hamaty, N. M.	14th May, 1941	Savanna-la-Mar
Hamilton, H. A.	24th March, 1931	Kingston
Harris, Harold W. F.*	2nd May, 1940	Kingston
Hart, Ansell (Manton & Hart)	23rd June, 1902	Kingston
Hart, A. R.	16th September, 1941	Kingston
Hart, Clinton (Alberga & Hart)	23rd July, 1926	Kingston

SOLICITORS, *contd.*

Name	Date of Admission	Postal Address
Hart, Samuel L. (Manton & Hart)	27th February, 1929	Kingston
Hart, Kaestner	18th March, 1929	Kingston
Hendry, D. (Cargills, Hendry & Graham)	4th March, 1927	Kingston
Hew, D. L.	28th August, 1946	Montego Bay
Holness, A. D. (Evans & Holness)	14th May, 1941	Kingston
Iver, H. V. (Delapenha & Iver)	30th March, 1932	Mandeville
Jackson, R. G. S.	21st March, 1949	Kingston
Jones, Ernest Hann	14th June, 1892	Savanna-la-Mar
Jones, Gresford	14th May, 1941	Kingston
Judah, Hon. Douglas (Judah & Randall)	27th February, 1929	Kingston
Kennedy, Jose	30th July, 1937	Kingston
Kerr-Jarrett, P. F.	14th May, 1941	Montego Bay
King, Mervin T.	10th July, 1915	Black River
Kingdon, A. V.	30th December, 1885	Kingston
Knowles, G. R. H. (Ward & Knowles)	27th April, 1942	Mandeville
Lake, H. A. (Lake & Nunes)	20th February, 1911	Kingston
Lake, R. R. (Lake & Nunes)	18th September, 1940	Kingston
Leahong, Donald (Tai Tenquee & Leahong)	12th August, 1936	Kingston
Levy, A. I. T. (Livingston, Alexander & Levy)	4th March, 1927	Kingston
Levy, Eric Adrian	16th February, 1926	Montego Bay
Lewin, R. N.	29th May, 1944	Kingston
Lewis, Walter Everard	6th July, 1899	Mandeville
Livingston, Hon. Sir Noel B. (Livingston Alexander & Levy)	26th June, 1906	Kingston
Livingston, W. R. C.	19th March, 1928	Kingston
Lord, J. C. L.	29th July, 1949	Mandeville
Lushington, A. N. C.†	19th March, 1928	Philadelphia, U.S.A.
Lyons, Trevor*	9th March, 1915	Kingston
Lindo, Arthur Septimus DaSilva	27th March, 1923	Christiana
Lopez, C. B. M.	7th December, 1942	Spanish Town
Luke, Robert	18th September, 1940	Kingston
Lyons, Alvin V.	18th September, 1940	Kingston
McFarlane, K. M.	23rd August, 1933	Montego Bay
March, K. N. H.	5th March, 1937	Spanish Town
Marchalleck, D.*	28th July, 1931	Brown's Town
Marley, R. C. (Manton & Hart)	19th March, 1934	Kingston
Messam, H. McD.	10th May, 1943	Kingston
Motta, D. D.	23rd July, 1926	Kingston
Macpherson, R. S.	21st March, 1949	Kingston
McCarthy, V. K.*	7th December, 1942	Kingston
McCorkell, K. V.	6th March, 1931	Morant Bay
McDonald, S. A.	27th July, 1948	Kingston
McLaughlin, Raynor H.*	26th April, 1921	Port Maria
McPherson, K. D.	20th September, 1944	Savanna-la-Mar
McNeil, Roy A.	18th September, 1940	Linstead
Morris, H. Bryant	16th April, 1947	Lucea
Morrison, Sir Wm.	6th July, 1899	Kingston
Moyston, Douglas E. (Silvera & Moyston)	7th December, 1942	Morant Bay
Moyston, D. T.	21st March, 1949	Morant Bay
Muirhead, Frank Terrence	10th May, 1909	Kingston
Munroe, Orville S.*	10th September, 1941	Kingston
Murray, Arthur E. (Murray & Tucker)	18th February, 1902	Brown's Town
Myers, Frank L. (Myers, Fletcher & Gordon)	1st March, 1935	Kingston
Nunes, R. K. (Lake & Nunes)	29th March, 1920	Kingston
Nash, A. E.*	15th August, 1928	Lucea

SOLICITORS, *contd.*

Name	Date of Admission	Postal Address
Nation, B. C. O'Brien, B.A.	9th May, 1924	Montego Bay
Nation, C. O.	5th April, 1946	Montego Bay
Nethersole, N. N.	6th March, 1931	Kingston
Norton, H. W.	6th March, 1931	Morant Bay
Nunes, Michael K. (Judah & Randall)	27th April, 1942	Kingston
Oppenheim, Percy Guy (Motta & Oppenheim)	16th September, 1919	Kingston
Orrett, C. R. M. (Dunn, Cox & Orrett)	21st July, 1932	Kingston
Penso, Ronald A.	30th May, 1940	Kingston
Peterkin, R. E. T. (Dickenson, Bell & Peterkin)	27th September, 1945	Kingston
Pixley, Hon. F. A.	25th September, 1929	Kingston
Phillips, F.†	20th June, 1901	Belize, B.H.
Phillips, S. A. (Robinson & Phillips)	23rd August, 1933	Port Antonio
Pouffe, Eugene M.	16th April, 1947.	Kingston.
Randall, C. H. (Judah & Randall)	24th July, 1929	Kingston
Richardson, D. L.	20th September, 1944	Kingston
Rickards, H. E.	3rd April, 1925	Morant Bay
Reirre, Richard Pitt	25th April, 1892	Montego Bay
Sandford, Charles Clifford*	18th October, 1924	Halfway Tree
Samuel, O. L.*	25th April, 1917	Kingston
Samuel, L. V. D. (Samuel & Samuel)	18th January, 1906	Kingston
Sangster, Donald B.	4th August, 1937	Black River
Sanguinetti, S. T. B.*	18th March, 1929	Montego Bay
Schleifer, Frederick Stein	16th July, 1930	Richmond
Scholefield, Wm.	21st July, 1911	Kingston
Scholefield, W. Arthur	10th May, 1943	Kingston.
Scott, L. A.	4th March, 1925	Port Antonio
Scott, Sydney L.	16th September, 1920	Lucea
Sharp, Thomas Hicks	26th April, 1917	Christiana
Sinclair, W. F.	14th May, 1941	Kingston
Smith, William Frederick	13th August, 1947.	Kingston.
Stennett, R. E.	3rd May, 1948	Morant Bay
Stiven, Eric J.†	29th March, 1938	—
Stone, L. J. (Milholland, Ashenheim & Stone)	16th February, 1899	Kingston
Stone, D. H. F. (Livingston, Alexander & Levy)	10th May, 1943	Kingston
Sutherland, E. C. (Samuel & Samuel)	30th March, 1932	Kingston
Swaby, E. R. A.	14th May, 1941	Mandeville
Swaby, A. M. A.	29th May, 1944	Mandeville
Symonds, Henry S. P.†	15th May, 1914	—
Tai Tenquee, George Shui	28th July, 1922	Kingston
Tai Tenquee, H. C. (Tai Tenquee & Leahong)	30th March, 1932	Kingston
Thomson, A. A. F. (Brown & Thomson)	2nd September, 1913	Montego Bay
Thomson, Noel G. W. (Allwood, Barrett & Thomson)	6th August, 1939	Spaldings
Thomson, A. O.*	5th September, 1923	Mandeville
Tomlinson, W. J.	4th March, 1927	Savanna-la-Mar
Tucker, H. D. (Murray & Tucker)	9th May, 1924	Brown's Town
Vaughan, H. E., B.A., London	19th July, 1897	—
Vendryes, Bernard L. (George & Vendryes)	27th March, 1923	Kingston
Vendryes, C. H. (George & Vendryes)	9th April, 1903	Kingston
Vendryes, C. L.	27th September, 1945	Kingston
Waddington, G. E., L.L.B.*	9th April, 1932	Kingston

SOLICITORS, *contd.*

Name	Date of Admission	Postal Address
Wesleygammon, C. B. ..	6th March, 1913 ..	Savanna-la-Mar
Whitehorne, H. St. C. (Dayes & Whitehorne.) ..	14th May, 1941 ..	Kingston
Williams, Hon. R. G. (McGregor & Williams) ..	7th September, 1921 ..	Mandeville
Willoughby, T. N. ..	17th August, 1933 ..	Kingston
Wood, S. Malcolm† ..	7th September, 1921 ..	New York, U.S.A.
Wynter, A. E. ..	2nd March, 1933 ..	Kingston

*Rules of Court for regulating the practice and procedure (including scales of fees and evidence) in respect of proceedings under the Reciprocal Enforcement of Judgments and Awards, Law, Cap. 499.*

Under the powers conferred upon the Chief Justice of Jamaica by the Judicature Law, 1879, [Now Cap. 430] the Reciprocal Enforcement of Judgments and Awards Law, 1923, (No. 16 of 1923) [Now Cap. 499] and all other powers enabling in that behalf and with the concurrence of the Puisne Judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature of Jamaica, I do hereby order and direct as follows:—

1. Any application under section 2 (1) of the Reciprocal enforcement of Judgment and Awards Law, 1923, (No. 16 of 1923) [Now Sec. 3 (1) of Cap. 499] for leave to have a judgement obtained in a superior court in the United Kingdom or in a superior court in any part of His Majesty's Dominions to which the said Law extends registered in the Supreme Court of Judicature of Jamaica shall be made ex-parte or by summons to a judge. If the application is made ex-parte the judge to whom it is made may direct a summons to be issued.

2. The application shall be supported by an affidavit of the facts exhibiting the judgment or a verified or certified or otherwise duly authenticated copy thereof and stating that to the best of the information and belief of the deponent the judgment creditor is entitled to enforce the judgment and the judgment does not fall within any of the cases in which under section 2 (2) [Now 3 (2)] of the Law a judgement cannot properly be ordered to be registered. The affidavit must also so far as the deponent can, give the full name, title, trade or business and the usual or last known place of abode or business of the judgment creditor and judgment debtor respectively

"In the Matter of the Reciprocal enforcement of judgments and Awards Law, 1923 [Now Cap. 499]..... (describing the court) and

.....(describing the court) and.....

In the Matter of a judgment of the.....obtained in  
.....(describing the cause or matter) and dated the.....day  
of.....19....."

4. The summons (if any) for leave to register shall be an originating summons and (unless otherwise ordered by a judge) shall be served in the same manner as a writ of summons is required to be served. The Judgment debtor shall not be required to enter any appearance thereto.

5. Any order giving leave to register shall be drawn up by or on behalf of the judgment creditor and when the order is made on a summons the order shall be served on the judgment debtor but where the order is made on an ex parte application service of the order on the judgment debtor shall be required.

6. The order giving leave to register the judgment shall state the time within which the judgment debtor is to be entitled to apply to set aside the registration. Such time where the judgment debtor is, or is ordinarily resident, within the jurisdiction of the Court shall ordinarily be fourteen days and when the judgment debtor is, or is ordinarily resident, out of the jurisdiction of the Court shall be such time as the Court may fix.

7. The register of judgments ordered to be registered under the Law shall be kept in the Office of the Court by or under the direction of the Registrar. The judgment shall be registered therein in accordance with the order giving leave to register it.



8. The register shall be arranged in alphabetical order in the surname of the judgment debtor and there shall be entered in the register the date of the order for registration and of the registration, the name, title, trade or business and usual or last known place of abode or business of the judgment debtor and judgment creditor and the amount for which the judgment is signed and any special directions in the order for registration as to such registration and or execution thereon and the particulars of any execution issued thereon.

9. Notice in writing of the registration of the judgment must be served on the judgment debtor within a reasonable time after such registration. Such notice shall (in the absence of an order by the judge as to the mode of service thereof) be served on the judgment debtor by personal service (with power to order substituted service or service out of the jurisdiction or both) as in the case of a writ of summons, but the judge may at any stage of the proceedings authorise or direct some other mode of service and if he does so the service shall be effected in accordance with such authority or direction.

10. The notice of registration shall contain full particulars of the judgment registered and of the order for such registration and shall state the name and address of the judgment creditor or of his solicitor or agent on whom and at which service of any summons issued by the judgment debtor may be served. The notice shall state that the defendant is entitled, if he has grounds for doing so, to apply to set aside the registration and shall also state the number of days for applying to set aside the registration limited by the order giving leave to register.

11. The party serving the notice shall, within three days at most after such service endorse on the notice or a copy or duplicate thereof the day of the month and the week of the service thereof, otherwise the judgment creditor shall not be at liberty to issue execution on the judgment; and every affidavit of service of such notice shall mention the day on which such endorsement was made. This rule shall apply to substituted as well as other service. The three days limited by this rule may under special circumstances be extended by order of a judge.

12. The judgment debtor may at any time within the time limited by the order giving leave to register after service on him of the notice of the registration of the judgment apply by summons to a judge to set aside the registration or to suspend execution on the judgment and the judge on such application if satisfied that the case comes within one of the cases in which under section 2 (2) [Now 3 (2)] of the Law no judgment can be ordered to be registered or that it is not just or convenient that the judgment should be enforced in Jamaica or for other sufficient reason may order that the registration be set aside or execution on the judgment suspended either unconditionally or on such terms as he thinks fit, and either altogether or until such time as he shall direct: Provided that the judge may allow the application to be made at any time after the expiration of the time herein mentioned.

13. The summons referred to in rule 12 shall be an ordinary summons intitled in the same manner as the affidavit referred to in rule 3.

14. No execution shall issue on a judgment registered under the Law until after the expiration of the time limited by the order giving leave to register after service on the judgment debtor of notice of the registration thereof: Provided that the judge who makes the order for such registration or a judge at Chambers, may at any time order the execution shall be suspended for a longer time.

15. Any party desirous of issuing execution on a judgment registered under the Law must produce to the Registrar an affidavit of the service of the notice of registration.

16. A writ of execution on a judgment registered under the Law may be thus varied:— Instead of "which said sum of money and interest were lately before us in our said Court, etc.," insert "which said sum of money and interest were lately in . . . . . (describing the court in which judgment was obtained)" etc., and which judgment has been duly registered in our Supreme Court of Judicature of Jamaica pursuant to the Reciprocal Enforcement of Judgments and Awards Law, 1923, (No. 16 of 1923) [Now Cap. 499].

17. Any application under section 3 [Now Section 4] of the Law for a certified copy of a judgment obtained in the Supreme Court of Judicature of Jamaica shall be made ex-parte to a judge of the said Court on an affidavit made by the judgment creditor or his solicitor giving the particulars of the judgment and showing that the judgment debtor is resident in the United Kingdom or some (stating what) part of His Majesty's Dominions outside the United Kingdom to which the Law has been extended and stating to the best of his information and belief the title, trade, business or occupation of the judgment creditor and judgment debtor respectively and their respective usual or last known places of abode or business.

18. The certified copy of the judgment shall be an office copy and shall be sealed with the seal of the Supreme Court of Judicature of Jamaica and shall be certified by the Registrar as follows:—

"I certify that the above copy judgment is a true copy of a judgment obtained in the Supreme Court of Judicature of Jamaica and this copy is issued in accordance with section 3 [Now Sec. 4] of the Reciprocal Enforcement of Judgments and Awards Law, 1923 (No. 16 of 1923) [Now Cap. 499]."

(Signed) .....

Registrar of the Supreme Court of Judicature of Jamaica.

19. In this order the expression "the Law" means the Reciprocal Enforcement of Judgments and Awards Law, 1923 (No. 16 of 1923) [Now Cap. 499] and the definitions contained in section 5 (1) [Now Sec. 2] of the Law shall apply:

20. The fees set out in the Schedule to these Rules shall be payable in respect of the registration of judgments under the Law.

SCHEDULE OF FEES		s.	d.
On Affidavit in support of Application ..	..	10	0
On Sealing Summons for leave to register ..	£1	10	0
On the Order for Registration ..	..	10	0
On issuing Execution ..	..	(The same fee as on a judgment of the Supreme Court)	

Other fees the same as those payable in proceedings in the Supreme Court. (See Rules of the Supreme Court (Fees) 1941).

## APPEALS FROM THE SUPREME COURT OF JAMAICA TO HIS MAJESTY IN COUNCIL

By Order of King Edward VII in Council made in pursuance of the provisions of the Imperial Statute 7 and 8 Vic. c. 69 on the 15th day of February, 1909, it was ordered that any person may appeal to His Majesty, his heirs and successors, in His or their Privy Council.

(a) as of right from any final judgment of the Supreme Court of Judicature of Jamaica where the matter in dispute on the appeal amounts to or is of the value of £300 sterling or upwards, or where the appeal involves directly or indirectly some claim or question to or respecting property or some civil right amounting to or of the value of £300 sterling or upwards and;

(b) at the discretion of the said Court, from any other judgment of the said Court whether final or interlocutory, if, in the opinion of the Court the question involved in the appeal is one which, by reason of its great general or public importance or otherwise, ought to be submitted to His Majesty in Council for decision, the person feeling aggrieved to apply to the Court by motion or petition for leave to appeal within 21 days from the date of the judgment to be appealed from, notice of the intended appeal to be given to the opposite party. And the Court is empowered to direct that the Judgment appealed from shall be carried into execution, or that execution shall be suspended pending the appeal as to the Court may seem just. In all cases security is to be given by the Appellant in the sum of £500 for the prosecution of the appeal and the payment of any costs which may be awarded to the Respondent—such security to be entered into within a period to be fixed by the Court, but not exceeding three months from the date of the hearing of the application for leave to appeal.

By this Order the Court appealed from is required to certify and transmit to the Privy Council a copy of the evidence, proceedings, judgments, decrees and orders made in the case appealed, under the seal of the Court, and also a copy of the reasons given by the Judges of the same Court for or against the judgment appealed from.

The order also contains directions as to the transcript records to be sent by the Registrar of the Supreme Court to the Registrar of the Privy Council and the printing of such transcript by the Appellant or his Agent and as to the power of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council to suspend or relax the regulations of the Order. Directions as to the form and type used in the printing of these proceedings in appeal are also contained in the said Order.

By this Order it is directed that in appeals from any judgment of any Court in the Colonies the reasons given by the Judges of such Court for or against such Judgment shall be by the Judges communicated in writing to the Registrar of such Court, to be by him transmitted in original to the Registrar of the Privy Council at the same time when the record is transmitted.

Rules of the Court of Appeal were made by the Judges of the Court of Appeal on the 18th November, 1935, and approved by the Governor in Privy Council and the Legislative Council, are recorded in the "Jamaica Gazette Extraordinary" of February 4th, 1936.

### COURT FIXTURES, 1950

#### CIRCUIT COURTS

Under section 28 of the Judicature Law, the Governor in Executive Council has fixed the following places and times for the holding of Circuit Courts in 1950:—

	First Circuit	Second Circuit	Third Circuit
(a) HOME CIRCUIT			
Kingston ..	Jan. 7	April 20	Sept. 16
(b) COUNTRY CIRCUITS	First Circuit	Second Circuit	Third Circuit
1. Spanish Town ..	Jan. 16	May 1	Sept. 25
2. May Pen ..	Jan. 23	May 8	Oct. 2
3. Mandeville ..	Jan. 30	May 15	Oct. 9
4. Black River ..	Feb. 2	May 18	Oct. 12
5. Savanna-la-Mar ..	Feb. 6	May 22	Oct. 16
6. Lucea ..	Feb. 13	May 29	Oct. 23
7. Montego Bay ..	Feb. 15	May 31	Oct. 25
8. Falmouth ..	Feb. 21	June 7	Nov. 1
9. St. Ann's Bay ..	Feb., 27	June 12	Nov. 6
10. Port Maria ..	Mar. 2	June 15	Nov. 9
11. Port Antonio ..	Mar. 9	June 22	Nov. 16
12. Morant Bay ..	Mar. 15	June 28	Nov. 22

VACATION From 1st August to 15th September, both inclusive

#### NOTARIES PUBLIC

NOTARIES PUBLIC are appointed by the Governor by Commission under the Statute 28 Vic. chap. 16, to discharge the duties assigned to such office by the Laws of Great Britain and of this Island, or by the practice of commerce. The Statute also enacts that Notaries Public shall be deemed to be officers of the Supreme Court and liable to the summary jurisdiction thereof, and to dismissal by the Governor on a certificate from the Court of misconduct in office.

Commissions of Notaries Public are subject to stamp duty as follows:—

A Commission as Notary Public for the whole island ..	£10 0 0
ditto ditto the City and Parish of Kingston ..	6 0 0
ditto ditto any other parish ..	3 0 0

Notarial acts are required to be stamped with an impressed stamp of four shillings on an adhesive stamp of five shillings.

The fees demandable by Notaries Public exclusive of stamps, are as under:—

For subscribing and sealing a protest ..	£0 10 6
For drawing and preparing same if so required, at 5/6 per legal sheet of 72 words to the legal sheet.	

For copies of documents therein at 2/6 per legal sheet.

By Law 3 of 1886 it is enacted that deeds executed out of the island may be proved or acknowledged before any Notary Public, and shall be certified under the hand and seal of such Notary Public provided that where any deed purports to have been proved or acknowledged before any Notary Public in any Foreign State or Country there shall be annexed to such deed a certificate under the hand and seal of Her Majesty's Ambassador, Envoy, Minister, Charge d'Affaires or Secretary of Embassy or Legation, or of Her Majesty's Consul or any Vice or Acting Consul or Consular Agent of Her Majesty exercising his functions in such Foreign State or Country, that the person before whom such deed is so proved is a Notary Public duly commissioned and practising in such Foreign State or Country.

## NOTARIES PUBLIC

Name	Date of Appointment	Parish
Abendana, Kenneth Vivian ..	15th March, 1920 ..	The whole Island
Abendana, Vincent Orlando ..	16th Feb., 1931 ..	St. Mary
Aguilar, A. W. O. ..	28th January, 1908 ..	Westmoreland
Alexander, Hon. H. V., C.B.E. ..	4th September, 1916 ..	The whole Island
Ashenheim, Leslie E. ..	22nd June, 1937 ..	Kingston
Bailey, Albert Joseph ..	10th June, 1932 ..	Manchester
Bourke, Wellesley ..	22nd August, 1908 ..	The whole Island
Brown, G. P. ..	6th August, 1906 ..	St. James
Cargill, J. H. ..	12th July, 1912 ..	Kingston
DeCasseres, Keith Dudley ..	16th January, 1942 ..	Kingston
Dickenson, James Alexander ..	25th January, 1924 ..	The whole Island
Duffus, H. G. H. ..	10th July, 1937 ..	St. Thomas
Dunn, H. H. ..	4th September, 1916 ..	The whole Island
Fletcher, Douglas ..	9th October, 1948 ..	Kingston
Foote, Arnold ..	16th October, 1919 ..	Westmoreland
Fraser John P. ..	21st April, 1937 ..	Kingston
Grossett, Hon. Frederick Vincent ..	1st June, 1922 ..	Portland
Hart, Ansell Henry Lister ..	15th June, 1922 ..	Kingston
Hart, Clinton ..	27th April, 1948 ..	Kingston
Hart, Kaestner ..	6th February, 1945 ..	Kingston
Hart, Samuel ..	21st January 1947 ..	Kingston
Hendry, Donald ..	24th July, 1940 ..	Kingston
King, M. T. ..	4th February, 1920 ..	St. Elizabeth
Lake, Robert R. ..	30th April, 1947. ..	Kingston
Livingston, Hon. Sir Noel Brooks ..	4th September, 1916 ..	The whole Island
Myers, Frank L. ..	21st April, 1947. ..	Kingston
Nation, Brian Charles O'Brien ..	24th April, 1940 ..	St. James
Norton, Harold Wesley ..	26th June, 1944 ..	St. Thomas
Orrett, Colin Roy MacCaulay ..	29th February, 1944 ..	Whole Island
Sanftleben, H. C. L. ..	8th February, 1928 ..	Hanover
Sutherland, Egerton C. ..	22nd June, 1949 ..	Kingston
Samuel, Lionel Vincent Disraeli ..	4th April, 1918 ..	Kingston
Stone, Deryck Harvey Francis ..	9th February, 1950 ..	Kingston
Stone, L.J. ..	14th April, 1919 ..	Kingston
Thomson, A. A. F. ..	5th May, 1917 ..	St. James
Vendryes, Charles Henry ..	4th June, 1921 ..	Portland
Wesley-Gammon, C. B. ..	31st March, 1927 ..	Westmoreland
Williams, Hon. R. G. ..	10th November, 1945 ..	The whole Island

## PRIZE COURT

Prize Jurisdiction in Jamaica is vested in and exercised by the Supreme Court, that Court being the local Court of Admiralty under the Imperial Statute 53 and 54 Vic. c. 27. This jurisdiction is derived from the warrant of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty (published in the Jamaica Gazette of the 7th December, 1905), authorizing the Supreme Court to act as a Prize Court. The warrant by its terms defines and limits the jurisdiction which became exercisable when the proclamation of the outbreak of war was made. There is an appeal to His Majesty in his Privy Council.

The Orders in Council prescribing the Rules and Tables of Fees to be observed and taken in Prize Proceedings are published in the Jamaica Gazette Supplements of the 17th March, 1941 and 9th March, 1942 respectively.

The Judges of the Court are the Chief Justice (President) and the Puisne Judges; the Registrar is the Registrar of the Supreme Court, and the Marshall is Mr. W. S. K. Gordon, Solicitor.

#### INDICTMENTS IN THE SUPERIOR COURTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 1948

	Murder	Manslaughter	Attempt at Murder	Rape and attempt at	Unnatural Offences and attempt at	Other Offences against the Person	Offences against Property	Offences against Property committed with violence to the Person	Praedial Larceny	Miscellaneous Offences	Total
Convicted ..	10	13	..	6	..	1,708	5314	47	329	11,542	18,969
Acquitted ..	13	20	..	6	1	371	1055	15	79	2,642	4,202
Abandoned for want of Prosecution ..	6	3	..	4	..	323	1040	10	39	3,765	5,190
Remanets ..	1	2	..	..	..	20	16	..	..	25	64
<b>Total</b> ..	<b>30</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2,422</b>	<b>7425</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>447</b>	<b>17,974</b>	<b>28,425</b>

#### OFFENCES, APPREHENSIONS, CONVICTIONS AND ACQUITTALS

Offences	From 1.4.43 to 31.3.44	From 1.4.44 to 31.3.45	From 1.4.45 to 31.3.46	From 1.4.46 to 31.3.47	From 1.4.47 to 31.3.48	From 1.4.48 to 31.3.49
The number of persons apprehended by the Police or summoned before the Magistrates including remanets ..	61,833	59,219	58,396	63,651	65,699	62,892
The number of summary convictions:—						
1. For Offences against the person ..	2,132	1,824	1,596	1,595	1,679	1,523
2. For praedial Larceny ..	654	643	849	775	979	953
3. For offences against property other than Praedial Larceny ..	785	715	779	708	716	714
4. For other offences ..	19,073	18,712	18,984	20,889	21,392	17,838
The number of convictions in the Superior Courts:—						
1. For offences against the person ..	1,649	1,475	1,561	1,703	1,815	1,737
2. For Praedial Larceny ..	172	209	291	210	261	329
3. For offences against property other than Praedial Larceny ..	3,847	4,085	4,203	4,430	5,283	5,361
4. For other offences ..	10,491	9,617	9,472	10,419	10,754	11,542
The number of persons discharged and acquitted—						
1. In the Inferior Courts ..	13,120	12,282	11,405	12,973	12,594	13,344
2. In the Superior Courts ..	9,907	9,657	9,256	9,942	10,225	9,392

## RESIDENT MAGISTRATES COURTS

On the coming into operation on the 2nd April, 1888, of Law 43 of 1887, the Resident Magistrates Law, 1887, the District Courts, which had been in operation since the year 1867, ceased to exist. Law 43 of 1887, with its amending laws have been consolidated by The Resident Magistrates Law, Cap. 432 of the Revised Laws of Jamaica. The Resident Magistrates jurisdiction is similar to that of a Judge of an English County Court, and a Recorder. His Court took the place of the late District Courts. He also presides in the Petty Sessions Court. The Resident Magistrate's Court is the intermediate one between the Supreme Court and the Petty Sessions Court. There is a Resident Magistrate's Court for each parish of the Island, with as many stations as may from time to time be fixed by the Governor.

The Governor is empowered to appoint not less than nine and not more than eighteen Resident Magistrates for the Resident Magistrate's Courts. Each Resident Magistrate has the Resident Magistrate's Court of one parish assigned to him. But in addition to this a Resident Magistrate shall, if the Governor so direct, also have and exercise the jurisdiction of the Resident Magistrate's Court in any other parish or parishes, either generally or at such one or more stations therein as may from time to time be assigned to him by the Governor. Every Resident Magistrate is Coroner for the parish or parishes to which he is assigned by the Governor.

No person shall be appointed a Resident Magistrate unless he is—

- (a) a member of the Bar of England or of Northern Ireland or of the Faculty of Advocates of Scotland, or a Writer to the Signet, or a Solicitor of the Supreme Court of Judicature of England, Scotland, Northern Ireland or Jamaica, or a Law Agent admitted to practise in Scotland; and

(b) either he—

- (i) has actually practised in one or other of the capacities specified in paragraph (a) of this section for; or
- (ii) after he became qualified so to practise, has served in the judicial or legal department of any Colony for; or
- (iii) has so practised and has so served for periods which together amount to; or
- (iv) has so served for a period which, together with one half of any period during which he held the office of Clerk of the Courts in Jamaica before he became qualified so to practise, amounts to, not less than five years.

The Resident Magistrates Law also provides for the appointment of Clerks of the Courts in the several parishes.

No person shall be appointed a Clerk of the Courts unless he—

- (a) is a member of the Bar of England or of Northern Ireland or of the Faculty of Advocates of Scotland or a Writer to the Signet, or a Solicitor of the Supreme Court of Judicature of England, Scotland, Northern Ireland or Jamaica, or a Law Agent admitted to practise in Scotland; and either—

- (i) has actually practised in one or other of the capacities hereinbefore specified for; or
- (ii) after he became qualified so to practise, has served in the judicial or legal department of any Colony for; or
- (iii) has so practised and has so served for periods which together amount to; or
- (iv) has so served for a period which, together with one-half of any period during which he held the office of Deputy Clerk of the Courts in Jamaica before he became qualified so to practise, amounts to, not less than five years; or

- (b) was qualified for appointment as a Clerk of the Courts immediately prior to the 1st day of April, 1943.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Governor in Executive Council by section 145 of the Resident Magistrates Law the following tariff of fees payable upon proceedings under the said Law framed on the 23rd day of May, 1946 by Colin Malcolm MacGregor

and Clifford Charles Sandford two Resident Magistrates appointed by the Governor for the purpose are hereby approved:—

We, Colin Malcolm MacGregor and Clifford Charles Sandford, being two Resident Magistrates appointed by His Excellency the Governor under the powers conferred upon him by section 145 of the Resident Magistrates' Law, Chapter 432, to frame tariff of fees payable upon proceedings under that Law, do hereby provide as follows:—

1. The fees set out in the Schedule attached hereto shall be the fees payable upon proceedings under the Resident Magistrates' Law;
2. All references to any Law, unless the context otherwise requires, shall be read as referring to the Resident Magistrates' Law;
3. All references to any Rules, unless the context otherwise requires, shall be read as referring to the Rules of the Resident Magistrates' Courts;
4. Whenever the words "not exceeding" precede any figure in the column headed "Amount of fees", the fee to be allowed shall be in the discretion of the Judge.
5. Whenever a Judgment is recovered for a sum less than the amount of the claim, the Court and Practitioners' Fees shall be calculated on the amount of such judgment.
6. Unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context, the following expressions shall have the meaning herein after assigned to them:  
 "Bailiff" shall include "additional Bailiff" and "Assistant Bailiff";  
 "Clerk" shall mean Clerk of the Resident Magistrates' Court for the parish in which the Court is located, or the person for the time being acting as such, and shall include the Deputy Clerk of the Courts;"  
 "Judge" shall mean Judge of a Resident Magistrates Court.

Dated this 23rd of May, 1946.

C. M. MACGREGOR,  
Resident Magistrate,  
St. Catherine.

C. C. SANDFORD,  
Resident Magistrate,  
Kingston, (Criminal  
Division)

## SCHEDULE

### GENERAL COURT FEES

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
1	<p>(i) On filing a plaint or counterclaim for the recovery of a sum of money under the Common Law jurisdiction of the Court or under Part 2 of the Trespass Law—Cap. 365—(other than a claim or counter claim for trespass to land).</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Where the amount claimed does not exceed £5</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Where the amount claimed exceeds £5, in the £1 or part thereof</p> <p>(ii) On filing a plaint or counterclaim for the recovery of a sum of money for trespass to land (other than a claim or counterclaim for cattle trespass under Part 2 of the Trespass Law, Cap. 365.)</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Where the amount claimed does not exceed £20</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Where the amount claimed exceeds £20, in the £1, or part thereof</p>	<p>£ s. d.</p> <p>0 2 6</p> <p>0 0 6</p> <p>Maximum 4 0 0</p> <p>0 10 0</p> <p>0 0 6</p> <p>Maximum 4 0 0</p>

GENERAL COURT FEES, *contd.*

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
	(iii) On filing a plaint, petition, counterclaim or other proceeding <i>under the Equity jurisdiction of the Court</i>	<div>£ s. d.</div> <div>Fee No. 1 (i)</div> <div>Maximum 2 10 0</div>
	In proceedings under sec. 111 the fees shall be calculated as follows:—	
	1st—Suits by creditors, legatees, devisees, heirs at law or next of kin—on the value of the estate.	
	2nd—Suits for execution of trusts—on the value of the trust estate or fund.	
	3rd—Suits for foreclosure or redemption or for enforcing by sale or otherwise any charge or lien—on the amount of the mortgage charge or lien.	
	4th—Suits for specific performance, or for reforming, delivering up or cancelling of any agreement for the sale, purchase or lease of any property—on the value of the property.	
	5th—Proceedings under the Trustee Law, or under the Laws heretofore in force relating to Chancery Deposits—on the value of the trust estate or fund.	
	6th—Proceedings relating to the maintenance or advancement of infants, or for the appointment or removal or substitution of trustees or guardians—on the value of the property of the infant.	
	7th—Suits for the dissolution or winding up of any partnership, or for the settlement and adjustment of partnership accounts—on the value of the property, stock or credits of the partnership.	
	9th—Suits for partition—on the value of the property to which the suit relates.	
	10th—Suits for the rectification or cancellation of deeds, or instruments, including instruments under the Registration of Titles Law—on the value of the property affected by the deed or instrument.	
	(iv) On filing a plaint, petition, counterclaim or other proceeding for an Injunction	0 10 0
	(v) On filing a plaint, petition, counterclaim or other proceeding for an Interim Injunction	0 5 0
	<i>Notes—</i>	
	(a) Where a sum of money is claimed as an alternative to a claim for another sum of money the fee is to be calculated on whichever sum is the greater.	
	(b) Where a sum of money is claimed in addition to another sum of money then for the purpose of calculating the fee, the additional sum is to be added to the sum on which the fee would otherwise be calculated.	



**HANDBOOK OF JAMAICA**  
**GENERAL COURT FEES, *contd.***

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
	<p>(c) Where a sum of money is claimed as an alternative to some other remedy or relief, the fee is to be charged on the sum of money or on the remedy or relief claimed whichever is the greater fee.</p> <p>(d) When a sum of money is claimed in addition to some other remedy or relief, the fee payable is to be the fee appropriate for the sum of money claimed and in addition the fee appropriate for the relief or remedy claimed.</p> <p>(e) Where a sum of money is claimed as an alternative to some other remedy or relief, and a sum of money is also claimed in addition, the two sums are to be added together and the fee calculated on the total amount claimed.</p> <p>(f) Where an interim injunction is claimed fee No. 1(v) is payable in addition to the fee payable in respect of any other remedy or relief claimed.</p>	
2	<p>On filing a plaint or counterclaim for the delivery of goods—</p> <p>(i) Where the action is brought against a person to whom the goods have been supplied under a hire purchase agreement or against a guarantor of such person .. .. .</p> <p><i>Notes—</i></p> <p>(a) It shall be the duty of the plaintiff to state in the particulars of claim the amount of the unpaid balance of the hire purchase price and whether the defendant is hirer, purchaser or guarantor.</p> <p>(b) Where a sum of money is claimed as an alternative to the delivery of goods, this fee is to be calculated on the sum of money or the balance of the hire purchase price, whichever is the greater.</p> <p>(c) Where a sum of money (not being arrears of instalments of the hire purchase price) is claimed in addition to the delivery of the goods, then for the purpose of calculating this fee, the sum of money is to be added to the sum on which this fee would otherwise be calculated.</p> <p>(ii) In any other case .. .. .</p>	<p>Fee No. 1(i) calculated on the unpaid balance of the hire purchase price.</p> <p>Fee No. 1(i) calculated on the value of the goods</p>

GENERAL COURT FEES, *contd.*

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
	<i>Notes—</i>	£ s. d.
	<p>(a) It shall be the duty of the plaintiff to estimate the value of the goods, and the amount so estimated shall be stated in the particulars of claim. If the value appears subsequently to the Court to have been underestimated, the plaintiff shall pay the difference between the amount paid by him on filing the plaint and the fee which would have been payable if the estimate had been correct.</p> <p>(b) Where a sum of money (other than the value of the goods) is claimed as an alternative to the delivery of the goods, this fee is to be calculated on the sum of money or the value of the goods, whichever is the greater.</p> <p>(c) Where a sum of money is claimed in addition to the delivery of goods then for the purpose of calculating this fee the sum of money is to be added to the sum on which the fee would otherwise be calculated.</p> <p>(d) Where an injunction or interim injunction is claimed in addition to the delivery of goods, the fee chargeable shall be Fee No. 2(i) or No. 2(ii), whichever is applicable, and in addition Fee No. 1 (iv) or No. 1 (v) whichever is applicable.</p>	
3	Where a notice under Sec. 230 is added to any claim, in addition to the fee payable on the claim, there shall be payable on the amount of the debt damages and costs covered by the notice, on every £10 or part thereof.	<div>Maximum</div> <div>0 2 0</div> <div>0 10 0</div>
4	On filing a plaint or a counterclaim under the land jurisdiction of the court (other than a claim or counterclaim for rent or mesne profits).	0 10 0
	<i>Notes—</i>	
	<p>(a) Where a sum of money is claimed for rent, mesne profits or in respect of any other cause of action, in addition to a remedy under the Land Jurisdiction, the fee payable is to be the appropriate fee for the claim under the Land Jurisdiction, and in addition the appropriate amount payable under Fee No. 1(i).</p> <p>(b) Where a sum of money is claimed for rent, mesne profits or in respect of any other cause of action, as an alternative to some other remedy or relief under the land jurisdiction, the fee payable is to be Fee No. 1(i) or Fee No. 4, whichever is the greater.</p> <p>(c) Where a sum of money is claimed for rent, mesne profits or in respect of any other cause of action, as an alternative to some remedy or relief under the land jurisdiction, and a</p>	

GENERAL COURT FEES, *contd.*

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
		£ s. d.
	sum of money is also claimed in addit on, the two sums are to be added together for the purpose of calculating the fee under Fee No. 1(i), and the fee payable is to be Fee No. 1(i) or Fee No. 4, whichever is the greater.	
	(d) Where a remedy under the equity jurisdiction is claimed in addition to a remedy under the Land Jurisdiction, the fee payable is to be the fee appropriate to the claim under the equity jurisdiction, and, in addition, the fee appropriate to the remedy under the Land Jurisdiction.	
	(e) Where a remedy under the Equity Jurisdiction is claimed as an alternative to a remedy under the Land Jurisdiction, the fee payable shall be the appropriate fee for the remedy under the Equity Jurisdiction, or the fee appropriate for the remedy under the Land Jurisdiction, whichever is the greater.	
5	In Replevin—	
	(i) On a notice to distrainor .. ..	0 2 0
	(ii) On a replevin bond .. ..	0 2 0
	(iii) On a warrant to replevy .. ..	0 2 0
	(iv) On filing a plaint in replevin on the value of the goods to be replevined .. ..	Fee No. 1(i)
	<i>Notes—</i>	
	(a) It shall be the duty of the plaintiff to estimate the value of the goods and the amount so estimated shall be stated in the particulars of claim. If the value appears subsequently to the Court to have been under estimated, the plaintiff shall pay the difference between the amount paid by him on filing the plaint and the fee which would have been paid if the estimate had been correct.	
	(b) No other cause of action may be joined with an action of replevin (O.xxx, r.1.)	
6	(i) On filing an application for Probate or Administration in Common Form—where the value of the Estate does not exceed £50 .. ..	0 7 0
	For every additional £5 or part thereof .. ..	0 1 0
	<i>Notes—</i>	Maximum 2 10 0
	These fees include the fee of 2/- for the Certificate of the Registrar of the Supreme Court and the fees for recording in the Resident Magistrate's Court. (Additional fees for recording wills in the Record Office at present at the rate of 1/6 per 160 words and 2/3 for the receipt and stamp, should be remitted in cash to the Clerk of the Court for transmission by him with the will to the Deputy Keeper of the Records).	

GENERAL COURT FEES, *contd.*

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
	(ii) On filing an Inventory .. .. .	£ s. d. 0 1 0
	<i>Note—</i> This is an additional fee to the fee required under the Stamp Duty Law	
	(iii) On filing an Affidavit, including Oath of Executor or Administrator .. .. .	0 1 0
	<i>Note—</i> This is not an additional fee to the Fee No. 15	
7	(iv) On Lodging a Caveat .. .. . On filing a plaint or counterclaim to prove a Will in Solemn Form or to revoke the Probate of a Will on the value of the Estate .. .. .	0 1 0
	<i>Notes—</i> (a) Where an application is made for Probate or Administration in Common Form, and the same applicant subsequently files a plaint in respect of the same estate for proof in Solemn Form, the fee payable is to be the difference between Fee No. 7 and Fee No. 6(i). (b) Where an application is made for proof in Solemn Form, an additional fee of 2/- is payable for the certificate of the Registrar whether or not the proceedings originally started in Common Form.	Fee No. 1 (i) Minimum 0 5 0 Maximum 2 10 0
8	On every motion for the production of an instrument purporting to be testamentary .. .. .	0 2 0
9	(i) On an application for leave to issue a Third Party Notice .. .. . (ii) On filing a Third Party Notice .. .. .	0 2 0 One-half the original fee paid on the plaint in respect of which contribution or indemnity is claimed
10	On filing an undertaking by a next friend .. .. .	0 2 0
11	On filing further and/or better particulars .. .. . <i>Note—</i> There shall be no fee payable on an application for further and better particulars	0 2 0
12	On filing a notice of set-off on the amount sought to be set-off .. .. .	Fee No. 1(i)
13	On filing a notice of special defence .. .. .	0 2 0
14	On every original subpoena for each witness .. .. .	0 0 6 Minimum 0 2 0
15	On filing any affidavit other than— (a) an affidavit of service of any process of the Court; (b) an affidavit to obtain judgment in an action issued under Sec. 152; (c) an affidavit in respect of an application for leave to sue in <i>forma pauperis</i>	0 1 0

GENERAL COURT FEES, *contd.*

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
16	On filing an application for trial by jury .. ..	£ s. d. 1 0 0
17	On lodging with the Clerk of the Courts an order transferring or remitting an action from the Supreme Court for trial before a Resident Magistrate .. ..	1 0 0
18	On an application for the issue of a Writ of Habeas Corpus .. ..	0 2 0
		and the reasonable expenses for maintenance and transportation to be fixed by the Judge, for the prisoner and the person having custody of the prisoner.
	<i>Note—</i> This fee shall not be payable when the application is made for the purpose of any proceedings under the Criminal Jurisdiction of the Court.	
19	On an application for the issue of a Commission for taking the examination upon oath, <i>de bene esse</i> , of any witness .. ..	£0 2 0
20	On every interlocutory application as set out hereunder—	0 2 0
	(a) an application for the substitution, joinder or addition of a party;	
	(b) an application for an order for service of any process on the agent or servant in Jamaica of a person out of the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court;	
	(c) an application for service of any process out of the Island;	
	(d) an application for substituted service, or for the substitution for service of notice by advertisement or otherwise;	
	(e) an application to stay proceedings in any action;	
	(f) an application by a person not named as a defendant in an action for the recovery of land, for leave to appear and to defend;	
	(g) an application for the preservation or interim custody of the subject matter of the dispute;	
	(h) an application for the sale of articles of a perishable nature, or which are likely to be injured from keeping, or which incur charges for food or keep, or which for any other reason it may be desirable to sell;	
	(i) an application for the detention, preservation inspection, surveying measuring or weighing of any property or thing (other than land) the subject matter of any action;	
	(k) an application to the Judge for directions;	
	(l) an application for leave to deliver interrogatories in an action or matter within the Equitable Jurisdiction of the Court;	

GENERAL COURT FEES, *contd.*

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
	<p>(m) an application for the oral examination of a party who has omitted to answer, or who has answered insufficiently any interrogatories delivered to him;</p> <p>(n) an application for discovery of documents;</p> <p>(o) an application for an order for the production and/or inspection of documents;</p>	£ s. d.
	<b>FEES FOR ENFORCEMENT OF JUDGMENTS</b>	
21	In every application for leave to issue a warrant to enforce a judgment	0 2 0
22	On the issue of every warrant of execution against goods other than a warrant to enforce payment of a fine inflicted by the Court	0 2 0
23	On the issue of every warrant of possession:—	
	(i) when the warrant is not for the recovery of a sum of money	0 2 0
	(ii) when the warrant is for the recovery of a sum of money in addition to possession	0 4 0
24	On the issue of warrant of delivery	
	(i) when the warrant is not for the recovery of damages or costs;	0 2 0
	(ii) where the warrant is for the recovery of a sum of money in respect of damages or costs or both in addition to delivery	0 4 0
25	On an application for the issue of a notice to show cause why an order of attachment should not be made	0 5 0
26	On the issue of a warrant of attachment	0 5 0
27	On an application for discharge from custody under a warrant of attachment	0 5 0
28	On the issue of a judgment summons	Fee No. 3
29	On an application to vary an order made on a judgment summons, or under Sec. 230	0 2 0
30	On the issue of an order of commitment made on a judgment summons or under Sec. 230	0 2 0
31	On an application by a Creditor for the discharge of a Judgment Debtor from custody	0 2 0
32	On every certificate of an officer of the Resident Magistrate's Court	0 2 0
	<i>Note—</i> This fee is not an additional fee to the fee required by the Schedule to the Stamp Duty Law (Cap 197) under the heading "Certificates".	
33	On an application by a Judgment Creditor to obtain an order for sale of lands of the Judgment Debtor	0 15 0
34	On filing a plaint in garnishee proceedings	Fee No. 1(i)
	<i>Note—</i> This fee is to be calculated on the amount sought to be attached, or if the amount sought to be attached is not stated, on the unpaid balance of the judgment debt and costs.	

GENERAL COURT FEES, *contd.*

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
35	(i) On the issue of an interpleader summons at the request of the Bailiff .. .. . (ii) On the claimant—	£ s. d. Free
	(a) lodging particulars of the goods or chattels alleged to be his property .. (b) lodging particulars of the claim for rent ..	Fee No. 1(i) Fee No. 1(i)
	<i>Note—</i> These fees are to be calculated on the value of the goods or the amount of the claim for rent and are payable by the claimant.	
	(iii) On the claimant lodging any claim against the Bailiff or Execution Creditor for damages ..	Fee No. 1(i)
	<i>Note—</i> When this claim is joined by the claimant with a claim to goods or chattels or for rent, this fee shall be paid in addition to fee No. 35 (ii) (a) or (b) as the case may be	
36	On the issue of an interpleader summons on the request of a Defendant who disputes an assignment or has notice of a conflicting claim .. .. .	One-half of original fee paid in the
37	(i) On an order by the Judge referring a matter to arbitration .. .. .	plaint 0 2 0
	(ii) On the entry of judgment of the award of an Arbitrator .. .. .	0 2 0
	(iii) On the application to set aside an award .. .. .	0 2 0
38	On every formal judgment or order of the Courts. ..	0 2 0
	<i>Note—</i> This fee is not payable—	
	(a) on the note of judgment written on the summons by the Judge:	
	(b) on the entry in the Plaint and Minute Book by the Clerk;	
	(c) on any written judgment or reasons for judgment filed by the Judge;	
	(d) on a vesting order under Sec. 39 of the Poor Relief Law (Cap. 53);	
	(e) On an order in Bankruptcy other than an order of discharge or an order of revocation of a provisional or an absolute order.	
39	On an application for a new trial. (Provided that this fee shall not be payable if the judgment has been entered by default and the application is made in open Court on the day of the hearing of the cause for which a new trial is sought). .. .. .	0 2 0
40	On an application to reinstate proceedings which have been struck out. (Provided that this fee shall not be payable if the application is made in open Court on the day the proceedings were struck out). .. .. .	0 2 0

GENERAL COURT FEES, *contd.*

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
		£ s. d.
41	On filing a bill of costs for taxation .. .. <i>Note—</i> This fee is also payable on a bill of costs taxed by consent .. ..	0 2 0
42	On an application to review taxation .. ..	0 5 0
43	On an assignment of any judgment (Sec. 216) .. ..  <i>Note—</i> This fee is additional to any duty imposed by the Stamp Duty Law.	0 2 0
44	On filing an Appeal from a Judge .. ..	0 10 0
45	For searches per hour or part thereof  (i) in each book .. .. (ii) in each suit .. .. (iii) in every criminal case .. ..  (Provided that no fee shall be payable when the search is made by a party to a suit or by his Solicitor).	0 5 0 0 1 0 0 1 0
46	For copies of evidence, judgments, reasons for judgments, documents books or extracts, for every sheet of 160 words or portion of a sheet, on appeal or otherwise .. ..	0 0 6
47	(i) On taking an account or making an enquiry pursuant to an order of the Judge (including the certificate of the result of such account or enquiry) for every hour or part thereof .. .. (ii) On taking the examination <i>de bene esse</i> of a witness .. ..	0 2 6
	<i>Note—</i> The Clerk of the Courts may prior to the taking of the accounts or making the enquiry or taking the examination of the witness, require a deposit on account of this fee.	Fee No. 47(i)
<b>BANKRUPTCY COURT FEES</b>		
48	(i) On filing a petition including the statement required by Sec. 22(i) of the Bankruptcy Law (Cap. 441) and the Affidavit in verification .. .. (ii) On filing an application for discharge from bankruptcy or for the revocation of a provisional or absolute order .. ..	0 10 0 0 10 0
	<i>Note—</i> This fee shall not include the fee payable on any affidavit filed in support of the application.	
49	On filing with the Clerk, a copy of an appeal notice of motion .. ..	0 10 0



GENERAL COURT FEES, *contd.*

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
	<b>PRACTITIONERS' FEES</b>	<b>£ s. d.</b>
	<i>In all cases the costs listed hereunder shall be the costs allowable on taxation between party and party as well as between Solicitor and Client, except that as between Solicitor and Client these costs may be varied by agreement</i>	
	<b>CONTESTED CASES</b>	
50	(i) In cases within the Common Law Jurisdiction of the Court and in Inter-pleader and Replevin where the amount of the claim or the amount recovered	
	(a) does not exceed £5	2 2 0
	(b) exceeds £5 but does not exceed £ 10	2 12 6
	(c) do. 10 do. 15	3 13 6
	(d) do. 15 do. 20	4 14 6
	(e) do. 20 do. 30	5 5 0
	(f) do. 30 45	6 6 0
	(g) do. 45 do. 60	7 7 0
	(h) do. 60 do. 80	8 8 0
	(j) do. 80 do. 100	10 10 0
	(k) do. 100 do. 200	12 12 0
	(l) do. 200	15 15 0
	(ii) In cases under the Land and Equity Jurisdictions of the Court, and in cases where title to land is involved, notwithstanding that there is in addition a claim for the recovery of a sum of money	Not exceeding 12 12 0
	(iii) In all contentious business in the Probate and Administration Jurisdictions of the Court	Fee No. 50(ii)
	(iv) Where Counsel appears in any case	
	(a) for Counsel	Fee No. 50(i), (ii) or (iii)
	(b) for the Solicitor instructing	Fee No. 50(i), (i) or (iii)
	<i>Note—</i> In no case shall Fees be recoverable for more than one Counsel.	
	(v) In any action or matter in which the Judge shall be of opinion that the above fees are insufficient remuneration for the services performed having regard to the difficulty of the matter, the time spent in research and skill required, and the necessity of visiting the <i>locus in quo</i> (on the direction or with the approval of the Court), he may allow in addition to fee No. 50(i), (ii) or (iii)	Not exceeding 10 10 0
	(vi) For receiving judgment when judgment has been reserved	0 10 0
	(vii) For attendance at Court when a case is adjourned provided that the Judge, in addition to this fee, may award any party such further costs of adjournment as he may consider reasonable	0 5 0

GENERAL COURT FEES, *contd.*

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
51	UNCONTESTED CASES FILED UNDER SECTION 149	£ s. d.
	(i) In cases within the Common Law Jurisdiction of the Court and in cases in Interpleader and Replevin where the amount of the claim or the amount recovered	
	(a) does not exceed £1 .. .. .	0 7 6
	(b) exceeds £1 but does not exceed £2 .. .. .	0 9 0
	(c) do. 2 do. 5 .. .. .	0 15 0
	(d) do. 5 do. 10 .. .. .	1 1 0
	(e) do. 10 do. 20 .. .. .	1 11 6
	(f) do. 20 do. 30 .. .. .	2 2 0
	(g) do. 30 do. 50 .. .. .	2 12 6
	(h) do. 50 do. 75 .. .. .	4 4 0
	(j) do. 75 do. 100 .. .. .	5 5 0
	(k) do. 100 .. .. .	6 6 0
	(ii) In cases under the Land and Equity Jurisdictions of the Court and in cases where title to land is involved, notwithstanding that there is in addition a claim for the recovery of a sum of money, and in other matters not otherwise provided for ..	Not exceeding 5 5 0
	UNCONTESTED CASES FILED UNDER SECTION 152	
52	(i) In all cases where the amount of the claim or the amount recovered	
	(a) exceeds £2 but does not exceed £10 .. .. .	0 8 0
	(b) do. 10 do. 20 .. .. .	0 12 0
	(c) do. 20 do. 50 .. .. .	0 18 0
	(ii) For obtaining judgment under Sec. 153 when the judgment given	
	(a) exceeds £2 but does not exceed £20 .. .. .	0 5 0
	(b) do. 20 do. 50 .. .. .	0 10 0
53	In non-contentious business in applications for Probate or Administration where the real and personal estate	
	(a) does not exceed £50 .. .. .	2 2 0
	(b) exceeds £50 but does not exceed £100 .. .. .	4 4 0
	(c) do. 100 do. 200 .. .. .	6 6 0
	(d) do. 200 do. 300 .. .. .	8 8 0
	<i>Note—</i>	
	This fee shall cover the work required to be performed by a Solicitor in connection with the preparation and filing of the Inventory and the Stamp Commissioner's Return	
54	(i) In all matters within the Bankruptcy Jurisdiction of the Court where the value of the assets of the estate of the Bankrupt as realised by the Trustee	
	(a) does not exceed £50 .. .. .	3 3 0
	(b) exceeds £50 but does not exceed £100 .. .. .	4 4 0
	(c) exceeds £100 .. .. .	5 5 0

GENERAL COURT FEES, *contd.*

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
	<i>Note—</i> These fees shall cover all the work required to be performed by a Solicitor in connection with the filing of a Bankruptcy Petition, attending the Public Examination, and the meeting of the creditors.	£ s. d.
	(ii) In any matter in which the Judge shall be of opinion that the above fees are insufficient remuneration for the services performed, having regard to the difficulty of the matter, the time spent in research, and the skill required, he may allow, in addition to fee No. 54(i) .. .. .	Not ex- ceeding 5 5 0
	(iii) All other fees for Practitioners not herein specifically provided for shall be in the discretion of the Judge.	
55	(i) In Judgment Summons when the unpaid debt (a) amounts to £5 and is under £10 .. .. . (b) amounts to £10 and is under £2 .. .. . (c) amounts to £25 and up to £50 .. .. .	0 10 0 0 15 0 0 18 0
	(ii) In the event of there being a contest between the parties as to the amount due or the liability of the Debtor or as to any other matter .. .. .	Not ex- ceeding 5 5 0
56	On an application under Sec. 230 where an order is made, in addition to any other fee to which the Solicitor may be entitled on the claim .. .. .	Fee No. 55(i) or (ii)
57	On filing an application for— (a) a warrant to levy .. .. . (b) a warrant of commitment .. .. .	£0 5 0 0 10 0
58	On an application for a new trial or to reinstate a case struck out. (i) Where the application is uncontested .. .. . (ii) Where the application is contested .. .. .	1 1 0 Not ex- ceeding 5 5 0
59	On interlocutory applications .. .. .	Not ex- ceeding 3 3 0
60	(i) For lodging an appeal from the decision of the Judge including all that is required to be done by the appellant prior to transmission of the papers to the Court of Appeal .. .. . (ii) For lodging an application to review taxation and appearing at the hearing .. .. .	3 3 0 Not ex- ceeding 3 3 0
61	On applications for the sale of land of a Judgment Debtor (i) When the judgment debt and costs have been satisfied or the application is withdrawn within 14 days of the service of the order for the sale of the land .. .. . (ii) Where the land is sold— (a) for less than £20 .. .. . (b) for £20 or more, but less than £50 .. .. . (c) for £50 or more, but less than £100 .. .. . (d) for £100 or more .. .. .	2 2 0 3 3 0 4 4 0 5 5 0 7 7 0

GENERAL COURT FEES, *contd.*

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
	<p><i>Note—</i> These fees shall cover the attendance by the Solicitor at the Sale, and the preparation and issue of the certificate of purchase</p> <p>(iii) Where the Judge shall be of opinion that the above fees are insufficient remuneration for the services performed having regard to the difficulty of the matter, the time and skill required, he may allow in addition to Fee No. 61(ii)</p>	<p>Not ex- ceeding 5 5 0</p>
	<b>BAILIFFS' FEES</b>	
62	<p>(i) For Service by a Bailiff of a summons, subpoena, notice, judgment, or other process of the Court for which no specific provision is otherwise made, where the service</p> <p>(a) need not be personal . . . . .</p> <p>(b) is required by law to be personal . . . . .</p> <p>(ii) When the service is to be effected beyond one mile of the nearest Court House, then for each mile or part thereof . . . . .</p>	<p>0 2 0</p> <p>0 3 0</p> <p>0 0 9</p>
	<p><i>Note—</i> When two or more persons are to be served with a copy of the same summons, subpoena, notice, judgment or other process of the Court and such persons reside within the same house, yard or curtilage thereof, Fee No. 62 (ii) is payable in respect of only one such person</p>	
63	For making an affidavit or a certificate of service of a summons, subpoena, notice, judgment, or other process issued by a Court, other than that of which the Bailiff is an Officer . . . . .	0 1 0
64	(i) For executing a warrant of commitment . . . . .	0 10 0
	<p><i>Note—</i> This includes the fee for taking the Debtor to Prison and all the expenses incurred by the Bailiff in connection therewith, other than the fee to cover expenses for travelling which are set out hereunder</p> <p>(ii) When the distance actually travelled by the Bailiff in executing such warrant exceeds one mile, then each mile or part thereof . . . . .</p>	<p>0 2 0</p>
	<p><i>Note—</i> For the purpose of calculating this fee the Bailiff shall not be entitled to be paid for a greater distance than that from the nearest Court House in his parish to the residence or place of business of the Debtor</p> <p>(iii) Where the Bailiff conveys the debtor to prison, in addition to fees No. 64(i) and (ii) for each mile or part thereof . . . . .</p>	<p>0 2 0</p>

GENERAL COURT FEES, *contd.*

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
	<p><i>Note—</i> For the purpose of calculating this fee the Bailiff shall not be entitled to be paid for a greater distance than that by the shortest practicable route from the residence or place of business of the debtor to the prison.</p> <p>(iv) Where a railway or other recognised public conveyance is available for any part of such journey, for such part of the journey .. .. .</p> <p>(v) When the debtor pays the judgment debt before arrest or after being arrested by the Bailiff and before reaching the prison, the Bailiff shall be entitled to Fee No. 64(i) and (ii) and, in addition, to fee No. 64(iii) for that portion of the distance actually travelled with the debtor, and to Fee No. 64(iv) if actually incurred</p> <p>(vi) Where in conveying the debtor to prison the Bailiff must necessarily be absent from his parish for more than 6 hours, or must sleep away from his home</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(a) for each completed hour that he is absent calculated from the time he left his home to execute the warrant until the time he returns .. .. .</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(b) if he sleeps away from his home although not absent for 24 hours .. .. .</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">In no case shall this fee exceed .. .. .</p> <p><i>Note—</i> The Bailiff, prior to his departure to execute the warrant of Commitment may require the judgment creditor to deposit with the Clerk a sum of money on account of this fee.</p>	<p>The minimum fare both ways for the Bailiff and one way for the debtor</p> <p>£ s. d</p> <p>1/24th part of 15 0</p> <p>0 15 0</p> <p>1 10 0</p>
65	<p>(i) For executing a warrant of attachment and for conveying the person so arrested to prison .. .. .</p> <p>(ii) When the distance travelled by the Bailiff to execute the warrant and in conveying such person to prison exceeds one mile .. .. .</p>	<p>0 10 0</p> <p>Fees No. 64(ii), (iii), (iv), (v) and (vi)</p>
66	<p>(i) For executing a warrant of possession .. .. .</p> <p>(ii) When the distance travelled by the Bailiff to execute such warrant exceeds one mile then for each mile or part thereof .. .. .</p>	<p>£0 10 0</p> <p>0 0 9</p>
67	<p>(i) For serving a notice of a warrant of execution against goods .. .. .</p> <p>(ii) When the distance travelled by the Bailiff to serve such notice exceeds one mile, then for each mile or part thereof .. .. .</p> <p>(iii) For receiving money prior to making a levy on each £1 or part thereof paid towards satisfaction of the judgment debt .. .. .</p>	<p>0 2 0</p> <p>0 0 9</p> <p>0 1 0</p>

GENERAL COURT FEES, *contd.*

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
	<p>(iv) For executing a warrant of execution against goods, on each £1 or part thereof calculated on the gross proceeds of the sale .. ..</p> <p><i>Note—</i></p> <p>(a) This fee is not payable if no sale takes place but Fee No. 72 is payable in lieu thereof</p> <p>(b) Fee No. 62 (ii) shall not be payable for execution of this process .. ..</p>	<p>£ s. d.</p> <p>0 1 0</p>
68	<p>For executing every warrant of delivery against goods</p> <p>(i) where the warrant is not for recovery of damages or costs .. ..</p> <p>(ii) where the warrant is for the recovery of a sum of money in respect of damages or costs or both, in addition to delivery .. ..</p> <p>(iii) when the distance travelled by the Bailiff to execute such warrant exceeds one mile then for each mile, or part thereof .. ..</p>	<p>0 10 0</p> <p>10/- and in addition thereto Fee No. 67 (iv)</p> <p>0 0 9</p>
69	<p>(i) For keeping possession of goods under a warrant of execution or delivery per day or part thereof .. ..</p> <p>(ii) Where there are animals to be fed .. ..</p> <p>(iii) When goods are removed by the Bailiff to a place of deposit .. ..</p> <p><i>Note—</i></p> <p>The longest period for which this fee may be claimed is 7 days. Provided that—</p> <p>(a) Where possession is kept after the seventh day at the request in writing of both the execution creditor and the execution debtor these fees are payable for such further time as agreed by the parties in writing or as approved by the Judge, and</p> <p>(b) Where notice of claim by a third party to or in respect of the goods has been given to the Bailiff, the number of days for which possession fees may be charged shall be determined by the Judge.</p> <p>(iv) Where it is necessary for the Bailiff to place the goods distrained upon in the custody of some persons for safe keeping .. ..</p>	<p>0 2 0</p> <p>The reasonable expenses of feeding them</p> <p>The reasonable expenses of removal</p> <p>The amount expended not exceeding 5/- per day.</p>

GENERAL COURT FEES, *contd.*

No. of Fee	Description of Proceedings	Amount of Fee
70	For the appraisal of goods distrained on, in each £1 or part thereof of the appraised value . . . . .	£ s. d. 0 0 3
	<i>Note—</i> The Bailiff shall not be entitled to this fee unless he has lodged his appraisal with the Clerk of the Courts before the sale takes place.	
71	For the sale and delivery of the goods seized under a warrant of execution or delivery, for each £1 or part thereof, to be calculated on the nett proceeds of the sale after payment of all incidental expenses of the levy, advertisement and sale . . . . .	0 1 0
	<i>Note—</i> In addition to this fee the Bailiff shall be entitled to be refunded the reasonable costs of advertising the sale.	
72	Where no sale takes place by reason of the execution being withdrawn, satisfied or stopped on each £1 or part thereof for which execution was levied . . . . .	1/- and in addition thereto the reasonable expenses incurred under Fee No. 60
	<i>Note—</i> This fee is payable in lieu of Fee No. 67(iv)	
73	(i) For executing an order of the Court issued under Sec. 239 . . . . .	0 10 0
	(ii) For keeping possession under such order . . . . .	Fee No. 69(i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)
74	(i) When the Bailiff acts as Auctioneer to conduct the sale of any property, real or personal, ordered by a Resident Magistrate's Court to be sold, on the gross proceeds of the sale . . . . .	5% minimum 0 10 0 2%
	(a) on the first £100 or part thereof . . . . .	
	(b) on every additional £100 or part thereof . . . . .	
	(ii) When the sale proves abortive either because the highest bid price is below the reserved price fixed by the Court, or for any other cause . . . . .	0 10 0
	<i>Note—</i> This fee must be deposited with the Clerk by the Judgment Creditor when he lodges the final order for the sale of the Judgment Debtor's land	
	(iii) For advertising the sale . . . . .	The reasonable expenses thereof

Dated at Kingston this 12th day of May, 1947.

JOHN H. CLERK,  
Clerk to the Executive Council

## HOLDING OF COURTS

Under Section 71 of the R.M. Law Cap. 432, it is the duty of every Resident Magistrate on or before the 31st day of October in each year to fix the times and places for the holding during the ensuing year of Courts of Petty Sessions and Resident Magistrates' Courts throughout the parish or parishes assigned to him by the Governor.

These fixtures are however subject to the approval of the Chief Justice who may alter the times and places proposed as he may see fit. Should a Resident Magistrate fail to fix the times and places within the time aforesaid, it is lawful for the Chief Justice to fix them without reference to the Resident Magistrate.

The Law also requires that notice of the time and places fixed for the holding of the Courts shall be published in the Gazette, and shall be put up in some conspicuous place in each Court House in the parish and in the Office of the Clerk, at least one month before the time appointed for the holding of the Courts. This provision applies also to any alteration in the times fixed, which it may be found desirable to make, but does not in any way interfere with the powers of the Resident Magistrate or in his absence of a Justice of the Peace, or failing a Justice, of the Clerk or Assistant Clerk, by declaration in open Court, to adjourn any Court to any day or place whether or not such day or place has been fixed and approved as provided in the first paragraph of Section 71.

The Resident Magistrate has power also to hold his Court for the exercise of its Criminal Jurisdiction at any time and place that he may see fit.

Power is given by Section 72 to the Resident Magistrate to sit in Chambers and there to make Orders as to the mode of trial of persons brought before him charged with any indictable offence, to hear and determine any application for a change of venue from one station to another in his parish, for any stay of execution for a *habeas corpus* to bring up any witness or prisoner, and any application respecting the taxation of costs, and also any unopposed application for Probate or Administration and also any application that may properly be made *ex parte* and without notice to the other side.

A sitting in Chambers may be fixed by the Resident Magistrate for any place or time, and he has jurisdiction to act without notice of such sitting being given.

In order to provide the means of dealing as early as possible with persons charged with indictable offences, the law enacts that the Resident Magistrate shall at all times be deemed to be sitting in Chambers for the purpose of making Orders as to the mode of trial of such persons.

The Resident Magistrate may refer any matter brought before him in Chambers to be disposed of in Court, if owing to its importance or for any other reason he thinks it should be so disposed of.

## COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS

PETTY SESSIONS COURTS were established in this island shortly after the English conquest of the Island when the judicatories for the peace and good order of the island were settled. They are constituted as in England. Justices of the Peace are appointed to each parish by commission from the Governor under the great seal of the island as conservators of the public peace. They derive their power from their commission and their jurisdiction is conferred by various local laws. Generally one of the body is selected by the Governor and appointed Custos—an office similar to that of Custos Rotulorum in England. Where there is no Custos the Magistrate next in seniority to him or the Senior Magistrate of the parish and resident in the parish and in the habit of acting as Justice of the Peace therein, is the individual falling under the designation of Custos. (18 Vic., Chap. 31, Section 6). The course of procedure in the Courts of Petty Sessions is regulated by the Justices of the Peace Jurisdiction Law Cap. 433, which consolidates the previous provisions on the subject.

By Section 20 of the R. M. Law Cap. 432, every Resident Magistrate appointed under that Law is *ex officio* a Justice of the Peace for every parish of the island.

The Clerks of the Courts act as Clerks in the Courts of Petty Sessions and in the Resident Magistrates' Courts and Circuit Courts. They are authorised to take information on oath and to issue summonses, warrants and subpoenas in criminal and quasi-criminal cases. The Assistant Clerks when appointed by the Governor as Deputy Clerks of the Courts, have similar powers except that of issuing warrants.



## PETTY SESSIONS COURT FEES

"All proceedings in cases of persons charged with indictable offences, and all proceedings before a Justice of the Peace or Justices of the Peace in Petty Sessions on summary trials for larceny or under any act or law now or hereafter to be passed making the case a public prosecution, and all proceedings instituted by any member of the Constabulary Force in his capacity as such shall be free of all stamp duty, whether imposed by this or by any other law."—now included in the Justices of the Peace Jurisdiction Law, Cap. 433. In other cases the following fees are payable—

On each Information .. .. .	£0 3 0
" Summons .. .. .	0 3 6
" Warrant .. .. .	0 3 6
" Affidavit to ground search warrant and warrant .. .. .	0 3 0
" Affidavit and warrant for articles of the peace and good behaviour .. .. .	0 5 6
" Subpoena for witness, to contain not more than four names .. .. .	0 2 0
" Warrant of distress .. .. .	0 2 0
" Information, summons, and copy for servant's wages .. .. .	0 3 6
" Order of Court .. .. .	0 2 0
" Certificate to be annexed to proceedings .. .. .	0 3 0
" Recognizance to appeal from judgment of Court .. .. .	0 15 0
" Certified copy of proceedings, for every 160 words .. .. .	0 1 0

Any Justice of the Peace may remit or postpone the payment of the above fees in whole or in part, or may excuse or postpone the affixing or impressment of the Stamps—Justices of the Peace Jurisdiction Law, Cap. 433, Sec. 66.

WITNESSES EXPENSES ALLOWANCES TO WITNESSES UNDER THE  
WITNESSES EXPENSES LAW. CAP 445, AS AMENDED BY LAW 61  
OF 1941.

## FIRST SCHEDULE—CLASS I

For every day of attendance

Proprietors, occupiers, or attorneys of estates or pens  
exceeding 100 acres, merchants, general factors, whole-  
sale dealers, bankers, professional persons, head  
teachers in Secondary Schools .. .. .

£0 7 6 to £0 10 6

## CLASS II

For every  
day of  
attendance

Proprietors, occupiers or attorneys of estates or pens not exceeding 100  
acres, overseers or book-keepers of estates or pens, mercantile clerk,  
traders (including first-class retailers), commission agents, auctioneers,  
head teachers in Elementary Schools, assistant teachers in Secondary  
Schools, certified nurses, skilled mechanics and wives of persons falling  
in Class I .. .. .

5/- to 7/-

## CLASS III

(1) Small shopkeepers, shop assistants, assistant teachers in Elementary  
Schools, skilled workmen, tailors, journeymen, peasant proprietors,  
barbers, hairdressers, builders, District Constables and Authorised  
Persons, chauffeurs, stevedores, foremen and wives of persons in  
Class II .. .. .

3/- to 4/-

(2) Servants, labourers and the like, peddlars and wives of all persons in  
this Class .. .. .

2/- to 3/-

## CLASS IV

## REGISTERED MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS—

(a) for giving expert evidence—for each case in addition to any sum  
payable under Class I .. .. .

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- (b) (i) for examining a body without dissection and making the required report .. .. . £1 1/-  
 (ii) for the same services as in (i) after exhumation .. .. £2 2/-  
 (iii) for examining and dissecting a body and making the required report .. .. . £2 2/-  
 (iv) for the same services as in (iii) after exhumation .. .. £5 5/-

(1) Every witness who is entitled to have his travelling expenses paid from public funds shall be allowed such expenses in the sums actually and reasonably expended in proceeding to Court and in returning to his residence and where there is a railway or other public conveyance which, in the opinion of the Taxing Officer, may be conveniently used by the witness, then the maximum amount allowable under this regulation shall be—

- (a) in the case of a witness falling within Class I of Class II of the Law, the first class railway fare; and  
 (b) in other cases, the second class railway fare.

(2) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (1) of this regulation—

- (a) where a witness used his own means of transport, the Taxing Officer may allow travelling expenses at the following rates:—

Motor Car	7d. per mile each way
Buggy	6d. per mile each way
Horseback	4d. per mile each way
Motor Cycle	3d. per mile each way
Bicycle	2d. per mile each way
Walking	1d. per mile each way

- (b) where a witness used hired transport he shall be reimbursed such sum proved by voucher as expended by him for travelling as the Taxing Officer may consider reasonable Provided that the Taxing Officer shall not allow a sum in excess of the scale of charges at the time in force in respect of the means of transport used by such witness.

## COURT FIXTURES, 1950

### RESIDENT MAGISTRATES' AND PETTY SESSIONS COURTS

Under the provisions of Section 71 of the Resident Magistrates Law, Chapter 432 as amended by Section 4 of the Resident Magistrates (Amendment) Law, Law 24 of 1949, the Chief Justice has approved and fixed the following times and places for the holding of Resident Magistrates' Courts and Courts of Petty Sessions in each parish of the Island during the year 1950.

In addition to the Courts fixed hereunder, each Resident Magistrate will hold his Court for the trial of criminal cases and will hold sittings for taking preliminary examinations at his Head Station on any day when he is not engaged at an Out-Station and when there is a case awaiting jurisdiction.

*Times and Places fixed for the holding of Petty Sessions and Resident Magistrates' Courts in the several Parishes of the Island for the year 1950*

### KINGSTON

#### CIVIL

January 9 and 23, February 6 and 20, March 6 and 20, April 3 and 17, May 1 and 15, June 5 and 19, July 3 and 17, August 7 and 21, September 4 and 18, October 2 and 16, November 6 and 27, December 4 and 18.  
 Judgment Summonses will be heard on the Tuesdays following each of the above dates,

## CRIMINAL AND PETTY SESSIONS

Every Monday in each month except the 2nd January, 10th April, 20th November and 25th December. Every Tuesday in each month except the 1st August, and 26th December. Every Wednesday in each month except the 22nd February and 24th May. Every Thursday in each month except the 8th June. Every Friday in each month except the 7th April.

*Spirit Licensing Sessions*—The 9th March and the 14th of September.

*Provisional Settlement of Jury List*—The 17th of August.

*Final Settlement of Jury List*—The 14th of September.

## ST. ANDREW

## CIVIL

HALFWAY TREE—The 6th of January, 3rd of February, 3rd of March, 14th of April, 5th of May, 2nd of June, 7th of July, 4th of August, 1st of September, 6th of October, 3rd of November, and the 1st of December.

STONY HILL—The first Tuesday in each month except the 1st of August for which the 15th of August is substituted.

GORDON TOWN—The second Tuesday in each month.

## CRIMINAL AND PETTY SESSIONS

HALFWAY TREE—Every Monday in each month (except the 2nd of January, the 10th of April, the 20th of November and the 25th of December.)

Every fourth and fifth Tuesday in each month (except the 26th of December.)

Every Wednesday in each month (except the 22nd of February and the 24th of May)

Every Thursday in each month (except the 8th of June).

Every Friday in each month (except the 7th April.)

STONY HILL Every first, and third Tuesday in each month (except the 1st of August for which the 29th of August, is substituted)

GORDON TOWN Every second Tuesday in each month.

## PETTY SESSIONS COURTS

HALFWAY TREE—Every Tuesday and Thursday in each month (except the 8th of June, the 1st of August and 26th of December).

## OTHER SESSIONS

*Spirit Licensing Sessions*—The 9th of March and 14th of September.

*Provisional Settlement of Jury List*—The 17th of August

*Final Settlement of Jury List*—The 14th of September.

## ST. THOMAS

## CRIMINAL AND PETTY SESSIONS

MORANT BAY—January 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th; February 1st, 8th, 15th, 20th, March 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th April 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; May 3rd, 10th, 17th, 22nd, 31st; June 7th, 14th, 21st, 28th; July 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; August 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd, 30th, September 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th; October 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th; November 4th, 8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th; December 6th, 13th, 20th,

BATH—January 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; February 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd; March 2nd, 10th, 16th, 23rd, 30th; April 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th; May 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th; June 1st, 15th, 22nd, 29th, July 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th; August 3rd, 10th, 18th, 24th, 31st; September 7th, 15th, 21st, 28th; October 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; November 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd; December 7th, 14th, 21st,

**CEDAR VALLEY**—January 6th; February 3rd; March 3rd; April 14th; May 5th; June 2nd; July 7th; August 4th; September 1st; October 6th; November 3rd; December 1st.  
**YALLAHS**—January 10th; February 14th; March 14th; April 11th; May 9th; June 13th; July 11th; August 8th; September 12th; October 10th; November 14th; December 12th.

## CIVIL

**MORANT BAY**—January 3rd; February 7th; March 7th; April 4th; May 2nd; June 6th; July 4th; August 8th; September 5th; October 3rd; November 7th; December 5th.  
**BATH**—January 5th; February 2nd; March 2nd; April 6th; May 4th; June 1st; July 6th; August 3rd; September 7th; October 5th; November 2nd; December 7th.  
**CEDAR VALLEY**—January 6th; February 3rd; March 3rd; April 14th; May 5th; June 2nd; July 7th; August 4th; September 1st; October 6th; November 3rd; December 1st.  
**YALLAHS**—January 10th; February 14th; March 14th; April 11th; May 9th; June 13th; July 11th; August 8th; September 12th; October 10th; November 14th; December 12th.

*Spirit Licensing Sessions*—The 9th of March and the 14th of September.

*Provisional Settlement of Jury List*—The 17th of August.

*Final Settlement of Jury List*—The 14th of September.

## PORTLAND

## CRIMINAL AND PETTY SESSIONS

**PORT ANTONIO**—Every Tuesday except the 1st August and the 26th of December.  
**BUFF BAY**—January 4th, 18th; February 1st, 15th; March 1st, 15th; April 5th, 19th; May 3rd, 17th; June 7th, 21st; July 5th, 19th; August 2nd, 16th; September 6th, 20th; October 4th, 18th; November 1st, 15th; December 6th, 20th.  
**MANCHIONEAL**—January 19th; February 16th; March 16th; April 20th; May 18th; June 15th; July 20th; August 15th; September 21st; October 19th November 16th; December 21st.  
**HOPE BAY**—January 6th, 20th; February 3rd, 17th; March 3rd, 17th; April 14th, 21st; May 5th, 19th; June 2nd, 16th; July 7th, 21st; August 4th, 18th; September 1st, 15th; October 6th, 20th; November 3rd, 17th; December 1st, 15th.

## CIVIL

**PORT ANTONIO**—January 9th; February 6th; March 6th; April 3rd; May 1st; June 5th; July 3rd; August 7th; September 4th; October 2nd; November 6th; December 4th.  
**BUFF BAY**—January 4th; February 1st; March 1st; April 5th; May 3rd; June 7th; July 5th; August 2nd; September 6th; October 4th; November 1st; December 6th.  
**MANCHIONEAL**—January 19th; February 16th; March 16th; April 20th; May 18th; June 15th; July 20th; August 15th; September 21st; October 19th; November 16th; December 21st.  
**HOPE BAY**—January 6th; February 3rd; March 3rd; April 14th; May 5th; June 2nd; August 4th; September 1st; October 6th; November 3rd; December 1st.

*Spirit Licensing Sessions*—The 9th of March and the 14th of September.

*Provisional Settlement of Jury List*—The 17th of August.

*Final Settlement of Jury List*—The 14th of September.

**N.B.**—The Deputy Clerk of the Courts will attend at Hope Bay and Buff Bay on the 1st Monday in each month (except the 2nd of January, for which the 9th of January is substituted).

## ST. MARY

## CRIMINAL AND PETTY SESSIONS

ANNOTTO BAY—Every Tuesday except the 1st of August and 26th of December.

RICHMOND—Every Wednesday except the 22nd February and 24th of May.

PORT MARIA—Every Thursday except the 8th of June.

GAYLE—The first and third Fridays in each month except the 7th of April, for which the 14th of April is substituted.

## CIVIL

ANNOTTO BAY—The first Tuesday in each month, except the 1st of August, for which the 8th of August is substituted.

RICHMOND—The first Wednesday in each month.

PORT MARIA—The first Thursday in each month.

GAYLE—The first Friday in each month, except the 7th of April, for which the 14th day of April is substituted.

*Spirit Licensing Sessions*—The 9th of March and 14th of September.

*Settlement of Jury List*—The 17th of August and 14th of September.

N.B.—The Deputy Clerk will attend at Richmond on the first and third Mondays in each month from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. except the 20th November; at Annotto Bay on the 2nd and 4th Mondays in each month except the 10th April and 25th December; and at Gayle on the 2nd Friday in each month from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

## ST. ANN

## CRIMINAL AND PETTY SESSIONS

ST. ANN'S BAY—January 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; February 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd; March 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd, 30th; April 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th; May 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th; June 1st, 15th, 22nd, 29th; July 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th; August 3rd, 10th, 17th, 24th, 31st; September 7th, 14th, 21st, 28th; October 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; November 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd, 30th; December 7th, 14th, 21st.

BROWN'S TOWN—January 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th; February 1st, 8th, 15th; March 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th; April 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; May 3rd, 10th, 17th, 31st; June 7th, 14th, 21st, 28th; July 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; August 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd, 30th; September 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th; October 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th; November 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th; December 6th, 13th, 20th.

CAVE VALLEY—January 6th, 20th; February 3rd, 17th; March 3rd, 17th; April 14th, 28th; May 5th, 19th; June 2nd, 16th; July 7th, 21st; August 4th, 18th; September 1st, 15th; October 6th, 20th; November 3rd, 17th; December 1st, 15th.

CLAREMONT—January 17th; February 21st; March 21st; April 18th; May 16th; June 20th; July 18th; August 15th; September 19th; October 17th; November 21st; December 12th.

MONEAGUE—January 24th; February 28th; March 28th; April 25th; May 23rd; June 27th; July 25th; August 22nd; September 26th; October 24th; November 28th; December 19th.

OCHO RIOS—January 10th; March 14th; May 9th; July 11th; September 12th; November 14th.

## CIVIL

ST. ANN'S BAY—January 5th; February 2nd; March 2nd; April 6th; May 4th; June 1st; July 6th; August 3rd; September 7th; October 5th; November 2nd; December 7th.

BROWN'S TOWN—January 4th; February 1st; March 1st; April 5th; May 3rd; June 7th; July 5th; August 2nd; September 6th; October 4th; November 1st; December 6th.

**CAVE VALLEY**—January 6th; February 3rd; March 3rd; April 14th; May 5th; June 2nd; July 7th; August 4th; September 1st; October 6th; November 3rd; December 1st.

**CLAREMONT**—January 17th; February 21st; March 21st; April 18th; May 16th; June 20th; July 18th; August 15th; September 19th; October 17th; November 21st; December 12th.

**MONEAGUE**—January 24th; February 28th; March 28th; April 25th; May 23rd; June 27th; July 25th; August 22nd; September 26th; October 24th; November 28th; December 19th.

**OCHO RIOS**—January 10th; March 14th; May 9th; July 11th; September 12th; November 14th.

*Spirit Licensing Sessions*—The 9th of March and the 14th of September.

*Provisional Settlement of Jury List*—The 17th of August.

*Final Settlement of Jury List*—The 14th of September.

## TRELAWNY

### CRIMINAL AND PETTY SESSIONS

**FALMOUTH**—January 4th; 11th, 18th, 25th; February 1st, 8th, 15th, 24th; March 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th; April 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; May 3rd, 10th, 17th, 26th, 31st; June 7th, 14th, 21st, 28th; July 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; August 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd, 30th; September 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th; October 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th; November 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th; December 6th, 13th, 20th.

**CLARK'S TOWN**—January 16th, 23rd, 30th; February 13th, 20th, 27th; March 13th, 20th, 27th; April 14th, 17th, 24th; May 8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th; June 12th, 19th, 26th; July 10th, 17th, 24th, 31st; August 14th, 21st; 28th; September 11th, 18th, 25th; October 9th, 16th, 23rd, 30th; November 13th, 21st, 27th; December 11th, 18th.

**DUNCANS**—January 10th; February 14th; March 14th; April 11th; May 9th; June 13th; July 11th; August 8th; September 12th; October 10th; November 14th; December 12th.

**ULSTER SPRING**—January 12th, 19th, 26th; February 9th, 16th, 23rd; March 10th, 16th, 23rd, 30th; April 13th, 20th, 27th; May 11th, 18th, 25th; June 9th, 15th, 22nd, 29th; July 13th, 20th, 27th; August 10th, 18th, 24th, 31st; September 15th, 21st, 28th; October 12th, 19th, 26th; November 9th, 16th, 23rd, 30th; December 14th, 21st.

### CIVIL

**FALMOUTH**—January 3rd, February 7th; March 7th; April 4th; May 2nd; June 6th; July 4th; August 4th; September 5th; October 3rd; November 7th; December 5th.

**CLARK'S TOWN**—January 9th; February 6th; March 6th; April 3rd; May 1st; June 5th; July 3rd; August 7th; September 4th; October 2nd; November 6th; December 4th.

**DUNCAN'S**—January 10th; February 14th; March 14th; April 11th; May 9th; June 13th; July 11th; August 8th; September 12th; October 10th; November 14th; December 12th.

**ULSTER SPRING**—January 5th; February 2nd; March 2nd; April 6th; May 4th; June 1st; July 6th; August 3rd; September 7th; October 5th; November 2nd; December 7th.

*Spirit Licensing Sessions*—The 9th of March and the 14th of September.

*Provisional Settlement of Jury List*—The 17th of August.

*Final Settlement of Jury List*—The 14th of September.

## ST. JAMES

## CRIMINAL AND PETTY SESSIONS

- MORTEGO BAY**—January 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th; February 1st, 8th, 15th, 21st; March 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th; April 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; May 3rd, 10th, 17th, 23rd, 31st; June 7th, 14th, 21st, 28th; July 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; August 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd, 30th; September 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th; October 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th; November 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th; December 6th, 13th, 20th.
- SPRING MOUNT**—January 10th, 24th; February 14th, 28th; March 14th, 28th; April 11th, 25th; May 9th, 22nd; June 13th, 27th; July 11th, 25th; August 8th, 22nd; September 12th, 26th; October 10th, 24th; November 14th, 28th; December 5th, 19th.
- CAMBRIDGE**—January 6th, 20th; February 3rd, 17th; March 3rd, 17th; April 6th, 21st; May 5th, 19th; June 2nd, 16th; July 7th, 21st; August 4th, 18th; September 1st, 15th; October 6th, 20th; November 3rd, 17th; December 1st, 15th.
- ADELPHI**—January 26th; February 23rd; March 23rd; April 27th; May 25th; June 22nd; July 27th; August 24th; September 28th; October 26th; November 23rd; December 21st.

## CIVIL

- MORTEGO BAY**—January 16th; February 20th; March 20th; April 17th; May 15th; June 19th; July 17th; August 21st; September 18th; October 16th; November 13th; December 18th.
- CAMBRIDGE**—January 6th; February 3rd; March 3rd; April 6th; May 5th; June 2nd; July 7th; August 4th; September 1st; October 6th; November 3rd; December 1st.

*Spirit Licensing Sessions*—The 9th of March and 14th of September.

*Provisional Settlement of Jury List*—The 17th of August.

*Final Settlement of Jury List*—The 14th of September.

## HANOVER

## CRIMINAL AND PETTY SESSIONS

- LUCEA**—January 4th, 9th, 16th, 23rd, 30th; February 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th; March 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th; April 3rd, 12th, 17th, 24th; May 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th; June 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; July 3rd, 10th, 17th, 24th 31st; August 7th, 14th, 21st, 28th; September 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th; October 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd, 30th; November 6th, 13th, 21st, 27th; December 4th, 11th, 18th.
- GREEN ISLAND**—January 11th, 25th; February 8th, 23rd; March 8th, 22nd; April 15th, 26th; May 10th, 25th; June 14th, 28th; July 12th, 26th; August 9th, 23rd; September 13th, 27th; October 11th, 25th; November 8th, 22nd; December 13th, 20th.
- MILES TOWN**—January 5th; February 2nd; March 2nd; April 13th; May 4th; June 1st; July 6th; August 3rd; September 7th; October 5th; November 2nd; December 7th.
- SANDY BAY**—January 19th; February 16th; March 16th; April 20th; May 18th; June 15th; July 20th; August 16th; September 21st; October 19th; November 16th; December 21st.

## CIVIL

- LUCEA**—January 10th; February 7th; March 7th; April 4th; May 2nd; June 6th; July 4th; August 8th; September 5th; October 3rd; November 7th; December 5th.
- GREEN ISLAND**—January 11th; February 8th; March 8th; April 5th; May 10th; June 14th; July 12th; August 9th; September 13th; October 11th; November 8th; December 13th.
- MILES TOWN**—January 5th; February 2nd; March 2nd; April 13th; May 4th; June 1st; July 6th; August 3rd; September 7th; October 5th; November 2nd; December 7th.

**SANDY BAY**—January 19th; February 16th; March 16th; April 20th; May 18th; June 15th; July 20th; August 16th; September 21st; October 19th; November 16th; December 21st.

*Spirit Licensing Sessions*—The 9th of March and 14th of September.

*Provisional Settlement of Jury List*—The 17th of August.

*Final Settlement of Jury List*—The 14th of September.

## WESTMORELAND

### CIVIL

**SAVANNA-LA-MAR**—January 4th; February 1st; March 1st; April 5th; May 3rd; June 7th; July 5th; August 2nd; September 6th; October 4th; November 1st; December 6th.

**BLUEFIELDS**—January 6th; February 3rd; March 3rd; April 14th; May 5th; June 2nd; July 7th; August 4th; September 1st; October 6th; November 3rd; December 1st.

**BETHEL TOWN**—January 12th; February 9th; March 16th; April 13th; May 11th; June 15th; July 13th; August 10th; September 13th; October 12th; November 9th; December 14th.

**LITTLE LONDON**—January 20th; February 17th; March 17th; April 21st; May 19th; June 16th; July 21st; August 18th; September 15th; October 20th; November 17th; December 15th.

**WHITEHORN**—January 5th; February 2nd; March 2nd; April 6th; May 4th; June 1st; July 6th; August 3rd; September 7th; October 5th; November 2nd; December 7th.

### CRIMINAL AND PETTY SESSIONS

**SAVANNA-LA-MAR**—January 3rd, 10th, 17th, 24th, 31st; February 7th, 14th, 21st, 28th; March 7th, 14th, 21st, 28th; April 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th; May 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd, 30th; June 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th; July 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th, 31st; Aug. 8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th; September 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; October 3rd, 10th, 17th, 24th, 31st; November 7th, 14th, 21st, 28th; December 5th, 12th, 19th.

**BLUEFIELDS**—January 6th; February 3rd; March 3rd; April 14th; May 5th; June 2nd; July 7th; August 4th; September 1st; October 6th; November 3rd; December 1st.

**BETHEL TOWN**—January 26th; February 23rd; March 30th; April 27th; May 25th; June 29th; July 27th; August 24th; September 28th; October 26th; November 23rd; December 21st.

**LITTLE LONDON**—January 20th; February 17th; March 17th; April 21st; May 19th; June 16th; July 21st; August 18th; September 15th; October 20th; November 17th; December 15th.

**WHITEHORN**—January 19th; February 16th; March 23rd; April 20th; May 18th; June 22nd; July 20th; August 16th; September 21st; October 19th; November 16th; December 20th.

### PETTY SESSIONS COURTS

**WHITEHORN**—January 13th; February 10th; March 10th; April 12th; May 12th; June 9th; July 14th; August 11th; September 8th; October 13th; November 10th; December 8th.

**BETHEL TOWN**—Second Monday in every month except 10th April for which 17th April is substituted.

*Spirit Licensing Sessions*—**SAVANNA-LA-MAR COURT HOUSE**—The 9th March and the 14th September.

*Provisional Settlement of Jury List*—**SAVANNA-LA-MAR COURT HOUSE**—The 17th of August.

*Final Settlement of Jury List*—**SAVANNA-LA-MAR COURT HOUSE**—14th of September at 11 a.m.



## ST. ELIZABETH

## CRIMINAL AND PETTY SESSIONS

- BLACK RIVER**—January 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th; February 1st, 8th, 15th; March 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th; April 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; May 3rd, 10th, 17th, 31st; June 7th, 14th, 21st, 28th; July 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; August 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd; September 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th; October 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th; November 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd; December 6th, 13th, 20th.
- MALVERN**—January 3rd, 17th, February 7th, 21st; March 7th, 21st; April 4th, 18th; May 2nd, 16th; June 6th, 20th; July 4th, 18th; August 8th, 22nd; September 5th, 19th; October 3rd, 17th; November 7th, 21st; December 5th, 19th.
- SANTA CRUZ**—January 12th, 26th; February 9th, 23rd; March 10th, 23rd; April 13th, 27th; May 11th, 25th; June 9th, 22nd; July 13th, 27th; August 10th, 24th; September 15th, 28th; October 12th, 26th; November 9th, 23rd; December 14th.
- NEWMARKET**—January 10th, 24th; February 14th, 28th; March 14th, 28th; April 11th, 25th; May 9th, 23rd; June 13th, 27th; July 11th, 25th; August 15th, 29th; September 12th, 26th; October 10th, 24th; November 14th, 28th; December 12th.
- BALACLAVA**—January 5th, 19th, 23rd; February 2nd, 16th, 27th; March 2nd, 16th, 27th; April 6th, 20th, 24th; May 4th, 18th, 22nd; June 1st, 15th, 26th; July 6th, 20th, 24th; August 3rd, 18th, 28th; September 7th, 21st, 25th; October 5th, 19th, 23rd; November 2nd, 16th, 27th; December 7th, 21st.

## CIVIL

- BLACK RIVER**—January 4th; February 1st; March 1st; April 5th; May 3rd; June 7th; July 5th; August 2nd; September 6th; October 4th; November 1st; December 6th.
- MALVERN**—January 3rd; February 7th; March 7th; April 4th; May 2nd; June 6th; July 4th; August 8th; September 5th; October 3rd; November 7th; December 5th.
- SANTA CRUZ**—January 12th; February 9th; March 10th; April 13th; May 11th; June 9th; July 13th; August 10th; September 15th; October 12th; November 9th; December 14th.
- NEWMARKET**—January 10th; February 14th; March 14th; April 11th; May 9th; June 13th; July 11th; August 15th; September 12th; October 10th; November 14th; December 12th.
- BALACLAVA**—January 5th; February 2nd; March 2nd; April 6th; May 4th; June 1st; July 6th; August 3rd; September 7th; October 5th; November 2nd; December 7th.

*Spirit Licensing Sessions*—The 9th of March and 14th of September

*Provisional Settlement of Jury List*—The 17th of August.

*Final Settlement of Jury List*—The 14th of September.

## MANCHESTER

## CRIMINAL AND PETTY SESSIONS

- MANDEVILLE**—Every Wednesday except the 22nd February 24th May and 27th Decem.
- CHRISTIANA**—January 27th; February 24th; March 24th; April 28th; May 26th; June 23rd; July 28th; August 25th; September 22nd; October 27th; November 24th; December 22nd.
- SPALDINGS**—January 24th; February 28th; March 28th; April 25th; May 23rd; June 27th; July 25th; August 29th; September 26th; October 24th; November 28th; December 19th.
- COTTAGE**—January 30th; February 27th; March 27th; April 24th; May 22nd; June 26th; July 24th; August 28th; September 25th; October 23rd; November 27th; December 18th.
- CROSS KEYS**—January 9th; February 6th; March 6th; April 3rd; May 1st; June 5th; July 3rd; August 7th; September 4th; October 2nd; November 6th; December 4th.
- PORUS**—January 23rd; March 20th; May 15th; July 17th; September 18th; November 21st.

## CIVIL

MANDEVILLE—January 6th; February 3rd; March 3rd; April 14th; May 5th; June 2nd; July 7th; August 4th; September 1st; October 6th; November 3rd; December 1st.

CHRISTIANA—January 13th; February 10th; March 10th; April 21st; May 12th; June 9th; July 14th; August 11th; September 8th; October 13th; November 10th; December 8th.

SPALDINGS—January 10th; February 14th; March 14th; April 11th; May 9th; June 13th; July 11th; August 15th; September 12th; October 10th; November 14th; December 12th.

COTTAGE—January 16th; February 13th; March 13th; April 17th; May 8th; June 12th; July 10th; August 14th; September 11th; October 9th; November 13th; December 11th.

CROSS KEYS—January 9th; February 6th; March 6th; April 3rd; May 1st; June 5th; July 3rd; August 7th; September 4th; October 2nd; November 6th; December 4th.

PORUS—January 23rd; March 20th; May 15th; July 17th; September 18th; November 21st.

*Spirit Licensing Sessions*—Mandeville Court House—The 9th of March and 14th of September at 10 a.m.

*Provisional Settlement of Jury List*—Mandeville Court House—The 17th of August at 10 a.m.

*Final Settlement of Jury List*—Mandeville Court House—The 14th of September at 11 a.m.

## CLARENDON

## CIVIL

CHAPELTON—January 4th; February 1st; March 1st; April 5th; May 3rd; June 7th; July 5th; August 2nd; September 6th; October 4th; November 1st; December 6th.

MAY PEN—January 5th; February 2nd; March 2nd; April 6th; May 4th; June 1st; July 6th; August 3rd; September 7th; October 5th; November 2nd; December 7th.

FRANKFIELD—January 3rd; February 7th; March 7th; April 4th; May 2nd; June 6th; July 4th; August 8th; September 5th; October 3rd; November 7th; December 5th.

ALLEY—January 6th; February 3rd; March 3rd; April 14th; May 5th; June 2nd; July 7th; August 4th; September 1st; October 6th; November 3rd; December 1st.

## CRIMINAL AND PETTY SESSIONS

CHAPELTON—January 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th; February 1st, 8th, 15th; March 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th; April 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; May 3rd, 10th, 17th, 31st; June 7th, 14th, 21st, 28th; July 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; August 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd, 30th; September 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th; October 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th; November 1st, 8th, 15th, 22nd, 29th; December 6th, 13th, 20th.

MAY PEN—January 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; February 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd; March 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd, 30th; April 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th; May 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th; June 1st, 15th, 22nd, 29th; July 6th, 13th, 20th, 27th; August 3rd, 10th, 17th, 24th, 31st; September 7th, 14th, 21st, 28th; October 5th, 12th, 19th, 26th; November 2nd, 9th, 16th, 23rd, 30th; December 7th, 14th, 21st.

FRANKFIELD—January 3rd, 17th; February 7th, 21st; March 7th, 21st; April 4th, 18th; May 2nd, 16th; June 6th, 20th; July 4th, 18th; August 8th, 22nd; September 5th, 19th; October 3rd, 17th; November 7th, 21st; December 5th, 19th.

ALLEY—January 6th, 20th; February 3rd, 27th; March 3rd, 17th; April 14th, 28th; May 5th, 19th; June 2nd, 16th; July 7th, 21st; August 4th, 18th; September 1st, 15th; October 6th, 20th; November 3rd, 7th; December 1st, 15th.

*Spirit Licensing Sessions*—The 9th of March and 14th of September.

*Provisional Settlement of Jury List*—The 7th of August.

*Final Settlement of Jury List*—The 14th of September.

## ST. CATHERINE

## CIVIL

SPANISH TOWN—The first Thursday in each month.

LINSTEAD—The first Monday in each month except the 2nd of January for which the 9th of January is substituted.

OLD HARBOUR—The first Friday in each month, except the 7th of April for which the 14th of April is substituted.

## CRIMINAL AND PETTY SESSIONS

SPANISH TOWN—Every Tuesday in each month, except the 1st of August and the 26th of December.

LINSTEAD—Every Wednesday in each month, except Ash Wednesday (Feb. 22) and the 24th May.

OLD HARBOUR—The first and third Friday in each month, except in the month of April, when the second and fourth Fridays are substituted.

*Spirit Licensing Sessions by the Licensing Authority*—The 9th of March and 14th of September at Spanish Town..

*Provisional Settlement of Jury List*—The 17th of August at 10 a.m. at Spanish Town.

*Final Settlement of the Jury List*—The 14th of September at 11 a.m. Spanish Town.

## THE MAGISTRACY

(Revised to 31st December, 1949)

## KINGSTON

*Custos—*

Hon. Sir Noel Brooks Livingston (1936)

*Resident Magistrates—*

Herbert Percival Allen.

Cyril George Xavier Henriques

Neville Adolph Clare

L. A. Gayle, (Actg.)

*Justices of the Peace—*

Reginald E. H. Melhado	..	..	8 Olivier Road, Halfway Tree
Ernest B. Nethersole	..	..	off the Island
Samuel Constantine Burke	..	..	Halfway Tree P.O.
Hon. Sir Alfred Horace D'Costa	..	..	Fort Charles, Constant Spring
J. M. O'Connor	..	..	Central Police Station, Kingston
Hon. D. H. Hall, I.S.O.	..	..	Newport
Hon. Owen Karl Henriques	..	..	97 Old Hope Road, Liguanea
Owen Franklin Wright, C.B.E.	..	..	left the Island.
A. E. Delgado	..	..	31 Tucker Avenue, Liguanea
A. M. Tucker	..	..	1 Tucker Avenue Liguanea
Hon. G. Seymour-Seymour, O.B.E.	..	..	19 Seymour Avenue, Halfway Tree
Major H. Simms, O.B.E., M.V.O.	..	..	"Iver", Liguanea
Reginald Honon Fletcher, I.S.O.	..	..	10 Upper South Camp Road, Kingston
Benjamin Alberga	..	..	9 South Camp Road, Kingston

*Justices of the Peace—contd.*

Lindsay Pierrepont Downer, O.B.E.	..	62 Shortwood Road, Constant Spring
Michael deCordova	..	9 Oxford Road, Cross Roads
Sir Gilbert Wainwright O.B.E.	..	58 Shortwood Road, Constant Spring
Arnold L. Malabre	..	9 Waterloo Avenue, Halfway Tree
W. A. Orrett	..	off the Island
Dr. E. E. Penso	..	60 Church Street, Kingston
Reginald E. Seaton	..	1 Skibo Avenue, Halfway Tree
V. L. George	..	113 Old Hope Road, Liguanea
H. L. Harris	..	off the Island
S. V. Higgins	..	22 Tucker Avenue, Liguanea
Dr. L. M. Moody	..	17 Kingsway, Halfway Tree
Edward R. Hanna	..	46 Port Royal Street, Kingston
F. N. Isaacs	..	11a Lady Musgrave Road, Cross Roads
Hon. Sir Robert B. Barker, O.B.E.	..	5 Devon Road, Halfway Tree
John Hodgson	..	off the Island
Leslie R. Mordecai	..	17 Ruthven Road, Halfway Tree
H. A. Wainwright	..	left the Island
E. A. Issa	..	153 Harbour Street, Kingston
P. L. Abraham	..	27 Duke Street, Kingston
Dr. Charles Levy	..	7 Oxford Road, Cross Roads
T. H. Geddes	..	7 South Camp Road, Kingston
J. G. Kieffer	..	15 Hope Road, Halfway Tree
William C. Buie	..	3 Devon Road, Halfway Tree
T. N. Drake	..	off the Island
Cecil B. Facey	..	21 Hopefield Avenue, Halfway Tree
Dr. D. J. Cameron	..	off the Island
Arthur Frederick Thelwell, O.B.E.	..	30 West Avenue, Camperdown, Halfway Tree
A. R. Miller	..	off Island
Hon. P. Martin Cooper, C.M.G., O.B.E.	..	off the Island
D. G. Neish	..	off the Island.
Frank E. Lyons	..	4 Kings House Road, Constant Spring
Lionel DeCordova	..	12 Waterloo Road, Halfway Tree
Charles E. D'Costa	..	Long Lane, Constant Spring
Rudolph T. Thompson	..	5 Retirement Cres., Cross Roads
W. J. Palmer, M.B.E.	..	17 Hope Road, Halfway Tree
Oliver G. Macnair	..	off the Island
Dr. R. H. Davidson	..	1b North Street, Kingston
G. H. Scott	..	57 Red Hills Road, Halfway Tree
Dr. I. C. Solomon	..	30 Hope Road, Halfway Tree
A. L. Evans	..	3 Strathairn Avenue
Claude DeS. Bell	..	7 Central Road, Kencot, Halfway Tree
Charles Don, M.B.E.	..	76 Constant Spring Road, Halfway Tree
Vernon C. Henriques	..	19 Hillcrest Avenue, Halfway Tree
O. L. Samuel	..	Stony Hill
Arthur R. Hendricks	..	106 Hope Road, Liguanea
F. Victor Nunes, M.B.E.	..	6 Beechwood Avenue, Cross Roads
H. D. M. Orrett	..	5½ Waterloo Road, Halfway Tree
C. R. Webster	..	21 Braemar Avenue, Halfway Tree
W. H. Black	..	16 Blake Road, Kingston
Charles Leonard Swaby M.B.E.	..	c/o Colonial Secretary's Office, Kingston
Arthur Dudley Soutar	..	95 East Street, Kingston
J. G. Lindop	..	18 East Avenue, Kingston Gardens
Lawrence Pink	..	Port Antonio
B. L. R. Clarke, Lt. Col. R. A.	..	off the Island
Malcolm H. Savage, Lieut., Cdr., R.N.	..	off the Island
P. Long	..	2a Ballater Avenue, Halfway Tree
A. Campbell, Major R. A.	..	Port Royal
Lady Josephine Maude Agar	..	Ellesmere Road, Halfway Tree
Mrs. Judith deCordova, O.B.E.	..	9 Oxford Road, Halfway Tree
Keith Neville Alexander	..	1a Ostend Avenue, Windward Road

*Justices of the Peace—contd.*

George Rosslyn Orrett .. ..	2b West Ivy Green Crescent, Cross Rds.
Albert Chin Yee .. ..	5 Stanton Terrace, St. Andrew
Mrs. Mary Leonora Morris-Knibb ..	3 Hector Street, Woodford Park
Major Michael Ralph deCordova, M.B.E.	Oxford Road, St. Andrew.
Vincent Constantine McCormack ..	20 West Kings House, Road.
H. F. Barry .. ..	22 Lady Musgrave Road
Capt. G. M. DeVine .. ..	Port Royal
Francis Norman Miles .. ..	Kingston
Clive Alexander Smith .. ..	Kingston
Geoffrey Denis Hill .. ..	Kingston
Edward John Hugo Colchester-Wemyss ..	off the Island
Austin Byers Harper .. ..	Kingston
Noel Alfred Croswell .. ..	Kingston
Michael Leopold Levy .. ..	ditto
John Ebenezer Clare McFarlane, O.B.E. ..	ditto
Enos Louis Jack, M.B.E. .. ..	ditto
Wesley Yorke Feurtado .. ..	ditto
Frederick Cecil Lindo .. ..	c/o J. Wray & Nephew Ltd.
Allan Kenneth Butler .. ..	c/o Co-Operative Fire & General Insurance Company.
Capt. Eliot Archie DePass .. ..	c/o Lascelles de Mercado Ltd.
Walter Alexander Durie .. ..	c/o Jamaica Times Ltd.
Lawrence Keble Davidson .. ..	8 Church St., Kingston
Harry Edwin Vendryes .. ..	56 John's Lane, Kingston
Russell Elliott Lewars .. ..	c/o K.S.A.C., Kingston
Oswald Marshall Steele .. ..	c/o Steele's Bakery, Kingston
Septimus Adolphus Johnson .. ..	62 Windward Road, Kingston
Eric Wordsworth Abrahams .. ..	c/o Cecil B. Facey Ltd.
George Archelyn McQueen .. ..	77a Beeston Street, Kingston
Miss Ethelyn Rhodd .. ..	Central Branch School, Kingston
Mrs. Manning Carley .. ..	c/o Telephone Company Ltd.
Miss Jessie Irwin .. ..	40 Duke Street, Kingston
Harold Albert Herbert Braham .. ..	c/o Dairy Farmers Association Ltd.
Dr. Jia Lal Varma .. ..	42 Duke Street
Dr. Chas. C. Wedderburn .. ..	Kingston
Donald Selwyn Adolphus Fitz-Ritson ..	31 Duke Street, Kingston
Rev. Thomas Edgar Newlin .. ..	150 East Street, Kingston
Harold Haughton .. ..	Education Department.
Henry James Evenett, O.B.E. .. ..	Royal Bank of Canada, Kingston
Nelson Athelston Arthur Robert ..	
Emile de La Vieuville Bertram .. ..	c/o Barclays Bank, Kingston
Abraham Elias Issa .. ..	Harbour Street, Kingston
Gabriel Joshua deCordova .. ..	c/o Cecil deCordova, Ltd., Harbour St., Kingston
Geoffrey St. George Alphonsus Hart ..	c/o Shell Company, Windward Road, Windward Road P.O.
Peter Radcliffe Calvert Chadwick ..	115 Spanish Town Road, Denham Tn. P.O.
Donald Caveril Mais .. ..	c/o Lands Department, Kingston
William Robert Theophilus Lawrence ..	19 Church Street, Kingston
Dudley Emanuel Levy .. ..	c/o Levy Bros., Kingston
Herbert Anglin Jones .. ..	Rollington Town Govt. School, Windward Road P.O.
Thaddeus Ebenezer Spencer .. ..	13 Milford Road, Windward Road P.O.
Rudolph Donald Cohen Henriques ..	c/o Match Factory, Kingston
Hubert Noel Coxo .. ..	Co/ Colonial Dry Cleaning Establishment, Slipe Road, Cross Roads P.O.

## ST. ANDREW

*Custos—*

Hon. George Seymour Seymour, O.B.E.

*Resident Magistrates—*

C. D'Oyen Fitchett	..	..	Halfway Tree
G. E. Waddington	..	..	Halfway Tree

*Justices of the Peace residing in the Parish*

Otto Crowden	..	..	
J. J. M. Mair	..	..	
David Watt	..	..	39 Constant Spring Road
James Henderson	..	..	4 Olivier Road, Constant Spring
A. M. Davis	..	..	Lyndhurst Road
Walter John Palmer, O.B.E.	..	..	17 Hope Road, H.W.T.
George N. Penso	..	..	37 Eastwood Park Road, H.W.T.
Lindsay P. Downer, O.B.E.	..	..	62 Shortwood Road
Rev. Elezer Aretas Edwards	..	..	3 Upper Ivy Road, Cross Roads
Randolph Lopez	..	..	Gordon Town
Dr. John Johnstone Grace	..	..	Gordon Town
Reginald G. Seaton	..	..	1 Skibo Avenue, H.W.T.
Capt. Ronald Coy Swyre Rutty	..	..	Manor House Hotel
Frank Neal Isaacs	..	..	11A Lady Musgrave Road
Walter Mortimer Fraser, I.S.O.	..	..	1 Seymour Avenue
Joseph G. Keiffer	..	..	15 Hope Road
Sir William Morrison	..	..	6 Waterloo Avenue
Robert Donald Garcia	..	..	St. Ann's Bay
J. R. B. Davis	..	..	
P. C. Trench	..	..	Mavis Bank P.O.
Vincent N. Aguilar	..	..	104 Harbour Street
Edwin Charles Joysey	..	..	30 Hopefield Avenue, Lig.
Sir Noel Livingston	..	..	20 Duke Street
Roy S. Martinez, I.S.O.	..	..	3 Hopefield Avenue
William Mc. K. Seivright	..	..	Huntington's Bakery
Cleveland George Wilson	..	..	15 Beechwood Avenue
Ruel N. Vaz	..	..	46 Hanover Street, Kingston
Ernest A. Rae	..	..	2 Hollywood Road
Major Robert George Jones	..	..	J.M.B. Up Park Camp
Geoffrey C. Gunter	..	..	6 East King's House Road
Ernest Wells-Elliott	..	..	1 Gresham Road, Cross Roads
Hubert C. Tai Tenquee	..	..	2 Hannah Street, Rae Town
Alexander Tai Tenquee	..	..	2 Hannah Street, Rae Town
Arthur Panton Hanson	..	..	Stony Hill P.O.
Sidney Chang	..	..	136 Hope Road, Liguanea
Cyril A. Escoffery	..	..	138c Maxfield Avenue
Edgar B. Rodgers	..	..	85, Hagley Park Road
Bryan Howard Smith	..	..	St. Peters P.O.
Francis A. Cory	..	..	Above Rocks P.O.
Mrs. Katie E. Woodward	..	..	Dallas P.O.
Major Oscar Lionel Watson	..	..	"Antrim" Vineyard Town
Rev. Menzies Edward W. Sawyers	..	..	12E Pouyatt Street, Jones Town
Naphtalia Abia Polack	..	..	15 Balmoral Avenue
Glenville Hamilton Owens	..	..	Industrial School
Lewis Mathias Kelly	..	..	3 Crescent Road Kencot

*Justices of the Peace—contd.*

James N. Payne .. .. .	59 Waltham Park Road
Kenneth Clarke .. .. .	"Pine Grove" Gordon Town
Cecil Baboul Maragh .. .. .	11 Lincoln Crescent
C. Hastings Dent .. .. .	
Edward John Downes .. .. .	Hope Gardens
Inspector Austin Byers Martin Harper .. .. .	Kingston
Hon. Robert Lucien Morrison Kirkwood .. .. .	Gordon Town
Rev. Archibald Alexander Allan .. .. .	Lawrence Tavern
Granville M. daCosta .. .. .	"Birdsucker" E. King's House Road
Dudley Aubrey Doran .. .. .	6 East Avenue Camperdown
John James Mills, M.B.E. .. .. .	Mico College, Cross Roads
M. L. McDonald .. .. .	Silver Hill
Allan Neil Outram .. .. .	Halfway Tree
John Allan Williams .. .. .	10 Trafalgar Road
Harold Leopold Naylor .. .. .	Tom's River, Castleton
Dr. Simeon Oliver Glasford Johnson .. .. .	7 East Avenue, Lyndhurst Park
Aubrey Flexis Lewis .. .. .	33½ Hope Road, H.W.T.
Leopold Keldue Smith .. .. .	Stony Hill
Dr. John Joseph Cameron .. .. .	4 Carnarvon Street, Rollington Town
Keble Aubrey Munn .. .. .	Mavis Bank
Andrew Horatio Bastian Aguilar .. .. .	7 Richings Avenue, H.W.T.
Hugh Eric Harewood Coxo .. .. .	175½ Hope Road, Liguanea
Rienzi Angelo Ercildoon Liten Dolphy .. .. .	1 Elgin Road, Cross Roads
Dr. Eric Alexander Don .. .. .	74 Hope Road and 11 Caledonia Avenue
Oscar Reginald Gregory Webster .. .. .	12 Tucker Avenue and 29 Old Hope Road
George H. Scott .. .. .	57 Red Hills Road
Dr. Jia Lal Varma .. .. .	42 Duke Street, Kingston
Sydney Gerald Fletcher .. .. .	27 Hopefield Avenue, Liguanea
John Frederick Parkinson .. .. .	214 Mountain View Avenue, Kingston
Walter Bertram Powell .. .. .	74A Hope Road, H.W.T.
John Murray Harris .. .. .	52 Shortwood Road, Constant Spring
Major Wyndham Patrick deLacy Cuffe .. .. .	Tankerville Avenue, Liguanea
William Alexander James .. .. .	22 Grove Road, Kencot
Reginald Llewellyn Matcham .. .. .	32 Hagley Park Road
David McKenzie Seivright .. .. .	9 Norwood Avenue
Audley Luis Evans .. .. .	78 Hagley Park Road
Winston Percival Taylor Domville .. .. .	Golden Spring, Stony Hill
Alfred George Langdon .. .. .	12 Trevennion Road
Donald Selwyn Adolphus Fitzritson .. .. .	12 Cargill Avenue
Vera Holme Moody .. .. .	17 Kingsway Road, H.W.T.
Lady Josephine Olga Livingston .. .. .	10 King's House Road
Lester Hubert Crooks .. .. .	15 Slipe Road
Mrs. Marion Cowperthwaite Ballysingh .. .. .	3 Robertson Avenue
Rev. Thomas Edgar Newlin .. .. .	Retreat Norbrook Road
Harold Houghton .. .. .	Maryland, Gordon Town
Henry Alex. Evelyn .. .. .	5 Haining Road
David Austen Lisle Chase .. .. .	Halfway Tree

*Justices of the Peace Residing off the Island or in other Parishes*

H. H. Pouyatt .. .. .	Hanover
A. C. Barnes, C.M.G. .. .. .	Westmoreland
T. R. Dixon .. .. .	England
Inspector O'Connor .. .. .	Kingston
Lt. Col. C. S. McLaverty .. .. .	England
J. L. Worledge .. .. .	England
Owen F. Wright, C.B.E. .. .. .	England
Stewart C. Black .. .. .	Canada
Donald Gordon Neish .. .. .	Trinidad
Milton Sydney Goodman .. .. .	England
John Harrington. .. .. .	

## ST. THOMAS

*Custos—*

The Hon. Harold Eric Pengeley .. Port Morant

*Resident Magistrate—*

R. R. Phillips.. .. Morant Bay

*Justices of the Peace—*

Thomas McKenzie Bartlett ..	Trinity Ville
Lt. Col. Leslie Girvan Harrison ..	Mandeville P.O.
Major William Wilfred Rhodes ..	Port Morant
Capt. John Hamilton ..	Bath
Horace Frederick William Munn ..	May Pen
Richard Leslie Hollinsed ..	Bath
Ronald Farquharson Robison ..	Port Morant
Leslie James Burke ..	Llandewey
John Gerard Marchalleck ..	Morant Bay
Rev. Canon Andrew Nathaniel Thomson ..	Kingston
Rudolph Augustus Burke ..	Llandewey
Caleb Edward Randall snr. ..	Morant Bay
Kelvin Sinclair Calder ..	May Pen
Alton Hope Phillips ..	Morant Bay
Rudolph Elder ..	Morant Bay
Albert Henry Robertson ..	Morant Bay
Cecil Alexander DeLisser ..	Halfway Tree
Leonard Hamilton Caryll ..	Spanish Town
Capt. Robert Hamilton-Smith ..	Golden Grove
Henry Emanuel McPherson ..	Morant Bay
David Edgar Moyston ..	Morant Bay
Walter Octavius Isaacs ..	Mandeville
Ernest Alexander James ..	Morant Bay
Robert Tullis Harrison, C.S.I. ..	Mandeville
George Leslie Davis Thomson ..	Ocho Rios P.O.
Dr. Amos Isaac Foster ..	Manchioneal
Derrick Percival Elder ..	Morant Bay
Dr. Amos Isaacs Foster ..	Manchioneal
Eugen Hirsch ..	Mandeville
James Anderson Tannock ..	Kingston
Caleb Edward Randall (Jnr.) ..	Morant Bay
Edward James Whittle ..	Bath
William Alexander Duffus ..	Cross Roads
Dr. Manley McWhinnie Lopez ..	Golden Grove
Edwin Ralph Scott ..	Vineyard Town P.O.
Noel Alfred Croswell ..	Kingston
Harold Joseph Irons ..	Golden Grove
Major Herman Barker-Hahlo ..	Kalorama
Charlton Aston Ross ..	Windsor Castle P.O.
Major Harold Archer Melville ..	Yallahs
Francis Norman Miles ..	Kingston
Conrad Baxter ..	Port Morant
Miss Hannah Ivy Rosalie Mordecai ..	Morant Bay
Mrs. Helen Thelma Bodden-Foote ..	Cedar Valley
Walter Arthur Lawrence ..	Golden Grove
Charles Leslie Beckford ..	Seaforth
Samuel Halliday Reid ..	White Hall
Webster Wellesley Lewis ..	Yallahs
Ivan Aubrey Murray ..	Cedar Valley
Thomas Nathaniel Kean ..	Trinity Ville
Alfred Gordon Langdon ..	Spanish Town
James Ellis Lawrie ..	Golden Grove
Charles Jorathan Bogle ..	Yallahs
John Alfred Clemetson ..	Yallahs



*Justices of the Peace—contd.*

Desmond Victor Noot	..	..	Kingston
Leo Fitzalbert Brown	..	..	Golden Grove
Major Stanley Hawley	..	..	Wilmington
Mrs. Ruby Alma Randall	..	..	Morant Bay
Joshua Uberto Beckett	..	..	Morant Bay
Milton Arthur Urquhart	..	..	Whitehorses
Nathan William Augustus Edman	..	..	Port Morant
Harry Herbert Watson	..	..	Port Morant
Egbert Constantine Cassells	..	..	Morant Bay
Miss Estella Barker Veitch	..	..	Airy Castle
Bernard Clifford Hutson	..	..	Llandewey
George Turner Macdonald	..	..	Golden Grove P.O.

## PORTLAND

*Custos—*

Hon. Frederick Vincent Grosett, (1944)

*Resident Magistrate—*

F. N. Barrow (Actg.)

*Justices of the Peace residing in the Parish*

Colquhoun Alexander Shea Hinshelwood	..	..	Manchioneal
Edward Ernest Gray	..	..	Hope Bay
Fred. M. Jones	..	..	Hector's River
William Trevor Small	..	..	St. Ann
Rev. Walter James Thompson	..	..	Buff Bay
William Harper Watson	..	..	St. Margaret's Bay
Herbert George Seaton Myers	..	..	Hope Bay
Hon. Sir Harold Egbert Allan, O.B.E.	..	..	Kingston
Stanley Leopold Hillary	..	..	Port Antonio
K. A. Paterson	..	..	Priestman's River
Major Barker-Hahlo	..	..	Manchioneal
S. L. D. Geddes	..	..	Port Antonio
Theophilus Alexander Nosworthy	..	..	St. Margaret's Bay
John Henry Stedman	..	..	Buff Bay
Joseph Elkanah Carpenter	..	..	Balcarres
Cecil Hugh Phillips	..	..	Buff Bay
Percy Gale	..	..	Port Antonio
Vivian Corbett	..	..	Port Antonio
Francis R. Henriques	..	..	Buff Bay
Alva Sharpe	..	..	Orange Bay
James Beresford Paterson	..	..	Port Antonio
A. H. Robertson	..	..	St. Margaret's Bay
Ernest J. Ashmeade	..	..	Port Antonio
F. W. Bragg	..	..	St. Margaret's Bay
L. L. Nunes	..	..	Port Antonio
M. J. Mordecai	..	..	Fairy Hill
H. A. L. Munro	..	..	Port Antonio
Dr. E. D. Phillips	..	..	Port Antonio
Felix B. Francis	..	..	Buff Bay
Miss A. L. Prince	..	..	Port Antonio
Mrs. Gladys Jones	..	..	Hector's River
Dr. L. S. Ferguson	..	..	Port Antonio
Chas. Edward Smith	..	..	Fellowship
Frank H. Harrison	..	..	Swift River
Frederick E. Nesbitt	..	..	Balcarres
William A. Benn	..	..	Mount Holstein, Spring Hill
C. A. Smart	..	..	Port Antonio
F. H. Murray	..	..	Port Antonio

*Justices of the Peace—contd.*

D. O. Spence	..	..	Port Antonio
Dr. M. S. Golding	..	..	Buff Bay
M. A. Barrett	..	..	Priestmann's River
Mrs. L. Ranglin Dyer	..	..	Manchioneal
T. O. Osborne	..	..	Hope Bay
James Patrich Beatt	..	..	Port Antonio

*Justices of the Peace who have left the Island or are residing in another Parish*

Albert Edward Hollis	..	..	—
William Hargreaves Butler Cathcart	..	..	Kingston
A. G. Langdon	..	..	Halfway Tree
Samuel Constantine Burke	..	..	Halfway Tree
Edward Eyre Courttnay Hosack	..	..	England
Arnold Theodore Clarke	..	..	Old Harbour
H. T. Litteljohn	..	..	Newport
Henry C. G. Purchas	..	..	Claremont
Leslie Wetherell Hitchins	..	..	Mandeville
John Courtney Knollys	..	..	Mandeville
Hon. Sir William Morrison, Kt.	..	..	Kingston
William Augustus Carpenter	..	..	Kingston
E. V. W. Mellad, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S.	..	..	St. Andrew
Ernest Harold Percy Greaves	..	..	Annotto Bay
Horace Malone Ryan	..	..	Kingston
C. A. Benbow-Miller	..	..	Oracabessa
Charles Lopez Isaacs	..	..	U.S.A.
Clarence Henderson Gray	..	..	Brown's Town
G. C. Maxwell	..	..	Linstead
G. Rupert Arbuthnot Leslie	..	..	England
Dr. L. M. Watson	..	..	St. Andrew
Leonard Whitely	..	..	Kingston
Edward Goodwill Keiffer	..	..	..
Mrs. L. E. R. Lyon Hall	..	..	..
William Herbert Lawrence Pink	..	..	..
Francis Norman Miles	..	..	..
L. P. R. Browning	..	..	..

## SAINT MARY

*Custos—*

Hon. Charles McKenzie Pringle

*Resident Magistrate—*

Astley Esington Nash

*Justices of the Peace residing in the Parish*

Cornelius Wade Ray Tyson	..	..	Retreat
Leicester Lawrence Roper	..	..	Lucky Hill
Clarence Charles Ferdinand McTavish	..	..	Highgate
Goffe	..	..	Highgate
Samuel Magnus Walker O.B.E.	..	..	Highgate
William Reginald Aquart	..	..	Lucky Hill
John Hutton Jefferson	..	..	Carron Hall
Rev. Joseph George Peterkin	..	..	Highgate
Ernest George Robinson	..	..	Retreat
Donald Arthur Fitzmaurice McCormack	..	..	Port Maria
Clifford Lyn Clemetson	..	..	Highgate
Henry George DeLisser	..	..	..

*Justices of the Peace—contd.*

Rev. Edwin James Touzalin ..	..	Highgate
Joseph Roy Johnson ..	..	Islington
Rev. Eric Walworth Hunt ..	..	Castleton
Thomas James Lobban ..	..	Retreat
Hubert Sylvester Schleifer ..	..	Richmond
Carl Jameison Marzink ..	..	Hampstead
Ernest Leopold Sharpe ..	..	Retreat
Sidney Ellis Townend ..	..	Union Hill
Rev. Henry Ward ..	..	Islington
James Hodge Byles ..	..	Richmond
Charles Samuel Boyd ..	..	Gayle
Henry Arthur Wise Osmond ..	..	Port Maria
Leigh Edward Silvera Tingling ..	..	Oracabessa
Herbert James Edwards ..	..	Annotto Bay
Norman L. Marsh ..	..	Retreat
Charles Lancelot Alphonso Stuart ..	..	Pembroke Hall
John Vincent Goffe ..	..	Port Maria
Henry Benjamin Phillpotts ..	..	Port Maria
Chester Arthur Touzalin ..	..	Highgate
Cecil Rhodes Parboosingh ..	..	Highgate
Rev. Robert Allan Campbell ..	..	Carron Hall
Gilbert Alexander Purcell ..	..	Annotto Bay
Farquahar McRae ..	..	Annotto Bay
Kenneth Everton Braham ..	..	Port Maria
Eustace Leopold Silvera ..	..	Pembroke Hall
William Leslie Evelyn ..	..	Gayle
Arthur Benjamin Phillpotts ..	..	Port Maria
Issacher Sigismund Magnus ..	..	Oracabessa
Alfred Ernest Tomlinson Vermont ..	..	Labyrinth
Lester Laselve Simmonds ..	..	Oracabessa
Louis Hope Bicknell ..	..	Highgate
Andrew Vivian Ross ..	..	Richmond
Henry Winston Touzalin ..	..	Highgate
Ronald James Campbell ..	..	Belfield
T. H. Graham ..	..	Hampstead
N. H. Hawthorne ..	..	Border
W. H. Saunders ..	..	Castleton
A. F. Coy ..	..	Bonny Gate
G. T. Farquharson ..	..	Port Maria
Rev. Joscelyn e Alphonso Leo-Rhynie ..	..	Gayle P. O.
Lester MacTavish Goffe ..	..	Free Hill
Vincent McGilchrist McCalla ..	..	Enfield
Mrs. May Jane Walker ..	..	Highgate
Mrs. Lily Mae Burke ..	..	Lucky Hill
Mrs. Mary Florence Dee ..	..	Annotto Bay
Jonathar Harvey Parke ..	..	Richmond
Alexander Maunsell Heywood ..	..	Albany
Alfred Maxwell Chambers ..	..	Richmond
Edgar Gordon Harris ..	..	Richmond
Capt. Lindsay Mandeville-Ellis ..	..	Annotto Bay
William James Tomlinson ..	..	Annotto Bay
Colonel Gilbert George Feasey ..	..	Port Maria
Everard Reginald Hamilton ..	..	Port Maria

*Justices of the Peace who have left the Island or are residing in another Parish*

Graham Hawkins ..	..	England)
John Henry Scarlett ..	..	Riversdale
Frederick Arnold Ritchie, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S.	..	Kingston

*Justices of the Peace—contd.*

Col. Herbert Craven Stuart ..	Ocho Rios
Hubert Joslen, M.D., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. ..	Claremont
Thomas John Field ..	Mandeville
James Hubert Stockhausen ..	Kingston
William Magee ..	Newport
Rev. Walter Eyre Evelyn ..	St. Andrew
Frank Swire Rutty ..	Constant Spring
Henry Joseph Dodd ..	Newport
William Ignatius Escoffery ..	Brown's Town
George O'Toole ..	Kingston
Kenneth McCarthy ..	Kingston
Roy D. Lindo ..	Kingston
John L. Munro ..	Kingston
Rev. Ernest Davis ..	U.S.A.
L. L. Wood-Cahusac ..	Trinidad
A. H. Moss-Solomon ..	Kingston
G. L. D. Thomson ..	St. Ann
L. B. Whittaker ..	England
John Leopold Carpenter ..	Halfway Tree
Rev. Robert Cummings Young ..	Montego Bay
John Leigh Lord ..	Christiana
Stanley Percival DeLisser ..	Lucea
William Victor Beaumont, M.C. ..	Kingston
John Lockett ..	Kingston
C. S. Gideon, M.R.C.S. ..	Kingston
N. G. Silvera ..	Spanish Town
Edward Eyre Courtenay Hossack ..	Scotland
Massay Onge Vincent French-Mullen ..	Haiti
Owen Hugh Keeling ..	London
A. Knox Wight ..	Trinidad

## ST. ANN

*Custos—*

Hon. Surgeon Major A. G. Curphy, M.D., C.M., M.B.E., M.C., E.D.

*Resident Magistrate—*

D. Marchalleck

*Justices of the Peace—*

Henry Queensborough Levy ..	Brown's Town
Kenneth Laurence Roxburgh ..	Epworth
Captain Peter Blagrove, M.C. ..	Discovery Bay
Gilbert Anderson Cocks ..	Brown's Town
Arthur Shamrock Byles ..	Brown's Town
Charles N. Hemming ..	Moneague
Thomas Eastaway Dennison ..	Runaway Bay
John Leslie Mais ..	"Look Ahead" Chalky Hill
Edwin William Helwig ..	Brown's Town
Geraint Jude Casserley ..	At. Ann's Bay
Claude Henry Scott ..	St. Ann's Bay
Charles Sylvester Cotter ..	Lime Hall
Gerald McCaulay ..	Kingston
Adriel Bunting Geddes ..	Ocho Rios
Hubert Joslen, M.D., Durh. M.R.C.S. Eng. ..	Claremont
L.R.C.P., Lon.	

*Justices of the Peace—contd.*

Lt. Col. Edward Francis Moulton-Barrett,	Moneague
O.B.E., M.C.	
John Stanley Lyon ..	St. Ann's Bay
Volney James Rennie ..	Hopewell, Walkerswood
Gordon Douglas Phillips ..	James Hill
Arthur Augustus Lindo ..	Cave Valley
Charles Frederick Leopold Matheson ..	Discovery Bay
Claude Reginald Moss ..	Brown's Town
William Ignatius Escoffery, M.B., Ch.B.	Brown's Town
Vernon George Tivy ..	Pedro
Herbert Keith Stanley Coxo ..	Claremont
Rev. Ivan Cyprian Parsons ..	Stewart Town
William Edmund Percival Stephenson ..	St. Ann's Bay
George Louis Duncan Byles ..	St. Ann's Bay
Anthony Alexander Rerrie ..	Kingston
Alexander Archer Edgar ..	Watt Town
Charles E. Snapo ..	Soho, Moneague
Howard Vincent Hopwood ..	Bamboo
Charles Gordon Farquharson Robertson ..	Claremont
Eric Ajasper Hemming ..	Moneague
Henry Percival Stephenson ..	St. Ann's Bay
John J. Harker ..	Moneague
Frank Wilberforce Hunter ..	St. Ann's Bay
Allan Owen Stavert Keeling ..	Walkerswood
Wintford Alexander Logan ..	Brown's Town
Leslie Hamilton Ambrose Barrett ..	Brown's Town
David Hamilton Brown ..	Claremont
George Michel Brown ..	Riverhead, Moneague
Herriek Russell Dear ..	St. Ann's Bay
George Michael Donaldson ..	St. Ann's Bay
Clifford Lawrence ..	Keith
Leland Joseph Robert Walker ..	St. Ann's Bay
Marjorie Talbot Lyon ..	St. Ann's Bay
Hannah Zitella Little ..	Ocho Rios
Gladys May Anderson Cocks ..	Brown's Town
Ernest C. Allen ..	Blackstonedged
Iris Blanche Simpson ..	Claremont
Nehemiah Alexander Wainwright ..	Calderwood
Ridley Edward Baird ..	Ocho Rios
John Joseph Lee ..	Watt Town
John Haughton Wynter ..	Alexandria
Hepburn Joseph Codner ..	Gibraltar
Clarence Arthur Parsons ..	St. Ann's Bay
Franklyn Jameison Henderson ..	St. Ann's Bay
Michael Sidney Whorms ..	Borobridge
Minna Isabel McKenzie Simson ..	Bromley, Walkerswood
Colin Campbell Calder ..	Cranbrook, Laughlands
Henry Benjamin Monteith ..	Brown's Town
Hugh Stennett Barber ..	Brown's Town
Agatha Louise Codner ..	Cave Valley
Lt. Col. Robin Stuart ..	Ocho Rios
Col. Lionel Shirley Coke ..	Bamboo
Noel Osmond Lawrence ..	Claremont
Rev. Edgar B. Baker ..	Kellits
David Austin Lisle Chase ..	St. Andrew
William Hengist Bramwell ..	Alexandria
Quinton Oscar Lindo ..	Laughlands
Stephen Alfred Tapper ..	Alexandria
Lawrence P. R. Browning ..	Highgate
Leicester Lawrence Roper ..	Lucky Hill
Charles Louis Helwig ..	Alexandria
Lewis Andrew Hodgkinson Lack, ..	St. Ann's Bay
Major Arthur Carlisle Paton ..	Sussex, Lime Hall

## TRELAWNY

*Custos Rotulorum—*

Hon. Alister S. Gray

*Resident Magistrate—*

Mr. R. H. Small

*Justices of the Peace resident in the Parish*

Donat Alfred Delgado	..	..	Falmouth
Herbert Russell Milliner	..	..	Falmouth
George Gordon Campbell Dewar	..	..	Duncans
Herbert Edward Capstick	..	..	Stewart Town
Joseph Phillip Stockhausen	..	..	Duncans
Arnold Ethelbert Muschett	..	..	Duncans
Sylvester Nathan Brissett	..	..	Warsop
Capt. Arthur McArthur, M.C.	..	..	Albert Town
Robert Edward Gentles	..	..	Coleyville
Ralstoun Caldwell Grant	..	..	Hampden
Alfred Charles Gregg	..	..	Falmouth
James Howie Aitken	..	..	Clark's Town
John Campbell Cadien	..	..	Falmouth
Brig. Gen. Horace S. Sewell, C.M.G., D.S.O.	..	..	Duncans
William Forbes Donald Hill	..	..	Sherwood Content
Leonard Alexander Hopwood	..	..	Rio Bueno
Frances Lawrence Roxburgh	..	..	Bunkers Hill
Rev. Samuel Dudley Sanguinetti	..	..	Albert Town
Rev. Hugh Alexander Mullings	..	..	Lorrimers
Harry William Gentles	..	..	Lorrimers
Robert Samuel McLachlan Cooke	..	..	Falmouth
Rodney Dey Smedmore	..	..	Duncans
Harry Lisle Arnett	..	..	Falmouth
Guy Harold Bartlett Milliner	..	..	Falmouth
Rev. Joseph Samuel Rowe	..	..	Stewart Town
Thomas Russell Milliner	..	..	Falmouth
Cecil Alexander Neita	..	..	Ulster Spring
Ellison Harvey Wakeland	..	..	Wakefield
Dr. Victor Simeon Magnus	..	..	Falmouth
Dennis George Scholefield	..	..	Duncans
Daniel Leopold O'Gilvie	..	..	Bunkers Hill
George Cox	..	..	Falmouth
Louis Norris Grant	..	..	Clark's Town
Rev. Trevor Evans Hughes	..	..	Jackson Town
Angus Whitty	..	..	Falmouth
Miss May Thornton Jeffrey Smith	..	..	Stewart Town
Adrian Arthur Thelwell	..	..	Stewart Town
Rev. Joseph Augustus Edwards	..	..	Ulster Spring
Sylvester Alexander Powell	..	..	Albert Town
Hugh Milton Dykes	..	..	Wait-a-Bit
Luther Augustus Parker	..	..	Troy P.O.
Richmond William Noble	..	..	Clarks Town
Alister David Gray	..	..	Falmouth
Robert Frederick Huggins	..	..	Duncans
Lester Danvill Neilmeyer	..	..	Falmouth
Henry Herbert Dalton Walcott	..	..	Hampden
Gerald Monstan Sylvester	..	..	Ulster Spring
Milton Russell Rodriques	..	..	Falmouth
Winston Valentine Parnell	..	..	Duncans
Walter Evelyn Parkin	..	..	Troy
Rev. Ivan C. Parsons	..	..	Stewart Town
Miss Kathleen Mary Latrobe	..	..	Ulster Spring
Mrs. Mary Edith Keeling	..	..	Duncans
William Ulric Guy Seymour Ewen	..	..	Falmouth

*Justices of the Peace—contd.*

Herbert Emanuel Wright	..	..	Albert Town
Cyril Egbert Tomlinson	..	..	Freeman's Hall
Mrs. Charlotte Matilda Kelly-Lawson	..	..	Hampden
Bernard Edleston Cooke,	..	..	Falmouth
Charles Stewart Panton	..	..	Falmouth
Mortimer deCordova Russell	..	..	Gales Valley, Wakefield
Mrs. Frances Isabelle Nathan-Brissett	..	..	Warsop P.O.
Victor Wallenstiens Hastings	..	..	Falmouth
Monroe Gentles	..	..	Falmouth

*Justices of the Peace not resident in the Parish;*

Robert Stewart Grant	..	..	Bluefield
Vivian Constantine Robotham	..	..	Old Harbour
Lawrence Peter Browning	..	..	Chapelton
Dr. Noel Norman Holmes	..	..	Lucea
Reginald Letouyel Patterson	..	..	Green Island
Herbert Townley Steel	..	..	Mandeville
Henry Joscelyn Dodd	..	..	Mandeville
Charles Gordon Farquharson Robertson	..	..	Lydford
Richard Fraser Gregg	..	..	Christiana
Radley Mott-Trille	..	..	New Port
William McGhie	..	..	do.
Walter Wolliscroft	..	..	Mandeville
Robert Reginald Aitken	..	..	Kingston
Rev. David Parnter	..	..	Retreat
William Victor Beaumont	..	..	Halfway Tree
Harold Melville	..	..	Kingston
Clive Alexander Smith	..	..	Kingston
Donald Gillon Ross	..	..	Kingston
Neville Preston Cotter	..	..	Kingston
Dr. Alfred Augustus Peat	..	..	Kingston
Sir Archibald Young Gipps Campbell,	..	..	At present in England
K.C.I.E., C.S.I., C.B.E., V.D.	..	..	Spanish Town
Frank DePass	..	..	Halfway Tree
Rupert Henry Lindo	..	..	Laughlands
Alva Milliner	..	..	Mandeville
John Peskett	..	..	Mandeville

## ST. JAMES

*Custos—*

Hon. Francis Moncreiff Kerr-Jarrett

*Resident Magistrate—*

Samuel Turnbull Burgoyne Sanguinetti

*Justices of the Peace residing in the Parish*

Harry John Harcourt Parkin	..	..	Anchovy
Fyffe Roxburgh	..	..	Montego Bay
Walter Fletcher	..	..	Montego Bay
Lionel James Goodrich Hawthorn	..	..	Montego Bay
Noel Sanford	..	..	Lambs River
Arthur Benjamin Lowe	..	..	Adelphi
Ralstoun Grant	..	..	Hampden
William James Douglas Shore	..	..	Somerton
Rev. Isaiah Augustus Dell	..	..	Little River
Reginald Charles Clegg	..	..	Montego Bay
Clifford Cardiff Delroy DeLisser	..	..	Montego Bay
Allan Keith Hart	..	..	Montego Bay
Theophilus Augustus Reid	..	..	Lottery
Hugh Mayberry Croskery	..	..	Cambridge
John Kenneth Leveson Ross, O.B.E.	..	..	Montego Bay
Altamont DeCordova	..	..	Montego Bay

*Justices of the Peace—contd.*

Frederick Dunbar Mills	..	..	Montego Bay
Rev. David Aaron Morgan	..	..	Welcome Hall
Rev. Alf. Miller	..	..	Adelphi
Edmund George Hylton	..	..	St. Leonards
Samuel Spratt	..	..	Catadupa
Stanley Scudamore	..	..	Montego Bay
Austin Cremer Crichton	..	..	Montego Bay
Edwards Lewis Walker	..	..	Sweetwater, Catadupa
Cyril Mortimer Excell	..	..	Lottery
Lawrence Hylton Pilliner	..	..	Blue Hole, Montego Bay
Charles Emanuel Agate	..	..	Montego Bay
Oscar Lindo DeLisser	..	..	Montego Bay
Harry Francis Bancroft	..	..	Montego Bay
Leslie Bernard Fletcher	..	..	Montego Bay
Frank Eric Vermont Grahame	..	..	Montego Bay
Capt. John Thompson Evans	..	..	Montego Bay
Mrs. Charlotte Matilda Kelly-Lawson	..	..	Hampden
Mrs. Etta Vidal Hawthorn	..	..	Montego Bay
Mrs. Lilian Emily Lowe	..	..	Adelphi
Aubrey Fitz Henry Charlton	..	..	Montego Bay
John Allan Scott	..	..	Little River
Stanley Albert Scott	..	..	Vaughansfield, Point
Joseph Murphy	..	..	Montego Bay
Robert Clinton DePass	..	..	Montpelier
Dr. Herbert Leopold Morrison	..	..	Montego Bay
Percival Eugene H. Browne	..	..	Montego Bay
Dennis Hylton Lynch	..	..	Montego Bay
Rupert Leicester L. Ewen	..	..	Montego Bay
Robert Cecil McFarlane	..	..	Adelphi
George Michael Donaldson	..	..	Ironshore, Montego Bay
Henry George Scudamore	..	..	Montego Bay
Harold Herbert Vidal Hawthorn	..	..	Lottery
David Leopold Baugh	..	..	Cambridge
Andrew Reynoldson Clarke	..	..	Anchovy
Louis Joseph Whittingham	..	..	Catadupa
Henry Fremlin Bicknell	..	..	Montego Bay
Dr. Henry Harold Brown	..	..	Montego Bay

*Justices of the Peace who have left the Island or are residing in another parish*

Bernard O'Toole	..	..	Kingston
W. L. Kingdon	..	..	Toronto, Canada
A. Stewart Grant	..	..	Bluefield
George O'Toole	..	..	Duncans
W. Lawrence	..	..	Annotto Bay
F. A. Cory	..	..	Above Rocks
J. Harvey Clark	..	..	Belize
F. L. DePass	..	..	—
A. E. Wright	..	..	Annotto Bay
O. A. Ball	..	..	—
W. R. Bayley	..	..	Kingston
W. A. Duffus	..	..	Kingston
Mrs. E. L. Hart	..	..	St. Ann's Bay
Noel Alfred Crosswell	..	..	Kingston
G. A. Wolferston	..	..	St. Thomas



## HANOVER

*Custos—*

Webster, Hon. Gustavus William, M.B.E.

*Resident Magistrate—*

McLaughlin, Raynor Hamblin

*Justices of the Peace residing in the Parish*

Clodd, Arthur	..	..	Green Island
Rigg, William Holland	..	..	Sandy Bay
Messam, Rev. Henry Uriah	..	..	Dias
Hodgson, Denys Kirkham	..	..	Chester Castle
Hudson-Heaven, Col. Leonard Gyde, O.B.E.			Ramble
Browne, Horace William Thorborn	..	..	Sandy Bay
Reckord, Octavius Lambert	..	..	Lucea
DeLisser, William Hornsby	..	..	Sandy Bay
Grossett, Alfred Hugh Hilgrove	..	..	Chester Castle
Johnston, Bertram Kirkpatrick	..	..	Hopewell
Hogg, Allan Scott	..	..	Lucea
Webster, David Alexander	..	..	Jericho
Marr, Allan Alford	..	..	Green Island
Blair, Altamont George	..	..	Green Island
Malcolm, Joseph Zachariah	..	..	Ramble
Miller, Percival Allwood	..	..	Lucea
Junor, Edward Vincent	..	..	Green Island
Davis, Mrs. Elsie Louise	..	..	Lucea
Aird, Miss Katie May Westbourne	..	..	Green Island
Hastings, Cecil Charles	..	..	Great Valley
Samuels, Henry Alton	..	..	Cascade
Whitelocke, Ernest Bulstrode	..	..	March Town
Wright, Reginald Earle	..	..	Chester Castle
Charley Harold Jose	..	..	Haddington
Donaldson, Oscar Charles Augustus	..	..	Hopewell
Dickson, William Malcolm	..	..	Lucea
Palmer, Ernest Victor	..	..	Lances Bay
Jolly, Mrs. Ina Euphemia	..	..	Industry Cove, Green Island

*No longer resident in the Parish*

Farquharson, Frederick Herbert Rowe			
Hudson, John William Norwood			
Hood-Daniel, Herbert			
Beresford, Ernest Philip			
Davis, Alexander Montague			
Rerrie, William Edward			
Wright, Owen Franklin	..	..	left the Island
Arbuthnot-Leslie, George Rupert	..	..	do do
Scott, Mathew John			
O'Toole, George			
Thomson-Evans, John			
Baillie, Frederick William Watson			
Lumsden, Rev. Benjamin Colin			
Miles, Francis Norman			
Roxburgh, Harold Adam			
Sherlock, Robert George			
Edwards, John Maurice			
Fenwick, Norman Percival			
O'Donoghue, Laurence			
Parkin, Walter Evelyn			
Berry, Rev. Clement Sydney			
Gordon Rev. Robert Carlisle			

## WESTMORELAND

*Custos*

Hon. Theodore Rowland Williams, Montpelier

*Resident Magistrate—*

D. H. Semper, Savanna-la-Mar

*Justices of the Peace*

Percy Hylton Cooke	..	..	Bethel Town
Bertram Arnold Kirkham	..	..	Savanna-la-Mar
Richard Farewell Williams	..	..	Darliston
Dr. Noel Sanford	..	..	Lambs River
Walter Cyril Morris	..	..	Georges' Plain
Thomas Bird Goodin	..	..	Savanna-la-Mar
Fred Harold Rowe Farquharson	..	..	Little London
Patrick Thomas Meany	..	..	Grange Hill
Raymond Griffiths Kirkham	..	..	Whitehouse
Rowland Winston Bulstrode Whitelocke	..	..	Bluefields
Harold Capel Cahusac	..	..	Frome
Albert Nathaniel Hylton	..	..	Savanna-la-Mar
Eric Hugh Clarke	..	..	Savanna-la-Mar
Captain Richard George Charles Harvey	..	..	Darliston
Eddleston Spence Harvey	..	..	Negril
Patrick Joseph Whitty	..	..	Frome
Edgar Allan Tavares	..	..	Savanna-la-Mar
Ernest Segre Lewis	..	..	Savanna-la-Mar
Oswald Foote	..	..	Savanna-la-Mar
Maurice Hugh Segre	..	..	Savanna-la-Mar
Joshua Richard Turner	..	..	Darliston
Arthur Chapman Barnes, C.M.G.	..	..	Mandeville
Eric Hopwood	..	..	Morant Bay
Major Henry Charles Toogood	..	..	Georges Plain
James Robert Emanuel Hall	..	..	Little London
Edward Rupert Peart	..	..	Ramble
Rev. Walter Malton O'Meally	..	..	Darliston
Solomon Monsour Hamaty	..	..	Savanna-la-Mar
Charles Archibald Thompson	..	..	Savanna-la-Mar
James Newton Fletcher	..	..	Beeston Spring
Charles Emanuel Thompson	..	..	Glen Islay
William Arthur Sutton Hale	..	..	Little London
Cyril Alexander Leslie Forrest	..	..	Savanna-la-Mar
Seymour Hutchinson Yates	..	..	Darliston
William Perrin Campbell	..	..	Bluefields
Thomas William Samuel Jones	..	..	Cornwall Mountain
Sydney Arnold Aguilar	..	..	Whitehouse
Charles Adolphus Sangster	..	..	Petersfield
Daniel Elias Thompson	..	..	Darliston
Cecil Charles Murray	..	..	Grange Hill
Charles Lester Stevens	..	..	Lambs River
Uriah Leopold Brown	..	..	Lambs River
Lionel Edward Segre	..	..	Sheffield
Dr. Ansell Ross Constantine Hayden	..	..	Grange Hill
George Josephus Johnson	..	..	Cornwall Mountain
Lawrence George Baldie	..	..	Bethel Town
Coalsingh, Rev. Ed. John	..	..	Grange Hill
Alfred Albert McDonald	..	..	Darliston
Alexander Winston Aguilar	..	..	Savanna-la-Mar
Alberton Reeves Sloly	..	..	Savanna-la-Mar
Eric Lister Delvaile	..	..	Savanna-la-Mar
James Nunes Vaz	..	..	Savanna-la-Mar
Daniel Findlayter Bowen	..	..	Porter's Mountain

*Justices of the Peace—contd.*

Lister Prince Fenton ..	..	Glen Islay
Keith McIntosh Waldron ..	..	Petersfield
Matthew Uriah Henry ..	..	Frome
William Hubert Lawrence Pink ..	..	Senior Police Officer, Savanna-la-mar
Wilmette Evelyn Dunn ..	..	Petersfield
Walter Comrie ..	..	Petersfield
James Nathaniel Fitzarthur Williams ..	..	Savanna-la-Mar
Theseus Hotspur Buchanan ..	..	Little London
Ian Hilton Cooke ..	..	Bethel Town

## ST. ELIZABETH

*Custos—*

Hon. J. T. Calder, Peru, Braes River P.O.

*Resident Magistrate—*

I. D. Eccleston

Malvern P.O.

*Justices of the Peace*

H. W. Griffith ..	..	Black River
W. N. C. Farquharson ..	..	Malvern
Rev. S. C. Ashton ..	..	Malvern
W. G. Hendriks ..	..	Black River
Dr. Curtis D. Johnston ..	..	Black River
Duncan Robertson Clacken ..	..	Malvern
John Connacher ..	..	Black River
Major George Livesy Knowles ..	..	Malvern
W. H. Redpath ..	..	St. Paul's P.O.
J. C. Earle ..	..	Black River
H. E. C. Farquharson ..	..	Lacovia
L. Densham ..	..	Santa Cruz
Rev. S. E. Morrison ..	..	Middle Quarters
G. A. Ford ..	..	New Market
G. G. Cooke ..	..	Santa Cruz
Henry A. Grant ..	..	Appleton, Siloah P.O.
G. L. C. Smith ..	..	Malvern P.O.
G. L. B. Wiehen ..	..	Munro College
J. A. Parnell ..	..	Balaclava
Dr. G. N. Overton ..	..	Malvern
R. N. Haliburton-Gilpin ..	..	Treasure Breach
E. W. Wakeland ..	..	New Market
Rev. B. C. Lumsden ..	..	Alligator Pond
A. E. Taylor ..	..	Maggotty
Lionel Aug. Taylor ..	..	Aberdeen
John Isaac Groves ..	..	Ipswich
A. P. Williams ..	..	Malvern P.O.
H. G. Mair ..	..	Springfield P.O.
C. A. Harriott ..	..	Junction P.O.
M. S. S. Hendriks ..	..	Black River P.O.
Mrs. Iris Sangster ..	..	Giddy Hall P.O.
N. B. Davidson ..	..	Middle Quarters P.O.
R. C. James ..	..	Santa Cruz P.O.
C. H. Reid ..	..	Southfield P.O.
Mrs. J. G. Johnston ..	..	Black River P.O.
E. A. Turner ..	..	Balaclava P.O.
R. K. Tomlinson ..	..	Lacovia P.O.
E. G. Taylor ..	..	Black River P.O.
L. P. McFarlane ..	..	Black River P.O.
E. P. Warneford ..	..	Black River P.O.

*Justices of the Peace—contd.*

G. W. Lyn .. ..	Black River P.O.
H. H. Hamilton .. ..	Malvern P.O.
B. B. Ward .. ..	Munro College P.O.
G. L. Robinson .. ..	Siloah
P. F. Hutchinson .. ..	Rose Hall
H. Hood-Daniel .. ..	Malvern
W. D. G. Hendriks .. ..	Black River
Rev. C. A. Wilson .. ..	Mountainside
C. U. Pennycooke .. ..	Black River

*Justices of the Peace who have left the Island or are residing in another parish*

Rev. William T. Graham .. ..	Kingston
C. P. Jackson .. ..	Mandeville
Rev. Alfred Miller .. ..	ditto
E. J. Wilson .. ..	Clarendon Park
C. M. Arscott .. ..	Kingston
P. O. Hutchinson .. ..	Mandeville
Frederick Lindo DePass .. ..	off the Island
J. Binns .. ..	Kingston
Rev. James Carnegie .. ..	ditto
Rev. E. Whaites .. ..	ditto
Capt. Vyner .. ..	England
A. M. Lewis .. ..	Mandeville
W. V. Beaumont .. ..	Kingston
C. R. Binns .. ..	Albert Town
W. G. Griffith .. ..	Kingston
Lt.-Col. A. R. Moxsy, M.B.E., M.C. .. ..	Kingston
Rev. H. D. Dickin .. ..	England
Rev. R. C. Gordon .. ..	Askenish
Rev. Walter L. Lewis .. ..	England
P. E. Browne .. ..	Montego Bay
A. B. Harper .. ..	Kingston
L. O'Donoghue .. ..	Kingston
C. H. A. Iver .. ..	Mandeville
A. G. Robison .. ..	Mandeville
J. M. Edwards .. ..	Mandeville
C. A. Mahon .. ..	Kingston
Rev. Hugh McTear .. ..	Montego Bay
F. N. Miles .. ..	Mandeville

**MANCHESTER***Custos—*

Hon. Robert Gordon Williams .. ..	Mandeville
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*Resident Magistrate—*

His Honour Ansell Oscar Thomson .. ..	Mandeville
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*Justices of the Peace resident in the parish—*

Herbert Hugh Heron .. ..	Cross Keys
Aubrey Montague Lewis .. ..	Mandeville
Clarence Edgar Levy .. ..	Mandeville
James Alexander Ogilvie .. ..	Mile Gully
David Daniel Phillips .. ..	Williamsfield
Dr. Radley Mott-Trille .. ..	Newport
William Graham McCausland .. ..	Mandeville
James Stephen Miller .. ..	Christiana

*Justices of the Peace—contd.*

Robert Emanuel Gentles ..	Coleyville
Easton George Powell ..	Mandeville
Rev. Canon Percy Chaperlin ..	Mandeville
Dr. Alexander Givens McKenley ..	Christiana
Joseph Holmes Lee Dodd ..	Newport
George Dennison Fulford ..	Spur Tree
Cyril Cerf Lewis ..	Mandeville
Arran Norman Nash ..	Shooters Hill
George Arnold Wilson ..	Pratville
Gilbert Sewell ..	Mandeville
Dr. Charles Edward Pengelley ..	Mandeville
Sydenham James Howe ..	Mandeville
Charles Percy Jackson ..	Mandeville
William Magee ..	Newport
Tewfik Salem Josephs ..	Porus
Caleb Vivian Helwig ..	Devon
Noel Wilfrid Hughes ..	Mandeville
William Lord Coke Kerr ..	Mandeville
Henry Howard Kohler ..	Ellen Street
Charles Duhaney Neilson, I.S.O. ..	Walderston
Samuel Mordecai Hart ..	Mile Gully
Guy Winchester Harris ..	Mandeville
Stanley Edwin Brooks ..	Mandeville
James Emanuel Fractus ..	Harry Watch
Robert Edgar Gentles ..	Coleyville
John Leigh Lord ..	Christiana
Francis Norman Miles ..	Mandeville
Hugh William Miller ..	Christiana
David Phillip Steers ..	Christiana
Arthur John Anderson ..	Porus
Dr. Osmond Chester Linton Pitter ..	Newport
William George Hogg Wilson ..	Mandeville
Angus Noel Kennedy ..	Mandeville
Paley St. Ledger Bacquie ..	Mandeville
Walter Marcus Beresford, M.C. ..	Mandeville
William Eric Fulford ..	Spur Tree
Edward Norman Maxwell ..	Knockpatrick
Charles Hugh Fraser ..	Christiana
Arthur Walter Sutton ..	Mandeville
Wendell Winston Benjamin ..	Ellen Street
Harold Arthur Waite ..	Christiana
Duncan Hamilton Hall, I.S.O. ..	Williamsfield
Edward Emanuel Robertson ..	Devon
Charles Henry Shilletto ..	Christiana
Rev. Stanley Reynolds Pantton ..	Maidstone
Mrs. Mary Louisa Wynne ..	Mandeville
Mrs. Daisy Vivienne Godfrey ..	Mandeville
Miss Lillian Adina Nicolson ..	Pratville
James Theodore Glanville Grant ..	Mandeville
Gwilym Arthur Jones, C.M.G. ..	Mandeville
Walter Nias Cunningham ..	Williamsfield
Basil Densham ..	Mandeville
Thomas Solomon Lumsden ..	Alligator Pond
Herbert Trevor Littlejohn ..	Newport
Errol Ashton Swaby ..	Mandeville
Rufus Alexander Shand ..	Hatfield
Percival Waterhouse Murray ..	Spaldings
Benjamin Henry Smith ..	Walderston
James George Lindop ..	Mandeville
Assad Lazarus ..	Maidstone
Egbert Ediado Small ..	Williamsfield

*Not resident in Manchester—*

Rev. Stanley Jamieson Swaby	..	Salem, Beeston Spring
Allan S. Phillips	..	St. Andrew
Leslie Cerf Hendriks	..	Old Harbour
Vincent Cochrane Logan	..	Toll Gate
Rev. Crosbie Montriville Watler	..	Kingston
Lawrence Anglin DeSouza Powell	..	Kingston
William Henry Redpath	..	Balaclava
Robert Fraser Gregg	..	Kingston
Alfred Gordon Langdon	..	Halfway Tree
Henry Alexander Evelyn	..	St. Andrew
Walter Sterling Comrie	..	Petersfield

## CLARENDON

*Custos—*

Hon. Alfred Maxwell Pawsey	..	May Pen
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*Resident Magistrate—*

H. G. H. Duffus	..	Chapelton
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*Justices of the Peace residing in the Parish—*

Alfred Harvey Davis	..	Chapelton
Thomas McWhinnie	..	Race Course
Wentworth Hyde Macaulay	..	Spaldings
Percy Junor	..	Spaldings
Hubert George Dunkley	..	Mocho
Rev. Reginald Enos Phillips	..	Colonel's Ridge
Rev. Reuben Alexander Llewellyn	..	Frankfield
Dr. Alexander Givans McKenley	..	May Pen
John Charles Fowles	..	Race Course
Ewart Wylie Monaghan	..	May Pen
Kelvin Sinclair Calder	..	May Pen
Robert deRoux	..	May Pen
Maitland George Boothe	..	Blackwoods, Thompson Town
Rev. Herbert Gunning-Boothe	..	Croft's Hill
Clifford Charles Plunkett Michelin	..	Alley
Rev. Moses Lindsay Willis	..	Mocho
Rowland Thomas	..	Chapelton
Howard Robert Sharp	..	May Pen
Thomas Abrahams	..	Chapelton
Rupert Oliver Terrier	..	May Pen
Ernst Wilson	..	Toll Gate
Clarence Ian McWinnie	..	Race Course
Dewsaran Tewari	..	Race Course
Charles Edmond Scott	..	Chapelton
Samuel Alexander Livingston West	..	Aeon Town
Mrs. Emma M. Sharp	..	Trout Hall
Mrs. Lena Marion Harvey	..	Chapelton
Alexander Rupert Eastwood Scott	..	Crooked River
Sydney Aubrey Balfour	..	Alston
Rev. Adolphus Augustus Rochester	..	Kellitts
Alfred Stuart Michelin	..	May Pen
Gifford Fitzgerald Lawson	..	Four Paths
Herbert Franklin Sanguinetti	..	Alley
Charles Henry Shilletto	..	Spaldings
Frank Callaghan Elliott	..	Race Course
Henry Robert Demetrius	..	Salt River
Rowland Aubrey F. McPherson	..	Rock River

*Justices of the Peace—contd.*

Charles Sydney Helwig ..	.. Kellitts
William Adolphus Wright ..	.. Baillieston, Alston
Paul Edginton Bovell ..	.. Alley
John Innes Mason ..	.. Sandy Gully
Hubert Augustus Edwards ..	.. Frankfield
Rev. Daniel Emanuel Allen ..	.. Thompson Town
Nehemiah Alexander Campbell ..	.. Spaldings
Nathaniel Pendlebury McKay ..	.. James Hill
Eric Arnold Rose ..	.. Spaldings
Michael Sydney Whorms ..	.. Borobridge
Ralph Wesley Newman ..	.. Grantham, Frankfield
Cecil Adolphus Whittingham ..	.. Ashley, Chapelton
Allan Alexander Robinson ..	.. Woodhall, Chapelton
Addison Geoffrey Lankester ..	.. Cross, May Pen
Richard James Mahoney Lewin ..	.. Hayes

*List of Justices of the Peace not residing in the Parish*

Dr. Herbert Joslen  
 Harry Queensborough Levey  
 John Henry Brooks Mais  
 Dr. Henry Thompson Strudwick  
 John Stephen Miller  
 Gerald Sutherland Lewis  
 Arthur Maxwell Douet  
 Horace Braine Walcott  
 Samuel Arthur Lord  
 Edward Norman Maxwell  
 Ivanhoe Leopold Dowden  
 Allan Phillips  
 Charles Spencer Farquharson  
 Dr. Arthur Alexander Anderson  
 Dr. Joshua Alexander Watson  
 Hon. Greenwich Griffiths Roberts Sharp, O.B.E.  
 William McGee  
 Lt. Col. Arthur Moxsy  
 Dr. Leicester Bancroft Lyon  
 George James Goble  
 Rev. Othniel Theodore Johnson  
 Dr. Ernest Gustavus Douglas  
 Clive Alexander Smith  
 James Reginald Bruford Elliott  
 Dr. Emmanuel Vivian Wesley Mellad  
 Rev. Trevor Evans Hughes  
 William George Dandie  
 John Calder Earle  
 Allan McCullum McIntosh  
 George Michael Donaldson  
 Francis Graham Pawsey  
 John Lindsay Monro  
 Nelson Bruce Davidson  
 Lawrence Peter Browning  
 Francis Norman Miles  
 Lawrence O'Donoghue

## ST. CATHERINE

*Custos—*

Hon. Capt. Henry Scott McGrath, (1936) Charlemont, Ewarton

*Resident Magistrate—*

A. C. V. Graham

*Justices of the Peace residing in the Parish in order of Seniority—*

George Neville Turner ..	Harkers Hall
Nicholas Charles Gruber Gyles ..	Linstead
Charles Gilpin Hudson ..	Guanaboa Vale
John Herman McPhail ..	Bog Walk
Dr. Homer Hansard Blair ..	Spanish Town
Henry A. Fowler ..	Riversdale
Eustace Augustus McNeill ..	Troja
Stanley Vaz ..	Old Harbour
Eccleston Alonso Roberts ..	Old Harbour
Leonard Wallace Thomas ..	Watermount
McLeod Neville Staight ..	Spanish Town
Arthur Stafford Nunes ..	Spanish Town
Arthur Tullis Clarke ..	Lluidas Vale
Clement Keil Clarke ..	Lluidas Vale
Clyde Everard Verley ..	Bushy Park
Eric Murcott Lord ..	Old Harbour
Charles Melville Hunt ..	Spanish Town
John Munro ..	Spanish Town
Rev. Henry Herbert Simpson ..	Lluidas Vale
Rev. James Francis Hart ..	Brown's Hall
Leonard Huntley Peck ..	Old Harbour
Rev. John James Hay ..	Harewood
Edwin Parnter Gilmore ..	Guy's Hill
Hon. Allan Shaw Campbell ..	Spanish Town
Owen Maxwell Henzell ..	Spanish Town
Dr. Clifton Godfrey Binns ..	Linstead
Clarence Stanley Byles ..	Linstead
Artema Augustus Watkis ..	Sligo Ville
A. N. F. Goodison ..	Riversdale
Frank deFonseca ..	Spanish Town
Owen Mamby Clarke ..	Ewarton
Dennis John Sumpter ..	Spanish Town
Ralph Archibald Magnus ..	Spanish Town
Isaac Sylvanus Bennett ..	Glengoffe
Reginald Livingstone Edwards ..	Spanish Town
Benjamin Thomas Atkinson ..	Ewarton
Ivan Arthur Vaz ..	Old Harbour
William Granville Aldred ..	Spanish Town
Miss Daisy Eversleigh Jeffrey Smith ..	Spanish Town
Mrs. Adelaide deRuth Gillett Chambers ..	Spanish Town
Bernard O'Toole ..	Spanish Town
Colin Charles Bryan ..	Riversdale
Dermot George Haughton McConnell ..	Bog Walk
Joseph William King ..	Linstead
John Lorenzo Thompson ..	Linstead
John Percival Gyles ..	Linstead
Arthur Uriah King ..	Guanaboa Vale
Adrian Lyndhurst Jones ..	Point Hill
Leonard Hamilton Caryll ..	Hartlands
Wilton Bartholomew Leslie ..	Ewarton



*Justices of the Peace—contd.*

Tacius Nathaniel Golden ..	Ginger Ridge
Alan Bancroft Andrade ..	Spanish Town
Dudley George Hume-Stewart ..	Spanish Town
Albert Edward Christie ..	Troja
Horatio Seville Jackson ..	Glengoffe
William Samuel Fletcher ..	Linstead
Michael Robinson Dickson ..	Old Harbour
Mrs. Caroline Agatha Henry ..	Linstead
Superintendent A. G. Langdon ..	Half-Way Tree
Cecil Herbert Collman ..	Spanish Town
James Monteith Lloyd ..	Spanish Town
Rev. John MacRooby Walters ..	Linstead
Rev. Cyrenius Orr ..	Guy's Hill
Dr. Frank Bernard Stephenson ..	Linstead
Donald Charles Hudson ..	Guanaboa Vale
Frederick Heith Isaacs ..	Riversdale
Wilfred Adolphus Rattigan ..	Harker's Hall
Edwin Warrington Pryce ..	Redwood
Mrs. Georgia Estelle Hume Stewart ..	Spanish Town
Miss Mercibelle Ivy Rose Turner ..	Bermaddy
George Bacs ..	Spanish Town

*Justices of the Peace who are resident in another Parish—*

John Lockett ..	Kingston
Vernon George Tivy ..	Pedro
John T. Calder ..	Braes River
Dr. Jacob Henry Abrahams ..	Chapelton
Rev. Joseph G. Peterkin ..	Carron Hall
Dr. Henry Thompson Strudwick ..	Cave Valley
Cyril Galloway Muirhead ..	Cave Valley
Rev. Thomas Whitfield ..	Savanna-la-Mar
Howard Russell Smith ..	Richmond
Dr. Dugal Henry McPhail ..	Malvern
Henry Ernest Farquharson ..	Lacovia
Charles Gordon Farquharson Robertson ..	May Pen
R. Fraser Gregg ..	Christiana
Dr. Aeron Percival Wynter ..	Kingston
P. A. Bovell ..	Mandeville
Ralph E. Crum-Ewing ..	Mandeville
Charles Hastings Dent ..	Kingston
Dougal Archibald Campbell ..	Mandeville
G. C. Maxwell ..	Mandeville
Anthony L. Maxwell ..	Kingston
John Lord, Jr. ..	Christiana
Harold Braham ..	Whitehouse
Rev. Frederick F. Smith ..	Kingston
Alexander Russell ..	Halfway Tree
Dr. F. W. Aris ..	May Pen
Paul Egerton Reece Bovell ..	Moneymusk
Mrs. Marian Louise Bovell ..	Mandeville
L. E. Cawley ..	Halfway Tree
Joseph Murphy ..	Montego Bay

## SOLICITORS COMMITTEE

THE SOLICITORS COMMITTEE consists of certain practising solicitors appointed by the judges of the Supreme Court with the Attorney General and Crown Solicitor as *ex-officio* members.

Under the Solicitors Law, (Cap. 460) the conduct of the examinations of persons entering the legal profession as Solicitors is in the hands of the Solicitors Committee who hold a Preliminary, an Intermediate and a Final Examination twice a year. All would be Solicitors are required to enter into articles of clerkship with a Solicitor, and serve in the Solicitor's office during the term of the Articles.

Prior to becoming articled to a Solicitor the law student is required to pass a preliminary examination set by a local examiner appointed by the Solicitors Committee, unless the student would be exempt under any law or regulations relating to the examination of a person applying to be admitted as a Solicitor in England.

The service under articles is 5 years (a reduced period of articles is allowed in certain circumstances) and the articled clerk must pass an Intermediate examination (including Book-keeping and Trust Accounts) and a Final Examination which examinations are set by the Law Society's Examiners in England and transmitted to the Committee in this Island through Government. Each year's syllabus of subjects for Intermediate and Final Examinations is published in the Jamaica Gazette by the Solicitors Committee.

Every person qualified to act as a Solicitor in the Supreme Court in England or Northern Ireland, or as a writer to the signet, or solicitor in Scotland, or as a Law Agent in Scotland is qualified to be admitted and enrolled as a Solicitor in Jamaica, and under certain circumstances mentioned in the English Solicitors' Act, and in an Order in Council made on the 16th of May 1904, Solicitors who have been in practice in Jamaica may, on complying with certain prescribed requirements, be admitted to practice in any part of the United Kingdom.

Information regarding the requirement may be obtained from the Secretary of the Law Society, Law Society's Hall, Chancery Lane London, W.C. 2, England.

In addition to the conduct of examinations the Solicitors Committee has entrusted to it the investigation of complaints of parties alleging professional misconduct against a Solicitor.

Under the Solicitors (Amendment) Law 1941, the Committee is empowered, after due enquiry, to make an order which is filed with the Registrar of the Supreme Court, that the name of the Solicitor found guilty of professional misconduct be removed from or struck off the roll of Solicitors, or that the Solicitor be suspended from practice subject, however, to a right of appeal (by any aggrieved party) to the Appeal Court.

## MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE

Hon. T. H. Mayers, K.C., (Attorney General), *Chairman*; A. B. Rennie, (Crown Solicitor), Hon. Sir. Noel Livingston, L. J. Stone, A. E. Brandon, L. V. D. Samuel, H. H. Dunn, L. P. Alberga, Hon. D. J. Judah, *Secretary*—B. L. Vendryes, 23 Duke St., Kingston.

## JAMAICA LAW DEBATING SOCIETY

The Society was formed in March 1888, with the following objects:—

- (a) The holding of regular meetings of its members for the discussion and/or debating of legal subjects of which 7 days' clear notice shall be given to members of the Society.
- (b) Improvement in the study and knowledge of the Law and cultivation in the art of public speaking.
- (c) The doing of all things as may be in the best interest and welfare of the Society.

Members consist of past and present Judges of the Supreme Court of Judicature of Jamaica, resident in the Island, past and present Resident Magistrates resident in the Island, Barristers and Solicitors practising their professions in Jamaica, and all Articled Clerks resident in Jamaica and serving their terms of articles with a Solicitor practising his profession in this Island.

An annual General Meeting is held in the months of either July, August or September.

Correspondence may be addressed to, and information regarding the Society obtained from Chas. L. Vendryes, Solicitor, 23 Duke Street, Kingston.

## THE INCORPORATED LAW SOCIETY OF JAMAICA

THE SOCIETY was formed in December, 1919, and in October 1940, was registered under the Companies Laws of Jamaica under the name of THE INCORPORATED LAW SOCIETY OF JAMAICA.

The Memorandum of Association sets out the following as the objects of the Society—  
 (a) To take over and assume the assets rights powers liabilities and obligations of the unincorporated Association or Society known as the Jamaica Law Society. (b) To support and protect the character status and interest of the legal profession generally and particularly of Solicitors practising in the Island of Jamaica. (c) To promote honourable practice in the legal profession, to repress malpractice therein, to settle disputed points of practice therein and to decide all questions of professional usage or courtesy between or amongst Solicitors. (d) To perform all acts and duties which the Company may by any Statute Regulation Rule or Order of Court be directed or authorised to perform. (e) To consider all questions affecting the interests of the legal profession and to initiate and watch over general measures affecting such profession and if necessary to petition the Government and Legislature of Jamaica the Judges and other persons and bodies in or out of Jamaica and to promote and appoint deputations in relation thereto and to procure any changes of Law or practice relating to legal matters and the promotion of improvements in the principles and administration of the Law. (f) To encourage the study of Law by Articled Clerks of Solicitors. (g) To promote information on legal subjects by such means as may appear expedient. (h) To create, maintain and/or manage a Benevolent Fund for the benefit of poor and needy members of the profession and/or their families, and such other funds as may in the opinion of the Company be calculated to advance or improve the status of Solicitors in Jamaica and of the persons employed by them. (i) To acquire hold use and deal with such property real or personal and in such manner as may appear to be necessary or desirable for the objects of the Company. (j) As and when deemed advisable to acquire by purchase donation or otherwise a Library of legal, political, historical and other literature for the use of the Company, and to maintain and from time to time to extend and improve such Library. (k) To provide rooms and other facilities for the holding of meetings for carrying on the business and effective working of the Company.

There are 142 members. The annual subscription is £1 11s. 6d. for Solicitors in practice for three years or more, and £1 1s. 0d. for Solicitors of less than three years' practice.

*Council*—L. J. Stone, *Chairman*; Ansell Hart, H. H. Dunn, Hon. H. V. Alexander, C.B.E., H. A. Lake, L. P. Alberga, N. J. Fraser, L. E. Ashenheim, Donald Hendry, R. C. Livingston, Hon. D. J. Judah, Kaestner Hart, C. H. Browne, George Desnoes, T. N. Willoughby.

*Hon. Secretary*—Kaestner Hart—32 Duke Street, Kingston.

*Hon. Asst. Secretaries*—H. McD. Messam and W. A. Scholefield.

*Hon. Treasurer*—Walter F. Sinclair—21 Duke Street, Kingston.

## CHAPTER VI

### FINANCES

#### REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

Details of the Colony's finances will be found in the annual Finance and Appropriation Accounts of the Colony published each year, but information in regard to Revenue and Expenditure (Public and Parochial), the Assets and Liabilities of the Colony, and Public Debt and Sinking Funds is given below.

The Public Revenue of the Colony (exclusive of Parochial Revenue) for the year ending on the 31st March, 1950, is estimated at £10,314,313 and Public Expenditure (exclusive of Parochial Expenditure) for the same period at £10,307,275 with an estimated surplus of £7,038.

Parochial Revenue which is devoted to parochial roads, water supplies, poor relief and sanitary and other local services, and is administered by the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation, the Water Commission and the Parochial Boards, is estimated at £1,438,826 for the year ending on the 31st of March, 1950, while Parochial Expenditure for the same period is estimated at £1,563,176.

#### REVENUE, EXPENDITURE AND ANNUAL BALANCES, 1940-41 TO 1949-50

Year	Revenue	Expenditure	Surplus * Deficit †	Accumulated Balance
1940-1941	3,621,916	3,780,615	† 158,699	33,352
1941-1942	4,167,185	3,822,654	* 344,531	311,179
1942-1943	4,372,304	4,044,731	* 327,573	638,752
1943-1944	5,655,431	5,949,348	† 293,917	344,835
1944-1945	8,008,586	7,408,156	* 600,430	946, 15
1945-1946	7,747,680	7,613,612	* 134,068	1,080,083
1946-1947	8,390,657	7,851,029	* 539,628	1,619,711
1947-1948	9,031,777	8,746,029	* 285,748	1,905,459
1948-1949	9,581,369	10,347,086	† 765,717	1,741,783
1949-50 (Estimated)	10,314,313	10,307,275	* 7,038	1,748,821

## REVENUE COLLECTIONS BY MAIN HEADS, 1944-45 TO 1949-50

HEADS OF REVENUE	COLLECTIONS IN £100 FROM 1ST APRIL TO 31ST MARCH					
	1949-50 Estimated	1948-49	1947-48	1946-47	1945-46	1944-45
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUE	103,143	95,814	90,318	83,907	77,477	80,086
Customs and Excise	57,800	52,975	52,986	45,001	37,262	34,014
Harbour Dues, etc.	42	42	35	39	23	15
Licenses and other internal revenue	3,606	3,760	3,486	3,569	2,778	2,427
Fees of office, etc.	509	510	487	486	425	359
Reimbursements	4,990	5,043	3,864	3,881	3,077	2,925
Post Office Department	2,864	2,811	2,652	2,866	3,479	2,473
Departmental Revenue	1,007	934	892	874	823	743
Irrigation Receipts	180	180	181	185	183	187
Direct Taxation	20,630	23,115	19,840	19,978	21,258	20,938
Currency	241	258	320	393	318	274
Rents	70	50	50	65	50	53
Interest	292	357	466	350	154	80
Miscellaneous Receipts	212	211	205	775	410	345
Land Sales	12	15	12	25	24	25
Colonial Development & Welfare Sch. †	10,564	5,349	4,605	3,398	6,164	6,036
Other	120	199	237	2,022	1,049	9,192

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## EXPENDITURE OF GOVERNMENT BY MAIN HEADS, 1944-45 TO 1949-50 (contd.)

ALL HEADS	EXPENDITURE IN £100 FROM 1st APRIL TO 31st MARCH					
	1949-50 (Estimated)	1948-49	1947-48	1946-47	1945-46	1944-45
Pensions .. .. .	2,084	2,088	1,713	1,491	1,362	1,290
Pensions of Widows and Orphans .. .. .	275	275	239	232	240	222
Police .. .. .	5,986	5,635	5,436	5,260	4,420	4,319
Post and Telegraphs .. .. .	3,329	3,361	3,205	3,000	3,038	2,942
Printing Office .. .. .	723	661	673	645	573	694
Prisons .. .. .	1,565	1,686	1,529	1,183	1,176	1,078
Railway—Deficit .. .. .	3,059	2,692	2,448	2,562	1,816	1,535
Registrar General and Island Record Office .. .. .	156	168	154	147	137	115
Registration of Titles .. .. .	80	74	73	63	56	57
Relief Works Rehabilitation .. .. .	1,455	1,542	1,143	1,307	1,188	2,561
Resident Magistrates Courts .. .. .	785	770	741	728	682	623
Savings Bank .. .. .	433	426	383	345	320	298
Secretariat .. .. .	463	402	363	341	320	260
Social Services .. .. .	410	417	404	422	450	374
Subventions .. .. .	6,196	8,840	6,379	4,805	3,668	2,913
Supreme Court .. .. .	224	214	218	190	171	147
Traffic Authority .. .. .	115	110	110	107	107	101
Treasury .. .. .	422	389	408	368	322	266
Public Works Department .. .. .	1,678	1,473	1,499	1,153	1,062	981
Public Works Recurrent—Rio Cobre Canal .. .. .	7,272	7,865	6,190	6,440	6,099	5,220
Public Works Extraordinary .. .. .	9,687	6,576	3,613	1,640	3,627	3,388
Other .. .. .	1,789	5,032	2,246	5,153	8,009	9,193

## FINANCES OF MUNICIPAL AND PAROCHIAL AUTHORITIES, 1944-45 TO 1949-50

	1949-50 (Estimated)	1948-49	1947-48	1946-47	1945-46	1944-45
TOTAL	Rev. 1,438,826 Exp. 1,563,176	1,643,012 1,660,857	1,278,266 1,408,223	1,278,649 1,386,259	1,281,265 1,325,594	1,014,193 1,044,816
Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation	Rev. 605,077 Exp. 648,408	602,053 629,461	545,000 629,046	515,962 599,345	501,504 533,875	448,662 448,780
Water Commission	Rev. 246,718 Exp. 233,788	209,032 208,863	193,636 186,670	200,519 197,370	165,005 171,692	142,184 150,778
Parochial Board, St. Thomas	Rev. 44,047 Exp. 52,436	55,700 56,266	38,335 43,911	48,790 49,508	53,030 51,973	32,208 32,753
do Portland	Rev. 38,206 Exp. 49,531	75,674 74,909	36,218 42,835	44,616 47,827	42,301 48,888	37,033 40,161
do St. Mary	Rev. 50,859 Exp. 59,267	56,348 54,794	47,743 53,090	48,557 49,734	83,456 83,833	36,638 42,041
do St. Ann	Rev. 53,862 Exp. 59,109	60,952 60,980	45,417 47,851	48,952 49,365	43,779 43,161	40,096 40,932
do Trelawny	Rev. 32,659 Exp. 43,576	53,205 55,124	31,772 37,646	40,823 41,835	40,964 40,847	27,714 28,774
do St. James	Rev. 62,518 Exp. 67,081	91,725 89,730	54,095 58,757	51,062 54,046	52,691 51,916	41,202 42,377
do Hanover	Rev. 26,193 Exp. 34,981	48,450 48,316	23,907 30,655	24,796 25,848	32,812 31,263	26,434 24,646
do Westmoreland	Rev. 54,008 Exp. 57,546	53,902 53,311	49,492 50,342	46,569 46,966	50,726 48,889	37,258 36,177
do St. Elizabeth	Rev. 34,730 Exp. 45,867	61,281 60,622	33,846 42,614	37,301 39,441	31,660 34,253	24,226 26,801
do Manchester	Rev. 59,061 Exp. 59,831	64,376 63,303	44,281 50,604	47,113 46,495	47,507 56,841	31,770 36,558
do Clarendon	Rev. 64,338 Exp. 80,713	58,979 142,304	54,466 76,158	54,792 61,080	56,841 78,554	34,654 35,078
do St. Catherine	Rev. 88,078 Exp. 859	144,811 1,075	76,366 859	76,318 829	75,991 829	53,311 58,263
do Port Royal	Rev. 1,109 Exp. 1,408	1,408 1,408	1,109 1,109	1,081 1,081	964 964	803 697



## STATEMENT OF THE LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE COLONY OF JAMAICA AT 31st MARCH, 1948

LIABILITIES							
				£	s.	d.	£ s. d.
<b>LOANS</b>							
From Banks under Banana Industry Aid Laws				6,833	15	0	
From Imperial Government on account of Colonial Development and Welfare Scheme							
D 167 Mona Reservoir .. ..				462,900	0	0	469,733 15 0
<b>SUBSCRIBERS OF INTEREST FREE LOANS TO</b>							
IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT .. ..							7,250 0 0
POSTMASTER GENERAL FOR MONEY ORDERS .. ..							14,350 11 6
<b>DEPOSITS—</b>							
Special Deposits at Interest .. ..				873,991	11	4	
Special Deposits not at Interest .. ..				938,026	0	4	
Miscellaneous .. ..				545,997	7	2	
Parochial Board, Port Royal .. ..				308	14	2	
Government of Cayman Islands, Current Account .. ..				8,603	1	8½	2,366,926 14 8½
<b>APPROPRIATED FUNDS—</b>							
Redemption Funds for Loans guaranteed by the Colony .. ..				234,587	15	3	
Deposits for Investment .. ..				3,699,280	17	7	
Trust Funds .. ..				59,738	17	2	3,993,607 10 0
<b>PROVIDENT FUND</b> .. ..							21,330 1 11
<b>RESERVE FUND</b> .. ..							277,922 12 2
<b>INSURANCE FUND</b> .. ..							102,349 4 10
<b>DRAFTS</b> .. ..							2,652 2 7
<b>TREASURY BILLS</b> .. ..							1,000,000 0 0
<b>UNEXPENDED LOAN BALANCES</b>							
Laws 22 and 23 of 1935 .. ..				30,611	15	3	
Law 37 of 1938 .. ..				60,436	11	8	
Law 78 of 1941 .. ..				2,003	4	10	
Laws 21 of 1943 and 45 of 1944 .. ..				33,210	9	0	
Law 1 of 1946 .. ..				73,358	3	10	
1944 Hurricane Rehabilitation Loan .. ..				275,178	2	9	
Law 35 of 1947 .. ..				18,537	13	2	493,336 0 6
<b>GENERAL REVENUE BALANCE</b>							
Balance at 1st April, 1947 .. ..				1,628,585	18	6	
Add Surplus and Deficit Account (1948) .. ..				890,217	10	11½	
				2,518,803	9	5½	
Less Appreciation of Investments .. ..				11,302	14	8	2,507,500 14 9½
							£11,256,959 8 0

STATEMENT OF THE LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE COLONY OF JAMAICA AT 31ST  
MARCH, 1948

## ASSETS

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<b>LOANS</b>						
To Banana Industry Aid Board ..	6,833	15	0			
Interest Free Loans to Imperial Government ..	7,250	0	0			
From Agricultural Credit Revolving Fund ..	317,728	3	5	331,811	18	5
	<hr/>					
<b>ADVANCES</b>						
Colonial Development and Welfare Scheme						
D 167 Mona Reservoir .. ..	518,935	1	0			
On account Loans to be raised .. ..	432,947	1	4			
Other Governments .. ..	68,745	14	9			
Unallocated Stores .. ..	404,942	10	2			
General .. ..	2,721,602	1	6	4,147,172	8	9
	<hr/>					
General Manager, Jamaica Government Railway				41,766	18	0
<b>APPROPRIATED FUNDS—INVESTMENTS</b>						
Redemption Funds for Loans guaranteed by the Colony .. ..	220,087	16	3			
Deposits for Investment .. ..	3,080,307	6	8			
Trust Funds .. ..	55,269	6	11	3,355,664	9	10
	<hr/>					
PROVIDENT FUND—INVESTMENTS .. ..	..			21,330	1	11
RESERVE FUND—INVESTMENT .. ..	..			275,964	5	11
INSURANCE FUND—INVESTMENTS .. ..	..			102,349	4	10
CROWN AGENTS FOR JOINT COLONIAL FUND ..	..			1,976,000	0	0
<b>REMITTANCES</b>						
In transit .. ..	2,366	3	2			
Revenue Collections in transit .. ..	70	14	3			
Branch Departmental Remittances in transit	18,489	15	4	20,926	12	9
	<hr/>					
EMIGRATION AGENT, INDIA .. ..	..			21	3	4
IMPRESTS .. ..	..			16,530	11	9
<b>CASH BALANCES</b>						
Treasurer						
Cash in Chest .. ..	3,279	19	3			
Sub-Accountants .. ..	228,109	4	6			
Crown Agents .. ..	790	17	10			
New York Agents .. ..	113	15	8			
Bank of Nova Scotia .. ..	608,072	17	0			
Bank of Nova Scotia, New York ..	127,054	18	3	967,421	12	6
	<hr/>					
				£11,256,959	8	0
	<hr/>					

## (PART II) PUBLIC DEBT AND SINKING FUNDS AT 31st MARCH, 1948

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
<b>PUBLIC DEBT at 1st April, 1947</b>							
Bond and Stockholders .. .. .	8,782,590	8	11				
Loans from Imperial Treasury							
(a) Under the Colonial Development and Welfare Vote .. .. .	351,800	0	0				
(b) Under Colonial and Middle Eastern Services Vote (adjusted) .. .. .	991,543	0	0	10,125,933	8	11	
<b>LOANS RAISED during the year 1947-48</b>							
Public Loans .. .. .	337,910	0	0				
Loans from Imperial Treasury							
(a) From the Colonial Development and Welfare Vote .. .. .	600	0	0				
(b) From Colonial and Middle Eastern Services Vote .. .. .	129,885	0	0	468,395	0	0	
				10,594,328	8	11	
<b>LOANS REDEEMED during the year 1947-48</b>							
Public Loans .. .. .				75,000	0	0	
<b>PUBLIC DEBT at 31st March, 1948</b> .. .. .				10,519,328	8	11	
<b>SINKING FUND DEPOSITS</b> .. .. .				£2,015,715	12	11	
<b>COLONY'S LOAN EXPENDITURE at 1st April, 1949</b>							
Public Loans .. .. .	8,468,383	8	3				
Colonial Development and Welfare Loans .. .. .	350,909	3	8				
Colonial and Middle Eastern Services Vote .. .. .	716,031	15	1	9,535,324	7	0	
<b>LOAN EXPENDITURE DURING THE YEAR</b>							
Public Loans .. .. .	433,959	2	11				
Imperial Treasury Loans—							
(a) Colonial Development and Welfare Vote .. .. .	1,490	16	4				
(b) Colonial and Middle Eastern Services Vote .. .. .	130,218	2	2	565,668	1	5	
				10,100,992	8	5	
<b>AMOUNTS WRITTEN OFF ON REDEMPTION OF LOANS IN 1947-48</b>							
Public Loans .. .. .				75,000	0	0	
<b>COLONY'S LOAN EXPENDITURE at 31st March, 1948</b> .. .. .				10,025,992	8	5	
<b>UNEXPENDED LOAN BALANCES</b> .. .. .				493,336	0	6	
				10,519,328	8	11	
<b>SINKING FUND INVESTMENTS</b> .. .. .	2,015,714	12	11				
Balance in hands of Trustees .. .. .		1	0	0	2,015,715	12	11

NOTE—There were contingent liabilities at 31st March, 1948, of £240,500 in respect of Loans guaranteed by the Colony.

## CURRENCY OF JAMAICA

The coins in circulation in Jamaica are British silver coins and cupro-nickel coins of all denominations, and Jamaican nickel and bronze alloy coins (penny, half-penny and farthing).

Under Section 3 of the Currency, Coinage and Legal Tender Law, Law 3 of 1943, the currency of the Island shall be:—

- (a) the currency for the time being of Great Britain;
- (b) currency notes;
- (c) Jamaican coins.
- (d) Any Bank Notes declared by the Governor in Executive Council to be legal tender under the provisions of the Bank Notes Law.

By Section 4 of Law 3 of 1943 payments of the following are legal tender:—

- (a) gold coin, currency or bank notes, to any amount;
- (b) silver coin to an amount not exceeding forty shillings;
- (c) Jamaica coins to an amount not exceeding one shilling.

By Proclamation No. 2/1948 dated 14th October, 1947—Jamaica Gazette dated 29th January, 1948, payment of the following are also legal tender:—

- (a) Cupro nickel coins to an amount not exceeding forty shillings;
- (b) Three penny pieces of mixed metal to an amount not exceeding two shillings.

Currency Notes of one pound and ten shillings value, issued by H.M. Treasury, were made legal tender by Law 2 of 1917. Bank of England Notes were also legal tender, but by Gazette Notice No. 49 of 2nd June, 1942, this has been suspended.

The issue of Jamaican Currency Notes is governed by The Currency Notes Law Chapter 275. On the 31st March, 1949, the following Jamaican Currency Notes were in circulation:—

2/6	..	..	£108 17 6
5/-	..	..	152,874 15 0
10/-	..	..	324,817 0 0
20/-	..	..	1,827,837 0 0
£5	..	..	536,525 0 0
Total			£2,842,162 12 6

Four Commercial Banks operate in Jamaica—Barclays Bank (D.C. & O.), Bank of Nova Scotia, Royal Bank of Canada and the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

By Proclamation dated 13th October, 1939, and published in the Jamaica Gazette of 17th October, 1939, Bank Notes were made legal tender under The Bank Note Law, Chapter 276. The aggregate note circulation of the Commercial Banks in Jamaica on the 31st March, 1949, was £62,424.

The money of account in Jamaica is pounds, shillings and pence, sterling.

Under Section 2 of The Currency Notes Law, a Board of Commissioners was created. The Board consists of:—

The Hon. Financial Secretary (Chairman)  
 Accountant General  
 The Collector General  
 Hon. Sir Noel Livingston, Kt.

## BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

(INCORPORATED 1832)

Capital \$12,000,000. Reserve Fund \$24,000,000. Total Assets October 31st, 1948, over \$800,000,000. Head Office: Halifax, Nova Scotia; Executive Office: Toronto, Canada.

London Branch—108 Old Broad Street, E. C. 2

New York Agency—49 Wall Street.

Kingston Branch—D. C. Lounsbury, Manager;

Other Branches in Jamaica—Princess St., (Kingston,) Black River, Brown's Town, Christiana, Cross Roads, Mandeville, May Pen, Montego Bay, Port Antonio, Port Maria, St. Ann's Bay, Savanna-la-Mar, Spanish Town.

## BARCLAYS BANK (DOMINION, COLONIAL AND OVERSEAS)

INCORPORATED IN THE UNITED KINGDOM WITH LIMITED LIABILITIES.

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1836. Re incorporated by Act of Parliament 1925. With which are amalgamated the National Bank of South Africa Limited and the Anglo-Egyptian Bank Limited.

HEAD OFFICE—54 Lombard Street, London E. C. 3

Authorised Capital, £10,000,000. Subscribed Capital £9,121,500 Paid up capital £7,121,500, Reserve Fund £7,800,000.

PRINCIPAL BRANCHES IN JAMAICA.

Harbour Street, Kingston—N. A. Bertram, Manager.

St. James Street Montego Bay—R. B. C. Woods, Manager.

SUB-BRANCHES AND AGENCIES IN JAMAICA.

Cross Roads, Halfway Tree, Morant Bay, Annotto Bay, Port Maria, St. Ann's Bay, Falmouth, Lucea, Savanna-la-Mar, Linstead, May Pen, Mandeville,

London Offices—29 Gracechurch Street, London E. C. 3, Circus Place, London Wall; E. C. 2 Oceanic House, 1 Cockspur Street, S. W. 1; Manchester—26 Princes in Street, Liverpool—25 Castle Street. Hamburg Adolphsplatz 4: New York Agency—120 Broadway, New York 5.

Branches in the Bahamas, British West Indies, British Guiana, British Honduras, British West Africa, The Union of South Africa, South-West Africa, Portuguese East Africa, Mauritius, Northern and Southern Rhodesia, Nyasaland, Tanganyika, Kenya, Uganda, Eritrea, Somalia, Sudan, Egypt, Palestine, Cyprus, Libya, Malta, Gibraltar.

Canadian Agents—Barclays Bank (Canada), Montreal, Toronto and Vancouver, B.C. The Bank of Montreal, (All Branches).

Agents in the West Indies for the Bank of Montreal.

## CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

(INCORPORATED 1867)

Paid up Capital \$30,000,000. Reserve Fund \$30,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, CANADA. London Office, 2 Lombard Street, E. C. 3. New York Agency, 20 Exchange Place Over 500 Branches in Canada, United States and West Indies. Kingston, Jamaica Branch, King and Harbour Streets.

P. W. D. Brodrick, *Manager*.

## THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

*King and Harbour Streets*

(INCORPORATED 1869)

At the close of the Bank's financial year on November 30th, 1948, the paid up Capital was \$35,000,000.00 and Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits \$45,532,792 Total Assets are \$2,222,487,786.

This Bank has Branches in Jamaica at:—

Kingston—Henry J. Evennett, O.B.E., Manager;

Montego Bay—W. A. Jemmott, Manager.

Also two Branches in London, England, at 6 Lothbury, E. C. 2 and West End Branch, 2 Cockspur Street, S. W. 1

New York Agency—68 William Street.

631 Branches in Canada and Newfoundland, and 63 abroad including West Indies, Central and South America.

# CHAPTER VII

## TRADE AND COMMERCE

### IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

#### IMPORTS

The value of the Imports into the Colony in each of the last six years was as follows:—

1943	..	£7,311,340	1946	..	£12,451,889
1944	..	£8,973,122	1947	..	£18,942,877
1945	..	£9,595,587	1948	..	£19,680,856

These Imports came from the following Countries, in the proportion shown:—

Countries from which goods imported	Percentage of Value of Total Imports					
	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
United Kingdom ..	35.1	14.8	13.8	21.4	20.0	39.4
United States ..	18.9	31.8	30.1	25.7	33.7	19.4
Canada ..	28.2	38.2	41.1	34.5	28.5	18.3
Other Countries ..	17.8	15.2	15.0	18.4	17.8	22.9

The Imports for the year 1948 were apportioned between seventeen sections headings into which all imports are divided in accordance with The League of Nations minimum list requirements thus:—

Class	1948	
	£	%
ALL-CLASSES ..	19,680,859	100.
1. Food drink and Tobacco ..	5,298,376	26.9
All other imports ..	14,382,483	73.1
2. Fatty substances and waxes—not for food ..	259,420	1.3
3. Chemical and allied products ..	1,239,367	6.3
4. Rubber ..	47,889	.2
5. Wood and Cork ..	614,643	3.1
6. Paper ..	620,338	3.2
7. Hides, skins and leather and manufacture thereof n.e.s. ..	72,298	.4
8. Textiles ..	2,397,242	12.2
9. Articles of clothing of all materials and miscellaneous made-up textile goods ..	1,106,597	5.6
10. Products for heating, lighting and power, etc. ..	1,386,453	7.0
11. Non-metallic minerals and manufacture thereof ..	879,017	4.5
12. Precious stones and precious metals, etc. ..	3,908	.0
13. Base metals and manufacture thereof n.e.s. ..	1,796,288	9.1
14. Machinery, apparatus and appliances n.e.s. and vehicles ..	3,535,716	18.0
15. Miscellaneous commodities n.e.s. ..	406,193	2.1
16. Returned goods and special transactions ..	14,138	.1
17. Gold and Specie ..	2,976	.0

*Imports by Parcel Post:—*

The Imports for 1943 included Parcel Post Goods valued £86,952

"	1944	"	"	£73,055
"	1945	"	"	£137,479
"	1946	"	"	£165,886
"	1947	"	(not available as a total)	
"	1948	"	(" " " " ) included in grand total.	

**EXPORTS**

The value of the Exports from the Colony in each of the last six years was as follows:

1943	..	£4,040,421	1946	..	£ 8,754,332
1944	..	£4,479,462	1947	..	£10,171,038
1945	..	£4,959,245	1948	..	£11,387,350

*Exports by Parcel Post:—*

Parcel Post Goods valued £21,133 were exported in 1941

"	"	£18,580	"	1942
"	"	£22,955	"	1943
"	"	£33,837	"	1944
"	"	£56,757	"	1945
"	"	£51,501	"	1946
"	"	(not available as total)	1947	
"	"	(" " " " )	1948	(included in above total.

These Exports were apportioned amongst the following Countries thus:—

Countries to which goods Exported		Percentage of Value of total Exports					
		1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
United Kingdom	..	17.69	21.13	45.0	63.7	79.2	74.7
United States	..	20.90	21.09	11.4	5.1	2.8	3.2
Canada	..	48.50	48.09	33.8	26.0	12.6	17.1
Other Countries	..	12.91	9.69	9.8	5.2	5.4	5.0

The following table shows the percentage value of the various products exported, to the total Exports:—

Product	Percentage of Value of total Exports					
	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
Bananas ..	1.1	4.6	7.2	19.0	20.6	20.8
Sugar, Unrefined..	45.3	42.8	39.0	32.2	26.7	32.1
Coffee ..	2.8	4.5	4.8	1.2	1.4	1.2
Pimento (Spice) ..	5.9	3.2	4.7	2.2	1.5	2.0
Coconuts and Copra ..	4.4	3.4	—	—	—	—
Cocoa ..	2.7	2.4	0.8	0.8	1.4	3.1
Logwood Extracts ..	2.4	.4	1.3	1.1	1.7	1.4
Woods—Logwood ..	3.1	.3	0.3	0.3	.2	—
Ginger (Spice) ..	0.0	3.7	3.1	1.9	1.2	1.1
Rum ..	11.4	13.9	16.3	23.0	25.9	18.3
Grapefruit ..	0.0	.1	0.1	0.3	6	0.9
Tobacco—Cigars ..	3.0	3.6	6.2	6.4	9.1	4.5

The Exports for the year 1948 when grouped under the seventeen principal sections prescribed by the League of Nations are appointed as follows:—

Section	1948
1. Food, drink and Tobacco ..	£10,735,277
2. Fatty substances and waxes—not for food ..	8,864
3. Chemicals and allied products ..	242,078
4. Rubber ..	246
5. Wood and Cork ..	42,469
6. Paper ..	3,404
7. Hides, skins, leather and manufactures ..	77,529
8. Textiles ..	8,454
9. Clothing and made-up Textile goods ..	54,071
10. Products for heating, lighting and lubricants ..	5,538
11. Non-metallic minerals and manufactures ..	2,594
12. Precious metals and precious stones ..	955
13. Base metals and manufactures ..	73,698
14. Mechanical apparatus and vehicles ..	73,857
15. Miscellaneous commodities ..	53,130
16. Returned goods and special transactions ..	4,488
17. Gold and specie ..	698



## IMPORTS

A Statement showing the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles imported

Articles and sources whence Imported	Unit of Quantity	1943		1944	
		Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
<b>BOOTS, SHOES, PUMPS AND SLIPPERS—</b>	doz. prs.		£		£
United Kingdom .. ..	..	11,752	92,562	352	2,339
British Possessions .. ..	..	19,529	113,762	11,369	67,137
United States .. ..	..	14,496	81,099	65,257	356,659
Other Countries .. ..	..	2,166	6,472	5,924	58,300
<b>Total .. ..</b>	..	<b>47,943</b>	<b>293,895</b>	<b>82,902</b>	<b>484,435</b>
<b>CARRIAGES, ETC., MOTOR CARS AND MOTOR CAR PARTS—</b>					
United Kingdom .. ..	..	..	3,901	..	4,023
British Possessions .. ..	..	..	3,557	..	14,930
United States .. ..	..	..	10,463	..	33,079
Other Countries .. ..	..	..	..	..	15
<b>Total .. ..</b>	..	..	<b>17,921</b>	..	<b>52,047</b>
<b>COAL—</b>	Tons.				
United Kingdom .. ..	..	30,677	125,177	..	..
British Possessions .. ..	..	..	..	..	..
United States .. ..	..	..	..	36,842	130,629
Other Countries .. ..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total .. ..</b>	..	<b>30,677</b>	<b>125,177</b>	<b>36,842</b>	<b>130,629</b>
<b>COTTON MANUFACTURE—PIECE GOODS—</b>	Yards				
United Kingdom .. ..	..	13,085,819	687,541	6,221,184	353,815
British Possessions .. ..	..	2,215,056	113,511	227,462	18,968
United States .. ..	..	1,192,234	56,853	6,053,965	318,427
Other Countries .. ..	..	2,696,181	129,282	1,286,231	66,599
<b>Total .. ..</b>	..	<b>19,189,290</b>	<b>987,187</b>	<b>13,788,842</b>	<b>757,809</b>
<b>FISH, DRIED SALTED—</b>	Lbs.				
United Kingdom .. ..	..	..	..	..	..
British Possessions .. ..	..	8,997,370	342,255	12,095,827	494,520
United States .. ..	..	75	2	11,143	1,303
Other Countries .. ..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total .. ..</b>	..	<b>8,997,445</b>	<b>342,257</b>	<b>12,106,970</b>	<b>495,823</b>

into the Colony during each of the years 1943 to 1948.

1945		1946		1947		1948	
Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
	£		£		£	doz. prs.	£
1,484	11,844	7,653	62,306	11,592	113,714	521,470	364,393
10,075	57,942	31,658	195,382	51,989	342,308	239,381	66,822
8,678	42,918	10,685	37,990	4,540	17,724	5,677	414
2,358	39,729	1,023	17,272	1,765	26,072	10,076	2,221
22,595	152,433	51,020	312,950	69,886	499,818	776,604	433,850
..	7,142	..	143,255	..	187,282	1,773	675,882
..	29,013	..	188,346	..	175,437	231	10,664
..	51,365	..	72,272	..	70,884	166	131,739
..	10	..	..	..	3,404	1	811
..	87,800	..	403,873	..	437,007*	2,171	819,096
..	..	..	..	..	..	tons	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	4,119	17,610
34,971	114,551	52,318	163,028	85,465	288,997	34,966	126,822
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
34,971	114,551	52,318	163,028	85,465	288,997	39,085	144,432
..	..	..	..	..	..	yards	..
4,335,313	274,955	3,876,743	290,227	2,663,865	244,108	6,371,907	616,954
400,384	21,285	991,387	54,976	832,162	56,831	4,258,139	302,382
12,804,367	628,314	10,964,587	683,950	16,992,575	1324068	2,068,887	168,563
..	104,947	8,016	2,274	913,029	67,671	3,635,104	217,916
17,540,064	924,534	15,840,726	1,031,427	21,401,631	1692678	16,334,037	1,305,815
..	..	..	..	..	..	lbs.	..
13,740,226	528,077	14,155,063	611,050	12,992,291	560,334	11,323,551	512,056
262	98	3,802	2,349	8,208	2,356	415	321
..	..	1,300	1,150	3,423	2,753	5,071	3,204
13,740,488	528,175	14,160,165	614,549	13,003,922	565,443	11,329,037	515,581

\* Not including car parts which is not available.

A Statement showing the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles

Articles and sources whence Imported	Unit of Quantity	1943		1944	
		Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
			£		£
<b>GRAIN, ETC.,—RICE—</b>	<b>Lbs.</b>				
United Kingdom .. ..	..	..	..	5,785,200	81,621
British Possessions .. ..	..	16,428	329	8,985,511	224,038
United States .. ..	..	112,050	1,597	150	2
Other Countries .. ..	..	65	2		
<b>Total .. ..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>128,543</b>	<b>1,928</b>	<b>14,770,861</b>	<b>305,661</b>
<b>FLOUR—WHEATEN OR RYE—</b>	<b>Bags of</b>				
United Kingdom .. ..	..	..	..	701,693	1,309,485
British Possessions .. ..	196	415,891	523,687	25,013	59,413
United States .. ..	Lbs.	71,762	138,139	..	..
Other Countries .. ..	..	..	..		
<b>Total .. ..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>487,653</b>	<b>661,826</b>	<b>726,706</b>	<b>1,368,898</b>
<b>HARDWARE AND IRONMONGERY</b>					
United Kingdom .. ..	..	..	69,124	..	29,572
British Possessions .. ..	..	..	13,578	..	9,526
United States .. ..	..	..	56,639	..	60,987
Other Countries .. ..	..	..	88	..	121
<b>Total .. ..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>139,429</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>100,206</b>
<b>MILK, CONDENSED—</b>	<b>Lbs.</b>				
United Kingdom .. ..	..	..	..	3,073,782	172,034
British Possessions .. ..	..	4,390,881	123,815	151,974	4,717
United States .. ..	..	95,240	2,452	..	..
Other Countries .. ..	..	..	..		
<b>Total .. ..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>4,486,121</b>	<b>126,267</b>	<b>3,225,756</b>	<b>176,751</b>
<b>OILS, MOTOR SPIRIT—</b>	<b>Galls.</b>				
United Kingdom .. ..	..	..	..	..	..
British Possessions .. ..	..	..	..	..	..
United States .. ..	..	2,772	223	267	33
Other Countries .. ..	..	2,876,234	64,208	5,295,559	136,429
<b>Total .. ..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>2,879,006</b>	<b>64,431</b>	<b>5,295,826</b>	<b>136,462</b>
<b>TOBACCO—CIGARETTES—</b>	<b>Lbs.</b>				
United Kingdom .. ..	..	48,166	18,022	335	149
British Possessions .. ..	..	3,681	1,098	10,207	2,880
United States .. ..	..	5,977	1,790	7,882	2,292
Other Countries .. ..	..	5	4	1	2
<b>Total .. ..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>57,829</b>	<b>20,914</b>	<b>18,425</b>	<b>5,323</b>

imported into the Colony during each of the years 1943 to 1948, *contd.*

1945		1946		1947		1948	
Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
	£		£		£	lbs.	£
602 4,934,911 100	11 97,898 2	270 1,796,600 13,150,100	6 36,774 387,058	129 11,520,600	6 368,597	9,909,073 9,562,940	274,344 226,358
4,935,613	97,911	14,946,970	423,838	11,520,729	368,603	17,472,012	500,702
							£
796,526 72,954 ..	1,576,512 139,767 ..	535,553 107,147 ..	1,313,260 212,359 ..	379,334 197,803 ..	1358402 616,877 ..	46 397,427 194,900 ..	304 1,211,086 580,279 ..
869,480	1,716,279	642,700	1,525,619	577,137	1975279	502,373	1,791,669
..	41,357	..	175,114				£
..	60,325	..	79,338				
..	38,595	..	88,144	Not available		Not available	
..	35	..	503				
..	140,312	..	343,099				
						lbs.	£
4,826,580 5,300 6	152,449 100 ..	3,878,242 .. ..	125,102 .. ..	3,348,468 .. ..	125,014 .. ..	2,972,043 9 ..	130,388 .. ..
4,831,886	152,549	3,878,242	125,102	3,348,468	125,014	2,972,052	130,388
..	..	2,842,446	65,449	8,112,692	222,980	galls. 272	£ 256
217,057	5,610	1,325	74	5,887	733	8,681,259	263,960
4,593,441	100,960	4,225,651	102,133	9,241	841	13,752 5,713	6 1,265
4,810,498	106,570	7,069,422	167,656	8,127,820	224,554	8,700,996	265,752
						lbs.	£
423 10,565 12,236 6	159 3,344 2,420 8	22,003 2,606 25,232 1	9,013 788 7,547 1	27,867 742 54,071 ..	11,327 237 18,842 ..	16,267 1,763 ..	7,547 612 ..
23,230	5,931	49,842	17,349	82,680	30,406	18,030	8,159

## A Statement showing the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles

Articles and sources whence Imported	Unit of Quantity	1943		1944	
		Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
			£		£
<b>WOOD AND TIMBER—PITCH PINE—</b>	<b>Feet</b>				
United Kingdom .. ..	..	54,000	1,224	17,867	3,481
British Possessions .. ..	..	1,811,696	55,895	3,098,919	93,973
United States .. ..	..	80,049	2,424	..	..
Other Countries .. ..	..				
<b>Total</b> .. ..	..	<b>1,945,745</b>	<b>59,543</b>	<b>3,274,786</b>	<b>97,454</b>
<b>ALL OTHER ARTICLES—</b>					
United Kingdom .. ..	..	..	1,568,975	..	934,573
British Possessions .. ..	..	..	1,630,188	..	2,020,280
United States .. ..	..	..	978,540	..	1,563,347
Other Countries .. ..	..	..	207,755	..	270,369
<b>Total</b> .. ..	..	..	<b>4,385,458</b>	..	<b>4,788,569</b>
<b>TOTAL IMPORTS—</b>					
United Kingdom .. ..	..	..	2,566,302	..	1,324,471
British Possessions .. ..	..	..	2,864,682	..	4,194,862
United States .. ..	..	..	1,383,169	..	2,848,897
Other Countries .. ..	..	..	410,235	..	531,837
<b>*Total</b> .. ..	..	..	<b>7,224,388*</b>	..	<b>8,900,067*</b>

\* Parcel Post Goods not included.

Imported into the Colony during each of the years 1943 to 1948, *contd.*

1945		1946		1947		1948	
Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
	£		£		£		£
368,604	8,640	1,064,949	34,125	3,748 411,401	50 8,466	5,207,976	137,418
887,822	23,930	368,089	13,145	2,285,388	79,262	225,573	10,979
140,386	4,440	657,890	18,878	1,984,868	54,697	1,178,682	25,875
1,396,812	37,010	2,060,948	66,148	4,685,505	142,475	6,611,231	174,272
..	990,443	..	1,990,970	..	3,239,388	..	6,077,498
..	2,219,568	..	2,640,049	..	4,118,459	..	3,042,553
..	1,740,752	..	1,882,316	..	3,957,902	..	2,530,660
..	443,290	..	578,070	..	1,276,854	..	1,940,432
..	5,394,053	..	7,091,405	..	12,592,603	..	13,591,143
..	1,325,900	..	2,670,855	..	3,795,869	..	7,760,444
..	4,657,146	..	5,307,871	..	6,968,468	..	5,677,329
..	2,886,588	..	3,199,948	..	6,377,661	..	3,825,998
..	588,474	..	1,107,339	..	1,800,889	..	2,417,088
..	9,458,108*	..	12,286,013*	..	18,942,877	..	19,680,859

\* Parcel Post goods not included.

† " " " included throughout.

## EXPORTS

A Statement showing the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles

Articles	1943		1944		1945	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
<b>Cocoa, Raw—</b>	Lbs.	£	Lbs.	£	Lbs.	£
United Kingdom ..						
British Possessions ..	4,830,459	109,352	4,581,380	103,461	1,995,871	41,870
United States ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Countries ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>4,830,459</b>	<b>109,352</b>	<b>4,581,380</b>	<b>103,461</b>	<b>1,995,871</b>	<b>41,870</b>
<b>Coffee, Raw—</b>	Lbs.	£	Lbs.	£	Lbs.	£
United Kingdom ..	1,431,822	45,084	4,166,579	179,720	5,539,950	235,456
British Possessions ..	1,724,831	43,883	631,981	16,782	71,516	1,795
United States ..	1,037,478	24,114	6	1	..	..
Other Countries ..	..	..	..	..	6,000	312
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>4,193,631</b>	<b>113,081</b>	<b>4,798,566</b>	<b>196,503</b>	<b>5,617,466</b>	<b>237,563</b>
<b>Fruit &amp; Nuts—</b>						
<b>BANANAS</b>	Stems	£	Stems	£	Stems	£
United Kingdom ..					94,803	16,212
British Possessions ..	214,346	37,598	992,279	178,469	1,476,116	300,151
United States ..	74,607	35,205	124,736	19,816	225,984	42,842
Other Countries ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>288,953</b>	<b>172,149</b>	<b>1,117,015</b>	<b>198,285</b>	<b>1,796,903</b>	<b>359,205</b>
<b>ORANGES—</b>	Boxes	£	Boxes	£	Pkgs.	£
United Kingdom ..					14,124	13,418
British Possessions ..	12,150	75	10,799	7,534	7,479	6,343
United States ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Other Countries ..	..	..	..	..	300	260
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>12,150</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>10,799</b>	<b>7,534</b>	<b>21,903</b>	<b>20,021</b>
<b>Coconuts—</b>	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£
United Kingdom ..						
British Possessions ..	20,400	153	26,800	155	6,150	60
United States ..	26,994,800	177,754	16,337,900	123,650	..	..
Other Countries ..	..	..	3,822,700	21,787	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>27,015,200</b>	<b>177,907</b>	<b>20,187,400</b>	<b>145,592</b>	<b>6,150</b>	<b>60</b>
<b>Logwood Extract—</b>	Cwts.	£	Cwts.	£	Cwts.	£
United Kingdom ..	17,867	63,451	2,357	10,772	15,341	59,204
British Possessions ..	..	..	77	324	81	393
United States ..	15,073	32,852	3,129	7,169	2,311	5,736
Other Countries ..	17	66	42	397	154	1,289
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>32,957</b>	<b>96,369</b>	<b>5,605</b>	<b>18,662</b>	<b>17,887</b>	<b>66,822</b>

exported from the Colony during each of the years 1943 to 1948.

1946		1947		1948	
Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Lbs.	£	Lbs.	£	Lbs.	£
3,191,256	69,919	3,475,020	133,280	4,220,976 <sup>3</sup>	351,359
..	..	100,015	9,831	..	..
..	..	..	..	197	7
3,191,256	69,919	3,575,035	143,111	4,221,176	351,366
Lbs.	£	Lbs.	£	Lbs.	£
1,990,560	98,658	2,803,258	129,776	2,631,375	121,443
224,205	7,018	232,510	7 250	168,147	6,250
..	..	25	1	..	..
13,635	686	26,050	1,286	22,580	1,218
2,228,400	106,362	3,061 843	138,313	2,822,102	128,911
Stems	£	Stems	£	Stems	£
4,649,917	1,242,027	5,519,526	2,049,259	6,049,251	2,307,856
1,043,035	365,932	..	..	..	..
119,688	22,783	..	..	45,787	13,208
..	..	..	..	..	..
5,812,640	1,630,742	5,519,526	2,049,259	6,095,038	2,321,064
Boxes	£	ks.	£	Boxes	£
56,683	49,797	49 389	44,281	51,785	47,174
8,055	6,853	26 450	26,459	63,372	63,150
..	..	..	..	..	..
201	429	4,333	5,078	3,370	3,225
64,939	57,079	80,172	75,817	118,527	113,549
No.	£	No.	£	No.	£
..	..	..	..	..	..
3,900	30	10 455	89	1,000	10
..	..	2	..	..	..
..	..	250	2	18,500	187
3,900	30	10,707	91	19,500	197
Cwts.	£	Cwts.	£	Cwts.	£
8,665	86,978	31,941	144,537	21,708	113,862
239	1,291	107	528	..	..
2,340	6,240	213	1,762	..	..
395	3,363	5,814	20,943	556	3,087
11,639	97,872	38,075	167,770	22,264	116,949



## A Statement shewing the Quantities and Values

Articles	1943		1944		1945	
	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
<b>SPICES—</b>	<b>Lbs.</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>Lbs.</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>Lbs.</b>	<b>£</b>
GINGER, DRY						
United Kingdom ..	640,363	32,321	438,253	25,733	743,224	35,015
British Possessions ..	259,768	14,362	930,214	45,251	594,608	30,265
United States ..	1,618,520	77,852	1,855,573	87,307	1,899,522	85,025
Other Countries ..	..	..	24,705	888	20,180	1,225
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>2,518,651</b>	<b>124,535</b>	<b>3,248,745</b>	<b>159,179</b>	<b>3,257,534</b>	<b>151,530</b>
<b>PIMENTO—</b>	<b>Lbs.</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>Lbs.</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>Lbs.</b>	<b>£</b>
United Kingdom ..	478,189	22,154	268,583	12,529	2,105,184	83,698
British Possessions ..	317,181	14,829	527,327	24,658	485,005	22,614
United States ..	1,628,243	76,448	1,883,173	88,334	1,901,135	89,154
Other Countries ..	2,638,211	123,069	261,497	12,199	818,996	38,366
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>5,061,824</b>	<b>236,500</b>	<b>2,940,580</b>	<b>137,720</b>	<b>5,310,320</b>	<b>233,832</b>
<b>SPIRITS—</b>						
RUM:	<b>Galls.</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>Galls.</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>Galls.</b>	<b>£</b>
United Kingdom ..	1,579	888	81,626	33,143	318,563	278,251
British Possessions ..	126,293	74,666	138,494	109,100	315,566	289,363
United States ..	270,374	370,071	340,667	461,915	152,618	185,145
Other Countries ..	14,451	16,746	900	943	42,687	27,266
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>412,667</b>	<b>462,371</b>	<b>561,687</b>	<b>605,101</b>	<b>829,434</b>	<b>780,025</b>
<b>SUGAR UNREFINED</b>	<b>Tons.</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>Tons</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>Tons</b>	<b>£</b>
United Kingdom ..	8,266	108,272	12,564	175,281	60,237	956,997
British Possessions ..	129,860	1,693,102	119,383	1,683,754	58,048	981,318
United States ..	6,287	3,237	..	..	..	..
Other Countries ..	2,400	30,240	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>140,526</b>	<b>1,831,614</b>	<b>131,947</b>	<b>1,859,035</b>	<b>118,285</b>	<b>1,938,315</b>
<b>TOBACCO—</b>						
CIGARS:	<b>Lbs.</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>Lbs.</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>No.</b>	<b>£</b>
United Kingdom ..	65,781	77,563	62,095	101,380	7,504,167	245,836
British Possessions ..	28,255	12,884	25,947	21,759	2,360,385	24,132
United States ..	6,287	3,237	18,623	8,670	28,900	503
Other Countries ..	56,439	26,989	48,217	23,929	4,125,474	38,449
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>156,762</b>	<b>120,673</b>	<b>154,882</b>	<b>155,738</b>	<b>14,018,926</b>	<b>308,920</b>
<b>WOOD &amp; TIMBER—</b>						
LOGWOOD:	<b>Tons</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>Tons</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>Tons</b>	<b>£</b>
United Kingdom ..	..	..	..	..	12	103
British Possessions ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
United States ..	..	..	3,481	14,290	2,906	14,122
Other Countries ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>..</b>	<b>3,481</b>	<b>14,290</b>	<b>2,918</b>	<b>14,225</b>

of the Principal Articles exported from the Colony, *continued.*

1946		1947		1948	
Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Lbs.	£	Lbs.	£	Lbs.	£
1,621,333	55,371	1,892,335	66,645	937,122	37,019
633,458	23,371	599,147	21,863	421,911	17,970
2,547,815	78,195	530,982	16,929	1,454,058	57,850
86,370	3,175	418,876	14,146	310,916	11,767
4,888,976	160,115	3,441,340	119,583	3,124,007	124,606
Lbs.	£	Lbs.	£	Lbs.	£
1,792,803	32,824	880,964	40,894	1,185,210	51,943
414,647	19,374	321,126	15,207	185,632	8,702
1,095,919	51,803	1,035,645	48,596	1,534,383	72,031
675,350	31,650	1,082,059	50,479	1,957,758	90,901
3,978,719	185,651	3,319,794	155,176	4,852,983	223,577
Galls.	£	Galls.	£	Galls.	£
1,285,859	1,195,620	2,041,816	2,285,758	908,611	1,058,241
586,981	630,012	192,949	211,733	108,158	147,650
79,351	94,718	26,163	32,996	7,006	8,008
42,849	53,662	45,191	39,857	17,916	22,310
1,995,040	1,973,972	2,306,119	2,570,344	1,041,691	1,236,209
Tons.	£	Tons.	£	Tons.	£
93,395	1,727,803	66,174	1,373,499	94,692	2,242,166
55,300	1,034,355	34,104	708,449	55,559	1,319,322
..	..	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
148,695	2,762,158	100,278	2,081,948	150,251	3,561,488
Lbs.	£	Lbs.	£	Lbs.	£
14,266,516	513,956	25,749,823	855,414	13,183,659	446,861
769,950	12,425	1,423,191	33,271	1,827,515	33,722
56,622	3,035	6,370	204	11,314	421
879,538	18,165	1,020,839	16,745	1,376,167	20,921
15,972,626	547,581	28,200,223	905,634	16,398,653	501,925
Tons.	£	Tons.	£	Tons.	£
..	..	18	108	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..
5,217	22,307	3,820	19,246	820	4,559
..	..	..	..	596	4,184
5,217	22,307	3,838	19,354	1,416	8,743

**A Statement shewing the Quantities and Values of the Principal Articles  
exported from the Colony, *continued*.**

Articles	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
<b>ALL OTHER ARTICLES</b>	£	£	£	£	£	£
United Kingdom ..	365,129	378,897	309,089	426,049	882,660	1,961,479
British Possessions ..	211,749	202,873	266,158	420,025	412,831	430,838
United States ..	48,287	104,721	140,986	208,275	145,698	233,823
Other Countries ..	47,021	20,611	34,067	34,694	70,971	72,626
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>672,186</b>	<b>707,102</b>	<b>750,300</b>	<b>1,089,043</b>	<b>1,512,330</b>	<b>2,698,766</b>
<b>TOTAL DOMESTIC EXPORTS—</b>	£	£	£	£	£	£
United Kingdom ..	714,862	917,455	2,210,327	5,466,772	7,872,831	8,331,250
British Possessions ..	2,212,653	2,394,120	1,869,714	2,487,070	1,570,960	2,240,012
United States ..	845,820	915,873	521,787	437,596	275,432	360,085
Other Countries ..	244,131	80,754	127,412	132,545	219,507	219,016
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>4,040,421</b>	<b>4,308,202</b>	<b>4,729,240</b>	<b>8,523,983</b>	<b>9,938,730</b>	<b>11,150,363</b>
<b>*TOTAL Re-EXPORTS— (i.e., other than Domestic)</b>	£	£	£	£	£	£
United Kingdom ..	23,826	8,626	22,952	12,311	32,364	56,794
British Possessions ..	137,256	101,466	94,748	103,535	127,795	138,961
United States ..	26,691	20,277	41,726	49,763	34,499	29,815
Other Countries ..	9,237	7,054	13,822	13,239	37,650	11,417
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>197,010</b>	<b>137,423</b>	<b>173,248</b>	<b>178,848</b>	<b>232,308</b>	<b>236,987</b>
<b>*TOTAL EXPORTS—</b>	£	£	£	£	£	£
United Kingdom ..	738,688	926,081	2,233,279	5,479,083	7,905,195	8,388,044
British Possessions ..	2,349,909	2,495,586	1,964,462	2,590,605	1,698,755	2,378,973
United States ..	872,511	936,150	563,513	487,359	309,931	389,900
Other Countries ..	253,368	87,808	141,234	145,784	257,157	230,433
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>4,214,476</b>	<b>4,445,625</b>	<b>4,902,488</b>	<b>8,702,831</b>	<b>10,171,038</b>	<b>11,387,350</b>

\* Parcel Post Goods not included

## NUMBER AND TONNAGE OF VESSELS CLEARED FROM THE PORTS OF JAMAICA

Year	SHIPPING, BRITISH					
	With Cargoes		In Ballast		Total	
	Vessels	Net Tons	Vessels	Net Tons	Vessels	Net Tons
<b>SAILING VESSELS</b>						
1942 ..	41	5,321	14	1,390	55	6,711
1943 ..	41	5,503	46	2,848	87	8,351
1944 ..	16	2,027	2	123	18	2,150
1945 ..	6	637	6	430	12	1,067
1946 ..	13	3,629	7	793	20	4,422
1947 ..	13	4,096	5	836	18	4,932
1948 ..	2	486	6	865	8	1,351
<b>STEAM VESSELS</b>						
1942 ..	122	210,740	25	50,353	147	261,093
1943 ..	143	129,080	20	18,457	163	147,537
1944 ..	179	152,201	36	41,054	215	193,255
1945 ..	106	154,110	20	21,367	126	175,477
1946 ..	282	659,153	55	100,927	337	760,080
1947 ..	276	735,268	108	200,625	384	935,893
1948 ..	350	886,695	101	107,035	451	993,730

## FOREIGN

<b>SAILING VESSELS</b>						
1942 ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
1943 ..	1	143	—	—	1	143
1944 ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
1945 ..	2	201	—	—	2	201
1946 ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
1947 ..	1	418	2	184	3	602
1948 ..	—	—	4	701	4	701
<b>STEAM VESSELS</b>						
1942 ..	146	290,878	30	58,916	176	349,794
1943 ..	70	66,382	19	34,863	89	101,245
1944 ..	68	59,825	44	102,041	112	161,866
1945 ..	122	219,275	78	175,857	200	395,132
1946 ..	108	255,513	67	155,106	175	410,619
1947 ..	172	449,297	65	108,083	237	557,387
1948 ..	244	612,593	65	106,863	309	719,456

## TOTAL

<b>SAILING VESSELS</b>						
1942 ..	41	5,321	14	1,390	55	6,711
1943 ..	42	5,646	46	2,848	88	8,494
1944 ..	16	2,027	2	123	18	2,150
1945 ..	8	838	6	430	14	1,268
1946 ..	13	3,629	7	793	20	4,422
1947 ..	14	4,514	7	1,020	21	5,534
1948 ..	2	486	10	1,566	12	2,052
<b>STEAM VESSELS</b>						
1942 ..	268	501,618	55	109,269	323	610,887
1943 ..	213	195,462	39	53,320	252	248,782
1944 ..	247	212,026	80	143,095	327	355,121
1945 ..	228	373,385	98	197,224	326	570,609
1946 ..	390	914,666	122	256,033	512	1,170,699
1947 ..	448	1,184,565	173	308,708	621	1,493,273
1948 ..	594	1,499,288	166	213,898	760	1,713,186

## NUMBER AND TONNAGE OF VESSELS ENTERED IN THE PORTS OF JAMAICA

Year	BRITISH					
	With Cargoes		In Ballast		Total	
	Vessels	Net Tons	Vessels	Net Tons	Vessels	Net Tons
<b>SAILING VESSELS</b>						
1942	44	5,642	19	742	53	6,384
1943	87	7,854	7	732	94	8,584
1944	20	2,543	7	410	27	2,953
1945	18	1,769	1	68	19	1,837
1946	19	4,215	2	213	21	4,428
1947	16	4,096	2	836	18	4,932
1948	6	1,218	2	133	8	1,351
<b>STEAM VESSELS</b>						
1942	123	233,748	27	28,034	150	261,782
1943	135	135,996	42	8,153	177	144,149
1944	196	217,584	36	7,818	232	225,402
1945	187	280,014	41	56,356	228	336,370
1946	266	599,907	64	130,836	330	730,743
1947	311	734,483	73	201,410	384	935,893
1948	400	876,784	53	117,344	453	994,128

## FOREIGN

<b>SAILING VESSELS</b>						
1942	—	—	—	—	—	—
1943	1	143	—	—	1	143
1944	1	144	—	—	1	144
1945	3	128	—	—	3	128
1946	—	—	—	—	—	—
1947	1	92	2	510	3	602
1948	—	—	4	701	4	701
<b>STEAM VESSELS</b>						
1942	143	288,718	29	56,632	172	345,350
1943	65	97,342	25	6,833	90	104,175
1944	69	83,309	42	75,355	111	158,664
1945	76	139,503	33	106,564	109	246,067
1946	128	286,625	45	107,970	173	394,595
1947	196	513,017	41	44,363	237	557,380
1948	270	646,580	37	72,478	307	719,058

## TOTAL

<b>SAILING VESSELS</b>						
1942	44	5,642	9	742	53	6,384
1943	88	7,997	7	732	95	8,729
1944	21	2,687	7	410	28	3,097
1945	21	1,897	1	68	22	1,965
1946	19	4,215	2	213	21	4,428
1947	17	4,188	4	1,346	21	5,534
1948	6	1,218	6	834	12	2,052
<b>STEAM VESSELS</b>						
1942	266	522,466	56	84,666	322	607,132
1943	200	233,338	67	14,986	267	248,324
1944	265	300,893	78	83,173	343	384,066
1945	263	419,517	74	162,920	337	582,437
1946	394	886,532	109	238,806	503	1,125,338
1947	507	1,247,500	114	245,773	621	1,493,273
1948	670	1,523,364	90	189,822	760	1,713,186

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THE HONOURABLE  
R. W. YOUNGMAN, O.B.E., M.L.C.  
President, Jamaica Chamber of Com-  
merce and Merchants Exchange

**BOARD OF TRADE**  
**COMMERCIAL RELATIONS AND EXPORTS DEPARTMENT**  
 (FORMERLY EXPORT PROMOTION DEPARTMENT)

On the 1st January, 1949, the Export Promotion Department became known as the Commercial Relations and Exports Department. Address: I.C. House, Millbank, London, S.W.1.

The Commercial Relations and Exports Department exists for the promotion of United Kingdom export trade and is a Government clearing house for information about overseas markets. It is served by a network of representatives throughout the world who maintain a constant supply of information to the London centre, and provides assistance locally to those engaged in the importation of United Kingdom goods. In the Empire the Department is served by Trade Commissioners who are posted in the chief commercial centres of Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Southern and Northern Rhodesia and Nyassaland, Eire, Newfoundland, India, East Africa, the East Indies and the West Indies. It is the duty of United Kingdom Trade Commissioners to report and advise especially on the following matters:—(a) contracts open to tender; (b) demand for particular goods; (c) suitable importers of classified goods; (d) suitable agents for United Kingdom manufacturers and merchants; (e) best methods marketing and distribution, credit conditions, terms of payment, nature of competition; (f) customs tariffs and regulations; (g) statistical position of imports and exports; (h) shipping and transport; (i) sources of supply of raw materials and goods not manufactured in the United Kingdom.

There are two Trade Commissioners in the British West Indies—U.K. Trade Commissioner in Jamaica, Mr. W. Ferguson, covers the Western Caribbean Area, which includes Jamaica, and its Dependencies (Turks and Caicos Islands and the Cayman Islands), The Bahamas, British Honduras. Address: Royal Mail Building, Port Royal Street, Kingston, Jamaica (P.O.Box 393, Telephone 3171).

U.K. Trade Commissioner in Trinidad, Mr. A. R. Starck, covers the Eastern Caribbean area. Bermuda is included in the territory covered by the U.K. Trade Commissioner in Trinidad. Address: 5 Abercromby Street, Port-of-Spain, Trinidad, P.O. Box 225.

Representatives of United Kingdom firms when travelling in Empire countries can obtain much help from U.K. Trade Commissioners, who are in close touch with the commercial life of the areas in which they are posted and welcome calls from such representatives.

### CANADIAN FOREIGN TRADE SERVICE

The Canadian Government maintains, as a branch of its Department of Trade and Commerce, a Foreign Trade Service which assists in the marketing of Canadian products throughout the world. The Canadian Trade Commissioners in the British West Indies are under particular instructions to extend the same measure of aid to West Indian exporters as to Canadian exporters.

*Canadian Trade Commissioners in the West Indies*—M. B. Palmer, Canadian Bank of Commerce Building, Kingston, Jamaica, P.O. Box 225; (territory includes Jamaica, the Bahamas and British Honduras) T. G. Major, Colonial Life Insurance Building, P.O. Box 125, Port-of-Spain, Trinidad; (territory includes Barbados, Windward and Leeward Islands, British and Dutch Guianas, French Guiana and French West Indies.)

### JAMAICA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AND MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE

(ROYAL JAMAICA SOCIETY OF AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE)

There was a Society of Merchants of Kingston which acted in a corporate capacity as early as 1766. In 1839 there was a Kingston Chamber of Commerce, and a Jamaica Chamber of Commerce existed about 1840. A Jamaica Society of Agriculture was established in May, 1885, its objects being as follows: 1. To take action in all matters connected with the agriculture and trade of the colony. 2. To offer facilities for considering and discussing all schemes or proposals having for their object the increased development of the industrial resources of the colony. 3. To promote interchange of experiences among the members of the Society with reference to the improvement of the breed of stock, the opening up of new markets for the sale of cattle, horses. 4. To



co-operate with kindred Associations in the West Indies and elsewhere, in constitutional efforts for the removal of all unjust fiscal or other disabilities, such as foreign export bounties, which deprive the colony of the natural advantages of soil and climate and exert an injurious influence on every department of commercial and industrial activity. 5. To afford opportunities for reading papers, delivering lectures, or holding discussions upon subjects of general interest. 6. To aid the holding and conducting of agricultural shows, fairs and competitions in different parts of the island. 7. To perform in its capacity of a regularly constituted responsible Association the functions of a recognized medium of communication with Government, conducting the correspondence and representing the interests of its members in all matters falling within the province of the Society. 8. To exercise the province of Arbitrators (when solicited so to do by contending parties) in all matters agricultural or commercial, with a view of an economical and peaceable solution of differences.

The government of the Society is vested in a council of 20 gentlemen chosen from the general body of members in the month of January in each year. The election of members is entrusted to the council. Gentlemen residing outside the island are eligible for membership. The roll of to-day numbers over 300 members. The Society is now in communication with most of the Chambers of Commerce throughout the world to which its annual reports are regularly forwarded and are members of the Associated Chambers of Commerce of the West Indies, and the Federation of the Chambers of Commerce of the British Empire.

In February, 1886, the Society opened for the use of members "The Merchants' Exchange," where the latest shipping intelligence may be obtained. In the year 1895 the Chamber had the honour to receive through the Secretary of State for the Colonies the consent of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria to add the prefix "Royal" to its title. To-day the Chamber's official name is "The Royal Jamaica Society of Agriculture and Commerce," but when a re-organization took place in 1922, it was decided for the purposes of convenience that the ordinary designation should be "The Jamaica Chamber of Commerce and Merchants' Exchange."

In 1923, monthly luncheons were inaugurated, and in 1924 a monthly Journal was started which is circulated throughout the Island and amongst the principal Chambers of Commerce in England, Canada, United States and other countries abroad.

The annual minimum subscription entitling the subscriber to the privileges of the Chamber is five guineas. The Society also publishes statistics to commercial men, "The Weekly Confidential Records."

**PATRON**—Sir John Huggins, K.C.M.G., M.C.,

**OFFICERS, 1948**—*President*, Hon. R. W. Youngman, *Vice-Presidents*, H. Vendryes, L. F. Kennedy, and Eric Abrahams; *Hon. Treasurer*, Vincent N. Aguilar; *Secretary*, N. A. Polack.

**COUNCIL**—Rudolf Elder, I. A. Figueroa, Paul Geddes, Hon. Douglas Judah, Dudley Levy, Gerald Mair, Leslie R. Mordecai, Stanley Motta, A. Ronai, G. B. Russell, Eugene Scott, J. Moss-Solomon, H. C. Tai Ten Quee, R. E. Taylor, W. Vendryes, L. Ramson, C. P. Stephenson, G. M. DaCosta and S. G. Fletcher.

**OFFICES**—Bank of Nova Scotia Building, Kingston, Jamaica, B.W.I.

**Telegraphic Address**—Chambcom, Jamaica

**Telephones**—Nos. 2801 and 2806. **Bankers**—Barclays Bank (D.C. and O.).

## MONTEGO BAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE AND DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

The Montego Bay Chamber of Commerce and Development Association was founded in 1932. This organization has done particularly good work in connection with the development of the Tourist Trade of Montego Bay and the progress of the Town.

The Officers are—Walter Fletcher, *President*; R. C. Clegg, *First Vice-President and Treasurer*; Gossett Howard, *Second Vice-President*; Arthur S. Davis, *Secretary*.

Members of the Council are the Officers named above, the Custos of the Parish, the two Members of the House of Representatives for the parish, and the Chairman of the Parochial Board, all ex-officio members.

Other members of the Council being —E. Hobbs Crichton, C. V. Ogilvie, Jas. Chin, E. A. Parkin, H. E. Wisdom, C. E. Fairclough.

## CHAPTER VIII

### TAXATION

#### GENERAL

Under the Tax Collection Law, Cap. 204, the tax collecting year is from the 1st of April to the 31st of March following. Section 21 of the Law permits the payment in quarterly instalments of taxes exceeding eight shillings.

#### PAROCHIAL TAXATION

The following are the principal parochial rates and taxes payable. They are collected by the Revenue Department for and on behalf of the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation or Parochial Board, and by the Water Commission.

#### (A) IN THE CORPORATE AREA OF KINGSTON AND ST. ANDREW AND PAYABLE TO THE KINGSTON AND ST. ANDREW CORPORATION

(1) A \*Corporation Rate, to provide revenue for general purposes, under Section 108 of the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation Law, Cap. 11, as amended by Laws 66 of 1941 and 16 of 1943. This Rate is fixed annually.

(2) A \*Municipal Improvement Rate in the Urban and Suburban Districts, also fixed annually, under Section 111 of the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation Law, Cap. 11.

(3) A Gas Rate in the Urban District of 6d. in the £10 of property value, to meet the cost of street lighting under Section 4 of the Kingston Gas Rate Law, Cap. 21. This Rate remains in force from year to year until altered.

(4) A Lighting Rate in the Suburban District of 5d. in the £10 of property value, to meet the cost of street lighting, under Section 28 of the Electric Lighting Law, Cap. 258. This Rate also remains in force until altered.

(5) Taxes on Horsekind and Wheels:—

(a) Under the Kingston Streets Improvement Law, Cap. 12, as follows:—

	Per Annum
	£ s. d.
Horsekind, each . . . . .	0 3 6
Each wheel of a vehicle with springs used in Kingston . . . . .	0 5 0
Each wheel of a vehicle without springs used in Kingston . . . . .	0 3 0
Each wheel of a Hackney Carriage used in Kingston . . . . .	0 6 8

(b) Under the Licence and Registration Duties Law, Cap. 199, the following are also payable:—

	Per Annum
	£ s. d.
On each bicycle or tricycle used on roads . . . . .	0 8 0
On each head of horsekind used on roads . . . . .	0 8 0
On each entire horse used on roads or roaming at large, of 2 years of age or over . . . . .	2 0 0
On each wheel of a Carriage . . . . .	0 7 6
On each wheel of a cart . . . . .	0 3 0
On each wheel of a hackney carriage . . . . .	0 10 0

(6) Tax on Motor Vehicles—

Under the Road Traffic Law, Cap. 310, the following licence duties are payable on all motor vehicles calculated on unladen weight:—

	Per Annum
	£ s. d.
(a) Each motor car . . . . .	£8 0 0
(b) Each motor car operating as public passenger vehicle . . . . .	9 0 0
(c) Each motor truck or tractor not exceeding 20 cwt. . . . .	5 10 0
(d) Each motor truck or tractor exceeding 20 cwt. and not exceeding 40 cwt. . . . .	6 0 0
(e) Each motor truck or tractor exceeding 40 cwt. and not exceeding 50 cwt. . . . .	7 10 0
(f) Each motor truck or tractor exceeding 50 cwt. . . . .	12 10 0
(g) Invalid carriages not exceeding 3 cwt. . . . .	1 0 0
(h) Invalid carriages exceeding 3 cwt. . . . .	1 10 0
(i) Motor cycles not exceeding 3 cwt. . . . .	1 0 0
(j) Motor cycles exceeding 3 cwt. . . . .	1 10 0
(k) Trailers for each hundredweight of gross weight . . . . .	0 2 0

\*These Rates are published in the Jamaica Gazette of the 28th February or 1st March of each year.

## (7) TRADE LICENCES—

Under the Licences on Trades and Business Law, Cap. 198, the following licence fees are payable:—

Licence to carry on the business of—

(a) Commercial Traveller	.. .. .	£25 0 0
(b) Merchant, General Factor or Wholesale Dealer	For each designated place of business with liberty to store in and deliver out of Public and other warehouses— (a) not exceeding £500 of gross value (b) exceeding £500 gross value— for each £10 of gross value, or fractional part thereof .. ..	£25 0 0 0 7 6
Provided that the Licence Duty payable in respect of any licence shall not exceed £100.		
(c) Auctioneer or Com- mission Agent	For each person carrying on business and shall include one designated place of business— For the Island .. .. For the parish of Kingston .. .. For any other parish .. ..	7 10 0 5 0 0 2 10 0
(d) Wharfinger	For each Wharf .. ..	2 10 0
(e) Supercargo	For each person carrying on business ..	5 0 0
(f) Proprietor of News- paper	For each designated Newspaper ..	1 10 0
(g) Retailer ..	(1) For each designated place of business not exceeding £20 of gross value (2) For each place of business exceeding £20 of gross value— (a) In the parish of Kingston including the suburban district of the Cor- porate Area, as defined in the Second Schedule of the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation Law, Cap. 11, for— (i) The first £20 gross value, or fractional part thereof .. .. (ii) Each £10 of gross value, or fractional part thereof beyond £20 .. ..	0 10 0 0 7 6
Provided that the Licence Duty payable in respect of any Licence shall not exceed £75		
	(b) In the Rural District of the Cor- porate Area, as defined in the Second Schedule of the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation Law, Cap. 11, and in every other parish of the Island other than the parish of Kingston and the said suburban district of the Corpor- ate Area, for— (i) The first £20 of gross value or fractional part thereof (ii) Each £10 of gross value or fractional part thereof beyond £20 .. ..	0 10 0 0 5 0
Provided that the License Duty pay- able in respect of any Licence shall not exceed £35.		

**(B) IN THE CORPORATE AREA OF KINGSTON AND ST. ANDREW AND PAYABLE TO THE WATER COMMISSION**

Water and Sewerage rates fixed by the Water Commission with the approval of the Governor in Executive Council under Sections 14 and 15 of the Water Commission (Corporate Area) Law, Cap. 66.

**(C) IN THE PARISHES OTHER THAN KINGSTON AND ST. ANDREW AND PAYABLE TO THE PAROCHIAL BOARD**

(1) \*A Parish Rate, to provide revenue for general purposes, under Section 6 of the Parochial Rates and Finance Law, Cap. 36, as amended by Law 37 of 1941. This Rate is fixed annually.

(2) \*A Local Rate in a particular District of a parish and to raise revenue for a particular purpose, under Section 15 of the Parochial Rates and Finance Law, Cap. 36, as amended by Law 37 of 1941. This Rate is fixed annually.

(3) \*A Sanitary Tax, under Section 98 of the Public Health Law, Cap. 71, to provide funds for sanitary purposes. Fixed annually.

(4) A Fire Rate, under Section 18 of the Fire Brigade Law, Cap. 49, to provide funds for the upkeep of a Fire Brigade. Fixed annually by the Board.

(5) A Lighting Rate, to provide funds for street lighting, under Section 28 of the Electric Lighting Law, Cap. 258. This Rate remains in force from year to year, until altered.

(6) Water Rates, imposed under Section 17 of the Parishes Water Supplies Law, Cap. 38, there being a separate Rate for each Water Supply District. These Rates are not fixed annually but remain in force from year to year.

(7) Also Tax on Horsekind and wheels, Motor Vehicle Tax and Trade Licence fees as in (5) (b), (6) and (7) of (A) above.

**TAXES ACCRUING TO GENERAL REVENUE**

The principal taxes payable to general revenue are:—

Customs Duties:

(1) Import and Export Duties

(2) Tonnage Tax.

Entertainment Duty

Excise Duties

Income Tax

Licence Duties

Motor Vehicle Licence fees

Property Tax

Sales Tax on Special Grades Rum

Stamp Duties, including

Estate Duty

Legacy Duty

and Succession Duty

**CUSTOMS TARIFF OF IMPORT AND EXPORT DUTIES**

Under the provisions of Section 5 of the Customs Law, Law 34 of 1939, all import or export duties of Customs and all exemptions from such duties which are by Law in force immediately prior to the time of the coming into force of the Customs Law shall be deemed to have been made thereunder and shall continue in force until revoked, reduced, increased or altered in the manner provided, viz.:—by resolution of the House of Representatives.

The following are the rates of import and export duties and exemptions from duty.

The Law or other authority under which the rate of duty or exemption from duty originated, in respect of each item, is quoted in the column headed "Authority".

The Third Schedule to the Tariff Law, Chapter 178, which was in force immediately prior to the coming into operation of the Customs Law permitted only certain goods to be imported for temporary use. That schedule is omitted from this reprint since importations for temporary use are now governed by the provisions of Sections 34 to 36 of the Customs Law. These sections are reproduced herein as the Third Schedule.

The rates of Export Duties payable under the provisions of the Export Duty (Spirits) Law, Chapter 184 are shown as the Fifth Schedule.

\*These Rates are published in the Jamaica Gazette of 28th February or 1st March.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential-Tariff	General Tariff	Whether conventionalised
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 3/1949	{	I	ALCOHOL, SPIRITS AND INTOXICATING LIQUOR			
		(1) (a)	Ale, Stout, Porter, Beer, Cider, and Perry except as provided in sub-head (b), per gallon	0 6 10½	0 8 6	
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 5/1943		(b)	Ale, Stout, Porter, Beer, Cider and Perry imported by or for the use of His Majesty's Military Forces, per gallon	0 1 1½	0 6 0	
		(2) (a)	Brandy, Whisky, Gin and Rum, imported in bottle and accepted by the Collector of Customs as not exceeding 80% Proof Spirit, per liquid gallon	4 10 0	5 18 0	
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 3/1949		(b)	Brandy, Whisky, Gin and Rum imported otherwise than in bottle or exceeding 80% Proof Spirit, per proof gallon	5 12 6	7 2 6	
		(3)	Bitters, Liqueurs and Cordials; including flavouring extracts; All kinds: containing 40% Proof Spirit or over, per liquid gallon	5 12 6	7 2 6	
		(4)	Bay Rum per proof gallon	17 8	1 4 0	
		(5)	Other Spirits and Spirituous Compounds not being methylated spirits nor perfumery nor medicines recognised by the British Pharmacopoeia or the United States Pharmacopoeia nor dentrifices, toilet preparations and washes nor otherwise enumerated, per proof gallon	3 0 0	4 0 0	
Tariff Resolution No. 3/1943						

FIRST SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	Whether conven- tion- alised
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 5 d.d. 12/12/45 Gazette Ex- traordinary No. 4 d.d. 4/1/46.		(6)	Wines: All kinds (including medicated wines) in bulk or bottle containing not more than 40 per cent. proof spirit			
		(a)	Still Wines under 26 per cent. proof spirit per liquid gallon ..	0 13 6	1 2 6	
		(b)	Still Wines 26 per cent. proof spirit and over, per liquid gallon ..	1 1 0	1 10 0	
		(c)	Sparkling Wines: per liquid gallon ..	1 7 0	1 17 6	
Law 42/1939	II		AMMUNITION AND EXPLOSIVES—			
		(1) (a)	Cartridges, per 100 ..	0 6 0	0 8 0	
		(b)	Shot, per 100 lbs. ..	0 9 0	0 12 0	
		(2)	Detonators, per 100	0 1 0	0 1 6	
		(3)	Other Explosives, per lb. ..	0 0 9	0 1 0	
Law 42/1939	III		ANIMALS, LIVING—			
		(1) (a)	Asses, per head ..	1 0 0	1 6 8	
		(b)	Cattle, per head ..	2 0 0	2 13 4	
		(c)	Goats, per head ..	0 10 0	0 13 4	
		(d)	Horses, per head ..	3 0 0	4 0 0	
		(e)	Mules, per head ..	3 0 0	4 0 0	
		(f)	Sheep, per head ..	0 10 0	0 13 4	
		(g)	Swine, per head ..	0 10 0	0 13 4	
			No duty to be charged on these animals when under two months old imported with the dam.			
Law 10/1941	IV		APPAREL—			
		(1)	Collars, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	25 p.c. plus 1/- per doz. collars	
		(2)	Ties, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	25 p.c. plus 6/- per doz. ties	

FIRST SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	Whether conven- tion- alised
Law 10/1941		(3)	Underwear: including vests, pants, drawers singlets and other similar garments	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
		(a)	Wholly made of cotton or wholly so made except for accessories or ornamental additions of other material which the Collector General is satisfied do not exceed 25% of the total value of the article, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	25 p.c. plus 7/6 per doz.	
		(b)	Other kinds, ad valorem ..	25 p.c.	40 p.c. plus 17/6 per doz.	
		(4)	Shirts:			
		(a)	Wholly made of cotton or wholly so made except for accessories or ornamental additions of other material which the Collector General is satisfied do not exceed 25% of the total value of the article, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	25 p.c. plus 7/6 per doz. articles	
		(b)	Other kinds, ad valorem ..	25 p.c.	40 p.c. plus 12/- per doz. articles	
		(5)	Hosiery:			
		(a)	Wholly of cotton, ad valorem ..	10 p.c.	10 p.c. plus 9d. per pair	
		(b)	Other kinds: ad valorem ..	20 p.c.	20 p.c. plus 1/6 per pair	

FIRST SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	Whether conven- tion- alised
Law 10/1941				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
		(6)	Boots, Shoes, Bootees, Overshoes, Slippers and Sandals complete or incomplete of all descriptions:			
		(a)	made wholly or partly of rubber, balata or gutta percha (except where the outer part of the uppers apart from stitchings, fastenings or ornaments is made entirely of leather and elastic): ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	25 p.c. plus 1/- per pair	
		(b)	rubber soled with uppers of leather or imitations thereof, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	25 p.c. plus 3/- per pair	
		(c)	made wholly or partly of leather or imitations thereof not elsewhere included, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	25 p.c. plus 3/6 per pair	
		(7)	Other apparel of all kinds, except as in Sub-head (8), complete or incomplete not particularly enumerated in this Schedule;			
		(a)	Wholly made of cotton or wholly so made except for accessories or ornamental additions of other material which the Collector General is satisfied do not exceed 25% of the total value of the article, ad valorem	15 p. c.	25 p.c. plus 12/- per doz.	



FIRST SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	Whether conven- tion- alised
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Law 10/1941		(b)	Other kinds, ad valorem .. ..	25 p.c.	40 p.c. plus 17/6 per doz. articles	
		(8)	Articles of wearing apparel which in the opinion of the proper Officer of Customs are <i>bona fide</i> worn clothing sent by persons abroad as gifts to persons in this Island for their per- sonal use and not for sale, ad valorem	15 p.c.	25 p.c.	
Law 42/1939	V		ASPHALT—other than pitch ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	VI		BAKING POWDER ad valorem .. ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	VII		BISCUITS, BREAD, CAKES—			
		(1) (a)	Unsweetened; in bulk, <i>i.e.</i> , packed in barrel or boxes not con- taining small inter- nal packages, per 100 lbs. ..	0 3 1	0 5 2	
		(b)	Otherwise packed, per lb. .. ..	0 0 1½	0 0 2½	C
		(2)	Sweetened, ad valorem .. ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	VIII		BROOMS AND BRUSHES— ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	IX		CANDLES—			
		(1)	Tallow, per 100 lbs.	0 6 3	0 8 4	
		(2)	Other kinds per 100 lbs. .. ..	0 18 9	1 5 0	
Law 42/1939	X		CARRIAGES AND PARTS Except Motor Vehicles and Railway Roll- ing Stock, ad valorem .. ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C

FIRST SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	Whether conven- tion- alised
Law 42/1939	XII		CEMENT, <i>i.e.</i> , Portland Cement—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
		(1)	Cement which conforms to such standards as may be fixed by the Governor in Privy Council and published in the Jamaica Gazette, per ton ..	0 12 0	1 4 0	
		(2)	Cement other than that included in Sub-Head (1), per ton ..	3 0 0	4 10 0	
Law 42/1939	XIII		CHEESE per 100 lbs.	0 8 4	0 16 8	
Law 42/1939	XIV		CHICORY per lb. ..	0 1 0	0 1 4	
Law 42/1939	XV		COCOA—			
		(1)	Raw or beans, per 100 lbs. ..	0 15 0	1 0 0	
		(2)	Manufactured, ad valorem ..	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	
Law 42/1939	XVI		COFFEE—			
		(1)	Raw, per 100 lbs. ..	0 15 0	1 0 0	
		(2)	Roasted or Ground, per 100 lbs. ..	1 10 0	2 0 0	
Law 42/1939	XVII		CONFECTIONERY, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	XVIII		CORDAGE—			
		(1)	Other than in 2:			
		(a)	of Hemp, per lb. ..	0 0 2½	0 0 3½	C
		(b)	other cordage, per lb ..	0 0 2½	0 0 3½	
		(2)	String and Twine, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	XIX		EDIBLE OILS AND FATS—			
		(1) (a)	Butter, per 100 lbs. ..	0 15 0	1 10 0	
		(b)	Butter Substitutes, including butterine and oleo margarine, per 100 lbs. ..	0 15 0	1 10 0	
		(2) (a)	Lard, per 100 lbs. ..	0 6 3	0 12 6	C
		(b)	Lard Substitutes, per 100 lbs. ..	0 6 3	0 12 6	
		(3)	Other edible fats, per 100 lbs. ..	0 7 6	0 15 0	
Law 10/1941		(4)	Edible oil, per gallon	0 2 0	0 3 0	

FIRST SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	Whether convention alised
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Law 42/1939	XX		Eggs, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	XXI	(1) (a)	ELECTRICAL APPARATUS For generating electricity, ad valorem ..	7½ p.c.	10 p.c.	C
		(b)	Electrical Apparatus— other, including radio receiving sets and parts thereof, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 10/1941	XXII		FIBRE MANUFACTURES Manufactures of Rattan, ad valorem	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	XXIII		FILMS CINEMATOGRAPH ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	XXIV	(1)	FISH (excluding tinned fish) of all kinds— Salmon, Trout, cured; dried, salted, smoked or pickled, per 100 lbs. ..	0 5 0	0 10 0	
		(2)	Alewives, Herrings, Mackerel: cured, dried, salted, smoked or pickled, per 100 lbs. ..	0 2 0	0 4 0	
		(3)	Other kinds: cured, dried, salted, smoked or pickled, per 100 lbs. ..	0 3 6	0 7 0	
		(4)	Fresh Fish, uncured: including all refrigerated fish, ad valorem ..	10 p.c.	20 p.c.	
Law 42/1939	XXV	(1)	FRUIT— Fresh Apples, ad valorem ..	10 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
		(2)	Fresh, other kinds, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
		(3)	Dried, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	C
Customs Tariff Resolution 6/1946	XXVI	(1)	FURNITURE, wholly or mainly of metal, ad valorem ..	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	C
		(2)	of wood, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
		(3)	REFRIGERATORS (including ice boxes) not electrical ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	
Law 42 1939	XXVII		GLASSWARE, (except bottles, lamps, lamp chimneys, and table glassware,) ad valorem	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C

FIRST SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	Whether conven- tion- alised
Law 42/1939	XXVIII		GRAIN, FLOUR, PULSE and preparations thereof—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
		(1) (a)	Corn (maize), per 100 lbs.	0 2 0	0 3 0	C
		(b)	Rice, undressed, per 100 lbs.	0 1 3	0 1 8	
		(c)	Rice, other, per 100	0 2 3	0 3 0	C
		(d)	Other kinds, excluding Pearl Barley, per 100 lbs.	0 0 3	0 0 4	
Law 10/1941		(2)	FLOUR AND MEAL—			
		(a)	Wheaten and Rye, per 196 lbs.	0 9 0	0 12 0	
Law 42/1939		(b)	Cornmeal and Oatmeal per 196 lbs.	0 1 6	0 2 0	
		(c)	Other kinds, ad valorem	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	
		(3)	PULSE—			
		(a)	Peas and Beans—			
			i. Whole, per 60 lbs.	0 0 9	0 1 0	C
			ii. Split, per 70 lbs.	0 0 9	0 1 0	
		(b)	Dholl, per 100 lbs.	0 1 3	0 1 8	
		(c)	Other kinds, per 100 lbs.	0 1 3	0 1 8	
		(4)	Malt, per 100 lbs.	0 0 3	0 0 4	
		(5)	Cereals, manufactured, ad valorem	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	
		(6)	Farinaceous Prepara- tions:			
			Arrowroot and Corn flour, per 100 lbs.	0 3 1	0 4 2	
Law 42/1939	XXIX	..	GREASE, lubricating ad valorem	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	XXX	..	HARDWARE, ad valorem	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	XXXI	..	HEMP MANUFACTURES, Other than Cordage, ad valorem	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	XXXII	..	INDIA RUBBER AND GUTTA PERCHA MANU- FACTURERS (except boots and shoes, tyres tubes), ad valorem	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	
Law 42/1939	XXXIII	..	INSTRUMENTS—			
		(1)	Scientific and surgical, ad valorem	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
		(2)	Musical, ad valorem	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	XXXIV	..	LEATHER, dressed and undressed, ad valorem	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C

FIRST SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	Whether conven- tion- alised
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Law 45/1940	XXXV	(1)	MATCHES— In containers contain- ing fifty matches or less —any greater quantity to be charged in pro- portion—per gross of twelve dozen boxes	0 11 0	0 14 8	
Law 45/1940		(2)	In bulk or otherwise than in such con- tainers, per 1,000 matches	0 1 6	0 2 0	
Law 42/1939	XXXVI	(1)	MACHINERY— Air conditioning, com- prising elements for cooling, control of humidity, cleaning and circulating of air, ad valorem	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 10/1941		(2)	Machinery—not other- wise specified except road making machi- nery, clocks, watches and chronometers, ad valorem	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	
Law 42/1939	XXXVII		MOLASSES AND SYRUP, ad valorem	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	XXXVIII		MEAT (other than tinned meats)—			
		(1) (a)	Fresh, ad valorem	15 p.c.	30 p.c.	C
		(b)	Poultry and Game fresh, ad valorem	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	
		(2) (a)	Beef, pickled, salted or cured, per 100 lbs.	0 5 8	0 11 4	
		(b)	Beef, smoked or dried, per 100 lbs.	0 12 6	1 5 0	
		(3) (a)	Pork and tongues, pickled, salted or cured, per 100 lbs.	0 5 8	0 11 4	C
		(b)	Pork and tongues, smoked or dried, per 100 lbs.	0 12 6	1 5 0	C
		(4)	Bacon and Ham, per 100 lbs.	0 12 6	1 5 0	C
		(5)	Sausages, dry or pickled, per 100 lbs.	0 12 6	1 5 0	C
Law 10/1941	XXXIX	(1)	MEDICINES AND DRUGS Patent and Proprie- tary Medicines, ad valorem	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	

FIRST SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	Whether conven- tion- alised
Law 42/1939		(2)	Other Medicines, ad valorem ..	£ s. d. 15 p.c.	£ s. d. 20 p.c.	
Law 42/1939	XL		METALS— Sheets, bars, ingots, girders of iron, zinc, steel or tin, ad valorem ..	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	C
Law 10/1941	XLI	(1)	MOTOR VEHICLES AND ACCESSORIES— Motor Vehicles—in- cluding component parts and accessories (except tyres and tubes) ad valorem ..	20 p.c.	40 p.c.	C
Law 10/1941		(2)	Tyres and Tubes for Motor Vehicles, ad valorem ..	20 p.c.	40 p.c.	
Law 42/1939	XLII	(1)	MILK— Condensed—as defined in Section 2 of the Food and Drugs Law (Cap. 72), per 48 lbs.	0 1 6	3/- for 48 lbs or 1/6 per 48 lbs plus 10 p.c. ad valorem which- ever be the higher	
		(2)	Skimmed—as referred to in Section 8 of the Food and Drugs Law, (Cap. 72), per 48 lbs. ..	0 16 8	1 13 4	
		(3)	In Sub-heads 1 and 2 the weight of the tin is to be included in the weight for duty .. Preserved and Powder- ed Milk, ad valorem	15 p.c.	25 p.c.	
Law 42/1939	XLIII		OILCLOTH, including Linoleum, ad valorem	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C

FIRST SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	Whether conven- tion- alised
Law 42/1939	XLIV		OILS— Not otherwise enumerated excluding essential and perfumed oils, per gallon ..	£ s. d. 0 0 4½	£ s. d. 0 0 6	
Law 42/1939	XLV		PAINTERS COLOURS AND MATERIALS, ad valorem	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	XLVI	(1)	PAPER (except writing, fruit wrapping, cardboard guards for Island produce, hoops and shooks of cardboard or paper) ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
		(2)	Writing paper, ad valorem ..	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	
Customs Tariff Resolution 18/1947	XLVII	(1)	PERFUMERY, ad valorem	45 p.c.	50 p.c.	
		(2)	Perfumes and Scents			
			Cosmetics and Toilet Preparations, including Shampoos, powders and lotions but excluding soaps dentifrices and excluding also perfumed oils, perfumed spirits, perfume bases and perfume essences, being of such types and in such containers as are commonly supplied to manufacturers of perfumery cosmetics toilet preparations and soaps, and which the Collector General is satisfied are imported by any such manufacturer solely for use in the manufacture of any such articles ..	30 p.c.	35 p.c.	
		(3)	Shaving Soaps and Shaving Creams	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	
		(4)	Dentifrices ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	
		(5)	Perfumed Oils, perfumed spirits, toilet waters, perfume bases and perfume essences, being of such types and in such containers as			

FIRST SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	Whether conven- tion- alised
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Customs Tariff Resolution 18/1947	XLVII		are commonly supplied to manufacturers of perfumery, cosmetics, toilet preparations and soaps and which the Collector General is satisfied are imported by any such manufacturer solely for use in the manufacture of any such articles ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	
Tariff Resolution No. 17/1947	XLVIII	(1)	PETROLEUM— Kerosene Oil and other refined petroleum burning oils, per gallon ..	0 0 1	0 0 2	
Law 10/1941		(2)	Lubricating Oil, per gallon ..	0 0 9	0 1 0	
Tariff Resolution No. 14/1947		(3)	Motor Spirit, including Benzine, Benzolene, Gasolene, Naptha and petrol spirits generally, per gallon ..	0 1 4	0 1 9	
Law 42/1939	XLIX		PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARATUS, and chemicals for photographic use ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	L		PLAYING CARDS— Not exceeding 54 cards per pack ..	0 0 4½	0 0 6	
Law 10/1941	LI		PIECE GOODS—excluding all cloth manufactured in the piece with a border or selvage marking a point for cutting to make up into an article of a distinctive character:— Wholly made of cotton of a value as assessed for duty under the Customs Law— (a) Not exceeding 1/6 per lineal yard, ad valorem .. (b) Exceeding 1/6 per lineal yard— (i) On the first 1/6 per lineal yard, ad valorem ..	10 p.c.  10 p.c.	20 p.c.  20 p.c.	
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 1 of 1945 d.d. 10.4.45 Gazette No. 43 d.d. 3.5.45		(1)				



FIRST SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	Whether conven- tion- alised
Law 10/1941	LI			£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
		(2)	(ii) On the excess above 1/6 per lineal yard, ad valorem Wholly made of artificial silk or rayon or of any mixture of cotton and artificial silk or rayon of a value as assessed for duty under the Customs Law— (a) Not exceeding 1/6 per lineal yard, ad valorem (b) Exceeding 1/6 per lineal yard,— (i) On the first 1/6 per lineal yard, ad valorem .. (ii) On the excess above 1/6 per lineal yard, ad valorem	30 p.c.  15 p.c.  15 p.c. 30 p.c.	45 p.c.  25 p.c. 25 p.c. 45 p.c.	
Law 10/1941		(3)	Woollen:—including mixtures containing more than 25 per cent. of wool  (a) Not exceeding 30 inches in width and not exceeding a count of 26 threads weft or warp to the square inch, accepted by the Collector General as being underwear flannel, ad valorem ..  (b) Other than those specified in (a) ad valorem ..	  20 p.c.  30 p.c.	  30 p.c. or 2/- per sq. yd. whichever is higher  45 p.c. or 3/- per sq. yd. whichever is higher	

FIRST SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	Whether conven- tion- alised
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Law 10/1941		(4)	Wholly or partly made of silk, ad valorem	30 p.c.	45 p.c.	
		(5)	Any other kind including mixtures not specified in this Item ..	30 p.c.	45 p.c. or 6d. per sq. yd. whichever is higher	
Law 42/1939	LII		ROSIN, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	LIII	(1)	SACCHARINE— Saccharine, including substances of a like nature or use, per ounce ..	0 2 6	0 3 4	
		(2)	Liquid preparations containing more than one per cent. of Saccharine (including substances of a like nature and use to Saccharine). For each part of Saccharine or similar substance per cent. or fraction thereof, per liquid gallon ..  Provided that no article shall be liable to a less duty under this item than would be payable were this item not included in this schedule ..	0 4 0	0 5 4	
Law 42/1939	LIV		SADDLERY AND HARNESS, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	LV		SAUCE, ad valorem ..	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	
Customs Tariff Resolution 4/1948	LVI		SALT— (except Rock Salt, mineral salt licks.) and grits.) ..	0 1 0	0 1 4	

FIRST SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	Whether conven- tion- alised
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Law 42/1939	LVII	(1)	SOAP— Common Laundry (in bars), per 100 lbs.	0 5 6	0 7 4	
		(2)	Other kinds, ad va- lorem ..	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	
Law 42/1939	LVIII		STATIONERY, except writing paper, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	LIX	(1)	SUGAR— Refined, per 100 lbs. Unrefined, per 100 lbs.	0 6 3 0 6 3	0 8 4 0 8 4	
Law 42/1939	LX		TEA, per lb. ..	0 1 0	0 1 4	
Law 42/1939	LXI		TELEGRAPH AND TELE- PHONE APPARATUS, ad valorem ..	Free	2½ p.c.	C
Law 10/1941	LXII	(1)	Textile Manufactures— Towels, ad valorem	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	
		(2)	Other —not elsewhere specified, ad valorem Provided that any ar- ticle not exceeding 4 sq. ft. shall not be charged with the additional specific duty ..	20 p.c.	30 p.c. plus 1/- per article	
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 3/1943	LXIII	(1)	TOBACCO AND SNUFF— Manufactured; Cigars per lb. .. Manufactured; Cigar- ettes—	1 5 0	1 10 0	
Customs Tariff Resolution 3/1949		(2) (a)	Manufactured within the British Empire and containing not less than 50 percent. of Tobacco grown within the British Empire, per lb. ..	1 10 4	..	

FIRST SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	Whether conven- tion- alised
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 3/1949	LXIII	(b)	Manufactured within the British Empire and containing less than 50 per cent. of tobacco grown with- in the British Empire per lb. ..	£ s. d. 1 11 4	£ s. d.	
		(c)	Cigarettes not other- wise specified, per lb. ..	..	1 12 4	C
		(3)	Other manufactured tobacco, per lb. ..	1 1 0	1 1 10	C
Law 42/1939		(4)	Unmanufactured— Leaf—not elsewhere enumerated, per lb. ..	0 5 3	0 5 3	C
Tariff Resolution 3/1943 Law 42/1939		(5)	Snuff per lb. ..	0 7 0	0 9 4	
	LXIV		TINNED PROVISIONS— in metal, glass, earth- enware or other air tight containers			
		(1)	Fish, ad valorem ..	10 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
		(2)	Jams, Jellies and Pre- served Fruits, ad valorem ..	25 p.c.	40 p.c.	C
		(3)	Meats, ad valorem ..	10 p.c.	25 p.c.	
		(4)	Vegetables, ad valorem ..	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	
		(5)	All other kinds, ad valorem ..	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	
Law 42/1939	LXV		TIN MANUFACTURES, except ingots, ad valorem ..	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	LXVI		TYPEWRITERS, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	LXVII	(1)	VEGETABLES, FRESH (excluding Sweet Pota- toes) Potatoes, per lb. ..	0 0 1	0 0 2	
		(2)	Onions and Garlic, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	
		(3)	Other kinds, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	LXVIII		VINEGAR— not including con- centrated Essence of Vinegar, per gallon ..	0 1 0	0 1 4	
Law 42/1939	LXIX		WALLBOARDS fireproof, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	LXX		WAX, ad valorem ..	15 p.c.	20 p.c.	C
Law 42/1939	LXXI		WOOD AND TIMBER; (UNMANUFACTURED)			
		(1)	Lumber, sawn or hewn undressed, by super- ficial measurement of one inch thick, per 1,000 feet ..	0 6 9	0 14 9	C

FIRST SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Sub-head	Articles	Preferential Tariff	General Tariff	Whether conven- tion- alised
Law 42/1939	LXXI	(2)	Lumber, sawn or hewn wholly or partly dressed by superficial measurement of one inch thick, per 1,000 feet	£ s. d. 0 10 6	£ s. d. 0 18 6	C
		(3) (a)	Shingles: Cypress, more than 12 inches, in length, per 1,000	0 4 6	0 4 6 plus 10 p.c. ad valorem	
		(b)	Wallaba, per 1,000	0 4 6	0 4 6 plus 10 p.c. ad valorem	
		(c)	Boston Chips and all Shingles not otherwise enumerated or described, per 1,000	0 3 0	0 3 0 plus 10 p.c. ad valorem	
Law 42/1939	LXXII		WOODEN CONTAINERS AND WOODEN SHOOKS FOR MAKING CONTAINERS—			
		(1)	Shooks, all kinds; Wood Hoops. Truss Hoops, Staves and Headings, ad valorem	Free	10 p.c.	C
		(2)	Containers of Wood for containing Island Agricultural Produce, ad valorem	Free	10 p.c.	
Customs Tariff Resolution 9/1948	LXXIII		Yarn which the Collector General is satisfied is imported for use in the manufacture of machine knitted goods and similar textile fabrics ad valorem	5 p.c.	7½ p.c.	
Law 42/1939	LXXIV		ALL OTHER ARTICLES— Not in this Schedule particularly enumerated or in the Second Schedule particularly exempted or enumerated in the Third Schedule ad valorem	20 p.c.	30 p.c.	

In the case of specific duties these rates to be charged upon any greater or less quantity of such goods, wares and merchandise respectively.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

The following Articles shall be admitted free of Import Duty:—

Authority	Item	Articles
Law 42/1939	1	Arms, ammunition, uniforms, accoutrements and equipment imported by or for the use of His Majesty's Naval and Military Forces, Militia and Volunteer Forces, the Police Force or any rifle association sanctioned by the Governor.
Law 42/1939	2	Articles imported by His Majesty's Naval and Military Forces, Militia and Volunteer Forces, the Police Force, or any rifle association sanctioned by the Governor, for distribution as prizes, on the certificate of a competent naval, military, or Police officer or in the case of a rifle association on the certificate of the Chairman of the Association.
Law 42/1939	3	Articles imported by or for the use of His Majesty's Naval and Military Forces as follows: Mess plate and furniture Band instruments, provisions and stores, on the certificate of the competent Naval or Military Officer. Whenever any local merchant shall have supplied any provisions or stores for the use of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces, then on the certificate of the Competent Naval or Military Officer that such goods have been supplied from local stock for the use of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces, there shall be payable a refund of the duty proved to have been paid on the first importation thereof provided that such goods shall have been imported within the limit of time fixed as the limit within which drawback may be claimed on goods exported.
Law 42/1939	4	Articles imported or taken out of Bond for the use of the Governor, his staff, and his household. Where any local merchant or trader shall have supplied articles for the use of the Governor, his staff, and his household, there shall be payable, on the certificate of the Private Secretary or Aide-de-Camp that such goods have been so supplied, a drawback of the duty paid on the importation of the goods.
Customs Tariff Resolution 20/1947 Gaz. 90 dd 4/12/47	5	(a) articles imported for the official use of any consular representative not engaged in any private occupation for gain within this Island;  (b) articles imported at any time during his official residence by a member of the United States Consulate, who is a citizen of the United States of America and who is a permanent and pensionable employee of the United States Government and who is not engaged in any private occupation for gain within this Island, for his personal use or the personal use of his family;  (c) articles imported on first arrival, or within one year thereof if the articles were owned at the time of first arrival, by any de carriere member of the Consular staff of any foreign country, other than the United States of America, for his personal use or the personal use of his family where a similar privilege is accorded by such foreign country to the British Consul therein.
Law 42/1939	6	Articles for the official use of His Majesty's Trade Commissioner and for the Canadian Government Trade Commissioner.
Law 42/1939	7	Uniforms imported for the use of the Civil Service and robes for the use His Majesty's Judges, the Law Officers and the Registrar of the Supreme Court.

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**SECOND SCHEDULE, *contd.***

Authority	Item	Articles
Law 42/1939	8	Uniforms and equipment imported by and for the use of the Jamaica Boys Scouts and Girl Guide Associations on the certificate of a Commissioner of such Associations: also uniforms and equipment imported by or for the use of Boys Brigades organized by the churches and approved by the Governor.
Law 42/1939	9	Artificial limbs, crutches and other similar appliances for the relief of permanent bodily disablement.
Law 42/1939	10	Remedy known as "606" Salvarsan (Dioxy-Diamado-Arseno-Benzol) and similar preparations when approved by the Director of Medical Services.
Law 42/1939	11	Quinine Sulphate, Quinine Hydrochlor and Quinine Di-Hydrochlor and all alkaloids or salts of Cinchona bark but not to include Quinine compounded with other drugs.
Law 42/1939	12	Insulin.
Law 42/1939	13	Lymph for vaccination, vaccines, serums and antitoxin for human and animal diseases.
Law 42/1939	14	Insecticides, Fungicides, Coal Tar Disinfectants when in liquid form including Carbolic Acid.
Law 42/1939	15	Wood Preservatives.
Law 42/1939	16	Fertilisers.
Customs Tariff Resolution 7/1948 Gaz. 48 dd 29.7. 1948	17	All horses, asses, cattle, sheep, pigs, goats, rabbits and poultry imported for breeding purposes in any case where such importation is under and in accordance with a permit granted by the Director of Agriculture.
Customs Tariff 3/1948 Ja. Gaz. 38 dd. 10.6. 1948	18	Films by whomsoever imported, certified by the Director of Education to be of an educational character on the ground that they fall within one or more of the following classes :— (a) Films intended for use in education of all grades; (b) Films intended for vocational training and guidance including technical films relating to industry and films relating to scientific management; (c) Films dealing with scientific or technical research or designed to spread scientific knowledge. (d) Films dealing with health questions, physical training, social welfare or relief. (e) 16 m.m. Films imported by recognised groups, Authorities or Associations, certified by the Director of Education as engaged in Educational or Welfare Activities; (f) Projectors imported by such certified groups, Authorities or Associations.
Law 42/1939	19	Books printed, bound or unbound, manuscripts, music, newspapers, pamphlets, magazines and periodicals, professional plans and specifications, slates, slate-pencils, black board chalk, globes, atlases, maps, school charts, copy and drawing books, suitable for and intended for use in schools, trade catalogues and printed advertising matter, bank notes, used and unused postage stamps, used postcards, not to include account books, printed labels, printed forms, or greeting cards.
Law 42/1939	20	Unframed photographs when not imported for sale.
Law 42/1939	21	War medals and decorations, also medals, shields, cups and similar metallic articles actually bestowed as, or to be competed for as trophies or prizes; also medals and other similar articles for bestowal publicly for any public service and received and accepted as honorary distinctions. This exemption is not to extend to persons stocking such articles for the purpose of trade.

SECOND SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Articles
Law 42/1939	22	Glucose and all forms of invert sugar.
Law 42/1939	23	Patterns and samples of no commercial value imported for trade purposes and not for general distribution and which are not capable of being used for the purpose for which the goods of which the articles is a pattern or sample are ordinarily manufactured and used.
Law 42/1939	24	Incubators for poultry raising, Metal Brooders, Laying Batteries, Finishing Batteries, and other similar equipment specially used in the Poultry Industry.
Law 42/1939	25	Bees, bee-hives and all accessories for bee raising.
Law 42/1939	26	Articles the growth, produce and manufacture of the Cayman Islands.
Law 42/1939	27	Coin and Bullion
Law 42/1939	28	Articles accepted by the Collector General as the personal and household effects of passengers brought in for personal use and not for sale and which have been in the <i>bona fide</i> use of the passenger for at least six months; also personal effects, not being merchandise, of natives of Jamaica or of persons ordinary domiciled in Jamaica who have died abroad.
Law 42/1939	29	Articles imported by or for the use of any office or bureau for meteorological observations approved by the Government.
Law 42/1939	30	Bay Oil.
Law 42/1939	31	Fuel Oil or bunker fuel imported for use as fuel only to the satisfaction of the Collector General which flashes above 150° F by Abel's Test.
Law 42/1939	32	Coal and coke
Law 42/1939	33	Poppies imported in connection with Earl Haig's Fund.
Law 42/1939	34	Christmas Seals imported by the Jamaica Anti-Tuberculosis League.
Law 42/1939	35	Wire Screen Cloth
Law 42/1939	36	Articles made from Sea Island Cotton, bearing the trade mark of the West Indian Sea Island Cotton Association, Inc., Trinidad.
Law 42/1939 Customs Tariff Resolution 12/1948 Ja. Gaz. 70 dd. 21.10.48	37	Articles imported for use in the Public Service, and by the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation, any Parochial Board, Kingston and St. Andrew Water Commission, the Spanish Town Water Commission, the Institute of Jamaica and the Tourist Trade Development Board.
Law 42/1939	38	Articles imported specially for the furnishing and decoration of buildings, solely used for public workshop, on the signed declaration by the Head of the Denomination that such articles are imported for such specific purpose. Also Sacramental Wine, Wafers, Frankincense and church vestments on the signed declaration by the Head of the Denomination.
Law 42/1939	39	All substances which the Collector General is satisfied are imported for use as the remedies for diseases of plants, or as preventative of insect attacks on plants and for the destruction of vermin.
Law 42/1939	40	Material and appliances which the Collector General is satisfied are imported solely for the treatment of or the prevention of diseases of bananas.
Law 42/1939	41	(a) Trees, plants, bulbs, cuttings, vines, seeds and grain of all kinds—with the exception of seed potatoes—for propagation and cultivation. (b) Seed potatoes for propagation imported by a Government Institution or other body authorised by the Governor, for distribution to persons for planting.



SECOND SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Articles
Law 42/1939	42	Silicate of Soda, Caustic Soda, Washing Soda and Rosin when imported by a Soap Manufacturer for use in his trade as such.
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 2 of 1943— Gazette 24.6.43	43 and 44	(a) (i) All containers (except containers made of wood) imported by or on behalf of any person for use by such person in the baling, bagging, bottling, crating or packing, of any articles produced or manufactured by him in this Island where such containers are intended to be sold together with such articles. (ii) Printed labels, corks, bungs and stoppers for any containers to which sub-paragraph (i) of this paragraph applies. (b) All materials (except shooks, staves and headings of wood) imported by or on behalf of any person for use by such person in the baling, bagging, bottling, crating or packing, of any articles produced or manufactured by him in this Island where the containers manufactured from such materials are intended to be sold together with such articles. (c) Wrapping paper cut for the purpose of wrapping or containing any goods produced by agricultural, pastoral or industrial operations in this Island, if imported by the producer of such goods and stamped with the name or the description of the article for the wrapping or containing of which it is intended to be used; (d) Grease-proof paper cut for the purpose of wrapping or containing any goods produced by agricultural, pastoral or industrial operations in this Island, if a certificate is given by the Collector General, that he is satisfied that the grease-proof paper will be used solely for the purpose of wrapping or containing goods so produced in Jamaica by the importer.
Customs Tariff Resolution 1/1948 Ja. Gas. 33 dd 6.5.48		
Law 42/1939 Law 10/1941	45	Ethylene Gas, Borax Powdered or crystal, vegetable wax, including such wax when in liquid form, washing compounds, liquid oil, Soluble Food dyes, for use in the preparation of fruit for export; also such other substances as may be proved to the satisfaction of the Collector General to be used for the same purpose.
Law 42/1939	46	White Oak Staves and Headings for the manufacture of Vats, puncheons, Hogshead, or Barrels to be used as containers for Island Agricultural produce, also iron and steel hoops also iron and steel cut in lengths for making such hoops, for use in the construction of such containers.
Law 42/1939	47	Paper intended for printing of newspapers, magazines and periodicals invoiced as such and supported by the declaration of the importer that such paper is imported for that purpose only; not to include any sized, water marked or writing paper of any kind.
Law 42/1939	48	Horses and Motor Cars of Officers of His Majesty's Naval and Military Forces.
Law 42/1939	49	Articles and appliances imported by the management of a school and duly certified as being intended exclusively for purposes of instruction, games and physical training.
Law 42/1939	50	Clarifying Carbon, Trisodium Phosphate, Meta-Bisulphite of Soda, Sodium Benzoate, DiSodium Hydrogen Phosphate imported for use in the manufacture of essential oils.
Law 42/1939	51	Temper Lime imported by a sugar manufacturer.

SECOND SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Articles
Law 42/1939	52	Soil testing outfits imported by planters for their own use.
Law 42/1939	53	Wines, spirits, and Malt Liquors imported for the use of Naval Messes in the Island consigned to any Naval Officer or President of a Naval Mess under certificate of the Officer Commanding the Naval Forces that they have been solely imported for the use of such mess.
Law 42/1939	54	Articles imported by any hospital supported by public subscription, and established for the provision of free treatment to poor persons when approved by the Governor.
Law 42/1939	55	Articles imported for any veterinary hospital supported by public subscription and established for the provision of free treatment of animals, when approved by the Governor.
Law 54/1940	56	Milk, fresh, untreated or partially treated, as from time to time approved by the Governor, which is imported into the Island by a condensary for manufacture into condensed milk.
Resolution of Legislative Council on 4th April, 1940.	57	Materials of Empire Origin imported through the Central War Assistance Committee for making articles for use of His Majesty's Forces overseas, and emblems for sale in aid of War Funds.
Do.	58	Tools and materials for the manufacture of rubber mats by deaf and dumb persons.
Do.	59	Articles imported by and for the use of the St. John's Ambulance Association
Resolution of Legislative Council on 19th April, 1940	60	Uniforms and equipment for use by the Girls' Guildry Movement
Resolution of Legislative Council on 10th June, 1941	61	Emblems, and articles bearing emblems, donated by the British War Relief Society, Washington, U.S.A., for sale under the auspices of the Jamaica Central War Assistance Committee, in aid of War Funds, and the Royal Air Force Benevolent Fund
Resolution of Legislative Council on 26th June, 1941	62	Materials imported by or on behalf of the Jamaica Central War Assistance Committee, for making garments to be sent to the United Kingdom for the relief of sufferers in bombed areas.
Resolution of Legislative Council on 2nd July, 1941	63	Medical First Aids Kits consigned to the Director of Education for use in schools.
Do.	64	Pianos consigned to the Director of Education for use in schools.
Do.	65	Clothing donated and consigned to the Director of Education for distribution to schools, for the use of indigent school children.

SECOND SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Articles
Resolution of Legislative Council on 11th February, 1942	66	Embroidery and crochet work made in the Cayman Islands, on a certificate by the Commissioner to that effect.
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 1 of 1942 dated 9.7.42— Gazette 16.7.42	67	Milk Churns (or milk cans) and Milk Pails.
Customs Tariff Resolution dated 1.6.43— Gazette 26.8.43	68	Atebrin, Mepacrine, Plasmoquine, Pamaguin.
Resolution of Legislative Council on 1.6.43— Gazette 2.9.43	69	Articles imported by the British Council for public use or for donation to approved Institutions.
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 2 of 1945 dated 31st July, 1945	70	<p>Six postal articles despatched by each member of the Jamaican personnel of the:—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) Auxiliary Territorial Service stationed in the United States of America or</li> <li>(b) Armed Forces of the Crown stationed outside of Jamaica</li> </ul> <p>Subject to the following conditions—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) The total value of all such postal articles despatched by any one person in the course of any one year shall not exceed £12 sterling;</li> <li>(b) the total weight of all such postal articles despatched by any one person in the course of any one year shall not exceed 8 lbs.</li> <li>(c) there shall be applied to each such postal article a label in the form set out in the *Schedule hereto;</li> <li>(d) no such postal article shall contain— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) potable spirits;</li> <li>(ii) more than <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> lb. in weight of tobacco in any form, nor tobacco marked "H.M. Ships only";</li> <li>(iii) more than <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> lb. in weight of any kind of scent or perfume;</li> <li>(iv) more than 2 lbs. in weight of the same type of foodstuff.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Customs Tariff Resolution, dated 3.8.44	71	Plant and Material imported by Colonial Food Yeast Ltd. through their Local Agents, the West Indies Sugar Co. Ltd. for erection and establishment of factory for manufacture of food yeast, so long as the principal Company operates on its present basis namely, with assistance from and under the control of the Imperial Government.

SECOND SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Articles
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 6 of 1945	72	Articles which are grown, produced or manufactured in the Turks and Caicos Islands.
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 7 of 1946 dated 13th November, 1946	73	All band instruments and music stands imported by or on behalf of or for presentation to any religious body and not being the property of individuals, upon the signed declaration by the Head of the Denomination that such articles are imported for such specific purpose.
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 8 of 1946 dated 13th November, 1946	74	All articles of stationery including writing paper, printed forms, envelopes and blotting paper imported by or on behalf of the Cambridge Local Examinations Committee for use in connection with the Cambridge Local Examinations, upon production of a certificate signed by the Secretary to that effect.
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 10 of 1946 dated 13th November, 1946	75	All worn clothing consigned to and imported by or on behalf of any welfare organisation approved by the Governor in Executive Council, upon production of a certificate signed by the Secretary of any such organisation to the effect that such clothing is imported for free distribution.
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 5 of 1946	76	All articles of civilian kit issued as such to an ex-serviceman on his demobilisation.
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 9 of 1946	77	All Uniforms and equipment imported for the use of the Salvation Army Life Saving Scouts and Guards upon the certificate either of the Commissioner of the Life Saving Scouts and Guards or of the Territorial Commander of the Salvation Army of Jamaica.
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 1 of 1946	78	Corozo Nuts.
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 11 of 1947	79	Articles imported by the Canadian Trade Commissioner or any Assistant Canadian Trade Commissioner of career, for personal or family use, subject to the existence of a provision for reciprocal privileges by the Government of Canada.
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 15 of 1947. Jamaica Gazette No. 57 dated 14.8.47	80	Fresh Fish (including shell fish) and turtle, taken by the fishing vessels of Jamaica and its Dependencies.
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 19 of 1947	81	Paludrine

SECOND SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Articles
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 21 of 1947. Gaz. Supp. No. 65 dated 1.9.47	82	Petrol, Oil and Aircraft parts imported into the Island solely for use in any civil aircraft operating either between the Island and any place outside the Island or between any places within the Island.
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 22 of 1947	83	Uniforms and equipment imported by or on behalf of and for use of the Army and Air Cadet Force, on the certificate of the Officer commanding the Force.
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 6 of 1948. Gaz. Extra. 40 dd. 11.6.48	84	<p>(1) Barbed wire and barbed wire staples.</p> <p>(2) Hog Fencing.</p> <p>(3) Poultry netting.</p> <p>(4) Dairy Barn equipment being—</p> <p>(a) compressors and motors if imported with and used as integral parts of milking machines;</p> <p>(b) Stanchions and Stalls.</p> <p>(5) Agricultural Machinery being—</p> <p>(a) Cane slings</p> <p>(b) Motors for operating irrigation pumps.</p> <p>(6) Rock salt, mineral salt licks and grits.</p> <p>* (7) Livestock and poultry feeds approved by the Governor in Executive Council from time to time.</p> <p>* (8) Articles used with live stock dairying and poultry industries approved by the Governor in Executive Council, from time to time.</p>
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 8/1948	85	Aralen Diphosphate.
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 11 of 1948	86	Fish caught by local fishermen and salted in the Morant Cays and Pedro Cays, and imported therefrom.
Customs Tariff Resolution No. 13 of 1948	87	Materials, articles and appliances imported by or on behalf of the provisional governing body of the University College of the West Indies upon production of a certificate signed by the principal of the University College to the effect that any such materials, articles or appliances are imported for use in the construction or equipment of such University College.

\*Livestock and Poultry Feeds, and Articles used in the Livestock, Dairying and Poultry Industries as approved by Governor in Executive Council on the 9th July and the 9th August, 1948. (Gazettes 46/15 7.48 and 51/12 8.48.)

SECOND SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Articles
Customs Tariff Resolu- tion No. 14/ 1948 Ja. Gaz. 8118.11.48	88	Meta-Bisulphite of Potassium imported for use with manufac- ture of essential oils.
Customs Tariff Resolu- tion No. 1/1949 Ja. Gaz. No. 8 of 27.1.49	89	Articles imported by or on behalf of the Kingston and St. Andrew Youth Council and certified by the Chairman of such Council to have been imported exclusively for use by any Youth Or- ganisation affiliated to the Kingston and St. Andrew Youth Council.
Customs Tariff Resolu- tion No. 4/ 1949 Ja. Gaz. No. 43/30.6.49	90	Badges and relief supplies which shall include medical supplies, foodstuffs and sundry other goods imported by the Jamaica Branch of the Red Cross Society.
Customs Tariff Resolu- tion No. 5/ 1949 Ja. Gaz. No. 71/22.9.49	91	Articles imported for use by the Jamaica Social Welfare Commis- sion.

## \*SCHEDULE

H.M. FORCES OVERSEAS DUTY FREE CONCESSION FOR  
GIFTS SENT TO JAMAICA

The following declaration must be completed and signed by the sender of the package:—I declare that the contents of this parcel are as shown below and are sent as a gift.

Goods	Quantity	Value

Signature of  
sender.....  
Date.....

This label must not be affixed to any package which weighs more than 8 lbs. (including packing), or which exceeds £12 in value, or which contains:—

Censorship  
Stamp

1. Any drinkable spirits.
2. More than  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. total weight of tobacco, including cigars and cigarettes (200 cigarettes or 50 cigars— $\frac{1}{2}$  lb.), or any tobacco goods marked "H.M. Ships only".
3. More than  $\frac{1}{2}$  pint scent.
4. More than 2 lbs. of any one foodstuff.

WARNING.—If the above restrictions are not observed the full duty will be charged on the whole contents of the package.

Label issued to.....  
Signature of Issuing Officer:.....

NOTE.—Six duty free parcels allowed each year not exceeding a total value of £12 and a total weight of 8 lbs.

## SCHEDULE A

## LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY FEEDS

Alfalfa meal	Mash and pellets, growing
Bone meal	Mash and pellets, broiler
Blood meal	Mash and pellets, fattening
Corn bran	Oats in the grain
Corn Gluten	Oil cakes
Cottonseed meal	Oyster shell
Fish meal	Peanut meal
Hominy feed	Rice polishings
Linseed meal	Soyabean meal
Millet	Sunflower seed
Middling	Sunflower oil meal
Meat meal	Scratch feed
Mash and pellets, starting	Wheat
Mash and pellets, laying	Wheat bran

Poultry Concentrates, Mash and Pellets  
 Hatching, Mash and Pellets  
 Breeder, Mash and Pellets  
 Flething Mash and Pellets  
 Dry and Freshening and other Dairy Ration  
 Mixed dairy feed  
 Dairy Concentrates, Mash and Pellets  
 Mixed Horse Feed  
 Prepared Pig and Hog Feed  
 Prepared Goat Feed  
 Prepared Rabbit Feed.

## SCHEDULE B

## ARTICLES USED IN THE LIVESTOCK, DAIRYING AND POULTRY INDUSTRIES

Bins, feed	Paint, branding	Tags, ear
Bottles, milk	Punches, bull nose	Trocars
Cattle dip testing outfits	Punches, ear notching	Tubes, stomach
Controllers, bull	Printers (moulds), butter	Thermometers, dairy
Cups, strip	Pinchers, seal	and poultry
Coolers milk	Probangs	Troughs, feeding
Caponising instruments	Pumps, stomach injection	(poultry)
Emasculators	Rings, bull	Weaners, calf
Fluid, branding	Rings, hog	Workers, butter
Guns, bailing	Ringers, hog	Waterers, poultry
Graders, egg	Scrapers (metal), barn	
Halters, bull	Stirrers, milk	
Hobbles, cow	Staffs, bull	
Irons, branding	Snap, bull staff	
Leaders, cattle	Scales, milk	
Markers, ear	Spreaders, manure	
Milk testing outfits	Scoop, feed	
Mastitis testing outfits	Syringes and hypodermic needles,	
Nests	poultry	

## THIRD SCHEDULE

(Reproduction of Sections 34 to 36 of the Customs Law, Law 34 of 1939)

Goods imported for temporary use	34—The Collector General may give permission to any person to import any goods without payment of duty thereon, upon being satisfied that such goods are so imported for temporary use only. Such permission shall be subject to the provisions of section 36 and to the following conditions:— (a) That such goods shall be exported within three months of the date of such permission, and (b) That the person to whom such permission is given shall deposit in the hands of the Collector General the amount of the duty on such goods, or else give security therefor, at the election of the Collector General.
Disposal of deposit	35—If any goods imported under the provisions of section 34 are not exported within three months of the date of the said permission, the deposit in the hands of the Collector General shall be forfeited, or, if security has been given as aforesaid, then the importer shall pay to the Collector General the full duties on such goods. If such goods are exported as aforesaid such deposit shall be refunded, or the security cancelled. Provided that the Collector General may, in his discretion, and on provision of additional security where he so requires, allow any additional period where he is satisfied that the articles are the <i>bona fide</i> property or <i>bona fide</i> in the use of any person on a temporary visit to the Island.
Certain goods may be excepted	36—The Governor in Privy Council may by notice in the Gazette declare that any goods named by him shall not be imported under the provisions of section 34, and may also declare that any goods which are permitted to be brought in under the said section shall be subject to such proportion of the duty thereon as he shall specify in such notice.

NOTE.—The Governor in Privy Council on the 30th October, 1941, gave notice and declared that cinematograph films brought in under section 34 of the Customs Law shall be subject to twenty-five per centum of the full duty thereon (Gazette Supplement, 26th February, 1942).

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

Authority	Item	Articles
Law 40/1938 and Law 42/1939		The articles enumerated below shall pay duty at the rate of five per centum ad valorem; except such electrical apparatus for generating electricity which apparatus shall pay duty at the rate of two and one half per centum ad valorem: Provided that if articles entered under the provisions of the said Schedule are the growth, produce or manufacture of the British Empire such articles shall be admitted duty free.
Law 42/1939	1	Flags of the British Empire.
Law 10/1941	2	(a) Machinery and apparatus specially designed for, and imported for use in, the cultivation, reaping, picking, extraction, manufacture or preparation for market of the agricultural, pastoral and mineral produce of the Island, except—  (i) machinery or apparatus the primary purpose of which is the transport of any article from place to place; or



FOURTH SCHEDULE, *contd.*

Authority	Item	Articles
		<p>(ii) machinery or apparatus accessory to, but not directly used in, the processing of such produce:</p> <p>(b) steam engines, boilers, prime motor engines, electrical motors, dynamos, for supplying light or power for use in a factory for the manufacture and preparation for market of the agricultural, pastoral or mineral produce of the Island:</p> <p>(c) pumps for raising water for agricultural and pastoral use and for use in the manufacture or preparation for market of the agricultural, pastoral and mineral produce of the Island:</p> <p>(d) locomotives, rolling stock, rails, railway ties and appliances solely used for railways and tramways:</p> <p>(e) parts which the proper officer of Customs is satisfied are imported for the purpose of replacing similar parts in a specified machine classified under paragraphs (a) to (d) of this item:</p> <p>Provided always that paragraphs (a) to (e) of this item shall not be deemed to include any article which at the time of importation is of such a nature or in such a condition that—</p> <p>(1) to render it capable of being used for the purpose for which it was imported, anything is required to be done other than the assembling or fitting together of its component parts;</p> <p>(2) the proper officer of Customs is not satisfied that the purpose for which the article is alleged to be imported is the purpose for which the article appears to have been primarily intended by its manufacturer.</p>
Law 42/1939	3	Pipes and Flumes for the distribution of water for agricultural and pastoral purposes; also well casings not being less than 6" diameter when imported to the order of the person intending to use the same.
Law 42/1939	4	Aircraft.
Law 42/1939	5	Sewing Machine.
Law 42/1939	6	Machine Belting.
Law 42/1939	7	Materials and appliances imported by the Jamaica Public Service Co., exclusively for the construction and equipment of their tramways.
Law 42/1939	8	Articles necessary for generating, storing, conducting and measuring electricity and for converting the same into power or light which the Collector General is satisfied are imported by or solely for the use of any public company providing electricity under licence.
Law 42/1939	9	*Agricultural implements, artisan tools and implements, as shall be approved from time to time by the Governor in Privy Council.
Customs Tariff Resolution No.2/1943 Ja. Gaz. 45 dd 8.7.48	10	Tractors imported to be used solely on agricultural property and spare parts for such tractors.

**\*LIST OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND ARTISANS' TOOLS AND IMPLEMENTS AS  
APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR IN PRIVY COUNCIL ON THE 2ND JANUARY, 1940  
(Gazette 29th February, 1940)**

**ARTISAN'S TOOLS AND IMPLEMENTS**

The following tools and implements such as are ordinarily and commonly used in their trades or calling by fitters, masons, brick-layers, smiths, carpenters, painters, cabinet-makers; coopers, boot-makers, saddlers, watch-makers, farriers and tailors; not to include tools or implements operated by power or capable of being operated by power nor articles specially adapted for use in a factory, foundry, garage or other similar workshops.

Adzes	Knives
Angle dividers	Lasts
Anvils	Lead ladels
Augers	Levels, spirit
Awls	Mitre boxes
Axes	Mallets
Bristles	Needles, boot-makers
Bits	Picks
Bellows	Pincers
Bevels	Pipe cutters
Braces	Pipe joiners
Blow torches	Pipe openers
Bolt clippers	Planes
Brushes	Pliers
Bench screws	Plumbs
Bung pullers	Plumb bobs
Callipers	Punches
Chisels	Rasps
Coopers' drivers	Reamers
Coopers' crowls	Rivet snaps
Compasses	Round shaves
Clamps	Rules
Cramps	Saws
Crucibles	Screw drivers
Dies	Scrapers
Dividers	Shears
Drills	Spanners
Dehorners	Spoke shaves
Files	Squares
Firepots	Stocks
Forges	Scissors, tailors'
Gauges	Snips
Gimlets	Thimbles, tailors'
Glue pots	Tape Measures
Gouges	Trowels
Hammers	Tongs
Hatchets	Taps
Heel shaves	Vises
Inch measurers of cloth	Wrenches
Irons, soldering	
Irons, tailors	

## AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

<b>Axes</b>	<b>Mattocks</b>
<b>Agricultural Forks</b>	<b>Pickaxes</b>
<b>Bill Hooks</b>	<b>Pruners</b>
<b>Cane Bills</b>	<b>Rakes</b>
<b>Cane knives</b>	
<b>Cane digging bills</b>	<b>Spuds</b>
<b>Cutlasses</b>	<b>Sickles</b>
<b>Chaff and ensilage cutters</b>	<b>Scythes</b>
	<b>Spades</b>
<b>Fruit pickers</b>	<b>Shovels</b>
<b>Grass knives</b>	<b>Sprayers (but not such as are ordinarily used for watering gardens or sprinkling lawns).</b>
<b>Ginger knives</b>	
<b>Harrows</b>	<b>Wedges (of iron or steel) for splitting wood.</b>
<b>Hoes</b>	

## FIFTH SCHEDULE

## EXPORT DUTIES

**Cap. 184** Spirits, wines and spirituous liquors (other than rum manufactured in Jamaica) shipped to any country or Dependency of Jamaica.

## SCHEDULE

On each case containing 12 reputed quarts or 24 reputed pints .. .. .	£0 5 0
On every puncheon, cask or hogshead containing not more than 100 gallons .. .. .	12 10 0
For each additional 12 gallons or part of 12 gallons ..	1 5 0

CUSTOMS DUTIES (*contd.*)

## (B) TONNAGE TAX

(Under the Tonnage Tax Law, Law 7 of 1946)

A tonnage tax is payable on all articles imported into Jamaica, at the rates shewn below: Exemptions may be approved by the Governor in Executive Council.

## RATES OF TONNAGE TAX

		s.	d.
1. Barbed wire and fencing wire .. ..	per cwt. or part thereof ..	1	0
2. Cement—			
(a) in packages not exceeding 100 lbs. gross weight .. ..	per package .. ..	0	3
(b) in packages exceeding 100 lbs. gross weight .. ..	per 100 lbs. or part thereof ..	0	3
3. Dunnage wood .. ..	per cwt. or part thereof ..	1	0
4. Earthenware pipes, bends and elbows ..	per cwt. or part thereof ..	2	0
5. Flour and Cornmeal .. ..	per 100 lbs. or part thereof ..	0	6
6. Gasolene in containers of 50 gallons, or less ..	per container .. ..	1	0
7. Gasolene in bulk .. ..	per 50 gal. or part thereof ..	1	0
8. Metals and all manufactures thereof, when not packed in any container .. ..	per cwt. or part thereof ..	2	0
9. Lumber .. ..	per 1,000 ft. superficial measurement, or part thereof ..	5	0
10. Paint .. ..	per cwt. or part thereof ..	0	9
11. Rice .. ..	per cwt. or part thereof ..	0	6
12. Shingles of any kind .. ..	per 1,000 or part thereof ..	2	0

13. Tiles, slates, roofing material and bricks in pieces not exceeding 1 square foot each, when not packed in any container ..	per 1,000 or part thereof ..	s. d. 5 0
14. Tiles, slates and roofing material in pieces exceeding 1 square foot, when not packed in any container ..	per cwt. or part thereof ..	2 0
15. Every other package or article of a kind not specifically referred to in this Schedule—		
(1) not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. ..	..	0 6
(2) exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. but not exceeding 1 cwt. ..	..	1 0
(3) exceeding 1 cwt. but not exceeding 4 cwt. ..	..	2 0
(4) exceeding 4 cwt.—on the first 4 cwt. ..	..	2 0
and on every additional cwt. or part thereof ..	..	0 6

## ARTICLES EXEMPTED FROM THE TAX

- (a) Animals.
- (b) Articles being the produce and manufacture of the Cayman Islands.
- (c) Articles grown, produced or manufactured in the Turks and Caicos Islands.
- (d) Coal and coke.
- (e) Condensed milk.
- (f) Cutlasses, spades, shovels and agricultural forks.
- (g) Fertilizers.
- (h) Fuel oil in bulk.
- (i) Iron unmanufactured.
- (j) Kerosene oil.
- (k) Articles admitted under Item 2 of the Fourth Schedule of the Tariff.
- (l) Materials and appliances for the treatment and control of plant diseases.
- (m) Materials for packing and putting up articles produced or manufactured in the Island.
- (n) Railway and tramway materials.
- (o) Salt.
- (p) Articles imported by or on behalf of the Government of the Island or by or on behalf of the Imperial or any Dominion Colonial Government, the Kingston and Saint Andrew Corporation, the Water Commission (Corporate Area), or a Parochial Board.
- (q) Articles for the time being exempted under any Law or Regulation pursuant thereto from Customs duty.

## CUSTOMS

*Ports of Registry.* Registrars of shipping are stationed at Kingston, St. Ann's Bay, Falmouth, Montego Bay, Port Maria and Sav-la-Mar.

## PORTS

Ports of Entry and Clearance	Principal Out Bays at which Island Produce is shipped
Kingston ..	Yallahs
Morant Bay ..	Holland Bay, Bowden
Port Morant ..	Hope Bay, Buff Bay, St. Margaret's Bay, Orange Bay, Manchioneal
Port Antonio ..	Nicholas Bay, Frankfort
Annotto Bay ..	Oracabessa, Rio Nuevo
Port Maria ..	Ocho Rios, Unity Wharf, Runaway Bay, Dry Harbour
St. Ann's Bay ..	Rio Bueno
Falmouth ..	
Montego Bay ..	Green Island, Mosquito Cove, Davis Cove
Lucea ..	Negril, Bluefields, Parkers Bay, Whitehouse Bay
Savanna-la-Mar ..	Pedro Bay, Alligator Pond
Black River ..	Carlisle Bay.
Salt River ..	

## ADMEASURERS' FEES

These fees levied under The Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, (57 and 58 Vic., ch. 60) and the Merchant Shipping (Mercantile Marine Fund) Act, 1898 (61 and 62 Victoria ch. 44) as amended by the Fees (Increase) Act, 1923 (13 Geo. 5 ch. 4). The following scale of fees is at present in force:—

Vessels 50 tons gross and under .. .. .	£2 0 0
Vessels over 50 tons gross and not exceeding 100 tons gross .. .. .	4 0 0
For each additional 100 tons or part of 100 tons above 100 tons up to 20,000 tons gross .. .. .	0 10 0
For each additional 100 tons or part of 100 tons above 20,000 tons .. .. .	0 5 0
For measurement under Rule 11 one-half the above fees	
For re-measurement in consequence of alterations on the upper deck or in the engine room or under Sections 77 (4), 78 (2), 79 (1) and 80 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894 or Section 54 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1906.	
Vessels 50 tons gross and under .. .. .	£ 0 10 0
Vessels over 50 tons gross and not exceeding 100 tons gross .. .. .	0 16 0
For each additional 100 tons or part of 100 tons above 100 tons .. .. .	0 2 0
Maximum fee .. .. .	5 0 0

## GOVERNMENT WAREHOUSE RATES—CUSTOMS LAW, 1939

## LAW 34 OF 1939

## SCHEDULE

	£	s.	d.
Boats, keel measurement per foot .. .. .	0	2	0
Bricks, per 1,000 .. .. .	3	0	0
Butter, per 100 lbs. .. .. .	0	3	0
Butter substitutes, including Butterine and Oleo-Margarine, per 100 lbs. .. .. .	0	3	0
Candles, per 100 lbs. .. .. .	0	4	6
Canvas, per bolt .. .. .	0	1	6
Carts and carriages (not including Baby carriages) .. .. .	2	0	0
Cement, per ton .. .. .	1	10	0
Cigars and cigarettes in cases or other packages per 50 lbs. net .. .. .	0	2	0
Corn, beans, peas, nuts, rice and grains of all kinds, per 100 lbs. .. .. .	0	2	0
Fish of all kinds, per 100 lbs. .. .. .	0	1	0
Flour in bags of 196 lbs. per bag .. .. .	0	4	0
Flour in bags of 98 lbs. per bag .. .. .	0	2	0
Gasolene, per drum .. .. .	0	7	0
Ironware, metal and steel of all descriptions, not packed in packages, per 100 lb .. .. .	0	2	0
Lard, per 100 lbs. .. .. .	0	3	0
Lard substitutes, per 100 lbs. .. .. .	0	3	0
Lumber, per 1,000 feet .. .. .	2	0	0
Malt, liquor, including ale, stout, porter, beer, cider and perry, per barrel .. .. .	0	4	6
per case .. .. .	0	3	0
Meal, in bags of 196 lbs. per bag .. .. .	0	2	0
Meal, in bags of 98 lbs. per bag .. .. .	0	1	0
Motor cars .. .. .	10	0	0
Motor trucks and vans .. .. .	15	0	0
Nails and Staples, per 100 lbs. .. .. .	0	1	6
Oars, per dozen .. .. .	0	4	0
Oils, (petroleum) in cases or other packages, per gallon .. .. .	0	0	6
Oils (other kinds) per gallon .. .. .	0	0	4
Pepper, black, per 100 lbs. .. .. .	0	2	0
Paints, per 100 lbs. .. .. .	0	2	0
Potatoes, per 100 lbs. .. .. .	0	2	0
Rope, in coils not packed in packages, per 100 lbs. .. .. .	0	3	0
Salt, per 100 lbs. .. .. .	0	1	4
Shingles, per 100 .. .. .	0	2	0

	£	s.	d.
Shooks and Staves, per set baled .. .. .	0	2	0
Soap, per 100 lbs. . . . .	0	2	0
Spirits and Wines, per cask (other than pipe, butt or puncheon) .. .	0	10	0
Spirits and Wines, per pipe butt or puncheon .. .	1	0	0
Spirits and Wines, per case .. .	0	2	0
Tar, pitch and turpentine, per barrel or drum .. .	0	5	0
Tea, per chest or other package, per 50 lbs. .. .	0	1	6
Tiles, and slates, per 1,000 .. .	3	0	0
Tobacco in boxes, bales or other packages, per 100 lbs. .. .	0	2	0
Tractors, cultivators and ploughs propelled by mechanical power .. .	15	0	0
Cultivators and ploughs, (other kinds) .. .	10	0	0
All other goods not specified in the foregoing Schedule not exceeding 8 cubic feet, per cubic foot .. .	0	1	4
For every additional cubic feet above 8 cubic foot .. .	0	0	8

The foregoing rates shall be payable in respect of any period not exceeding three months, and for any period exceeding three months there shall be charged in respect of each month or fraction of a month in excess of the first three months a sum calculated at the rate of one quarter of the rates prescribed in this Schedule.

There shall be further charged in the actual expenses incurred by the Collector General for transportation of the goods to a King's Warehouse or Customs are in occupation or use of the Government and/or in pursuance of any act done by him in accordance with the provisions of the Customs Law.

## REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE GRANTING OF DRAWBACKS

### GENERAL

143. No drawback shall be paid on any goods unless the drawback claimed in respect of the goods entered on any one shipping bill or other document shall exceed the sum of four shillings.

144. Drawback shall be payable according, to the actual quantity of goods exported, or put on board as stores, or used as the case may be: Provided that where any general allowance for shortage and breakage has been made in accordance with regulation 70, a similar deduction shall be made from the amount of drawback otherwise payable.

145. No drawback shall be paid in any case where the Collector General certifies that he is not satisfied that any package or goods in respect of which drawback is claimed is identical with the particulars thereof contained in all entries, invoices or other documents relating to such goods, or in the case of imported goods, that the package containing the goods has not (except as permitted by law) been opened, or that the package or the goods have not been tampered with while within the Island.

146. No drawback shall be paid in respect of any goods, the value of which in the opinion of the Collector General on account of deterioration or any other cause whatsoever has depreciated so as to render the goods unsaleable at a reasonable profit in the Island, unless the Collector General in his discretion shall in any special circumstances otherwise direct.

147. No drawback shall be paid on any goods unless the person presenting the same for examination shall furnish the proper Officer with such samples as he shall require for purposes of test or otherwise, and shall duly assist such Officer in examining and taking an account of the same.

148. It shall be a condition of the granting of any drawback:—

- That the goods are not prohibited by any law or regulation from exportation or from the allowance of drawback.
- That the goods at the time of importation are completely enclosed in packages to the satisfaction of the proper Officer, or, if not so enclosed, consist of identifiable single units, or, if in bulk, are capable of measurement and/or identification and are measured and/or identified (as directed by the Collector General) with the particulars shown on the import entry and on the invoices and other documents relating thereto.
- That if in regard to any particular description of goods or any particular consignment the Collector General shall so direct, each package or unit shall on importation be marked or secured prior to the delivery thereof to the importer, and shall be kept so marked and secured until such time as the Collector General shall require.

- (d) That the invoices are deposited with the Collector General on importation and before the goods are delivered to the importer.
- (e) That all expenses of giving effect to the regulations are borne by the persons availing themselves thereof.

### EXPORTATION AND STORES

149. No drawback shall be granted on any goods exported or used on board any aircraft or ship as stores unless the same are exported or put on board as stores within two years of the date of importation thereof, unless the Governor in Privy Council shall in any special circumstances direct that drawback shall be paid.

150. Goods intended for drawback shall be presented for examination at such places as the Proper Officer shall direct.

151. No drawback shall be paid on any goods entered for exportation or as stores, unless they are duly produced to the Proper Officer at the approved place of examination prior to loading and also, if the Proper Officer shall so require, on board the exporting aircraft or ship.

152. No drawback shall be paid on any goods entered for exportation, or as stores, unless the same are conveyed direct and without delay from the place of examination on to the exporting aircraft or ship, unless in any particular case the Proper Officer shall permit the same to be kept in official custody at the expense of the exporter.

153. All goods imported in packages shall be re-exported or shipped for use as stores in the same unbroken packages in which they were imported unless such packages shall have been opened and the contents dealt with in such manner as the Collector General shall have directed or approved of in any particular case; provided that this Regulation shall not apply to ships-of war.

154. In any case where the rate of import duty payable on the like kind of goods on the date when any goods are exported, or put on board an aircraft or ship as stores, shall be less than the rate of import duty actually paid thereon then in such case drawback shall be calculated according to the lower rate of duty.

155. Drawback shall be calculated at the Preferential rate of duty notwithstanding that the General rate may have been paid thereon on all goods exported other than as ships stores from the Island.

Provided that notwithstanding the limitation contained in regulation 143 when goods imported are proved to the satisfaction of the Collector General to have been supplied contrary to order or requirement the full duty may be refunded on the exportation thereof within 3 months of the date of importation, or such further period as the Collector General may allow.

156. A drawback of the full duties paid on the importation of any goods shall be granted on the same being shipped or put on board any aircraft or ship for use as stores in accordance with regulations 90, 91, and 92.

157. In lieu of drawback under the preceding Regulations there shall be paid in respect of imported materials on which duty has been paid which are used in the manufacture or putting up of articles manufactured or produced in this Island a drawback equal to the preferential duty payable on such material which the Collector General is satisfied have been so used.

- (1) Provided that no drawback shall be allowed in respect of shooks of any kind, wood hoops, truss hoops, staves and headings so used.
- (2) Provided further that when the actual quantity or measure cannot be ascertained by ordinary methods, the Governor in Privy Council may approve an approximate Scale of Drawback.

158. There shall be paid a drawback of the amount of duty which the Proper Officer is satisfied has been paid on Shipbuilding Materials or Accessories including paints and oils used in the construction, repairs or renovation of foreign going vessels of any kind subject to such conditions as the Collector General is hereby authorised to prescribe from time to time, and provided that drawback shall only be allowed when application for same has been made prior to the delivery of such materials and accessories and the goods have been imported within one year from the date on which they were so used.

159. The duties paid on provisions and stores supplied by merchants, contractors or other persons for the use of His Majesty's Forces in the Island may be refunded under the following conditions:—

- (1) Claims to be rendered in the appropriate form (Form C 73) or in such other manner as the Proper Officer may approve.

(2) Where for any reason the goods cannot be identified with any particular importation, the duty paid shall be deemed to be as follows:—

(a) In the case of rated goods, the lowest preferential rate that has been in force for that description of goods for a period of two years prior to the date of supply.

(b) In the case of goods liable to duty "*ad valorem*" nine per centum of the selling price where the lowest Preferential "*ad valorem*" rate that has been in force for that description of goods for a period of two years prior to the date of supply was 15% and *pro rata* where other "*ad valorem*" rates have been in force during such period.

Provided that if, from the nature of the goods or any other reason the Proper Officer is satisfied that duty was paid at the General Rate, drawback may be allowed in the case of rated goods at the lowest general rate that has been in force for a period of two years prior to the date of supply, and in the case of goods liable to duty "*ad valorem*" twelve per centum of the selling price where the lowest general *ad valorem* rate that has been in force for that description of goods for a period of two years prior to the date of supply has been 20% and *pro rata* where other rates have been in force during such period.

Provided further that if the duty on any description of goods shall, within two years prior to the date of supply have been leviable both on the rated and "*ad valorem*" basis the amount to be refunded shall be the lowest rate in force during such period.

159A. The duties paid on provisions and stores purchased in this Island and exported to the Food Controller of the Turks and Caicos Islands may be refunded on the following conditions:—

(1) Claims to be rendered in the appropriate form or in such other manner as the officer may approve and shall be accompanied by Certificates of Landing from the appropriate authorities in the Turks and Caicos Islands together with the Bills or Invoices in respect of the goods purchased.

(2) Where for any reason the goods cannot be identified with any particular importation, the duty paid shall be deemed as follows:—

(a) In the case of rated goods, the lowest preferential rate that has been in force for that description of goods for a period of two years prior to the date of supply.

(b) In the case of goods liable to duty *ad valorem* nine per centum of the selling price where the lowest preferential *ad valorem* rate that has been in force for that description of goods for a period of two years prior to the date of supply was 15% and *pro rata* where other *ad valorem* rates have been in force during such period.

Provided that if from the nature of the goods or any other reason the proper officer is satisfied that duty was paid at the general rate, drawback may be allowed in case of rated goods at the lowest general rate that has been in force for a period of two years prior to the date of supply, and in the case of goods liable to duty *ad valorem* twelve per centum of the selling price where the lowest general *ad valorem* rate that has been in force for that description of goods for a period of two years prior to the date of supply has been 20% and *pro rata* where other rates have been in force during such period.

Provided further that if the duty of any description of goods shall, within two years prior to the date of supply have been leviable both on the rated and *ad valorem* basis, the amount to be refunded shall be the lowest rate in force during such period.

### WHARFAGE RATES

*Wharfage Rates*, payable to the Wharf Owners, are prescribed by the Wharfage Law, Cap. 281, and Orders made thereunder.

### DOG TAX—CAP. 199

On each dog in the parish of Kingston and in the towns of Spanish Town, Linstead, St. Ann's Bay, Brown's Town, Falmouth, Montego Bay, Lucea, Savanna-la-Mar, Black River, Mandeville, Chapelton, Port Maria, Annotto Bay, Port Antonio, Buff Bay, Morant Bay and Port Royal

Per Annum

£ s. d.

0 4 0



## EXCISE DUTY

Under the provisions of the Excise Duty Law, Law 73 of 1941:

Beer— on every imperial gallon of beer brewed in the Island 3/4d.

Cigars and

Cigarettes— on all cigars manufactured in Jamaica for sale by retail

(a) at a price exceeding 10/- per 100 .. 6/- per 100

(b) at a price exceeding 5/- but not 10/- per 100 .. 3/- per 100

(c) at a price not exceeding 5/- per 100 .. 1/6 per 100

(Price means price by the box containing not more than 100 cigars)

On all cigarettes manufactured in Jamaica for sale 4/5 per 100

(Cigarettes, 300 of which weigh more than a pound, shall pay duty as cigars)

On pipe tobacco, except "rope" tobacco, manufactured in Jamaica for sale .. 6/- per lb.

Matches—

On every gross boxes .. 7/1d.

Rum and

Spirits—

On all rum and other distilled spirits made and sold for consumption, at the strength of proof as ascertained by Sykes' Hydrometer and the Tables of Calculations to be used in connection therewith .. £1 3 4 per gallon

## INCOME TAX \*

The Income Tax Law authorises the appointment of persons to assist taxpayers in filling out the returns required by this Law, and the Governor has duly appointed as such the Collectors of Taxes in each parish or place, as being best suited for that duty.

## LEGISLATION

• The incomes which are liable to Jamaica Income Tax are:—

(a) Incomes of all persons resident in Jamaica whether British subjects or not.

(b) Incomes of all other persons (whether British subjects or not) to the extent that the income is derived from sources within this Island.

Exemptions include:—

1. Incomes of any Friendly Society established under the Friendly Society Law.
2. The official emoluments of Consuls and Vice Consuls who are citizens of the countries they represent.
3. Incomes of Charitable Corporations or Associations.
4. Wound and Disability Pensions granted to members of His Majesty's Forces.
5. The emoluments payable to His Majesty's Forces from Imperial Funds or the funds of any Dominion, Colony or place under His Majesty's protection.

The year of assessment is the year ending the 31st December, and Income Tax is assessed in every year in respect of the income derived or received in the immediately preceding year ending 31st December. The Assessment Committee may, however permit any person to be assessed in respect of income derived or received during a period of twelve months ending at any date within the preceding year.

The income of a married woman living with her husband is deemed to be his income for the purposes of the Income Tax Law except where the joint incomes do not exceed £400.

Income Tax in respect of the chargeable income of any person is chargeable at the following rates:—

				s.	d.
For every pound of the first	£100	..	..	0	7
Ditto	next £100	..	..	1	2
Ditto	Ditto £100	..	..	1	9
Ditto	Ditto £100	..	..	2	4
Ditto	Ditto £100	..	..	2	11
Ditto	Ditto £100	..	..	3	6
Ditto	Ditto £100	..	..	4	1
Ditto	Ditto £150	..	..	4	8
Ditto	remainder	..	..	7	6

\* For a history of Income Tax in Jamaica, see the Handbook for 1939

Provided that the rate of Income Tax chargeable shall be:—

- (a) Seven shillings and sixpence for every pound of the chargeable income of a Company which is incorporated or registered under any Law in force in the Island or which, though incorporated or registered outside the Island, carries on business or has an office or place of business therein; and on the income of every Society registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Law, or under the Building Societies Law.

In addition to the Income Tax charged at the above rates, the total income of an individual, where it exceeds £2,000 (prior to the deductions for Abatement, Wife, Children, Life Assurance, and contributions to Super-Annuation funds) is liable to Surtax in respect of the excess over £2000 at the following rates:—

						S.	D.
For every pound of the first £1,000 of such excess						1	3
Ditto	next	£1,000	Ditto	..	..	2	6
Ditto	Ditto	£1,000	Ditto	..	..	3	9
Ditto	Ditto	£1,000	Ditto	..	..	5	0
Ditto	Ditto	£1,000	Ditto	..	..	6	3
Ditto	remainder					7	6

An abatement of £200 is allowed to any individual who is resident in Jamaica or is a British subject, whose income does not exceed £700, and £150 if the income is in excess of £700.

A deduction of £80 is given to a married man and £40 for a first child and £20 for each subsequent child where the taxpayer resides in the Island.

Special provisions apply to the assessment of income of Life and other Insurance Companies.

Relieving Sections permit the trading etc., losses of one year to be carried forward and set against the profits of the three following years and a deduction in respect of "Obsolescence" in cases where Plant and Machinery are replaced.

A taxpayer may apply to the Assessment Committee for revision of the assessment and may appeal to the Court from a decision by the Assessment Committee.

TABLE I.—YEAR OF ASSESSMENT, 1947

Table showing (1) Accounts of Gross Income of "Persons" (including Corporate Bodies) assessed by the Assessment Committee (2) Allowances made in respect of Wear and Tear, Life Insurance and Wife's and Children's relief (3) The net assessments remaining in charge under the various ranges of income in the scale of Section 7 (1) of the Income Tax Law.

RANGES OF INCOME	GROSS INCOME ASSESSED		DEDUCTIONS IN RESPECT OF:—							
	No.	Amount £	Losses Previous Years		Wear and Tear		Super-annuation		Abatement	
			No.	Amount £	No.	Amount £	No.	Amount £	No.	Amount £
Not Exceeding— £300 ..	10,278	2,521,044	15	1,102	63	1,325	178	1,396	9,921	1,975,250
" " 400 ..	4,367	1,556,190	4	855	51	743	133	1,531	4,333	864,400
" " 500 ..	2,798	1,289,394	7	2,139	51	1,247	102	1,526	2,756	549,900
" " 750 ..	2,830	1,742,994	10	3,046	97	4,102	146	2,996	2,785	538,150
" " 1,000 ..	1,164	1,019,836	7	1,971	76	2,898	84	2,037	1,132	170,000
" " 1,500 ..	837	1,022,349	11	6,811	104	8,487	47	1,618	790	118,550
" " 2,000 ..	273	480,511	6	3,552	67	7,201	14	736	241	36,150
" " 5,000 ..	392	1,165,174	19	21,130	137	25,394	10	676	311	46,650
" " 8,000 ..	77	478,262	7	20,443	27	10,938	1	73	50	7,500
" " 10,000 ..	27	242,509	1	1,821	14	11,838	..	..	14	2,100
" " 15,000 ..	21	257,587	1	7,441	15	15,190	..	..	7	1,050
" " 20,000 ..	11	187,248	..	..	7	22,761	..	..	2	300
Over 20,000 ..	41	1,834,444	3	34,359	32	150,043	..	..	4	600
TOTAL	23,116	13,797,542	91	104,670	741	262,667	715	12,589	22,346	4,310,600

TABLE I.—YEAR OF ASSESSMENT, 1947, *contd.*

Table showing (1) Accounts of Gross Income of "Persons" (including Corporate Bodies) assessed by the Assessment Committee (2) Allowances made in respect of Wear and Tear, Life Insurance and Wife's and Children's relief (3) The net assessments remaining in charge under the various ranges of income in the scale of Section 7 (1) of the Income Tax Law.

RANGES OF INCOME	DEDUCTIONS IN RESPECT OF:—						TOTAL DEDUCTION		CHARGEABLE INCOME	
	WIFE		CHILDREN		INSURANCE		No.	Amount	No.	Amount
	No.	Amount	No.	Amount	No.	Amount				
Not Exceeding—£300..	3191	165,955	1,061	27,393	2,001	26,617	9,954	2,199,538	5,906	321,506
" " 400..	1,778	142,214	1,464	81,741	1,205	26,466	4,336	1,117,950	3,497	438,240
" " 500..	1,445	113,821	1,090	80,786	1,193	36,877	2,766	786,296	2,740	503,098
" " 750..	1,734	137,685	1,254	88,780	1,444	61,587	2,804	836,346	2,824	906,048
" " 1,000..	735	58,709	485	32,931	656	41,070	1,146	309,616	1,163	710,220
" " 1,500..	530	42,275	346	22,920	504	45,294	819	245,955	833	776,394
" " 2,000..	177	14,160	113	7,540	167	20,260	260	89,599	272	390,912
" " 3,000..	211	16,830	130	8,163	208	35,729	368	155,072	388	1,010,102
" " 4,000..	32	2,560	17	1,200	35	8,550	68	51,264	77	426,998
" " 5,000..	6	480	4	220	9	2,219	27	18,678	27	223,831
" " 6,000..	6	480	..	..	5	1,350	19	25,511	20	232,076
" " 7,000..	2	160	1	80	2	500	8	23,801	11	163,447
" " 8,000..	3	240	2	220	3	900	36	186,362	40	1,648,082
Over										
TOTAL	9,850	695,569	5,967	352,474	7,432	307,419	22,611	6,045,988	17,798	7,751,554

TABLE II—YEAR OF ASSESSMENT 1947

Table showing the distribution of gross incomes appearing in Column 2 of Table I, classified under the various sources of Industry, Investments, etc., whether derived within or out of the Island.

Sources of Income 1	Heads of Income 2	Number Assessed 3	Amount 4
Rents .. ..	A	£1,114	180,004
Working of Estates of every description, e.g., bananas, cane and other cultivations, penkeeping etc. .. ..	B	799	566,742
Interest on money and dividends arising from sources within the Island. .. ..	C 1	2,312	882,051
Profits of every description derived from sources outside this Island. .. ..	C 2	406	122,621
Profits from Trades, Professions, etc. .. ..	D	5,230	5,170,455
Income arising from employments and Pensions. .. ..	E	17,034	6,547,200
Casual Profits of every description	F	300	22,642
Wife's Income from all sources	G	1,265	305,827
Totals		£23,116	£13,797,542

## LICENCES

*Agricultural Produce Buyers (under the Agricultural Produce Law, Cap. 339)*

## Class I

Coffee, pimento, ginger, cacao, nutmegs, orange oil, kola or bissie, annatto, honey, sarsaparilla, wax, rice in the husk—commonly known as paddy or dahn .. ..	£2 10 0
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## Class II

Bunches of bananas, oranges, shaddocks, grape fruit and other citrus fruit and coconuts, avocado pears and tangerines ..	2 10 0
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## Class III

Dye woods and other economic woods and the roots thereof ..	2 10 0
License to buy in all parishes .. ..	50 0 0

**Manufacturers' Licences under Law 73 of 1941 (The Excise Duty Law) as follows:—**

Exclusive of stamps

Manufacture of Aerated Waters	..	..	..	£1	0	0
" " Beer	..	..	..	30	0	0
" " Condensed Milk	..	..	..	1	0	0
" " Cornmeal	..	..	..	1	0	0
" " Edible Oil and Edible Oil Products	..	..	..	10	0	0
" " Matches	..	..	..	10	0	0
" " Spirits by distillation, per still	..	..	..	20	0	0
" " Spirituous Compounds (elsewhere than in an Excise Warehouse)	..	..	..	30	0	0
" " Tobacco (cigars, cigarettes and manufactured tobacco)	..	..	..	10	0	0
Itinerant Trades in Horses, <i>Cap. 199</i>	..	..	..	2	0	0
Landlords' Bailiff, <i>Cap. 364</i>	..	..	..	1	0	0
Pawnbroker, <i>Cap. 289</i>	..	..	..	2	10	0
<b>Petroleum—Law 53 of 1940—</b>						
(a) Other than Motor Spirit	..	..	..	10	0	0
(b) Motor Spirit in urban and suburban districts of Kingston and St. Andrew	..	..	..	3	0	0
(c) Motor Spirit in certain towns and places	..	..	..	2	0	0
(d) Motor Spirit in all other places	..	..	..	1	0	0
<b>Warehouse—Law 73 of 1941—</b>						
(a) Urban and suburban Kingston and St. Andrew	..	..	..	60	0	0
(b) Other places	..	..	..	25	0	0
<b>Radio—Cap. 247—as amended by Law 30 of 1941—</b>						
Each Radio Receiving Set	..	..	..	10	0	0
Each Experimental Licence	Receiving	Transmitting	..	1	0	0
Set	..	..	..	1	10	0
Each Dealer's Licence	..	..	..	2	0	0
Each Substitute Licence	..	..	..			
<b>Firearm—Chap. 285 as amended by Law 8 of 1948</b>						
(a) On every Firearm Manufacturer's Licence	..	..	..	£500	0	0
(b) On every Firearm Dealers' Licence	..	..	..	25	0	0
(c) On every Gunsmith's Licence	..	..	..	5	0	0
(d) On every Firearm User's (General) Licence, in respect of:						
(i) a pistol	£2	or	..			
(ii) any other firearm	£1		..			
(e) On any Firearm User's (Restricted) Licence, in respect of:						
(i) a pistol	£1,	or	..			
(ii) any other firearm	10/-		..			
<b>Hawkers and Pedlars—Cap. 288—as amended by Law 53 of 1947</b>						
For each licence in respect of a Class A Licence	..	..	..	1	0	0
For each licence in respect of a Class B Licence	..	..	..	5	0	0
<b>Metal—Cap. 287—</b>						
License to deal in the purchase and sale of, or barter and exchange of metals				0	11	0
(1/- to Collector of Taxes and 10/- to Clerk of Petty Session)						
License for sale of gunpowder				5	10	0
£1 to Collector of Taxes and £4 10s. to Clerk of the Courts, conditions specified in Cap. 285.						

*Spirits—Cap. 189, amended by Laws 51 of 1939 and 8 of 1946—*

	£	s.	d.
1. For each Wholesale Licence			
(a) in the parish of Kingston .. .. .	20	0	0
(b) in any other parish .. .. .	10	0	0
2. For each Town Retail Licence—			
(a) in the Urban and Suburban Wards of the Corporate Area established under the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation Law, or in the towns of Montego Bay, Mandeville or May Pen .. .. .	40	0	0
(b) in the towns of Port Royal Spanish Town, Linstead Old Harbour, Chapelton, Black River, Santa Cruz, Balacava, Christiana, Spaldings, Savanna-la-Mar, Lucea, Falmouth, Duncans, St. Ann's Bay, Brown's Town, Port Maria, Annotto Bay, Oracabessa, Richmond, Highgate, Port Antonio, Buff Bay, Hope Bay, Morant Bay or Bath .. .. .	25	0	0
3. For each Village Retail Licence in any part of the Island not mentioned in paragraph 2 of this Schedule .. .. .	15	0	0
4. For each Town-Off Licence—			
(a) in the Urban and Suburban Wards of the Corporate Area established under the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation Law, or in the towns of Montego Bay, Mandeville or May Pen .. .. .	30	0	0
(b) in the towns of Port Royal, Spanish Town, Linstead, Old Harbour, Chapelton, Black River, Santa Cruz, Balacava, Christiana, Spaldings, Savanna-la-Mar, Lucea, Falmouth, Duncans, St. Ann's Bay, Brown's Town, Port Maria, Annotto Bay, Oracabessa, Richmond, Highgate, Port Antonio, Buff Bay, Hope Bay, Morant Bay or Bath .. .. .	25	0	0
5. For each Tavern Licence—			
(a) in the Urban and Suburban Wards of the Corporate Area established under the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation Law, or in the towns of Montego Bay, Mandeville or May Pen .. .. .	50	0	0
(b) in the towns of Port Royal, Spanish Town, Linstead, Old Harbour, Chapelton, Black River, Santa Cruz, Balacava, Christiana, Spaldings, Savanna-la-Mar, Lucea, Falmouth, Duncans, St. Ann's Bay, Brown's Town, Port Maria, Annotto Bay, Oracabessa, Richmond, Highgate, Port Antonio, Buff Bay, Hope Bay, Morant Bay or Bath .. .. .	30	0	0
(c) in any other part of the Island .. .. .	15	0	0
6. For each Hotel Licence—			
(a) in the Urban and Suburban Wards of the Corporate Area established under the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation Law, or in the towns of Montego Bay or Mandeville .. .. .	25	0	0
(b) in any other part of the Island .. .. .	15	0	0
7. For each Special Hotel Licence—			
(a) in the Urban and Suburban Wards of the Corporate Area established under the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation Law, or in the towns of Montego Bay or Mandeville .. .. .	50	0	0
(b) in any other part of the Island .. .. .	25	0	0
8. For each Club Licence—			
(a) in the Urban and Suburban Wards of the Corporate Area established under the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation Law .. .. .	75	0	0
(b) in any other part of the Island .. .. .	40	0	0

9. For each Special Licence or authority granted under section 32 or 33 of this Law, for every twenty-four hours or part of twenty-four hours .. .. .	£	s.	d.
10. For every Special Licence granted under section 35 of this Law .. .. .	5	0	0
	3	0	0

## ENTERTAINMENT DUTY

Under the Entertainment Duty Law 21 of 1938, as amended by Laws 50 of 1940 and 37 of 1943. Entertainment Duty is payable on every Cinematograph, horse-racing, shooting competition, etc., in the following scales.—

(a) 10% of total receipts for tickets sold in the French Pool or Pari-Mutuel.

(b) 25% of receipts for admission to any Entertainment, within the limits of the places listed below.—

Urban and Suburban districts of the Corporate Area (i.e. of Kingston and St. Andrew) Morant Bay, Port Antonio, Port Maria, Highgate, St. Ann's Bay, Brown's Town, Falmouth, Montego Bay, Lucea, Savanna-la-Mar, Black River, Santa Cruz, Mandeville, Christiana, May Pen, Old Harbour and Spanish Town.

## MOTOR VEHICLE LICENCE FEES

The following duties are payable to General Revenue under the Road Traffic Law, Cap. 310:—

License Duties, on all motor vehicles in which spirit, other than motor spirit as referred to in the Customs Tariff or oil, not liable to duties of Customs, is used as fuel, calculated on unladen weight:—

	£	s.	d.
(a) Each motor vehicle not exceeding 30 cwt. .. .. .	28	0	0
(b) Each motor vehicle exceeding 30 cwt. and not exceeding 40 cwt. .. .. .	32	0	0
(c) Each motor vehicle exceeding 40 cwt. and not exceeding 50 cwt. .. .. .	36	0	0
(d) Each motor vehicle exceeding 50 cwt. and not exceeding 60 cwt. .. .. .	42	0	0
(e) Each motor vehicle exceeding 60 cwt. .. .. .	48	0	0

Provided that where the Licensing Authority is satisfied that a motor vehicle, other than a motor vehicle licensed as a public passenger vehicle or as a public carrier, uses as fuel such spirit manufactured in the Island the Licensing Authority shall cause to be refunded to the person paying the license duty the amount of such duty collected under this paragraph of this Schedule.

## 2. Road Licences in respect of:—

(a) Each stage carriage .. .. .	2	0	0
(b) Each express carriage .. .. .	2	0	0
(c) Each contract carriage .. .. .	1	0	0
(d) Each hackney carriage .. .. .	1	0	0

## 3. Carriers' Licences:—

(a) Public carriers, each vehicle .. .. .	0	5	0
(b) Private carriers, each vehicle .. .. .	0	5	0

*Registration of Motor Vehicles*

General Registration .. .. .	0	5	0
Registration as C M C or P P V an additional fee .. .. .	0	5	0
Driver's Licence .. .. .	0	10	0
Provisional Drivers—Sec: 12 Sub-sec. (6) Cap. 310 .. .. .	0	5	0

## PROPERTY TAX

An annual tax of eight-pence on every £10 or fractional part of £10 of value of all property is payable under the provisions of the Property Tax Law, Cap. 200.



## \* STAMP DUTIES

The present system of stamping documents is by direct impress by dies, in self-recording presses and also by means of over embossed stamps.

The use of Adhesive Stamps was added to that of Impressed Stamps in the year 1855, but they are now legal only on Customs Warrants, receipts and Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes drawn abroad and in any manner negotiated in this Island, also on Letters of Allotment and renunciation, Power of Attorney for Voting by proxy and on Bills of Sight under the Customs Consolidated Law, Cap. 176, Share scrip or stock Certificate.

The Governor may appoint Distributors of Stamps, and a discount of  $1\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. is allowed on the purchase of £5 at a time made by Vendors of Adhesive Stamps; in no other case is discount allowed.

Stamped forms and papers are obtainable at the Stamp Office, Kingston, the General Post Office, Kingston and at all Post Offices in the Country.

Bills of Exchange, inland and foreign, promissory notes and foreign bills of lading must be stamped within seven days after execution. Any other document of the description of an agreement, power of Attorney, etc., should be stamped before the expiry of 14 days of first execution, otherwise a penalty of £5 is incurred. Any document on which is payable *ad valorem Stamp duty* such as Conveyances, Mortgages, Leases, etc., should be stamped before the expiry of 30 days so as to avoid incurring a penalty of £5 and a further penalty equal to the Stamp duty thereon.

No penalty is imposed on documents first executed out of the Island if stamped within 30 days after arrival in the Colony.

Spoilt stamps are exchanged if document is tendered within 6 months of the spoiling.

Unstamped documents liable to Stamp duty are receivable in evidence in criminal proceedings.

A return of Shareholders of all banking Co-partnerships except those established by Royal Charter is required to be lodged yearly in the Stamp Office. A composition of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. per annum is payable quarterly on notes issued by any banking Corporation, to whom also a yearly licence is issued by the Commissioner of Stamps.

Under Cap. 240 a stamp duty of 2/- and 1/- per £100 is charged respectively for Registering and transferring Government debentures.

Estate Duty is payable on property passing on death. The Estate Duty Law, Cap. 194 imposes duty on value of Real and Personal Property according to the graduated scale denoted in Laws 47 of 1939 and 49 of 1940.

## SCHEDULE OF STAMP DUTIES

Agreement under hand not otherwise charged	.. ..	£0 0 6
“ under Seal including Corporation or Company's Seal	.. ..	0 15 0
“ of annual tenancy where rent does not exceed 20/- for one year only	.. ..	0 0 2
An agreement for a lease or with respect to the letting of any lands tenements or heritable subjects is chargeable as a lease—		
A Lease made subsequently to and in conformity with the above is chargeable	.. ..	0 0 6
Hire Purchase Agreements	.. ..	0 0 6
Agreements for rent of land when the annual value does not exceed £5	.. ..	0 0 6

\*For an earlier History of Stamp Duties, see the Handbook for 1939

	£	s.	d.
Appointment in execution of power over property .. ..	0	15	0
Articles of Clerkship as Solicitor, Attorney, or Proctor ..	50	0	0
Assignment of Articles of Clerkship as Solicitor, Attorney or Proctor Award .. ..	0	15	0
1. Bill of Exchange payable on demand .. ..	0	0	2
2. Bill of Exchange and Promissory Notes (inland) not exceeding £5 ..	0	0	2
3. Exceeding £5 and under £10 .. ..	0	0	4
Of or above £10 and not exceeding £ 20 .. ..	0	0	6
Above 20       "       30 .. ..	0	1	0
"       30       "       50 .. ..	0	1	6
"       50       "       100 .. ..	0	2	0
And for every additional £100 or fractional part ..	0	2	0

The duties imposed on Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes, inland apply to all Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes drawn abroad and expressed to be paid, or actually paid or endorsed, or in any manner negotiated in this Island and are payable by adhesive stamps, on such bills or notes being so paid, or endorsed or negotiated thereto.

Bills of Exchange (Foreign)—

#### DRAWN IN THIS ISLAND

The duty is now affixed on one of a set after the following rates:—

Where the amount does not exceed £5 .. ..	0	0	6
Exceeds £5 and does not exceed 10 .. ..	0	1	0
"       10       "       50 .. ..	0	1	6
"       50       "       100 .. ..	0	3	0
For every additional £100 or fractional part thereof ..	0	3	0
Bills of Lading (Foreign)—The duty now affixed on one of a set is ..	1	6	
On each receipt for goods to be carried Coastwise or to be exported from the Island .. ..	0	0	3

Section 37 of Law, Cap. 197 declares that the Stamp Commissioner shall not stamp any Inland or Foreign Bill of Exchange, or Promissory Note, or Foreign Bill of Lading after the lapse of seven days from the execution thereof; or any Coastwise receipt or Inland Bill of Lading after the execution thereof.

Bills of Sight—Where the value of the goods exceeds £5 ..	£0	10	0
Bonds—Above £30 and not exceeding £50 .. ..	0	2	0
Bonds—    "       50       "       100 .. ..	0	4	0
"       100       "       200 .. ..	0	8	0
"       200       "       300 .. ..	0	12	0
"       300       "       500 .. ..	0	15	0
"       500       "       1,000 .. ..	1	0	0
And for every additional £1,000 or fractional part ..	0	10	0
Bond covenant or Instrument of any kind whatsoever not otherwise charged in this Schedule, guaranteeing fidelity in office .. ..	0	15	0
Certificates—On the admission of a Barrister .. ..	15	0	0
On the admission of a Solicitor .. ..	100	0	0
On every certificate of an officer of any Court or public Officer of this Island .. ..	0	2	0
Charter-party .. ..	0	10	0
Cheques—See bill of exchange, &c., (Inland).			
Company—Every statement under Secs. 21 and 22 of Cap. 197—For every £100 or fractional part thereof over any multiple of £100 of the amount of such capital or increased capital ..	0	10	0

Conveyance on sale—where the purchase or consideration money therein or thereupon expressed does not exceed £5	£	s.	d.
Exceeds £5 and does not exceed £10	0	1	0
“ 10 “ “ 15	0	2	0
“ 15 “ “ 20	0	3	0
“ 20 “ “ 25	0	4	0
“ 25 “ “ 50	0	5	0
“ 50 “ “ 75	0	10	0
“ 75 “ “ 100	0	15	0
and for every additional £50 or fractional part of £50	1	0	0
Commission as Land Surveyor, Law, Cap. 369	0	7	6
Co-partnership Articles	30	0	0
Customs Warrants—Inwards and Outwards, per set	1	10	0
Certificate of Naturalization	0	0	3
	10	0	0

## Deeds, executed abroad, &amp;c.—

On every Deed or other Instrument executed wholly out of the Island, and not bearing the British <i>ad valorem</i> stamp, the same duty as on like Instruments executed in the Island.			
On every Deed and other Instrument executed partly out of, and partly in, the Island, on which the British <i>ad valorem</i> duty has been impressed, one half the Island duty.			
On every Deed or other Instrument executed wholly out of the Island bearing the British <i>ad valorem</i> stamp, the Island duty, or in the option of the parties, a duty of	3	10	0
On every Deed of any kind whatever not charged in the schedule nor expressly exempted from all stamp duty	0	15	0

## Exchange—

On every Deed, Decree or Instrument whereby lands or other hereditaments are conveyed in exchange, if no sum or a sum under £200 be paid for equality of exchange	2	0	0
Above £200 <i>ad valorem</i> duty as on a sale on the sum to be paid.			

Kettubah—On every Kettubah which includes a settlement of property, the same duty as on settlements.

## Leases—Cap. 197—

When yearly rent shall be £1 or above and not exceeding £5	0	0	6
Above £5 and not exceeding 10	0	5	0
“ 10 “ “ 15	0	7	6
“ 15 “ “ 20	0	10	0
“ 20 “ “ 30	0	12	6
“ 30 “ “ 50	0	15	0
“ 50 “ “ 100	1	0	0
“ 100 “ “ 200	1	10	0
And for every additional £100 or fractional part of £100	0	10	0

And where such rent shall progressively increase, then the amount of duty payable shall be upon the highest rent reserved.

Not otherwise charged	0	10	0
Duplicate or counterpart the same duty as on the original but in no case to exceed	0	5	0

Where any lease shall be granted for a consideration, by way of fine, premium, or other gross sum payable in produce, or the yearly rent shall be so payable, such produce shall be estimated for the purpose of reducing the same to a pecuniary value, at and after the rates following:—

For each hogshead of sugar	12	0	0
For each puncheon of rum	10	0	0
For each tierce of coffee	12	0	0

A Lease made subsequent to and in conformity with an agreement for such lease, duly stamped	0	0	6
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Lease of Lands, etc., granted in consideration of a sum of money by way of fine, premium or other gross sum and also of a yearly rent amounting to twenty pounds and upwards—is chargeable with both the *ad valorem* duties payable on a lease in consideration of a fine only, and for a lease according to the amount of rent reserved thereon.

	£	s.	d.
Letters or Powers of Attorney—Ordinary Power .. ..	1	10	0
For the recovery of debts or for the sale of property ..	0	10	0
To manage an estate, pen or plantation .. ..	4	0	0
To manage a place of residence or uncultivated land ..	1	10	0
To acknowledge payment and satisfaction of mortgage demands ..	0	5	0
On every other letter or power of attorney and every substitution ..	1	10	0
On every letter or other instrument submitted for the purpose of entering in a competition (other than a sweepstake conducted in accordance with Sec. 33 of the Gambling Law)—For every 3d. or fractional part of 3d. paid as entrance fee .. ..	0	0	1
On every appointment of a proxy to vote at a particular meeting of any Society, etc., .. ..	0	0	2
On every appointment of a proxy generally .. ..	0	1	0
On every letter of allotment and letter of renunciation or other document having the effect of a letter of allotment—			
(a) of any share of any company or proposed company;			
(b) in respect of any loan raised or proposed to be raised by any company or proposed company when the nominal amount which is allotted or to which the letter of renunciation relates is less than £5 .. ..	0	0	2
When the nominal amount is £5 and upwards .. ..	0	0	6
Licences—To Insurance Companies (yearly) .. ..	25	0	0
To retail firearms—fees in Petty Sessions 10s. ..	0	10	0
To sell gunpowder £4 and fees in Petty Session 10s. ..	4	10	0
To a Banking Corporation issuing notes .. ..	150	0	0
Marriage Licence by Governor .. ..	5	0	0
Licence to transact insurance of Crops from loss of any kind and insurance of any property from loss by hurricane or earthquake ..	1	0	0
Insurance of Passenger Baggage .. ..	1	0	0
*Marriage Licence Law, Cap. 122 .. ..	0	2	6
Mortgages—Not exceeding £25 .. ..	0	1	6
Exceeding £25 and not exceeding £50 .. ..	0	2	6
Exceeding £50 and not exceeding £100 .. ..	0	5	0
And for every additional £100 or fractional part .. ..	0	5	0
Being a collateral, or auxiliary, or additional, or substituted security or by way of further assurance for the above-mentioned purpose where the principal or primary security is duly stamped—			
For every £100 and also for any fractional part of £100 of the amount secured .. ..	0	2	6
Transfer, assignment, disposition, or assignation of any mortgage, or of any money or stock secured by any instrument of mortgage, or by any judgment—			
For every £100 and also for any fractional part of £100 of the amount transferred assigned or disposed .. ..	0	2	6
And also where any further money is added to the money already secured the same duty as a principal security for such further money.			
Re-Conveyance, Release, Discharge, Surrender, Re-surrender, Warranty to vacate, or renunciation of any such Mortgage or security as aforesaid, or of the benefit thereof, or of the Money thereby secured—			

\*Payable by adhesive stamp.

For every £100, and also for any fractional part of £100 of the total amount or value of the money at any time secured ..	£ s. d. 0 1 0
Naturalization, Certificate of .. .. .	10 0 0
Paper Stamps—All exemplifications of wills, accounts-current, etc., required to be recorded, and all office copies authenticated by the Deputy Keeper of Records, are subject to the following stamps—	
When the same shall be under or amount to 600 words ..	0 1 6
And every additional 600 words or fractional part ..	0 1 6
Stamp Distributors are authorized to charge over and above the amount of stamp impressed upon any sheet of paper or form according to the following scale—	
On each set of Foreign Bills of Exchange .. .. .	0 0 6
On each set of Foreign Bills of Lading .. .. .	0 0 6
On each Form of Title .. .. .	0 1 0
Notices (Surveyors) .. .. .	0 1 0
Passports .. .. .	0 10 0
Patents—	
On every Power of Attorney applying for and obtaining Letters Patent .. .. .	0 5 0
On the specification .. .. .	0 10 0
On the Letters Patent .. .. .	2 0 0
On certificate, or warrant of Attorney General, disclaimer or memorandum of alteration .. .. .	0 1 6
On assignment of Letters Patent .. .. .	0 10 0
Policies of Insurance, Fire, Property, etc.—	
Where the sum insured shall not exceed £20 .. .. .	0 0 6
And for every additional £20 or fractional part thereof up to £500 .. .. .	0 0 6
And where it shall exceed £500, and shall not exceed £3,000 for every additional £100 or part thereof .. .. .	0 2 6
And where it shall exceed £3,000 .. .. .	4 0 0
Insurances effected for periods less than twelve months shall be charged as follows:—	
For any period not exceeding one month, one-fourth part of the annual rate.	
Above one month and not exceeding three months, one-half thereof.	
Above three months and not exceeding six months three-fourths part thereof.	
Above six months, the full annual rate.	
Policies of Insurance. Marine, Foreign— <i>Cap. 197</i> —	
(1) Where the premium or consideration does not exceed the rate of 2s. 6d. per centum of the sum insured .. .. .	0 0 2
(2) In any other case—	
(a) For or upon any voyage—in respect of every full sum of £100 and also any fractional part of £100 thereby insured .. .. .	0 0 3
(b) For time—In respect of every full sum of £100, and also any fractional part of £100 thereby insured—	
Where the insurance shall be made for any time not exceeding six months .. .. .	0 0 3
Where the insurance shall be made for any time exceeding six months and not exceeding twelve months .. .. .	0 0 6
Policies of Insurance, Life—	
Where the sum insured does not exceed £25 .. .. .	0 0 6
Does not exceed £50 .. .. .	0 0 9
Does not exceed £100 .. .. .	0 1 3
For every additional £100 or fractional part .. .. .	0 1 3
For any payment agreed to be made upon the death of any person, only from accident, or violence, or otherwise than from a natural cause, or as compensation for personal injury, or by any way of indemnity against loss or damage of or to any property .. .. .	0 0 6

		£	s.	d.
<b>Private Bills—</b>				
On every Private Bill introduced into the Legislature	..	50	0	0
<b>Protests—</b>				
On every Protest or other notarial act	..	0	4	0
<b>Receipts—</b>				
Of £1 and less than £2	..	0	0	1
" 2 " 10	..	0	0	2
" 10 " 20	..	0	0	3
" 20 " 50	..	0	0	4
" or above £50	..	0	0	6
In full of all demands or of that nature	..	0	1	6
On every receipt for the payment of money in consideration for a right to participate in any sweepstake conducted in accordance with Sec. 33 of the Gambling Law	..	0	0	2
On every Receipt granted by the Deputy Keeper of Records for deeds	..	0	2	0
For every Receipt granted by the Deputy Keeper of Records for recording "crop accounts"	..	0	4	0
<b>Schedule—</b>				
Where any schedule, inventory or catalogue shall be referred to in any instrument chargeable with a stamp duty exceeding 15s., then for every additional pound of the amount of the last mentioned duty a further progressive duty of	..	0	1	6
<b>Settlements—</b>				
Whereby property, real or personal, shall be conveyed upon any good or valuable consideration other than a <i>bona fide</i> pecuniary consideration—				
For every £100 or fractional part of £100	..	0	10	0
<b>Shares—</b>				
On every share, scrip or stock certificate of any duly registered company in Jamaica where the nominal value of the share, scrip or stock to which the instrument relates is less than fifty pounds		0	0	2
Where the nominal value of or stock is fifty pounds and upwards		0	1	0
The stamp duty chargeable on such share may be denoted by an adhesive stamp to be cancelled by person or persons who issues such share certificate.				
On the assignment and transfer of any share, scrip or stock in any duly registered Company in Jamaica—				
(1) On sale:—				
Where the amount or value of the consideration for sale does not exceed £10	..	0	0	6
Exceeds £10, for every £10, or fractional part thereof over the first £10	..	0	0	6
(2) By way of security; the same rate of duty as on a mortgage;				
(3) By way of gift; the same rate of duty as on a settlement;				
(4) In any other case not hereinbefore described	..	0	2	6
Surveyors Notices	..	0	1	0
<b>Summons—</b>				
On every original summons issued by Justices of the Peace on the private prosecution of any party, or on the information to ground same	..	0	1	6
On every warrant issued in lieu of summons	..	0	1	6
<b>Voting—</b>				
On every instrument for the purpose of voting at any meeting of shareholders of company, etc.	..	0	0	2
<b>Warrants—</b>				
On every warrant and appointment of interpreter of foreign language		2	0	0

## DEATH DUTIES

The rate of Estate Duty shall be according to the following scale:—			For information comparison the figures are given below of the English rates of Estate Duty, 1946
Where the Net Principal Value of the Estate		*Jamaica Rate of Duty per cent.	
Exceeds	And does not Exceed		† U. K. Rate of Duty per cent.
£	£	£	£
500	1,000	2.2	nil
1,000	2,000	3.3	nil
2,000	3,000	4.4	1
3,000	5,000	4.4	2
5,000	7,500	5.5	3
7,500	8,000	5.5	4
8,000	10,000	7.2	4
10,000	12,000	7.2	6
12,000	12,500	8.4	6
12,500	15,000	8.4	8
15,000	16,000	8.4	10
16,000	20,000	9.6	10
20,000	25,000	10.8	12
25,000	30,000	12.0	14
30,000	35,000	13.2	16
35,000	40,000	13.2	18
40,000	45,000	14.4	20
45,000	50,000	14.4	22
50,000	60,000	16.8	24
60,000	70,000	18.0	27
70,000	75,000	19.2	27
75,000	80,000	19.2	30
80,000	90,000	21.6	30
90,000	100,000	22.8	30
100,000	150,000	24.0	35
150,000	200,000	26.4	40
200,000	250,000	30.0	45
250,000	300,000	30.0	50
300,000	500,000	30.0	55
500,000	750,000	40.0	60
750,000	1,000,000	40.0	65
1,000,000	2,000,000	40.0	70
2,000,000		40.0	75

Legacy duty is chargeable on all legacies at rates varying from 1 to 10 per cent. according to the degree of consanguinity of the legatee to the testator. Legacies however, for the benefit of husband or wife of the deceased are exempt. A legacy duty receipt must be stamped within 21 days from the date thereof.

Under the provisions of Cap. 195, duty is payable on all "successions" to personal or real property.

Nine Laws were consolidated and repealed by the new Stamp Duty Law 36 of 1937, now Cap. 197 (which came into operation on the 30th July, 1937). The following are read with or are cognate to this Law:—

Laws 18 of 1939, 48 of 1939, 5 of 1940, 52 of 1940, 24 of 1943 amending Cap. 197; Cap. 196, Legacy Duty Law, Cap. 261 imposing duty on Building Society mortgages, etc., Cap. 195, the Succession Duty Law; Cap. 194, the Estate Duty Law; Law 35 of 1945, section 5, the Agricultural Small Holdings Law.

\* The Jamaican Rates are prescribed by Law 47 of 1939, as amended by Law 49 of 1940.

† The United Kingdom rates are prescribed by the Finance Act, 1946.

## SUMMARY OF VALUATION ROLLS—1st APRIL, 1949

Parish or Division of Parish	Taxable		Non-Taxable		Total	
	Holdings	Value	Holdings	Value	Holdings	Value
	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£
Kingston ..	10,061	4,753,792	264	1,026,195	10,325	5,779,987
St. Andrew ..	23,005	4,182,173	580	675,097	23,585	4,857,270
St. Thomas ..	17,247	1,019,193	279	154,078	17,526	1,173,271
Portland ..	19,159	844,914	406	287,913	19,565	1,132,827
St. Mary ..	23,544	1,424,498	1,035	203,895	24,579	1,628,393
St. Ann ..	27,181	1,311,559	352	212,315	27,533	1,523,874
Trelawny ..	12,451	655,894	224	97,438	12,675	753,332
St. James ..	13,437	1,253,456	188	145,057	13,625	1,398,513
Hanover ..	10,999	536,331	130	85,053	11,129	621,384
Westmoreland ..	17,094	1,050,142	199	82,882	17,293	1,133,024
St. Elizabeth ..	26,919	908,611	605	78,512	27,524	987,123
Manchester ..	25,602	1,385,823	412	210,500	26,014	1,596,323
Clarendon ..	33,302	1,381,378	533	165,849	33,835	1,547,227
St. Catherine ..	34,484	1,763,531	419	291,073	34,903	2,054,604
Port Royal ..	195	16,435	18	27,099	213	43,534
Totals ..	294,680	22,487,730	5,644	3,742,956	300,324	26,230,686



PARTICULARS OF TAXABLE HOLDINGS ON THE VALUATION ROLL AS AT 1ST APRIL, 1948\*

Parish	(A) Up to £20		(B) 21-100		(C) 101-300		(D) 301-500		(E) 501-1,000	
	No.	Value £	No.	Value £	No.	Value £	No.	Value £	No.	Value £
Kingslon ..	175	3,017	2,470	162,377	3,927	773,319	1,722	657,923	1,125	889,650
St. Andrew ..	7,698	108,206	7,797	407,096	2,732	547,164	1,897	733,661	1,943	1,261,555
St. Thomas ..	11,248	162,657	4,685	190,577	614	113,886	1,116	43,964	71	44,974
Portland ..	12,703	150,123	5,057	218,887	552	101,160	118	49,617	85	58,586
St. Mary ..	13,486	184,495	8,066	341,856	907	157,891	146	60,731	119	90,713
St. Ann ..	18,298	203,759	7,475	297,529	636	114,021	168	65,728	107	77,765
Trelawny ..	8,035	86,937	3,597	142,920	393	69,243	65	26,773	55	39,241
St. James ..	6,928	83,612	4,777	215,832	906	183,840	263	102,425	224	168,405
Hanover ..	6,602	83,729	3,455	157,452	374	64,041	55	21,157	28	19,907
Westmoreland ..	9,929	124,454	5,798	253,097	646	114,308	141	60,064	84	63,804
St. Elizabeth ..	19,126	185,244	6,727	259,740	433	82,781	93	46,132	71	53,355
Manchester ..	13,713	152,487	9,849	398,073	875	177,201	352	143,002	232	148,042
Clarendon ..	23,407	270,318	8,246	324,605	681	121,918	131	51,421	126	72,104
St. Catherine ..	22,670	219,688	10,066	412,704	864	168,254	203	77,518	135	78,062
Port Royal ..	24	430	151	8,255	22	3,440	1	480	1	530
Totals ..	174,042	2,019,156	88,216	3,791,000	14,612	2,792,467	5,471	2,140,596	4,406	3,066,693

\* Particulars of taxable holdings for 1949, not yet available.

PARTICULARS OF TAXABLE HOLDINGS ON THE VALUATION ROLL AS AT 1ST APRIL, 1948,\* contd.

Parish	(f)		(g)		(h)		(i)		(j)		Total
	No.	Value	No.	Value	No.	Value	No.	Value	No.	Value	
		£		£		£		£		£	
Kington ..	444	684,375	114	398,480	50	385,010	24	319,300	11	343,970	10,062
St. Andrew ..	395	590,542	45	150,981	14	100,565	1	11,000	1	21,000	22,523
St. Thomas ..	33	50,325	25	86,042	15	116,936	7	89,264	4	101,643	16,818
Portland ..	33	56,052	18	69,926	9	61,947	2	27,270	..	..	18,577
St. Mary ..	65	103,039	24	112,642	18	118,329	17	212,048	..	..	22,848
St. Ann ..	74	129,391	34	126,759	19	135,454	8	114,018	..	..	1,381,744
Trelawny ..	37	62,434	23	82,905	10	64,619	1	14,000	1	23,085	1,264,454
St. James ..	106	160,660	28	110,886	18	107,400	3	51,729	..	..	1,184,789
Hanover ..	20	34,202	24	82,018	9	60,695	..	..	..	..	12,217
Westmoreland ..	34	59,072	34	135,060	15	113,400	..	..	1	83,105	13,253
St. Elizabeth ..	45	74,771	18	64,674	12	90,570	3	41,411	..	..	10,567
Manchester ..	121	195,645	17	54,914	2	24,280	1	13,000	..	..	16,982
Clarendon ..	49	76,721	30	100,557	8	66,063	10	136,539	4	94,943	26,578
St. Catherine ..	75	125,909	43	139,371	19	144,596	9	132,037	6	201,927	25,162
Port Royal ..	..	..	..	..	1	3,500	..	..	..	..	32,692
											1,700,066
											16,635
Totals ..	1,531	2,403,138	447	1,715,215	219	1,593,104	86	1,161,616	28	869,673	289,088
											21,552,653

\*Particulars of taxable holdings for 1949, not yet available.

## STATEMENT OF PAROCHIAL ROAD TAX FOR 1948-49

Parish	Horsekind at 8/-	Entire Horses at £2	Wheels			Total No. of wheels	No. of Motor Cars	
			at 7/6	at 10/-	at 3/-		at £8	at £9
Kingston	171	..	92	6	280	378	5,206	278
St. Andrew	566	..	46	72	2,066	2,184	1,503	128
St. Thomas	900	3	28	..	998	1,026	227	24
Portland	681	5	56	..	320	376	171	14
St. Mary	720	3	56	..	584	640	341	33
St. Ann	690	3	62	..	436	498	374	34
Trelawny	607	1	40	..	568	608	189	17
St. James	420	..	30	..	358	388	532	62
Hanover	526	..	32	..	366	398	128	14
Westmoreland	1,304	4	148	..	1,050	1,198	349	27
St. Elizabeth	706	..	138	..	508	646	230	56
Manchester	304	..	66	..	210	276	565	43
Clarendon	2,001	1	44	..	1,650	1,694	343	22
St. Catherine	1,259	..	102	24	2,432	1,558	412	39
Port Royal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total 1948-49	10,855	20	940	102	11,826	12,868	10,570	791
Total 1947-48	11,011	22	924	94	12,432	13,450	9,758	878
Increase	..	..	16	8	..	..	812	..
Decrease	156	2	..	..	606	582	..	87

## STATEMENT OF PAROCHIAL ROAD TAX FOR 1948-49

Parish	No. of Motor Trucks				No. of Tractors				Invalid Carriages		Motor Cycles		No. of Trailers	Total	
	at £5 10/-	at £6	at £7 10/-	at £12 10/-	-/01 53 18	at 56 18	-/01 43 18	at £12 10/-	-/01 13 18	13 18	13 18	13 18	at 2/- per cwt.	Yield	£ s. d.
Kingston	109	256	231	585	..	..	..	..	..	..	116	144	43	36,680	10 3
St. Andrew	23	63	152	128	..	..	..	..	..	..	44	49	13	14,285	11 0
St. Thomas	..	20	50	117	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	3	4	3,620	10 0
Portland	..	13	30	47	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	1	1	2,345	8 9
St. Mary	4	31	50	93	..	1	..	..	..	..	6	4	74	4,510	3 6
St. Ann	5	34	61	82	..	1	..	..	..	..	10	4	4	4,656	6 3
Trelawny	1	14	28	59	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	1	2	2,616	0 9
St. James	16	34	73	134	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	3	6	5,882	6 3
Hanover	2	4	30	66	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	2	2,006	17 6
Westmoreland	8	34	25	98	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	4	10	4,740	2 3
St. Elisabeth	1	15	39	89	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	4	1	3,543	12 6
Manchester	10	51	54	79	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	3	3	6,209	10 9
Clarendon	4	55	48	116	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	..	5,646	4 4
St. Catherine	1	55	93	116	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	6	10	5,885	7 3
Port Royal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total 1948-49	189	679	964	1,809	1	3	4	11	..	..	250	229	173	102,628	11 4
Total 1947-48	134	647	1,102	1,398	..	2	3	3	..	..	211	151	125	90,291	11 9
Increase	55	32	..	411	1	1	1	8	..	..	39	78	48	12,336	19 7
Decrease	..	..	138	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

## TRADE LICENCES ISSUED IN THE YEAR 1948-49

Parish	Merchants	Retailers	Total	Wharfingers	Auctioneers	Newspapers	Other Licences
Kingston .. .. .	252	1,681	1,933	11	187	11	64
St. Andrew .. .. .	3	980	983	..	6	2	13
St. Thomas .. .. .	4	696	700	2	2	..	148
Portland .. .. .	5	585	590	3	2	..	39
St. Mary .. .. .	15	1,368	1,383	2	7	..	513
St. Ann .. .. .	13	901	914	3	2	..	281
Trelawny .. .. .	7	520	527	7	2	..	7
St. James .. .. .	25	740	765	3	14	2	510
Hanover .. .. .	7	472	479	1	3	..	261
Westmoreland .. .. .	5	894	899	5	3	..	343
St. Elizabeth .. .. .	14	901	915	2	1	..	67
Manchester .. .. .	14	854	868	..	8	..	357
Clarendon .. .. .	8	1,242	1,250	..	6	..	831
St. Catherine .. .. .	9	1,335	1,344	..	5	..	262
Port Royal .. .. .	..	8	8	..	..	..	..
<b>Total .. .. .</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>13,177</b>	<b>13,558</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>3,696</b>

## SPIRIT LICENCES ISSUED IN 1948-49

Parish	Occasional Spirit Licence	Town-Off	Dealers	Retailers		Taverns	Hotels	Special Hotel	Clubs
				Town	Village				
Kingston .. .. .	27	35	25	112	..	242	35	2	24
St. Andrew .. .. .	43	11	2	49	41	89	4	2	12
St. Thomas .. .. .	7	2	2	8	98	25	..	..	..
Portland .. .. .	18	2	2	20	46	13	1	..	4
St. Mary .. .. .	21	..	1	30	105	10	3	..	..
St. Ann .. .. .	18	..	2	21	104	19	5	..	..
Trelawny .. .. .	8	3	..	4	65	5	4	2	3
St. James .. .. .	25	9	5	9	51	21	10	5	4
Hanover .. .. .	6	1	..	4	43	8	1	..	..
Westmoreland .. .. .	..	4	..	13	138	8	1	..	..
St. Elizabeth .. .. .	8	..	..	16	174	7	2	..	1
Manchester .. .. .	9	..	1	15	138	13	2	1	..
Clarendon .. .. .	12	..	..	14	147	22	..	..	..
St. Catherine .. .. .	10	1	..	17	47	32	..	..	1
Port Royal .. .. .	..	1	..	..	..	3	..	..	1
<b>Total .. .. .</b>	<b>212</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>1,197</b>	<b>517</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>50</b>

STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF CATTLE, HORSEKIND, SHEEP, ASSES AND CARRIAGES IN THE ISLAND IN 1948-49

TAXATION

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Parish	Horned Stock			Horsekind		Sheep	Vehicles		
	On Pens	On Estates	Total	On Pens for breeding purposes	Returned for taxation		Number of carriages allowing 4 wheels to each including those used as hackney carriages	Number of carts, drays, etc., allowing 2 wheels—Cap. 199	Total
Kingston	..	..	..	..	171	..	37	140	177
St. Andrew	1,400	..	1,400	160	566	220	44	1,033	1,077
St. Thomas	5,750	500	6,250	50	900	100	10	498	508
Portland	5,839	..	5,839	15	681	177	21	160	181
St. Mary	9,343	520	9,863	70	720	300	23	292	315
St. Ann	18,362	299	18,661	360	690	120	15	218	233
Trelawny	6,454	1,129	7,583	97	607	263	12	284	396
St. James	6,500	619	7,119	50	420	200	12	191	191
Hanover	11,250	160	11,410	275	526	880	56	183	339
Westmoreland	21,500	6,000	27,500	840	1,306	1,200	53	525	578
St. Elizabeth	16,000	1,000	17,000	680	706	1,450	25	254	279
Manchester	7,000	..	7,000	100	304	300	24	105	129
Clarendon	7,000	700	7,700	100	2,001	300	16	825	841
St. Catherine	10,428	1,625	12,053	100	1,259	500	15	743	758
Port Royal	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	126,826	12,552	139,378	2,897	10,855	6,010	363	5,439	5,802

## CHAPTER IX AGRICULTURAL AND PASTORAL

### THE IMPERIAL COLLEGE OF TROPICAL AGRICULTURE.

The Imperial College of Tropical Agriculture was founded as the West Indian Agricultural College in 1921, on the recommendation of a committee appointed in 1919 by Viscount Milner. In 1924 its name was changed to "The Imperial College of Tropical Agriculture". Two years later the College was incorporated by Royal Charter.

The main objects of the College are to provide instruction, and to conduct research, in tropical agriculture. The research programme is designed to support, but not to replace, the investigational work of Colonial Agricultural Departments, and is therefore directed mainly towards the acquisition of scientific knowledge of wide application. An important part of the instruction offered is the post graduate training for officers selected for the Colonial Agricultural Service, and for this purpose the College is the recognised centre in the tropics. Instruction is also provided in tropical agriculture for students from the Caribbean area and in sugar technology. The academic year of three terms extends from the beginning of October to the end of June. Full particulars of the courses offered which include Associateship, Special and Diploma courses may be obtained on application to the Registrar, Imperial College of Tropical Agriculture, St. Augustine, Trinidad, B.W.I. or from the Secretary, Imperial College of Tropical Agriculture, 40 Norfolk Street, Strand, London, W. C. 2.

A limited number of students may be nominated for free tuition by Governments of contributing colonies in the Caribbean area. In addition, several West Indian Governments offer agricultural scholarships ranging in value from £150 to £300 per annum. Particulars of these scholarships may be obtained on application to the Governments concerned.

The College is situated at St. Augustine, which lies eight miles to the east of Port of Spain, the capital of Trinidad, and can easily be reached by road or rail. It has its own experimental farm and is equipped with laboratories and a fine library. Attached are also an Experimental Sugar Factory, and a Plant Quarantine Station.

The College publishes a monthly Journal entitled "Tropical Agriculture" (price 6d. per copy, or 6s. per annum, post free) which deals with the economic and scientific aspects of tropical agriculture. This publication may be obtained on application to the Editor.

The Chairman of the Governing Body is Sir Raymond Priestley, M.C., M.A., D.Sc. The Staff is as follows:—

#### ADMINISTRATION

H. J. Page, O.B.E., B.Sc., F.R.I.C.	Principal
C. Y. Shephard, C.B.E., Ph.D., B.Sc., (Econ.)	Vice Principal
G. G. Gianetti, M.A., Dip. Agric. (Econ.)	Dean and Registrar
Mary Gianetti (Mary V. F. Beattie) M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.	Health Officer
Major H. N. Lee, O.B.E.	Bursar
C. T. Watts, M.I. Mec.E. M.A.S. Ref. E. M. Inst. R.	Engineer & Tech. Asst.
M. E. M. Price	Librarian
B. Konwalina	Manageress, Milner Hostel
J. Shields, A.C.I.S.	Assistant Bursar
I. J. Cook	Asst. to Engineer

#### AGRICULTURE

VACANT	Professor
C. W. Lynn, M.B.E., Dip. Agric. (Wye) A.I.C.T.A. Dip. Agric.	Lecturer (Advisory and Extension Methods)
G. H. Webb, N.D.A., C.D.A.	Lecturer (Animal Husbandry)
L. J. C. Evans, Dip. Agric. (Wye) A.I.C.T.A., Dip. Agric.	Lecturer (Crop Husbandry)
J. E. Mayne, B.Sc., (Agric.)	Lecturer (Crop Husbandry)
E. G. D. Pritchett	Farm Manager

BOTANY AND PLANT PATHOLOGY DEPARTMENTS

R. E. D. Baker, M.A., A.I.C.T.A.	Professor
W. T. Dale, B.Sc., A.I.C.T.A.	Lecturer in Mycology and Bacteriology
J. Wilson, B.Sc.	Lecturer
N. W. Simmonds, M.A., A.I.C.T.A. (Banana Research Scheme)	Cytogeneticist
G. E. L. Spencer, D.I.C.T.A. (Cocoa Research Scheme)	Field Officer
F. W. Cope, A.R.C.S., M.Sc., (Cocoa Research Scheme)	Senior Plant Breeder
H. Evans, Ph.D. (Cocoa Research Scheme)	Senior Plant Physiologist
P. Holliday, B.A. (Cocoa Research Scheme)	Plant Pathologist

CHEMISTRY AND SOIL SCIENCE

F. Hardy, M.A., Dip. Agric.	Professor
G. Rodrigues, F.R.I.C.	Lecturer
F. Haworth, Ph.D., B.Sc., A.R.I.C. (Cocoa Research Scheme)	Biochemist
J. W. Porteous, Ph.D., B.Sc. (Cocoa Research Scheme)	Soil Chemist
K. C. Vernon, B.Sc. (Soil Research Scheme)	Soil Surveyor
F. C. Darcel, B.Sc., Agric. (Soils Research Scheme)	Soil Surveyor

ECONOMICS

C. Y. Shephard, C.B.E., Ph.D., B.Sc. (Econ.)	Carnegie Professor
A. L. Jolly, Ph.D., M.A., M.Sc.	Lecturer

ENTOMOLOGY AND ZOOLOGY

T. W. Kirkpatrick, M.A., Dip. Agric., F.R.E.S.	Professor
E. McC. Callan, Ph.D., B.Sc., A.R.C.S., D.I.C.	Lecturer

SUGAR TECHNOLOGY

L. F. Wiggins, D.Sc., Ph.D., A.R.I.C. (Sugar Research Scheme)	Director of Research
R. D. E. Yearwood, A.I.C.T.A., D.I.C.T.A.	Acting Sugar Technologist
J. H. Williams, B.Sc., A.R.C.S. (Sug. R.Sc.)	Senior Organic Chemist
A. Blue, B.Sc. (Sugr Research Scheme)	Chemical Engineer
J. Drake, B.Sc. (Sugar Research Scheme)	Jnr. Physical Chemist

VETERINARY SCIENCE

H. V. M. Metivier, O.B.E., B.Sc., M.R.C.V.S. (Trinidad Department of Agriculture)	Lecturer
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DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

The history of the Department will be found in the Handbooks of Jamaica of 1939 and previous years. The Department dates back to the year 1774 when it was known as the Botanical Department. Subsequently it was designated The Department of Public Gardens and Plantations, then the Department of Science and Agriculture, and in 1944, (when the Government Chemist's Division was separated from it and made a new Department) The Department of Agriculture. The personnel of the Department is given in Chapter IV.

I.—PUBLIC GARDENS

1. *Hope Gardens*, near the foot of the hills in the Liguanea Plains 5½ miles from Kingston, consists of about 150 acres. It was started in 1873 and is now the principal Botanic Garden in the Island. It consists of extensive lawns with ornamental flower beds, ornamental borders, water garden, sunken garden, planthouses, orchid house and



aquarium, a small aviary and a band stand and tea garden. Nurseries are maintained for the supply of various ornamental and economic plants to the public at a nominal charge. Elevation between 600 and 700 feet. Annual mean temperature 77.2 Fah., average rainfall for 63 years is 55.64 inches.

2. *Casileton*, the Botanic Garden in the parish of St. Mary, on the road connecting Kingston with Annotto Bay, was established in 1863 and contains a large collection of tropical plants. The chief features are the palmetum and a collection of economic spice and fruit trees. Elevation, 496 feet. Annual mean temperature 73.9 Fah., average rainfall for 67 years, 125.50 inches.

3. *The Hill Gardens, Cinchona*, in the parish of St. Andrew, on the slopes of the Blue Mountains, was established in 1888. It is about 21 miles from Kingston by way of Gordon Town. Elevation, 4,900 feet. Annual mean temperature 62.5 Fah., average rainfall 101.69 inches, both for 70 years.

4. *Victoria Park*, in Kingston, is laid out with shade and ornamental trees, flowering plants and fountain. Elevation 60 feet.

Annual mean temperature 78.4 Fah., average rainfall for 62 years is 31.22 inches.

5. *The Public Gardens, Kingston*, is in the neighbourhood of the Public Buildings with lawns, flower beds and palms.

6. *The Bath Gardens, St. Thomas-in-the-East*. This old garden founded in 1779 now consists of about one acre. It contains specimens of some rare trees.

7. *King's House Gardens and Grounds*, 4 miles from Kingston, contain about 177 acres of which about 30 acres are kept as an ornamental garden attached to the official residence of the Governor. This establishment was placed under the management of the Department in 1879. Elevation 400 feet. Annual mean temperature 78.5 Fah. average rainfall for 49 years is 49.51 inches.

## II.—JAMAICA SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURE

1. *The School*—The School founded in 1910 is located on the Hope Estate on lands adjoining the Hope Agricultural Station, six miles from Kingston on the upper part of the Liguanea Plain. The altitude is 650 ft. The School is accessible by bus.

2.—*The objects of the School*—The School offers to young men a practical course in all branches of Tropical Agriculture, and fits them for positions on properties, and the improvement of their own lands. Students trained at the School are employed in every phase of agricultural work in the Island.

### 3.—Curriculum—

Agricultural Economics

Animal Husbandry

Botany

Book-keeping

Carpentry

Chemistry

Crops

Dairying

English

Entomology

Extension Methods

Farm Management

Forestry

Farm Mechanics

Mathematics

Metal Work

Physics

Poultry

Preservation and Storage

Soils

Surveying and Soil Conservation

Veterinary Science

All courses are given a strong practical bias with a view to gaining first hand knowledge of problems in the field.

The Jersey and Holstein herds at the Hope Agricultural Station and the small stock maintained there provide useful opportunity for practical work in Animal Husbandry while the Agricultural Station and nurseries and the Students' Demonstration Plot in which a variety of crops are grown provide material for practical work in Field Husbandry.

4.—*Course*—The full course at the School covers a period of three years, each year is divided into three terms of twelve weeks.

Students enter the School in September of each year and upon completing the Course successful Students are awarded a Diploma in Practical Agriculture.

5.—*Scholarships*—(a) One Scholarship of the annual value of £40 and tenable for three years offered each year by the Government to *bona fide* pupils from Elementary Schools in Jamaica. Candidates must possess the qualifications set forth in paragraph (6) following.

(b) An annual scholarship of the value of £25 for three years, subject to re-election at the end of the first and second years is offered by the Merricks Trust.

- (c) An occasional Scholarship to the school is awarded to suitably qualified applicants by the Trustees of the Vere Trust.
- (d) A scholarship of the annual value of £50 for three years is offered by the West Indies Sugar Coy., Ltd. every three years.
- (e) An occasional scholarship is offered by the Grays Inn (Jamaica) Central Factory Ltd.
- (f) Government Trade Scholars may elect to serve their apprenticeship at the Jamaica School of Agriculture.

6.—*Qualifications*—Candidates must—

- (a) have passed either the Junior Cambridge Examination,
- (b) the Third Year Government Examination as a Pupil Teacher or Volunteer Candidate; or
- (c) produce evidence of having an educational standing equivalent to either (a) or (b),
- (d) produce certificate of character from a Justice of the Peace or a Minister of Religion.

7.—*Fees*—A fee of £8 6s. 8d. per term payable in advance is required of students resident in Jamaica. For British subjects resident outside Jamaica the fee is £16 13s. 4d. per term and for other than British subjects non-resident in Jamaica £25 per term.

*Caution Fee*—Each student is required to deposit 5/- to cover traceable damage to furniture, equipment and apparatus.

*Sports Fee*—Membership of the Sports Club is compulsory. The fee is 6/8 per term payable in advance.

8.—*Advisory Board*—The affairs of the School are administered by an Advisory Board consisting of:—

The Director of Agriculture—Chairman  
 The Director of Education or his nominee  
 The Secretary, Jamaica Agricultural Society  
 Hon. A. S. Campbell, M.L.C.  
 Hon. Sir Robert Barker, O.B.E.  
 Mr. J. A. McPherson, M.H.R.  
 Mr. Alex. Gordon, O.B.E.  
 Mr. B. B. Coke  
 Mr. N. R. McHardy  
 Mr. H. W. Chambers

### III.—AGRICULTURAL STATIONS

The Department operates three major Agricultural Stations and three Agricultural Sub-Stations, at which is conducted experimental work in the cultivation of various established crops and newly introduced crops. Experimental work with Soil Conservation is a primary function of two of the larger Stations. At Bodles, in St. Catherine and Grove Place in Manchester, the work is directed mainly towards improving the type of cattle to be used by the Livestock Industry of Jamaica. Livestock Improvement Centres at which stud animals are available free of charge are to be attached to all Stations.

The Stations serve as centres of agricultural information and as a means of demonstrating improved methods of Agriculture. The Stations now in operation are as follows:

(1) HOPE AGRICULTURAL SUB-STATION, ST. ANDREW

Consisting formerly of about 30 acres of the Hope Gardens lands, Hope sub-station has been expanded to include the former Government Stock Farm and the lands consisting of 1,850 acres of the Hope Estate. Immediately after the Estate was acquired by Government, it was operated as a commercial dairy farm supplying milk to Government institutions in Kingston and St. Andrew. Parts of the property were rented or leased to tenants. Most of the area under cultivation was devoted to growing fodder crops to supply the needs of the dairy herd. Little experimental work with a commercial herd was possible.

The policy has now been changed to allow more experimental work to be undertaken.

The dairy herd has been reduced in size and is being used for Livestock investigational work under the charge of the Senior Livestock Officer with the primary object of determining the breeds of livestock most suitable for Jamaican conditions and of making available to the public improved types of dairy animals. The work is undertaken in conjunction with similar investigational work with small stock and poultry.

Experimental work on this station has been reduced considerably and has been transferred to Bodles Agricultural Station in St. Catherine. It is also proposed to transfer to Bodles the Hope herd of cattle as soon as this is practicable. A cattle dipping tank is available at Hope for the use of cattle owners in the area.

Address:—Hope Agricultural Station, Kingston.

#### (2)—BODLES AGRICULTURAL STATION, ST. CATHERINE

Bodles property is situated between Old Harbour and May Pen, and consists of approximately 2,300 acres of which 882 acres are to be used for the Station, and the rest to be allocated for other purposes.

This Station is to be developed into the Major Livestock Station of the Island, and to undertake investigational work into cattle breeding problems, irrigation problems affecting soils, grazing and crops. Experimental work includes trials of newly introduced crops, multiplication of improved varieties of crops. Development of orchard crops is also being done.

A Banana Research Breeding Station has been established on this Station to investigate the possibilities of producing an immune banana resistant to Panama Disease.

#### (3) GROVE PLACE AGRICULTURAL STATION, MANCHESTER

Originally established in 1920 as a Public Stud Station, the scope of the Station has now expanded to include agricultural extension work, pasture management and experimental work with livestock and all kinds of crops. The Station covers an area of over 1,000 acres and is situated at approximately six miles from Mandeville.

A 2,000 gallon dipping tank and a weighbridge are available to the public, a small charge being made for their use. Nurseries are maintained for the distribution of budded citrus plants, coffee and special timber trees.

Address:—Grove Place Agricultural Station, Mile Gully.

#### (4)—ORANGE RIVER AGRICULTURAL STATION, ST. MARY

Orange River Station, situated two miles from Highgate, is 303 acres in area. It was established in 1941 primarily for investigational work in connection with Banana Leaf Spot disease. It was selected as representing agricultural conditions in this section of the Island. Natural terrace formation is being induced by planting grass barrier strips on the contour. The Station serves as a demonstration of the use of modern soil conservation methods.

Investigational work is confined to crops, including trials with new varieties of banana immune to disease, new soil conservation methods, cultural and varietal experiments with new and minor crops including cacao.

Address:—Orange River Agricultural Station, Richmond.

#### (5) IRWIN AGRICULTURAL SUB-STATION, ST. JAMES

The Sub-station was originally a part of Irwin Agricultural Centre, and is situated approximately 5 miles from Montego Bay. It is used as a demonstration centre on Farming practice, for seed multiplication, citrus and Livestock investigational work.

#### (6) CAENWOOD AGRICULTURAL SUB-STATION, PORTLAND

An area of 160 acres was taken over from the Lands Department for use as an Agricultural Sub-station. A citrus nursery has been established, and experimental and investigational work on banana and coconut spacing trials are being carried out.

#### IV.—PLANT NURSERIES

Plant nurseries have been established by the Department in suitable localities in order to supply economic plants in large quantities to the public. A Citrus Expansion Scheme has been implemented, and citrus nurseries have been established at Bodles, and Charlton, St. Catherine, Grove Place, Manchester, Caenwood, Portland, Irwin, St. James, to produce budded plants of selected citrus varieties as a means of developing the citrus industry in Jamaica.

Citrus plant nurseries have also been established by selected private individuals to augment the supply of budded plants available to the public.

Coffee nurseries have recently been established in selected districts and at Agricultural Stations, under the Coffee Industry Rehabilitation Scheme.

Cocoa nurseries for the supply of buddings and rooted cuttings of high yielding strains to the public have recently been established at Orange River, Hope, Caenwood, Irwin and Cave Valley, in connection with a Cocoa Expansion Scheme.

#### V.—ANIMAL HUSBANDRY

The Veterinary and Livestock Division is responsible for carrying out the policy of the Department of Agriculture in regard to the health and welfare of the Island's livestock, under the direction of the Deputy Director of Agriculture (Veterinary Services).

##### *Policy of the Division:*

- (1) To promote animal health by every means.
- (2) To control and eradicate certain specific diseases.
- (3) To increase the number of certain classes of livestock and to improve the type and production.
- (4) To make available to breeders a supply of well-bred animals of certain classes of livestock.
- (5) To undertake experimental work in relation to disease control and eradication.
- (6) To undertake experimental work in breeding, feeding, management and marketing of livestock.
- (7) To conduct educational and advisory work on all matters relating to livestock using the field staff of the Division and Agricultural Stations, and also the staff of the Jamaica Agricultural Society.

*Veterinary Section*—The establishment of the Veterinary section is as follows:—

Senior Veterinary Officer	..	Stationed at Hope
Veterinary Investigation Officer	..	Stationed at Hope
Veterinary Officer (Southern Division)		Stationed at Hope
Veterinary Officer (Northern Division)		Stationed at Orange River, Richmond St. Mary
Veterinary Officer (Western Division)		Stationed at Montego Bay
Veterinary Officer (Central Division)		Stationed at Mandeville
Artificial Insemination Officer	..	Stationed at Hope
Laboratory and technical staff		Stationed at Hope.

The Veterinary Investigation Officer is equipped with a central laboratory at the Division's offices at Hope, Kingston, for routine diagnosis and experimental work. There is also a well stocked pharmacy, an animal hospital for Government owned and experimental stock, and an Artificial Insemination laboratory.

The Veterinary Officers are whole time Government employees. Their duties in order of priority are:—

1. The prevention, control and eradication of contagious and infectious diseases of livestock, including the enforcement of the quarantine regulations.
2. The care of Government owned livestock.
3. The care of privately owned livestock of particular value from the breeding point of view to the Island livestock programme.
4. Advice on all aspects of animal husbandry.
5. When time and opportunity allows, Veterinary Officers may attend cases of a general nature which are of no specific economic value to the country, including pets.

The following fees are charged for the professional services of Government Veterinary Officers when employed in a private capacity and are paid into General Revenue:—

1. Attention to minor ailments of animals involving simple treatment—5/- per treatment.
2. Attention to animals involving minor diagnosis, treatment or surgery—10/6 per treatment.
3. Attention to animals involving extensive diagnosis, treatment or surgery—£1 1s. per treatment.
4. Major surgical operations or treatments involving the use of considerable veterinary supplies or equipment—A charge in excess of £1 1s. to be decided by the Veterinary Officer.
5. Examination of horses, cows and mules for health certificates—£1 1s. per head plus 2/- per head for stamped certificates.
6. Examination of cats and dogs for health certificates—5/- per head plus 2/- per head for stamped certificates.
7. Examination of animals other than cats, dogs, horses, cows or mules for certificates—10/6 per head plus 2/- per head for stamped certificates.
8. Tuberculin tests and blood tests performed on request as a clinical service and not done in the course of investigation—2/- per head—a minimum charge of £1 1s.
9. Vaccinations, except in cases of outbreaks of diseases or in prophylactic vaccination campaigns among small settlers' stock, when these services should be performed free of cost.—Cost of drugs and materials.
10. (i) Investigation of contagious disease outbreak or suspected outbreaks, e.g., swine fever, anthrax, blackleg, etc.—No charge.  
(ii) Visits involving general advice of economic importance in connection with animal husbandry, tick control and animal management.—No charge.  
(iii) Work on Government Agricultural Stations—No charge.
11. For services not provided for in the foregoing regulations—a charge to be fixed by the Government Veterinary Officer in his discretion.

Veterinary Officers are available to give lectures in Veterinary Science at the Jamaica School of Agriculture, at Branch meetings of the Jamaica Agricultural Society, and at any Agricultural Centre.

The Veterinary Section has care of the livestock at all Government Agricultural Stations, the Livestock Improvement Centres and the Agricultural Training Centres, and attends to animals of all Government Institutions when called upon to do so.

#### LIVESTOCK SECTION

- 1.—The establishment of the Livestock section is as follows:—

Senior Livestock Officer	Stationed at Hope
Poultry Specialist	Stationed at Hope
Four Livestock Field Officers	One stationed in each territorial Division.

- 2.—*Government Herds*—The Livestock Officer is responsible for advising on feeding and breeding of all livestock on Government owned farms.

The development of Jersey and Holstein crosses as tropical breeds are now under way, and progress is seen in both breeds.

- 3.—*Livestock Schemes*—

- (a) *Livestock Improvement Centres*—Forty-five centres are in operation, and service is free to the public.
- (b) *Subsidised Sires*—To augment the services provided at Livestock Improvement Centres the Department has subsidised 34 bulls, 10 bucks and one sheep belonging to pen keepers under this scheme. The charge for service by a bull is 7/6 and by a buck 2/-, payable from General Revenue.
- (c) *Loan of Bulls*—The Department also provides bulls for loan to selected farmers, in collaboration with the Jamaica Livestock Association. 41 bulls are at present on loan under this scheme.

- (d) *Revolving Herd Scheme*—The Agricultural Department has distributed 159 heifers to small farmers under this scheme. The first cow calf is returned and the original cow becomes the property of the farmer.
- 3.—*Registrations*—The purebred herd books are kept in the division, and stamped pedigree certificates are issued on the payment of 2/- for stamp duty. The registration is free.
- 4.—*Research work in Livestock breeding*—The history of the Jersey and Holstein herd at Hope is being written.
- 5.—*Poultry*—The work in poultry is undertaken by the Poultry Specialist who is in charge of all the poultry on government owned farms. He works in close connection with the Jamaica Poultry Cooperative.

#### ARTIFICIAL INSEMINATION SCHEME

The Artificial Insemination Scheme was started in December, 1945; it covers an area stretching from Hope across St. Andrew, and St. Catherine as far as Old Harbour and Bog Walk. The service has recently been established in the Montego Bay area.

Rules governing the insemination of the cows are set out below.—

1. Only herds requiring Jersey or Holstein blood will be registered as at the moment the Department has no facilities for practising artificial insemination over any other breeds of cattle.
2. Once the herd is registered with Government the owner will notify Government in the following way as soon as any of his cows shows signs of commencing their periodic heat period.

The owner or person in charge of stock must notify the Vererinary Office, Hope, Kingston not later than 9:30 o'clock in the morning, either by telephone call (Kingston) (7475) or by priority telegram addressed "INSEMINATION OFFICE, Hope, Kingston", and give the following information:—(On Sundays and Public Holidays telephone 67511.)

- (i) Name of owner;
- (ii) Address of herd and location;
- (iii) Breed of cow (or cows) on heat;
- (iv) Number of cows showing signs of heat and their names;
- (v) When signs of heat were first noticed.

3. On receipt of the information indicated above, the inseminator will endeavour to reach the farm as soon as possible and if he considers the animal to be suitable for insemination (e.g. still on heat) he will carry out the operation.

4. The animals so inseminated will be marked by a special punch mark in the ear, and the name of the animal and any specific markings will be recorded by Government.

5. Should any cow return for service after insemination the owner is asked to communicate immediately with the "INSEMINATION OFFICER, Hope, Kingston", and give such information. On receipt of such information, Government will arrange for a second insemination of this animal as soon as possible.

6. A fee of 10/6 is charged. This charge entitles the owner to have the same cow inseminated at two subsequent heat periods should the animal "call for the bull" after the initial service. This is a fee payable for service, and not for a calf when born.

7. All calves born must be registered at birth.

#### VI.—RESEARCH AND LABORATORIES

The laboratories and headquarters of Research Divisions of the Department are situated on the western portion of the Hope Agricultural Station lands adjoining the Jamaica College. The type of work undertaken by these Divisions is briefly summarised below:—

##### (a) DIVISION OF AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY

The main lines of investigation undertaken by the Division are connected with soils fertilizers, feeding-stuffs and miscellaneous agricultural products.

The soil investigations include studies on the composition, behaviour and classification of Jamaican soils with special reference to their agricultural development and use.

Field experimentation is carried out on the manurial requirements of the main crops when grown on the major soil types—including the effect of field treatment on the quality of the crops produced and on their chemical composition. The major crops concerned are bananas, citrus, coconuts and fodders. Experimentation on the lesser crops such as Irish potatoes, sweet potatoes, cassava, pulses, corn, etc., is undertaken with due regard to rotation and the general building up of soil fertility.

The Division acts in an advisory capacity to planters who have soil and plant problems other than those connected with disease and pests.

The programme of rebuilding and extending the Laboratory is now proceeding. It is expected that the analytical capacity of the Division, which has been seriously limited since the fire in October, 1946, will soon be restored.

#### (b) DIVISION OF PLANT PATHOLOGY

The Plant Pathologist, the Officer in charge of this Division, is responsible for the identification of plant diseases in Jamaica and acts in an advisory capacity in regard to the control of these diseases. The Division directs the operations of the field staff dealing with the control of plant diseases and undertakes investigations of problems concerning serious diseases of the more important crops.

The services of this Division are also available in connection with plant inspection carried out by the Department.

The Plant Pathologist also supervises the Meteorological observations at the Department Experimental Stations.

#### (c) DIVISION OF ENTOMOLOGY

The advice of the Officer in charge of this Division is available to planters in regard to measures of control of outbreaks of insect pests. The introduction of natural enemies undertaken by this Division has been attended with much success. A taxonomic collection has been gradually built up since the first Entomologist was appointed in 1915. This has now been supplemented by an economic collection describing insects during various stages and the plants attacked. The collection is made available for educational purpose at Agricultural shows, at lectures and for the use of local agriculturalists. The Division acts in an advisory capacity in regard to termite control measures and is conducting research into methods of building construction best suited to the tropics.

The Plant Inspection Service which involves the examination of all importations of plants and planting material, fruits and vegetables is undertaken by this Division.

#### (d) DIVISION OF BOTANY

The work of this Division is devoted to the study of economic crops in the island. Investigations are conducted on peas and beans, cereals, root-crops, oil-crops, fibres, vegetables, etc. The testing and selection of varieties suitable for the ecological zones of the island are the most important lines of work pursued.

Research is being conducted on the problem of low yields in coconut with a view to determining in what way soil fertility is affecting the vegetative vigour, the production of flowers and setting of fruit. The conditions affecting the production of rooted cuttings of cocoa is being studied. Supervision is maintained over the testing of promising banana varieties bred under the Banana Research Scheme, and the factors affecting vegetative multiplication are under observation.

#### (e) STATISTICS DIVISION

The Agricultural Statistics Division is responsible for the design and analysis of field experiments and advice on statistical aspects of other investigational work undertaken by the Department.

The work formerly undertaken by the Economics Division has been amalgamated with the Statistics Division under the direction of the Agricultural Statistician. This includes the collection of agricultural production statistics and the preparation of information and reports on agricultural statistics when required.

# AGRICULTURAL SUBSIDY SCHEME

This scheme was approved on 18th November, 1945 by the Secretary of State, and a free grant of £288,000 was made towards total expenditure of £497,500 under the Scheme for the rehabilitation of farms on proper husbandry lines.

The Central Farm Improvement Authority was established in 1947 to administer the Scheme.

The Authority consists of—

The Director of Agriculture, Chairman	A. E. Trotman
The Deputy Director of Agriculture (Extension Services)	
The Minister of Agriculture	Hon. I. W. Barrant
The Commissioner of Lands	Hon. A. F. Thelwell, O.B.E.
The Chairman, A.L.S. Board	R. K. Nunes
The Assist. Secretary (Agriculture)	
Secretariat	E. R. Richardson
The Representatives of the Jamaica Agricultural Society	{ Hon. R. L. M. Kirkwood R. A. Burke
The Divisional Chairmen:	
Northern Division	J. Hutton Jefferson
Southern Division	D. G. McConnel
Central Division	W. H. Redpath
Western Division	Hon. F. M. Kerr-Jarrett
	H. A. Darby—Secretary

The functions of the Authority are—

- (a) to expend, subject to the approval of the Governor, and to account for such public monies as may be placed at its disposal by vote of the House of Representatives or otherwise for the purpose of farm improvement;
- (b) to issue statements of policy and guiding principles to the Divisional, Parish and District Farm Improvement Committees;
- (c) to prepare or to approve the broad lines of an overall programme of farm improvement;
- (d) to receive, and to consider, plans or programmes of farm improvement prepared by the Divisional Committees, and generally to co-ordinate the work of the Divisional and Parish Committees.

## EXPERIMENTS IN LAND SETTLEMENT

- (a) *Lucky Hill Community Project*—This project was commenced in 1940 by the Government Food Production Board with a view to providing unemployment relief by establishing unemployed workers in agriculture, thereby furthering the Government sponsored war food production scheme. After operating on this basis for some time, the property Lucky Hill Pen in the parish of St. Mary, of some 873 acres, was purchased by Government and a communal farm established as an experiment in land settlement on a leasehold basis. The project is under the general direction of the Department working through a Managing Committee and Settlers' Council and is operated to the benefit of the settlers who share all profits. This experiment, which has been very successful, is one of profound importance to Jamaica and is attracting increasing attention from overseas.
- (b) *Grove Farm Land Settlement*—in 1947 the Department took over control of Grove Farm, a 220 acre irrigated property in the parish of St. Catherine, and has since established a community settlement for ex-servicemen and local agricultural workers. The agricultural development of the property has made good progress. It is proposed that future operation of the project will be undertaken by a body of settlers to be registered as the Grove Farming Co-operative Society, to whom the property will be leased by Government for 99 years.



### AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE ADVISORY BOARD

The Agricultural Produce Law, Cap. 339, provides for the inspection of all classes of island produce exported from the Island and is intended to secure uniform and high grade produce.

A systematic inspection is made of all produce buying depots, which has resulted in the maintenance of better conditions generally and greater care in the selection and handling of produce. Produce intended for export also is carefully examined and where not considered by the Inspector as fit for export, such produce is condemned and destroyed by the Police.

In the administration of this Law, there is provided an Advisory Board to the Government a staff of Inspectors and a Secretary. The office is situated at 131 King Street, Kingston.

From the 1st of April, 1943, the Inspectors of Produce have been placed under the Department of Commerce and Industries for administrative purposes.

*Advisory Board:*—The Commissioner of Commerce and Industries, *Chairman*; The Hon. D. J. Judah; The Hon. Minister for Agriculture; The Director of Agriculture; The Hon. G. G. R. Sharp, O.B.E., The President of the Chamber of Commerce and Merchant's Exchange, or his nominee; The Labour Adviser; The Secretary of the Jamaica Agricultural Society; Mr. N. W. Manley, K.C.; Mr. E. G. Whitbread.

### BANANA COMMITTEE

The Committee which will also be a tribunal to deal with the licensing of all persons connected with the purchasing of fruit at the various agencies throughout the Island, consists of:

Commissioner of Commerce and Industries (*Chairman*), the Director of Agriculture, Hon. G. G. R. Sharp, O.B.E. Mr. R. F. Williams, Mr. Clifford DeLisser, Mr. C. N. Hislop, Mr. Rudolph Burke.

### ALL ISLAND BANANA GROWERS ASSOCIATION LIMITED

The Association was established in 1946 to protect the interests of banana growers and for the general improvement of the industry in Jamaica.

Membership at the end of 1949 was approximately 24,000 growers with a banana acreage of over 64,000 acres, comprising approximately 250 District Branches and 13 Area Councils.

The Association takes an active part in all that relates to the banana industry, and negotiates annually with the British Ministry of Food and the Government of Jamaica for the price to be paid for Jamaican bananas exported to the United Kingdom.

It is financed by means of a "Cess" collected by Government on all bananas exported from the Island.

*DIRECTORS:*—Messrs. R. F. Williams, Chairman, Rudolph A. Burke, Vice-Chairman; Clifford D. DeLisser; A. B. Lowe; F. M. Jones; Hon. H. E. Pengelley; Messrs. Theo. A. Reid; L. L. Simmonds, M.H.R.; T. P. V. McDaniel; C. L. Clemetson; H. S. Schleifer; J. L. Lord; R. J. Campbell; E. J. Whittle; Austin Taylor; J. Stanley Lyon; W. H. DeLisser; Rev. H. Ward; Messrs. Charles Shilletto; H. G. DeLisser; S. A. Shaw; and C. H. Murray.

*EXECUTIVE OFFICER:*—Mr. D. L. Whittle—Secretary, 52-54 Barry Street, Kingston.

# BANANA INDUSTRY INSURANCE BOARD

41 Duke St., Kingston.

(Appointed under section 28 of the Banana Insurance Law 1946, Law 9 of 1946):—

Commissioner of Commerce and Industries (Chairman)

Director of Agriculture

Mr. Alec Gordon O.B.E.

Mr. Aston Levy

Hon. G. G. R. Sharp, O.B.E.

R. F. Williams

Mr. C. D. DeLisser

Mr. T. A. Reid

Mr. F. M. Jones

The Secretary of the Board is Mr. H. G. Nethersole, 41 Duke St., Kingston

Tel. No. 4734

## BANANA LEAF SPOT CONTROL BOARD

The Banana Leaf Spot Control Board was appointed under Section 4 of Law 21 of 1939. The Board consists of:—

The Director of Agriculture, (Chairman),

Hon. Sir Robert Barker, O.B.E.,

Mr. T. A. Reid,

Mr. C. L. A. Stuart,

Mr. E. R. D. Evans,

Mrs. I. Crooks, Secretary.

The function of the Board is to administer the monies collected from the Cess imposed on bananas exported from Jamaica. This fund provides free equipment and materials for controlling leaf spot disease of bananas by spraying.

## ALL ISLAND JAMAICA CANE FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

32 Duke Street, Kingston

The All-Island Jamaica Cane Farmers' Association was formed in the Autumn of 1941 and was incorporated by Law 75 dated December 25rd, 1941. It is run by twenty four members—two from each cane growing parish, with Mr. H. R. Sharp as Chairman, Mr. E. A. Barham, Vice-Chairman and Mr. J. A. Tannock, Manager-Secretary.

There are at the moment approximately 13,000 registered cane farmers, governed by Nineteen Local Associations, which are affiliated to the parent body and are maintained by a grant of approximately 1d. per ton cane delivered.

The Aims of the Association are to promote foster and encourage the growing of cane by cane farmers, to prepare and settle terms for cane farmers' contracts with Sugar Factories and Labour, and generally to do all such acts and matters as it may appear to the Association to be conducive to the attainment of benefits to cane farmers.

## CENTRAL FARM IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

Director of Agriculture (Chairman)

Minister for Agriculture

Asst. Secretary for (Agriculture) Secretariat

Commissioner of Lands

Chairman, Agricultural Loan Societies Board

Deputy Director of Agriculture (Extension Services)

Hon. R. L. M. Kirkwood

Mr. R. A. Burke

The Chairman of each of the Four Divisional Farm Improvement Committees.

## CITRUS DEVELOPMENT LOAN BOARD

The following gentlemen have been appointed to be the Board under Section 3 of the Citrus Development Aid Law, Cap. 346, for the purpose of administering the scheme for advances to citrus growers as provided by that Law:—The Commissioner of Commerce and Industries (*Chairman*); the Crown Solicitor and Sir Gilbert Wainwright, O.B.E.  
*Secretary* Senior Clerk Department of Commerce and Industries

## COCONUT CONTROL AUTHORITY

The Authority is a disinterested body appointed by the Governor in Executive Council under the Coconut Industry Control Law (No. 8 of 1945) for the main purpose of supervising and controlling the operations of the industry and the Coconut Industry Board and issuing such Regulations as may be necessary in the interests of the industry and the general public.

The present members of the Authority are:—H. J. Evenett, O.B.E., (*Chairman*), Commissioner of Commerce and Industries, Hon. G. G. R. Sharp, O.B.E., Hon. I. W. A. Barrant, M.B.E., Mr. D. C. Lounsbury.

*Secretary*: Mr. V. C. Smith, First Class Clerk attached to the Department of Commerce and Industries.

## COCONUT INDUSTRY BOARD

The Coconut Industry Board is a corporation established by Law (No. 8 of 1945) to take over, with certain expansions, the functions and operations of the former Coconut Marketing Board originally established under Law 41 of 1939.

The Board consists of a *Chairman* and three other nominated members appointed by the Governor in Executive Council and of five coconut growers elected by the growers. Members of the Board hold office for 3 years and a portion of the elected members retire annually, but are eligible for re-election.

The members of the Board are:—

*Nominated*: Hon. H. E. Pengelley (*Chairman*)

Mr. F. W. Harris  
 “ H. C. Tai Tenquee  
 “ A. N. S. Jackson

*Elected* “ S. G. Fletcher  
 “ F. M. Jones  
 “ A. H. Phillipps.  
 “ S. J. Hawley  
 “ H. D. Thompson

*Manager*—Mr. A. G. Squire

*Secretary*—Mr. F. L. Peacock

*Chief Accountant*—Mr. H. B. Stone.

*Registered Office*—Producers Road, Myers Wharf, P.O., Kingston.

The Board operates as the overall marketing body for the coconut industry, being in effect a co-operative marketing Association but provided by the law with a constitution under which its transactions are outright sales and purchases and its surpluses are held at the discretion of the Board and the controlling authorities of the industry for assignment to such purposes and objects of the industry as may be considered proper. Under the law there are certain purposes for which the Board can use its funds and other purposes for which it would require the approval of the Coconut Control Authority.

The law provides the Board with the exclusive right to purchase copra from copra producers and to sell copra to local consuming factories, or for export, but on a basis regulated by the Authority. The Board also carries out such rules and regulations for the control and marketing administration of the industry as the Authority may prescribe. Under rules made by the Authority the Board also functions as the single seller of fresh coconuts for export.

The conception upon which the Board operates is that of marketing the coconut crop to the best advantage through any desirable channels and in any desirable form, and of pooling the results so obtained in order to arrive at an average result for coconuts. In the meanwhile, based on estimates of market possibilities, a definite stabilized price is established for coconuts, the objective being to fix this price at a level which will provide the growers with an economic price. Any surplus or deficit on a period of trading is for the Board to deal with as it cannot collect deficits from growers and is not obligated to pay them any surpluses.

In the business of marketing fresh coconuts the Board operates through shippers and traders who previously carried on the business of exporting coconuts, but in its copra operations it deals direct with the copra producers and consuming factories. The price of copra is so arranged as to return to the copra producer the equivalent of the stabilized price for coconuts plus the expenses of manufacturing copra and a reasonable profit. The Board is the holder of the entire share capital of Soap and Edible Products Ltd., the larger of the two local factories manufacturing edible oil, soap, compound lard and margarine, and thus controls the operations of its largest customer for copra.

The Board also functions as a clearing house for the manufactured products of both factories, issuing them to the trade through distributors appointed for the purpose who pass on to the wholesalers and retailers.

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### COCONUT PRODUCTS BOARD

This Board is appointed by the Governor under Section 3 of the Coconut Industry Aid Law—Cap. 306, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Law which is designed to foster the coconut industry, with special reference to the manufacture of edible oils and other coconut products in the island.

The members of the Board are:—

Mr. H. J. Evennett, O.B.E.  
 Hon. G. G. R. Sharp, O.B.E.  
 Mr. D. C. Lounsbury  
 Hon. I. W. A. Barrant, M.H.R.

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### FOOD PRODUCTION CO-ORDINATING COMMITTEE

Director of Agriculture (*Chairman*); Secretary, Jamaica Agricultural Society, Commissioner of Lands, Commissioner of Commerce and Industries, Manager Agricultural Loan Board, Societies Mr. E. M. Clark, Mr. H. D. Thompson.

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### LIVESTOCK AND MEAT CONTROL ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Commissioner of Commerce and Industries (*Chairman*); Hon. Sir Alfred D'Costa., Mr. R. F. Williams, Mr. R. B. Coombs, Mr. A. C. Lopez, Hon. G. G. R. Sharp, O.B.E., Mr. Manley Rose, (*Secretary*), Mr. L. B. Cousley, Mr. T. P. Lecky, Actg. Officer.

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### SPIRITS CONTROL BOARD

(SEC. 3 OF THE RUM CONTROL LAW, CAP. 182)

Solicitor General (*Chairman*), Hon. Sir Robert Barker, O.B.E., Mr. D. J. Verity, Mr. Fred Kennedy, Deputy Director of Agriculture (Research), Mr. L. R. Mordecai, Captain Archie DePass.

## PARISH FARM IMPROVEMENT COMMITTEES

*St. Andrew*

A. P. Hanson—Chairman  
 W. N. Henry—Vice-Chairman  
 E. A. Barham  
 Zach. Seymour  
 Delgado Hall  
 R. Gillies

*St. Thomas*

A. H. Phillips—Chairman  
 S. H. Reid—Vice-Chairman  
 D. P. Elder  
 C. E. Randall  
 Hon. H. E. Pengeley  
 R. A. Burke  
 T. Burgher

*Portland*

F. M. Jones—Chairman  
 J. H. Steadman—Vice-Chairman  
 T. A. Gray  
 A. H. Sharpe  
 W. Harper Watson  
 F. B. Francis  
 P. H. Gayle

*St. Mary*

J. Hutton Jefferson—Chairman  
 C. L. A. Stuart—Vice-Chairman  
 H. G. DeLisser  
 L. L. Simmonds, M.H.R.  
 R. D. Lindo,  
 C. E. Graham  
 H. Clunis

*St. Ann*

A. V. Brown—Chairman  
 Alan O. S. Keeling—Vice-Chairman  
 A. E. Muschett  
 J. Stanley Lyon  
 Alfred Linton  
 Percy Stephenson  
 V. J. Rennie

*Trelawny*

E. H. Wakeland—Chairman  
 H. D. Thompson—Vice-Chairman  
 Louis N. Grant  
 Capt. A. McArthur  
 Ralston Grant  
 W. U. S. Ewen  
 John Barrett

*St. James*

Hon. F. M. Kerr-Jarrett—Chairman  
 C. DeLisser—Vice-Chairman  
 W. Vernon  
 A. B. Lowe  
 R. A. Reid  
 R. C. McFarlane,  
 H. H. V. Hawthorne

*Hanover*

Hon. G. W. Webster—Chairman  
 A. A. Marr—Vice-Chairman  
 A. J. McGhie  
 P. E. Browne  
 Capt. S. Scudamore, M.B.E.  
 D. A. Webster  
 C. C. Hastings

*Westmoreland*

P. T. Meany—Chairman  
 R. G. Kirkham—Vice-Chairman  
 Walter Comrie  
 L. Whitelocke  
 C. C. Campbell, M.H.R.  
 R. James  
 Hon. T. R. Williams

*St. Elizabeth*

W. H. Redpath—Chairman  
 R. C. James—Vice-Chairman  
 N. C. Lewis,  
 C. W. Lynch  
 E. W. Wakeland  
 Egerton Wright  
 B. B. Coke,

*Manchester*

H. H. Kohler—Chairman  
 C. Shilleto—Vice-Chairman  
 Alty Junior  
 E. M. Clarke  
 J. L. Lord  
 H. G. Maxwell  
 W. N. Edwards

*Clarendon*

C. I. McWhinnie—Chairman  
 Hon. A. M. Pawsey—Vice-Chairman  
 P. A. Broderick  
 H. G. Dunkley  
 A. S. Michelin  
 R. J. M. Lewin

*St. Catherine*

D. G. McConnell—Chairman  
 T. P. V. McDaniel—Vice-Chairman  
 Hon. A. S. Campbell  
 J. McPhail  
 C. K. Clarke  
 J. DeLisser-Grant  
 A. A. Watkis

SUGAR CONTROL BOARD\*

Under the Sugar Industry Control Law (Law 31 of 1933) a Sugar Control Board was appointed by the Government, the duties of which were *inter alia* to recommend the percentage of the Local and Export Sugar Quotas annually to the Government for proclamation under the Law; to advise as to local sugar standards and prices; and to safeguard the interests of the public in matters of the sugar marketed for local consumption. On the passing of Law 43 of 1937, (Cap. 302), which repealed previous Sugar legislation, a new Sugar Control Board was appointed to carry out the same duties and the additional ones (in regard to Sugar Quotas and registering and licensing of Cane Farmers) rendered necessary by the International Sugar Agreement of the 6th May, 1937. The Law was amended by the Sugar Industry Control Amendment Law, 30 of 1938, which defined more closely the conditions under which cane farmers would be licensed in the event of restriction becoming necessary. Sections of the original law which covered the period of International Sugar Agreement expired in 1942. The Law has been further amended by Law 49 of 1942—The Sugar Industry Control (Amendment) Law, 1942, to provide for the continuation of the control of the industry and to adjust the terms of licensing of cane farmers to the expansion which has occurred in the industry; and by Law 48 of 1944, The Sugar Industry Control (Amendment) Law, 1944—to bring legislation in line with the New Constitution.

Law 2 of 1948, Sugar (Reserve Funds) Law provides for the establishment of a fund out of the proceeds of the sale of sugar exported from Jamaica, the monies collected from the funds created to be applied against stabilisation, rehabilitation, and welfare services of the Sugar Industry.

Sugar Imports are forbidden under the Law, except by licence to be granted by the Control Board. In practice, no such licences are granted except for special classes of sugar not produced here.

The maximum retail prices for the various grades of sugar in Jamaica fixed by His Excellency the Governor and published in the Jamaica Gazette on 18th January, 1934, are:—

Grade D 3d. per lb. Grade C 3½d. per lb., Grade A 4d., per lb., Granulated 4½d. per lb., Icing 5d. per lb.

The members of the Board are:—Hon. R. B. Barker, O.B.E., (Chairman), Hon. F. V. Grossett, Vice-Chairman, Hon. Minister for Agriculture, Mr. D. J. Verity (representing the Sugar Manufacturers' Association of Jamaica) Mr. J. A. Tannock (representing the All-Island Cane Farmers' Association) Mr. F. V. Nunes, M.B.E., The Director of Agriculture, Mrs. I. Crooks (Secretary).

SUGAR INDUSTRY ARBITRATION AUTHORITIES

(Appointed under Sec. 26(2) of the Sugar Industry Control Law, Cap. 302)

*St. Thomas*

The Resident Magistrate  
The Senior Agricultural Officer,  
Southern Division, Hope  
Mr. A. H. Phillips

*Portland*

The Resident Magistrate  
The Senior Agricultural Officer,  
Northern Division, Highgate  
Mr. A. A. H. Sharpe

*St. Mary*

The Resident Magistrate  
The Senior Agricultural Officer,  
Northern Division, Highgate  
Mr. Leigh Tingling

*St. Ann*

The Resident Magistrate  
The Senior Agricultural Officer,  
Northern Division, Highgate  
Mr. A. O. S. Keeling

*Trelawny*

The Resident Magistrate  
The Senior Agricultural Officer, Western  
Division, Montego Bay  
Mr. H. D. Thompson

*St. James*

The Resident Magistrate  
The Senior Agricultural Officer, Western  
Division, Montego Bay  
Mr. E. P. Beresford

\*For previous history of Sugar Control Board, see Handbook for 1937-38.

SUGAR INDUSTRY ARBITRATION AUTHORITIES, *contd.*

<i>Hanover</i>	<i>Westmoreland</i>
The Resident Magistrate	The Resident Magistrate
Hon. G. W. Webster	Hon. T. R. Williams
The Senior Agricultural Officer (Western)	The Senior Agricultural Officer, (Western)
<i>St. Elizabeth</i>	<i>Clarendon</i>
The Resident Magistrate	The Resident Magistrate
The Senior Agricultural Officer, Central Division, Mandeville	The Senior Agricultural Officer, Central Division, Mandeville
Hon. Donald Sangster	Mr. Geoffrey Lankester
<i>St. Catherine and St. Andrew</i>	
The Resident Magistrate—St. Catherine	
The Senior Agricultural Officer, Southern Division, Hope	
Mr. Harold Braham	

## SUGAR INDUSTRY CAPITAL REHABILITATION BOARD

(Appointed under the Regulations made under the Sugar (Reserve Funds) Law 1948, Law 2 of 1948)

Hon. Financial Secretary and Treasurer (Chairman)	
Chairman, Sugar Control Board	
Hon. R. L. M. Kirkwood	}
Mr. K. S. Calder	
Mr. D. J. Verity	}
Mr. H. R. Sharp	
Mr. A. B. Lowe	}
Mr. H. L. Shearer	
	Representing the Sugar Manufacturers' Association (of Jamaica) Ltd.
	Representing the Cane Farmers' Association
	Representing the Bustamante Industrial Trade Union.

## SUGAR INDUSTRY LABOUR WELFARE BOARD

(Appointed under Regulations made under the Sugar (Reserve Funds) Law, 1948 Law 2 of 1948)

Secretary for Social Welfare Services (Chairman);	
Hon. Financial Secretary and Treasurer	
Mr. A. S. Campbell	}
Mr. C. A. Bloomfield	
Mr. S. H. Reid	}
Mr. H. L. Shearer	
Mr. L. V. Davis	}
Miss Iris Collins, M.H.R.	
	Representing the Sugar Manufacturers Association (of Jamaica) Ltd.
	Representing the Bustamante Industrial Trade Union

## SUGAR PRICE STABILIZATION BOARD

(Appointed under the Regulations made under the Sugar (Reserve Funds) Law, Law 2 of 1948)

Hon. Financial Secretary and Treasurer (Chairman);	
Chairman, Sugar Control Board;	
Hon. R. L. M. Kirkwood	}
Mr. D. J. Verity	
	Representing the Sugar Manufacturers' Association (of Jamaica) Ltd.
Mr. E. A. Barham	}
Mr. Oscar DeLisser	
Mr. H. L. Shearer	Representing the Bustamante Industrial Trade Union.

# LIVESTOCK CLEARING HOUSE

West End, Kingston

The Clearing House was set up under Order No. 342 issued on the 26th November 1942. The Livestock Control (No. 2) Order 1942. The purpose of the Clearing House is to purchase and sell livestock intended for slaughter within the Urban and Suburban districts of the Corporate Area, the control of slaughtering and the licensing of butchers throughout the island of Jamaica. This Order also laid down the grading of livestock as follows:

The grades into which all cattle for slaughter shall be classified shall be as follows:—

*Grade A.* Shall be prime steers and heifers of approved beef type which possess a high degree of finish and quality.

*Grade B.* Shall be medium steers and heifers and choice cows of beef type with finish and quality less than of Grade A. Choice cows shall be cows of beef type which possess good quality and finish, and which are trim in the underline and show no excess development of the mammary system.

*Grade C.* Shall be common cows, aged and working steers, stags and bulls.

The Secretary and Manager of the Clearing House is Mr. J. MacIntosh.

*(Made under regulation 50 of the above Regulations which regulation has effect by virtue of the Supplies and Services (Transitional Powers) Act, 1945, as extended to Jamaica by the Supplies and Services (Transitional Powers) (Colonies etc.) Order in Council, 1946).*

## THE LIVESTOCK CONTROL ORDER, 1946

1. This order may be cited as the Livestock, Control Order, 1946

2. In this Order—

“Clearing House” means the Livestock Clearing House established by the Competent Authority for the purpose of purchasing and selling livestock intended for slaughter within the urban and sub-urban districts of the Corporate Area and occupying the premises described in the First Schedule to this Order

“livestock” means any bull, steer, cow or other description of cattle and any hog, pig, sheep, lamb, goat or kid.

“meat” means the flesh of any livestock;

“slaughter house” means the Kingston Slaughter House;

“urban and suburban districts of the Corporate Area” means those districts as defined by the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation Law.

### DEFINITION OF A DRESSED CARCASS

The warm dressed weight of the carcass of any cattle shall be the weight of such carcass before it has been chilled and after removing—

- (a) the skin, but without removing any fat;
- (b) the head, leaving seven Cervical bones on the neck;
- (c) the feet at the Carpus (knee) and Tarsus (hock);
- (d) all organs of Thorax (chest) abdomen and pelvis with the masses of fat attached, but leaving the kidneys and their fat; and
- (e) the blood vessels and the Trachea (windpipe).

## JAMAICA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

Head Office—10-12 North Parade,  
Kingston.

The Society was formed in 1895 and was incorporated in 1941 by the Jamaica Agricultural Society Incorporation Law, 1941.

Its objects are:—

- (i) to promote and encourage agriculture, horticulture, arboriculture, apiculture and stock-raising in all their branches;
- (ii) to establish and maintain an office of the Society in Kingston and, where necessary, sub-offices in various parts of Jamaica, for the dissemination of information upon the matters specified in paragraph (i) of this section to the members of the Society;



- (iii) to provide for the reading of papers and the delivery of lectures, and for courses of instruction and the holding of examinations in subjects connected with the matters specified in paragraph (i) of this section;
- (iv) to provide and award premiums for the encouragement of agriculture, horticulture, arboriculture, apiculture and stock-raising;
- (v) to provide for the holding, from time to time, of agricultural and live stock exhibitions;
- (vi) to promote, acquire an interest in, or finance any company or organisation, or to carry on any trade, business, school, college, administration centre, exhibition, model farm or pen, experimental work or scientific research, calculated to promote directly or indirectly, or to contribute to, the agricultural or economic welfare of Jamaica;
- (vii) to apply the funds placed at the disposal of the Society for the purposes of the Society.

Since its inauguration some 54 years ago the Society has been the chief agent for the dissemination of agricultural knowledge particularly among the small farmers, and for bringing to the attention of Government the problems of the Agricultural Community and it acts as a liaison between Government and that Community.

The Society's policy is to foster in the Agricultural Community a feeling of confidence in, and friendliness towards, the Instructional Staff, who are chosen for their ability to secure and retain the interest and confidence of the small holder as well as for their practical knowledge of agriculture, and who are, as a result of this policy, deservedly popular among all classes.

In matters of finance the Society has always been dependent for its operation on an annual subsidy from Government which is subject to Government approval of Estimates of Expenditure submitted annually by the Society, and the books of the Society are now subject to Government audit. The confidence of Government in the Society's policy and work as well as in the initiative of its Board of Management is reflected in the amount of assistance granted.

#### BRANCH SOCIETIES

The Society now has affiliated to it as members 450 district Branches distributed throughout the Island. To be affiliated a Branch must have officers duly elected—President, Vice-Presidents, Secretary, Treasurer and a Committee, with a total of at least 16 members in good financial standing. Membership of Branches as high as 238 persons have been recorded. Reports of meetings, minutes and financial statement have to be submitted to the Secretary of the Parent Society and Bye-Laws approved by the Board of the Society have to be observed.

The Branches in each parish unite to form Branches Associated. There are 13 of these Associate Branches with an establishment similar to that of the Branches themselves.

The establishment and development of these Branch Societies, distributed throughout all the important agricultural areas, has always been an important part of the policy of the Society. These Societies, which hold regular monthly meetings, form very useful foci for the activities of Instructors, pastors, teachers and social workers of all kinds, invariably attract the support of the more progressive farmers in the Agricultural areas, provide frequent opportunities for the regular discussion of problems and the development of a co-operative spirit among farmers, and have time and time again proved of invaluable service not only to the communities which they serve but to Government.

#### MEMBERSHIP

Membership in the Society is open to all, and members consist of Life Members, Honorary Members, Direct Members (Local and Foreign), and Branch Members.

#### SUBSCRIPTION

The subscription to the Parent Body is 7/6 per annum local; (2/6 of which amount is returned to the Branches Associated to help them to run their own affairs) and 10/- foreign. To Branches the subscription is 1/- per annum, plus 6d. for the Society's Journal. Direct Members are entitled to free copies of the Journal.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

The operations of the Society are controlled by a Board of Management consisting of Mr. R. A. Burke *President*, The Director of Agriculture, and 16 members elected triennially by the Society. From these 16 members, two Vice-Presidents are elected annually. The present members of the Board are:—

*President*

RUDOLPH BURKE, Planter and Fenkeeper, Llandewey P.O. (St. Thomas)

*Vice-Presidents*

A. B. LOWE, Adelphi P.O. (St. James) — First Vice-President.  
 W. N. HENRY 51 Waltham Park Rd., Whitfield Town F.O. (St. Andrew)  
 Director of Agriculture, A. E. Trotman, Kingston P.O. (ex-officio).  
 Hon. A. S. Campbell, M.L.C., Inswood Estate, Spanish Town P. O. (St. Catherine)  
 Miss I. R. Collins, Cambridge P. O. (St. James)  
 Hon. I. W. A. Barrant, M.H.R., Morant Bay P. O. (St. Thomas)  
 L. C. Bloomfield, M.H.R., Newport P. O. (Manchester)  
 R. F. Williams, 64 Harbour St., Kingston (St. Andrew)  
 Hon. R. L. M. Kirkwood, M.L.C. Kingston P. O.  
 W. D. Linton, Frankfield, (Clarendon)  
 T. P. V. McDaniel, Banana Planter, Bog Walk P. O. (St. Catherine)  
 C. V. Helwig, Penkeeper, Devon (Manchester)  
 C. L. A. Stuart, Planter, Pembroke Hall P. O. (St. Mary)  
 W. Harper Watson, Banana Planter, St. Margaret's Bay (Portland)  
 Dr. Ivan Lloyd, M.H.R., Claremont P. O. (St. Ann)  
 W. S. Robinson, Pembroke Hall (St. Mary)  
 Hon. D. B. Sangster, Black River (St. Elizabeth)  
 H. C. Cahusac, Petersfield P. O. (Westmoreland)  
 Vacant (Hanover)  
 E. H. Wakeland, Wakefield (Trelawny)  
 L. A. M. B. Coke, Acting Secretary and Treasurer  
 D. A. Jones. " Adm. Secy.

COMMITTEES

The Board of Management appoints Committees for the management of:—

The Field Staff  
 The Office and Journal  
 Finances  
 Bee Industry  
 Shows  
 Livestock  
 Citrus and Staple Crops  
 Co-operatives

The Field Staff Committee has executive powers and the Director of Agriculture is Chairman.

ORGANISATION

The Head Office of the Society is located at 10-12 North Parade, Kingston. Sub-offices have been established at:—Mandeville, Highgate, Montego Bay, Spalding, Morant Bay, Christiansa, May Pen, Malvern, Brown's Town.

At the Head Office, apart from the routine administrative work, which includes the publication of the *Journal*, the Society maintains an *Agricultural Information Bureau* and a *Sales Department* which makes available to farmers, agricultural implements, seeds, fertilisers, insecticides and stock medicines. For purposes of administration of field work, the Island is divided into divisions based on the Parishes with a Supervisor in charge of each division. These divisions are further sub-divided into Instructional Districts with an Agricultural Instructor in charge of each district. There are 68 Instructional Districts. Supervisors report to the Secretary who is the Executive Officer of the Management.

## MEETING

The *Board of Management* meets regularly once a month and on special occasions, as necessary, and is presided over by the President. Five members of the Board form a quorum.

The *Society* received Governments' approval to a New Constitution which became operative on the 27th March, 1947. Under this new set up the Board shall consist of the undermentioned persons:—

- (a) the Director of Agriculture;
- (b) three members of the House of Representatives nominated by the said House
- (c) one member of the Legislative Council nominated by the Governor in Executive Council;
- (d) such persons as are elected by the Associations of Branch Societies, one being elected by each such Association;
- (e) three persons elected by the delegates of the Associations of Branch Societies from a panel submitted by members of the Society other than Branch Societies, Associations of Branch Societies and Affiliated Societies.

The *Society* holds 2 half-yearly meetings in Kingston for the transaction of business, that is, to receive reports and financial statements, etc., elect Officers and discuss agricultural matters. Each Branch Associated is entitled to send 10 delegates to these half-yearly meetings and to vote. Only delegates may vote.

*Branches* hold monthly meetings while *Associated Branches* hold half-yearly meetings to which delegates from individual Branches are elected.

## JOURNAL

The *Society* publishes a *Journal* every three months and it is supplied free to members. The circulation is 9,500 copies per issue. The publication is now known as "The Farmer"

## AGRICULTURAL SHOWS

A Show Committee has been set up by the *Society* to promote and hold All Island shows and to assist in directing, advising and encouraging Parish and Local Shows.

The organization of District and Island Agricultural Shows and Exhibitions has always been a regular feature of the *Society's* work. The *Society* has also undertaken the exhibition of Jamaican products in other countries.

## SALES DEPARTMENT

Since 1902, an important feature of the *Society's* work has been the operation of a Sales Department which provides high quality seeds of all kinds for sale to the public at reasonable prices. Increasingly large quantities of seed potatoes are being imported each year, the planting of which is usually supervised by the Instructors and fairly large stocks of fertilizers, poultry and livestock feeds, insecticides, stock medicines, agricultural machinery, and spraying and agricultural implements are handled each year. The preparation of poultry and livestock feeds provides an outlet for corn, guinea corn, and other stock feed grown by members. Approximately 11,648 bushels of various grains are handled annually. The growth and present importance of the Sales Department may be gauged from the following data:—

In 1902 the Department handled stock valued at £129, while the value of stock handled in subsequent years was :—

In 1910 ..	£780
In 1940-41 over	£23,000
In 1941-42 over	£25,100
In 1942-43 over	£25,640
In 1943-44 over	£23,552
In 1944-45 over	£28,956
In 1945-46 over	£27,026
In 1946-47 over	£38,532
In 1947-48 over	£41,192

# INDUSTRIES

The present state of affairs marks real improvement and achievement. There are Commodity Associations for the following:

Banana Growers, Cane Farmers, Bee Farmers Citrus Growers, Coconut Producers, Livestock; and there are other Commodity Associations in process of formation:

Irish Potatoes, Peanuts, Ginger, Tobacco, Rice—These have all been fused into a Central Committee of Primary Producers who interest themselves in all broad issues and policies affecting Commodity Associations and act as liaison between the Associations and Government. It is their intention to affiliate with the Society and many have already done so. The Society is also represented in the Central Committee.

Throughout its existence the Society has devoted attention to the encouragement of Home Craft and Local Industries, e.g., Jippi Jappa, Basket-making, Preserves, Banana Figs and Meal, and the manufacture of Vinegar, while from time to time it investigated the possibility of the establishment of new industries and agricultural projects such as the Riee growing, Sericulture, marketing facilities, livestock improvement, the introduction of new crops, the development of the Tobacco and other Industries.

## BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, PROVIDENT FUND OF THE JAMAICA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

This Fund is now being administered by the Treasury under the control of the Financial Secretary and Treasurer.

## 4-H CLUBS OF THE JAMAICA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

In 1940 the Juvenile Branches of the Jamaica Agricultural Society were re-organized on the lines of 4-H Clubs. It was felt that on this basis, boys and girls in rural areas would more readily acquire the training which the Society aimed at giving them. The work was undertaken in co-operation and jointly with Jamaica Welfare Ltd., and a special Committee—the Central Managing Committee 4-H Clubs—composed of representatives from the Jamaica Agricultural Society, Jamaica Welfare Ltd., and Government, with powers to add to their number by co-option, was set up and given executive powers, and the work among young people delegated to this authority.

The main objectives of 4-H Clubs are to give to the youth of Jamaica practical information on subjects relating to agriculture and home economics, to help them to put this knowledge into practice, to develop individual abilities, moral and intellectual character, and to train every member in good citizenship.

An Island Advisory Committee on which are leaders of the Organizations directing youth movements in Jamaica, the Local Councils which direct centralized groups of clubs throughout the Island, and the Organizers who are responsible to the Central Managing Committee for the efficient supervision of the work of the Clubs, participate in the conduct of operations. The Clubs function under the guidance of adult leaders whose work is entirely voluntary.

The Central Managing Committee is vested with full administrative and executive authority and is composed of:—

- (i) Two members of the Board of Mangement of the Jamaica Agricultural Society;
- (ii) The Secretary of the Jamaica Agricultural Society;
- (iii) Two members or other nominees of the Board of Directors of Jamaica Welfare Limited;
- (iv) A Co-operative Officer of Jamaica Welfare Limited;
- (v) A representative selected by Government;
- (vi) Two other members co-opted by the Committee.

The Staff consists of:—

- (1) Secretary—Supervisor—1
- (2) Assistant Secretary—1
- (3) Clerks—3
- (4) Organizers—8

At March 31st 1949, there were 244 Clubs with a membership of 7,971.

## PRIMARY PRODUCERS' ASSOCIATIONS

*All-Island Banana Growers' Association*

Chairman—R. F. Williams,  
 Secretary—Donald Whittle,  
 52-54 Barry Street,  
 Kingston.

*All-Island Cane Farmers' Association*

Chairman—H. R. Sharp,  
 Secretary—J. A. Tannock,  
 32 Duke Street,  
 Kingston.

*All-Island Bee Farmers' Association*

Chairman—N. C. Lewis,  
 Secretary—L. A.M. B. Coke,  
 10-12 North Parade,  
 Kingston.

*Jamaica Banana Producers' Association*

Chairman—C. H. Browne, B.A.  
 Secretary—Miss L. Gibson,  
 64 Harbour Street,  
 Kingston.

*All-Island Citrus Growers' Association*

Chairman—Hon. R. L. M. Kirkwood,  
 Secretary—H. Harris,  
 Duke Street,  
 Kingston.

*Jamaica Citrus Producers' Association*

Chairman—E. A. Barham,  
 Secretary—G. Segre (Acting),  
 4 Princess Street,  
 Kingston.

*Jamaica Livestock Association*

Chairman—R. F. Williams,  
 Secretary—K. H. Davidson,  
 52-54 Barry Street,  
 Kingston.

*Central Council of Primary Producers*

Chairman—Hon. R. L. M. Kirkwood  
 Secretary—D. J. Verity,  
 c/o Sugar Manufacturers Association,  
 King Street, Kingston.

*Jamaica Co-operative Rice Growers' Association*

Chairman—R. A. Burke,  
 Llandewey, P.O.  
 Secretary—L. A. M. B. Coke

*Irish Potato Growers' Co-operative Ltd.*

Chairman—A. E. Vermont,  
 Labyrinth, P.O.  
 Secretary—E. V. McNamee,  
 Mandeville P.O.

## AGRICULTURAL LEGISLATION

The following section summarises the principal Legislation relating to Agriculture. Copies of these Laws and Regulations may be purchased from the Government Printer, Kingston.

## GENERAL

*Cap. 361—The Dividing Fences Law*

This Law prescribes arrangements for erection and maintenance of fences between holdings.

*Cap. 365—The Trespass Law—(Amended by Law 11 of 1942, which repeals Sec. 8)*

*Law 35 of 1945, The Agricultural Small Holdings Law, 1945*

*Amended by Law 11 of 1946 and Law 4 of 1948*

Covers relations between Landlords and Tenants.

*Cap. 50—The Pound Law—(Amended by Law 23 of 1942)*

This Law relates to the poundage of animals.

#### PRODUCE

*Law 54 of 1944, The Agricultural Marketing Law, 1944*

*Cap. 339—The Agricultural Produce Law*

Relating to the marketing of Agricultural Produce.

#### CITRUS

*The Citrus Fruit (Protection) Regulations, 1948*

(J.G.S.—P.R. & R., 1948, p. 257, 27th August, 1948)

Prescribe for the proper gathering of fruit for export to avoid injury and its transport in proper containers. Prescribe for the conveyance of fruit in boxes if for export as fresh fruit, or in suitable vehicles, certified as such if for processing. Forbid the purchase of export fruit other than by count, standard field box (as defined) or weight, kerosene tins being permitted for limes only. Prescribe for the use of packing houses in accordance with the approval of the chief Inspector of Produce, and for the packing and labelling of fruit for export. Indicate the varieties of fruit approved for export, and the five grades in which fruit for export other than tangerines and limes, are to be graded. 'Culled' or 'Orchard Run' fruit may only be exported under permit from the chief Inspector of Produce. Fruit for ships stores must conform to the regulations, but need not be graded, wrapped or packed in cases. The Chief Inspector must receive at least three days notice of any intended shipment of fruit, which may then only be made under a permit from him. Premises used for storage and packing of fruit must be kept clean, to the satisfaction of the Inspector. Fruit condemned for export may be sold in Jamaica as prescribed.

#### WAX AND HONEY

*Order of July 31st, 1928*

Requires honey for export to be strained and placed in clean containers, labelled "Jamaica Honey". Prohibits the sale or export of wax which is adulterated, and gives powers of inspection.

#### EXPORT OF VEGETABLES AND FRUIT

**REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE EXPORTATION OF VEGETABLES AND FRUIT**

*Sept. 14th, 1937, amended March 11th, 1940*

Schedules certain fruits and vegetables which may only be exported if packed in a Marketing Department packing house, or one authorised by them, and in quantities to be regulated by the Marketing and Trade Commissioner. Such produce shall only be collected and packed in a manner approved by the Marketing and Trade Commissioner and shall only be exported if of a standard size and quality considered suitable by an Inspector of Produce. The regulations do not apply to *bona fide* ships' stores or small consignments shipped privately and not for sale.

## SCHEDULE

Avocado Pears, Beetroot, Carrots, Egg plants, Fresh Beans and Peas, Granadillas, Mangoes, Melons of all kinds, Passion Fruit, Peppers of all kinds, Pineapples, Potatoes of all kinds, Radishes, Squash, Cucumbers, Vegetable Marrows, Tomatoes, Tree Tomatoes, Turnips.

## THEFT OF PRODUCE

*Cap. 413—The Unlawful Possession of Agricultural Produce Law*

(amended by Law 30 of 1942 which repeals Sec. 14 and by Law 26 of 1948 which provides for the remuneration of authorised persons)

## LOAN SOCIETIES

*Law 28 of 1944, The Agricultural Loan Societies Law, 1944,*

*Amended by Law 20 of 1945 and Law 20 of 1948*

Law 38 of 1949. *The Co-operative Societies Law, 1949.*

## MAJOR CROPS

## BANANAS

*Cap. 305—The Banana Industry Regulation Law*

(amended by Law 15 of 1947)

*Law 9 of 1946—The Banana Insurance Law, 1946*

Deals with Banana Insurance necessitated by storm damage.

## COCONUTS

*LAW NO. 8 OF 1945—THE COCONUT INDUSTRY CONTROL LAW, 1945*

(amended by Law 19 of 1945)

Law 34 of 1949. *The Coconut Insurance Law, 1949.*

## SUGAR

*Cap. 302. The Sugar Industry Control Law.* (Amended by Law 30 of 1938, Law 49 of 1942, Law 48 of 1944 and Law 40 of 1945)

Law 2 of 1948. *The Sugar (Reserve Funds) Law 1948.*

Law 75 of 1941. *The Cane Farmers (Incorporation and Cess) Law.* (Amended by Law 52 of 1942, Law 6 of 1946 and Law 37 of 1947)

## IMPORTATION OF PLANTS, ETC.

*Proclamations Under The Customs Law.*

*LAW 34 OF 1939—THE CUSTOMS LAW 1939*

Section 39, Sub-section X prohibits the importation of Coffee, foreign, XIX that of edible oil, except under Licence of the Governor, XXI that of plants, bulbs, seeds, cuttings, etc., such as are prohibited under Cap. 350, XXIV that of Rum—foreign, except such as is imported for exportation subject to Regulations prescribed by the Collector General, XXV that of Sisal Fibre, except from the Turks and Caicos Islands, and XXVIII that of Sugar, except under Licence of the Sugar Control Board.

**BEEES AND BEEKEEPER'S STOCK.**

*Proclamation re the Importation of Bees, Honey and Beekeeper's Stock, March 12th, 1942.*

Revokes Sec. 39 Sub-Section VII of the Customs Law.

A. Prescribes for the importation of Queen Bees. Application for an import permit to be made to the Director of Agriculture, and payment of a sum of 4/- for one Queen Bee, and 1/- for each additional Queen Bee, though the Director of Agriculture may waive these fees. Imported Queen Bees are to be sent to the Director of Agriculture by postal or customs officers, and may only be unpacked by a person authorised by the Director of Agriculture, which person is to repack the Bees and burn the original package.

B. Prescribes for the Importation of Honey and Beeswax for transshipment or in transit. Honey in transit must be in sealed metal containers, not over 7 lbs., and crated in cases not exceeding 70 lbs. in weight, and there must be no trace of honey or beeswax outside. Transshipment of honey or beeswax can only take place at Kingston, after inspection. Honey or beeswax in transit and not packed as above must be in holds the hatches of which are sealed.

**COFFEE**

Proclamation Prohibiting the Importation of Coffee, December 18th, 1941.

Prohibits the importation of coffee, in beans or ground, roasted or unroasted, from anywhere, except roasted coffee by a permit from the Collector General.

**COPRA**

Proclamation of April 26, 1945, prohibits importation of copra except by permission of the Colonial Secretary.

**CORN MEAL AND CORN MEAL MACHINERY**

A proclamation of August 25, 1939, prohibits the importation of Corn Meal and another of June 1, 1948, prohibits the importation of Corn Meal machinery except by permission of the Colonial Secretary.

**FRUIT, PLANTS AND VEGETABLES**

*The Customs (Importation) (Prohibition) (Fruit, Plant and Vegetables) Proclamation, 1949, 11th October, 1949.*

(J.G.S.—P.R. & R. 1949, p. 273)

This Proclamation prohibits the importation of Unprocessed Plant Parts, Plant Material or Earth or Soil except as permitted thereunder.

Fruit excepting Citrus, and Vegetables (including Irish Potatoes) may be imported from the United Kingdom, Ireland, Canada, the U.S.A. and New Zealand, provided that they are certified as home grown, fresh clean and believed free of pests and diseases. In addition Irish Potatoes may be imported from Holland and Fresh Fruit from Tasmania. Importers of such produce must notify the Director of Agriculture prior to or within 24 hours of its arrival, and the produce is subject to inspection and may be treated to destroy pests and diseases, or destroyed without compensation if necessary. Potatoes from the United Kingdom, Ireland (Eire), the U.S.A. and Holland must be additionally certified as free of Wart Disease (*Synchytrium endobioticum*) and that this disease does not occur within 5 miles of their place of origin. Potatoes from Canada, the U.S.A. and Holland must be additionally certified as not infected by Ring Rot (*Corynebacterium sepedonicum*). (Potatoes for consumption at the U.S.A. bases in the Island need not however be specifically certified for Wart Disease and Ring Rot). Seed Potatoes may only be imported by the Commissioner of Commerce and Industries and the Irish Potato Growers Co-operative Ltd. The Director of Agriculture may import samples of fruit and vegetables for scientific purposes from any country.



Dried Fruit and Vegetables, Grain, Seeds and Onions (any species of the genus *Allium*) may be imported without a permit.

Coconuts in the husk and cotton seed may only be imported by permission of the Director of Agriculture and under his conditions.

Plants or Plant Parts may be imported from the United Kingdom via Kingston. Plants or Plant Parts from elsewhere may be imported via Kingston if accompanied by a permit issued by the Director of Agriculture. All Plants and Plant Parts are subject to inspection on arrival, to such fumigation or disinfection as may be required, and to destruction without compensation if necessary.

Hay, straw and other unprocessed plant materials used for packing may be imported subject to inspection, and may be destroyed without compensation if liable to introduce pests, diseases or noxious weeds.

Fodder and litter may be imported in accordance with the provisions of the Animal Diseases (Importation) Control Regulations, 1948 (see p. 399).

Citrus Fruit for consumption at the U.S.A. bases in the Island may be imported if certified as coming from the U.S.A. and believed to be free of pests and diseases.

#### SISAL FIBRE

A Proclamation prohibiting the importation of sisal fibre, Aug. 21st, 1941.

The importation of Sisal Fibre from anywhere is prohibited except under permit from the Collector General.

#### EXPORTATION OF PLANTS

By Proclamations still valid, made under Cap. 348, since repealed; the exportation of viable portions of ginger plants, and living plants, seeds and cuttings of pimento are prohibited and also the exportation of banana suckers, except by permission of the Director of Agriculture.

#### FORESTS AND FOREST PRODUCTS

Cap. 338. *The Forest Law.* (Amended by Law 34 of 1941)

Cap. 414. *The Sale of the Bark of Trees (Prevention), Law.* (Amended by Law 7 of 1942)

Requires any person found selling the bark of any of the trees listed in the first Schedule to prove that he obtained the bark from his own property, or was authorised in writing to obtain it by the owner of the trees from which it was taken. It is an offence to sell, offer for sale or buy the bark of any of the trees listed in the second schedule irrespective of ownership.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE

Bitter Damsel, Bitter Wood, Bullet Wood, Sweet Tamarind, Trumpet, Wild Tamarind

#### SECOND SCHEDULE

Dogwood, Mahogany, Mahoe.

Law 8 of 1942. *The Country Fires Law.* (Amended by Law 51 of 1942)

#### ANIMALS, BIRDS, FISH AND INSECTS

Law 22 of 1943. *The Animals (Diseases and Importations) Law*

*The Animal Diseases (Importation) Control Regulations, 1948, Oct. 1st 1948.*

(amended by Regulations of Oct., 3, and Nov., 3, 1949)

(J.G.S.—P.R. & R. 1948, p. 294 and 1949, p. 263 and 297)

(J.G.S.—P.R. & R, 1948, p. 294)

*General Provisions*—No animal may be imported except in accordance with these Regulations. Importation of animals is only permitted under permit previously granted by the Director of Agriculture, and at Kingston or Palisadoes. No animal may be landed without inspection by an Inspector or a written permit from him.

Quarantine may be imposed, at the consignee's expense and risks, and destruction of the animal may be carried out if necessary, without compensation. The regulations do not apply to animals (other than dogs) imported by Government.

**Dogs.** These may only be imported from Great Britain Northern Ireland and Eire, with the necessary certificate concerning Rabies, and provided they have been in contact en route with no dog other than these certified as above or released from quarantine in the above named countries as free from Rabies.

**Cats.** These may only be imported from Great Britain, Northern Ireland and Eire, with a health certificate, and provided they have been in contact en route with no cat other than certified as above or released from quarantine in the above named countries as healthy.

**Horses.** These may only be imported from Great Britain, Northern Ireland and Eire, with a certificate re Foot and Mouth Disease in the country of origin and a certificate concerning freedom from various diseases as prescribed in the regulations. The term 'horses' includes Mares, Mules, Donkeys and Zebras.

**Cattle, Pigs, Sheep and Goats.** These may only be imported from Great Britain, Northern Ireland, Eire, Canada and the U.S.A., with certificates as prescribed in the regulations.

**Rabbits, Guinea Pigs, Turtles, Caged Birds.** These may not be imported from Trinidad and Tobago, or the continent of South America, but this regulation does not apply to any fish or turtle native to these countries but caught alive near the coast of Jamaica and imported for use in an aquarium.

**Monkeys** may not be imported.

**Carcasses or Cattle, Pigs, Sheep and Goats** may only be imported if coming *directly* from Great Britain, Northern Ireland, Eire, Canada, New Zealand, Australia, the U.S.A., Denmark, Holland and with a permit from the Director of Agriculture. This regulation does not apply to importations made by Government or to cooked or sterilized meat in sealed containers.

**Fodder and Litter.** may only be imported directly from Great Britain, Canada and the U.S.A., and if from Great Britain must be accompanied by a certificate re Foot and Mouth Disease.

**Dung.** No dung (other than the excrement of birds) may be imported except it be in any container in which an animal is lawfully imported.

**Used and Second-hand Animal Blankets, Saddle Cloths, Felling,, Pads, etc.** may not be imported into the island except as the accoutrement of an animal lawfully imported and if new at the time of shipment.

**Used and Second-hand Animal Trappings** may not be imported unless fumigated with hydrocyanic gas as prescribed.

**Biological Products** of any animal intended for use in Veterinary medicine, as prescribed, may only be imported with a permit from the Director of Agriculture.

**Importation of Animals from the Dependencies of Jamaica** No animal may be imported from the Turks and Caicos Islands. Animals may only be imported from the Cayman Islands if accompanied by the prescribed certificate from the Customs Officer of the Cayman Islands.

*The Rabies Regulations, 1948, Oct. 1, 1948.*

(J.G.S.—P.R. &amp; R, 1948, p. 302)

Require notice of suspected rabies to be given to the police and thence to the Director of Agriculture at once. Owners of animals with suspected Rabies to isolate such. An Inspector to proceed to suspected area and serve isolation notices, etc., in accordance with the forms scheduled. Prescribes for slaughter of infected animals, and isolation of suspected animals by an Inspector if the owner fails to comply with the Law. Prescribes for the destruction of carcasses of diseased animals and disinfection of kennels, etc.

*The Anthrax Regulations, 1948, Oct. 1, 1948.*

(J.G.S.—P.R. &amp; R, 1948, p. 307)

Require notice of affected and suspected cases to be given to police and thence to the Director of Agriculture at once, and quarantine notice as per the form scheduled to be served on the occupier of premises concerned. Prescribe the quarantine and disinfection measures to be followed and for the destruction of carcasses of infected animals. Prescribe for vaccination or inoculation or such other treatment as may be required.

*The Swine Fever Regulations, 1948, Oct. 1, 1948.*

(J.G.S.—P.R. &amp; R, 1948, p. 311)

Require notice of affected or suspected animals to be given to the police and thence to the Director of Agriculture at once, and quarantine notice as per the form scheduled to be served on the occupier of the premises concerned. Prescribe for the quarantine of swine in the area concerned and destruction of any straying therefrom. Prescribe for the destruction of affected carcasses and the necessary measures of disinfection, etc. Require thirty days quarantine of swine in contact with affected animals, and may require immunization of swine in the area concerned by vaccination or otherwise at the owner's risk and expense. Prohibit the slaughter of swine for domestic consumption within an infected area, and prescribe for destruction of carcasses of animals slaughtered within seven days of contact with suspectedly affected animals, compensation being payable at two-thirds the prevailing dead weight market price. The regulations do not apply to swine moved in a vehicle into or through an infected area and slaughtered within 48 hours at an authorised place.

*Order re Epizootic Abortion, Oct. 1, 1948.*

(J.G.S.—P.R. &amp; R, 1948, p. 294)

Adds the disease of Epizootic abortion to the definition of disease in section 2 of the Animal (Diseases and Importation) Law, 1943.

*Epizootic Abortion Regulations, 1948, Oct. 1, 1948.*

(J.G.S.—P.R. &amp; R, 1948, p. 315)

Forbid the exposure for sale of any cow or heifer which has calved prematurely within the previous two months, and the sale of such animal unless notice of the premature calving in writing is given to the purchaser. Forbid sending a cow or heifer which has calved prematurely within the previous two months to a bull for service unless notice in writing of the premature calving is given to the owner of the bull. Forbid the grazing of any cow or heifer that has calved prematurely within the previous two months on common or unenclosed land, the side of a road or on any land on which there are cattle not the property of the owner of such animal.

Cap. 351. *The Tick Control and Eradication Law.*

Authorises the Governor in Privy Council to make orders for the dipping of animals or other means to control and eradicate ticks, and to direct the owners or occupiers of holdings to construct dipping tanks. Prescribes for the recovery by tenants from owners of the cost of erection of dipping tanks, and for tenants to contribute to such cost in certain circumstances. Authorises the Governor to provide for public dipping tanks.

*The Tick (Control and Eradication) Order, March 12th., 1928.*

Requires owners or occupiers of holdings with 30 or more cattle to give an annual return during April, to the Director of Agriculture, of the number of cattle on their holdings on April 1st. Owners of dipping tanks must notify the Director of Agriculture of these, for them to be registered, and owners of registered tanks must notify the Director of Agriculture if these cannot be used owing to defects, or lack of water. Owners of more than 30 cattle must keep records of dipping or spraying. All cattle must be treated as prescribed at intervals of not more than 2 weeks. When there are more than 100 cattle on one holding or group of holdings within 3 miles, they shall be dipped in a registered tank. When there are less than 100 cattle they shall be dipped if access to a tank within 2 miles is practicable, otherwise they shall be sprayed or washed. Owners of dipping tanks must provide means for testing their contents to ensure that the amount of Arsenic present is correct. The Director of Agriculture or an authorised Inspector may vary the procedure somewhat from the aforesaid. The Order does not apply to animals kept in stables or small paddocks free of ticks, but such are liable to inspection.

REGULATION GOVERNING THE SALE, TRANSPORTATION AND SAFE-KEEPING OF  
ARSENITE OF SODA

*(Made under Cap. 79—The Sale of Drugs and Poisons Law)*

1. Arsenite of Soda may be sold by the Department of Agriculture to Penkeepers for use in Dipping Tanks.

2. No Penkeeper shall be supplied with Arsenite of Soda by the Department of Agriculture unless his name and address is on the Register of Dipping Tank owners which is kept by the Department of Agriculture.

3. All Arsenite of Soda supplied by the Department of Agriculture shall either be transported in the original drums in which they were received from the manufacturers, or in such a container as may be approved by the Director of Agriculture.

4. (a) Penkeepers shall keep Arsenite of Soda in a strong walled room which shall be fitted with a door provided with a lock which shall be securely locked from the outside.

(b) The key of the lock of the door shall be kept in the personal possession of the Penkeeper or such definite responsible person as may be appointed for that purpose by the Penkeeper.

(c) The Arsenite of Soda shall be kept in the original drums or containers as supplied by the Department of Agriculture, and these drums or containers shall be kept by the Penkeeper, or his appointed agent, in either a metal chest or strong wooden box which shall be securely locked or padlocked.

(d) The key of the metal chest or strong wooden case shall be kept in the possession of a second responsible person appointed for that purpose by the Penkeeper.

(e) No one person may be in possession of both keys for the store room and the chest at the same time.

(f) Both persons in charge of the keys of the storeroom and the chest in which the Arsenite is kept must attend whenever Arsenite of Soda is being taken into or removed from the store.

(g) The scales for weighing out the Arsenite of Soda shall be kept in the store and shall not be removed from the room in which the Arsenite of Soda is kept.

- (h) A book shall be kept in the store room in which the amount of Arsenite of Soda received shall be noted at the time of receipt, and also the amounts weighed out and removed for use at the time of removal. The time and date of removal of all Arsenite of Soda together with its weight shall be entered in the book and the entry shall be certified by the two responsible persons in charge of the keys of the room and the box in which the Arsenite is kept respectively. This book shall be available for inspection by any Officer of Police.

Any Arsenite sold by The Agricultural Department for use in Dipping Tanks shall be coloured or treated by mixing the same with a blue aniline dye and in particular the dye known as Chlorazol Sky Blue F.F. in the proportion of three pounds of the dye into one ton of Arsenic.

#### CAP. 345—THE BEES IMPORTATION, PROTECTION AND TRANSPORTATION LAW

Part I, prohibits the importation of Bees, Honey or Beekeeper's stock without written permission from the Director of Agriculture, and such stock imported without permission may be destroyed by the Customs, and the importer is liable to fine or imprisonment. Gives the Director of Agriculture power to grant permits in accordance with the regulations of the Governor in Privy Council. Part II, gives the Governor in Privy Council powers to prescribe measures and make provision for preventing the introduction and spread of diseases and to appoint persons to put these into effect, and gives such persons powers of entry. Requires owners of Apiaries to give notice of disease to the Director of Agriculture. Part III, authorizes the Governor in Executive Council to make rules regulating the transportation of bees within the island.

#### ORDER MADE UNDER CAP. 345, RE DISEASES OF BEES, AUG. 6TH, 1940

Requires owners of bees to report annually, on or before June 30th, the number of Apiaries and hives in their possession and their locality. Beekeepers in the Corporate Area of Kingston and St. Andrew must have hives with moveable frames for the combs and so constructed that they can be examined for the presence of "Foul Brood" or other diseases of bees. When "Foul Brood" or other disease under the law is discovered or suspected, the owner of the bees must notify the Director of Agriculture immediately and destroy the hive or colony concerned by fire, together with the stands, etc. A person authorized is empowered to destroy any diseased colonies or hives, and the Director of Agriculture may order destruction of an apiary, which is rendered dangerous by reason of disease, in such manner as he may decide.

#### PROTECTION OF WILD ANIMALS, BIRDS AND FISH

##### LAW 46 OF 1944, THE WILD LIFE PROTECTION LAW, 1944

The Law schedules all forest reserves as Game Sanctuaries (1st Schedule) and makes any bird other than those scheduled (2nd Schedule) a protected bird, and also protects coneys, Iguanas, Manatees and Pedro Seals. Certain scheduled game birds may only be shot during the season indicated in the schedule (February 1 to August 11). Hunting protected animals, hunting or taking eggs of protected birds, hunting game birds in their close season, taking turtle eggs, killing immature fish or use of dynamite, poisons or unauthorised traps to kill fish are offences under the law. The law protects waters containing fish from trade effluents. Provision is made for amending regulations to be made by the Governor in Privy Council and for powers of entry, search and arrest by Wardens, Inspectors and Constables.

(First Schedule amended by Proclamation of 2nd November, 1947 which adds part of the Heallshire Hills. J.G.S.—P.R. & R, 1947 p. 347)

##### *First Schedule*

##### *Game Sanctuaries*

All Forest Reserves.

*Second Schedule*

*First Part*

Peadove  
Whitewing  
Baldpate  
White Belly  
Ringtail pigeon  
Coot  
Snipe  
Migratory ducks  
Plover or Lapwing

1st February to 11th August

*Second Part*

Jabbering Crow  
Red-tailed buzzard  
Hawks  
Parakeets

*Third Schedule*

Coney  
Iguana  
Manatee  
Pedro Seal

CAP. 418—THE CRUELTY TO ANIMALS LAW. (AMENDED BY LAW 16 OF 1942).

CAP. 350—THE PROTECTION FROM DISEASE (PLANTS) LAW.

FERTILIZERS

LAW 26 OF 1942—THE FERTILIZERS AND FEEDING STUFFS LAW, 1942.

Requires persons selling soil fertilizers or cattle feeds to inform the purchaser of their consistency and constituents in the manner prescribed and authorizes the purchaser to have such articles analysed. Requires packages containing such articles to be labelled so as to indicate the true consistency of their contents. Prohibits the inclusion of any harmful ingredients in fertilizers or feeding stuffs, and prohibits the trade name of fertilizers, etc. from including the name of a particular crop, etc., or type of soil. Authorizes the Governor to appoint inspectors to enforce this law, who have powers of entry, and may take samples for analysis, and to make Regulations for the operation of this law. Cap. 349, the Fertilizers and Feeding Stuffs Law, is repealed by this law.

LAND SETTLEMENT RULES\*

DEFINITION

1. These Rules may be cited as the Land Settlement (Conditions of Sale) Rules, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of November, 1940.

2. In these rules—

“Acceptance Certificate” means the acceptance in writing of an offer made by a person authorised by the Commissioner, subject to confirmation by the Commissioner, to sell a specific allotment at a price per acre stated in the said Certificate.

\* Consequent on extension of the time for repayment to 25 years, the payment of instalments half yearly instead of quarterly and payment of the first instalment by Government new rules are being prepared to be made applicable to new settlers and to those other settlers who desire to take advantage of the new conditions.

"Application" means an application for an allotment;

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Lands;

"notice of allotment" means the confirmation by the Commissioner of the offer of an allotment.

"Purchase Price" includes the cost of the Survey, and of preparing the Certificate of Title or any document of Title relating to any allotment.

#### APPLICATION

3. Every application shall be made to the Commissioner in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto.

4. (a) No application shall be for less than three acres or more than fifty acres; provided always that the Commissioner may, in any specific case accept an application for less than three acres of land.

(b) Upon being required to do so the applicant shall pay to the Commissioner a deposit of one-twentieth of the price of the land for which application is made; provided always that the Commissioner may in any specific case extend the time for payment of the whole or any part of the deposit for a period not exceeding twelve months from the date of Acceptance Certificate.

5. (a) An application is deemed to have been accepted by the Commissioner of Lands only when a notice of allotment in writing is made to the applicant. Such notice of allotment in the form set out in the Second Schedule hereto shall include such restrictive covenants as may be imposed upon the land,

(b) The money deposited with an application will be returned to the applicant on request of the applicant should the Commissioner of Lands refuse to accept the application. No interest shall be payable on any such deposits.

(c) If any application be accepted and the applicant fail to comply with the other conditions of sale, the money deposited with such application shall be forfeited, provided that in any particular case the Commissioner of Lands may in his absolute discretion waive his right of forfeiture.

#### ALLOTMENT

6. (a) Upon receipt of any application and of the required deposit the Commissioner shall, if he thinks fit either cause a survey to be made or direct that an area approximately equal to that for which application is made be defined by means of a preliminary survey.

(b) No compensation shall be paid for any damage to crops occasioned in the execution of the survey.

(c) The boundaries of any allotment as fixed by the Surveyor or other authorised person approved by the Commissioner of Lands, shall be binding upon the purchaser.

(d) The purchaser shall, at his own expense, define the boundaries of his allotment by such fences, growing stakes, or similar devices as the Commissioner may require, and shall maintain such lines.

7. (a) The applicant shall, subsequent to completion of the survey or preliminary survey in compliance with Rule 6 (a) sign an Acceptance Certificate in the form prescribed in the Third Schedule hereto.

(b) The completion of any Acceptance Certificate shall be deemed to be an acceptance by the purchaser of an offer (subject to the confirmation of the Commissioner) to sell the allotment specified in the Acceptance Certificate at the price per acre therein specified: Provided that any applicant to whom is allotted an area greater or less by one-tenth than the area applied for may, within fourteen days from the date of the execution of the Acceptance Certificate by notice in writing addressed to the Commissioner under registered cover, refuse to accept such allotment, and shall thereupon recover back any moneys by him paid or deposited pursuant to his application.

# FINAL AGREEMENT

8. Any applicant shall, on being so required by the Commissioner, at any time subsequent to the receipt of notice of allotment execute a Final Agreement in the form set out in the Fourth Schedule hereto.

## TENANT APPLICATION

9. The Commissioner shall use his best endeavours to include in any allotment any land applied for in respect of which a purchaser may, at the time of application have been a tenant and in determining priority among applicants for the purposes of this Rule, shall have regard to the order of the receipt of deposits, but neither the Commissioner nor the Government of Jamaica shall be liable in any action or other claim in respect of any damage occasioned by the failure of the Commissioner to allot to any applicant all or any part of the land of which he may have been a tenant.

10. (a) *Special conditions for developed land*—The value of any economic crops including forest trees growing at the time of purchase, upon any allotment shall be determined separately from the value of the land on the issue of notice of allotment.

(b) The purchaser shall pay such percentage of the gross value of such crops by him marketed as the Commissioner from time to time shall determine.

(c) Economic trees may not be cut down without the permission of the Commissioner of Lands, or his representative, who will mark all trees which he permits to be removed.

11. (a) Purchasers shall erect and maintain such fences and compounds as are necessary for the control of all stock under their control.

(b) The use of running fires for clearing land is prohibited.

(c) The purchaser shall maintain in proper condition any drain passing through his holding and serving more than one holding.

12. The purchaser shall, upon executing the Acceptance Certificate, be let into possession of the allotment.

13. The purchaser shall, from the date of the Acceptance Certificate, be liable for the payment of all taxes upon his allotment.

14. (a) The purchaser shall, within one year from the execution of the Acceptance Certificate cultivate or properly develop to the satisfaction of the Commissioner an area of not less than one acre or one-fifth of his allotment, whichever shall be the greater, and shall within two years from the date of the signing of the Acceptance Certificate, cultivate or properly develop to the satisfaction of the Commissioner two acres or two-fifths of his allotment, whichever shall be the greater.

(b) So long as any moneys are owing in respect of the purchase price in respect of any allotment, the Commissioner or any Officer by him authorised may, at all reasonable times, enter upon such allotment and inspect the cultivation and the buildings thereon.

(c) On any purchaser failing or refusing to comply with the provisions of Rule 14 (a) within three months of a notice in writing requiring him so to comply, the Commissioner may determine the agreement to purchase and take possession of the allotment.

All moneys previously paid by the purchaser on account of the purchase price shall be forfeited and retained by the Commissioner.

## INSTALMENTS

15. (a) Every purchaser shall, fifteen months after the date of executing the Acceptance Certificate, pay an instalment of one-fortieth of the purchase price of the acreage specified in the Acceptance Certificate and shall continue to pay such instalments quarterly thereafter until such purchase price be wholly satisfied.



(b) Any instalment being in arrear for six months shall (except with the consent of the Commissioner) bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum computed from the date when such instalment became due.

(c) Any purchaser making final settlement of the balance of the purchase price then outstanding shall be entitled to a discount of six per cent. upon such balance exclusive of the costs of the survey and of the preparation and execution of the title to the allotment.

(d) The Commissioner may, by notice in writing forwarded to the last known address of any purchaser in arrears in respect of two quarterly instalments, require the payment of all arrears within six months from the date of such notice and, on the failure of any purchaser to comply with such notice may take possession of the allotment and determine the agreement with such purchaser, and shall retain all moneys theretofore paid by the purchaser on account of the purchase price or otherwise.

16. The Commissioner or some person by him authorised shall receive all payments and shall give an official receipt therefor.

#### TITLE

17. (a) No purchaser shall, without the consent in writing of the Commissioner, part with the possession of, mortgage, sub-let, charge, or otherwise encumber his allotment or any part thereof so long as any part of the purchase price remains unpaid.

(b) The purchaser shall pay the sum of five shillings as a transfer fee and the sum of sixpence as stamp duty upon any assignment of an allotment made prior to the completion of payment of the purchase price.

(c) No Certificate of Title or Conveyance or other instrument of title shall be granted to a purchaser, except with the express consent of the Commissioner within three years of the date of the Acceptance Certificate.

18. Subject to the provisions of the Rule 14 (c), hereof, upon payment in full of the purchase price the purchaser shall receive from the Crown a Certificate of Title with such restrictive covenants thereon as may be imposed by the Notice of Allotment and in addition thereto there shall be inserted in every Certificate of Title a Reservation to the Government of all mines, minerals and mineral oils whatsoever as are in or under the said land and also with ample and sufficient powers for the Colonial Secretary, his workmen, agents and labourers to have free ingress, egress and regress in and over the said land or any part thereof at all times for the purpose of prospecting for mines, minerals and mineral oils using, occupying, enjoying, digging for, working and winning the hereinbefore excepted mines, minerals and mineral oils or making (without payments or compensations in respect thereof) any roads, water courses or other works through, over or upon the said lands, or any part thereof, for the purpose of raising, working, digging and carrying away the products of such mines, minerals and mineral oils at his will and pleasure and carrying the same through or over the said land or any part thereof and for cutting and getting stone, timber and other materials, to be used in or above the said works or any of them without making any payment or compensation in respect thereof provided that the compensation to be agreed upon shall be paid in respect of growing timber that may be felled or any growing crops that may be destroyed.

L.D.F. No. 18.

SCHEDULE 1.

No. ....

NOTE.—The Block letter of the particular section of the property in which land is required must be stated on the form. For this information apply to the overseer or headman.

APPLICATION FORM

To the Commissioner of Lands,  
Kingston.

(Name in full  
Block Capitals),

I, .....

Postal Address .....

Certify as follows:

(a) Occupation.....

If married woman:

Husband's Name.....

Husband's Occupation.....

(b) I rent.....acres of land on the property below mentioned.

*Strike out what  
does not apply.*

{ (c) I own.....acres of land at.....  
(d) I do not own any land.

I hereby make application for the purchase of.....acres of land in Block.....valued at £.....per acre and part of property known as.....in the parish of.....and herewith enclose the sum of.....which is equal to one twentieth of the cost of the land applied for.

I undertake to accept and to be bound by the Rules and Conditions governing the sale of these lands.

.....  
Witness

.....  
Applicant

.....  
Date

.....  
Date

When the applicant is illiterate the following Declaration is required.  
This application was signed by the applicant after the same had been read over and explained to him and he expressed himself as having understood same by placing his mark hereon in my presence

.....  
Witness

.....  
Date

I.....do solemnly and sincerely declare that the information contained in this Application is true and correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the Voluntary Declarations Law.

Signature.....

Taken and acknowledged (after the same had been read over and explained to the said.....who appeared to understand the purport thereof and so expressed himself) this.....day of.....19.. before me.

.....  
Justice of the Peace.

## LIST OF COMMISSIONED LAND SURVEYORS—1950

<u>Name</u>	<u>Address</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
<b>A</b>		
H. P. Abrikian	Highgate P.O.	..
Howard Andrade	42 Duke St., Kingston	..
P. L. Abraham	27 Duke St., Kingston	..
V. L. Aris	42 Duke St., Kingston	..
W. L. Adams	Central Housing Authority	..
C. A. Adams	c/o Kingston & St. Andrew Corporation	..
B. M. Alexander	Montego Bay P.O.	..
L. M. Akin	2 Wildman Street, Kgn.	..
<b>B</b>		
H. G. Bell	c/o Survey Dept.	..
J. B. Brassington	c/o Survey Dept.	..
R. S. Tyndale-Biscoe	Spur Tree P.O.	..
J. S. Tyndale-Biscoe	Mandeville P.O.	..
H. B. S. Brownlow	c/o Central Housing Authority, Kingston	..
R. S. Burgher	7 Milk Lane, Windward Road P.O.	..
R. C. W. Byles	c/o Survey Dept.	..
D. K. Byles	53 Church St., Kingston	..
A. S. Byles	Brown's Town P.O.	..
H. W. Bowker	—	(Off the Island)
G. W. Bourke	44 Duke St., Kingston	..
H. H. Brandon	c/o Water Commission	..
Lloyd Burrowes	c/o K.S.A.C., Kingston	..
A. J. Butterfield	—	(Off the Island)
<b>C</b>		
W. A. Carpenter	11 Hope Road, Halfway Tree P.O.	..
N. A. Campbell	9 Retirement Road, Cross Roads	..
C. H. Chang	48 Duke St., Kingston	..
W. J. Connolley	Montego Bay P.O.	..
R. E. Clarke	5 Oxford Road, Cross Roads	..
	P.O.	..
C. N. Clarke	5 Oxford Road, Cross Roads	..
	P.O.	..
<b>D</b>		
J. H. L. Dodd	Cross Keys P.O.	..
H. Hood-Daniel	Malvern P.O.	..
H. F. D'Aguilar	c/o Survey Dept.	..
H. R. Dunn	c/o Survey Dept.	..
F. A. DeCasseres	Christiania P.O.	..
<b>E</b>		
H. F. Q. Edwards	c/o Survey Department	..
R. G. Evans	1 Ivy Road, Cross Roads P.O.	..
R. L. Ewen	Montego Bay P.O.	..
L. W. Edwards	c/o Kingston & St. Andrew Corporation	..
<b>F</b>		
K. G. Forsythe	104 Tower St., Kingston	..
V. F. Foster	c/o Kingston & St. Andrew Corporation	..
C. A. L. Forrester	Savanna-la-Mar P.O.	..
E. D. Fort	—	(Off the Island)
J. Monk Fletcher	—	(Off the Island)
C. E. Ferguson	c/o Survey Department	..
<b>G</b>		
B. G. Gore	42 Duke Street, Kingston	..
<b>H</b>		
S. O. Heming	48 Duke St., Kingston	..
C. N. Heming	35 Old Hope Road, Halfway	..
	Tree P.O.	..
D. C. Hendricks	c/o Public Works	..
G. K. Hicks	Mandeville P.O.	..

LIST OF COMMISSIONED LAND SURVEYORS, 1950, *contd.*

Name	Address	Remarks
H. A. Hosang	c/o Public Service Co., Kingston	
F. B. Hill, A.M.I.C.E.	c/o Public Works Department J.	
D. H. Jackson	125 Tower St., Kingston	..
B. T. Judah	2 Donhead Ave., Liguanea P.O.	..
K. W. Jobson A.R.I.C.S.	11 Duke St., Kingston	..
	L.	
L. R. K. Lindo	56A Brentford Road, Cross Roads P.O.	..
K. G. Lopez	c/o Survey Department M	..
T. C. Martin	—	(Off the Island)
E. N. Mais	c/o Public Service Co., Kingston	..
H. A. Melville	Yallahs P.O.	..
E. I. H. Morrison	Ocho Rios P.O.	..
L. H. Myers	c/o Survey Department	..
H. A. Myers	Ulster Spring P.O.	..
H. W. C. Murray	P. W. D., Port Antonio	—
M. E. Marsh	Warwick Castle, Retreat P.O.	..
C. A. M. Moody	17 Kingsway, Halfway Tree P.O.	..
	Mc.	
L. Van McLure	c/o Survey Department	..
S. M. McLaughlin	c/o Survey Department	..
J. A. McPherson	7 Osborne Road, Kencot, H.W.T. P.	..
A. C. Pollard	—	(Off the Island)
C. G. Phillips	c/o Survey Department	..
T. L. Pearson	Morant Bay P.O.	..
E. deC. Penso, A.M.I.C.E.	1c Upper Ivy Road, Cross Roads P.O.	..
D. L. Paisley, A.R.I.C.S.	c/o Public Works Department	..
V. D. Prendergast	104 Tower St. Kgn. R	..
E. G. Reid	Montego Bay P.O.	..
O. B. Rogers	c/o Survey Department	..
P. E. Rose	c/o Survey Department	..
G. K. Rose	4 Waterloo Road, Halfway Tree P.O.	..
D. Roberts	c/o Public Service Co., Kingston	..
A. L. Roye	22 Retirement Cres. Cross Rds. P.O.	..
R. E. Rickman	May Pen P.O.	..
Dudley Rickman	May Pen P.O.	..
E. G. Rickman, A.R.I.C.S.	c/o Survey Department S.	..
C. B. Silvera	Oracabessa P.O.	..
W. C. Silvera	4 Rosseau Road, Cross Roads P.O.	..
C. W. Smith	20 Red Hills Road, Halfway Tree P.O.	..
O. C. Stephenson	c/o P.W.D., Kingston T.	..
K. E. Trewick	52 Brentford Road, Cross Rds. P.O.	..
E. A. Tate	c/o Survey Department W.	..
H. M. Willoughby	Bull Bay P.O.	..
H. F. Williamson	—	
B.Sc. (Ind. Chem)	Off the Island	
H. G. Walker	3 Latham Ave., Liguanea P.O.	..
H. G. Whittingham	48 Duke St., Kingston	..
Donald A. Walker	2 Ivy Green Crescent, Cross Roads P.O.	..

## PEOPLES' CO-OPERATIVE BANKS IN OPERATION AT 31st DECEMBER, 1948

Name of Bank	Location of Registered Office	Secretary
Alexandria People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Alexandria	J. H. Wynter (Mgr.)
Alligator Pond " "	Alligator Pond	Miss A. J. Lumsden
Balaclava " "	Balaclava	C. R. Campbell
Belvedere " "	Red Hills	R. M. Wilmot
Broughton " "	Cross Keys	S. D. Williams
Brown's Town " "	Brown's Town	(Rev) S. A. McFarlane
Burnt Savannah " "	Friendship	R. M. James
Cambridge " "	Cambridge	T. A. Reddie
Cascade " "	Cascade	Mrs. D. E. Samuels
Cave " "	Cave	P. H. Jones
Cave Valley " "	Cave Valley	Mrs. C. I. Bourne
Cedar Valley " "	Cedar Valley	R. Davis
Central Clarendon " "	May Pen	E. J. Whiteman
Central Manchester " "	Mandeville	R. A. Gordon
Central Portland " "	St. Margaret's Bay	F. W. Bragg
Central St. Elizabeth " "	Santa Cruz	E. H. Bromfield
Central St. Mary " "	Richmond	Miss L. C. Goodison
Central Rice Grower's Association Ltd.	Kingston	C. A. McPherson (Mgr.)
Chapelton People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Chapelton	L. Lampart
Christiana Co-operative People's Bank, Ltd.	Christiana	H. E. Gayle
Claremont People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Claremont	E. L. Welds
Clark's Town Peoples Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Clark's Town	Miss E. S. Miller
Cornwall County People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Montego Bay	Miss L. M. Daley
Crooked River People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Crooked River	A. R. E. Scott
Darliston People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Darliston	A. A. McDonald
Eastern Manchester People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Porus	J. H. Turner
Eastern St. Ann People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	St. Ann's Bay	T. E. Clarke
Eastern St. Mary People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Annotto Bay	J. A. E. Williams
Eastern St. Thomas People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Port Morant	N. W. Edman
East Portland People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Manchioneal	Miss F. S. Campbell
Ewarton People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Ewarton	C. A. Leslie
Fairfield People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Fairfield	H. H. Williams
Font Hill People's Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Seaforth	C. L. Beckford
Frankfield People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Frankfield	L. Johnson
Garlogie People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Banana Ground	E. E. Small
Glengoffe People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Glengoffe	W. A. Smith (Mgr.)
Good Hope-Kellits People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Kellits	J. E. Boothe

PEOPLES' CO-OPERATIVE BANKS IN OPERATION AT 31st DECEMBER, 1948,  
*contd.*

Name of Bank	Location of Registered Office	Secretary
Gordon Town People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Gordon Town	W. H. Pusey
Grange Hill People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Grange Hill	A. R. Lawrence
Great Bay People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Treasure Beach	B. A. Henry
Green Island People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Green Island	P. A. Miller (Mgr.)
Guy's Hill-Carron Hall People's Co-operative Agricultural Loan Society Ltd.	Carron Hall	T. Campbell
Hanover People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Lucea	A. C. Dundas
Highgate People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Highgate	Mrs. B. Villiers
Hopeton People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Hopeton	C. Ford
Hopewell-Sandy Bay People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Hopewell	I. M. Lewis
Islington People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Islington	Rev. H. Ward
James Hill People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	James Hill	Mrs. R. M. Halstead
Keith People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Keith	Mrs. D. B. Haughton Buckley
Lawrence Tavern People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Lawrence Tavern	Rev. C. S. Shirley
Llandewey People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Llandewey	Miss M. Hearne
Long Bay People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Long Bay	Mrs. E. Street
Lowe River People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Lorrimer's	H. B. Dixon
Lower St. Catherine People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Spanish Town	J. De L. Grant
Lower St. John People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Guanoboa Vale	A. U. King
Lower Trelawny People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Falmouth	H. Smith
Maggotty People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Maggotty	A. C. Pennicott
Maidstone People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Maidstone	T. R. Roberts
Maldon People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Maldon	L. T. Slack
Malvern People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Malvern	Mrs. K. Miller
Manchester People's Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Spur Tree	Rev. C. N. Andrews
Mavis Bank People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Mavis Bank	Mrs. E. F. Munn
Middleton People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Spring Garden	J. S. E. Wilson
Midland People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Guy's Hill	H. G. Vassell
Mile Gully People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Mile Gully	S. M. Hart

PEOPLES' CO-OPERATIVE BANKS IN OPERATION AT 31st DECEMBER, 1948,  
*contd.*

Name of Bank	Location of Registered Office	Secretary
Mocho People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Mocho	V. A. McKenzie
Moneague People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Moneague	A. A. Edwards
Morant Bay People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Morant Bay	V. G. Pinnock
Mount Carey People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Anchovy	J. V. Daley
Mount Peto People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Mount Peto	D. S. Smith
Mulgrave People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Mulgrave	J. I. Groves
Negril People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Negril	F. G. Brotherton
New Green People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	New Green	E. L. Stephenson
Newmarket People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Newmarket	H. B. Crawford
New Works People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	New Works	J. N. Fletcher
Northern St. Catherine Peoples Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Seafield	Rev. J. Peterkin
Northern St. Mary People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Oracabessa	L. W. Woodham
North Manchester People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Devon	R. J. Glanville
North St. Elizabeth People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Siloah	W. B. Brent-Harris
North Western St. Catherine People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Brown's Hall	L. A. Spence
Ocho Rios People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Ocho Rios	Mrs. H. Z. Little
Old Harbour Bay People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Old Harbour Bay	H. G. Nicholson
Palmyra People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Nain	H. W. Lynch
Pedro People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Alderton	Mrs. M. L. Harvey
Petersfield People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Petersfield	W. E. Dunn
Port Antonio People's Agricultural Loan Bank, Ltd.	Port Antonio	O. G. Edwards (Mgr.)
Port Maria People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Port Maria	T. S. Robinson (Mgr.)
Pratville People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Pratville	H. S. Jones
Queen of Spain's Valley People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Wakefield	V. S. Barrett
Retreat People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Retreat	H. B. McLeod
Richmond Park People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Richmond Park	A. A. Allison
Rocky Point C.o-operative Bank, Ltd.	Race Course	R. G. A. Morris
St. Dorothy Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Old Harbour	C. N. Golding
St. Elizabeth Co-operative Association Ltd.	Black River	Mrs. E. Clarke

PEOPLES' CO-OPERATIVE BANKS IN OPERATION AT 31st DECEMBER, 1948,

Name of Bank	<i>contd.</i>	
	Location of Registered Office	Secretary
St. George People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Buff Bay	Rev. W. Thompson
St. Peters People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Glenislay	C. E. Thompson
St. Thomas-ye-vale Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Bog Walk	P. Wilson
Sav.-anna-la-Mar People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Savanna-la-Mar	T. A. Foxton
Sherwood-Content People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Sherwood-Content	S. P. Tomlinson
Smithville People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Smithville	P. A. Broderick
Snowdon People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Snowdon	E. A. Bryan
S. East Westmoreland People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Whitehouse	C. M. Reynolds
Southern St. Mary People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Castleton	Rev. E. V. Hunt
Southfield People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Southfield	P. F. Hutchinson
S. West St. Andrew People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Whitfield Town	T. H. Jennings
Spaldings People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Spaldings	N. A. L. Campbell
Stewart Town People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Stewart Town	Mrs. D. M. Marsh
Stony Hill People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Stony Hill	J. R. Gage
Trinityville People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Trinity ville	Miss I. E. Moore
Upper St. John People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Point Hill	W. B. C. Hawthorne
Upper Trelawny People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Albert Town	S. A. Powell
Upper Westmoreland People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Lambs River	U. L. Brown
Waltham People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	59 Waltham Park Rd., Half Way Tree, P.O.	Miss I. Payne
Watt Town People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Watt Town	C. E. Atkinson
Western St. Andrew People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Above Rocks	H. H. Betton (Mgr.)
Western St. Mary People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Gayle	C. S. Boyd (Mgr.)
Western Westmoreland People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Little London	E. S. Napier
Westmoreland Rice Growers' Association Ltd.	Frome	A. P. Atkinson
Williamsfield People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Williamsfield	H. L. Johnson
Yallahs Peoples' Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Yallahs	W. W. Lewis
York Valley People's Co-operative Bank, Ltd.	Borobridge	J. E. Hall

Share Capital Issued at 31st December, 1948—£205,983

Share Capital Paid Up at 31st December, 1948—£122,803 12s.



## BANANA AND COCOA CULTIVATIONS, 1948-49

Name of Estate	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in Cocoa	Acres in Bananas
ST. ANDREW	No Records			
ST. THOMAS				
Albion	M. Matalon and G. N. Penso	..	..	30
Belvedere	J. H. Baker, Estate, Incorp.	L. Dow Baker	..	230
Blue Mountain	R. B. and J. L. Hopkins	J. L. Hopkins	..	100
Morant	Est. C. M. Hawley	S. Hawley	..	150
Coley	Seaforth Sugar and Rum, Ltd.	D. P. Elder	..	40
Georgia	R. A. Figueroa	..	..	15
Gosling River	J. B. Francis	..	..	50
Hall Head	Seaforth Sugar and Rum, Ltd.	D. P. Elder	..	50
Healthful Hill	Rupert J. Kelly	..	..	10
Lloyds	D. A. Lloyd Segre	..	..	30
Nuts River	Mrs. M. Lannaman	J. G. Marchalleck	..	150
Albion, Norris and Phillipsfield	Leo. DeLisser	..	..	200
Pembroke Hall	H. E. Pengelly & R. F. Robison	..	..	150
Petersfield	J. B. Francis	..	..	50
Do.	Rudolph Watson	..	..	30
Do.	H. E. Rickards	..	..	150
Do.	G. C. Irving	Rudolph Watson	..	30
Red Hill	J. G. Marchalleck	..	..	5
Rozelle	H. E. McPherson	..	..	20
Shady Spring	P. J. Smythe	..	..	15
Stanton	Hannah Mordecai	..	..	150
Springfield	H. F. W. Munn	..	..	5
Windsor Castle	Harold W. Norton	..	..	30
Law River	J. A. Clemetson	..	..	120
Amity Hall and Hordley	Ja. Coy., Ltd.	Hon. C. M. Pringle	..	402
Airy Mount	L. A. Wilson	..	..	52
Bowden	A. N. S. Jackson	..	..	63
Clifton Hill	H. E. Pengelly <i>et al</i>	..	..	250
Duckenfield	Ja. Sugar Estates, Ltd.	G. T. McDonald	..	6
Friendship	J. S. Miller	..	..	65
Golden Grove	Ja. Sugar Estates, Ltd.	G. T. McDonald	..	23
Green Castle	Green Castle Estates, Ltd.	R. L. Hollinsed	..	100
Holland	Fred M. Jones	..	..	75
Leith Hall	Mildred Marchalleck	Graham Hawkins	..	280
Spring	Guy W. Harris	..	..	10
Moro	Fred M. Jones	..	..	200
Phillipsfield	A. N. S. Jackson	R. F. Robison	..	63
Potosi (Eastern)	Potosi Estates, Ltd.	Capt. John Hamilton	..	186
Do. (Western)	J. S. Miller	..	..	74

BANANA AND COCOA CULTIVATIONS, 1948-49, *contd.*

Name of Estate	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in Cocoa	Acres in Banana
<b>ST. THOMAS, <i>contd.</i></b>				
Stokesfield	A. N. S. Jackson	..	..	108
Shatto	C. H. Murray	..	..	30
Winchester Estate	Ja. Coy., Ltd.	Hon. C. M. Pringle	..	286
Ward River	Cecil Tomlinson	..	..	25
Ramage	R. L. Hollinsed	..	..	30
New Market	R. F. Robison	..	..	91
	and L. Ashenheim	..	..	
Lumsden	C. H. Whittle	..	..	10
Roaring River	Harold Drysdale	..	..	10
Leith Hall	Mrs. M. C. Marchelleck	Graham Hawkins	..	280
<b>PORTLAND</b>				
Anchovy	James B. Patterson	..	..	30
Spring Gardens	A. H. Robertson	..	..	40
Hectors River	R. J. Glynn	Capt. John Hamilton	..	55
Muirton and Spring Valley	Muirton Est., Ltd.	Maj. H. Barker	..	35
		Hahlo	..	
Haining	Fred M. Jones	..	..	20
Williamsfield	Fred M. Jones	..	..	145
Buff Bay River	C. A. D. Walker	..	..	30
Bybrook	Elma Dunbar	..	2	15
Cedar Hurst	Miss V. Benn	..	2	64
Hart Hill	Cecil H. Phillips	..	..	1
Layton Valley	Susan E. Mason	L. W. Thomas	6	30
Lennox	C. E. Johnson	A. H. Sharp	..	28
Mt. Holstein	Est. A. N. Benn	Violet Benn	..	12
Skibo	Est. G. D. Henriques	F. R. Henriques	..	40
Vinery	V. L. Heron	..	10	
Woodstock	John Steadman	..	..	40
Rodney Hall	T. Adrian Gray	..	..	35
Spring Gardens	Edward Lyon-Hall	..	..	30
Low Leyton	A. N. F. Goodison	..	..	10
Burlington	Burlington Ltd.	S. G. Fletcher	..	47
Betty's Hope	Edney G. Thomas	..	..	15
Hermitage	S. G. Fletcher	..	..	14
Darling Ford	Fred M. Jones	..	..	30
<b>ST. MARY</b>				
Albion	S. M. Walker	..	..	200
Berry Hill	Robt. A. White	..	..	5
Berry Hill	Josiah M. Poyser	..	..	2½
Bagnold Spring	C. L. A. Stuart	..	..	3
Bridgemont	A. J. Vickers	..	..	2
Brighton	Donald McCormack	..	..	5
Brimmer Hall	Mrs. Iris Ainley	..	..	240
Boynes Park	Harold H. James	..	..	5

BANANA AND COCOA CULTIVATIONS, 1948-49, *contd.*

Name of Estate	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in Cocoa	Acres in Banana
<b>ST. MARY, <i>contd.</i></b>				
Crescent	Leigh E. Tingling	..	..	102
Cardiff	F.J. Myers	Gladys March	..	9
Carlton	W.G. & Blanche Pottinger	..	..	10
Do.	W. E. G. Pottinger	..	..	6
Coves	O. W. Champagnie	..	..	5
Crawle	Graham A. Hawkins	..	..	25
Decoy	H.G. Murray	..	..	25
Eden Park	Est. J. E. Phillpotts	Administrator Genl.	..	225
Epping	A. C. Marsh	Esle E. Aris	..	20
Frontier	Clifford Clemetson	..	..	143
Friendship	Irene Belnavis	..	..	5
Fontabelle	Arthur Walter	..	..	5
Hampstead	Oswald Rudolph	..	..	5
Home Castle	Est. Gilbert H. Francis	Leslie Francis	2	..
Industry	W. E. Schliefer	..	..	7
Pemberton Valley	Est. Uriah Sutherland	Adm. General	..	20
Pembroke Hall	W. E. Robinson	..	10	11
Quebec	B. Black well	..	..	40
Russell Hall	O. Champagnie	..	..	8
Salisbury	Chas. S. Boyd	..	1	1
Llanrumny	A. B. Champagnie	C. L. A. Stuart	..	3
Nonsuch	O. L. Rudolf <i>et al.</i>	..	..	20
New Ramble	Helen Townsend	..	..	225
Fontabelle	W. E. White	..	..	3
Ballards Valley	Roy D. Lindo	P. Girling	..	28
Bishop Mountain	Phillip A. Roche	..	..	3
Governors Pen	Hubert Harris	..	..	3
Harmony Hall	Robert Amritt	..	18	20
Islington	B. A. Hylton	..	..	2
Oxford	Alex. D. Goffe	Cisline Goffe	..	200
Do.	A. C. Goffe	..	..	80
Pemberton Valley	W. E. White	..	..	200
Llanrumny	Hilda Lindo	W. DeLisser	..	28
Nonsuch	Cecil and J. S. Parboosingh and Wm. Tomlinson	..	..	70
New Ramble	Est. Uriah Sutherland	Adm. General	..	40
Spring Valley	Stanley Beckford	..	..	20
Stoney field	Edward McLean	..	..	7
Trinity	Robert Braham	..	..	25
Windsor	Ernest Sharpe	..	1	1
Pembroke Hall	O. W. Champagnie	..	..	20
Roslyn	C. C. & M. C. Goffe	..	..	90
Try All	Lillian Motta	Motto & Oppenheim	..	80
Tremolesworth	H. G. DeLisser	..	..	350
Union Hill	Hilda Lindo	..	..	220
Warwick Castle	R. Glen Campbell	..	..	10
Do.	N. L. Marsh	..	..	60

BANANA AND COCOA CULTIVATIONS, 1948-49, *contd.*

Name of Estate	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in Cocoa	Acres in Bananas
<b>ST. MARY, <i>contd.</i></b>				
White Hall ..	H. G. DeLisser ..	..	..	400
Wentworth ..	Roy D. Lindo ..	W. DeLisser	..	270
Verdun Estates ..	Louis M. Townsend ..	..	..	150
Beverly ..	John W. Johnson ..	..	4	7
Cape Clear ..	H. V. Lindo ..	..	..	18
Charlottenburg ..	H. G. DeLisser ..	..	..	92
Esher ..	John Parkins ..	Roy Lindo	..	72
Fort George ..	Mary Ellis ..	L. R. Ellis	..	45
Green Castle ..	J. Roy Johnson ..	..	..	175
Gray's Inn ..	Chas. M. Pringle ..	..	..	95
Hopewell ..	Walker and Schleifer ..	..	2	9
Hermitage ..	W. A. Carpenter ..	..	..	19
Mannie Hill ..	W. A. Carpenter ..	..	..	3
Moore Hall ..	J. Hodge Byles ..	..	..	7
ditto ..	B. L. Braham ..	T. R. Braham	..	38
Montrose ..	H. S. Schleifer ..	..	..	3
Newry ..	Newry Ltd. ..	Hon. C. M. Pringle	..	280
Orange River ..	Frank and Louise Braham ..	..	1	13
Osbourne ..	G. M. Benbow Miller ..	C. D. Walker	..	5
Prospect ..	W. A. Carpenter ..	..	..	7
Rose Hill ..	Hilda Byles ..	..	..	42
Sherness ..	D. H. Silvera ..	..	..	47
Sue River ..	G. P. Weyrauch ..	..	15	7
Water Valley ..	C. H. Iver ..	H. V. Braham	..	35
New Hall ..	D. A. Rennalls ..	..	2	48
Tinsbury ..	H. Duhaney ..	..	5	3
Evondale ..	H. Duhaney ..	..	2	..
Rye Parke ..	Joseph and Lillian Hunter ..	..	..	5
New Ramble ..	Essie Sutherland ..	..	..	10
Llanrumny ..	Peter Parachini ..	John Parachini	..	20
Nonsuch ..	Robert Amritt ..	..	10	18½
Retirement ..	Est. K. Culleton ..	Ernest Culleton	..	1
Richard Pen ..	A. G. Hunter ..	..	..	2
Smailfield ..	E. A. McNeill ..	..	..	1
Carron Hall ..	R. Tucker ..	..	..	2
<b>ST. ANN</b>				
Drax Hall ..	Sewell's Trust ..	Alexr. Gordon	..	60
Belmont ..	Col. Wm. B. D. Conran ..	W. V. Townend	..	50
Windsor ..	A. C. Goffe ..	..	..	134
Bogue ..	H. P. Mitchell and Alex. Mitchell ..	H.D. Thompson	..	20
Cranbrook ..	Colin C. Calder ..	..	..	50
Halifax ..	A. E. T. Vermont ..	..	..	20
Ballentoy ..	P. C. and A. N. Wainwright ..	..	..	5

BANANA AND COCOA CULTIVATIONS, 1948-49, *contd.*

Name of Estate	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in Cocoa	Acres in Bananas
<b>ST. ANN, <i>contd.</i></b>				
Belle Air ..	Capt. P. Blagrove	T. E. Dennison	..	15
Broom Hall ..	A. A. Lindo	..	20	10
Caledonia ..	Agnes MacFarlane	..	..	3
Cardiff Hall ..	Major J. Blagrove	T. E. Dennison	..	15
Cave Valley ..	A. A. Lindo	..	..	30
Cyprus ..	John S. Lee	..	..	8
Lillyfield ..	Est. Alexr. Hopwood	Leonard Hopwood	..	40
Retreat ..	Est. Sydney Smith	Alex. R. Smith	..	5
Culloden ..	G. S. Bramwell	..	..	5
Blackstonedge ..	A. B. Mendez	..	..	2
Southfield ..	T. J. Calder	..	..	5
Buckfield ..	Earl of Mansfield	Lascelles deMercado	..	1
Happy Retreat ..	Sydney O. Walker	..	..	5
Twickenham ..	Chas. B. Walker	..	..	1
Winefield ..	R. H. Melhado	Vincent Brown	..	2
Middlesex ..	E. C. Allen	..	..	3
Barrett Pen ..	Benj. Harvey	..	..	$\frac{1}{4}$
<b>TRELAWNY</b>				
Bunkers Hill ..	R. A. Hammond	..	..	5
Gayle Valley ..	C. M. Kelly-Lawson	R. Grant	..	105
Allsides ..	Sir A. Campbell	..	..	400
Bristol ..	Septimus Hastings	..	..	10
Freemans Hall ..	Harry Stephenson & Son	..	..	60
Lowe River ..	Harry Gentles	..	..	90
Stettin ..	Capt. A. MacArthur	..	..	100
Small Settlers of less than 20 acres	..	..	50	1,000
Fontabelle ..	E. R. Silvera	..	..	1
Mt. Lebanon ..	Robert Kerr	..	..	12
Peru ..	E. R. Silvera	..	..	1
<b>ST. JAMES</b>				
Amity Hall ..	G. P. Brown	..	..	211 $\frac{1}{2}$
Chesterfield ..	St. James Co., Ltd.	G. A. Wolferstan	..	80
Canaan ..	W. J. D. Shore	..	..	52
Ducketts ..	St. James Co., Ltd.	G. A. Wolferstan	..	98
Guilbro, Industry and part of Virgin Valley	L. J. G. Hawthorne	..	..	246
George Valley Mtn. ..	A. O. Thompson	..	..	51
Hazelymph ..	G. P. Brown	..	..	300
Leyden ..	A. A. Thompson	..	..	140
Mt. Parnassus ..	A. O. Thompson	..	..	49
Mocho ..	S. H. Whittingham	..	..	40
Newman Hall ..	DeLisser Bros.	Clifford DeLisser	..	280
Retirement ..	David Mills	..	..	15

BANANA AND COCOA CULTIVATIONS, 1948-49 *contd.*

Name of Estate	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in Cocoa	Acres in Bananas
<b>ST. JAMES, <i>contd.</i></b>				
Sunderland	C. D. DeLisser	..	..	250
Stapleton	C. D. DeLisser	..	..	80
Sweet Water	Richard Williams	E. L. Walker	..	100
Speculation	C. D. DeLisser	..	..	180
Virgin Valley	Noel Leyden	..	..	50
<b>HANOVER</b>				
Barbican	F. Tapper	Wm. DeLisser	..	80
Cousins Cove	Hon. G. W. Webster	..	..	32
Eaton	Miss G. M. Brown	..	..	26
Georges Plain Mtn.	C. J. M. Smith	..	..	32
Green River	Percy Junor	C. D. DeLisser	..	90
Mosquito Cove Mtn.	Lillian Edwards	C. J. M. Smith	..	7
Harding Hall	J. Thompson Evans	A. DeCordova	..	70
Haughton Hall	Arthur Clodd	..	..	1
Hopewell	H. G. M. Davis	C. J. M. Smith	..	30
Kenilworth	E. R. Browne	Wm. DeLisser	..	330
Haughton Court	Colonial Secretary	..	..	10
New Milne	T. M. Moses	..	..	5
Paradise	Wm. H. DeLisser	..	..	56
Point	W. H. DeLisser	..	..	45
Pell River	Mrs. M. E. Johnson	C. H. Burke	..	135
Rhodes Hall	A. A. Thomson	..	..	63
Round Hill	G. B. Pease	..	..	80
Spring Valley	T. A. Junor	..	..	75
Tryall	Hotel Tryall, Ltd.	E. R. Browne	..	37
Westfield	D. M. Pringle	C. D. DeLisser	..	102
Rock Spring	A. G. Blair	..	..	25
<b>WESTMORELAND</b>				
Caledonia	Lois Lyon Hall	..	..	2
Hopewell	E. G. Hylton	..	..	18
Kew Park	Hon. T. R. William	..	..	7 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Mt. Spring	Est. H. G. Shekell	Mrs. L. D. Walker	..	46
Woodstock	Capt. R. G. C. Harvey	..	..	2
Small Settlers of	less than 20 acres	..	39	80
<b>ST. ELIZABETH</b>				
Breadnut Valley	Amy Beswick	..	1	5
Vauxhall	J. A. D. Levy	..	1	4
Elderslie	Mrs. A. L. Coombs	..	..	5
Do.	Kissendal Edward	..	..	3
Thornton	Mrs. C. Anderson	..	..	12
Wallingford	John McFarlane	..	2	10
Maggotty	H. Rattray	..	2	3
Ditto	A. E. Taylor	..	1	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Chewmagna	Ella E. Roberts	..	3	3 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>
Small settlers of	less than 20 acres	..	82	273

BANANA AND COCOA CULTIVATION, 1948-49, *contd.*

Name of Estate	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in Cocoa	Acres in Bananas
<b>MANCHESTER</b>				
Small settlers of less than 20 acres			..	2,000
<b>CLARENDON</b>				
Charing Cross ..	George Seymour-Seymour	Uriah Thomas	..	1
Grantham ..	Ralph Newman		..	14
Morgan's Valley ..	Est. Geo. Abrahams	Rosetta Bonnick	$\frac{1}{2}$	20
Rock River ..	Est. Wilmot March	R. A. F. McPherson	..	5
Whitney ..	E. M. Clarke, S. A. Lord, A. F. Clarke	E. M. Clarke	..	50
Small Settlers of less than 20 acres			25	30
<b>ST. CATHERINE</b>				
Cedar Grove ..	United Fruit Co.	J. P. Armstrong	..	95
Congreve Park ..	Do.	Do.	..	150
Cookson and Morris Park ..	Do.	Do.	..	98
Cumberland Pen ..	Mrs. J. Mollison	G. G. Barstowe	..	750
Caymanas ..	Caymanas Estates	O. Henzell	..	300
Goshen ..	United Fruit Co.	J. P. Armstrong	..	16
Great Salt Pond ..	Do.	Do.	..	61
Halfway Tree Farm ..	Do.	Do.	..	65
Phoenix Park ..	United Fruit Co.	Do.	..	37
Reids Pen ..	Do.	Do.	..	100
Watson Grove ..	Do.	Do.	..	14
Cottage & Belmore ..	Capt. S. D. List	..	..	90
Watermount ..	A. V. Thomas	..	10	30
Woodhall ..	Chas Douglas	..	2	2
Mount Olive ..	Isaac Anderson	..	3	..
Williamsfield ..	Sam. Douglas	..	10	..
Rio Magno ..	V. P. DaCosta	..	10	..
Rio Magno ..	H. A. Fowler	..	5	..
Carew Castle ..	Neville G. Turner	..	50	15
Small Settlers ..	..	..	25	50

COFFEE CULTIVATION IN JAMAICA, 1948-49  
*Estates having 50 acres and upwards*

Name of Estate	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Coffee in cultivation	Grass, Wood & Ruinate
<b>ST. ANDREW</b>				
Chesterfield ..	Lascelles deMercado	Landale	50	480
Clifton Mt. ..	H. G. Shekell ..	Landale	300	1,897
Pleasant Hill ..	W. H. Landale ..	..	170	860
Strawberry Hill ..	Patrick C. Trench ..	..	140	438
and Woodlands ..				
Mount Moses ..	Robt. Gillies ..	..	60	909½
<b>ST. THOMAS</b>				
Moy Hall ..	Est. Wm. Gamble	Robt. Stott ..	150	160
Farm Hill ..	Gerhard P. Van-der-Porten	Evard Vander-Porten ..	40	95
New Monklands ..	L. V. Gray ..	..	10	30
Brook Lodge	Robt. Stott ..	Information not available		
Old England,				
Radnor, Abbey Green,				
Sherwood Forest,				
Mt. Tiviot, New Battle	Gerhard P. Van-der-Porten	Information for available		
Whitfield Hall ..				
Newfield, Ben Lomond and Island Head ..	L. A. Hamilton ..	..	35	980
Monklands ..	E. Bodden Foote ..	..	10	10
<b>ST. MARY</b>				
Properties with cultivation	n of less than 50 acres	and small settlers ..	337	..
<b>ST. ANN</b>				
Properties with cultivation	n of less than 50 acres	and small settlers ..	224	..
<b>TRELAWNY</b>				
Properties with cultivation	n of less than 50 acres	and small settlers ..	250	..
<b>ST. JAMES</b>				
Properties with cultivation	n of less than 50 acres	and small settlers ..	45	..
<b>HANOVER</b>				
Properties with cultivation	n of less than 50 acres	and small settlers ..	17	36,242
<b>WESTMORELAND</b>				
Properties with cultivation	n of less than 50 acres	and small settlers ..	144	..
<b>ST. ELIZABETH</b>				
Properties with cultivation	n of less than 50 acres	and small settlers ..	930	..
<b>MANCHESTER</b>				
Properties with cultivation	n of less than 50 acres	and small settlers ..	1,300	..
<b>CLARENDON</b>				
Glendale ..	W. T. Soltau ..		30	..
Whitney ..	E. M. Clarke, A. F. Clarke & S. A. Lord	S. A. Lord ..	20	..
Properties with cultivation	n of less than 50 acres	and small settlers ..	..	..
<b>ST. CATHERINE</b>				
Properties with cultivation	n of less than 50 acres	and small settlers ..	337	..



## GRAZING PENS, (1948-49)

Name of Pen	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in grass and common	Other acre- age	No. of cattle
<b>ST. ANDREW—</b>					
Barbican ..	Barbican Ltd. ..	..	464	636	100
Cherry Garden ..	Est. W. A. Durie ..	..	130	793	40
Halberstadt ..	M. R. Barker Hahlo ..	..	127	1,861	250
Hope ..	Govt. of Jamaica ..	Dir. of Agriculture	760	1,680	458
Molynes ..	Phillip P. Olley ..	..	3	54	50
Sterling Castle ..	J. Linton Watt ..	..	300	280	100
Temple Hall ..	Aubrey O. Soutar ..	..	240	840	80
Waterhouse ..	W. N. Farquharson ..	..	445	1,350	100
<b>ST. THOMAS—</b>					
Albion ..	M. Matalon & G. N. Penso ..	..	400	3,468	700
Belvedere ..	Joshua H. Baker Ests. Inc. ..	L. Dow Baker ..	632	1,660	320
Blue Mountain ..	Mrs. R. B. & J. L. Hopkins ..	J. L. Hopkins ..	230	941	400
Coley ..	Seaforth Sugar & Rum, Ltd. ..	D. P. Elder ..	230	637	250
Creighton Hall ..	Milton Urquhart ..	..	150	1,139	100
Garbrand Hall ..	Seaforth Sugar & Rum ..	D. P. Elder ..	1,000	2,985	300
Llandewey ..	R. A. Burke ..	..	250	1,051	120
Morant ..	Est. C. M. Hawley ..	S. Hawley ..	239	1,201	250
Nuts River ..	Mrs. M. Lannaman ..	J. G. Marchalleck ..	100	870	100
Oxford ..	L. G. Harrison ..	..	80	88	60
Prospect ..	J. G. Marchalleck ..	..	145	490	100
Rozelle ..	H. E. McPherson ..	..	190	1,179	100
Red Hill ..	J. G. Marchalleck ..	..	50	370	70
Spring ..	Guy W. Harris ..	..	100	1,250	50
Stanton ..	Hannah Mordecai ..	..	120	730	100
Law River ..	J. A. Clemetson ..	..	125	650	100
Mt. George ..	H. E. McPherson ..	..	50	54	60
Lowden Hill and Silvermount ..	L. L. Duquesnay <i>et al</i> ..	..	150	605	100
Mt. George ..	H. A. Melville & Douglas Melville ..	..	100	540	100
Windsor Castle ..	Harold Norton ..	..	250	1,150	150
Albion Norris & Phillipsfield ..	Leo. DeLisser ..	..	250	819½	130
Amity Hall & Hordley ..	Jamaica Coy., Ltd. ..	Hon. C. M. Pringle	380	2,578	200
Chiswick ..	Ja. Sugar Estates, Ltd. ..	G. T. McDonald ..	378	1,130	132
Duckenfield ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	514	1,814	210
East End ..	Fred. M. Jones ..	..	270	469	90
Golden Grove ..	Ja. Sugar Estates ..	G. T. McDonald ..	208	3,846	59
Holland ..	Fred. M. Jones ..	..	261	854	152
Leith Hall ..	M. Marchalleck ..	Graham Hawkins ..	..	1,247	65
Georgia ..	R. A. Figueroa ..	..	400	781	90
Roaring River ..	Harold Drysdale ..	..	40	50	10

GRAZING PENS, (1948-49), *contd.*

Name of Pen	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in grass and common	Other acre- age	No. of cattle
<b>ST. THOMAS,</b> <i>contd.</i>					
Plantain Garden River	Ja. Sugar Estates, Ltd.	G. T. McDonald	197	1,197	64
Pera	Do.	Do.	1,014	218	313
Wheelerfield	Do.	Do.	138	773	15
Ward River	Cecil Tomlinson	..	145	373	32
Stokes Hall	Ja. Sugar Est. Ltd.	G. T. McDonald	40	1,017	33
<b>PORTLAND—</b>					
Boston	Errol Flynn & Stephen Raphael	Hon. F. V. Grossett	500	348	700
Castle Comfort	Errol Flynn & Stephen Raphael	Ditto	650	..	..
Cold Harbour	Cold Harbour, Ltd.	S. G. Fletcher	990	337	120
Darley	W. Harper Watson	..	725	531½	285
Darlingford	F. M. Jones	..	780	1,062	287
Golden Vale	W. A. Carpenter	..	720	3,422½	265
Little Spring Garden	A. H. Robertson	..	480	370	122
Muirton & Spring Valley	Muirton Ests., Ltd.	Maj. H. Barker Hahl	888	602	107
Norwich	Burlington Ltd.	S. G. Fletcher	237	195	114
Paradise & Elysium	W. L. Lord	..	500	1,060	350
Ross Craig	C. A. S. Hinshelwood	..	380	285	} 438
Rural Vale	Do.	..	300	487	
Unity Valley	W. H. Watson	..	311	611	
White Hall	A. M. Pawsey	..	196	27	} 290
Passley Gorden	..	..	463	20	
Williamsfield	C. A. Smart	..	461½	400½	200
Wydah	H. T. H. Nosworthy	..	128	100½	25
Cedar Hurst	Violet M. Benn	..	500	281	174
Greenvale	Geo. W. Murray	..	..	267	..
Lennox	C. E. Johnson	A. H. Sharp	500	630	160
Little Gray's Inn	F. Miles	..	76	56	28
Leyton Valley	Susan E. Mason	L. W. Thomas	258	110	70
Low Layton	A. N. F. Goodison	Eustace Goodison	279	200	133
Silverstock	V. E. Silvera	..	200	110	25
Skibo	Est. G. D. Henriques	F. R. Henriques	600	209	90
Spring Garden	Est. C. Lyon-Hall	E. H. Lyon-Hall	650	1,666	320
Vinery	V. L. Heron	..	600	197	200
Woodstock	John Stedman	..	540	160	247
Anchovy	J. B. Paterson	..	350	32	90
Cambridge	Capt. A. DePass	..	751	1,100	200
Williamsfield	F. M. Jones	..	520½	206	73
Rodney Hall	T. Adrian Gray	..	254	713	160
Burlington	Burlington Ltd.	S. G. Fletcher	318	177	330
Hart Hill	Cecil H. Phillips	..	140	400	86
Buff Bay River	C. A. D. Walker	..	305	307	70

GRAZING PENS, (1948-49), *contd.*

Name of Pen	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in grass and common	Other acre- age	No. of cattle
<b>ST. MARY—</b>					
Ballards Valley	Roy D. Lindo	P. Girling	700	446	340
Boscobel	Isaachar Magnus		250	268½	110
Berry Hill	Josiah M. Poyser		295½	167½	155
Boynes Park	Harold H. James		106	44	40
Friendship	Irene Belnavis		50	50	25
Cape Clear	H. V. Lindo		2,120	430	1,325
Beverly	John W. Johnson		41	57	8
New Hall	D. A. Rennalls		30	80	30
Orange River	Frank and Louise Braham		20	2	17
Rose Villa	Hilda and Hodge Byles		173	60	45
Mt. Rose	H. S. Schleifer		182	2½	51
Ditto	C. L. Schleifer		280	50	35
Hopewell	C. E. Mc T. Goffe		45		21
Brimmer Hall	Mrs. Iris Ainley		160	478	44
Bagnolds Spring	C. L. A. Stuart		40	35	20
Crescent	Leigh C. Tingling		199	408	100
Crawle	Graham Hawkins		367	210	30
Content	Donald F. Pringle		100	149	80
Derry	Cleveland Roche		64	26½	20
Donnington	Gladys Lurch	G. Roche	51	29	30
Home Castle	Est. Gilbert Francis	Leslie Francis	122	9	9
Llanrumney	Peter Parachini	John Parachini	902	395	458
Eden Park	Est. J. F. Philippotts	Adm. General	243	715	80
Epping	A. C. March		150	477	130
Frontier	C. Clemetson		523	839	196
Fontabelle	Florence Lord H. V. Lindo		317	200	415
Gibraltar	Grays Inn Central Ltd.	F. B. McRae	100	750	4
Gray's Inn	Hon. C. M. Pringle		520	1,520	330
Golden Grove	Gray's Inn Central Factory	F. B. McRae	379	337½	32
Iter Boreale	Gray's Inn Central Factory	F. B. McRae	810	665	50
Industry	W. E. Schleifer		200	632	289
Moore Hall	B. L. Braham	L. R. Braham	85	81	17
New Ramble	Helen Townend		316	245	185
Newry	Newry Ltd.	Hon. C. M. Pringle	70	558	60
Prospect	Harold Mitchell	Alex. Gordon	502	662	226
Palmetto Grove	H. W. R. Scott		569	177½	226
Quebec	B. Blackwell		1,252	340	532
Salisbury	C. S. Boyd		180½	142½	63
Tremolesworth	H. G. DeLisser		500	712	314
Up Park Pen	L. Roper <i>et al</i>		445	319	350
Warwick Castle	N. L. Marsh		300	556	78
Berry Hill	Robt. A. White		125	45	14
Green Castle	J. Roy Johnson		226	673	40
Verdun	Lewis M. Townsend	S. E. Townsend	538	177	95
Fort Stewart	Gray's Inn, Ltd.	F. B. McRae	448½	638	56
Fontabelle	W. E. White		208	155	85

GRAZING PENS, (1948-49), *contd.*

Name of Pen	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in grasses and common	Other acre- age	No. of cattle
<b>ST. MARY, <i>contd.</i></b>					
Nonsuch	Cecil Parboosingh and William Tomlinson		370	419	114
Retirement	Ernest L. Culleton		38	20 $\frac{1}{2}$	20
Stoney field	Edward McLean		271	157	25
Wentworth	Roy D. Lindo	W. DeLisser	595	520	27
Coves	O. W. Champagnie		300	40 $\frac{1}{2}$	
Cascade	T. R. Vermont		200	50 $\frac{1}{2}$	55
Cardiff	T. O. Myers	Gladys Marsh	400	246	3
Castle Maine	Sutcliffe Lindo		200	83	
Dover	Rev. H. F. Sharpe		78	13	
Donnington	Esther Wahaman		80	66 $\frac{1}{2}$	
Goshen	Rupert S. Walker		100	54 $\frac{1}{2}$	40
Hazard	Est. A. B. Champagnie	C. L. A. Stewart	100	19	
Huddersfield	Mac. Beckford		200	135	
Huddersfield	Stanley Beckford		360	205	
Hamstead	Oswald Rudolph		60 $\frac{3}{4}$	5	
Llanrummy	Est. A. B. Champagnie	C. L. A. Stewart	86 $\frac{1}{4}$	120	
Lambkin Hill	Carl Schleifer		189	100	
Lucky Hill	J. H. Jefferson		210	86 $\frac{1}{4}$	105
Nonsuch	Oswald Rudolph		120	80	
New Ramble	J. S. Magnus		96	6 $\frac{3}{4}$	
Oxford	Alex. D. Goffe		140	410	14
Pembroke Hall	Claudius Richmond		78	1 $\frac{1}{4}$	
Pembroke Hall	O. W. Champagnie		100	81	
Richards Pen	Sutcliffe Lindo		94 $\frac{1}{4}$	51 $\frac{1}{2}$	
Roslyn	C. C. & McGoffe		78	230	25
Spring Valley	Stanley Beckford		451	330	
Smailfield	Eustace A. McNeil		34	65	10
Trinity	Robert Braham		74	30 $\frac{1}{2}$	35
Try All	Est. Lillian Motto	Motto & Oppenheim	200	338 $\frac{1}{2}$	101
Union	Phillip Roche		100	31 $\frac{1}{4}$	
Union Hill	Isaachar Magnus		314	63	200
Warwick Castle	R. Glen Campbell		30	170	30
Decoy	W. G. Murray		318	106	
<b>ST. ANN—</b>					
Annandale	Est. Sir T. Roxburgh	K. L. Roxburgh	366	31	666
Bellevue	D. M. Pringle		800	56	489
Belmont	Col. Wm. Conram	W. V. Townend	253	400	98
Benham Spring	Phillip Lyn		40	34 $\frac{1}{2}$	19
Cedar Valley	Wm. V. Townend		316	40	120
Geddes Rd.	W. Jobson		129	100	56
Happy Retreat	Sydney O. Walker		50	60	10
Relief	Wm. V. Townend		420	81	130
Bogue	A. M. and H. P. Mitchell	G. L. D. Thomson	850	800	390
Carton	Mrs. E. De-Roux	J. L. Mais	1,177	3	792
Drax Hall	Sewell's Trust	Alex. Gordon	1,450	888	434
Golden Spring	C. S. Cotter		546	27	300
Greenwich Park	C. M. Bates		100	320	
Islington	J. E. V. Townend	W. V. Townend	800	370	70

GRAZING PENS, (1948-49), *contd.*

Name of Pen	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in grasses and common	Other acre- age	No. of cattle
<i>St. Ann, contd.</i>					
Llandovery ..	Llandovery Ltd. ..	A. E. Muschette	900	1,200	164
Malvern Park ..	E. C. S. Pratt	E. C. Pratt	1,340	145	485
Mamee Bay ..	C. E. C. S. Pratt ..	..	393	158	87
Mamee Ridge ..	Dr. C.H. Farquharson	W.E. Jobson ..	900	354	441
Seville ..	Est. H. S. Hoskins ..	Adm. General ..	901	1,228	270
Southfield ..	J. T. Calder,	..	600	525	327
Thicketts & Lookout	Est. A. L. Keeling ..	A. O. S. Keeling ..	1,431	70	679
Upton ..	Major L. Kimbulla & Alex. Gordon ..	..	480	74	231
Aloa and Bridgewater	H. P. Stephenson ..	..	650	636	100
Benham Spring	Alex. Gordon ..	..	33	20	69
Chippenham Park	L. S. Coke ..	..	384	192	225
Chanbrook ..	Colin S. Calder ..	..	400	441	..
Antrim ..	M. E. Galbraith ..	J. Lewis	350	190	150
Ballentoy ..	P. C. & N. A. ..	..	435	868	250
Bell Air ..	Wainwright Capt. P. Blagrove ..	T. E. Dennison ..	1,085	605	350
Bengal ..	Est. A. Hopwood ..	L. Hopwood ..	550	1,786	400
Broom Hall ..	A. A. Lindo ..	..	100	1,600	200
Caledonia ..	Agnes McFarlane ..	..	62	155	10
Cardiff Hall ..	M. A. Paton ..	..	1,400	179	100
Cave Valley ..	A. A. Lindo ..	..	300	301	100
Culloden ..	Bram Garsias ..	..	300	314	150
Cyprus ..	J. S. Lee ..	..	160	289	30
Dairy ..	Est. A. Hopwood ..	L. Hopwood ..	80	280	100
Enfield ..	Valda Purchas ..	..	190	85	20
Flamstead ..	Margt. Stewart ..	..	286	146	100
Green Castle ..	M. E. Galbraith ..	..	60	83	..
Home Castle ..	Allan Lopez ..	..	2,600	2,000	1,000
Arbuthnot ..	Waldemar Grant ..	..	25	25	..
Do. ..	Joseph Greaves ..	..	50	42	..
New Home ..	Mary Innerarity ..	..	85	213½	..
Sevenoaks ..	M. E. Galbraith, ..	..	40	3	..
Tripoli ..	G. J. Casserley ..	..	320	110	65
Hyde Park ..	Gideon W. Gallimore ..	..	200	49	50
Hylton Hill ..	Geoff. Purchas <i>et al</i> ..	..	250	220	200
Lillyfield ..	Est. Alex. Hopwood ..	Leonard Hopwood ..	1,430	572	100
Mt. Edgecombe ..	M. E. Galbraith ..	..	240	70	..
Mt. Pleasant ..	Mrs. E. Sterling Fisher ..	..	100	221	20
Orange Valley ..	Capt. Peter Blagrove ..	T. E. Dennison ..	1,892	881	1,000
Penshurst & Matthew Hall	Rev. John M. Bee ..	..	359	32	50
Rose Hill ..	Est. S. Cotter ..	C. S. Cotter ..	238	35	50
The Ridge ..	Mrs. A. Mitchelin ..	C. C. Michelin ..	942	543	200
Retreat ..	Mrs. Sydney Smith ..	A. R. Smith ..	1,209	978	450
Wilton ..	May P. Barnes ..	..	156	4	30
Wakering ..	Joshua Turner ..	..	70	10	5
Ardoch ..	Jamaica Bauxite Ltd. ..	G. C. Brown ..	..	..	..
			250	252½	15
Averham Park ..	Est. A. E. Arnett ..	W. V. Arnett ..	500	442	264

GRAZING PENS, (1948-49), *contd.*

Name of Pen	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in grass and common	Other acreage	No. of cattle
<b>ST. ANN, <i>contd.</i></b>					
Amity Hall ..	E. A. Hemming ..		50	150½	15
Blackheath ..	Est. Geo. Trewick ..	Ethel Trewick ..	50	55	16
Bromley ..	Minnie Simpson ..		710	110	320
Belmont ..	Sir Alfred D'Costa ..	C. G. Robertson ..	1,130	283	314
Bonneville ..	Jamaica Bauxite Ltd. ..	Dennis Fulford ..	430	..	53
Bradfield ..	Sir Alfred D'Costa ..	C. G. Robertson ..	502	25	..
Castle Daley ..	David Simmonds ..		150	96	50
Crescent Park ..	Sir Alfred D'Costa ..	C. G. Robertson ..	803	489	237
Barrett Pen ..	Ja. Bauxite Ltd. ..	Dennis Fulford ..	1,280	809	291
Grierfield ..	Frank Roper ..		1,000	488½	400
Geddes Road ..	Barman Jobson ..	W. E. Jobson ..	84	376	16
Locherickside ..	Mary E. Coke-Kerr ..	W. E. Jobson ..	110	63	20
Spoey Hill ..	Charles & G. Trewick ..	Mary Trewick ..	245	70	40
Tanglewood ..	Est. Wm. Walters ..	Mrs. C. Walters ..	36	148½	12
Twickenham ..	Charles B. Walker ..		361	9	23
Winefield ..	R. H. Melhado ..	Vincent Brown ..	407	23	210
Adstock ..	Dr. I. S. Lloyd ..		190	..	40
Walton ..	Est. E. M. Mais ..	J. L. Mais ..	300	17½	160
Friendship ..	Est. A. L. Keeling ..	Allan Keeling ..	841	17	376
Richmond Est. ..	Est. J. A. Dougal ..	G. A. Dougal ..	1,416	1,107	135
		A. F. Dougal ..	..	..	..
Cottage (Mt. Herman) ..	Do. ..	K. A. Perkins ..	141	7½	60
Endeavour ..	Hon. Cpt. H.S. McGrath ..	..	1,321½	..	360
Edinburgh Castle Farm ..	W. D. Conran ..	W. V. Townsend ..	1,120	123	540
Do. ..	Ed. V. Townend ..		435	..	100
Friendship ..	Jamaica Bauxite Ltd. ..	Dennis Fulford ..	335	50	60
Greenfield ..	Est. J. S. O'Hara ..	Ellen O'Hara ..	540	423	150
Goshen ..	D. S. McGrath ..		872	54	300
Do. ..	R. S. Walker ..		213	110	110
Grier Park ..	H. L. & L. Roper ..		1,465½	424	500
Spring Mtn. ..	Jamaica Bauxite Ltd. ..	Dennis Fulford ..	335	50	60
Catherine ..	H. F. Walker ..		85	65	30
Warren Mtn. ..	A. S. Levi Dawes ..	Laura A. Dawes ..	45	61	..
Pennys ..	Ja. Bauxite Ltd. ..	Dennis Fulford ..	891	1,059	268
Pleasant Hill ..	Mabel Mosley ..		134½	21½	42
Retirement ..	Est. J. R. Braham ..	H. Braham ..	641	132	195
Harmony Hall ..	Est. V. Conran ..	E. V. Townend ..	1,073½	10	390
Schwallenburgh ..	Jamaica Bauxite Ltd. ..	Dennis Fulford ..	400	1,634	..
Huntley ..	S. W. Sharp ..		500	55	200
Knapdale ..	G. A. Cocks ..		1,100	144	500
Knutsford ..	Mary Foster ..		70	70	10
Minard & New Hope ..	Coolham S.S. Co. Ltd. ..	Minard Estates Ltd. ..	1,830	191	500
Knowsley Park ..	Jamaica Bauxite Ltd. ..	Dennis Fulford ..	440	45	..
Lumsden ..	H. P. Stevenson ..		300	300	90
Lydford ..	Sir Alfred D'Costa ..	C. G. Robertson ..	665	..	225
Mt. Plenty ..	Elsie Roxburgh ..		745	83	224
Phoenix Park ..	Sir Alfred D'Costa ..	C. G. Robertson ..	861	569	363

GRAZING PENS, (1948-49), *contd.*

Name of Pen	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in grass and common	Other acreage	No. of cattle
<b>ST. ANN, <i>contd.</i></b>					
Ramble ..	Jamaica Bauxite Ltd. ..	Dennis Fulford ..	370	400	..
Rio Hoe ..	E. F. Moulton-Barrett ..	J. J. Harker ..	3,021½	978	1,040
Soho ..	E. P. Stewart ..	H. Keith Coxo ..	997	25	378
Beechamville ..	S. H. Lawrence ..	..	20	40½	13
Soho ..	Charles E. Snape ..	..	1701	350	350
Browns Valley ..	John S. Carter ..	A. V. Brown ..	115	10	22
Hopewell ..	Capt. Peter Blagrove ..	T. E. Dennison ..	800	207	200
Trafalgar ..	H. Keith Coxo ..	..	104	..	61
Do. ..	D. S. McGrath ..	..	580½	50	200
Unity Valley ..	Claude Roper ..	..	1,150	850	321
Tydenham ..	Frederick McIntyre ..	D. H. Brown ..	280	172	141
Middlesex ..	Earnest O. Allen ..	..	51	119	10
<b>TRELAWNY—</b>					
Bounty Hall ..	Walter Wooliscroft ..	G. H. Milliner ..	230	433½	..
Dundee ..	Marcella Gray ..	G. H. Milliner ..	139	911	..
Green Park ..	Walter Wooliscroft ..	G. H. Milliner ..	288	427	78
Florence Hall ..	H. S. & A. J. Dalrymple ..	..	400	268	..
Gales Valley ..	C. M. Kelly Lawson ..	Ralston Grant ..	489	1,863	..
Golden Grove & Friendship ..	Do. ..	Do. ..	1,196	700½	484
Bunkers Hill ..	R. A. Hammond ..	..	20	576	9
Lottery & Grane ..	Hubert R. Milliner ..	..	450	1,597	120
Peru ..	E. L. Silvera ..	..	160	197	..
Ditto ..	Joseph A. Henlon ..	..	40	42½	25
Acton and Graves-end ..	H. L. Arnett ..	..	130	77	30
Good Hope ..	J. F. Thompson & Sons ..	..	410	1,391	1,352
Kent ..	Lt. Col. H. J. Jarrett-Kerr ..	A. A. Milliner ..	471	537	..
Fontabelle ..	E. L. Silvera ..	..	650	893	400
Maxfield & Greenside ..	Lionel S. Booth ..	Ralston Grant ..	450	1,066	..
Hamstead & Retreat ..	Victor Gentles ..	..	919	505	150
Weston Favel ..	D. O. Kelly Lawson ..	Ralston Grant ..	288	637	..
New Forest ..	H. A. Tate ..	E. A. Tate ..	716	115	225
Orange Valley ..	Lt. Col. H. J. Jarrett-Kerr ..	A. A. Milliner ..	813	1,370½	94
Pembroke ..	J. F. Thompson & Sons ..	..	442	1,234	..
Phoenix ..	Adella I. Kerr-Jarrett ..	R. Grant ..	794	174	590
Pantrepant ..	Frank Roxburgh ..	..	1,000	1,324	570
Windsor ..	W. F. Donald-Hill ..	..	1,300	5,245	451
Tilston ..	D. O. Kelly Lawson ..	Ralston Grant ..	704	1,314	..
Chester ..	M. E. Jarrett ..	..	40	97½	9
Hague, Cliffor & Baklands ..	J. H. Clark ..	A. W. Clerk ..	1,000	577	120
Southfield ..	P. A. & G. H. Milliner ..	..	100	372	..
Wales ..	J. I. Thompson & Sons ..	..	735	697½	..

GRAZING PENS, (1948-49), *contd.*

Name of Pen	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in grass and common	Other acre- age	No. of cattle
<b>TRELAWNY, <i>contd.</i></b>					
Vale Royal ..	Dewar, Curtis & Muschett	..	850	449	112
Barnstaple ..	Dewar, Curtis & Muschett	..	490	210	232
Schawfield ..	J. F. Thompson & Sons	..	63	557	..
Cavrickfoyle ..	D. A. Delgado	..	365	95	120
Oxford ..	Dewar, Curtis & Muschett	..	600	385	80
Bryan Castle ..	Gladys Hunter	..	520	746	152
Braco ..	J. A. Parnell	..	719	980	500
Sportsman's Hall	Utten Todd	..	305	242	102
Colchis ..	Lester Martin	..	799	1,440	142
Carey Park & Johnston Pen	Robt. F. Huggins	..	404	420	228
Harmony Hall ..	Gordon Dewar	..	868	200	553
Hopewell ..	A. E. Muschett	..	540	760	126
Lancaster ..	Gordon Dewar	..	875	260	See Har- mony Hall
Manchester ..	Est. J. J. Milliner	..	180	333	50
Nightengale Grove	Ivan C. Burnett	..	15	94	10
Spring Valley ..	Dr. H. T. Strudwick	..	300	383½	70
Stewart Castle	Stewart Castle Ltd.	..	690	550	117
Arcadia ..	Brig.-Gen. H. S. Sewell	..	120	37	38
Arcadia & Lysworney	Dewar, Curtis & Muschett	..	1,203	463	79
Georgia ..	Do.	..	800	317	83
Long Pond ..	Sheriff & Co. Ja., Ltd.	..	2,220	3,795	511
Swanwick & Hampshire	Dewar, Curtis & Muschett	..	1,000	1,694	100
Mahogany Hall	H. E. Capstick	..	900	590	300
<b>St. JAMES—</b>					
Barrett Hall ..	B. W. Williams	..	758	397	190
Barnett Estates	Hon. F. M. Kerr- Jarrett	..	203	1,818	350
Blue Hole ..	L. H. Pilliner	..	50	201	50
Bogue ..	Hon. F. M. Kerr-Jarrett	..	700	299	150
Canaan ..	W. J. D. Shore	..	290	490	100
Bellefield ..	C. M. Kelly-Lawson	Ralston Grant	361	233	..
Chesterfield ..	St. James Co., Ltd.	G. Wolferstan	297	860	..
Childermas ..	Yvonne Addison	Jack Addison	100	399	75
Ducketts ..	St. James Co., Ltd.	G. Wolferstan	300	850	..
Eden ..	W. E. Parkin	..	80	170	175
Friendship ..	David Mills	..	415	117	50
Glasgow ..	R. C. McFarlane	..	350	316	50
Hampden ..	C. M. Kelly-Lawson	Ralston Grant	692	799	112



GRAZING PENS, (1948-49), *contd.*

Name of Pen	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in grass and common	Other acre- age	No. of cattle
<b>ST. JAMES, <i>contd.</i></b>					
Hazelymph ..	G. P. Brown ..	..	460	600	237
Kempshot ..	A. Maxwell Hall ..	..	240	310	160
Kirpatrick ..	R. C. Jobson ..	..	150	680	..
Moreland ..	Dr. C. Lutz-Wallace ..	..	200	416	..
Moreland ..	Andrew Hall ..	..	70	560	10
Mocho ..	Louis J. Wittingham ..	..	250	1,511	150
Norwood ..	Hon. F. M. Kerr-Jarrett ..	..	615	73	160
Retirement ..	David Mills ..	..	300	800	300
Rose Hall ..	J. & A. M. Henderson ..	J. A. Scott ..	1,086	2,205	114
Seven Rivers ..	C. D. DeLisser ..	..	200	875	30
Spot Valley ..	Mabel S. Grant ..	..	600	337	200
Sweet Water ..	R. F. Williams ..	E. L. Walker ..	3,084	430	300
Spring ..	J. & A. M. Henderson ..	J. A. Scott ..	326	701	..
Spring Vale ..	G. L. & A. L. Mc- Farlane ..	..	280	1,000	80
Stonehenge ..	J. D. Fennell ..	Albert Excell ..	90	100	5
Tryall ..	J. & A. M. Henderson ..	J. A. Scott ..	620	749	90
Worcester ..	David Mills ..	..	179	101	20
Ironshore ..	Piscus, Ltd.	G. M. Donaldson ..	820	2,572	95
Providence ..					
Hartfield ..					
Montpelier ..	Lindo Bros. ..	R. C. De Pass ..	2,500	3,603	2,800
<b>HANOVER—</b>					
Abingdon ..	A. A. Marr ..	..	237	70	217
Belvedere ..	A. H. Gossett ..	..	968	101	745
Blue Hole ..	F. Topper ..	..	350	442	60
Burnt Ground ..	Est. S. M. Haughton James ..	E. P. Haughton- James ..	821	877	918
Challacombe Pen ..	Kathleen Charley ..	..	1,665	1,590	1,203
Chester Castle ..	P. H. Cooke ..	..	585	407	325
Copse Farm ..	E. P. Haughton James ..	..	160	122	200
Eaton ..	Miss G. Brown ..	..	680	560	122
Fish River ..	Winston & Helen Aguilar ..	Syd. Aguilar ..	200	910	200
Golden Grove ..	W. E. Roxburgh ..	..	402	1,514	..
Hopewell ..	H. G. M. Davis ..	C. J. M. Smith ..	20	..	..
Knockalva ..	A. H. Gossett ..	..	92	218	..
New Milnes ..	Theresa M. Moses ..	..	80	553	153
Orange Bay and Ireland Pen }	E. H. McFarlane ..	..	50	1,080	114
Orchard ..	N. A. Rudolph ..	Phillip E. Shephard ..	150	587	35
Point ..	W. H. DeLisser ..	..	423	629	143
Ramble ..	L. G. Hudson Heaven ..	..	1,260	340	720
Barbican ..	Fredk. Topper ..	Wm. DeLisser ..	105	355	25
Bamboo ..	B. K. Johnson ..	..	261½	200	44
Recovery ..	Sabbi Dally ..	..	2	318	15
Round Hill ..	G. B. Pease ..	..	100	1,021	..
Saddlers Hall ..	E. P. Haughton James ..	..	279	606	513
Shettlewood ..	Lindo Bros. & Co., Ltd. ..	..	1,450	559½	1,200
Spring Valley ..	T. A. Junor ..	..	310	1,150	31

GRASSING PENS, (1948-49), *contd.*

Name of Pen	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in grass and common	Other acre- age	No. of cattle
<b>HANOVER, <i>contd.</i></b>					
Tryall ..	Hotel Tryall, Ltd. ..	E. R. Browne ..	1,873	124	1,350
Greenwich ..	M. Purchas ..	..	164	100	..
Mosquito Cove ..	Lillian Edwards ..	G. J. Smith ..	10	..	205
Retrieve ..	L. J. Veitch ..	..	75	48	23
Great Valley ..	C. C. Hastings ..	..	10	280	70
<b>WESTMORELAND</b>					
Ackendown ..	A. W. & A. S. Aguilar Bros. ..	..	1,000	236	485
Acton ..	Walter Morris ..	..	300	2	200
Anglesea ..	C. O. H. Hudson ..	..	600	142	300
Barham ..	Eric Hopwood ..	..	..	907	..
Bluefields ..	R. W. B. Whitelocke ..	..	455	318	400
Bog ..	Est. Dr. Lawson Gifford ..	Adm. Genl. ..	351	177	150
Balstrode ..	Est. G. H. Whitelocke ..	Leslie Whitelocke ..	1,000	417	750
Cornwall ..	W. I. Sugar Co., Ltd. ..	H. C. Cahusac ..	927	755	490
Galloway ..	Est. Mrs. E. I. Harvey ..	Capt. R. G. C. Harvey ..	630	569	250
George's Plain ..	Est. S. E. Morris ..	Lt. Col. H. C. Toogood ..	1,350	1,123	800
Grotto & Whistlecoccke ..	H. A. Tate ..	..	70	66	50
Grandvale ..	Est. E. I. Kirkham ..	B. A. Kirkham ..	1,500	1,503	1,200
Kings Valley ..	Est. W. H. Farquharson ..	P. T. Meany ..	710	115	108
Llandillo ..	Eric Clarke ..	..	1,400	369	800
Morelands ..	E. B. Whitelocke ..	..	1,100	758	650
Mt. Edgecombe ..	Est. C. B. Vickers ..	Catherine Vickers ..	1,400	365	560
Mt. Ricketts ..	H. H. Latham ..	..	190	982	150
Negril Spots ..	A. Lister Calder ..	..	850	85	300
New Hope ..	George McFarlane ..	..	1,080	812	700
Paradise ..	Est. S. M. Haughton James ..	E. P. Haughton-James ..	1,500	601	760
Prospect ..	W. I. Sugar Co., Ltd. ..	H. C. Cahusac ..	1,069	657	690
do ..	Cyril Hudson ..	E. S. Harvey ..	195	110	100
Robins River ..	Eric Clarke ..	..	930	155	100
Shafston ..	Est. Dr. Lawrence Tate ..	A. Lister Calder ..	500	323	250
Springfield ..	Misses R. E. & K. L. Segre ..	..	300	1,602	200
Spring Garden ..	H. B. L. Segre <i>et al</i> ..	H. B. L. Segree ..	530	2,113	180
Sweet River & Ferris ..	Margaret Starkins ..	..	1,000	381	650
Water Works ..	H. C. Cahusac Dr. Dickenson & Capt. Rutty ..	H. C. Cahusac ..	308	1,195	560
Hermitage ..	P. H. Cooke ..	..	620	95	359
Hopeton ..	Inez Binns ..	..	506	20	242
Darliston ..	Richd. W. Smith ..	..	76	24	20
Barney Side ..	James Harvey ..	..	48	70	6

GRAZING PENS, (1947-48), *contd.*

Name of Pen	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in grass and common	Other acreage	No. of cattle
<b>WESTMORELAND, <i>contd.</i></b>					
Shafton ..	A. L. Calder ..	..	1,500	351	330
Barney Side ..	A. M. Virgo ..	..	15	50	10
Barney Side ..	Joseph Brown ..	..	40	21	..
Barney Side ..	Evelyn Gardiner ..	..	38	19	..
Barney Side ..	Wm. A. Ramsay ..	..	41	31	..
Clifton ..	Est. J. W. Hudson ..	Mrs. M. Hudson ..	361	54	248
Caledonia ..	Lois Lyon Hall ..	..	200	600	70
Chilton ..	Muriel Turner ..	J. R. Turner ..	284	216	230
Coffee Ground ..	J. C. Middleton ..	Mr. A. Middleton ..	160	18	..
Darliston ..	Doris C. I. Harvey ..	Capt. R. G. C. Harvey ..	70	39	18
Enfield ..	R. F. Williams ..	Capt. R.G.C. Harvey ..	822	266	500
Darliston ..	Est. Annie Anderson ..	Lester Wilson ..	164	..	..
Seaford ..	Zillah Kamicka ..	..	24	55	8
Mt. Blessed ..	Wm. G. Ambersalie ..	..	8	60	8
Windsor Forest ..	E. Sarah Cooke ..	Thos. H. Cooke ..	252	215	..
Highgate ..	Est. Jos. Findlay ..	Louise Ford ..	25	732	..
Knockalva ..	P. H. Cooke ..	..	418	373	165
Knockalva ..	G. C. Hughes ..	C. McGhie ..	1,049	100	512
Leamington ..	Est. Jos. Findlay ..	Louise Forde ..	780	207	..
Lennox ..	Wm. J. Cooke ..	..	525	50	..
Mtn. Spring ..	Est. H. C. Shekell ..	Mrs. L. D. Walker ..	445	117	218
Rotherwood ..	Jas. W. Griffiths ..	Geo. W. Griffiths ..	37	62	..
Strine ..	Cpt. R. G. C. Harvey ..	..	89	6	847
Woodstock ..	Cpt. R. G. C. Harvey ..	..	1,094	168	
Richmond Lodge ..	Malcolm McIntyre ..	..	52	383	..
Welchpole ..	Fred. Gardiner ..	..	40	42	..
Windsor Forest ..	Agnes Stewart ..	Ivy Stewart ..	69	1	22
Kew Park ..	Hon. T. R. Williams ..	..	960	152	964
Copse Mtn. ..	B. W. Williams ..	Hon. T. R. Williams ..	887	282	..
Belvedere Mtn. ..	Oscar Reid ..	..	20	30	5
Hopewell ..	E. G. Hilton ..	..	56	55	30
Leamington ..	Geo. S. Smith ..	..	4	53	..
Mt. Stewart ..	Janes Harvey ..	..	56	12	12
Rotherwood ..	Geo. W. Griffiths ..	..	90	95	..
<b>ST. ELIZABETH</b>					
Allscott ..	Est. W. B. Sangster ..	Mrs. C. Sangster ..	323	130	..
Ashton ..	C. E. Earle ..	..	363	..	..
Claremont Park ..	Hendriks & Co. ..	Stanley Hendriks ..	580	660	..
Fonthill ..	B. A. Kirkham ..	R. G. Kirkham ..	2,300	265	..
Fort Charles ..	Est. P. Sangster ..	Mrs. I. Sangster ..	700	509	135
Fullerswood ..	Est. P. Sangster ..	Do. ..	180	84	21
Fullerswood ..	Hendriks & Co. ..	W. D. G. Hendriks ..	3,898	..	..
Hodges ..	H. W. Griffiths ..	..	1,326	1,132	430
Hounslow ..	G. L. Smith ..	..	320	397	..
Ipswich ..	Est. R. G. Sinclair ..	Miss I. Sinclair ..	1,020	908	520
Longacre ..	A. M. Parchment et al ..	..	280	213	..
Luana ..	A. Lewis ..	..	442	420	..
Do. ..	C. H. Iver ..	..	795	980	..
Do. ..	Hugh Tomlinson ..	D. H. L. Tomlinson ..	400	463	..

GRAZING PENS, (1948-49), *contd.*

Name of Pen	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in grass and common	Other acre- age	No. of cattle
<b>ST. ELIZABETH,</b> <i>contd.</i>					
Malvern Wells	D. R. Clacken		248	152	170
Hampstead	H. Tomlinson	D. H. L. Tomlinson	800	472	
Paynes Town	Geo. E. Forde		320	124	140
Spring Park	Est. R. B. Daly	W. H. Redpath	480	..	
Mountainside	Est. W. B. Sangster	Mrs. C. F. Sangster	138	..	
Thatchfield	Gerald & M. Lewis		600	72	220
Vineyard (Fullers- wood)	Gerald & M. Lewis		800	59	
White Hall	Est. R. G. Sinclair	Miss Iris Sinclair	500	258	70
Y. S.	Browne Estates		1,200	4,068	
Williamsfield	Est. R. B. Daly	W. H. Redpath	200	85	86
Pond Pen	Iris Sangster		200	859	
Appleton	J. Wray & Nephew	H. A. Grant	350	5,042	348
White Hall	Iris Sangster		300	453	146
Aberdeen	Adm. General	R. C. Scott	290	648	
Barton Isles	Browne Estates	P. Browne	1,050	1,535	710
Bogue	F. L. C. Farquharson		1,007	490	130
Biscany & Newton	Est. R. B. Daly	W. H. Redpath	1,040	825	320
Benmore	W. J. Hutchinson		532	604	155
Bybrook	E. V. Wright		70	111	30
Buena Vista	Cpt. W. Dickenson	A. G. Robison	900	200	
Cabbage Valley	W. G. Hendriks		1,150	610	345
Cashew	Est. J. C. Hutchinson	W. J. Hutchinson	1,580	790	480
Content	R. C. James		113	20	160
Cornwall	Est. F. C. Farquharson	H. E. C. Farquharson	270	234	125
Elphinstowe	Mrs. T. A. Maxwell		800	624	245
Giddy Hall	Est. Wm. S. Cooper	A. T. Cooper	92	106	35
Kepp	Est. J. W. Fraser	Mrs. E. R. Fraser	122	193	30
Mt. Charles	Mrs. I. Sangster		312	304	50
Mountainside	D. R. Clacken		158	..	110
New Savannah	Gertrude Wakeland	E. W. Wakeland	164	13	52
Pond Pen	Est. R. B. Daley	W. H. Redpath	135	..	80
Elim	W. G. Hendriks		467	837	720
Emmaus	D. R. Clacken		511	22	270
Friendship	Jamaica Bauxite Ltd.	Joshua Dalley	1,200	500	192
Fellowship	Est. Wm. Cooper	A. M. Cooper	245	505	165
Gilnock Hall	L. Densham		700	848	380
Goshen	Est. R. B. Daly	W. H. Redpath	2,435	577	596
Haughton	Hendriks & Co.	W. G. Hendriks	694	480	360
Holland	Holland Estates Ltd.		2,343	4,010	1,315
Hermitage	G. L. C. Smith		200	100	140
Long Hill	Reynolds Metal Co.	A. G. Robinson	1,300	492	487
Mt. Pelier	J. F. Goodison		1,145	1,200	450
Maggotty	J. A. Parnell		270	102	194
New River	D. R. Clacken		1,173	741	365
Northampton	Wm. M. Hutchinson		613	300	190
Peru	Est. J. A. Calder	J. T. Calder	400	630	200
Pepper	R. C. James		900	1,330	460
Mitcham	Hendriks & Co.	W. G. Hendriks	280	120	190
Milksham	Sarah King		160	50	15
Raheen	Est. R. B. Daly	W. H. Redpath	3,473	1,120	302
Southampton	Jamaica Bauxite, Ltd.		300	582	120

GRAZING PENS, (1948-49), *contd.*

Name of Pen	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in grass and common	Other acre- age	No. of cattle
<b>ST. ELIZABETH,</b> <i>contd.</i>					
Stanmore ..	D. R. Clacken ..	..	1,332	161	250
Torrington ..	G. L. C. Smith ..	..	250	584	116
Vauxhall ..	Mrs. Alice Martin ..	..	520	152	216
Windsor ..	Frank Miles ..	..	281	100	80
Wallingford ..	John McFarlane ..	..	10	390	72
Rosebery ..	L. M. Lewis ..	..	95	39	13
Bogie ..	Kathleen Edwards ..	..	140	154	75
<b>MANCHESTER</b>					
Ayr ..	L. A. Kavanagh ..	..	310	118	44
Amosvale ..	James A. Parnell ..	..	170	175½	20
Balcares ..	Jca. Bauxite, Ltd. ..	..	210	100	150
Battersea ..	Jca. Bauxite Ltd. ..	..	382	79½	94
Berwick ..	Leila Jordon <i>et al</i> ..	..	79	109	88
Bloomfield ..	Guy W. Harris ..	..	114½	23½	36
Bloomfield ..	Dora A. Beresford ..	..	38	13½	17
Birlington ..	Moses H. Morgan ..	..	56	315	16
Canoe Valley ..	P. D. R. Bovell ..	..	1,000	3,159	98
Cedar Grove ..	G. G. Bruce Iver ..	..	80	50	23
Cedar Grove ..	Seventh Day Adventist ..	..	58	117	40
Chudleigh ..	C. V. & Hilda Helwig ..	C. V. Helwig ..	200	56	40
Daley Grove ..	P. D. R. Bovell ..	..	70	20½	26
Devon ..	Sydney Bailey ..	..	225	231	60
Dunkeld ..	C. P. Jackson ..	..	270	99½	60
Derry, Dear Pen	Jca. Bauxite, Ltd. ..	..	1,535	1,989	463
Green Hill					
Greenvale ..	Basil Densham ..	..	49	3	23
Great Valley ..	W. G. H. Wilson ..	..	200	1181	154
Grey Abbey ..	Aubrey Lewis ..	..	50	5	25
Grove ..	Est. J. B. Thursfield ..	Miss L. Thursfield ..	750	350	150
Green pond ..	Est. A. G. Benjamin ..	W. W. Benjamin ..	60	63	30
Greenvale ..	Mary L. Kohler ..	..	279½	96½	30
Grove Place ..	Govt. of Jca. ..	Director of Agriculture ..	150	850	81
Greenvale, Peters- field Evergreen, Fern Hill	John S. Glanville ..	..	640	1181½	284
Hanbury ..					
Hermitage ..	Jca. Bauxite Ltd. ..	..	90	53½	21
Hope ..	Lillian Nicholson ..	..	28½	100	21
Hanover ..	Jca. Bauxite Ltd. ..	..	695	495	157
Hibernia ..	Francis A. Napier ..	G. D. Fulford ..	72	48	35
Ingleside ..	Ralph Glanville ..	..	70	71	20
Java ..	Leonard Sutton ..	..	225	30½	50
Knockpatrick ..	Harold G. Powell ..	..	150	192½	40
Marlborough ..	Jca. Bauxite Ltd. ..	..	165	162	35
Marshall's Pen ..	Est. C. B. Hall ..	G. D. Fulford ..	289	217	21
Marshall's Pen ..	Jca. Bauxite Ltd. ..	..	554	290	182
Mount Nelson ..	A. W. Sutton ..	..	456	700	146
Martins Hill ..	Jca. Bauxite Ltd. ..	..	400½	200	197
Mt. Pleasant ..	Jca. Bauxite Ltd. ..	..	415	128½	101
	E. C. Wilson ..	G. W. Harris ..	67	..	21

GRAZING PENS, (1947-48), *contd.*

Name of Pen	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in grass and common	Other acre- age	No. of cattle
MANCHESTER, <i>contd.</i>					
Newark ..	James Henderson ..	W. H. Coke ..	258	..	95
Lyndhurst ..	M. V. M. Hughes ..		280	260	50
Perth ..	Mary Wynne ..		157	1	47
Pleasant Hill ..	P. D. R. Bovell ..		200	52	50
Plinlimon ..	Arthur McArthur ..	Miss L. Thursfield ..	86½	100	50
Retford ..	C. R. Binns ..		260	238	99
Roxburgh ..	M. L. Bovell ..		151	49	50
Somerset ..	Angus Kennedy ..		315	508	75
Richmond Hill ..	Capt. E. Turner ..	G. D. Fulford ..	135	5	45
Spitzbergen ..	Edith Heron ..		100	380	35
Stone's Hope ..	Est. J. B. Thursfield ..		459	358	150
Shooter's Hill ..	Jea. Bauxite Ltd. ..		312	2317	36
Spur Tree ..	Henry S. Holt ..	G. D. Fulford ..	65	..	20
Swaby's Hope ..	Est. Susan Fulford ..		335	215	71
Waltham ..	Daisy V. Godfrey ..		70	4½	24
Waltham ..	Charles P. Jackson ..		64	15	38
Wigton ..	J. H. I. Dodd ..	..	92½	15	35
Woodlawn ..	Daisy V. Godfrey ..		107	..	30
CLARENDON					
Denbigh Kraal ..	Allan Lopez ..	D. S. Plummer ..	250	256	209
Halse Hall ..	H. G. DeLisser ..		472	2,488	350
McGilchrist's Pen ..	Eliza A. Plummer ..		200	743	18
Longville Park ..	Dr. L. M. Moody ..		840	315	350
Parnassus ..	Grinan Estates, Ltd. ..	K. S. Calder ..	233	2,055	72
Rhymesbury ..	Est. Jno. G. Miller ..	St. Jago Estates ..	4,985	..	1,429
St. Jago ..	Jno. G. Miller ..		6,397	81	1,610
St. Toolies ..	Louis Logan ..		430	20	84
Sheckles Pen ..	A. W. McIntosh ..		1,200	300	350
Ebony Park ..	F. G. Pawsey ..	Ivan Harty ..	776½	281	136
Whitney ..	E. M. & A. F. Clarke and S. A. Lord Ltd. ..		1,100	1,972	472
Butlers Run ..	J. S. Miller ..		100	104	89
Lanark ..	Rev. A. A. Rochester ..		100	297	17
Rock River ..	Est. Wilmot March ..	R. A. McPherson ..	185	1,891	172
Trout Hall ..	Est. F. G. Sharp ..	Emma Sharp ..	150	382	..
ST. CATHERINE					
Angels ..	V. Aguilar ..	..	1,010	883	450
Amity Hall ..	A. C. Lopez ..		1,874	1,003	832
Homestead & Brownsdale ..	J. B. Valdes ..		180	43	80
Belle Vue ..	L. C. Cawley ..		298	101	105
Bridge Pen ..	F. C. Billingslea & H. C. D. Orrett ..	L. J. Henzell ..	1,120	..	300
Belmont ..	E. G. Hudson ..		150	1,862	550
Caymanas ..	Caymanas Estates, Ltd. ..		1,350	9,089	380
Cumberland Pen ..	do ..		900	2,600	150
Content & Dove Cot ..	A. S. Nunes ..	..	390	94	250

GRAZING PENS, (1948-49), *contd.*

Name of Pen	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in grass and common	Other acre- age	No. of cattle
ST. CATHERINE, <i>contd.</i>					
Cromarty ..	Michael Heffes ..	..	60	15	80
Eltham & Leigh Farm ..	D. J. Sumpter ..	..	420	131	190
Ellerslie ..	Major Melville ..	..	91	..	150
Garels ..	B. B. Duncanson ..	..	93	10	35
Hartlands ..	L. H. Caryl ..	..	1,464	160	750
Little Windsor ..	O. W. Hussey ..	..	300	340	290
Lloyds ..	C. Gilpin-Hudson ..	..	510	1,219	300
Merrywood Farm ..	J. L. Watt ..	..	200	635	120
Smallwood ..	F. C. Billingslea, ..	..	856	30	400
Windsor ..	C. N. Tennant ..	..	80	133	180
Wick Hall ..	L. DuQuesnay ..	..	110	22	150
Charlemont ..	Hon. Capt. H.S. McGrath ..	..	1,600	280½	1,000
Claremont ..	Kenneth Perry ..	..	55	..	10
Colbeck ..	Mrs. M. Ryley ..	..	1,000	147	300
Claremont ..	M. Sampson ..	..	30	148	..
Bybrook ..	H. V. Lindo ..	C. Guy Campbell ..	352	464	245
Brampton Farm ..	United Estates ..	H. V. Lindo ..	495	173	539
Colbecks Do. ..	E. G. Smith ..	..	..	..	..
	E. M. Lord and S. M. Clarke ..	..	820	49	221
Cherry Gardens ..	Arthur N. King ..	..	..	471	..
Cherry Gardens ..	A. C. Lopez ..	..	331	..	110
Camperdown and New Works ..	H. V. Lindo ..	..	608	288	456
Hayfield ..	Fredrick Kennedy ..	..	150	129	55
Kilbies ..	G. C. Lord ..	..	230	..	180
Long's Wharf ..	L. C. & E. S. Hendriks ..	..	1,100	230	372
Lodge ..	Eric Lord ..	..	830	115	450
Marlie ..	Est. K. M. Fulford ..	Doris Fulford ..	300	106	120
Riversdale and New Hall ..	H. V. Lindo ..	C. Guy Campbell ..	928	329	481
Rhodens ..	G. C. Lord ..	..	130	230	110
Pleasant Farm ..	H. R. Coombs ..	..	420	44	..
Dawkins Bog ..	C. A. DeLisser ..	..	200	37	50
Windsor Park ..	O. W. Hussey ..	..	180	65	240
Fairfield Farm II ..	Bernard O'Toole ..	..	120	67	60
Prospect Hill ..	Vincens B. Oliver ..	..	80	58	35
Bybrook ..	Ivan and Dougald Campbell ..	J. P. Gyles ..	59	41	32
Springvale ..	Jeanette LaSala ..	..	1,000	1,348	216
Rio Magno ..	H. A. Fowler ..	..	700	360	150
Wakefield ..	Allan M. Bryson ..	..	52	27	50
Wakefield ..	Nora and Dermott McConnell ..	..	242	95	200
Spring Gardens ..	Est. Vincent Verley ..	Clyde Verley ..	513	1,805	..
St. Helens Ltd. ..	H. O. A. Dayes ..	..	2,209	..	..
Thetford ..	Est. Vincent Verley ..	Clyde Verley ..	589	1,425	500
Whim ..	O. F. Lord ..	..	675	41	313
Cherry Gardens ..	Cherry Gardens, Ltd. ..	H. V. Alexander ..	362	100	264
Whitewater ..	F. C. Billingslea ..	..	280	40	50

GRAZING PEN, ((1948-49), *contd.*

Name of Pen	Owner	Attorney of Owner	Acres in grass and common	Other acre- age	No. of cattle
<b>ST. CATHERINE, <i>contd.</i></b>					
Wildwood ..	Est. Dr. V. H. Delfosse ..	.. ..	70	10	80
Eusom ..	O. A. Lawrence ..	.. ..	175	24	50
Nightengale ..	Leslie Perry ..	.. ..	633	..	426
Grove					
Mt. Olive ..	W. J. Miller ..	.. ..	670	130	..
Tulloch ..	J. P. McPhail ..	.. ..	998	897	711
Tydixon Park ..	Dr. Wm. McCulloch ..	.. ..	323	347	200
West Prospect ..	R. V. McDaniel ..	.. ..	..	..	25
Enfield ..	H. V. Lindo ..	.. ..	472	378	..
Hampton Green ..	J. B. Valdes ..	.. ..	60	16	30
Fellowship Hall					
and March Pen	A. C. Williams ..	.. ..	600	160	40
Graham Pen ..	J. L. Watt ..	.. ..	300	14	100
Riversdale ..	E. A. Barham ..	.. ..	340	248	154
	F. K. Isaacs				
Mango Grove ..	N. C. Gyles ..	.. ..	830	420	194
and Wallens					
Mickleton ..	J. P. Gyles ..	.. ..	48	11	20
Recess ..	W. J. & J. P. Gyles ..	.. ..	174	372	48
Riverhead ..	A. E. McNaught ..	.. ..	60	92	30
Worthy Park ..	Worthy Pk. Ltd. ..	C. K. Clarke ..	3,000	8,762	1,446
St. Helens ..	Est. Edwin Charley ..	Hon. A. S. Campbell	1,198	648	764
New Market Pen	O. J. March ..	.. ..	150	..	32



## SUGAR ESTATES IN CULTIVATION IN JAMAICA IN THE YEAR 1948

Parish	Estates (with Vacuum Pan Factories)	Owners	General Managers, etc.	Equipment 1948 Crop	Sugar Production 1948 Crop (Figures in Tons)	Rum Production 1948 Crop (Figures in Liquid Gallons)
St. Thomas	Ja. Sugar Estates (Duckenfield)	Jamaica Sugar Estates Ltd.	G. T. Macdonald (General Manager)	Levellers and Knives 2-2 Roller Crushers 3 Mills 13 Rollers; Quad; Crystallizers	11,908.8	187,111
	Serge Island	Seaforth Sugar & Rum Ltd.	D. P. Elder (Manager)	Knives, 1-2 Roller Crusher 2 Mills 8 Rollers; Quad; Crystallizers	7,768.4	108,842
St. Mary	Gray's Inn Central	Gray's Inn (Ja.) Central Factory Ltd.	F. McRae (General Manager)	Knives, 1-2 Roller Crusher 4 Mills 14 Rollers, Quad; Crystallizers	9,907.8	119,306 (Alcohol)
St. Ann	Llandoverly	Llandoverly Ltd.	A. E. Muschett (Managing Director)	Knives 1-2 Roller Crusher 2 Mills 8 Rollers, Quad;	1,578.5	33,584
	Richmond	Estate of James Dougall	G. A. Dougall (Managing Trustee)	Knives, 3 Mills 9 Rollers; Quad; Crystallizer	1,830.6	18,743

SUGAR ESTATES IN CULTIVATION IN JAMAICA IN THE YEAR 1948, *contd.*

Parish	Estates (with Vacuum Pan Factories)	Owners	General Managers, Managers, etc.	Equipment 1948 Crop	Sugar Production 1948 Crop (Figures in Tons)	Rum Production 1948 Crop (Figures in Liquid Gallons)
Trelawny	Green Park	Green Park Estates Ltd.	Louis Moss (Governing Director)	Knives, 3 Mills, 9 Rollers, Quad; Crystallizers	1,705.5	34,100
	Long Pond	Sherriff & Co. (Ja.) Ltd.	Howie Aitken (Manager)	Knives 3 Mills 9 Rollers, Quad; Crystallizers	2,852.4	75,036
	Vale Royal	Vale Royal Estates Ltd.	A. E. Muschett (Managing Director)	Knives, 4 Mills 12 Rollers, Quad; Crystallizers	4,858.5	56,542
St. James	Hampden	Mrs. C. M. Kelly-Lawson	Ralstoun Grant (Attorney)	Knives, 1-3 Roller Crusher 2 Mills 9 Rollers, Quad; Crystallizers	6,155.	75,971
	The Barnett Estates (Catherine Hall)	Hon. F. M. Kerr-Jaggett	..	Knives, 1-2 Roller Crusher, 4 Mills, 14 Rollers, Quad; Crystallizers	3,642.	48,590
	Rose Hall	Messrs. J. & A. Henderson	J. A. Scott (Estate Manager)	Knives, 1-2 Roller Crusher, 3 Mills 11 Rollers, Quad; Crystallizers	2,790	33,616

SUGAR ESTATES IN CULTIVATION IN JAMAICA IN THE YEAR 1948, *contd.*

Parish	Estates (with Vacuum Pan Factories)	Owners	General Managers, Managers, etc.	Equipment 1948 Crop	Sugar Production 1948 Crop (Figures in Tons)	Rum Production 1948 Crop (Figures in Liquid Gallons)
St. James, <i>contd.</i>	Ironshot	Piscus Ltd.	Ian Kerr-Jarrett D.F.C. (Attorney)	Knives 3 Mills 9 Rollers, Quad; Crystallizers	1,276.4	10,381
Hanover	Kew	Lemon Hart & Son Ltd.	Hon. R. W. Young- man (Attorney)	Knives 3 Mills 9 Rollers Quad.	1,636.2	31,447
Westmoreland	Frome Central	The West Indies Sugar Co. Ltd.	H. C. Cahusac (General Manager, Frome Division)	Knives (2 Sets) 1-3 Roller Crusher, 4 Mills, 15 Rollers, Quad; Crystallizers	35,363.5	449,264
St. Elizabeth	Appleton	J. Wray & Nephew Ltd.	Roy D. Lindo Frederick C. Lindo (Manag. Directors) H. A. Grant (Estate Manager)	Knives, 1-2 Roller Crusher, 2 Mills 8 Rollers Quad.	1,306.1	170,030 (Appleton & Raheen)
	Holland	Holland Estate Ltd.	C. D. deLisser (Director) N. B. Davidson (Estate Manager)	Knives, 1-2 Roller Crusher, 3 Mills 11 Rollers, Triple, Crystallizers	1,757.3	16,764
	Raheen	J. Wray & Nephew Ltd.	See Appleton above	Knives, 1-2 Roller Crusher, 3 Mills 11 Rollers, Triple, Crystallizers	1,623.9	See Appleton above

SUGAR ESTATES IN CULTIVATION IN JAMAICA IN THE YEAR 1948, *contd.*

Parish	Estates (with Vacuum Pan Factories)	Owners	General Managers, Managers, etc.	Equipment 1948 Crop	Sugar Production 1948 Crop (Figures in Tons)	Rum Production 1948 Crop (Figures in Liquid Gallons)
Clarendon	Bog	The West Indies Sugar Co. Ltd.	C. C. Michelin (General Manager) Monymusk Division	1-2 Roller, Crusher 3 Mills 11 Rollers, Triple, Crystallizers	5,422.6	67,295
	Monymusk	The West Indies Sugar Co. Ltd.	C. C. Michelin (General Manager) Monymusk Division	Knives, 1-2 Roller Crusher 3 Mills 11 Rollers, Quad; Crystallizers	25,561.7	477,358
	Sevens	The Grinan Estates Ltd.	K. S. Calder (Managing Director)	Knives, 1-2 Roller Crusher 2 Mills 8 Rollers, Quad; Crystallizers	7,965.8	85,042
	New Yarmouth	New Yarmouth Ltd.	Hon. O. K. Henriques (Managing Director)	Knives, 1-3 Roller Crusher 4 Mills 15 Rollers, Quad; Crystallizers	10,177.8	171,337
St. Catherine	Caymanas	Caymanas Estates Ltd.	O. M. Henzell (Director & Mang.)	Knives, 1-3 Roller Crusher 4 Mills 15 Rollers, Quad; Crystallizers	9,785.4	108,553

SUGAR ESTATES IN CULTIVATION IN JAMAICA IN THE YEAR 1948, *cont'd.*

Parish	Estates (with Vacuum Pan Factories)	Owners	General Managers, Managers, etc.	Equipment 1948 Crop	Sugar Production 1948 Crop (Figures in Tons)	Rum Production 1948 Crop (Figures in Liquid Gallons)
St. Catherine, <i>cont'd.</i>	Worthy Park	Worthy Park Ltd.	C. K. Clarke (Director & Mang.)	Knives, 1-3 Roller Crusher 2 Mills 9 Rollers, Quad. Crystallizers	6,185.4	67,829
	Inn's Wood	Estate of Edwin Charley (dec'd)	Hon. A. S. Campbell (Managing Trustee)	Knives, 1-3 Roller Crusher 4 Mills 15 Rollers, Quad; Crystallizers	6,300.	177,796
	Bernard Lodge	United Fruit Co.	J. P. Armstrong (Division Manager) John Munro (Factory Manager)	Knives, 1-2 Roller Crusher 3 Mills 11 Rollers, Quad; Crystallizers	16,048.4	352,788
	United Estates	United Estates Ltd.	H. V. Lindo (Mang. Director)	Knives, 4 Mills 12 Rollers, Quad, Crystallizers	7,406.4	106,327

## THE JAMAICA BANANA PRODUCERS ASSOCIATION, LIMITED

Formed as a co-operative body in 1927 and started operations in April, 1929. In December, 1936, was reorganised as a trading company taking over the assets and liabilities of the old co-operative Association. The capital of the new Association was subscribed by former members of the old co-operative Association out of their contributions to that Association.

**DIRECTORS**—Mr. C. H. Browne, *Chairman*; Hon. C. M. Pringle, Hon. G. Seymour Seymour, O.B.E., Hon. A. M. Pawsey, Rev. H. Ward, Messrs. C. L. Clemetson, L. J. G. Hawthorn, C. E. Johnston, E. C. Joysey, A. B. Lowe, F. H. Robertson, R. F. Williams.

**MANAGEMENT**—Mr. C. E. Johnston, *Managing Director*; Assistant Managers—Mr. R. F. Williams and Mr. E. C. Joysey; Secretary—Miss L. Gibson.

**Subsidiaries**—(1) The Jamaica Producers Marketing Co., Ltd., which markets in Great Britain and on the Continent of Europe the bananas shipped by the Association. (2) The Jamaica Banana Producers Steamship Co. Ltd., which operates a line of refrigerated vessels between Jamaica, Rotterdam and London for the carriage of bananas and other freight as well as passengers. (3) Jamaica Bananas (Canada), Ltd., in Montreal, which markets bananas in Canada.

## JAMAICA HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY

Established in 1934, with the object of encouraging and improving gardening in all its branches in Jamaica.

The Society issues to its members monthly pamphlets giving information on the culture of flowers and other horticultural practices.

Anyone interested in gardening is eligible for membership, and is invited to join the Society.

The Society holds exhibitions; the first of these was held at Mico College on the 10th April, 1935.

In the year 1935, the Society was affiliated with the Royal Horticultural Society of England.

Secretary: R. T. THOMPSON,  
5 Retirement Crescent,  
Cross Roads.

## SOAP AND EDIBLE PRODUCTS, LIMITED

The Company is the largest manufacturer of coconut products (edible oil, soap, compound lard and margarine) in Jamaica.

The Share Capital of the Company is £120,000, but it has been the policy of the shareholders to devote all profits to the expansion of operations and pay no dividends.

The entire share capital of the Company is held by the Coconut Industry Board set up under Law 8 of 1945, so that profits on factory operations accrue to the benefit of the Coconut Industry.

The Company purchases its main raw material (copra) from the Coconut Industry Board at prices fixed by the Coconut Control Authority which are applicable also to other factories who require to purchase copra. The manufacturing operations of the Company and the prices of its finished goods as well as its margin of profit are regulated by Government in the public interest through the Trade Administrator and/or Coconut Control Authority.

The products manufactured by the Company include both refined and unrefined edible oil, common laundry soap, specialty soaps, high class toilet soaps, compound lard, margarine, soap lye crude glycerin, and dairy feeds.

A subsidiary of the Company is the *Edible Products Sales Co., Ltd.*, whose purpose is to distribute the products of the Parent Company.

Two government nominees occupy seats on the Board of Directors, the present directors being the following:—

*Directors:* Hon. H. E. Pongelley, Chairman

Hon. O. K. Henriques	} Government Nominees
Mr. F. W. Harris	
" Alec Gordon	
" S. J. Hawley	
" F. M. Jones	
" A. H. Phillipps	
" S. G. Fletcher	

*Officers:* Mr. A. G. Squire, (Joint Manager)  
 " G. W. Jennings (Joint Manager)  
 " F. L. Peacock, (Secretary)

*Registered Office:* Producers Road, Myers Wharf P.O., Kingston.

#### ST. ANN FARMERS ASSOCIATION 1944.

The Association has for its object the protection and advancement of all farming interests in the parish of St. Ann in particular, and throughout the Island in general.

President—Capt. Peter Blagrove, M.C., J.P., Hopewell, Discovery Bay, P.O.

Vice-President—Colin Calder, Esq., J., Cranbrook, Laughlands, P.O.

Secretary and Treasurer—H. Q. Levy, Esq., J.P., Brown's Town, P.O.

#### THE SUGAR MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION (of Jamaica), LTD.

52 King Street, Kingston

Established in 1929 and is now incorporated (as a Limited Liability Company—with a purely nominal capital of £500) under the Laws of Jamaica. It comprises the owners of all the Sugar Estates operating in the Island, 23 in number, and is managed by a Board of Directors elected annually by its members. Its Memorandum and Articles of Association empower it to do anything calculated to serve the interests of the Sugar Industry, including marketing crops produced by its members. It is divided into a Sugar Section and a Rum Section both under the same Board of Directors and Management. In 1946 its members signed a new agreement for a ten year period, by which all Local Sales of Sugar are to be made by the Association. The agreements governing the pooling of rum through the Association run until 30th November, 1952.

The Sugar Industry is now controlled by the Sugar Industry Control Law, Cap. 302 as amended by Law No. 30 of 1938, Law No. 49 of 1942, Law No. 48 of 1944 and Law 40 of 1945.

The Legislation regarding Rum Production is contained in the Spirits Control Law—Cap. 182 as amended by Law 42 of 1940 and Law 73 of 1941.

The Directors are as follows:—

Hon: R. L. M. Kirkwood, Chairman; Mr. H. V. Lindo, Vice Chairman; Mr. K. S. Calder, Mr. O. M. Hezell, Mr. Ralstoun Grant, Mr. C. C. Michelin, Hon. A. S. Campbell; Mr H. C. Cahusac and Mr. G. T. MacDonald.

The Officers of the Association are:—

Mr. D. J. Verity, *Manager*; Mr. C. A. Bloomfield, *Assistant Manager*; Mr. L. B. Powell, *Secretary*.

## WEST INDIES SUGAR COMPANY, LIMITED

This Company was incorporated in England in 1937, in which year it acquired the Estate and Sugar Factory of Monymusk in the District of Vere, Clarendon, and seven other Estates and Sugar Factories in Westmoreland and Hanover. The latter comprised Shrewsbury, Friendship, Bluecastle, Mint, Masemure, Frome and Prospect. In 1947, the Company also acquired the Estate and Sugar Factory of Bog in the District of Vere, Clarendon.

In 1938, a large modern Sugar Factory was erected at Frome in Westmoreland, and in that year the six other Sugar Factories in Westmoreland were closed down, manufacture of Sugar and Rum being centralised at Frome in 1939. The cane from Hanover previously processed at Prospect was sent to Frome in the following year with the result that all production formerly carried on by seven small factories has been continued in the one Factory.

Subsequently, the owner of Retreat Factory decided to close it down, and sell his cane to the Company.

The Company erected a large modern Sugar Factory and Distillery at Monymusk which commenced to operate during the 1949 crop, and the Old Monymusk and Bog Factories were subsequently closed down.

The combined output of the Frome and Monymusk Factories and Distilleries exceed one third of the Total Island production of Vacuum Pan Sugar and Rum. At the Monymusk Refinery, the Island requirements of refined sugar are manufactured. This product during the War years has been exported to British Honduras and the Bahamas in considerable quantities.

Extensive areas of citrus have been planted on the Monymusk Estates in 1938 and 1939.

The Company are the agents in Jamaica for Colonial Food Yeast Limited, a Company formed by the Colonial Office and financed by the British Government under the Colonial Development and Welfare Act. A Food Yeast Factory has been erected at Frome and is now in production.

Offices:—Frome, Frome P.O.; Monymusk, Alley P.O.

General Manager, Frome—H. C. Cahusac.

General Manager, Monymusk—C. C. Michelin

Business Manager, Frome—G. B. Quayle

Business Manager, Monymusk—W. I. G. Davies

Chief Accountant, Monymusk—J. L. Lanigan.

The Company is a subsidiary of Messrs, Tate and Lyle Ltd., England. The Chairman of Directors, Lord Lyle, is also Chairman of Directors of Tate and Lyle, Limited.

## PRODUCTION—COMBINED ESTATES

		Sugar		Rum	
		Tons		gallons	
1940	..	32,347		430,111	
1941	..	51,268	"	553,959	"
1942	..	55,376	"	775,170	"
1943	..	56,870	"	731,870	"
1944	..	54,252	"	723,861	"
1945	..	56,897	"	734,116	"
1946	..	69,341	"	927,552	"
1947	..	66,169	"	893,589	"
1948	..	67,872	"	1,002,915	"



## EDUCATIONAL

### CHAPTER X

#### SECONDARY EDUCATION\*

In 1865 the control of bequests made from time to time for the education of children was taken over by the Government and in 1879 a law was passed putting all these endowments under the control of the Jamaica Schools Commission, and all are now expended in the cause of secondary education. (See below "Schools Commission" and "Endowed Schools") Other laws which affect Secondary Education are the following:

(1) The Secondary Education Law Cap. 154, and the amendments to this law passed in 1940, 1941 and 1946.

(2) The Grants-in-Aid of Secondary Education (Amendment) Law, 1941.

(3) The Pensions (Secondary School Teachers) Law Cap. 155, the amendment to the law passed in 1941 and the Teachers Pension Law, 1947.

The Secondary Education Law provides for the establishment of Secondary Schools in any important centres of population without adequate provision for secondary education or alternatively for the establishment of Scholarships to be held at any approved Secondary School and to be competed for by pupils from such centres of population. It provides also for establishment of post secondary school Scholarships.

Two Government Secondary Schools have been established, both in Montego Bay. One, for boys, was established in 1895 and is now known as Cornwall College. The other, the Montego Bay Secondary School for girls, was established in 1935.

Details are given below (see Scholarships) of the post Secondary School Scholarships provided by Government or otherwise.

In December, 1927, the parishes of St. Thomas, St. Mary, Trelawny and Clarendon exclusive of the old parish of Vere, were declared to be important centres of population without adequate provision for Secondary Education by proclamation in the Jamaica Gazette.

In the early part of 1928, the Schools Commission drew up a Scheme of Regulations under which these scholarships may be held. The Scheme was approved by the Acting Governor in July, 1928, and the first examination was held at four centres in December, 1928, viz., Morant Bay, Port Maria, Falmouth and Chapelton. The Scheme was amended in 1941 and in 1943. Under the Scheme provision is made for two scholarships for pupils resident in St. Thomas, three for St. Mary, two for Trelawny and two for Clarendon exclusive of the old parish of Vere, to be awarded annually. Each Scholarship is of the annual value equal to the fees for tuition and boarding of the school to which the scholar is admitted with an additional allowance of £10 or is of the value of £50 if this is the greater value, tenable for four years at any Secondary School approved by the Schools Commission, and extended for additional periods to scholars of special merits.

Regulations for grants-in-aid of Secondary Schools were passed by Resolutions of the Legislative Council on the 28th May, 1920, and came into force on the first of August following. Two thirds of £7,000 was voted for the Michaelmas and Easter terms, the Commission being the authority for administering the Regulations the Director of Education administering the moneys in accordance with provisions of the Regulations and the requirements of the Commission.

The Regulations for Grants-in-aid were converted into the Grants in aid of Secondary Schools Law, Cap. 156, in 1924.

This law has been amended by the Grants-in-aid of Secondary Schools (Amendment) Law, 1941.

In September, 1944 a resolution of the Legislative Council authorised Supplementary Grant-in-Aid to enable the grant aided schools to pay an Approved Salary Scale to the teachers.

Twenty-six schools are in receipt of Government Grants under this Law, namely:—

First Grade—Jamaica College, Wolmer's Boys School, Wolmer's Girls School, Munro College, Cornwall College, Hampton, Westwood, Calabar High School, Diocesan High School, St. Andrew High School, Kingston College, St. Georges' College, St. Hugh's High School. Second Grade—Manning's School, Rusea's School, Titchfield, Beckford and Smith's School, Cathedral High School, Manchester School, Happy Grove, Immaculate Conception High School, Convent of Mercy Academy, Alpha, Clarendon College Ardenne High School, Knox College.

\* For a fuller history of Secondary Education in Jamaica see the Handbook for 1911.

## ELEMENTARY EDUCATION\*

The following are the latest statistics:—

Year	Number of Schools	Scholars enrolled on Books	Scholars in Average Attendance	Government Grants including Building Grants
1944 ..	668	163,556	93,265	505,720
1945 ..	668	176,909	100,697	618,138
1946 ..	670	185,653	110,773	613,389
1947 ..	671	186,136	108,671	710,166
1948 ..	676	190,522	112,500	782,957

The following shows the state of education in the Island at the dates of the taking of the Census in 1891, 1911, 1921 and 1943:—

	1891	1911	1921	1943
Can Read and Write	177,795	338,263	389,376	733,571
Can Read only ..	114,493	108,515	65,657	29,837
Total ..	292,288	446,778	455,033	763,408
Attending School	99,769	125,496	129,623	207,790
Total Population ..	639,491	831,383	858,118	1,237,063

No child is allowed to be admitted into any public elementary school under seven years of age or to be retained after completing his fifteenth year, except that with the special sanction of the Inspector, a limited number of children may be given an extra year at school and serve as monitors. In Infant Schools the limit of age is from 4 to 8 years.

Public elementary schools are inspected and examined by Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors of Schools, and the scholars are examined in the prescribed subjects.

Grants are made by the Government, based on the average attendance, the schools being placed in grades according to size and salaries with annual increments fixed for each grade for Head Teachers, who are also graded according to qualifications and length of service. Salaries of Assistant Teachers are also provided on a fixed scale with increments, depending upon qualifications and experience. The payments to Pupil Teachers depend upon their qualifications. Special Grants are paid for Advanced Manual Training where taught and for Sewing in schools which have no assistant or pupil teacher on the staff also for School Appliances and Equipment. The average attendance on which grants are made is the mean of the average attendances of the three preceding calendar years, and for the average attendance of each year the best 288 sessions only are taken.

Any person who pays a fee of 5/- may be examined with the Pupil Teachers of any year and is informed of the results of his examination. In July, 1949, 188 Pupil Teachers and 12,271 other candidates presented themselves for examination. The Pupil Teachers' Examination has now been replaced by the Jamaica Local Examination.

In March, 1914, a Law consolidating and amending the laws relating to Elementary Education was passed. (Cap. 152.)

The Elementary Schools are divided as follows:—Government, 221; Church of England, 157; Baptist, 80; Methodist, 59; Moravian, 48; Presbyterian, 52; Congregational, 15; American Missionary, 5; Roman Catholic, 27; Society of Friends, 2; Undenominational, 10.

According to parishes they are divided as follows:—Kingston 29, St. Andrew, 45, St. Thomas, 35, Portland, 45, St. Mary, 63, St. Ann, 62, Trelawny, 28, St. James, 29, Hanover, 31, Westmoreland, 51, St. Elizabeth, 70, Manchester, 58, Clarendon, 62, St. Catherine, 68

\*For historical summary see Handbook for 1926.

By an Order in Privy Council dated August 21st, 1923, school attendance was made compulsory as from September 1st, 1923, between the ages of eight and fourteen within the districts of Kingston, Halfway Tree, Port Antonio, Brown's Town, Falmouth, Lucea, Sav-la-Mar, Black River, Porus, Spanish Town, Montego Bay, Port Maria, Morant Bay and May Pen. The regulations on the subject of Compulsory School Attendance under section 18 (3) of Law 31 of 1892, and the names of the members of the Kingston, Falmouth, and Lucea School Boards first appointed by the Governor were printed in the Handbook of Jamaica for 1911.

The district of St. Ann's Bay was declared a Compulsory Area on the 4th of August, 1944. The district of Port Maria was extended as from the 25th of March, 1944, and the district of Half-Way Tree as from the 13th of January, 1944.

### TRAINING COLLEGES

The following means are employed by the Government for the college training of Elementary School Teachers.

1. 93 students are supported at the Mico Training College in Kingston who are being trained as schoolmasters. In addition to the number supported by the Government there are 12 students on the original foundation supported by the Mico Trustees in England.
2. A Training College is maintained at Shortwood in St. Andrew, for women, in which 62 students are under training as teachers.
3. Provision is made for the payment of grants to the managers of certain voluntary Training Colleges for a specified number of resident students under training, and of an additional grant for every student, resident or non-resident, who passes the yearly examination. Under this provision 85 women students are trained at Bethlehem, a Moravian College in the Santa Cruz Mountains; 8 resident and 31 day students, women, at St. Joseph's (Roman Catholic) College in Kingston.

There are also regulations providing for an annual examination of students in Training Colleges and of teachers of Elementary Schools with a view to the granting of Certificates to those who are successful.

The number of Registered Teachers engaged is 2,561 and 1,716 of these have received a college training.

### VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

Vocational Education aims at training the youth of the country to appreciate the rural economic environment, to make use of the natural resources at hand, to be interested in and develop the various forms of manual skill, thus raising their standard of efficiency, and improving their economic position, developing strength of character and contributing to the economic and social welfare of the community; to encourage Land Settlement, and other co-operative communal welfare efforts.

Girls are encouraged to be good home-makers, and receive practical training in house-craft, needlecraft, farming and such other practical avenues for individual and communal improvement.

Such training in order to be effective is built on a sure foundation of religious culture.

Such training in industry and character building must uplift the community and make for happy and healthy citizenship with a love for, and appreciation of rural life.

Vocational Agencies have been at work in Jamaica for many years. These include the Elementary Schools with their School Gardens, Sewing Classes, Manual Training Centres and other craft work projects; the Technical and Continuation School, the Farm School the Training Colleges, Trade Scholarships, Agricultural Societies with their Juvenile Branches, and the many efficient private projects.

The Government through the Department of Science and Agriculture, the Education Department, and the Jamaica Agricultural Society have been systematizing vocational work.

As organised in Jamaica, Vocational Education will deal with the individual in relation to the community.

The suitable boy goes from the Elementary School with its manual training and agricultural advantages to the Practical Training Centre, to his own farm or land settlement project, to the Jamaica School of Agriculture, the Technical School, or other suitable trade centres, finding his place in the community at the stage best suited to his individuality.

The girl passes from the Elementary School with its homecraft Centre to the Practical Training Centre, and other suitable practical training courses finding her place in the community at suitable stages according to her character and ability.

Vocational Training in Secondary Schools must act as incentives for greater all round efficiency even if only serving as hobbies.

Vocational Education is in its infancy at present, but it is quite evident that it will play an increasingly important part as time goes on in raising the general educational, social and economic status of the people.

The first Centre was established for Boys at Holmwood, Christiana on 2nd March, 1936, with 40 selected boys between the ages of 15 and 17, for a normal 2-year, or special 3-year course.

The rapid success that attended the venture led to the establishment of the first Girls' Centre at Carron Hall, St. Mary in January, 1937, followed by the second Boy's Centre at Dinthill, Linstead, St. Catherine in April, 1938, and the third Boys' Centre at Knockalva, Hanover in August, 1940.

Although the property of Holmwood was bought during the governorship of Baron Olivier for the purpose of a Vocational Centre, it was some quarter century afterwards that the then Governor, Sir Edward Denham, launched the first Practical Training Centre under the guidance of the Hon. B. H. Easter, C.M.G., C.B.E., B.A., Director of Education, with E. B. Rodgers as the first Superintendent.

There was no school building to commence with—the boys themselves assisting in the construction under capable instructors.

Each Centre has a very strong and business like Advisory Committee.

The first Graduation Ceremony of twelve students took place at Holmwood in September, 1938, and was presided over by Sir Arthur, now Baron Richards, K.C. M.G., then Governor. Lady Richards distributed the prizes, unique in that every article was of practical utility or trade or agricultural work.

Holmwood—232 acres.

Dinthill—143 acres

Knockalva—214 acres.

The Centres have carried on many agricultural activities since their establishment. The Boy Students have assisted in erecting their own buildings.

They are engaged in growing staple and minor crops and vegetables and stock rearing, poultry keeping and apiculture are co-ordinated. Carpentry, cabinet-making, shoe making, tailoring, simple metal work and masonry are also done.

The Boys' Centres at first commenced as day schools, but later began taking in resident students, thus offering the opportunity to the whole Island.

The Girls' Centre, on the other hand, commenced with Boarders, and has now planned to take day pupils also.

#### Holmwood

Appointed to Govt. Service

F. R. Ricketts, Superintendent (a), (b)

7th September 1940

#### Dinthill

J. L. Thompson, Superintendent (a), (b) ..

1st January, 1939

#### Jamaica School of Home Economics

Miss F. E. Davis, Superintendent ..

1st October, 1913

#### Knockalva

J. M. Coke, Superintendent (a), (b) ..

1st April, 1940

Entrance to the Centres is by a practical competitive examination for day students, not lower than the 6th elementary school grade.

The students are provided free of charge with working suits, breakfast and a mid-day meal, pocket money, and transportation (cycles) within a defined area.

Resident students pay £5 per term, and Vocational Scholarships lasting 2 years, and for boys and girls can be earned by a special aptitude for agriculture, trade and home-

(a) Civil Establishment.

(b) Quarters.

(c) Board.

craft and a minimum educational standard of the First Jamaica Local Examination between the ages 15 and 17 to the Practical Training Centres and Trades and Agricultural Scholarships can be earned from these Centres.

Supervised Apprenticeship and Land Settlement Schemes have been developed for boys to join on leaving the Centres. Ex students of Holmwood have been settled on Chudleigh and Litchfield properties in Manchester; Ex students of Knockalva on Roehampton property in St. James; and Ex students of Dinthill on Rosehall property in St. Catherine.

## ADMINISTRATIVE AND ADVISORY BODIES

### Joint Consultative Council on Education.

To advise the Governor on matters of general educational policy.

The Director of Education (*Chairman*) His Grace the Archbishop of the West Indies. Rev. E. Armon Jones, Mrs. L. Moody, Rev. H. Ward, Principal, Kingston Technical School, Mr. C. D. Neilson, I.S.O., Mr. P. M. Sherlock B.A., Hon. J. A. McPherson, Rev. Dr. Gladson Wilson. Hon.: D.J. Judah, Mr. Edgar B. Rodgers.

### Board of Education

The Board of Education was constituted under Law 31 of 1892 (Chapter 152 Revised Edition Laws).

The Board's functions are:—

To consider and advise upon any matters connected with the working of Public Elementary Schools in Jamaica, particularly:—

- (1) Any such matters as may from time to time be referred to it by the Governor;
- (2) Any changes in the Code that it may think desirable to be made or that may be referred to it by the Governor;
- (3) Any changes that may be necessary for the working of compulsory attendance when brought into force;
- (4) The establishment of new schools and the closing of or withdrawal of assistance from superfluous, unnecessary or inefficient schools;
- (5) Any changes in the Education Laws it may consider advisable to be made.

It is also provided that when alterations are made in the Code, "all such alterations shall either have been recommended by the Board of Education or shall have been submitted to the Board for its consideration and advice".

**BOARD**—The Director of Education, *ex officio*, *Chairman*; C. D. Neilson, I.S.O., *Vice Chairman*, Rev. W. H. Richards, M.B.E., Rev. H. Ward, Rev. M. L. Willis, C.C. Campbell, M.H.R.; L. L. Simmonds, M.H.R.; Miss May Jeffrey-Smith, M.B.E.; Rev. H. B. Sherlock, Rev. Dr. Gladstone Wilson, Rev. R. J. Fleming, Rev. E. L. Maxwell, Rev. Keith Tucker, J. J. Mills, M.B.E., Miss E. M. Rhodd.

### Jamaica Schools Commission

The Legislature in 1879 passed a Law 34 of 1879 (Revised Edition, Laws Cap. 151) creating a corporate body called the Jamaica Schools Commission: (1) to be the governing body for the management of a school to be called the Jamaica High School (now called Jamaica College) to be so conducted as to promote the higher education of the country, and (2) to have power to make visitations of endowed schools and to prepare and execute schemes for the reform of governing bodies and the better application of endowments for education throughout the island. The Schools Commission acts as the Board of Management of the Jamaica College and exercises supervision over the other endowed schools of the island.

Other duties of the Commission are as follows: It controls the Government Secondary Schools, namely Cornwall College (for boys), formerly the Montego Bay Government Secondary School, and the Montego Bay Secondary School for girls.

It administers the Regulations of the Grants-in-Aid of Secondary Schools (Amendment) Law.

It is the authority in Jamaica for supervising the external Examinations of the University of London which may be held in Jamaica.

It also advises the Government on matters connected with Secondary Education generally.

*Members*—H. Houghton, M.A. *Chairman*; Mrs. Ludlow Moody, Hon. T. A. McPherson, M.H.R., Minister of Education, Hon. Sir H. E. Allan, Kt. O.B.E., M.H.R., P.M. Sherlock, B.A., A. J. Newman, M.C., M.S., Dr. K. C. Royes, Hon. D. Judah, M.L.C. J. J. Mills, M.B.E., *Secretary*, P. Ogle.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONERS to assist the Jamaica Schools Commission in the execution of Schools Commission Law, Cap. 151, under section 5 of the law—Rev. Canon E. L. Evans, Mr. V. C. McCormack, Mr. N. N. Ashenheim, Mr. Leslie Cawley, Mrs. Kenneth Crooks, Dr. G.V. Helwig, Dr. Roy Levy.

*Board of Visitors, Government Industrial School*

Rev. E. B. Pike, *Atg. Chairman*; Dr. Joyce Seward, Minister of Education, F. A. Pixley, J. J. Mills, M.B.E., E. A. Tai, M. Royes, Chief Probation Officer, Lady Livingston, Dr. K. C. Royes.

*Advisory Committee, Holmwood Practical Training Centre*

The Custos of Manchester, C. D. Neilson, I.S.O., *Chairman*; C. H. Shilletto, Percy Junior, the Inspector of Schools, Manchester, the Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, Manchester; The Supervisor of Agricultural Instructors, the Supervisor of Practical Training Centres, the Senior Agricultural Officer, Central Division, The Director of Agriculture or his representative, B. B. Coke, M.H.R., J. Stephen Miller, Superintendent of Agricultural Training, Education Dept. Mr. O. P. Martin.

*Advisory Committee, Dint Hill Practical Training Centre*

The Custos of St. Catherine, *Chairman*; The Chairman of the Parochial Board of St. Catherine, The Inspector of Schools, St. Catherine, The Supervisor of Practical Training Centres, The Supervisor of Agricultural Instructors, Eastern Division, The Asst Engineer Public Works, St. Catherine, The Director of Agriculture or his representative, J. P. McPhail, G. N. Turner, A. P. Hanson, The Rev. S. A. Black, M.H.R. E. A. McNeill, Superintendent of Agricultural Training, Education Dept.

*Advisory Committee, Knockalva Practical Training Centre*

The Custos of Hanover, *Chairman*; The Chairman Parochial Board of Hanover, The Inspector of Schools, Hanover, The Supervisor of Practical Training Centres, The Senior Agricultural Officer, Western Division, The Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, Hanover, The Supervisor of Agricultural Instructors, Western Division, The District Lands Officer, Montego Bay, Mr. M. H. Segre, The Headmaster, Jamaica School of Agriculture, Mr. C. C. Campbell, M.H.R., Inspector of Schools, Westmoreland, Rev. H. U. Messam, Mr. J. Z. Malcolm, M.H.R. Superintendent of Agricultural Training, Education Dept.

*Advisory Committee, Manning's Home*

Inspector of Schools, St. Elizabeth, (*Chairman*); S. M. Gayle, The Headmistress, Hampton School, N. C. Lewis, M.H.R., B. B. Coke, M.H.R., Supervisor, Practical Training Centres, Principal, Bethlehem College; Mrs. F. R. Maxwell The Chairman Parochial Board, St. Elizabeth, Mr. D. B. Sangster, Mr. C. H. Reid, Mr. D. Webster, Mrs. F. G. Pawsey

### STUDENT'S ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Appointed by the Governor to advise generally with regard to the welfare of Jamaican students abroad other than in the United Kingdom, with particular reference to the following points:—

- (1) Whether the intending student is suitable for the higher studies proposed;
- (2) Whether the course which the student proposes to pursue is one which will enable him to make a career after qualification and what are the prospects of his future employment;
- (3) the placing of students in a recognised University in the U.S.A.;
- (4) Maintaining contact with such organisations which may be set up in the United Kingdom, Canada and the U.S.A. in connection with student problems:

The Committee consists of:—

- The Director of Education (Chairman)
- Hon. R. L. M. Kirkwood
- A Representative of the Jamaica Chamber of Commerce;
- A Representative of the University College of the West Indies (Professor Bowen)
- The Director of Medical Services or his nominee;
- Mr. O. R. Bell;
- Mrs. R. W. Meredith;
- An Officer from the Education Department as Secretary.

## EXAMINATIONS

### UNIVERSITY OF LONDON EXAMINATIONS

Correspondence relating to Examinations in Jamaica is conducted directly between the University and the Jamaica Schools Commission, and all applications as well as requests for fuller information must be made to the Secretary of the Commission.

Examinations for Matriculation and for the Degrees of B.A., B.D., B.Sc., LL.B. and B. Comm. are appointed from time to time, upon the application of the Commission desiring that Kingston may be constituted a centre. The Examinations are held on the same dates as the corresponding Examinations in London.

The Examinations of the University in overseas centres are held in or commence in the months stated—the Matriculation in January and June; the Intermediate Examination in Arts, the Intermediate Examination in Science, and the Inter. Examination Commerce in July; the Intermediate Examination in Divinity in June; the Intermediate Examination in Laws in September. The Final Examinations in Arts and in Science commence about the middle of June and those in Laws and Economics one week later.

Applications to sit must reach London three months before the Examination begins and must be in the hands of the Secretary of the Jamaica Schools Commission six months before the holding of the Examination. They must be accompanied by vouchers showing that the fees have been lodged in the Colonial Bank to the credit of the Jamaica Schools Commission, University of London Account. In the case of Matriculation, a birth certificate and a certificate of good conduct must be enclosed. Applicants must also give a list of the subjects in which they intend to present themselves for examination, chosen according to the Regulations. For the B.D. Honours, Examination applications must reach London not later than the 14th February preceding the Examination. They must therefore be in the hands of the Secretary of the Commission by the 1st of the previous November.

The fees are:—

Matriculation—University, £2 12s. 6d. Local, £2 2s. 0d. Total £4 14s. 6d.  
Intermediate or Final except B.A. (Hons.)—University £7 7s. 0d. Local, £3 3s. 0d.  
Total £10 10s. 0d.

B.A. (Hons.)—University, £8 8s. 0d., Local, £3 3s. 0d., Total £11 11s. 0d.

The following have taken London Degrees in Jamaica:—

- |   |                                       |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Rev J. L. Ramson, B.A., 1891; M.A., 1893  | R. M. R. Rainford, B.A., 1938         |
| H. E. Vaughan, B.A., 1893                 | C. C. McA. Ireland, B.A. (Hons.) 1941 |
| C. A. Cover, B.A., 1895                   | W. C. Ellwood, LL.B., 1941            |
| A. A. Kennedy, B.A., 1898                 | E. F. A. Baxter, B.Sc., 1942          |
| J. L. King, B.A., 1904                    | A. G. Carrington, B.A., 1942          |
| Rev. P. W. Gibson, B.D., 1917; B.A., 1922 | H. A. Spencer, B.A., 1943             |
| G. S. McDonald, B.A., 1917                | M. E. E. Feehelly, B.A., 1944         |
| B. C. O'B. Nation, B.A., 1917             | D. E. Atkinson, B.A., 1944            |
| A. B. Adams, B.A., 1920                   | R. N. Murray, B.A., 1944              |
| J. L. L. Alleyne, B.D., 1923              | K. A. N. Aarons, LL.B., 1944          |
| A. E. Brandon, LL.B., 1923                | V. A. Isaac Henry, B.A., (Hons.) 1945 |
| P. M. Sherlock, B.A., 1924 (Hons.) 1927   | R. M. Bent, B.A., (Hons.) 1945        |
| S. L. O. Burey, B.A., 1925                | A. A. Chaplain, B.A., 1945            |
| K. D. Carnegie, B.A., 1925 (Hons.) 1927   | R. M. Nicholson, B.A., 1945           |
| R. L. Miller, B.A., 1927                  | O. N. Shirley, B.A., 1945             |
| V. C. Cuthbert, B.A., 1927                | A. G. Carrington, B.A. (Hons.) 1946   |

Rev. J. T. Hudson, B.D., (Hons.) 1928	J. W. Kirlaw, B.A., 1946
G. H. R. Clough, B.A., 1929	Marjorie A. Myers, B.A., 1946
E. B. V. Brown, B.A., 1929, B.A. (Hons.) '31	V. B. Grant, LL.B., 1946
Miss G. K. Cunningham, B.A., 1930	R. O. C. White, LL.B., 1946
H. N. Walker, B.A., 1930	Inez Jackson, B.A. (Hons.) 1947
E. C. Sutherland, LL.B., 1930	R. L. C. McFarlane, B.A., 1947
C. L. Stuart, B.A., 1931	C. W. Cousins, B.A., 1947
E. A. Barrett, B.A., 1931	G. H. Owen, B.A., 1947
J. P. Bell, B.D., 1933	K. L. Purser, B.A., (Hons.) 1948
Eric J. Patterson, B.A., (Hons.) 1936	B. E. Philips, B.A., (Hons.) 1948
J. N. Jones, B.A., 1936	A. S. Philips, B.A., (Hons.) 1948
H. L. DaCosta, B.A. (Hons.) 1938	

#### UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE LOCAL EXAMINATIONS

The University of Cambridge Local Examinations were held in Jamaica for the first time in December, 1882, the Governors of the Institute of Jamaica taking the necessary steps to establish a Local Centre. At the outset none but Senior and Junior Candidates were presented, but in 1895 the Preliminary Local Examination was introduced; the Higher Local Examination was held for the first time in 1901, and the Higher School Certificate Examination, (on the result of which the Jamaica Scholarships for Boys & Girls are awarded), in July, 1919. The Higher Local Examination has now been discontinued and the Examination formerly known as the Senior Local Examination is now known as the School Certificate Examination.

The Preliminary Examination was discontinued after 1933. The Junior Examination, discontinued in England, is now the Overseas Junior School Certificate. All overseas examinations are held in December only.

The Higher School Certificate Examination is designed to test the work of students whose age is about 18, and who have as a rule given about two years study mainly but not exclusively to some definite group of subjects.

Candidates may be entered at the following open centres:— Kingston, Montego Bay, Spanish Town, Mandeville, Sav-la-Mar, Port Antonio, Black River, Brown's Town, Lucre, Claremont.

The following schools are authorised as closed centres:— Kingston College, Jamaica College, Calabar High School, Wolmers Schools, Munro College, Westwood High School, St. Hilda's Diocesan School, St. Hugh's High School, St. Andrew High School, St. George's College, Happy Grove College, St. Anthony's Academy, Convent of Mercy Academy, Immaculate Conception High School.

The fees in 1947 were as follows:—Higher School Certificate £5 10s. 0d. School Certificate £3 12s. 6d. Junior £2 17s. 6d. Late fees 7/6.

Arrangements for conducting three examinations are made by the Cambridge Local Examinations Committee of which Mr. V. R. Parkinson of 13 Duke Street, Kingston, is Secretary.

#### EXAMINATIONS IN MUSIC

In April, 1908, the examinations of the Associated Board of the Royal Academy of Music and the Royal College of Music of London, England, were held for the first time in Jamaica. In 1932, the name was changed to Associated Board of the Royal Schools of Music, London (Royal Academy of Music and Royal College of Music).

The examinations of the Associated Board are as follows:—

1. Licentiatehip of the Royal Schools of Music, London, (a) for Teachers, (b) for Performers; 2. Graded Examinations for all students; 3. Class Singing Examinations; 4. A general inspection of music in schools for a collective report on the teaching generally; 5. Examinations in Chamber Music (Ensemble).

The examinations, which are precisely similar to those held in the United Kingdom, are held in Australia, New Zealand, Canada, the British West Indies, India.

As far back as 1896, the Board of Governors of the Institute of Jamaica, recognising that they were the highest form of musical examinations obtainable, commenced a correspondence having for its object the holding of the examinations of the Associated Board of Jamaica.

As a result of these representations the examinations were held in Jamaica for the first time in 1908, and since then they have been held here annually.



For many years the Associated Board has awarded bursaries and scholarships to candidates taking its examinations in the West Indies. The present arrangement is that one scholarship will be open to the West Indies in 1949 and one in 1951. Each of these scholarships will be tenable for three years, and will be worth £200 p.a. (£63 for fees £137 for allowances). In addition the scholar will be furnished with a passage back to his country of origin at the end of his course.

The Associated Board also seeks to give music teachers some opportunity for further study by arranging for their visiting examiners to conduct short lectures courses in some aspect of the teaching and appreciation of music.

Full particulars concerning the examinations, etc., may be obtained from Philip N. Sherlock Honorary Representative, The Associated Board of the Royal Schools of Music, c/o University College of the West Indies, Kingston, Jamaica.

### EXAMINATIONS IN DRAWING

The examinations of the Royal Drawing Society (for the encouragement of the natural development of drawing as an integral part of general education) are held at certain schools in Jamaica. The examinations are held in June at schools of recognized standing which pay a fee of £1 1s. a year and in addition 6d. for each paper drawn upon in the examination. There are seven divisions of the examination, ranging from the Preparatory to Division VI. The examination in Division VI is in four different parts, including painting, figure drawing, pictorial composition and decorative composition.

A full Honours Certificate is awarded to those candidates who obtain Honours in Divisions I, II, III, IV, V, and in *one* part of Division VI.

The general prospectus of the Society can be obtained by payment of 6d. from The Art Director, the Royal Drawing Society, 50 Queen Anne's Gate, Westminster, S.W., England.

The illustrating Syllabus provides for examinations of six grades for more advanced students, candidates who have secured the full Honours Certificate of the School Examinations are excused from Divisions I and II of the Illustrating Syllabus.

An Exhibition of Work from Schools is held in London each Spring. Exhibits which have to be mounted must be forwarded in January.

## SCHOLARSHIPS

### I. RHODES SCHOLARSHIPS

Under the Will of the late Mr. Cecil Rhodes, a Scholarship of £400 a year, tenable for three years at Oxford University, is awarded each year in respect of this colony.

The terms of the Will are given in the Handbook for 1909.

The Trustees of the Will of the late Mr. Cecil Rhodes issue from time to time a Memorandum for the information of educational authorities and intending candidates for Scholarships in Jamaica. The Memorandum and notes on the Memorandum are obtainable on application to the Secretary of the Jamaica Schools Commission who is also Secretary to the Committee of Selection for Jamaica. Copies of the Memorandum can also be obtained from the offices of the Rhodes Trust, Seymour House, Waterloo Place, London, S.W.1.

Candidates must ordinarily have taken the examination prescribed for the Jamaica Scholarship (Boys) now the University of Cambridge Higher School Certificate Examination. A fee of one guinea must be paid.

The following are the conditions under which Candidates are eligible to compete:—

- (a) Candidates must be British subjects and unmarried.
- (b) A candidate must be a British subject who was himself born in Jamaica, or of whose parents (or guardian) either one has been domiciled and resident in Jamaica for at least five years immediately preceding January 1st in the year of his candidature or, in the event of both being dead, one had been domiciled and resident in Jamaica for at least five years immediately prior to his or her death.
- (c) Candidates must have been educated in Jamaica for at least five years between the ages of nine and twenty.
- (d) Candidates must have passed their nineteenth birthday but not have passed their twenty-fifth birthday, on October 1st of the year for which they are elected.

- (e) Candidates, at the time of their election, must have passed the Responsions Examination of the University of Oxford or its equivalent. The Committee of Selection is free to apply to candidates, or to any selected number of them, such further intellectual tests as they may consider necessary.
- (f) The requirements of (a), (d) and (e) above are wholly or partly waived for Service Candidates who have served a minimum of twelve months in the Armed Forces.

*Committee of Selection*

The Committee of Selection at present consists of—

His Excellency the Governor, or Officer administering the Government (Chairman);  
 Minister for Education  
 The Director of Education  
 Hon. T. R. Williams  
 N. W. Manley, K.C.  
 Dr. K. C. Royes  
 Dr. E. E. Swaby

The first three members of the Committee hold their places *ex-officio*, and their places will be filled as vacancies occur, by their successors in office. The remaining four members are elected from and by the ex Rhodes Scholars resident in Jamaica for a period of office of four years. Three members of the Committee form a quorum. The Chairman has both an original and a casting vote in decisions made by the Committee.

*Principles governing the Selection of Scholars*

Subject in all cases to review and confirmation by the Trustees, appointments will be made by the Committee of Selection. In making appointments the Committee will have regard to the qualities laid down by Mr. Rhodes in his Will, viz.:—

- (a) Literary and scholastic attainments;
- (b) Qualities of manhood, truth, courage, devotion to duty, sympathy, kindness, unselfishness and fellowship;
- (c) Exhibition of moral force of character and of instincts to lead and to take an interest in his fellows;
- (d) Physical vigour, as shown by fondness for and success in manly outdoor sports.

Some definite quality of distinction, whether in intellect, character or personality, or any combination of these, is the most important requirement for a Rhodes Scholarship, and it is upon this that Committees will insist. Success in being elected to office in student organizations may or may not be evidence of leadership in the true sense of the word. Mr. Rhodes evidently regarded leadership as consisting in moral courage and in interest of one's fellow-men quite as much as in the more aggressive qualities. Physical vigour is an essential qualification for a Rhodes Scholarship, but athletic skill is of less importance than the moral qualities developed in playing outdoor games. Poverty does not give a special claim to a Scholarship. The strongest candidate should be appointed regardless of his financial circumstances. In general, candidates should be preferred who will be under the age of 23 when they go into residence at Oxford. In the absence of a strong candidate the Committee will make no appointment.

The Committee will summon to a personal interview such of the candidates as it considers it necessary to see. Save under exceptional circumstances, no candidate will be appointed without such an interview. Should the interview be dispensed with, a statement of the reasons must be forwarded to the Trustees before the appointment can be confirmed.

The Scholar is selected in the year previous to that in which he takes up residence.

\* *Winners of the Rhodes Scholarships since 1932*

1932—J. H. S. Milliner, Munro College.  
 1933—J. T. Burrowes, Wolmer's School.  
 1934—J. L. Ramson, Munro College.  
 1935—H. R. H. Fowler, Jamaica College.  
 1936—R. G. Sturdy, Munro College.  
 1937—L. L. Murad, Kingston College.  
 1938—Roy D. Levy, Jamaica College.  
 1939—H. L. DaCosta, Calabar High School.  
 1940—R. B. Martin, Wolmer's School.  
 1941—W. D. Burrowes, Wolmer's School.  
 Suspended during the War.

1946—{ J. H. D. Bonitto  
           E. V. Ellington  
 1947—D. J. Thompson.  
 1948—F. R. Mott-Trille  
 1949—H. L. Wynter  
 1950—E. A. Morris

II—THE ISSA SCHOLARSHIP

By the generosity of Mr. E. A. Issa, of Kingston, Jamaica, an annual Scholarship is awarded since 1938, to enable selected candidates to proceed to approved Institutions and to pursue in them special courses designed to lead to careers in technical and practical work in industry and commerce or any other profession or calling which shall be duly approved.

The purpose of the Scholarship is primarily to discover candidates of initiative, originality and force of character and to provide them with the means to secure the special training necessary for careers successful in themselves and valuable to the community, more especially, in the case of boys, in engineering and the technical branches of commerce, industry and agriculture, and in the case of girls in domestic science, health and other social services, and the technical branches of commerce and industry, including agriculture, but this shall not exclude the Scholarship being awarded to candidates, whether boys or girls, who may elect to study for any other profession or calling approved by the Committee.

The Committee consists of:—Director of Education (*Chairman*), Hon. Sir Noel Livingston, N. W. Manley, K.C., Mrs. L. M. Moody, M.B.E., Joseph Issa, C. C. Campbell, M.H.R., Mrs. R. W. Meredith, P. M. Sherlock.

## REGULATIONS

(ISSA SCHOLARSHIP)

(as amended in 1941)

1. A Scholarship of £300 per annum tenable for three years will be awarded; beginning in the year 1938, open to boys in the first year, to girls in the second year, and subsequently to boys and to girls in alternate years.

2. In making its recommendations to the Governor the Committee will have regard to the purpose of the Scholarship as set out in the Scheme and the qualities required for that purpose, viz.:—

- (a) Initiative, originality and force of character;
- (b) Good health;
- (c) A good standard of Education and the ability to express himself or herself in good English, and also the value to the Community of the course of special training and consequent career which the candidate proposes to take and follow.

The Committee will summon to a personal interview such of the candidates as they consider it necessary to see. Save under exceptional circumstances no Scholarships will be awarded without such an interview.

\*For previous winners see previous Handbooks.

3. The following are the conditions under which a candidate is eligible to compete:—  
A candidate must—

- (a) be a British Subject and unmarried;
- (b) have been born in Jamaica, or of parents both of whom were domiciled in Jamaica for at least seven years preceding the 1st of January in the year of his or her candidature, provided that short absences from the Island on holiday trips or for health reasons need not, at the discretion of the Governor, disqualify in this respect;
- (c) be not less than nineteen nor more than twenty-five years of age on the 1st of October of the year for which he or she is elected;
- (d) be of good and steady personal character;
- (e) have supplied a certificate from a District Medical Officer testifying to the candidate's physical fitness to hold the Scholarship;
- (f) have submitted a personal statement of his or her interests, activities, occupation after leaving school, if any, proposed course of studies and further aims in life;
- (g) satisfy the Committee that he or she has passed the Matriculation Examination of the University of London or the School Certificate Examination of the Cambridge Syndicate or the higher stages of the Examinations of the City and Guilds of London Institute or of the Royal Society of Arts or who has attained a standard of education which will enable him or her if selected to take full advantage of the proposed course. In addition consideration shall be given to such higher qualifications as a candidate may possess of which evidence may be given, *e.g.*, the passing of the Higher School Certificate Examination or Intermediate Examination (especially in Science or Economics) of the University of London or in the satisfactory conclusion of advanced technical courses.
- (h) have made application in writing on or before the 1st January of each year to the Director of Education for admission as a candidate for the Scholarship, and have supplied satisfactory evidence that all the foregoing requirements are fulfilled, and that the entry fee has been paid. Provided that in the first year the application be made on or before the 31st day of March, 1938.

4. In any doubtful cases of eligibility the decision of the Committee shall be final.

5. No person shall, in any circumstances, be allowed to hold this Scholarship and the Jamaica Scholarship, Jamaica Agricultural Scholarship, and £80 Scholarship, or a Rhodes Scholarship at the same time.

6. The Candidate-elect shall submit his or her course for the approval of the Selection Committee and shall, unless the Selection Committee shall otherwise permit, enter not later than the beginning of the academic year next following the award, the University or Institution at which the approved course is to be followed. The candidate selected shall have passed the necessary examinations to qualify for admission to the approved University or Institution before he or she shall become eligible to receive the first instalment of the Scholarship.

If the University or Institution is in Great Britain, he or she shall report in due course to the Director of Colonial Scholars, London, shall transmit to him quarterly a certificate signed by his or her College Tutor or other recognised authority, stating that he or she is thoroughly well conducted and industrious.

If the University or Institution is not in Great Britain the quarterly certificate shall be sent to the Colonial Secretary, Kingston, Jamaica, in time for quarterly payments to be authorised.

Subject to the fulfilment of these conditions the Scholar will be paid quarterly by an Agent to be appointed, the Scholarship to commence on the 1st day of July in the year for which it is awarded.

Each Scholar shall also transmit in the beginning of June each year to the Director of Education, Jamaica, a certificate signed by the Authority aforesaid stating that he is making satisfactory progress in his studies; and if he fails to obtain such certificate, the Scholarship shall be withdrawn summarily.

7. The Governor shall have full power and authority to decide finally in all cases of doubt as to the interpretation of the conditions under which the Scholarship is awarded and the payments attached to the Scholarship are made.

*Winners of the Issa Scholarship*

<i>Boys</i>	<i>Girls.</i>
1938—W. V. Rose	1939—Linda Edwards
1940—R. H. Bond	1941—G. M. C. Rennie
1942—O. L. C. Rennie	1943—J. G. Oppenheim.
1944—G. E. Mills	1945—P. C. MacPherson
1946—G. A. Brown	1947—Gertrude Wilson
	1948—R. M. Murray
	1949—D. J. Bowman

**III. THE JAMAICA SCHOLARSHIP (BOYS)****SCHOLARSHIP REGULATIONS***The Jamaica Scholarship (Boys)*

1. Subject to the provisions of Section 12 of the Secondary Education Law, the Jamaica Scholarship (Boys) shall be awarded in each year to the candidate in the Higher School Certificate Examination of the University of Cambridge held in the preceding December who—

- (a) was born in Jamaica, or of parents who were domiciled in Jamaica at the time of the candidate's birth, or have been domiciled in Jamaica for at least five years next preceding the examination;
- (b) has resided in Jamaica for at least five years next preceding the examination, provided that short absences from the Island on holiday trips need not, at the discretion of the Governor, disqualify in this respect;
- (c) is not less than seventeen nor more than nineteen years of age on the 1st day of December in the year of the examination: Provided that in the years 1940 and 1941 no candidate shall be deemed to be disqualified under the provisions of this paragraph merely by reason of the fact that such candidate attained the age of nineteen between the 15th day of July and the 1st day of December. And further provided that during the years 1940 and 1941 no candidate shall be deemed to be qualified under this paragraph unless such candidate had attained the age of seventeen before the 15th day of July;
- (d) is shown to be of good and steady personal character;
- (e) has, on or before the 1st of August in the year of examination, given notice in writing to the Director of Education that he is a candidate for the Scholarship and submitted a certificate from a Registered Medical Practitioner approved by the Director of Education that he is physically fit to hold the Scholarship and has produced satisfactory evidence that he has fulfilled all of the foregoing requirements; and
- (f) shall be reported to the Governor by the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate as the candidate most deserving of the Scholarship among those who have taken the prescribed examination which will be conducted in December of each year.

2. No person shall be allowed to hold this Scholarship together with any other Scholarship awarded in Jamaica.

3. Candidates for the Scholarship shall comply with the requirements of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate as to fees, forms, the date of entrance, and all other matters relating to the examination.

4. (1) The amount of the Scholarship and the instalments in which it is to be paid shall be determined by the Director of Education at the time of the award of the Scholarship according to the duration of the approved course of study: Provided that where subsequent to the award of any Scholarship the scholar, with the approval of the Jamaica Schools Commission, alters his course of study, the Director of Education may alter the amount and the instalments by which it is paid; provided also that the Scholarship may be summarily withdrawn should the scholar alter his course of study without the prior approval of the Jamaica Schools Commission.

(2) The Governor may in special circumstances authorise the making of an advance of fifty pounds to any scholar to enable him to proceed abroad. Any such advance shall be deducted from the first year's instalment of the Scholarship paid to the scholar.

(3) Subject to the provisions of these Regulations, the Scholarship shall be paid to the scholar in quarterly instalments, and shall commence on the 1st day of July in the year in which it is granted.

5. The name of the successful candidate shall be reported to the Governor by the Director of Education, and shall be duly announced by him to such candidate, and published in the Jamaica Gazette.

"5A. The successful candidate shall be required to give an undertaking in writing to return to Jamaica immediately on the completion of his approved course, and to reside in Jamaica for at least the next ensuing five years, unless appointed to the Colonial Service elsewhere. The scholar may, by the permission of the Secretary of State or the Governor, be allowed to postpone his return to Jamaica for a period not exceeding 3 years, on the understanding that such permission will be given only to enable the scholar to pursue a course of study or to acquire professional qualifications or experience likely to be of benefit to the Colony on his return."

6. (1) The Scholar shall enter, not later than the Michaelmas Term in the year in which the Scholarship is granted or with the special permission of the Governor on the recommendation of the Jamaica Schools Commission, in the year following the year in which the Scholarship is granted, as a student of a University, Agricultural or Engineering College, or other similar institution situate in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland or Eire or in some other part of the British Empire, which confers a degree certificate or diploma in any course of useful study approved by the Governor on the recommendation of the Jamaica Schools Commission.

(2) The Scholar shall, if he enters any University or Institution in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland or in Eire, report so soon as is practicable to the Director of Colonial Scholars, London.

(3) The Scholar shall forward quarterly a certificate signed by his College Tutor or other authority stating that he is thoroughly well conducted and industrious—

(a) if he enter a University or other Institution in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland or in Eire, to the Director of Colonial Scholars; or

(b) if he enter a University or Institution situate in any other part of the British Empire, to the Colonial Secretary, Kingston, Jamaica.

(4) The Scholar shall forward at the beginning of June in each year during which he holds the Scholarship to the Secretary of the Jamaica Schools Commission, Kingston, a certificate signed by his tutor or other authority stating that he is making satisfactory progress in his studies and is proceeding towards the attainment of such degree, certificate or diploma as may have been approved.

(5) The quarterly certificates referred to in paragraph (3) of this regulation shall be forwarded to the authority specified in sub-paragraphs (a) or (b) of the said paragraph, as the case may be, in such time as to allow payment of the instalments of the Scholarship in the manner provided in regulation 6 of these Regulations.

(6) If any scholar fail to obtain either of the certificates referred to in paragraph 4 of this regulation or fail to read for honours if the authorities of his University, College or other institution desired him so to do the Scholarship shall be summarily withdrawn.

*Winners of the Jamaica Scholarship (Boys) since 1935*

1935—F. R. Murray, Jamaica College.

1936—W. V. Lynch, Munro.

1937—S. L. Martin, Wolmers.

1938—{ N. M. Antonio, Munro.

{ S. W. P. Street, Wolmer's.

1939—M. G. Smith, Jamaica College.

1940—G. H. Yorke-Slader, Munro.

1941—H. G. McDonald, Jamaica College.

1942—D. H. Coore, Jamaica College.

1943—L. R. B. Robinson.

1944—D. H. Irvin.

1945—R. K. McLaughlin

1946—J. B. Silverman

1947—R. O. A. Robinson

1948—J. T. Manley

IV.—JAMAICA SCHOLARSHIP (GIRLS)

1. These Regulations may be cited as The Secondary Education (Girl Scholarship) Regulations, 1941.

2. Except in the case of the Scholarship for the year 1942 when the examination will be held in the December of that year, the Jamaica Scholarship (Girls) shall be awarded in each year to the candidate in the Higher School Certificate Examination of the University of Cambridge held in the preceding December who—

- (a) was born in Jamaica, or of parents who were domiciled in Jamaica at the time of the candidate's birth, or have been domiciled in Jamaica for at least five years next preceding the examination;
- (b) has resided in Jamaica for at least five years next preceding the examination, provided that short absences from the Island on holiday trips need not, at the discretion of the Governor, disqualify in this respect;
- (c) is not less than seventeen nor more than nineteen years of age on the first day of December in the year of the examination: Provided that no candidate for the Scholarship to be awarded for the year 1942 shall be disqualified under the provisions of this Regulation merely by reason of the fact that such candidate attained the age of nineteen years between the first day of December, 1941, and the first day of December, 1942;
- (d) is shown to be of good and steady personal character;
- (e) has, on or before the 1st August in the year of examination, given notice in writing to the Director of Education that she is a candidate for the Scholarship and submitted a certificate from a Registered Medical Practitioner approved by the Director of Education that she is physically fit to hold the Scholarship and has produced satisfactory evidence that she has fulfilled all of the foregoing requirements; and
- (f) shall be reported to the Governor by the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate as the candidate most deserving of the Scholarship among those who have taken the prescribed examination which will be conducted in December of each year.

3. No person shall be allowed to hold this Scholarship together with any other Scholarship awarded in Jamaica.

4. Candidates for the Scholarship shall comply with the requirements of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate as to fees, forms, the date of entrance, and all other matters relating to the examination.

5. (1) The amount of the Scholarship and the instalments in which it is to be paid shall be determined by the Director of Education at the time of the award of the Scholarship according to the duration of the approved course of study: Provided that where subsequent to the award of any Scholarship the scholar, with the approval of the Jamaica Schools Commission, alters her course of study, the Director of Education may alter the amount and the instalments by which it is paid, provided also that the Scholarship may be summarily withdrawn should the scholar alter her course of study without the prior approval of the Jamaica Schools Commission.

(2) The Governor may in special circumstances authorise the making of an advance of fifty pounds to any scholar to enable her to proceed abroad. Any such advance shall be deducted from the first year's instalment of the Scholarship paid to any scholar.

(3) Subject to the provisions of these Regulations, the Scholarship shall be paid to the scholar in quarterly instalments, and shall commence on the 1st day of July in the year in which it is granted.

6. The name of the successful candidate shall be reported to the Governor by the Director of Education, and shall be duly announced by him to such candidate, and published in the Jamaica Gazette.

"6A. The successful candidate shall be required to give an undertaking in writing to return to Jamaica immediately on the completion of her approved course, and to reside in Jamaica for at least the next ensuing five years, unless appointed to the Colonial

Service elsewhere. The Scholar may, by the permission of the Secretary of State or the Governor, be allowed to postpone her return to Jamaica for a period not exceeding three years, on the understanding that such permission will be given only to enable the scholar to pursue a course of study or to acquire professional qualifications or experience likely to be of benefit to the Colony on her return.

7. (1) The Scholar shall enter, not later than the Michaelmas Term in the year in which the Scholarship is granted or with the special permission of the Governor on the recommendation of the Jamaica Schools Commission, in the year following the year in which the Scholarship is granted as a student of a University, or other similar institution of higher learning situate in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland or in Eire or in some other part of the British Empire, which confers degree certificate or diploma in any course of useful study approved by the Governor on the recommendation of the Jamaica Schools Commission.

(2) The Scholar shall, if she enters any University or institution in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland or in Eire, report so soon as is practicable to the Director of Colonial Scholars, London.

(3) The Scholar shall forward quarterly a certificate signed by her College Tutor or other authority stating that she is thoroughly well conducted and industrious—

(a) if she enter a University or other institution in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland or in Eire, to the Director of Colonial Scholars; or

(b) if she enter a University or institution situate in any other part of the British Empire, to the Colonial Secretary, Kingston, Jamaica.

(4) The Scholar shall forward at the beginning of June in each year during which she holds the Scholarship to the Secretary of the Jamaica Schools Commission, Kingston, a certificate signed by her tutor or other authority stating that she is making satisfactory progress in her studies and is proceeding towards the attainment of such degree, certificate or diploma as may have been approved.

(5) The quarterly certificates referred to in sub-regulation (3) of this Regulation shall be forwarded to the authority specified in sub-paragraphs (a) or (b) of the said sub-regulation as the case may be, in such time as to allow payment of the instalments of the Scholarship in the manner provided in regulation 6 of these Regulations.

(6) If any scholar fail to obtain either of the certificates referred to in paragraph 4 of this Regulation or fail to read for honours if the authorities of her University, College or other institution desired her so to do the Scholarship shall be summarily withdrawn.

#### *Winners of Jamaica Scholarship (Girls) since 1935*

1935—J. A. deMontagnac, Hampton.

1936—Alison Clarke, Wolmers.

1937—Millicent Ritchie, Wolmers

1938—K. J. Tate, St. Hilda's.

1939—M. Chapman, St. Hilda's

1940—H. C. Fox, St. Andrew High School.

1941—E. H. McN. Smith, St. Andrew High School.

1942—A. E. Ingram, Wolmers.

1943—Gloria Escoffery.

1944—Merle R. Dias, St. Andrew High School

1945—P. M. Moody

1946—A. J. A. Reid

1947—Glory Robertson

1948—Mary Winch and Hester Field



V—£80 SCHOLARSHIP

The Award Committee consists of: Director of Education, (*Chairman*), Director of Public Works, Hon. Sir Robert B. Barker, O.B.E., O. M. Henzell, G. W. McDuff, the Minister for Education, Chas. D'Costa.

## SCHOLARSHIP REGULATIONS

*The Eighty Pounds Scholarship*

1. Subject to the provisions of Section 12 of the Secondary Education Law the Eighty Pounds Scholarship shall be awarded in each year to the candidate who—

- (a) was born in Jamaica, or of parents who were domiciled in Jamaica at the time of the Candidate's birth;
- (b) has resided in Jamaica for the seven years next preceding the thirty-first day of March in the year of the award:—Provided that short absences from Jamaica on holiday trips need not, at the discretion of the Governor, disqualify any candidate;
- (c) on the first day of July in the year of the award is not less than sixteen nor more than eighteen years of age;
- (d) is of good and steady personal character;
- (e) has passed the School Certificate Examination of the University of Cambridge or such other Examination as the Director of Education may accept as equivalent thereto;
- (f) has on or before the 31st day of March in the year of award, except in the year 1941 when this date shall be the 1st day of August, given notice in writing to the Director of Education that he is a candidate for the Scholarship and submitted a certificate from a registered medical practitioner approved by the Director of Education that he is physically fit to hold the scholarship;
- (g) has, at the time of the application prescribed by paragraph (f) of this Regulation, submitted to the Director of Education satisfactory evidence that he has fulfilled the foregoing requirements of this Regulation together with a letter in his own handwriting addressed to the Director of Education setting out his reasons for entering for the scholarship and stating the trade or calling for which he desires to be trained.

2. (1) Every application, pursuant to regulation 1 of these Regulations, shall be considered by an Award Committee appointed by His Excellency the Governor.

(2) The Award Committee shall summon to a personal interview such of the candidates as the Committee thinks most deserving of the Scholarship.

(3) Subsequent to interviewing such of the candidates as the Award Committee thinks fit, the Award Committee shall make its recommendations for the award of the Scholarship to His Excellency the Governor.

(4) In making its recommendations to the Governor the Award Committee shall have regard to—

- (a) the purposes of the Scholarship;
- (b) the qualities required for that purpose;
- (c) the value to the community of the course of special training and the career which the candidate proposes to undertake;

Provided that in special circumstances the Award Committee may recommend a candidate without having interviewed such candidate.

3. In case of doubt as to the eligibility for the Scholarship of any candidate the decision of the Award Committee shall be final.

4. No person shall hold this Scholarship together with any other Scholarship awarded in Jamaica.

5. Pursuant to the recommendation of the Award Committee the Governor shall award the Scholarship to such candidate as in his opinion is most deserving.

6. The successful candidate shall serve a term of apprenticeship for such time, on such terms and to such employer in such trade or calling in Jamaica as the Award Committee may approve.

7. (1) The Scholarship shall commence from the first day of July of the year in which it is awarded, and subject to the provisions of these Regulations shall be paid in equal monthly instalments by the Director of Education on behalf of the scholar to such person as he may approve.

(2) The Director of Education shall retain the sum of Ten Pounds out of moneys allocated for the Scholarship in each year of apprenticeship and subject to the provisions of these Regulations at the expiration of any Scholarship shall apply the moneys so retained out of that Scholarship to the equipment of the scholar with tools and appliances of his trade or calling.

(3) It shall be a condition precedent to the payment of any monthly instalment of the Scholarship pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) of this Regulation that the employer of the Scholar shall certify to the Director of Education that the Scholar has, except upon holidays and at times when ill, worked for the whole of the preceding month.

(4) The employer shall, if the facts warrant it, further certify monthly that the scholar is industrious, well-behaved and making progress in learning his trade.

(5) The employer shall further certify to the Director of Education, if the facts so warrant it, in June of each year that the scholar is making satisfactory progress in the study of his trade or calling.

(6) If the employer shall refuse to grant either the certificates specified in paragraph (4) or in paragraph (5) of this Regulation, the Director of Education shall endeavour to bring about satisfactory relations between the employer and the scholar, unless the employer shall have instituted proceedings, against the Scholar under the Apprenticeship Law. (Cap. 388)

8. (1) Where any apprenticeship shall be terminated before the expiration of the agreed term the scholar shall—

(a) if such termination was due to his default, forfeit all sums deducted from the amount of the Scholarship pursuant to paragraph (2) of regulation 7 together with any unaccrued portion of the Scholarship; or

(b) if such termination was due to any cause other than the default of the scholar, and if the scholar within three months from the date of termination enters into fresh Articles of Apprenticeship, retain his Scholarship; or

(c) if such termination was due to any cause other than the default of the scholar but the scholar does not enter into fresh Articles of Apprenticeship within three months of the date of such termination, shall forfeit all claim to any unaccrued portion of the Scholarship, but shall be paid all sums theretofore deducted from the said Scholarship pursuant to paragraph (2) of regulation 7.

(2) For the purposes of this Regulation the Order of a Justice of the Peace pursuant to the Apprenticeship Law Cap. 388 shall be conclusive as to whether the termination of any Articles of Apprenticeship was due to the default of the scholar or any other cause.

9. If the Governor is at any time satisfied that any scholar—

(a) has been guilty of conduct involving grave moral turpitude; or

(b) is habitually idle; or

(c) is, by reason of physical or mental disability, unable to make good use of the opportunity of learning his trade or calling; or

(d) is not financially in need of the Scholarship, the Governor may, in his absolute discretion, suspend temporarily or forfeit the Scholarship.

10. The Governor shall have full power to determine any case of doubt arising out of the conditions under which this Scholarship is awarded or as to the payments pursuant to this Scholarship.

11. (1) Notwithstanding anything in any of the foregoing provisions of these Regulations, if in any year none of the candidates are, in the opinion of the Award Committee, suitable to be awarded the scholarship, the Governor may, on the recommendation of the Director of Education, award the scholarship to the candidate for the Jamaica Boys or the Jamaica Centenary (Boys) Scholarship other than the successful candidate in either of the above scholarships, who shall have taken the highest place in the pass list of the University of Cambridge Higher School Certificate Examination held in the previous December.

(2) Every candidate to whom this scholarship is awarded under the provisions of paragraph (1) of this Regulation shall pursue, either in Jamaica or elsewhere, a course of study approved by the Jamaica Schools Commission.

(3) The mode and the number of instalments in which payment of any scholarship awarded under paragraph (1) of this Regulation is made shall be determined by the Director of Education.

VI.—JAMAICA AGRICULTURAL SCHOLARSHIP

The Award Committee consists of: Director of Agriculture (*Chairman*) Director of Education or his Representative, Headmaster, Jamaica School of Agriculture, Secretary, Jamaica Agricultural Society, Hon. A. S. Campbell, M.L.C., J. A. McPherson, M.H.B.

*Scholarship Regulations*

1. A Scholarship of (i) £250 per annum, tenable for 3 years or (ii) £225 tenable for 4 years, or (iii) £220 tenable for 5 years, at the option of the holder will be granted each year to a boy selected in accordance with these regulations.

2. Applications will be considered by a Selection Committee to be appointed by His Excellency the Governor.

3. A Candidate must:—

- (a) have been born in Jamaica, or of parents who were domiciled in Jamaica at the time of the candidate's birth, or have been domiciled in Jamaica for at least the five years next preceding the 1st January in the year of his candidature provided that short absences from the Island on holiday trips need not at the discretion of the Governor disqualify in this respect;
- (b) have resided in Jamaica for at least the five years next preceding the 1st January in the year of his candidature; provided that short absences from the Island on holiday trips need not at the discretion of the Governor disqualify in this respect;
- (c) be not less than 18 nor more than 22 years of age on the 1st July of the year of his candidature;
- (d) be of good and steady personal character;
- (e) have the equivalent of a pass in or exemption from the Matriculation Examination of the University of London;
- (f) be recommended by the Headmaster of the school which he last attended and by two other persons well acquainted with him as being suitable for holding the scholarship;
- (g) have made application in writing on or before the 31st March of the year of his candidature, except in the year 1940 when the date will be 30th September, to the Director of Education, stating that he is a candidate for the Scholarship, and transmitting satisfactory evidence that he has fulfilled all the foregoing requirements. With this application a certificate from a Government Medical Officer must be sent in as to the candidate's physical fitness to hold the Scholarship.

4. The Selection Committee will summon all candidates to a personal interview and will recommend to the Governor, by whom the award will finally be made, the candidate who, in the opinion of the Committee, is likely to make the best of a scholarship of this nature.

4A. The successful candidate shall be required to give an undertaking in writing to return to Jamaica immediately on the completion of his approved course, and to reside in Jamaica for at least the next ensuing five years, unless appointed to the Colonial Service elsewhere.

The scholar may, by the permission of the Secretary of State or the Governor, be allowed to postpone his return to Jamaica for a period not exceeding three years, on the understanding that such permission will be given only to enable the scholar to pursue a course of study or to acquire professional qualifications or experience likely to be of benefit to the Colony on his return.

5. The successful candidate shall enter not later than the Michaelmas Term in the year in which the Scholarship is awarded, or with special permission of the Governor on the recommendation of the Director of Education, in the following year, as a student of one of the Agricultural or Veterinary Colleges in the United Kingdom or the Dominion of Canada, or the U.S.A. provided that his proposed course must be approved by the Governor in Executive Council; provided also that a candidate who proceeds to an Agricultural College shall spend the fourth and/or fifth year of his course at the Imperial College of Tropical Agriculture; provided also that a candidate who wishes to take the Associateship in Agriculture or the Sugar Technology Course (four years) at the Imperial College of Tropical Agriculture may be allowed to do so provided also that the Scholarship may be summarily withdrawn should he alter his course of study without the prior approval of the Governor in Executive Council.

6. The Scholarship will commence on the 1st July in the year in which it is awarded and will be payable quarterly—the first quarter's payment to be made on the candidate's entering his approved College, and succeeding quarterly payments on certificates signed by his College Tutor, or other recognised authority stating that he is thoroughly well conducted and industrious.

7. The Scholar shall transmit at the beginning of June in each year to the Director of Education a certificate signed by his Tutor or other authority as aforesaid, stating that he is making satisfactory progress in his studies and is proceeding towards the attainment of his Course, and if he fails to obtain such certificate, the scholarship shall be withdrawn immediately.

8. In special circumstances, at the discretion of the Governor an advance not exceeding £50 may be made to the holder of the Scholarship to enable him to proceed abroad, such advance being recoverable from the amount of the Scholarship.

9. In all cases of doubt as to the construction of the conditions under which the scholarship is competed for and the payments attached to the Scholarship are made, the Governor shall have full and final power and authority finally to decide.

10. No person shall in any circumstances, be allowed to hold this Scholarship and a Jamaica, Jamaica Centenary, Rhodes, Issa or £80 Scholarship at the same time

## VII.—JAMAICA CENTENARY SCHOLARSHIP (BOYS)

### *Scholarship Regulations*

1. Subject to the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 12 of the Secondary Education Law, the Jamaica Centenary Scholarship (Boys) shall be awarded in the year 1941 and in each alternate year thereafter to the candidate in the Higher School Certificate Examination of the University of Cambridge held in the preceding December who—

- (a) was born in Jamaica, or of parents who were domiciled in Jamaica at the time of the candidate's birth or have been domiciled in Jamaica for at least five years next preceding the examination;
- (b) has resided in Jamaica for at least five years next preceding the examination, provided that short absences from the Island on holiday trips need not, at the discretion of the Governor, disqualify in this respect;
- (c) is not less than seventeen nor more than nineteen years of age on the 1st day of December in the year of the examination: Provided that in the year 1940 no candidate shall be deemed to be disqualified under the provisions of this paragraph merely by reason of the fact that such candidate attained the age of nineteen between the 15th day of July and the 1st day of December: And further provided that during the year 1940 no candidate shall be deemed to be qualified under this paragraph unless such candidate had attained the age of seventeen before the 15th day of July;
- (d) is shown to be of good and steady personal character;
- (e) has, on or before the 1st August in the year of examination, given notice in writing to the Director of Education that he is a candidate for the Scholarship and submitted a certificate from a Registered Medical Practitioner approved by the Director of Education that he is physically fit to hold the Scholarship and has produced satisfactory evidence that he has fulfilled all of the foregoing requirements; and
- (f) shall be reported to the Governor by the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate as the candidate most deserving of the Scholarship among those who have taken the prescribed examination which will be conducted in December of the year preceding the year of award, who have attended a Public Elementary School other than an Infant School for at least four years: Provided that if the candidate reported to the Governor as being the most deserving for this Scholarship shall have also been reported to the Governor as being the candidate most deserving of the Jamaica Scholarship (Boys), such candidate shall be awarded the Jamaica Scholarship (Boys), and the Jamaica Centenary Scholarship (Boys) shall be awarded to the next most deserving candidate fulfilling the requirements of these Regulations.

2. No person shall be allowed to hold this Scholarship together with any other Scholarship awarded in Jamaica.

3. Candidates for the Scholarship shall comply with the requirements of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate as to fees, forms, the date of entrance and all other matters relating to the examination.

4. (1) The amount of the Scholarship and the instalments in which it is to be paid shall be determined by the Director of Education, at the time of the award of the Scholarship according to the duration of the approved course of study. Provided that where subsequent to the award of any Scholarship the scholar, with the approval of the Jamaica Schools Commission, alters his course of study, the Director of Education may alter the amount and the instalments by which it is paid; provided also that the Scholarship may be summarily withdrawn should the scholar alter his course of study without the prior approval of the Jamaica Schools Commission.

(2) The Governor may in special circumstances authorise the making of an advance of fifty pounds to any scholar to enable him to proceed abroad. Any such advance shall be deducted from the first year's instalment of the Scholarship paid to any scholar.

(3) Subject to the provisions of these Regulations the Scholarship shall be paid to the scholar in quarterly instalments and shall commence on the 1st day of July in the year in which it is granted.

5. The name of the successful candidate shall be reported to the Governor by the Director of Education, and shall be duly announced by him to such candidate, and published in the Jamaica Gazette.

5A. The successful candidate shall be required to give an undertaking in writing to return to Jamaica immediately on the completion of his approved course, and to reside in Jamaica for at least the next ensuing five years, unless appointed to the Colonial Service elsewhere. The scholar may, by the permission of the Secretary of State or the Governor, be allowed to postpone his return to Jamaica for a period not exceeding 3 years, on the understanding that such permission will be given only to enable the scholar to pursue a course of study or to acquire professional qualifications or experience likely to be of benefit to the Colony on his return.

6. (1) The Scholar shall enter, not later than the Michaelmas Term in the year in which the Scholarship is granted or with the special permission of the Governor on the recommendation of the Jamaica Schools Commission, in the year following the year in which the Scholarship is granted, as a student of a University, Agricultural or Engineering College, or other similar institution situate in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland or Eire or in some other part of the British Empire, which confers a degree, certificate or diploma in any course of useful study approved by the Governor on the recommendation of the Jamaica Schools Commission.

(2) The scholar shall, if he enters any University or Institution in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland or in Eire, report so soon as is practicable to the Director of Colonial Scholars, London.

(3) The scholar shall forward quarterly a certificate signed by his College Tutor or other authority stating that he is thorough, well conducted and industrious—

(a) if he enter a University or other institution in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland or Eire, to the Director of Colonial Scholars; or

(b) if he enter a University or institution situate in any other part of the British Empire, to the Colonial Secretary, Kingston, Jamaica.

(4) The scholar shall forward at the beginning of June in each year during which he holds the Scholarship to the Secretary of the Jamaica Schools Commission, Kingston, a certificate signed by his tutor or other authority stating that he is making satisfactory progress in his studies and is proceeding towards the attainment of such degree, certificate or diploma as may have been approved.

(5) The quarterly certificates referred to in paragraph (3) of this Regulation shall be forwarded to the authority specified in sub-paragraphs (a) or (b) of the said paragraph, as the case may be, in such time as to allow payment of the instalments of the Scholarship in the manner provided in regulation 6 of these Regulations.

(6) If any scholar fail to obtain either of the certificates referred to in paragraph (4) of this Regulation or fail to read for honours if the authorities of his University, College or other institution desired him so to do, the Scholarship shall be summarily withdrawn.

## REGULATIONS REGARDING PASSAGES TO AND FROM JAMAICA FOR HOLDERS OF JAMAICA GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIPS

1. The Government of Jamaica will provide a free passage from Jamaica to the country in which it has been approved that the Scholar shall pursue his studies.

2. At the expiration of the Scholarship the Scholar will be provided with a free passage to Jamaica.

3. If a Scholarship is forfeited, or is resigned before its expiration, or if the Scholar declines to return to Jamaica when instructed to do so by the Over-seas Authority representing the Government of Jamaica, the holder of the Scholarship will forfeit his claim to a free passage.

4. If a Scholarship is terminated on account of ill-health the Scholar will be provided with a free passage to Jamaica.

5. A Scholar may, by permission of the Secretary of State or of the Governor be allowed to postpone his return to Jamaica for a period not exceeding three years, on the understanding that such permission will be given only to enable the scholar to pursue a course of study or acquire professional qualifications likely to benefit the Colony on his return. In such cases the Scholar will be provided with a free passage to Jamaica on the expiration of the authorized period of extended stay.

6. If a Scholar is provided with a free passage to Jamaica on the termination of his Scholarship or at any other time, and subsequently returns to the country in which he has held the Scholarship for the purpose of further study, he shall not be entitled to any further claim on the Government in respect of travelling expenses.

7. In arranging outward and return passages, the decision of the Governor and of the Director of Colonial Scholars (or other officer representing the Government of Jamaica), respectively, shall be final. They shall have power to determine the Shipping Line, ports of embarkation and landing, and the Class in which the Scholar shall travel.

### (PART OF SECONDARY EDUCATION (AMENDMENT) LAW, 1940)

Regulations 13—(1) The Governor in Executive Council may from time to time make regulations prescribing subject to the provisions of section 12 of this Law the courses of study and the terms for which and the manner and conditions in and upon which, scholarships established under this law may be awarded and held.

(2) All regulations made under this section shall be laid on the table of the Legislative Council and unless disallowed by a Resolution of the Legislative Council, shall take effect within one month from the date when they are so laid.

### UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF THE WEST INDIES

As a result of the recommendations of the Commission on Higher Education in the Colonies (appointed by the Imperial Government in 1943 under the Chairmanship of Sir Cyril Asquith), and its subsidiary Committee on Higher Education in the West Indies, under the chairmanship of Sir James Irvine, and after consultation between the Colonial Office and the several British West Indian Colonies, it was decided to establish a University College for the West Indies, to be situated in Jamaica.

The University will be built and equipped by means of a grant of one and a half million pounds under the Colonial Development and Welfare Act, on a site which has been given free of charge by the Government of Jamaica, and the annual maintenance costs for the first six years, which it is estimated will be approximately £160,000 for the first three year period and £150,000 for each year thereafter, will be borne by the contributing Colonies on the basis of their respective populations.

Seven Colonies have agreed to contribute to the upkeep of the College, namely, Jamaica, Trinidad, Barbados, Br. Guiana, Br. Honduras, Windward Islands and Leeward Islands, The Bahamas and Bermuda abstaining. The percentage of the annual maintenance cost payable by the Contributing Colonies will be:

	%
Barbados .. .. .	7.4
British Guiana .. .. .	12.9
British Honduras .. .. .	2.2
Jamaica .. .. .	45.4
Leeward Islands .. .. .	3.9
Trinidad .. .. .	17.9
Windward Islands .. .. .	10.3

The College, and its subsidiary buildings, will be situated on a portion of land approximately 653 acres in extent, part of Mona Estate off the Hope Road, in the parish of St. Andrew. Plans have been prepared by the firm of Norman and Dawbarn of London, Architects to the University, and the erection of the buildings will extend over a period of several years.

To meet the pressing need for the training of Doctors, the Faculty of Medicine will be opened in advance of the other Faculties. A 500 bed Teaching Hospital has been designed and the sum of £750,000 has been provided to meet the cost of it; £250,000 from the Government of Jamaica (mainly out of its Colonial Development and Welfare allocation), £90,000 from the University College capital grant, and the remainder from a central allocation under the Colonial Development and Welfare Act. Teaching began in the pre-medical subjects, Physics, Chemistry, Zoology and Botany, in October, 1948 with 33 students (of whom ten are women). A further entry in October, 1949 of forty students, twenty of them in the Faculty of Natural Sciences, with the departure of three, has brought the total to seventy, including sixteen women. They live and work in temporary wooden buildings already existing on the site.

### Degrees

Although the University College will not be affiliated to the University of London, by special agreement the degrees awarded to successful candidates during the formative stage of its life will be those of the University of London.

### Extra-Mural Department

An important part of the University College is its Extra-Mural Department. A director of Extra-Mural Studies with professorial status has been appointed and a Resident Tutor has been stationed in each of the contributing colonies. Extra-Mural classes are organised in response to local demands, and the number of adult students registered is at the moment about 4,000. The Department publishes Caribbean Quarterly, a magazine devoted to broadly educational interests, and Caribbean Affairs, a series of booklets giving factual information about the British Caribbean.

The Department of Extra-Mural Studies is governed by a University Board for Extra-Mural Studies and Advisory Committees work with the Resident Tutor in each territory.

### Government

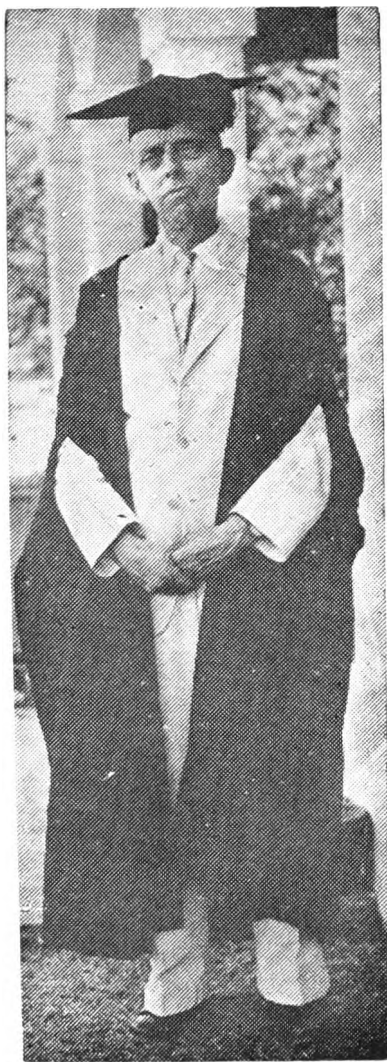
The University College has been incorporated by Royal Charter passed under the Great Seal on January 5, 1949. The Chancellor of the University is H. R. H. Princess Alice, Countess of Athlone. The Charter appoints a temporary council called the First Council as follows:—

Dr. Thomas Weston John Taylor, C.B.E., M.A., D.Sc., <i>Principal</i> ;	
Mr. Philip Manderson Sherlock, B.A., <i>Vice Principal, Director of Extra-Mural Studies</i> ;	
Sir James Colquhoun Irvine, K.B.E., SC.D.,	} representing the Inter-University Council for Higher Education in the Colonies.
D.C.L., F.R.S.	
Sir Raymond Edward Priestley, Kt.,	
M.C., M.A., D.Sc.	

\*Joseph Alexander Luckhoo, K.C., representing British Guiana.

Garnet Hamilton Gordon, O.B.E., representing the Windward Islands;

\* Died June 30th, 1949.



DR. T. W. J. TAYLOR, C.B.E., D.S.  
Principal, University College of the  
West Indies





Leonard Courtney Hannays, K.C., representing Trinidad;  
 Sydney Theophilus Christian, O.B.E., B.A., LL.M., representing the Leeward Islands;  
 Ludlow Murcott Moody, M.D., B.S., M.R.C.P., representing Jamaica;  
 Grantley Herbert Adams, B.A., representing Barbados;  
 Woldrich Harrison Courtenay, B.A., representing British Honduras;  
 Bernard Warren Williams, B.A., B.Ch., F.R.C.S.  
 Mr. Hugh Worrell Springer, M.A., Registrar, Secretary.

## ESTABLISHMENT

*Administrative Staff:*

PRINCIPAL—Thomas Weston Johns Taylor, C.B.E., M.A., D.Sc., (Oxon.)  
 REGISTRAR—Hugh Worrell Springer, M.A., (Oxon.)  
 ASSISTANT REGISTRAR—Jeanne Ann Simmons, B.A., (Oxon.)  
 BURSAR—Raphael Algernon Swaby, Dip. P.A. (London) A.L.A.A.  
 ASSISTANT TO THE REGISTRAR (Services)—Major Karl Thomson Craig.

*Library Staff:*

LIBRARIAN—Harold Holsworth, M.A. (Sheffield) F.L.A.  
 ASSISTANT LIBRARIAN GRADE I—Olive Carpenter, B.A. (London)  
 ASSISTANT LIBRARIAN GRADE II—Elsie Woo-Ming, B.A. (Toronto)

*Faculty of Arts:*

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY—John Horace Parry, M.A., Ph.D. (Cantab.)—*Professor*

*Faculty of Natural Sciences:*

DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY—Geoffrey Francis Asprey, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Birmingham)—*Professor*.  
 Peter Bruce Hutchinson, M.Sc. (New Zealand)—*Lecturer*

*Department of Chemistry:*

Cedric Herbert Hassall, M.Sc., (New Zealand)—Ph.D. (Cantab.), F.R.I.C.—*Professor*.  
 Sydney Launcelot Martin, M.Sc. (London)—*Lecturer*.

*Department of Mathematics:*

Leslie Roy Bruce Robinson, M.Sc. (London)—*Lecturer*.

*Department of Physics:*

Francis Hadfield Bowen, M.A. (Colombia), D.I.C., Ph.D. (London)—*Senior Lecturer*.  
 Roger Cade, M.Sc. (London)—*Lecturer*.  
 Maurice Edward Sprinks, B.Sc. (London)—*Assistant Lecturer*.

*Department of Zoology:*

Norman Millott, M.Sc. (Sheffield), Ph.D. (Cantab.)—*Professor*.  
 Jessie Johnston Rankin, B.Sc. (Edin.)—*Lecturer*.  
 Garth Leon Underwood, B.Sc. (London)—*Assistant Lecturer*.

## FACULTY OF MEDICINE

*Department of Anatomy:*

Walter Fearon Harper, M.D., B.Sc., Ph.D. (St. Andrew) F.R.S.E.—*Professor*.  
 Rowland Allen Shaddick, M.B., B.S. M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (London)—*Lecturer*.

*Department of Pathology:*

Kenneth Robson Hill, M.D., M.B., B.S., B.Sc., (London), M.R.C.S. (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (London), A.R.I.C.—*Professor*.

*Department of Physiology:*

Ian Francis Stuary Mackay, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Manchester) L.R.C.P. (Ireland)—*Professor*.  
 S. J. Patrick, M.A., Ph.D. (Toronto)—*Senior Lecturer in Biochemistry*.

## DEPARTMENT OF EXTRA-MURAL STUDIES

*Director*—Philip Manderson Sherlock, B.A. (London)

## TUTORS

Frederick Walter Eleazar Case, M.A. (London)—*Resident Tutor*, Leeward Islands  
 Gloria Cumper, B.A. (Toronto), LL.B. (Cantab)—*Resident Tutor*, Jamaica  
 Aubrey E. Douglas-Smith, B.A. (Cantab)—*Resident Tutor*, Barbados.  
 Bertie Harry Easter, C.M.G., C.B.E., B.A. (London)—*Resident Tutor*, Windward Islands.  
 Eric George James, B.A. (McGill), M.A. (New York)—*Staff Tutor*  
 Allan Lennox-Short, B.A. (Oxon)—*Resident Tutor*, British Guiana.  
 Andrew Pearse, B.A. (Cantab.)—*Resident Tutor*, Trinidad.  
 Stanley Sharp, B.A. (Leeds)—*Resident Tutor*, British Honduras.

## INSTITUTE OF SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC RESEARCH

*Director*—Hastings Dudley Huggins, Dip. Ag., M.A., Ph.D. (Harvard), N.Sc. (Cornell)

## RESEARCH ASSISTANTS

Lloyd Braithwaite, B.Sc. (London)—*Research Assistant*.  
 George Edward Cumper, B.A. (Cantab.)—*Research Assistant*.  
 Nora Mary Siffleet, B.Sc. (London)—*Research Assistant*.

## UNIVERSITY COLLEGE HOSPITAL

The authority for the establishment of the Hospital is contained in Law 40 of 1948, The University College Hospital Law 1948, and it is administered by a Board of Management consisting of the following:—

Mr. Arthur Hendricks (*Chairman*)  
 Director of Medical Services.  
 Mr. C. E. deM. D'Costa.  
 The Hon. Minister for Social Welfare.  
 Dr. L. M. Moody.  
 Mr. H. W. Springer (Registrar of the University College).

\*BECKFORD AND SMITH'S SCHOOL  
 (*Spanish Town*)

THE School was established in 1876 from an amalgamation of two Charity Schools. It is under the control of the Jamaica Schools Commission.

The School offers scholarships, which are open in the first place to boys of the parish of St. Catherine between the ages of 9 and 12. The fees per annum are £14 10s. for boys under 10 years and £15 15s. for boys over 10 years of age. The school year is divided into three terms of about 12 weeks each, ending respectively at Easter, the middle of July and at Christmas. The curriculum aims at keeping as high as possible what are considered to be the essential requirements of an up-to-date secondary school. A thorough English education is given; Latin, and Elementary and Advanced Mathematics, among other subjects, are taught. Boys are prepared specifically for the Cambridge Local Examinations up to Higher Schools and generally for professional or commercial life. Special importance is attached to the health and physical development of the students; great attention is given to exercises, athletics and out-door games. The organization of the School includes a Unit of the Jamaica Army and Air Cadet Force. There are 115 boys in the School.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES—*Ex-Officio*, The Chairman of the Parochial Board, Mr. L. W. Rose, M.H.R., The Rector of the Parish Church, (vacant).

*Appointed by the Governor*—The Hon. Capt. H. S. McGrath, Chairman, (vacant) Vice-Chairman, Dr. L. L. Freeman, Mr. O. M. Henzell, Mr. F. deFonseca, Mr. D. G. Stewart.

*Elected by the Parochial Board*—Mr. B. F. Isaacs, C. S. Walters.

TEACHING STAFF—Rev. H. S. P. Warren, M.A. (Cantab.) Headmaster, 1st Asst. vacant, 2nd Asst., vacant, A. E. Bart, 3rd Year Mico and Higher Schools; Z. A. Henry, 3rd year Mico and London Matric; H. Maragh, Inter Arts; Mr. L. M. Goldson, (Cambridge School Certificate); Mr. E. Jones, (Cambridge School Certificate); Headmaster's Secretary—Mr. V. Tennant.

\* For a detailed history of the School, see Handbook for 1939.

### "ALPHA" CONVENT

THE High School is a recognized Secondary School, in which pupils are prepared for the Cambridge Local Examinations, London Matriculation, Royal Drawing Society Examinations, Sloan-Duployan Shorthand, Commercial English and Book-keeping, and also for the Examinations of the Associated Board of the Royal Academy of and the Royal College of Music.

A Vocational Commercial School has been established.

The House of Mercy is for the protection of young women of good character, irrespective of religious belief. The girls who have been in the Industrial School are encouraged to pass on to this part of the Institution where the training commenced in the Industrial School is continued.

A home for the after care of boys who were in the Industrial School was opened in April, 1948.

In the Industrial Schools are 400 boys and 260 girls. In these schools, whilst being grounded in elementary education, the girls are trained for domestic service, also in plain and fancy needlework, and embroidery, dressmaking, straw plaiting and hat-making, the care of infants, cooking for service, and other useful branches, and the boys receive practical instructions in the culture of vegetables, fruits, and flowers, carpentry, and cabinet-making, chair-seating, tailoring, shoemaking, printing, book binding and pottery.

The Sisters also conduct the Elementary and Infants' Schools at Alpha, East-Branch, Spanish Town and Seaford Town, a High School and a Voluntary School in Port Antonio, as well as a High School at Mandeville, and a Voluntary School in Gordon Town.

### CATHEDRAL HIGH SCHOOL

(*Spanish Town*)

The school is a First Grade Secondary School and its curriculum is such as is required by the Government Regulations for Secondary Schools. Organised games are played regularly. Girls are prepared for the Cambridge School Certificate and Higher Certificate Examinations and for the examinations of the Associated Board of the Royal Academy of Music and the Royal College of Music. The fees are £15 15s. 0d., per annum.

The school is under a Board of Governors, consisting of Rev. F. A. Parkins (chairman), Mr. M. Andrade, Dr. H. H. Blair, Hon. A. S. Campbell, M.L.C., Mr. F. L. deFonseca and Miss D. E. Jeffrey-Smith. Secretary—Mrs. F. A. Parkins.

Staff:—Headmistress—Miss M. Hepplestone, B.A., B.D., Assistants—Miss E. Sidebottom, B.A., Miss M. Myers, B.A., Mrs. C. Andrade, Miss M. A. Fox, Miss E. Whiteman; Music: Miss E. Hall.

### CLARENDON COLLEGE, CHAPELTON

Clarendon College, is a Co-educational Secondary Boarding and Day School sponsored by the Colonial Missionary Society of London in conjunction with the Congregational Union of Jamaica. Founded in 1942, by the late Rev. Lester Davy, B.D., it was accorded recognition as a Grant-Aided Secondary Boarding School as from Aug., 1946.

Well situated in the centre of a 140-acre estate at Chapelton in central Clarendon, 12 miles from May Pen, the School is intended to provide a good christian education.

The Headmaster, C. L. Stuart, Esq., B.A., (Lond.) is assisted by a staff of seven teachers. During the Xmas term, 1949 there were 155 pupils on the roll of whom 51 were boarders. New dormitories and classrooms brought into use during 1948 provide accommodation for a steadily increasing enrolment.

Pupils are prepared for the Cambridge School Certificate and the Higher School Certificate Examinations. The more practical subjects are taken wherever possible.

Housecraft for the girls and woodwork, agricultural projects and handicrafts for the boys are a feature of the school curriculum. Since December, 1947 housecraft has been taken by the girls in the Cambridge School Certificate Examination.

A railway unit provides daily transportation to and from the College for day pupils from May Pen and Four Paths, whilst increasing bus services provide access from upper Clarendon.

Tuition Fees are £14 5s. 0d., per annum and Boarding Fees £40, 10s. 0d.

Through the generosity of friends in England a number of bursaries covering half tuition fees are provided for the assistance of pupils.

The Secretary to the Governing Board is the Rev. W. R. Lake, M.A., Chapelton.

## CORNWALL COLLEGE

Motto: *Disce aut Discede.*

The College was opened in 1896 as a Secondary School for boys. The buildings are owned by Government and the College is controlled by the Jamaica Schools Commission working through a Local Board of Governors. At the present time there are 206 boys in attendance of whom 69 are boarders.

The curriculum provides for instruction in English Language, and Literature, Religious Knowledge, Geography, Mathematics, Latin, Spanish, Chemistry, Physics and Civics. Handicraft, Hygiene, Dramatics and the elements of Agriculture are also taught to some Forms. There are advanced courses in most of the important subjects to suit the requirements of the Higher School Certificate Examination.

The College is undergoing steady expansion; recent new buildings include six classrooms and changing rooms for Day Boys near the playing field. A Technical Centre is proposed under the Ten Year Plan as an integral portion of the School.

*Games*—Football, Cricket, Athletics, Tennis, Boxing and Swimming (the boarders are members of the Doctor's Cave Bathing Club). There are classes in Physical Training. The Cadet Corps, with Masters as Officers, consists of three platoons and the War Certificate A, Parts 1 and 2, is taken regularly; the Corps won the DeCordova Cadet Shield in 1946-47. There is also a very successful Scout Troop, the Manning Troop (Governor's Own) which in 1947 won the five most important Trophies at the All-Island Scout Camp.

*Board of Management*—(Under the Schools Commission) The Board consists of nine members, five of whom are appointed by His Excellency the Governor and four nominated by the Parochial Board of St. James.

*Fees*—The fees for a Day Boy are £12 a year and the total fees for a boarder are £55 1s. a year.

*Staff*—The Headmaster, N. S. Jackson, B.A., B.S.C., (Hons. Oxon.) R. L. Miller, B.A., (Lond.), V. L. Brissett, (Inter. Arts.) A. R. Morgan, A.C.P. (Inter. Arts), P. T. Wright, B.A., J. J. Searchwell, (H.S.C., Dip. Agric.), G. L. Smith, M.S.C., J. S. Evans, H.S.C., H. Thomas, H.S.C., F. W. Black, M.A., G. S. Lewis (Matric.) (o.c. Cadet Corps), and Miss L. P. Small, (Headmaster's Secretary). *Matron*, Mrs. H. J. Campbell, *Nurse*, Mrs. L. O. Hilton; *Medical Officer*: Dr. H. H. Brown, L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., (London).

*MEMBERS OF BOARD, APPOINTED BY SCHOOL COMMISSION*—B. C. O. B. Nation, B.A.; R. C. McFarlane, Mrs. Leslie Fletcher, James Marzouca, Dr. H. H. Brown.

*APPOINTED BY PAROCHIAL BOARD*—Walter Fletcher, Amos Campbell, Jr., William Vernon, Cecil Hamilton.

Mr. B. C. O. B. Nation is the present Chairman and Mr. Walter Fletcher Vice-Chairman.

The Secretary and Treasurer to the Board is Mr. C. R. Coore.

## CALABAR HIGH SCHOOL

THE School was opened in September, 1912 as an extension of the work of Calabar College which was founded in 1843. It was intended first of all for the education of the sons of Baptist Ministers but its scope was extended to provide education for the sons of laymen especially of those who wished their sons to be educated in a definitely religious atmosphere, although no specifically denominational instruction is given except when this is expressly desired by parents. The Headmaster is appointed by the Baptist Missionary Society.

The School is under the supervision of the Jamaica Schools Commission and receives grants from the Government. Its Board of Managers has members appointed by the Calabar General Committee, the Baptist Missionary Society, the Pursell Trust and the Governor.

The sons of Ministers of religion are given special concessions on application to the Managers. Pursell Scholarships founded by the late Miss Emily Pursell of Moneague are tenable at the School.

*FEES*—The fees are as follows—For Day Boys under 12 years of age, £18 per annum, for Day Boys over 12 years of age £21, per annum, for Boarders £81 per annum.

*BOARD OF MANAGERS*—Mr. P. M. Sherlock, B.A. (*Chairman*); Rev. Keith Tucker, M.A., (*Vice-Chairman*) Rev. M. E. W. Sawyers, J.P., (*Secretary*) Mr. W. Murray White, B.S.C. (Hons.) Rev. I. C. Parsons, J.P., Rev. A. E. Brown; Rev. Glaister Knight; Mr. A. V. Graham, Res. Mag., Mr. W. D. Hetherington, M.A., Mr. Carl Webster; Mrs. E. Hicks.

*TEACHING STAFF*—Mr. W. Murray-White, B.S.C. (Hons.) Dip. Ed. (*Headmaster*); Rev.

J. R. C. Woodyatt, B.A. (Hons.), B.D. (*Second Master*); Rev. W. Foster, M.A., B.D., Dip. Ed., Mr. T. A. M. Grant, B.A., Mr. R. M. Nicholson, M.A.; Mrs. V. Woodyatt (*Scottish Education Dept. Certificate*); Mr. L. G. Grandison, H.S.C.; Mr. K. F. King, H.S.C.; Mr. N. A. White, H.S.C.; Mr. A. S. Burrowes, H.S.C.; Mr. Lloyd Hall, L.R.A.M., A.R.C.M., G.R.S.M.

### HAPPY GROVE SCHOOL

*Hector's River, Portland.*

Happy Grove School was founded in 1898 by the Religious Society of Friends, which still sponsors the school. The school is a co-educational day and boarding school, and since 1921 has been recognized by the Jamaica Schools Commission. It receives a grant-in-aid from the Government of Jamaica in addition to the income from its own Endowment Fund, and occasional gifts from interested friends in the Mother Country, the United States and in Jamaica. The School was promoted to an A rating in 1948.

Happy Grove is located at Hector's River in Eastern Portland on 35 acres of well-watered land. It is on the main road between Kingston and Port Antonio, 53 miles from the former and 25 miles from the latter.

The school offers a broad, liberal education under Christian influences and aims to prepare its pupils for complete living. The curriculum includes academic work of the Cambridge and London University Local Examinations certain phases of commercial and practical education, and a growing series of regular courses in the Sciences which are basic for Agriculture, Health and Home Economics. Students who satisfy the requirements of character and achievement receive a diploma at the end of prescribed courses. The extra-curricular activities include Track Athletics, Cricket, Football, Swimming, Handball for boys and Softball, Track, Swimming and Netball for girls. There is a Student Governing Council and several student societies including Dramatic, Science and Writers clubs as well as several Choral Groups and a Young Friends Group.

In July, 1948 as part of the celebrations of the Golden Jubilee, there was instituted the *Happy Grove Relay Carnival* for athletic competition among the elementary schools of Portland and St. Thomas. This is to be an annual event just before Easter.

BOARD OF MANAGERS—Mrs. Dorothea H. Simmons, *Chairman*, Fred M. Jones, J.P., *Vice-Chairman*, George H. Clough, Mr. Cuthbert Pitter, Dr. Aubrey Jacobs, Richard T. Philp, George E. Minott, Miss Sada F. Stanley, Rev. Adam Flatter, Rev. Mark Jones, Miss Alsina M. Andrews, honorary member, Mrs. Gladys Jones, *Secretary*.

TEACHING STAFF—Dr. Kenneth B. M. Crooks, M.A., Ph.D. (Harvard) *Headmaster*; Simeon E. Kissoon, B.A., *First Asst. Master*, Stanlie E. Parkins, H.S.C., Allan A. Jacobs, Jr., Vincent B. Nelson, *Bursar*, Ivy I. Kong Quee, B.A., *First Asst. Mistress*, H. Joyce Wade, L.R.S.M., *Music Instructor*, Leonie M. Campbell, *Third year Training College, Home Economics*, Aura Y. Lindo, Fay Powell Parkins, H.S.C., Stephanie E. Deans, *Administrative Assistant*, Emma Noad, *Girl House Mother*, School Nurse, and Monica Johnson, *Matron*.

### THE IMMACULATE CONCEPTION HIGH SCHOOL

*(Constant Spring)*

THE Sisters of the Third Order Regular of St. Francis established a Boarding and Day School for girls at 76 Duke Street, Kingston, Jamaica, in 1858 for the purpose of giving the pupils who should be committed to their care a thorough education and moral training.

Since January, 1941, the School has been conducted in the former Constant Spring Hotel purchased for the purpose, where there are dormitories, semi-private and private rooms, a Chapel, large study hall, recreation room, airy class rooms, library, etc. Housed in separate buildings on the campus there are Laboratories, 12 Music rooms, a domestic science unit and a secretarial school, where courses in Fitman and Gregg Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Business Training are given.

The curriculum includes Scripture, English, History, Geography, French, Spanish Latin, Mathematics, Biology, Domestic Science, Music, Drawing, etc., etc. While the aim is and has always been to give a good general education, nevertheless those pupils, whose parents so desire, are sent for the Cambridge Local, London Matriculation, Royal Academy of Music, Royal Drawing Society and Institute of Commerce (England) Examinations. Extra classes supply every want in music, dancing, elocution, singing, painting, riding, swimming, and dressmaking.

Besides the regular school games, nature study excursions are organized and the care of small flower-garden plots is encouraged.

Also housed at Constant Spring there are Kindergarten and Preparatory Departments. Both departments are under the control of specially qualified Sisters. The Kindergarten Department is for boys and girls from four to eight years, and the Preparatory classes for boys and girls eight to twelve years old.

Special attention is given to foreign students from Haiti, Panama, Cuba and other South American countries, and this class is in charge of an up-to-date teacher with a thorough knowledge of phonetics. In the English Course the fundamentals of grammar and pronunciation, are provided and the student is given practice in English composition, in reading English short stories and in English conversation with constant drill in pronunciation.

*Other Schools*—The Franciscan Sisters also have charge of St. Joseph Training College for Catholic or Protestant Women Teachers, Nun's Pen, and the following Government Schools: St. Joseph's Elementary and Infant Schools, Duke Street; St. Francis, Nun's Pen; St. Aloysius Boy's School, East Street; St. Anne's Elementary and Infant School, North Street; St. Anthony's School, Orange Street.

In 1925, Mount Alvernia High School was opened on Prospect Hill, Montego Bay, also an elementary school on these same grounds in connection with St. James' Catholic Church, Montego Bay. This elementary school is called Chetwood Memorial in memory of Father Chetwood's mother, whose generosity made possible the establishment of this Catholic teaching centre.

The Franciscan Sisters in 1934, the seventy-seventh year of their establishment in Jamaica, added to their great work by opening three schools on the North Side—Holy Family High School at Port Maria, Sacred Heart Elementary School at Highgate and a Secondary High School with Kindergarten Department at Marymount Convent, Highgate, where the Sisters reside. On Sundays they are able to assist the priest in giving religious instruction at Annotto Bay, Preston Hill, Port Maria and Highgate itself.

In January, 1944, the Alvernia High School was opened at Alvernia, Cross Roads. This school was primarily opened to take care of the financially less fortunate girls who have completed their elementary school education.

### \*JAMAICA COLLEGE (*Hope*)

*MOTTO: Fervet opus in campis*

In 1885 the Jamaica High School, which took the place of the Jamaica Free School of St. Ann, and absorbed the funds and property thereof, was opened at Hope. A College was opened in connection with the School in 1890, and both were amalgamated under the name of the Jamaica College in 1902. The College comes under the control of the Jamaica Schools Commission and Regulations for the management of the College have been framed by the Commission. The College contains 213 pupils 93 of whom are boarders. It is open to all religious denominations.

*Scholars*—The College consists of the following classes of boys:—

- I—Foundationers. (a) Drax Scholars, elected from the parish of St. Ann's. (b) Foundationers other than Drax Scholars. II—Holders of Grant Places. III—Paying Boarders. IV—Paying Day Boys.

*Admission of Foundationers*—Foundationers are elected by the Schools Commission subject to the results of an Examination and to their meeting certain requirements:

1. Boys are eligible as Candidates for admission as Foundationers only if their parents or guardians are unable to pay the full school fees.
2. Their age must be between 11 and 13 on January 1st in the year in which their tenure of the scholarship begins.
3. Satisfactory testimony must be furnished as to their good character.

Drax (girls) scholarships are provided from the endowment funds of the school.

*Entrance Examination of Paying Pupils*—Boys applying for admission to the school as paying pupils will be required to take an Entrance Examination. Information on this and other requirements for admission will be supplied by the Head Master.

*School Terms*.—The work of the school year is divided into three approximately equal terms of about twelve weeks each. Due notice is given to parents of the dates at which each term begins and ends.

\*For a detailed history of Jamaica College see the Handbook of 1939.

*Payment for Scholars*—Payments must be made in advance at the beginning of each Term. Boarders pay at the rate of £35 10s. 0d. per term if under twelve years of age; if over twelve years of age at the rate of £37 10s. 0d. per term. Day Boys under twelve years of age pay for tuition at the rate of £14 13s. 4d. per term; over 12 years at the rate of £16 13s. 4d. per term. Day Boys may lunch with the boarders; those who do not take lunch pay £5 per term less on the above fees.

*Age at which Scholars leave the College*—Foundationers shall not remain in the School after the end of the calendar year in which they attain the age of seventeen years; and no boy shall remain in the School after the end of the year in which he attains the age of eighteen years except with the express permission of the Schools Commission, on the recommendation of the Head Master. The Commission, however, will be prepared, on the advice of the Head Master, to retain at the School any Foundationer showing marked ability or special diligence for such further period beyond the age of seventeen years as they may determine.

Correspondence on School matters and concerning boys should be addressed to the Head Master, on fees and accounts to the Secretary-Accountant, at the College, and on matters requiring the attention of the Governing Body to the Secretary, Jamaica Schools Commission, Kingston.

*Staff*—*Head Master*—H. C. W. Chambers, B.Sc. (Lond.), *Second Master*, G. Allen, B.A., C. E. Jackman, M.A., R. G. Smith, M.A., Rev. J. O. Vere-Stead, B.A., R. E. Sparkes, B.Sc., J. Bainbridge, B.Sc., H. U. Loewenthal, B.A., M. Keeshan, J. H. Monteith, E. D. Young, E. A. Evans, Mrs. E. Marson-Jones.

## KINGSTON COLLEGE

(North Street, Kingston)

Kingston College was opened by the late Bishop DeCarteret, D.D., in April, 1925, on premises in East Street, Kingston. The School was removed to its present site in North Street in 1934.

Boys are prepared for the Cambridge and London Examinations and the curriculum includes English, Latin, French, Mathematics (pure, advanced and applied), Geography, History, Chemistry, Physics, Art, Manual Training, Elocution, Gymnastics.

*Staff*—Rt. Rev. Bishop P. W. Gibson, B.A., B.D., (Hons.) Lond., *Headmaster*; D. E. W. Forest, (Diploma in French Univ. of Paris and London); J. D. Tully, B.Sc., Miss K. Campbell, B.A., E. A. Barrett, B.A., Rev. G. G. Mercer, B.A., B.D., Mrs. A. A. Scott, B.Sc., Rev. H. Hughes, M.A., J. A. W. Crick, B.A., B. E. Phillips, B.A., O. R. Bell, M.A., L. S. Wallington, B.A., H. W. Riley, B.A., C. I. Bruce, Inter Arts. (Lond.), S. I. Burrowes, Inter Arts. (Lond.), C. E. Mullings, H.S.C., Ian Ramsay, H.S.C., E. Chen, H.S.C., B. Reckord, H.S.C., Miss M. A. Fox, H.S.C., Miss V. H. McNab, H.S.C., S. W. Isaac Henry, T.C. CERT., A. A. Edwards, T.C. CERT., R. R. Bailey, T.C. CERT., E. B. MacDonald, S.C., H. W. Hay, S.C., C. H. Williams.

*Board of Governors*—The Lord Bishop (Chairman); W. M. Fraser, I.S.O., G. C. Gunter, J.P., Edward R. Hanna, H. Whitehorne, A. I. Morais, A. R. Moodie, (Secretary).

A Preparatory Department was established in April, 1942.

*Fees*—Preparatory Department £12 per annum.

Secondary Department—£22 per annum.

## MANCHESTER SCHOOL

The School is recognised by the Jamaica Schools Commission under the 1929 Regulations and receives from the Government a Grant-in-Aid, which in the School year 1948-49 amounted to £732. The School under Regulations also received from Government Supplementary Grants amounting to £1,535, and a Building and Equipment Grant of £600. In addition the Trust derives an annual income of £195 10s. 0d., from the Government Funded Debt and received £72 its proportion of revenue from the Vere Trust for 1948-49. The only other income at present is that derived from School fees which are at present £5 per term for pupils 12 years and over and £4 per term for pupils under 12 years in the Main School. For pupils under 9 years in the Preparatory Department the fees are £3. A reduction of 10/- per term is made for each pupil of the same family beyond the first.



The School is co-educational and the curriculum includes Latin, French, Mathematics, History, Geography, Science, English Commercial Subjects, Music, Art, and Arts and Crafts.

Pupils are prepared for the Cambridge Local Examinations to Higher School Certificate Standard. Free Places are awarded as required by the Government Grant-in-Aid Regulations and further foundation Scholarships are awarded from time to time as funds allow. At 31st July, 1949, there were 189 pupils in the School—16 of which were in the Preparatory Department.

The Trustees consist of three members of the Parochial Board of Manchester elected by that Board, two members elected by the Educational School Board of the Parish and four members appointed by the Governor, on the nomination of the Schools Commission.

**TRUSTEES**—Rev. Canon Chaperlin, (Chairman); Mrs. Daisy Godfrey, (Vice-Chairman) Mr. R. A. Gordon and Mrs. H. Robinson. *Appointed by the Governor*—Rev. James Moon. *Elected by the Manchester Educational School Board*—S. E. Brooks, W. W. Benjamin and Rev. E. A. Ritchie-Haughton. *Elected by the Parochial Board of Manchester*—Secretary-Treasurer—Cyril C. Lewis, Mandeville, P.O.

**TEACHING STAFF**—J. C. Sleggs, B.Sc., Mrs. M. A. Stedman, Camb. School Certificate; with long experience, Mrs. Florence E. Sleggs, B.A., Mrs. L. J. King, Grade I, Mr. Trevor E. Myers, S.C., Miss E. C. Swaby, S.C., Miss M. Lynton, H.S.C., Mr. F. R. Mott-Trille, H.S.C., Mr. C. H. Hoilett, H.S.C.; *Part Times*—Mrs. Amy Logan-Thomas, Camb. Senior Cert., with long experience, Miss Dorothy Williams, A.R.S.M.; A.R.C.M.; *Preparatory Department*—Miss P. Haughton, S.C.

### MANNING'S SCHOOL

(*Sav-la-Mar*)

THOMAS MANNING in 1710 left thirteen slaves with land and the produce of a pen at Burnt Savannah and cattle, to endow a Free School in the parish of Westmoreland. The School was incorporated in the year 1738.

The School, which is under the control of the Jamaica Schools Commission provides for the maintenance of both boys and girls, furnishing a good middle class education up to Cambridge Local Examination and Higher Schools Standard. There are 75 boys and 73 girls in the school. Boys and girls are received as boarders; girls board in a separate house under the care of the First Mistress. Boarding fees are £30 per annum. Houses are screened against mosquitoes.

It has been provided by the by-laws that 8 boys and 8 girls shall be on the foundation and shall be educated free of cost, 8 boys and 6 girls shall be elected on the same condition as the foundationers, but shall pay £6 per annum.

Paying scholars pay £12 per annum, with a reduction to £11 in the case where two members of a family are in the school at the same time.

**GAMES**—All children are expected to take part in the School games which are for boys: Association-football, cricket, athletics, boxing and badminton; for girls, net-ball and badminton.

**TRUSTEES**—*Ex-officio*—The Custos of Westmoreland (Hon. T. R. Williams) Chairman, T. W. Jones, J.P., Chairman Parochial Board; *Appointed by the Governor*—Messrs. C. B. Wesleygammon, *Vice-Chairman*, M. H. Segre, J.P., H. C. Cahusac, J.P., K. D. McPherson, *Hon. Treasurer*. *Elected by the Parochial Board*—C. C. Campbell, M.H.R., P. T. Meany, J.P., M. U. Henry, J.P., *Secretary*: Maurice W. Sloley.

**TEACHING STAFF**—*Headmaster*—L. A. Prescod, B.A. (HONS.) (Durham), *First Mistress*—Miss A. L. Kelly-Fraser.

**ASSISTANTS**—Mr. R. E. Johnstone, Mrs. Sybil Prescod, Misses Regna Miller, Maisie Tomlinson, Helene Thompson, Cynthia Brady, *Sewing Mistress*—Miss Maud McCreath.

### THE MONTEGO BAY HIGH SCHOOL

In 1935 the Government established the Montego Bay High School for Girls in Montego Bay. It is under the control of the Jamaica Schools Commission and a local Board of Managers, consisting of nine members appointed by the Governor; five of whom are recommended and nominated by the Schools Commission and four nominated by the Parochial Board of St. James, provided that no mistress is a member of the Board of Management.

The School provides a Secondary Education for day scholars who are prepared for the Cambridge Local Examinations up to Higher School Certificate Standard. The Montego Bay High School aims at the development in its girls of mental alertness, physical health, spiritual consciousness and a sense of social responsibility in order that they may become self-reliant individuals capable of earning their own living while serving the community to the best of their ability.

In January, 1949 the numbers were 171 in the School.

**FEES:** High School—Tuition £4 0s. 0d. inclusive of Library; Games; Music—Piano and Violin £1 10s. each; Shorthand 10/- per term.

**SCHOLARSHIPS:** At present there are 16 scholarship holders, 3 Guthrie Davidson and 13 Government.

**GAMES:** Net Ball, Soft Ball and Tennis.

There are a Guide and a Brownie Company attached to the school. Each term the girls undergo a Medical Examination.

**BOARD OF MANAGERS—***Appointed by the Schools Commission*—Mrs. Stanley DeLisser Mrs. E. Hawthorne, Mrs. B. Nurse, Miss Iris Collins, *Appointed by the Parochial Board*—Walter Fletcher, Hon. F. M. Kerr-Jarrett, William Vernon, J. A. Reid.

**STAFF**—Mrs. J. Morrison, M.A., Edin., *Headmistress*; Mrs. M. Grahame, M.A., (Hon.) Dublin, H. Dip. in Ed.; Mrs. M. Croskery, B.A., Lond.; Miss E. Allan, M.A., (Hon.), Edin.; Miss P. Babb, B.Sc., Lond.; Mrs. C. Hewitt-Smith, Higher School Certificate, Teacher's Certificate; Mrs. D. Tavares, L.R.S.M., Piano and Violin; Miss N. Reynolds, Higher School Certificate; Miss B. Foster, School Certificate; Miss M. Arscott, Higher School Certificate; Miss D. Andrews, H.S.C., Mrs. D. Kerr-Jarrett—*visiting Art Mistress*.

### MUNRO AND DICKENSON'S SCHOOLS

Robert Hugh Munro, of the parish of St. Elizabeth, by his will of 1797, bequeathed the residue of his real and personal estate in certain contingencies in trust to his nephew, Caleb Dickenson, and the church wardens of the parish of St. Elizabeth, and their successors, to lay out the same in the endowment of a school to be erected and maintained in the said parish for the education of as many poor children of the parish as the funds might be sufficient to provide for and maintain; and if necessary to apply to the Legislature for an Act for the regulation of the Charity and to carry out his intentions. The Trust maintains two schools situated in the Santa Cruz Mountains, viz:—Munro College and Hampton.

**Board of Trustees**—Mr. Clinton Hart, *Chairman*; Mrs. D. R. Clacken, Mr. N. C. Lewis, Mr. B. Coke, Mrs. Hazel Levy, Lieut. Col. A. R. Moxsy, M.B.E., M.C., Dr. H. L. Henriques, Mr. J. Connacher and Mr. B. C. O'B. Nation.

*Secretary*—Mervyn King.

### MUNRO COLLEGE

(MOTTO—*In arce silam quis occultabit.*)

The College is run on the lines of an English Public School and contains about 170 boarders.

Boys between the ages of 10 and 12 years, who reside within the limits of the old parish of St. Elizabeth are eligible for admission to the School on the Free and £50 Foundation. Candidates for admission are examined in reading, dictation, the first four rules of Arithmetic (Simple and Compound), the outlines of the Geography of Jamaica and Europe, the classifying of words under their parts of speech, and the leading facts of the Old and New Testaments. Boys between 11 and 12 years of age are further examined in French and Latin Accidence and Vulgar Fractions, Practice, Proportion and Interest in Arithmetic; but failure in French and Latin will not disqualify for election. Foundationers are required to leave the School on attaining the age of 17, but the Trustees may, on the advice of the Headmaster, retain at the School any boy shewing marked ability or special diligence, for such further period beyond the age of 17 years as they may determine. There is a large Hospital with a trained Nurse in residence.

The public examinations taken are the Cambridge School Certificate and the Cambridge Higher School Certificate. The former is sat by pupils in the Fifth Form; the latter allows for a variety of special courses in Arts, Languages, Mathematics, and the Sciences and is taken after two years in the Sixth. There are three laboratories.

The College has excellent buildings, which include a chapel, large dormitories, Library and classrooms, good playing fields, hard tennis courts and a gymnasium. The main games are hockey and athletics in the first term, cricket in the second, and football in

the third. The secondary games are voluntary and consist of Gymnastics, Boxing, Shooting and Tennis. Every boy does regular Physical Training and nearly all belong either to the Scouts, or to the Cadet Corps.

There are many hobbies, including carpentry, for the pursuit of which excellent facilities are provided.

The College property extends to a little over 100 acres, and commands one of the finest views in Jamaica, being situated on the highest point of the Santa Cruz Mountains (2,560 ft. above sea-level). The climate is exceptionally good.

*Teaching Staff: Headmaster*—B. B. Ward, M.A. (Oxon) Dip. Ed. (Oxon); *Second Master*, G. L. B. Wiehen, B.A. (Lond.); *Senior Housemaster*—W. K. B. Dunleavy; *Assistant Masters*: J. H. Newnham, B.A. (Oxon), H. G. Lebens, B.A. (Oxon); W. V. Hobson, B.Sc. (Leeds) A. D. Corbett, B.A. (Cantab); W. H. Boland; L. R. Robertson; E. D. H. Weller, D.I.C.T.A., H. E. Wilson.

### HAMPTON SCHOOL—MALVERN

(MOTTO—*Summa Virtute et humanitate*)

The School is housed in fine buildings in the most bracing climate in the Island. The buildings include a Chapel, Hall, Class-rooms, Library, eleven Music-rooms, Studio and Laboratory, Domestic Science Room and Dormitory accommodation. There is water sanitation. These buildings are surrounded by a large common, and playing grounds.

The curriculum includes Scripture, English, History, Geography, French, Spanish, Latin, Mathematics, General Science, Domestic Science, Commercial Subjects, Music, Drawing and Handicrafts. The girls are prepared for entrance to the Universities and Cambridge Local Examinations for all examinations of the Associated Board of the Royal Schools of Music, London, and of the Royal Drawing Society.

Games, (hockey, soft ball, net ball, tennis) school singing, dramatics, drill and gardening are encouraged, and cups are offered for the most successful House.

*Teaching Staff—Headmistress*—Miss D. Parsons B.A. (Lond); *Assistant Staff*—Miss J. Turnbull, Ph.D. (Chicago); Mrs. Phillips, B.A. (Trinity College, Dublin); Miss M. Webster, B.Sc. (Manchester), Mrs. Pendergast, Teacher's Certificate, Miss E. Levy, Miss V. Chevannes.

*Music*—Miss O. Lewin, L.R.A.M.; Mrs. G. S. Lewis, L.R.S.M.

*Dancing*—Miss D. Clacken, A.L.A.M.D.A.

*Resident Nurse*—Miss K. Rubie, B.N., L.R.A.M.

### RUSEA'S SCHOOL

(*Lucea*)

MARTIN RUSEA, a French refugee, in grateful recollection of the hospitality manifested towards him in the colony, left by his will dated 23rd July, 1764, all his real and personal estate, which afterwards realized £4,500 (£2,700 sterling), for the establishment of a free school in the parish of Hanover, and in 1777, an Act was passed settling the Trust and establishing an undenominational school. The income from the endowment amounts to £270 per annum being a perpetual annuity secured to the charity under Chapter 151.

Eight boys and eight girls are received on the free foundation, and the Trustees admit in addition paying pupils at a maximum fee of £12 per annum. Only the children of persons connected with the parish of Hanover are eligible as foundationers. "Grant Places" (Free Tuition) open to the whole Island are also awarded.

The school is now held in the Long Barracks, Lucea, where instruction is given to both boys and girls. There are excellent grounds for recreation surrounding the school premises which are situated in a most healthy locality. Organized games consist of cricket, football, tennis and net ball.

The curriculum includes Latin, Mathematics, Religious Knowledge, History, Hygiene, Geography with the usual English and commercial subjects, and pupils are prepared for the Cambridge Local Examinations. Instruction in manual training is also given.

The school year is divided into three terms, fees being payable (i) at the re-opening of the school in January; (ii) at the re-opening in April; (iii) at the re-opening in September.

The Fees for Tuition are as follows: £12 per annum, or £4 per term.

When two or more members of the same family are in attendance, a reduction of £1 per annum is made on each pupil.

**TRUSTEES**—Hon. G. W. Webster, *Chairman*; *Chairman of Parochial Board of Hanover*; Rev. D. A. Rothnie, M.A., Mrs. H. W. Browne, Dr. N. N. Holmes; H. W. Davis, Esq.,

**TEACHING STAFF**—*Headmaster*, G. S. McDonald, B.A., Lond; *Second Master*—T. E. Sloy, Cambridge Higher School Certificate; *Assistant Mistresses*, Miss F. Peterkin, Higher School Certificate; Miss Sybil Clare, Cambridge School Certificate; Miss G. P. McDonald, Higher School Certificate.

### ST. ANDREW HIGH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

(*Cecelio Avenue, Halfway Tree*)

**THIS** School, promoted by the Synods of the Wesleyan and Presbyterian Churches in Jamaica, was opened on the 22nd September, 1925.

The School is under the management of a Board of Directors composed of six members appointed by each Synod and two members appointed by H. E. the Governor. It is under the supervision of the Jamaica Schools Commission and is placed in the first Grade. It provides a secondary education for Boarders and Day Scholars, and scholars are prepared for the Cambridge Local Examinations. There is also a Preparatory Department for children between the ages of 5 and 9. The Authorities aim at the Christian education of each girl, keeping in mind the fourfold development, physical, mental, spiritual and social, so as to equip her with a healthy body, a well trained mind, religious habits and ideals, to gain her own living and serve her community worthily. Religious instruction is along undenominational lines.

**BOARD OF MANAGEMENT**—Mr. P. M. Sherlock, *Chairman*, Mr. R. Grant, *Vice-Chairman*, Rev. C. M. Watler, Mr. W. J. Palmer, M.B.E., Mrs. K. Cameron, Rev. W. H. Richards, Rev. E. Armon Jones, Mr. Donald S. Fitz Ritson, *Sister Mary Morton*, Mr. Douglas Fletcher, Rev. J. W. Poxon, B.A., Rev. J. A. Crabb, M.A., Miss J. Irwin, Mrs. H. Goldstone Edwards.

**Secretary**—Mr. V. R. Parkinson, 13 Duke Street.

The Staff of the High School consists of: Miss M. F. Gartshore, M.A., *Headmistress*; Miss D. M. Stockhausen, *Second Mistress*; Miss M. G. Stewart, M.A., Miss V. K. Maslen, B.A., Miss J. Baxter, B.A., Mrs. A. Foster, B.A., Miss K. McLeod, Miss D. Donovan, B.A., Miss A. Sherlock, Miss E. Gibson, Miss J. Muir Watson, *Froebel Certificate*, Mrs. T. Sherlock, *Teachers Certificate*,—Mrs. C. Smith, Miss M. Farquharson, Miss P. Jayne, Mrs. E. Burrowes, Miss G. Surgeon, L.R.A.M., Miss K. Gilpin Hudson, L.R.A.M., Mrs. M. Moss Solomon, L.R.A.M., Mrs. E. Ritchie, L.R.S.M., Mrs. E. Stockhausen, Miss J. L. Watson, B.Sc., Miss M. E. Liversidge, B.Sc.

**Preparatory Department**—Miss A. Anderson, *Froebel Certificate*, Miss O. Armon-Jones, *Teachers Certificate*,—Miss N. Carey, Mrs. W. Topper, Miss Monica Field, Miss D. Cover.

**School Secretaries**—Mrs. A. Y. Parkinson, Miss E. James. **Matron**—Miss N. Nash *Assistant Matron and Nurse*, Miss E. L. Burgess.

### ST. GEORGE'S COLLEGE

Saint George's College was founded in 1850, and is under the direct control of the Fathers of the Society of Jesus, who are personally responsible for the training of the students entrusted to their care.

The object of the College is to prepare students for a commercial or a professional career by solid and complete education based upon careful religious training.

The institution is a Boarding and Day School. The new boarding section has accommodation for 100 boys and is equipped with modern conveniences and facilities.

Applicants for admission to the College, unless personally known to some member of the faculty, must bring a satisfactory testimonial of character. Admission is by entrance examination.

The tuition fee is £21 for the full year; for two brothers £36; it must be paid in advance. The organizations of the College include the House System, the Debating Society, the Dramatic Association, Glee Club, the Athletic Association, the Sodality of Our Lady and the League of the Sacred Heart.

**TEACHING STAFF**—Denis J. Cruchley, S.J., M.A., *Headmaster*; William H. Hannas, S.J., M.A., John A. Blatchford, S.J., M.A., Joseph K. Countie, S.J., M.A., John P. Dorsey, S.J., M.A.; William H. Feeney, S.J., M.A.; Philip A. Fuhs, S.J., M.A.; Gerald J. Hennessey, S.J., M.A., M.Sc.; Raymond E. McCluskey, S.J.; Andrew B. Ochs, S.J., M.A.; Thomas W. O'Connor, S.J., M.A., John Sullivan, S.J., M.A., Edward J. Welch, S.J., M.A., Joseph M. Fallon, S.J., M.A., Leo J. McGovern, S.J., M.A., George W. Nolan, S.J., M.A., Adrian A. Chaplain, B.A., Lond., John J. Carroll, S.J., M.A., Mr. Philippe Nash, Mr. George Passley.

### ST. HILDA'S DIOCESAN SCHOOL

(*Brown's Town*)

THIS School originated in Brown's Town in 1907, as one of the Church of England Schools in connection with the Deaconess Home, and was known as the Deaconess High School. In 1917, the Diocesan Council decided to take over the school and to establish it as the Church of England High School for the Diocese of Jamaica. The object of the school is to afford a liberal and thorough education for girls combined with moral and religious training in the doctrines of the Church of England.

The course of study in the Upper School is arranged each year to meet the requirements of the Cambridge Local Examinations.

Girls are also prepared for the London Intermediate and Matriculation and the examinations of the Associated Board of the Royal Schools of Music.

**TRUSTEES**—The Incorporated Lay Body of the Church of England in Jamaica.

**LOCAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT**—His Lordship the Bishop of Jamaica, *Chairman*; Rev. Canon J. C. Wippell, B.D., *Deputy Chairman*; the Rev. F. G. Jolly, J.P., *Secretary and Treasurer*, the Ven. Archdeacon Sharpe, E. L. Jack, Esq., M.B.E., Captain P. Blagrove, M.C., J.P., Mrs. U. Wilson, P. Stephenson, Esq., and the Hon. Major Dr. A. G. Curphy, M.C., M.B.E., M.L.C.

**STAFF**—Miss N. Norman, B.A., London Hons. Diploma in Education, *Headmistress*; Miss I. Johnson, B.A., Hons. London; Miss G. Wesleygammon, M.A., St. Andrew's University; Miss M. Jackson, B.A., Hons. Diploma in Education; Miss M. Lynch B.A.; Miss E. Cove, B.Sc.; Mrs. B. Davis, Board of Education Certificate; Miss J. Reader, Cambridge Higher School Certificate; Miss M. Hendriks, Cambridge Higher School Certificate; Miss W. Hoilette, Cambridge Higher School Certificate; Mrs. J. Hearne, Board of Education Certificate, Physical Training Mistress; Miss L. Perkins, Art Mistress. *Music Mistresses*:—Miss D. Johnston, L.R.C.M. Toronto; Miss M. Delgado, Studied at the Royal College of Music, London; Mrs. V. Hopwood, A.R.M.C.M.; Miss D. F. Jeffrey-Smith; Miss K. Clark. Trained Nurse:—Miss C. Marrett, Certified Nurse, Kingston Public Hospital; House Mother:—Miss A. Brown, House Matron:—Miss E. Davis; Assistant Matron:—Miss E. McFarlane.

### ST. HUGH'S HIGH SCHOOL

(*1 Leinster Road, Cross Roads*)

THIS School originated as a Deaconess High School in 1913: in 1925 the Diocesan Education Board took it under control and drew up a scheme and by-laws, under which it appoints a Board of Governors supplemented by nominees of the Jamaica Schools Commission. In October 1927, the School, under the name of St. Hugh's High School, was placed on the list of schools eligible for a Government Grant. In 1943 the school was placed among the Grade A Schools. A preparatory Department to the school was opened in 1937. Boarding accommodation is available next door to the school.

The aim of the school is to provide for girls a liberal and thorough education combined with moral and religious training.

Pupils are prepared for the Cambridge Local Examinations, up to the Higher School Certificate, and the curriculum includes Religious Instruction, English, Latin, French, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, History, Geography, Botany, Biology, Hygiene, Singing, Drawing, Housecraft (including Cookery and Needlework), Physical Training, Music, Art, Handwork, Civics.

The fees are £16. 10. 0. p.a. (under 12), £19. 10. 0. p.a. (12 and over), and £15 p.a. in the Preparatory.

The TINY TOTS Department accepts children from 2½ years, Fees £5 per term.

**THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS**—His Lordship The Bishop of Jamaica, *Chairman*; Mr. G. A. H. Bowman, *Secretary and Treasurer*; the Rev. Canon E. L. Evans, B.D., Messrs. W. K. Evans, L. A. Henriques, G. C. Gunter, J.P., and Mr. C. M. Morales, and Mr. K. D. DeCasseres who are nominated by the Jamaica Schools Commission, Mr. V. Parkinson, Mrs. H. R. Ballysingh, Mr. G. Sutherland, Dr. H. E. T. McDonald, Mrs. H. D. M. Orrett.

**TEACHING STAFF**—Miss R. E. Landale, M.A., Oxon., *Headmistress*; Miss D. Waite B.A., Miss E. Baxter, B.Sc., Mrs. B. Cole, Diploma from the London Polytechnic; Miss A. Downie B.A., Miss E. Kingdon; Mrs. S. E. Clark, B.A., Mrs. I. McGilchrist; Mrs. I. Gabay; Mrs. F. Saunders (Higher School Certificate); Mrs. B. Baker, B.A., Miss D. Aitken, Art, Miss D. McCormack, L.R.A.M., *Singing*, Mrs. E. Cocking, *Physical Training*, Mrs. D. Poxon, and Mrs. J. McFarlane *Part Time*, Miss A. Hollar B.A. Hons. Lond., Miss V. Mills, L.R.A.M.

**Preparatory Staff**—Mrs. P. Andrade, Miss K. Murray, Mrs. V. Abrahams, Miss D. McCormack and Mrs. D. Tomlinson, in the Nursery Department.

### \*TITCHFIELD TRUST AND SCHOOL, PORT ANTONIO

#### SCHOOL MOTTO—*Virtute et Eruditione*

THE Titchfield Trust was established under the Act 26 Geo. III., Cap. 7, now included in Cap. 151, by which 350 acres of land adjoining the town of Port Antonio, or Titchfield, were vested in certain Trustees for erecting a Free School and for creating a fund for its endowment and support. The school is managed locally, subject to the supervision and control of the Jamaica Schools Commission, by a Local Board of nine Managers, seven of whom are appointed by the Governor on the recommendation of the Schools Commission, and two are members of the Parochial Board of Portland, elected by the Board. It provides a Secondary Education for boys and girls, under the Elementary Education Law, Cap. 152. The School gives 22 Scholarships of 10 guineas each, of which 12 are reserved for children born in the parish or resident there for not less than three years.

In connection with the school there is a cricket club, a football club, a miniature rifle club, while net-ball, soft-ball, and boxing are also indulged, together with physical training and athletics. There exists a strong Guide Company for the girls and a unit of the Cadet Corps for boys.

#### *Titchfield Lands*

The Titchfield Lands of 300 acres, are now vested in and managed by Trustees partly *Ex-Officio* and partly appointed by the Governor. They are leased to various tenants.

#### *Local Board of Managers of the School*

*Chairman*: Hon. F. V. Grosett; *Vice-Chairman*: Rev. B. C. Jones; Mrs. Nidie Moses, Sydney Geddes, Esq., J.P., Owen G. Dale, Esq., Rev. S. C. Bastable, B.A., Rev. E. K. Hodson, B.D., (Appointed by His Excellency the Governor), Clement T. Afflick, Esq., and C. M. Smatt, Esq., (Nominated by the Parochial Board of Portland); *Secretary*: Ernest J. Ashmeade, Esq., J.P.

**TEACHING STAFF**—S. W. Brown, *Headmaster*; Rev. G. E. Mitchell, B.A., R.M. Bent, B.A. O. S. Fisher, Mrs. Daphne Bent, Mrs. Jean Fisher, Miss Leila Robinson, Miss I. Y. Pietrie, Miss Dahlia E. Ashmeade, Inter Arts.

#### *Titchfield Land Trustees*

Hon. The Colonial Secretary. *Chairman*: Hon. Director of Public Works, Director of Surveys, The Hon. Sir Harold Allan O.B.E., S. L. Geddes, Hon. F. V. Grosett and J. B. Paterson.

*Secretary*—H. L. Lindo, £54 per annum; *Treasurer*, E. R. B. Aarons, £48 per annum; *Superintendent and Manager*, E. R. B. Aarons, £184 and residence or allowance in lieu thereof.

\* For detailed history of the Trust, see previous editions of the Handbook.

## WEST INDIAN TRAINING COLLEGE

*Mandeville, Jamaica, B.W.I.*

The West Indian Training College, which has been established to provide a training centre for Seventh-day Adventist young people, is located two miles south of Mandeville. It was first established at Riversdale, but in 1919 it was moved to its present location. The first year of school in the new location began in 1919 with an enrolment of 37. Since then, the school has continued to grow, and in 1947 the enrolment exceeded 260.

In order to fulfil its mission, the college purposes to surround the student with an atmosphere that will arouse him to possibilities of Christian service; in order to prepare him to meet the issues of life successfully every effort is made to develop his individual power by training him in habits of thoroughness, accuracy, promptness, and faithfulness in the performance of all duties, whether intellectual, moral or spiritual.

The major objective is to make religion a personal experience in the life of each student a religion of heart but finding expression in life in standard in attitudes, and in social responsibilities—the objective of developing a symmetrical Christian character.

The aim of the school is to foster the principles of Christian government in the student, and it is administered in accordance with the principle that character building is the highest object of education.

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS**—R. W. Numbers, *Chairman*, Mandeville Jamaica; B. G. Butherus, *Secretary*, Mandeville, Jamaica; J. N. Williams, Belize, Br. Honduras; W. A. Osborne, Mandeville, Jamaica; K. S. Crofoot, Kingston; H. D. Colburn, Mandeville, Jamaica; W. A. Holgate, Kingston, C. O. Franz, Mandeville, Jamaica; A. W. N. Druitt, M.D., Kingston; E. E. Parchment, Southfield, Jamaica; H. S. Walters, Mandeville, Jamaica; A. R. Haig, Mandeville, Jamaica; W. S. Nation, Mandeville, Jamaica; E. C. H. Reid, Claremont, Jamaica; S. Bull, Mandeville, Jamaica; H. E. Nembhard, Kingston, B. R. Hamilton, Kingston; O. V. Schneider, Cayman Islands.

**FACULTY**—B. G. Butherus, B.A., *President*, Mathematics; W. A. Osborne, F.A.I.A., *Treasurer*, Commercial; Mrs. B. G. Butherus, B.A., *Registrar*, English; O. Rugless, *Dean of Men, Religion*; Miss Ethline Lindo, *Dean of Women, Normal*; Miss Gladys Brodie, *Cafeteria Director*, Domestic Science; Stanley Bull, B.A., *Head of Theological Department*; Mrs. Stanley Bull, B.A., *Cambridge Adviser*, History, English; Miss Dell Brodie, *Elementary School*; Miss Esther Harriott, *Mathematics*; Miss Roslyn Grant, *Spanish*; Nurse Whitney, B.Sc., *Pre-Nursing*; Nord Nation, B.Sc., *Science*; L. D'Andrade, *Printing*.

## WESTWOOD HIGH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

*(Stewart Town)*

This School was founded in January, 1882, at Manchester Pen, to provide at moderate cost, on Evangelical and undemoninational principles, a higher education and training for Jamaica girls of all classes.

In August 1895, its name was changed to the "Westwood High School for Girls", on its removal to the present site.

Four Scholarships have been established at the school, called respectively, the Trestrail, Underhill, Trafford and Webb Scholarships, in honour of the founders. A fifth scholarship of the annual value of £16 provided by the late Rev. George Henderson's M.A., is open to residents in Brown's Town, St. Ann. A sixth scholarship, the Henderson, Scholarship, is at present of the value of £10 per annum. This is open to the Island. At present these two scholarships are combined so as to make them worth while, and the holders are selected from the Island and Brown's Town, alternatively. Two Fellowships (Free places) covering free board and tuition are given by the school annually.

A seventh scholarship has been founded by Miss Gordon, late of Bryan Castle in Trelawny, in memory of her brother. This is confined to pupils of the school, and is valued £20 per annum, but the holder must take a course in housecraft, or take up nursing later.

All these scholarships are in addition to those granted under the Government Scheme and which are competitive by law.

The school is a First Class Grant Aided Secondary School and is entirely undemoninational.

**TRUSTEES**—Hon. F. M. Kerr-Jarrett and Mr. Donald S. Fitz Ritson

**BOARD OF MANAGEMENT**—Mr. R. D. Smedmore, *Chairman*; Rev. J. S. Rowe, B.A. B.D.; *Vice-Chairman and Treasurer*; Rev. Ivan C. Parsons, J.P., *Secretary and Supervisor*, Mesdames H. Kennedy, T. E. Hughes, Miss May Jeffrey-Smith, B.A., O.B.E., H. Thompson, T. Milliner, Messrs. H. D. Tucker, M.B.E., Leslie Barrett, J.P., A. H. Thelwell, J.P., W. E. Parkin and Rev. D. Davies.

**TEACHING STAFF**—Miss M. M. Lothian, B.A. Hons. (London) *Headmistress*, Miss C. P. Morgan, B.A. (McGill), Miss C. A. Dundas, Cambridge Higher Schools; Miss Margaret B. Deans, D.P.E. (Dumferline); Miss M. Hollé, Miss M. Buckley; Miss F. E. Stephens, B.Sc., London, Miss H. Bryan, C.H.S., *Music Mistresses*—Miss Muriel Strudwick (Senior); Miss A. Peart (Boston Conservatory) *Matrons*—Miss Madlene Silvera; Miss Margaret Davidson, (Woodlands); *Certified Nurse*—Miss Marigold Barker; *Medical Officer*—Dr. R. J. deCarteret; *Secretary to the Headmistress*—Miss I. M. Jones.

### \*WOLMER'S SCHOOLS

(*Marescaux Road, Kingston*)

This Trust was established in the year 1736 by an Act of the Island Legislature to give effect to the bequest of John Wolmer, of Kingston, who by will dated the 21st May, 1729, devised from his estate a sum of £2,300 for the foundation of a Free School in the parish in which he should happen to die.

The School is now administered by a Board of Trustees, not exceeding seven, appointed by the Governor under section 3 of the Wolmers Free School Validating Law, Cap. 159, and who hold office until their appointments are terminated by the Governor.

The School is an endowed school operating under the following scheme of the Schools Commission:—

I. The funds and property are devoted to the maintenance of a modernized Grammar School, with mathematical, classical and commercial sides, and with additional special subjects suitable to girls. The head master and head mistress are appointed by the Trustees, and all other masters and mistresses are appointed by the Trustees on the recommendation of the headmaster and headmistress, respectively. The school consists of such number of foundationers as may be fixed in the by-laws, and of other scholars paying such fees as may be similarly fixed. The boys and girls who are eligible as foundationers are the children of inhabitants of Kingston who are not able to pay for such higher education and "inhabitants of Kingston" are defined to be persons who have continuously lived in Kingston for not less than two years immediately preceding the examination held for filling places on the foundation. In addition a number of Open Scholarships are awarded annually. There is also a preparatory Department for children aged 5—9.

II. Religious teaching is given in all sections of the School, and it is required that this teaching shall aim at securing a knowledge of the leading facts in the Old and New Testaments, especially the history and teaching of the Lord Jesus Christ, but any scholar can be exempted from this on the written request of the parent.

There are three terms in the year. The first term begins on the fourth Monday after the Saturday in the Cambridge Local Examination week, so long as the Examination continues to be held in December, and ends on the Wednesday before Easter Sunday. The second term begins on the Thursday after Easter Sunday and ends on the second Thursday in July. The third term begins on the ninth Thursday after the close of the Summer term and ends on the Saturday of December before the Cambridge Local Examination week.

#### *Board of Trustees*

*Chairman*—Dr. L. M. Moody, *Vice Chairman*—Wm. Seivwright, Mrs. Clinton Hart, C. R. Campbell, C.B.E., P. M. Sherlock, B.A., K. D. DeCasseres, Mrs. O. V. A. Lindo. *Secretary*—I. S. Heron.

*Boy School Staff*—Rev. R. Simpson, M.S.C., D/Phil. (Oxon), F.C.P., *Headmaster*. H. N. Walker, B.A., (London), O. G. Brown, Mrs. A. Chambers, M.A. (St. Andrew's) Dip. Ed., S.E.D., Miss M. R. Dias, B.A. (McGill), Dip. Ed. (Edin.), Miss M. E. Rowe, B.A. (Ohio Uni.), A. Carrington, B.A. (Lond.) Hons., J. D. G. Wood, Inter. B.A. (Lond.), D. C. Webster, D. L. Bogle, W. Phillips, R. W. Dickson, K. N. J. Spencer, C. N. Webster, S. A. Morris.

\*For a detailed history of Wolmers, see the Handbook for 1939.



## WOLMER'S GIRLS SCHOOL

*Teaching Staff*—*Headmistress*, Mrs. E. C. Skempton, B.A. (Hons.) Lond., *Second Mistress*, Miss N. Bremner, B.A. (Hons.) London, *Assistant Mistresses*, Misses O. Baxter, B.Sc. (Hons.) Lond., E. DaCosta, Art Training Cert., H. Evans, Dip. P.F.E. (Sorb.), R. Feres, Spanish Cert. Universities of Liverpool Columbia and Havana, I. Jeffrey-Smith, Teacher Artist Cert., London, A. Wych, B.A., D. Cullen, B.A., J. Tudor-Jones, Diploma of Bedford Physical Training College, T. Rose, B.A. (Hons.) Oxford, L. Dutt, B.Sc., B. Weatherall, B.A. E. A. MacHugh, Teachers Cert., National Training College of Domestic Subjects Lond., H. Lawson, G.R.S.M., J. Mahood, Higher School Cert., W. Minto, Higher School Cert., C. Foster, B.A., Mrs. F. Mullins, B.Sc., Mrs. P. Thornton, B.Sc., Mrs. MacDougall, Spanish Cert. Universities of Liverpool and Columbia, Miss Forbes. *Part-time Staff*: Mrs. D'Oyen Fitchett, Miss Foster-Davis.

## JAMAICA SCHOOL OF HOME ECONOMICS

THE object of the School is to provide training for girls over the age of 15 to enable them to be good home-makers or to earn their livelihood in some of the various vocations open to women in the Island other than secretarial or teaching.

It is supported by Government.

There is an Advisory Committee appointed by the Governor.

The fees charged are £5 0s. 0d. per term.

*STAFF*—*Principal*, Miss E. E. Foster-Davis; *Asst. Supt.*, Miss E. A. Saunders; *Instructresses* Grade I, Miss H. M. Blair, and Miss J. B. Beadle; *Instructresses* Grade II, Mrs. R. P. Tully-DaCosta and Miss V. Campbell; *Instructress* Grade III, Miss U. Chevannes; *Unestablished Clerk* Grade II, Miss H. A. Burris.

## KINGSTON TECHNICAL SCHOOL

The school premises are situated at 82 Hanover Street, and includes:—

1. Day School; 2. Evening Classes; 3. Classes for Elementary School Children; 4. Special Teachers' Courses;

Entry to all departments of the Day School is by open competitive examination. The Entrance examination is held annually and in July of each year.

THE DAY SCHOOL—The work covers the following full-time day courses:—

1. *Day Technical Course*—Boys who have reached a satisfactory standard of general education may take up in this Department a three-years course of instruction. The course is designed to give instruction in both principles and practice and hence ensures that successful pupils make rapid progress in the occupation they choose to follow after leaving School. The subjects studied include English, Spanish, Geography, Civics, Science, Mechanics, Technical and Machine Drawing, Mathematics, Woodwork and Metalwork and Elementary Industrial Economics.

2. *Day Commercial Course*—Before admission students must have attained a satisfactory standard of general education. A thorough training in the usual commercial subjects is given but boys and girls in addition are required to continue their study of general subjects—English, Spanish, Geography and Mathematics. The object of the course is not to provide intensive training in a narrow range of Commercial subjects but to give instruction of the type offered in Secondary Schools but with less academic bias.

3. *Day Domestic Science Course*—Girls whose standard of general education is satisfactory are admitted to this course which provides for continued instruction in general subjects and in cookery, housewifery, laundrywork, needlework, dressmaking and craftwork. The objects of the training are to enable the girls to enter the better-class occupations open to girls and young women, and to make some contribution to the gradual and progressive improvement of the standard of home life in the Island.

4. *Day Trade Courses*—These courses are designed to cover the first three years of apprenticeship training for machinists and fitters, motor mechanics and electricians as well as to further general school education.

5. *Day Matriculation Courses*—The following subjects are offered in preparation for the London Matriculation Examination.

*General*

English  
English Literature  
Mathematics  
Latin  
Spanish  
Economics

*Technical*

English  
Mathematics  
Spanish  
Physics  
Mechanics  
Geometrical and Machine Drawing

*The Evening Classes* are attended by students who have left school and are engaged in various occupations during the day.

The following courses of instruction are at present in operation:—

Commercial Courses	Electric Engineering Practice
Domestic Science Courses	Plumbers Course
Courses for Builders and Woodworkers	Carpentry and Joinery
Mechanical Engineering Courses	Structural Engineering
Automobile Engineering Courses	Land Surveying and Levelling
Electrical Installation Work	Matriculation Courses, General and Technical (subjects as for day courses.)

*Special Teachers' Course*—A Special Teachers' Course is at present in operation in Handicraft (woodwork) for men.

*Examinations*—The School is an approved centre for the examinations of the City and Guilds of London Institute, the Royal Society of Arts, London, and the London Chamber of Commerce.

*Advisory Committee*—The school is controlled by an Advisory Committee appointed by His Excellency the Governor and responsible to the Director of Education. The members are: J. J. Mills, J.P., M.B.E., M.R.S.T., *Chairman*; W. A. Burnett-Webster, L. C. Edwards, L. C. Gardner, A.M.I., Mech. E., G. V. Helwig, B.Sc., Ph.D., J. MacIntosh, Miss D. L. Morant, W. J. Palmer, J.P., M.B.E., Harry Vendryes, Edgar Watson, M.I., Mar. E., E. W. Abrahams, G. I. Henzell. The Secretary is A. C. Thomas, Education Department, Kingston.

*STAFF*—*Acting Principal*—R. M. Alston, *Acting Vice Principal*—F. W. Needham, B.Sc., A.M.I.E.E., *Technical Department, Acting Chief Instructor*—C. F. Wilson, *Trades Department—Chief Instructor*—E. V. M. Vaughan, *Teachers of Technical and Trade Subjects*—C. L. Morrison, H. F. Harris, J. R. Vaughan, C. O. McKain, Miss F. M. Grant, E. C. Phillips, R. O. V. Barrett (Acting), *Assistant Teachers*—S. H. Heron, L. G. Powell, J. C. Wray, *Workshop Mechanic*—H. Palmer, *Domestic Science Department—Chief Instructor*—Miss M. Watson, *Teachers of Domestic Science Subjects*—Miss G. Richards, Miss E. Virtue, Miss L. McGeachy, Mrs. C. V. Harris, Mrs. T. A. Gordon, *Assistant Teacher*—Miss C. C. Dawkins, *Commerce Department—Chief Instructor*—L. A. M. Lloyd, *Teachers of Commercial Subjects*—H. H. Atkins, Miss A. Bailey, Miss W. Ebanks, Miss G. V. Thompson, Mrs. H. M. Shirley, Mr. A. D. Downie; *Assistant Teachers*—G. R. McCalla, *Visiting Instructors*—H. S. Wilson, D. C. Webster, A. Chaplain, B.A., B. E. Phillips, B.A. Hons., L. McCaw, A. Bennett, L. A. Walker, C. V. Smith, H. E. Brown, E. K. Powell; *Visiting Instructresses*—Mrs. G. Lindo, Mrs. L. Tyrie, Miss S. Lindsay, Miss G. Sutherland, Mrs. K. Bowen-White, Miss E. McKenzie, Mrs. E. Thomas, Mrs. G. Bailey, Miss L. Stephenson, Miss G. Innerarity, Miss I. B. Alexander, Mrs. O. Wright; *Administrative Staff*—Miss C. M. Lee, Miss P. C. Evans, L. Brown, C. R. D. Miller *Accountant. Cafe Managress*—Mrs. B. Rae; *Caretaker*—Cecil Levy.

*ENROLMENT*—The enrolment figures are as follows:—

	1931	1944	1945	1946	1947	1949
Day Classes ..	223	572	625	661	550	492
Evening Classes ..	108	844	844	745	450	486

ST. FRANCIS CONVENT, HOLY CROSS, HALFWAY TREE ROAD

THE FRANCISCAN MISSIONARY SISTERS OF OUR LADY OF PERPETUAL HELP

This Institution was founded through the efforts of Father Francis Kelly by Sister M. Humiliana, O.S.F., of the Immaculate Conception Convent, then located at Duke St., in September, 1929. Its work is the education of youth in schools, the care of the sick in hospitals, visiting and instructing the poor in their homes and conducting homes for the aged and for working girls.

The Institution was first housed at No. 16 Lissant Road but as its numbers increased, the Sisters moved to a larger house at No. 37 Old Hope Road, and in 1932 the present Convent building was erected and dedicated at Holy Cross by Bishop Emmet.

There are at present 42 Sisters, all Jamaicans and they conduct six schools. Their first school, the Holy Childhood Kindergarten, started at Lissant Road with five pupils. When the Community moved to Holy Cross in 1932 there were 26 pupils and classes were held in a garage until a school building was erected by the generosity of Father Joseph Keller of blessed memory. The present enrolment is 175 pupils with 20 boarders, and besides the Kindergarten, there are Preparatory and High Schools grades. Besides this, the Sisters conduct a school attached to the St. Peter and Paul Church at Matilda's Corner, with an enrolment of 212 pupils, another attached to the Holy Rosary Church on the Windward Road with 200 pupils, a Government Elementary school at Whitehall on the Red Hills Road with 160 pupils, another Government Elementary School at Above Rocks (St. Catherine) with 180 pupils also a third Government Elementary School at Rock Hall in the parish of St. Andrew with an enrolment of 113 pupils.

At Above Rocks there are three teaching Sisters who reside in the Teacher's Cottage converted into a Convent. The Sisters at Holy Rosary also reside in a convent cottage adjacent to the school, and at Rock Hall there are three resident teaching Sisters. The other Sisters go back and forth to school.

### deCARTERET PREPARATORY SCHOOL

(Mandeville)

THIS School, the successor of the Diocesan College for boys, reorganized in 1929, and in 1931 re-named the deCarteret Preparatory School, is intended to provide a sound preparatory education for boys up to 14 years of age for the English and other Public Schools. Though under the direction of the Church of England in Jamaica the School is open to boys of any religious denomination.

The School is situated near Mandeville, about four miles from Williamsfield Railway Station, in 22 acres of grounds.

The fees are: For Boarders £30 a term. For Day boys (Day boarding extra) over 12, £9 9s. 0d. a term; under 12, £8 8s. 0d. a term. Four Scholarships of £20 per annum each one-third are tenable by sons of the Clergy.

**TRUSTEES**—The Incorporated Lay Body of the Church of England in Jamaica.

**SUPERVISING COMMITTEE**: The Diocesan Education Board.

**STAFF**—**REV. R. MORTON-YORK, B.A., N.U.I., DUBLIN, M.R.S.T.,** *Head Master; Assistant Masters and Mistresses*—Messrs. B. DuMont, J. Calhoun, B.A., D. McCord, Miss J. M. Davis, *Junior Department*; Mrs. Chambers-Sangster *Nurse*, Mrs. M. Hughes, *Drawing*, Miss L. Trench, *L.R.A.M., M.R.S.T., Music*.

### \* MICO TRAINING COLLEGE

THE College was established in the year 1834, the idea being to afford the benefit of education and training to the black and coloured population of this and the other West India Islands, as well as to train out of this population Teachers for their own schools and the schools of all denominations of Christians.

The expenditure of the training college and school is about £10,000 per annum. Of this sum £5,000 is allowed by the Government for training seventy teachers, and the day school earns upwards of £800 per annum from the Government.

Students are admitted once a year, after a competitive examination by a selection committee. They remain three years, go out as teachers in elementary schools on the completion of their college course and are under bond to teach for six years. During residence they receive free teaching, board, lodging and medical attendance. Each bonded student pays an entrance fee of £16. There are now 90 students in residence, and 4 day students. Besides men from Jamaica there are students from Bermuda, British Honduras and Cayman Islands.

The objects for which the institution was originally founded are being more and more realized. Its benefits are not confined to the people of any creed, class or colour. It holds out its advantages to all.

The results of the annual examinations of training colleges by the Education Department show that the Mico Training College which is the largest school of its kind in the West Indies and the oldest training college for teachers in the Western Hemisphere, is

\*For a detailed history of Mico College, see previous editions of the Handbook

also one of the foremost in respect of the attainments of the young men under training for the office of teacher in the elementary schools of the Island.

A fully equipped workshop is fitted up for Manual Training, and the students receive instruction in practical agriculture. There is a model school garden at the college.

The Governor of the Island for the time being is the patron of the institution. It is locally managed by a Board of Directors consisting of fifteen clergymen and laymen, representing the various Protestant Churches.

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS**—E. B. Rodgers, Esq. (*Chairman*); Rev. H. G. Edwards. (*Vice Chairman*); Rev. E. Armon Jones (*Secretary*); Rev. Canon W. Brown; Rev. H. T., Cuthbert; Rev. M. E. W. Sawyers; The Deputy Director of Education; Rev. J. W. Crabb M.A., D. Fitz-Ritson, Esq.; C. D. Neilson, Esq., I.S.O.; Mrs. Bloomfield

**TEACHING STAFF**—A. J. Newman, M.C., M.A., M.R.S.T. (*Principal*) A. Grant B.A. (*Vice-Principal*); A. S. Phillips, B.A. R. N. Murray, M.A.; V. H. McKie, Camb. Higher School Certificate; Mr. L. W. Lloyd Hall, (*Lecturers*); Dr. H. E. T. McDonald (*Medical Officer*); Rev. E. Armon Jones (*Bursar*); G. W. Downer Esq. (*Auditor*); Mrs. M. Stephens (*Matron*).

### MORAVIAN TRAINING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN

(*Bethlehem*)

The College was opened in 1861 for the training of women teachers for service in the day schools of the Island. It is conducted by the Moravian Church and has a governing board part of which consists of nominees of the Moravian Church and part of nominees of the government. The College is open to all women who are members of the Christian Church. It has accommodation for 60 boarding students and 25 day students. The Government grants 55 maintenance scholarships to the College. Boarders must pay £75 per annum. The course of study is normally for 3 years.

*Principal*: Rev. B. L. MacLeavy, B.A., B.D., (Manchester); *First Assistant*: Miss M. M. Knight, B.A. (Toronto); *STAFF*: Miss Evelyn Smart, Miss Gloria Gray, Miss Anna Hudson, Mr. I. G. Campbell, Miss E. I. Blake *Secretary*: Miss Hazel P. Lee, *Matron*: Miss Daphne F. Parchment.

### SHORTWOOD TRAINING COLLEGE FOR WOMEN TEACHERS

THE College was established in September, 1885, to provide trained women teachers for the elementary schools of the Island. Formerly under the management of a Board of Visitors consisting of ladies and gentlemen appointed by the Governor, it is now under a Board of Directors similarly constituted. The college is strictly denominational; students are admitted after a competitive examination, by a selecting committee, which, besides considering their position in this examination, takes into account (1) the report of the Medical Officer (2) position in the Pupil Teachers' Examination, (3) recommendation of responsible persons in the district to which they belong, (4) general bearing. Each student pays an entrance fee as from May, 1947 of £15 per annum—Students desirous of being instructed in instrumental Music will be required to pay a fee of £4 for Piano and for Harmonium £2 5s. Od., per annum. Students are boarded and lodged during the period of their training subject to an undertaking on their part to teach in Jamaica Elementary Schools for six years at least.

The ordinary College course occupies two or three years, during which the instruction is in accordance with the schedule attached to the Government Rules for Training Colleges. The course of training includes the study of subjects generally taught in the public elementary schools and, in addition, History, Practice in Teaching, and the management of a class and Domestic Economy, both theoretical and practical. Under the will of Michael Cuff Morgan, two scholarships of £9 each a year are held at this college, tenable for two years by two respectable poor girls of the parish of St. Elizabeth.

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS**—Rev. H. Goldstone Edwards, *Acting Chairman*; Rev. J. T. Clark, B.A., *Acting Vice Chairman*; The Deputy Director of Education, Rev. Canon W. L. Brown, Rev. F. Cowell Lloyd, Rev. J. A. Crabb, Rev. J. Calvert Cariss, Mr. J. J. Mills, M.B.E., J.P., Miss Ethlyn Rodd, J.P., Rev. R. N. Dickson, Mrs. E. Browne, Mrs. L. P. Alberga, Mrs. Armon Jones, Sister Jessie Kerridge, Mr. W. A. Logan, *Secretary*.

**TEACHING STAFF**—*Lady Principal*—Miss M. K. Burgess, B.A. (Hons.) *Assistants*—Miss H. Drummond, B.Sc., Miss M. E. Webb, Miss E. I. White, Mrs. Ruth Lindo, *Art Mistress*—Miss G. Burke, Miss G. Morris, *Music Instructor*, Mr. Lloyd Hall *Matron*—Mrs. C. Ford, Miss Carolynne, Valentine, *Assistant Matron*. *Head Teacher Practising School*—Mrs. Muriel Morris, *Medical Officer*—Dr. E. Hoerman, *Agricultural Instructor*—Mr. A. P. Hanson.

## BOYS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL

## STONY HILL

The boys at Stony Hill are trained in agriculture and animal husbandry, in book-binding, basketry, spinning, weaving, and leatherwork, and as handymen, general workers, carpenters, cabinet-makers, upholsterers, shoemakers, masons, blacksmiths, cooks and bakers, and as musicians.

During the year ending 31st March, 1949, 36 boys were employed as carpenters and cabinet-makers. They made and repaired articles of furniture. The value of the labour done was £891 15s. 8d. 17 boys were employed as masons, doing work to the value of £707 3s. 8d. The work done in the tailoring department by eighteen boys valued £556 10s. 8d. The mechanic and blacksmith department turned out work valued at £209 6s. 1d. Nine boys partook of this work. Thirty boys worked in the handicrafts department to realise £204 4s. 2d. The band earned £269 8s. 0d. It consisted of 30 boys. Sixteen boys were employed in the shoemaking department. Their work fetched £158 5s. 6d. The washing and mending done by 21 boys valued £1,487 14s. 2d, and £91 19s. 8d., respectively.

Other boys attended to livestock, worked in the bakery, worked as cooks, and worked on the farms. Of the 43 acres of arable land, fodder crops, root crops, citrus and vegetables, were produced. Of the remaining 43 acres, part is occupied by buildings and playgrounds and the rest is used as pastures.

The cost per capita per annum for the 531 boys who were in the school for the year ending 31st March, 1949 was £64 18s. 0d, and the average earning was £17 13s. 0d.

Children in the Industrial School, Stony Hill for the past five years:—

Year	Juvenile Offenders	Destitute	Total
April, 1944- March, 1945	142	258	400
April, 1945- March, 1946	205	247	452
April, 1946- March, 1947	238	257	495
April, 1947- March, 1948	264	281	545
April, 1948- March, 1949	283	248	531

Respective ages of the inmates of the institution on the 31st March, 1949.—

—	Under 10 years	Between 10 and 13 years	Between 13 and 16 years	Between 16 and 18 years	Total
Industrial School Boys	11	180	325	3	519

## BOARD OF VISITORS

(Appointed under section 31 of the Reformatories and Industrial Schools Law, Cap. 113.)

Rev. E. B. Pike, Dr. Joyce Saward, Mr. R. M. Royes, Mr. J. J. Mills, M.B.E., The Minister of Education, F. A. Pixley, Chief Probation Officer, Dr. K. C. Royes, Lady Olga Livingston; Senior Agricultural Officer Southern Division.

## MANNING'S HOME

(St Elizabeth)

THIS Home was established in 1913 by the Parochial Board of St. Elizabeth as a rescue home for poor children, consequent on a protracted drought in the South-Eastern section of that parish.

In January of 1936, the Home was reorganised and various structural improvements were made. It was also organised as a school and operates as an adjunct of Bethlehem College. The number of children is limited to 50.

*Manager*—The Director of Education; *Deputy Manager*—Inspector G. J. Holness S.A.; *Teacher*—Mrs. Ivy Stewart; *Matron*—Mrs. M. Blackwood

There is an Advisory Committee under the Chairmanship of the Inspector of Schools or the parish.

## PRINGLE HOME

THE Home at Carron Hall in the parish of St. Mary, is under the care of the Presbyterian Church of Jamaica. Destitute and Orphan Girls are received from four years of age and retained in the Home until they are fitted to go out as domestic servants or to take situations as children's nurses.

At the close of 1947, there were 26 children in the Home.

The Home is supported by a grant from Government and by voluntary contributions from the Churches.

The Parochial Board of St. Mary supports 6 girls in the Home.

*Honorary Superintendent*.—Rev. R. A. Campbell, J.P., Carron Hall P.O.

## RIO COBRE HOME

The Rio Cobre Home, Spanish Town, was certified as a Government Industrial School for 85 boys on 23rd August, 1948

The Home was previously an orphanage, opened in 1917, for the children of War Contingent men.

All children of school age attend the day school at Spanish Town, and they receive training in gardening, vegetable growing, and handicrafts at the Home.

## BOARD OF VISITORS RIO COBRE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL

The Rector of the Cathedral, *Chairman*; The Custos of St. Catherine; the Rev. S. A. Black, L. W. Rose, M.H.R., Mrs. Sybil Staight; The Rev. M. J. Ashe, the Rev. H. S. P. Warren, Mrs. L. L. Freeman, Miss D. E. Jeffrey-Smith, *the Supervisor Practical Training Centres*; *the Supervisor of Female and Infant Training*, J. J. Mills, M.B.E., Director, Public Works, or his nominee, and the Chief Probation Officer or his nominee.

## WORTLEY HOME

(Constant Spring)

THE Home was opened at Halfway Tree in May, 1918 and was removed to Constant Spring in 1921. It is principally for destitute children of respectable parents who are unsuitable for Industrial Schools, or Alms Houses, and is entirely supported by voluntary subscription. A trained nurse is on the Staff and the children receive education on Secondary School lines and training in household duties, etc. on Secondary School lines.

The Home is managed by a Committee under the chairmanship of His Grace The Archbishop of the West Indies. Mrs. K. Crooks is Honorary Secretary and Treasurer of the Committee of Management.

## LAWSON GIFFORD EDUCATIONAL TRUST

By will of the late Dr. Lawson Gifford a sum of £5,000 was bequeathed to the Colonial Secretary to be held in trust by Government, investment therefrom to be applied by Jamaica Schools' Commission in the form of Scholarships and for Prizes in such sums or of such nature as may be appointed by Governor in Privy Council. Scholarships not exceeding £30 will be given to assist pupils at grant-aided Secondary Schools.

## LUDFORD BEQUEST

THE following is an extract from the will, dated 12th July, 1875, of Thomas Ludford of the St. Dorothy's district of St. Catherine:—

"And as to the residue and remainder of my said estate, I direct my said executors to pay the same to the Governor of this island, for the time being, to be by him appropriated in the establishment and maintenance of a school, first in the town or village of Old Harbour, and then of such other schools in the old parish of St. Dorothy as the Governor may think fit, with the view of providing for those of all denominations who are destitute of the means of elementary instruction, such as is provided by the 18th Victoria, Chapter 54, in the parishes of Vere and Manchester. And I hereby declare that I leave to the Governor of this Island, for the time being, the establishment of such schools upon such rules and regulations for their proper conduct and government as he shall think best, so that whilst the instruction of the destitute poor may be provided for, others who may be in better circumstances may also be admitted to the said schools on such terms and conditions and under such regulations as the Governor may think proper".

There are three elementary schools supported by the Trust, with the help of the usual government grant, at Old Harbour, Old Harbour Bay and Good Hope.

Old Harbour Bay and Good Hope have been made Government Schools under the School Board from 1st July, 1927, but these occupy buildings owned and maintained by the Trust.

## GUTHRIE-DAVIDSON BEQUEST

THIS Fund was founded by the benevolence of James Guthrie-Davidson, of Montego Bay and later of Ardgath, Scotland. The bequest of £1,000 made under the provisions of the 4th sec. of 28 Vic. Cap. 23, yields a perpetual annuity thereunder of £60 for the maintenance and education of one boy and one girl of the parish of St. James.

The Jamaica Schools Commission drew up a scheme which came into force on the 1st of November, 1898, under which the half of the bequest hitherto devoted to the education and maintenance of one boy was to be devoted to the education of four boys at the Montego Bay Government Secondary School (now Cornwall College), and the other half to the education of four girls.

Three boys are now being educated under the provisions of the trust at the Cornwall College. Four girls, elected as beneficiaries, are now being educated at the Montego Bay High School, for girls. The election of beneficiaries is in the hands of the Parochial Board of St. James.

## MORGAN BEQUEST

THE Will of Michael Cuff Morgan, proved 29th July, 1889, provides that a sum not exceeding £500 be paid from the residue of his estate to the Jamaica Schools Commission to provide two Scholarships of £9 each at the Training College at Shortwood for two poor girls from the parish of St. Elizabeth, to be nominated by the Custos of that parish. £473 19s. 0d. was paid over in November, 1893, and invested in Inscribed Stock, bringing in an annual interest of £18. In 1937 the Stock became redeemable for £450 and this sum was re-invested in Government Inscribed Stock at 3½% bringing an annual dividend of £15 15s. 0d.

The Trust is administered by the Jamaica Schools Commission under rules originally passed in 1895 and revised in 1907 and again in 1917. Application forms may be obtained from the Lady Principal, Shortwood College, Constant Spring P.O.

## MERRICK'S CHARITY

THE Charity is given under the will of the late Charles Merrick, of the old Parish of St. George now parts of the parishes of Portland and St. Mary.\*

Under Merrick's Charity Law, Cap. 160, Scholarships are offered as follows:—

- (a) annually, beginning in January, 1917, a Scholarship of the annual value of £25 at the Farm School for three years subject to re-election at the end of the first and second year; and
- (b) in alternate years, beginning in January, 1917, a Scholarship of the annual value of £45, increased to £60 per annum with effect from 1st July, 1933, tenable at a school approved by the Board of Education for Scholarships under Articles 124-127 of the Regulations of the Education Department for four years, subject to re-election at the end of the first, second and third year.

The boys eligible for the Scholarships must be the children of persons who—

- (a) are in the opinion of the Trustees unable to pay for such higher education as is to be given;
- (b) have continuously lived within the district consisting of the former parish of St. George for at least three years next preceeding the year in which the Scholarships begin.

Candidates for the Scholarship under (A) must be not under fifteen nor over eighteen years of age on the 1st day of January in the year in which the Scholarship begins and are required to have passed the second year pupil teachers' examination either as pupil teachers (excluding the subject of teaching) or as volunteer candidates, prior to being admitted as candidates for the Scholarship. Candidates for the Scholarship under (B) must be not under ten years nor over thirteen years of age on the 1st of January, in the year in which the Scholarships begin. Examinations are held alternately at Annotto Bay and Buff Bay.

**TRUSTEES**—*Appointed by the Governor:* The Director of Education; Hon. Sir Noel B. Livingston; the member of the House of Representatives for Portland, the Custos of St. Mary. *Secretary*—W. A. Logan.

### •VERE TRUST

THE Trust was Established by Act of the Legislature in 1740 out of donations made from time to time for the establishment of a free School at Alley for the education and maintenance of poor children of the Parish of Vere which included a part of the Parish of Manchester.

In 1908 a Secondary School under the Schools Commission was established but was closed in 1917. Thereafter the funds of the Trust were restricted to the awarding of Scholarships tenable at recognised Secondary Schools and at Institutions for Agriculture, Technical or other Vocational Training.

At the end of the Trust year 31st July, 1949, 4 Scholarships at £50 per annum 2 at £60 per annum and 2 at £70 per annum were held at approved Secondary Schools in Jamaica, 2 Scholarships at £30 per annum at Jamaica School of Agriculture, and 5 scholarships at Government Practical Training Centre, Holmwood, Government Technical School, Kingston, and Research Dept., West Indies Sugar Co. Ltd., Monynusk, Alley. All scholarships are intended for pupils from Vere.

All candidates for Secondary School Scholarships have to pass the Jamaica Local Scholarship Examination, accepted as the qualifying examination; Regulations under the Scheme came into operation in 1932 and were amended in 1940 to afford Technical, Agricultural or other Vocational training.

**TRUSTEES**—Appointed by the Governor on the nomination of the Jamaica Schools Commission—Hon. A. M. Pawsey, *Chairman*, May Pen P.O.; Rev. N. F. Reader, May Pen P.O.; J. C. Fowles, Race Course P.O.

Appointed by the Governor on nomination of the Board of Education—H. F. Sanguinetti, J. E. Plummer, Race-Course P.O.; Elected by Parochial Board of Clarendon S. G. Beresford, May Pen, P.O. Rev. C. S. Clarke, James Hill, P.O. *Ex-Officio*—*Chairman*, Clarendon Parochial Board, May Pen P.O. *Vice-Chairman*, Clarendon Parochial Board, May Pen P.O. *Clerk*—Cyril C. Lewis, Mandeville P.O.

## THE ASSOCIATION OF ASSISTANT MASTERS AND MISTRESSES

### IN JAMAICA POST PRIMARY SCHOOLS

#### AIMS OF THE ASSOCIATION

- I. To promote the cause of Education.
- II. To protect and improve the status of Teachers.
- III. To promote and foster the spirit of sympathy and co-operation among teachers.
- IV. To undertake the settlement and adjustment of disputes, differences and other questions arising between any persons or bodies engaged in the profession of Education, or between them and any other persons or bodies.

#### OFFICERS FOR 1949-50:

*President*—Rev. Walter Foster, M.A., Calabar High School; *Vice-President*—Mrs. J. T. Clark, B.A., St. Hugh's High School; *Treasurer*—Mr. H. N. Walker, B.A., Wolmer's Boys School; *Secretary*—Mr. M. Keeshan, Jamaica College; *Asst. Secretary*—Miss M. Myers, B.A., Cathedral High School.

\* For Historical data, see Handbooks prior to 1927.



## EDUCATIONAL FACILITIES IN THE UNITED KINGDOM FOR CHILDREN OF CIVIL SERVANTS

1. *Lord Milner Memorial Scholarship*—Tenable at King's College, Canterbury, Kent.
2. *Clayesmore School, Dorset*—Bursaries (maximum £75 p.a.) are available to the sons of Colonial Civil Servants—a preparatory Department is attached to the School.

Particulars concerning the foregoing may be obtained on application to the Colonial Secretariat, Kingston.

3. *The Rajah of Sarawak Fund*—The fund was provided by the Rajah of Sarawak for the purpose of assisting in the education of children of European descent whose parents are British Subjects, one of whom is or was a higher Civil Servant (serving, retired or deceased) of any British Colony, Protectorate, Protected State or Mandated territory. Intending applicants should write for application forms direct to the Trustees of the Fund at the following address: Sanctuary Buildings, 18 Great Smith St.-S.W. 1.

4. *Imperial Service College (now amalgamated with Haileybury College)*—Reduced fees for boys of "service descent". Scholarships are open to such boys.

5. *Dover College, Kent*—Reduced terms for sons of officers serving overseas.

6. *Roedean School, Brighton* "Charter entries" for daughters of men in various services (including the Colonial Civil Service.)

*Note*—Particulars regarding (1) to (3) may be obtained on application to the Colonial Secretariat, Kingston.

Information regarding (4) to (6) should be obtained direct from the Head of the Institution concerned.

## JAMAICA UNION OF TEACHERS

THE objects of the Union, which was founded in 1894, are to create local associations of primary school teachers in the island, and to unite and concentrate their interests and influence by affiliation with a central body; to obtain the benefit of the collective experience of teachers on practical educational questions; to promote improved legislation on the subject of popular education; to improve the qualifications and status of teachers, to help teachers in finding employment in schools, and managers in filling vacancies therein; to establish a provident fund for the benefit of teachers.

The Union is affiliated with the National Union of Teachers of Great Britain, and the Caribbean Union of Teachers. There are at present 52 Associations and 10 Federations of teachers affiliated with the Union.

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS: *President*; Mrs. E. Dalton James, H. Anglin Jones, *General Secretary*.

Office Address of the General Secretary is 97 Church Street, Kingston.

## EMSLIE HORNIMAN ANTHROPOLOGICAL SCHOLARSHIP FUND

THE late Mr. Emslie John Horniman placed on record that his decision to create the Fund arose from his conviction, as a result of wide travel, that the scientific study of non-European peoples was vital to the British Empire, as well as to the health, happiness, progress and good government of these peoples throughout the world. In this connection he desired to further incidentally the study of prehistoric man in Europe. The object of the Fund, therefore, is to promote the scientific study of all that relates to the social, cultural and physical characteristics and development of such peoples and the Fund particularly seeks to encourage these studies by those whose interests or professions will bring them into contact with them. The Trustees will make such studentship awards as are likely to promote these objects.

Awards may be made to university graduates and to such other persons as shall satisfy the Trustees that they are likely, as a result of further study, to promote the objects of the Fund. Candidates must be of British nationality, but there are no restrictions as to race, colour, sex or religion. The awards will take the form of Studentships tenable normally for not less than one year, nor more than two, at any university which provides approved facilities. Schemes of study shall normally include provision for field work.

Preference will be given to candidates who satisfy the Trustees of their intention to follow a career that will enable them to continue their studies or researches outside Europe.

Members of the British naval, military, colonial, diplomatic or consular service, or like services of any of the Dominions or Dependencies of the British Empire, and those intending to enter them, are eligible for awards.

Applicants must submit proposals for a scheme of study and research, an estimate of expenses, and particulars of their income from all sources. Awards will vary in value and number, according to circumstances. Holders of Studentships will be expected to comply with the regulations of the university to which they are attached, to submit to such supervision as the Trustees may determine, and to render reports of progress upon request. If such reports are not satisfactory, the Trustees may discontinue payments.

Notice of forthcoming awards will be advertised annually.

All enquiries and correspondence should be addressed to the Secretary, Emslie Horniman Anthropological Scholarship Fund, 21 Bedford Square, London, W.C. 1.

A limited number of application forms can be obtained from the Secretariat, Kingston, Jamaica.

#### CHILDREN'S HOMES AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS

There are eighteen recognised and grant aided Children's Homes, six of which have been certified by the Governor in Privy or Executive Council as Industrial Schools under the provisions and for the purposes of the Reformatories and Industrial Schools Law, Chapter 113. The Director of Education is the Inspector of Industrial Schools under the Law.

These institutions are:—

	Average No. of Children attending
Stony Hill Industrial School .. .. .	545
Alpha Cottage Industrial School .. .. .	602
Swift-Purcell Industrial School .. .. .	73
Lyndale Industrial School .. .. .	29
Broughton Industrial School .. .. .	22
Farm Industrial School .. .. .	15
Maxfield Park Home .. .. .	148
Manning Home .. .. .	49
Pansy Garden (Mama Hall Memorial) Home .. .. .	7
Pringle Home .. .. .	27
Rio Cobre .. .. .	26
Salvation Army Home for the Blind .. .. .	46
Bethesda .. .. .	20
The Nest (for Children of leper parents) .. .. .	25
St. Christopher's Home for Deaf and Dumb .. .. .	23
Wesleyan Home (St. Ann's Bay) .. .. .	10
Rest View Home (Westmoreland) .. .. .	24
Wortley Home (St. Andrew— .. .. .	24

#### CHILDREN'S HOMES AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS MAINTENANCE RATES

The following have been fixed by the Governor in Executive Council as the rates at which the maintenance of each child committed by a Local Authority to the Institution stated should be reimbursed by the Local Authority.—

	Weekly rate
Stony Hill Industrial School .. .. .	14/-
Rio Cobre Industrial School .. .. .	14/-
Bellevue (Mannings) Home .. .. .	8/-
Alpha Industrial School .. .. .	14/-
Swift Purcell Home .. .. .	12/-
Lyndale Home .. .. .	12/-
Broughton Home .. .. .	12/-
Farm School .. .. .	10/-
Pringle Home .. .. .	10/-
Rest View Home .. .. .	10/-
Mama Hall .. .. .	10/-
Salvation Army Home for Blind .. .. .	14/-
St. Christopher's Home for Deaf and Dumb .. .. .	12/-

## CHAPTER XI

### ECCLIASTICAL AND RELIGIOUS

#### CHURCH OF ENGLAND\*

The Church of England was established in Jamaica in 1662 with the support and under the control of Government, on the endowment principle, her Ministers being state-paid. In 1870 however the gradual disendowment of the Church was set in motion by Law 30 of 1870 which provided for a constitution to be formed for the future Government of the Church on the voluntary principle.

A constitution was drawn up, by which the Church is governed today. The government of the Church is vested in a Synod consisting of a Bishop, the clergy and the representatives of the laity chosen by the registered male communicants and by such of the non-communicant members as may declare themselves to belong to no other religious denomination. All representatives to Synod are to be themselves communicants. A Diocesan Council consisting of twelve clergymen and twelve laymen "to advise and assist the Bishop in all matters connected with the administration of the Diocese, not specially committed to the management of the Financial Board" is appointed annually. The Diocesan Financial Board administers such central funds as may be committed to its control, and the revenues of Church property, according to such rules as the Synod may approve, and consists of the Bishop, the Assistant Bishop, the Archdeacons and Commissaries, the members of the Incorporated Lay Body and 12 elected members, one of whom is annually chosen by the Synod as chairman of such Board. The Corporate Body (or rather the Incorporated Lay Body of the Church of England in Jamaica) holds the property and funds of the Church and exercises all the other rights and duties required under the law; it consists of four communicants, lay members of the Church to be appointed by the Synod.

The management of the parochial or local affairs of the Church is placed in the hands of church committees, elected by those qualified to vote for lay representatives and to consist of not more than twelve members, two-thirds of whom should be communicants. The clergyman of the Church served is given the power of nomination and is chairman of the committee when in session. Two churchwardens are appointed for each Church from the elected Church committee—one to be chosen by the incumbent, the other by the church committee itself and their duties are the care of the Church buildings, churchyards, and other Church property, the allocation of pews and sittings and the preservation of order in the Churches.

The Diocese of Jamaica is divided into fourteen rural Deaneries, which are generally counterminous with the civil parishes of the Island. A Council called "The Parochial Council" is appointed in each Deanery, and consists of the clergymen in the parish or Deanery and one communicant member of the Committee of each Church. The Councils are principally advisory bodies to the Bishop and central Bodies of the Church. The duties of a Parochial Council are to obtain the annual returns required by Synod, and to see that they are forwarded to the Secretary of the Synod; to receive reports every quarter from all the clergymen in the Deanery or combined Deaneries; to manage the local affairs of the Jamaica Home and Foreign Missionary Society; to enquire into the ecclesiastical condition and wants of the Deanery or Deaneries, the titles and tenure of land or property; the condition or repair of churches and other buildings, any cases of complaint against a congregation or its clergyman, or any other matter referred to the Parochial Council by the Diocesan Council, or the Diocesan Financial Board.

According to the latest printed returns there are about 44,000 registered communicants of the Church of England in Jamaica.

This figure, however, does not include the large number of adherents of the Church who, though they are nominally members and attend the services, have not been enrolled as full members taking an active share in the work and responsibilities of the Church.

At the Census of 1943, 350,311 persons stated that they were adherents of the Church.

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\*For detailed history of the church see the Handbooks for 1892 and 1939, copies of which may be seen at the Institute of Jamaica.

DIOCESE OF JAMAICA

*Lord Bishop*—The Rev. Basil Montague Dale, M.A.

*Bishop Suffragan of Kingston*—The Rt. Rev. P. W. Gibson, B.A., B.D.

*Archdeacons*—Ven. H. F. R. Sharpe, Archdeacon of Middlesex; Ven. R. L. Reid, Archdeacon of Surrey; Archdeacon of Cornwall (vacant).

*Bishop's Commissaries in England*—Rev. Percy Steed, B.A., A.K.C., The Vicarage Barnes, 14 Grange Road, S.W. 13; Rev. A. G. Hardie M.A., The Rectory, Hexham Abbey, Northumberland; Rev. J. H. P. Welby, M.A., The Vicarage, Ushaw Moor, (Near Durham), Rev. A. C. Macnutt, M.A., Stopham Rectory, Pulborough, Sussex.

*Bishop's Commissary in U.S.A.*—Rev. G. T. Armstrong, 85-101 118th Street, Richmond Hill, Long Island, N.Y.

*Bishop's Examining Chaplains*—Bishop Suffragan, Rt. Rev. P. W. Gibson, B.A., B.D., Rev. Canon E. L. Evans, B.D.

*Diocesan Committee of Selection*—Ven. Archdeacon R. L. Reid, Mr. W. M. Fraser, I.S.O.

*Registrar*—Rev. F. G. Jolly.

*The Diocesan Synod*—President: The Bishop of Jamaica; Solicitor and Legal Adviser: Secretary: Rev. F. G. Jolly.

*Chancellor*—The Hon. J. L. Cundall, K.C.

*The Incorporated Lay Body*—Mr. L. P. Downer, O.B.E., Mr. W. M. Fraser, I.S.O., Mr. G. C. Gunter, Mr. Ed. Hanna, *Secretary* Hon. Sir Noel Livingston, Kt.

*The Diocesan Council*—President, The Lord Bishop, The Bishop Suffragan, The Archdeacons; *Elected by the Synod*: Revs. Canon E. L. Evans, B.D., Canon P. Chaperlin, Revs. R. O. C. King, M.A., J. C. E. Swaby, M.A., E. L. Maxwell, B.A., J. J. Hay, L.T.H., Messrs L. P. Downer, O.B.E., A. D. Soutar, F. M. Jones, L. A. Henriques, E. L. Jack, M.B.E., G. C. Gunter. *Nominated by the Bishop*: Revs. J. L. MacPherson, J. T. Clark, B.A. H. A. V. Graham, Canon A. N. Thomson, Canon W. L. Brown, Rev. E. B. Pike, Messrs. A. J. Watson, C. D. Neilson, I.S.O., A. A. Chambers, W. M. Fraser, I.S.O., K. deCasseres, C. B. Facey.

*The Diocesan Financial Board*—Chairman, L. P. Downer, Esq., O.B.E., *Permanent Members*—The Lord Bishop, The Bishop Suffragan, The Archdeacons, The Members of the Incorporated Lay Body. *Elected by the Synod*—Rev. Canon E. L. Evans, B.D., Messrs. E. L. Jack, M.B.E., C. B. Facey, Edward Hanna, Rev. E. L. Maxwell, Messrs. J. B. Powell, L. A. Henriques, F. M. Jones, Rev. R. O. C. King, M.A., Messrs. Chas. Shilleto, V. R. Parkinson, O. D. Sanguinetti. *Secretary*—Rev. F. G. Jolly, *Legal Adviser*: Auditor: Mr. G. W. N. Downer, C.A., *Treasurer*: Barclays Bank.

*Business Referees*—Hon. Sir G. C. Wainwright, Kt., Hon. F. M. Kerr-Jarrett, H. J. Evennett, Esq., O.B.E.

*Diocesan Inspector of Buildings* Ven. Archdeacon H. F. R. Sharpe.

*Diocesan Education Board*—The members of the Diocesan Council; *Secretary*: Rev. F. G. Jolly.

*Diocesan Sunday School Council*—President, The Archbishop. *Elected by the Synod*—Rev. J. T. Clark, Mr. E. V. Davidson, Rev. Canon E. L. Evans, B.D., M.T.H., Miss E. M. Rhodd, Deaconess L. C. M. Blake, Miss E. M. Seddon, Rev. E. L. Maxwell, B.A., Rev. R. O. C. King, M.A., Mr. A. D. Soutar, Mrs. N. F. Reader. *Nominated by the Bishop*: Revs. F. G. Jolly, W. Brassington, H. A. V. Graham, L. B. Harrison, Mr. C. D. Neilson, Rev. Canon W. L. Brown, Mr. N. B. Falconer, Miss D. McPherson, Miss A. Joyce, Miss Phyllis Hill.

*Jamaica Home and Foreign Missionary Society*—President: The Archbishop, The Bishop Suffragan, The Archdeacons, *Hon. Secretary*: Rev. Canon W. L. Brown, *Secretary*—Rev. F. G. Jolly.

*Rural Deans and Chairmen of Parochial Councils*—Kingston: Ven. Archdeacon R. L. Reid. *St. Andrew*: Rev. E. L. Maxwell, B.A., (Acting). *St. Thomas*: Rev. H. A. V. Graham. *Portland*: Rev. B. C. Jones, L.T.H. *St. Mary*: Ven. Archdeacon H. F. R. Sharpe. *St. Ann*: Vacant. *Trelawny*: Rev. S. D. Sanguinetti. *St. James*: Vacant. *Hanover*: Vacant. *Westmoreland*: Rev. Canon H. W. Cope. *St. Elizabeth*: Rev. C. L. Emanuel. *Manchester*: Rev. Canon P. Chaperlin. *Clarendon*: Rev. N. F. Reader, L.T.H. *St. Catherine*: Rev. J. A. L. Somerville.

*The Cathedral Chapter*—The Bishop of Jamaica, (Dean). The Bishop Suffragan of Kingston, The Archdeacons, Canons Revs. F. A. Parkins, M.A., (Senior Canon), A. N. Thomson, H. G. Lovell, E. L. Evans, B.D. (Canon Missioner), W. L. Brown, P. Chaperlin.

# NAMES OF CURES AND CLERGY

Churches and Mission Stations					Clergyman
<i>Kingston</i>					
Parish Church	..	..	..	..	E. L. Evans, B.D.
St. Mark's					
St. George's	..	..	..	..	R. O. C. King
Bull Bay				..	H. C. D. Mitchell
St. Michael's	..	..	..	..	J. C. Wippell, M.A.
Franklin Town	..	..	..	..	L. B. Harrison
St. Patrick's					
All Saints'	..	..	..	..	Vacant
St. Alban's					
The Grove	..	..	..	..	W. L. Brown
August Town					
St. Matthew's	..	..	..	..	J. C. E. Swaby
St. Barnabas					
Port Royal	..	..	..	..	R. O. C. King
<i>St. Andrew</i>					
Halfway Tree	..	..	..	..	J. T. Clark, B.A.
Kencot	..	..	..	..	H. D. Carrington, M.A.
Swallowfield					
St. Luke's	..	..	..	..	E. L. Maxwell
Whitfield	..	..	..	..	R. G. Gardner
Church of St. Margaret	..	..	..	..	J. L. MacPherson
Woodford	..	..	..	..	W. P. Freckleton
Craigton					
Maryland					
Mavis Bank	..	..	..	..	T. G. Brown
Clifton					
Mount James	..	..	..	..	E. B. Pike
Brandon Hill					
Stony Hill					
St. Christopher's					
Tom's River					
Scott's Hall					
Padmore					
Bowden Hill					
Vineyard Town	..	..	..	..	E. L. Evans
<i>St. Thomas</i>					
Morant Bay	..	..	..	..	H. A. V. Graham
Wilmington					
St. Boniface					
Trinityville	..	..	..	..	E. N. Peart
Yallahs					
Woburn Lawn					
Aeolus Valley					
The Abbey					
Danvers					
Golden Grove	..	..	..	..	E. S. Smith
Bath					
Port Morant					
Mount Felix					
Thornton					
<i>Portland</i>					
Port Antonio	..	..	..	..	B. C. Jones
Manchioneal	..	..	..	..	..
Rural Hill					
Boston					
Sherwood Forest					

NAMES OF CURES AND CLERGY—*contd.*

Churches and Mission Stations					Clergyman
Buff Bay	..	..	..	..	B. G. Wright
Birnamwood					
Fairfield					
Rose Hill					
St. Margaret's Bay	..	..	..	..	B. C. Jones
Hope Bay					
Bybrook					
Mount Hermon					
Fruitful Vale					
Claverty Cottage					
Moore Town	..	..	..	..	G. E. Mitchell
Fellowship					
Cooper's Hill					
John's Hall					
Comfort Castle					
<i>St. Mary</i>					
Port Maria	..	..	..	..	Wm. Brassington
Bonny Gate					
Highgate	..	..	..	..	Wm. Brassington
Woodside	..	..	..	..	
St. Martin's					
Richmond					
Annotto Bay	..	..	..	..	B. G. Wright
Enfield					
Belfield					
Bromley					
Long Road					
Retreat	..	..	..	..	H. F. Sharpe
Labyrinth					
Gayle					
Boscobel					
Guy's Hill	..	..	..	..	J. A. L. Somerville
Clapham					
<i>St. Ann</i>					
St. Ann's Bay	..	..	..	..	E. G. Allsopp
Chester					
Priory					
Ocho Rios	..	..	..	..	E. G. Allsopp
Salisbury					
Clifton Lodge					
Lime Hall	..	..	..	..	D. T. Thomas
Claremont					
Brittonville					
Prickly Pole					
Moneague	..	..	..	..	
Brown's Town	..	..	..	..	H. W. Bedloe, M.A.
Aboukir					
Bambo					
Aenon Town					
<i>Trelawny</i>					
Falmouth	..	..	..	..	Vacant
Lichfield					
Swanswick	..	..	..	..	Vacant
Retirement					
Jackson Town					

NAMES OF CURES AND CLERGY—*contd.*

Churches and Mission Stations				Clergyman
Rio Bueno	..	..	..	J. S. Rowe
Stewart Town				
Gibraltar				
Albert Town	..	..	..	S. D. Sanguinetti
Troy				
Wait-a-Bit				
Wilson Valley				
Craighead				
<i>St. James</i>				
Parish Church	..	..	..	Vacant
Grace Hill	..	..	..	
Holy Trinity	..	..	..	K. E. MacDonald
Marley				
Blue Hole				
Vaughansfield				
Montpelier	..	..	..	K. E. MacDonald
Chichester				
Cambridge				
Chester Castle				
Chigwell				
<i>Hanover</i>				
Lucea	..	..	..	H. E. McDonald
Dalmally				
Eaton				
Green Island		..	..	H. E. McDonald
Grange				
Church Hill	..	..	..	G. C. Bullock
<i>Westmoreland</i>				
Sav-la-Mar	..	..	..	H. W. Cope
Meylersfield				
George's Plain				
Grange Hill	..	..	..	G. C. Bullock
Bluefields				
Mount Grace				
Cessnock				
Grange				
St. Paul's	..		..	H. G. Boothe
Negril				
Mount Airy				
Darliston	..	..	..	E. R. Haughton
Petersfield				
St. Matthias				
Beeston Spring				
Kew Park	..	..	..	E. R. Haughton
New Road				
Hopewell				
Catadupa				
Ashton				
<i>St. Elizabeth</i>				
Black River	..	..	..	E. V. Kitson-Walters
Crawford				
Whitehall				
Kings				
Pondside				
All Souls'				

NAMES OF CURES AND CLERGY—*contd.*

Churches and Mission Stations	Clergyman			
Plains	..	..	..	J. W. Harpaul
Mountainside				
Barbary Hall				
Newell				
Gilnock	..	..	..	T. E. McKay
Lacovia				
Orange Grove				
Slipe				
Siloah	..	..	..	A. H. Smythe
Mount Trinity				
Mulgrave				
Belmore Castle				
Niagara				
Mount Hermon	..	..	..	H. A. Mitchell
Nain				
Southfield	..	..	..	C. L. Emanuel
Mayfield				
Stanmore				
Morningside				
Bull Savannah				
Alligator Pond	..	..	..	H. A. Mitchell
<i>Manchester</i>				
Mandeville	..	..	..	P. Chaperlin
Old England				W. A. Thompson
Mile Gully	..	..	..	W. T. Mumford
Comfort Hall				
Christiana	..	..	..	J. Bevan
Alston				
Spaldings				
Coleyville				
Battersea				
Sanguinetti				
Devon				
Porus	..	..	..	W. S. O'Meally
Chantilly				
Toll Gate				
St. Toolie's				
Cumberland				
Snowdon	..	..	..	H. D. Edmondson
Providence				
Pratville	..	..	..	A. H. Mumford
Smithfield				
Harmons				
Balaclava	..	..	..	A. H. Smythe
Keynsham				
Auchtembeddie				



NAMES OF CURES AND CLERGY—*contd.*

Churches and Mission Stations					Clergyman
<i>Clarendon</i>					
Chapelton	..	..	..		R. A. Llewellyn
Wildman's Gift					
Mount Providence					
Arthur's Seat					
Croft's Hill					
Good Hope					
Frankfield	..	..	..	..	R. A. Llewellyn
Red Hills					
Comfort					
Trinity					
Beckford Kraal					
May Pen	..	..	..	..	N. F. Reader
Hayes					
Mocho					
Richmond Park					
St. Peter's, Vere	..	..	..	..	K. D. Carnegie
St. John's, Vere					
Kemp's Hill					
Milk River					
Mitchell Town					
<i>St. Catherine</i>					
The Cathedral	..	..	..	..	J. A. Harding
Highgate					H. S. P. Warren (Hon.)
Mount Moreland					
St. Joseph's					
McCook					
Port Henderson					
St. Thomas ye Vale		..	..	..	J. A. L. Somerville
Holy Trinity, Linstead					
Ewarton					
Harewood		..	..	..	J. J. Hay
St. Faith's					
St. Boniface					
Hamwalk					
Troja					
Morris Hall					
Somerset Hall	..	..	..	..	Vacant
Bellas Gate					
Watermount					
Kentish					
Old Works					
Marlie Hill					
Eccleston					
Boyce					
Good Hope					
Lluidas Vale	..	..	..	..	H. H. Simpson
Point Hill					
Top Hill					
Juan de Bolas					
Camperdown					
St. Dorothy's, O.H.		..	..	..	T. E. Douglas
Holy Trinity, O.H.					
St. Philip's, O.H.B.					
St. John's O.P.C. Free Town					

CONGREGATIONAL UNION OF JAMAICA

(In connection with the Colonial Missionary Society, London, Incorporated).

These Churches were founded by the London Missionary Society, which commenced its operations in Jamaica in 1834.

When the Society relinquished its responsibility for the maintenance of its churches in the island, the Congregational or Independent form of church government was adopted and, in 1876, the Congregational Union of Jamaica was formed. The work is now carried on in connection with, and is subsidized by, the Colonial Missionary Society, London, (Incorporated).

In connection with this Union there are 35 churches, and a number of out-stations and meeting houses. The principal preaching stations are given below.

There are 11 ordained ministers and 1 home missionary, 3,000 church members (communicants) and 100 candidates and inquirers. In connection with the Sunday Schools there are 38 schools, 189 teachers, and 2,896 scholars.

The educational work of the churches is represented by 21 public elementary day schools, in which there are 3,087 children, with an average attendance of 1,820, also a Grant-Aided Secondary School, (Clarendon College) at Chapelton.

The number of adherents of the Union is given in the 1943 Census as 20,730.

The Secretary of the Union is Rev. M. L. Willis, J.P. Mocho P.O.

Church or Station	Accommodation	Minister	Church or Station	Accommodation	Minister
Kings. Nth. St.	700	Rev. J. Cariss Cross Roads	Chapelton (Union Salem)	550	W. R. Lake, M.A.
Shortwood ..	300	Student G. Fraser	Mt. Providence ..	100	
Porus, Whit field ..	900	Constant Spng. P.O.	Alexandria ..	60	
Rock ..	110	E. A. R. Haughton Porus	Crooked River	300	
Mt. Airey ..	200		Mt. Liberty ..	100	Trevor E. Hughes J.P., Jackson Town Rev. Stanford Webbey Dry Harbour
Richmd. Pk.	280		First Hill ..		
Four Paths	500	N. Fisher	Runaway Bay	200	
Breadnut ..	240	Four Paths	Dry Harbour	300	Pastor J. C. Woolley James Hill
Mandeville (Ridgemount)	800	T. Cox Mandeville	Mt. Zion		
Richmond ..	200		Brae Head	150	
New Green	180		Tabernacle	140	
Royal Flat	180		Tooting Hall	250	S. W. King, James Hill
Hanbury ..	100		Longlook ..	100	
Davyton ..	650	L. S. Squires, Williamsfield	Rutlands ..	150	
Blue Mtn. ..	135		Bunyan ..	300	
Bellefield ..	160		Collington ..	160	
Bethel ..	120		Beulah	60	
Brixton Hill	700	M. L. Willis, J.P., Brixton Hill, Mocho	Mahoe Hill ..	200	
Stewarton ..	100		Mt. Tabor ..	120	
Pleasant Vly.	100		Wilbury ..	300	
Woodside ..	30		Mt. Effort ..	60	

## JAMAICA ASSOCIATION OF CHRISTIAN CHURCHES

## (OR CHURCHES OF CHRIST IN JAMAICA)

The Christian Church of Jamaica, known as Disciples of Christ is part of the world-wide religious movement which had its beginning in 1809 as the outcome of the current dissatisfaction with Denominationalism.

It has as its object the union of all Christians on the common ground of the principles of Christ's teachings, they being emphasized above all human creeds which tend to serve only their day. In non-essentials the largest liberty is admitted.

The Jamaica work was opened in 1858 by the American Christian Missionary Society which was merged later in the United Christian Missionary Society which now works through a local organisation known as the Jamaica Association of Christian Churches.

The Association has thirty churches with an accredited membership of over 5,000 and over 5,000 associate members.

The Missionary Society is represented by Rev. Archie A. Allan, B.A., B.D. and Mrs. Allan, and Rev. Robert Nelson, B.A. and Mrs. Nelson, Missionaries.

The Churches are guided by a yearly Convention the Chairman of which is Rev. E. A. Edwards, J.P. A Central Committee functions quarterly as the Executive Committee of the Convention. The present Committee consists of Rev. E. A. Edwards, J.P., Cross Roads, *Chairman*, Mr. F. A. Hardie, Half-Way Tree, *Vice-Chairman*, Rev. E. J. Robertson, Kingston, *Secretary*, Rev. N. M. Townsend, B.A., *Asst. Secretary*, Rev. C. S. Shirley, Half-Way Tree, *Treasurer*, Messrs. C. Thompson, R. Metz and Leslie Burke, J.P.

The Churches are grouped into Districts as follows:—

District	Church	Pastor
Liguanea .. ..	Duke St. Christian Church ..	Rev. E. J. Robertson,
	Pretoria Road Church ..	Ditto
	Emanuel Chapel ..	Ditto
	Manning's Hill ..	Rev. N. M. Townsend, B.A.
	Torrington Christian Church	Rev. E. A. Edwards
Lawrence Tavern ..	King's Gate Christian Church	Rev. C. S. Shirley
	Oberlin .. ..	Rev. C. A. Robertson, M.A.
	Mt. Industry .. ..	Rev. A. A. Allan, B.A., B.D.
	Lucky Hill .. ..	Rev. N. M. Townsend,
Providence (St. Mary)	Providence .. ..	Rev. E. W. Hunt
	Chesterfield .. ..	Ditto
	Flint River .. ..	Ditto
Highgate .. ..	Bethel Christian Church ..	Rev. C. H. Morris, B.A.
	Mt. Vernon .. ..	Ditto
	Seaton .. ..	Ditto
	Airy Mount .. ..	Ditto
Portland .. ..	Berea .. ..	Rev. N. M. Townsend, B.A.
	Fairy Hill .. ..	Ditto
	Salisbury Plain (St. Andrew)	Ditto
	Craigmill .. ..	Rev. T. Lawrence
	Rock Hall .. ..	Ditto
	Cainwood .. ..	Ditto
Kalorama .. ..	Bloxburgh .. ..	Rev. I. A. Dunkley
	Mt. Olivet .. ..	Ditto
	Bushy Park .. ..	Ditto
	New Bethlehem .. ..	Ditto
Dallas .. ..	New Bethel .. ..	Rev. C. A. Robertson, M.A.
	Carmel .. ..	Rev. E. J. Robertson
	Friendship Brook .. ..	Rev. I. A. Dunkley
	Clifton .. ..	Vacant
	Mt. Zion .. ..	Rev. E. A. Edwards

## JAMAICA BAPTIST UNION

The report of the Jamaica Baptist Union for 1948 shows that there are 211 Churches in the Union, and 21 in the Cayman Islands, Central America, Cuba and Corn Island (Nicaragua), and 13 in Turks and Caicos Islands. In the Jamaica Churches there are 20,000 communicant members. There are 1,500 Enquirers. Chapel accommodation is provided for over 84,000. There are many very commodious and substantial places of worship belonging to the Baptists in the Island, such as, East Queen Street, Kingston, Mount Carey, Bethel Town, Falmouth, Brown's Town, Stewart Town, St. Ann's Bay, Jericho and many others.

The statements given above relate only to the churches included in the Jamaica Baptist Union. There are numerous baptist churches in the Island which do not belong to the Union. The Officers of the Union for 1949 are:—

*Chairman*—A. E. Brown, Hector's River.

*Vice-Chairman*—Rev. C. G. Whylie, Sav-la-mar.

*Secretary*—Rev. D. E. Allen, Thompson Town.

*Treasurer*—Rev. John M. Bee, Brown's Town.

*B.M.S. Representative*—Rev. Keith Tucker, M.A., B.D., Kingston.

The following Denominational Institutions are connected with the Baptist Body in Jamaica.

1. Calabar College, for the education of Ministers with which is affiliated the Calabar High School for the training of boys. Rev. Keith Tucker, President.

*Secretary*—Rev. E. H. Greaves, Anchovy. Mr. Murray White, Headmaster of High School.

2. The Baptist Missionary Society: Secretary, Rev. C. G. Whylie, Sav-la-mar P.O.

The Society was founded on its present basis in 1855, and its objects are thus set forth:—

To provide for the spiritual destitution of various parts of the Island.

To support the Calabar Institution.

To assist Youth work.

To send the Gospel to Africa, Central America and the Islands by which we are surrounded, and to aid churches in the Jamaica Baptist Union in their building operations.

3. The Young People's Department has Miss Enid Philips, 4 Trafalgar Road, St. Andrew as General Secretary, who takes care of the various branches of work among the young people. The Rev. A. E. Brown of Ocho Rios co-operates as Secretary of the Sunday School Society.

4. The Jamaica Baptist Women's Federation:—Secretary, Miss P. Tuckett, Calabar. There are over 1,000 Teachers and 15,000 Scholars in 200 Sunday Schools of the Union.

5. The Baptist Laymen's Association, Chairman, Dr. A. H. Stephenson, Kingston.

The following are recognised Baptist Ministers:—

Names	Addresses
Allen, D. E. .. ..	Thompson Town
Aljoe, E. H. .. ..	Alexandria
Anglin, J. W. N. .. ..	Petersfield
Bee, J. M. .. ..	Brown's Town
Beverley, L. M. .. ..	Four Paths
Brown, A. E. .. ..	Hectors River
Brown, L. .. ..	Clonmel
Brown, S. S. .. ..	Point Hill
Bastable, S. C. .. ..	Port Antonio
Chambers, R. G. .. ..	Spanish Town
Colquhoun, A. L. .. ..	Santa Cruz
Clarke, C. S., B.A., B.D. .. ..	James Hill
Clarke, J. N. .. ..	Duncans

Names	Addresses
Davis, David, B.A., B.D.	Calabar College, Kingston
Dillon, J. T.	101 Hope Road, Halfway Tree
Erskine, U. N. Leo	Trinity Ville
Foster, Walter, M.A.	Calabar College, Kingston
Gallimore, T. J.	Warsop
Greaves, E. H.	Anchovy
Helwig, S. H.	Montego Bay
Henry, J. C.	Spanish Town
James, S. S.	John's Hall
Jessop, E. A., M.A.	Sherwood Content
Jellyman, D. W., M.A., B.D.	Calabar College
Johnston, O. T.	Oracabessa
Knight, R. A. L., M.A., B.D.	Falmouth
Knight, Glaister	Balaclava
Lewis, Fergus	Chatham
McLaughlin, E. E.	Halfway Tree
McFarlane, S. A.	Brown's Town
Morgan, D. A.	Welcome Hall
Morgan, C. A.	Point
Orr, Cyrenius	Guy's Hill
Parsons, I. C.	Stewart Town
Reid, J. E.	St. Margaret's Bay
Rhynie, J. Leo	Gayle
Russell, C. A.	Cedar Valley
Samuels, C. A.	Crofts Hill
Sawyers, M. E. W.	12½ Pouyatt Street, Jones Town
Sawyers, T. B.	Chapelton
Tousalin, E. J.	Annotto Bay
Tharpe, B. M.	Porus
Thompson, W. J.	Buff Bay
Tucker, Keith, M.A., B.D.	Calabar College, Kingston
Walters, J. M.	Linstead
Whyllie, C. G.	Sav.-la-Mar
Muir, R. S.	St. Ann's Bay
Smith, J. W.	Water Lane
Scarlett, S. A.	Buff Bay
Woodyat, C. R.	Calabar College
Smith, S. S.	Yallahs
Smith, J. R.	Ginger Ridge

### FRIENDS CHURCH IN JAMAICA

The present work of Friends in Jamaica covers a period of over sixty years beginning with the religious visit of Evi Sharpless of Iowa U.S.A., early in the 1830's. Schools were opened wherever there were churches or evangelization since it was felt that the education of Jamaica's children was inseparable from the evangelization of its people.

The organization now comprises fourteen churches, seven day schools and two infant schools. All the Friends Churches in Jamaica were combined in 1941 in the Jamaica Yearly Meeting of Friends. Mrs. Gladys Jones of Hector's River P.O. is clerk; Rev. Adam Flatter is pastor of the churches in east Portland (Hector's River P.O.) Rev. Z. Cunningham is pastor in the Highgate area (Highgate P.O.); Rev. C. S. Vincent is pastor in western Portland (Buff Bay P.O.) Mr. George E. Minott is pastor of the Port Antonio area (P.O. Box No. 24, Port Antonio); Rev. Adam Flatter is Superintendent of the Jamaica Yearly Meeting (Hector's River P.O.). The Yearly Meeting was incorporated in 1945 under the title—"The Board of Trustees of the Jamaica Yearly Meeting of Friends Ltd." The Chairman of the Board of Trustees is Dr. Lenworth Jacobs (St. Anns Bay P.O.) the Secretary is Kenneth Jones (Hector's River P.O.).

There is a Friends Centre in Kingston at 11 Caledonia Avenue, Rev. Mack Jones and wife in charge (Cross Roads P.O.).

A Secondary School for both boys and girls is conducted at Happy Grove, Hector's River P.O. with Dr. K. B. M. Crooks as Headmaster.

The educational institutions at Highgate are all under the direction of the Friends Education Council Limited incorporated in 1942; Clifford Meredith is Principal (Highgate P.O.). Friends College was established in 1933; it is a school for training leaders in social service, rural work and craft instruction; Miss Kathryn C. Boswell is Principal. The Continuation School has done excellent work for over 13 years; Mrs. Ina Brown is Headmistress of this School. The Clermont School organized in 1943 gives elementary education and also training in trades, crafts and home-craft to the boys and girls of the two homes as well as to other children. The Swift-Purcell Home for boys (Clifford Meredith, Superintendent) houses about 70 boys. The Lyndale Home for girls with Miss Margaret Farlow as Superintendent has accommodation for about 40 girls.

### METHODIST CHURCH IN JAMAICA

The Methodist Church in the West Indies is the result of the labours of the Wesleyan Methodist Missionary Society. Its history in Jamaica dates from 1789.

The Churches in the West Indies are grouped into four Districts under the care and control of the Methodist Missionary Society.

The Jamaica District which includes missions in the Republics of Panama, Costa Rica, Haiti, Honduras, and in the colony of British Honduras, number over 22,000 full and accredited members, 19,200 Sunday School Scholars, 48 Ministers and Preachers on trial, 644 Lay Preachers and 2,300 Class Leaders. The 1943 Census reports 109,446 adherents to the Church.

There is also a College and Hostel for Theological Students in Kingston, and a Cottage Home for Orphan Children at St. Ann's Bay. Three Deaconesses are employed to work among women and girls in Kingston one of whom is in charge of training girls voluntary workers. There is also a Deaconess working among girls and women in the country parts. The St. Andrew High School for Girls, Halfway Tree, is run conjointly by the Presbyterian and Methodist Churches.

Rev. Walter H. Richards M.B.E., 10 Cargill Avenue, Halfway Tree P.O., is Chairman of the District and General Superintendent. Rev. John Poxon, B.A. is the Secretary.

The Synod meets annually in January.

#### STATISTICS FOR THE JAMAICA DISTRICT

Chapels	..	189	Attendants at public worship,	
Ministers	..	40	estimated	60,000
Lay Preachers	..	581	Sunday Schools	190
Members	..	19,654	Sunday Scholars	13,786
Members on trial	..	650	Day Schools	66
			Pupils	16,132

### MORAVIAN CHURCH

The Protestant Episcopal Church of the Unitas Fratrum, or Unity of the Brethren (commonly and now officially styled The Moravian Church, from the fact, that the original seats were in Bohemia and Moravia), began its work in Jamaica in 1754.

The number of communicants at the close of 1946 (from whom returns were received) was 5,212 with a total membership of 11,065. There are 53 schools with 11,080 names on the books.

The latest census gives the number of professed adherents as 50,207.

The Church maintains a training college for women at Bethlehem.

The Church in Jamaica is governed by the Provincial Synod which meets, as a rule, once in two years. The Church is directed, between Synods, by its Executive, The Provincial Elders' Conference, the members of which are Rev. R. J. Fleming, President, "New Castle", New Port P.O., Rev. S. A. Harriott, Treasurer, Moravia P.O., Rev. S. J. Swaby, Secretary, Beeston Spring P.O.

The following is a list of the Clergy of the Church, their Post Offices, and their Pastoral Charges:—

	Charge	Post Office	Parish
1. Rt. Rev. J. Kneale	{ Fairfield	Lincoln	Manchester
	Pepper	Pepper	St. Elizabeth
2. Rev. R. J. Fleming	Bethabara	Newport	Manchester
	Patrick Town	Ellen St.	Manchester

	Charge	Post Office	Parish
3. Rev. S. A. Harriott	Moravia Ritchies Bohemia	Moravia Spalding Lorrimer's	Clarendon Clarendon St. Ann
4. Rev. S. J. Swaby ..	Salem Content New Hope Debor	Beeston Spring Bluefields White House Black River	Westmoreland " " St. Elizabeth
5. Rev. Wm. O'Meally	Beaufort Ashton Cairn Curran Irwin Hill	Darliston " " Montego Bay	Westmoreland " " St. James
6. Rev. S. E. Morrison	Fulnec Merrywood Claremont	Middle Quarters Ipswich Springfield	St. Elizabeth " "
7. Mr. J. F. Smith .. Probationer,	Lititz Ballard's Valley	Watson's Hill Junction	St. Elizabeth "
8. Rev. S. U. Hastings	Mizpah Broadleaf Top Hill	Walderston Porus Mile Gully	Manchester " "
9. Rev. H. T. Cuthbert	Kingston	5 North St.	Kingston
10. Rev. B. L. McLeavy	Bethlehem	Malvern	St. Elizabeth
11. Rev. S. A. Harriott Acg. " Bethany " Beulah	Bethany Beulah	Devon Christiana	Manchester "
12. Rev. N. S. Neil ..	Nazareth Ockbrook New Eden	Maidstone Aberdeen Balaclava	Manchester St. Elizabeth St. Elizabeth
13. Rev. B. Muncaster	Springfield Pisgah	Springfield "	St. Elizabeth "
14. Rev. S. J. Swaby Actg.	Carmel New Works Kilmarnock	Carmel " "	Westmoreland " "
15. Rev. I. V. Peart	Carisbrook White Hill Langton Lacovia	Maggotty " Maggotty Lacovia	St. Elizabeth St. Elizabeth St. Elizabeth St. Elizabeth

The Bishop of the Province is the Rt. Rev. John Kneale, Fairfield, Lincoln.

## THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF JAMAICA

### IN FEDERAL RELATION WITH THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND

The Presbyterian Church of Jamaica dates from 1823. In that year, the Scottish Missionary Society (which, in 1796, was formed by Presbyterians of various sections in Edinburgh) received a request from several proprietors of estates in Jamaica to send out a minister to instruct their slaves. The first Missionary Rev. George Blyth, arrived in February, 1824, and began work at Hampden in Trelawny.

In 1847, the Scottish Missionary Society handed over all its Church Buildings and Congregations in this Island to the Synod of the United Presbyterian Church in Scotland and these with the others since gathered or added came to form the Presbyterian Church of Jamaica.

In 1900, the United Presbyterian Church and the Free Church in Scotland were united to form the United Free Church of Scotland and the Presbyterian Church of Jamaica came into federal relation with that Church. In 1929, the two great Branches of Presbyterianism in Scotland, represented by the Church of Scotland and the United Free Church.

of Scotland, entered into an incorporating Union under the name of "The Church of Scotland". The Church of Scotland began its work in Jamaica in the early years of the last century and the Scots Kirk in Kingston was opened in 1819. The Presbytery of the Church of Scotland in Jamaica consisted, in its normal strength, of four Ministers and twelve congregations, eleven of which were in the country and for the most part in the parish of St. Elizabeth. As a natural consequence of the Union which was effected in Scotland the organisations of the Presbytery of the Church of Scotland in Jamaica and those of the Presbyterian Church of Jamaica were amalgamated in 1931 and became one under the name of "The Presbyterian Church of Jamaica in federal relation with the Church of Scotland".

The Theological College is worked in conjunction with Methodists and Baptists.

The Presbyterian College is at "St. Colme's", 5 Lockett Avenue, Kingston. Rev. John Perry, B.D. is Principal.

The Synod of 1894 established a mission to the East Indian immigrants in the Island.

The official organ of the synod is "The Presbyterian", a monthly religious periodical. Rev. Lewis Davidson, M.A. is Editor.

In 1913, the Broughton Industrial Home was established in South Manchester with accommodation for 20 boys. While under the control of the Synod it is undenominational. It is an Industrial School under the law and is open to receive boys from any part of the Island. In 1917, it was enlarged to accommodate 40 boys. In August, 1919, the foundation stone of a new wing was laid, which provides increased accommodation for the staff and for class work. Another Industrial Home for boys has been opened at "The Farm," Montego Bay and the Home for girls which was opened on 1st August, 1922, at Carron Hall is now in operation. The Practical Training Centre for Girls is now the property of the Education Department.

In 1884, the Presbyterian Incorporating and Vesting Law was passed by which all of the Mission property is held in trust. *Members of the Corporation:* Kenneth L. Roxburgh, Esq., *Chairman*; and Revs. D. A. Rothnie, G. S. Grey, R. N. Dickson, J. A. Crabb, C. M. Watler and C. R. Webster, Esq., *Ex-Officio*.

*Members of Synodical Council:* Moderator of Synod, *Chairman*; Synod Clerk, Secretary Synod Treasurer, Theological Tutor, Principal of Knox College, Conveners of Standing Committees—Finance, Central Fund, Education, Women's Work, Youth Work, Church and Island, Industrial Homes—A Representative from each Presbytery. Revs. I. S. R. Panton, A. Dell, C. M. Watler and Dr. McTaggart with Messrs. F. A. Foster, G. H. Williams and H. S. Schleifer.

The Synodical Council meets quarterly on the fourth Wednesday of January, April, July and October and has full Executive powers.

Each congregation is under the government of a Session of Elders, chosen by the communicants, at whose meetings the Minister presides. From any decision of the Session there is an appeal to the Presbytery of the district, which consists of the ministers and an elder from each of the charges: and from their decision there is an appeal to the Synod, which meets once a year, and consists of all the ministers and an elder from each charge, presided over by a Moderator elected annually. There are five Presbyteries, North-eastern, South-eastern, North-Western, Southern and Grand Cayman, and in these the elders and ministers all vote as one order. The same is the rule of voting in the Synod.

The Moderator for the year 1949—Rev. J. M. Davis. The Clerk of the Synod is the Rev. R. N. Dickson, Cross Roads.

The Synod celebrated the Centenary of the work of the Presbyterian Church of Jamaica in February, 1924, and as a Thank Offering instituted a Fund for Higher Education. From this has sprung the St. Andrew High School for Girls, Halfway Tree.

The 1943 Census states that there are 92,975 adherents to this Church.

Knox College—a centre of Education and a Church Centre was opened on 3rd Sept. 1947. It is situated at Spaldings and is the outcome of a great effort on the part of members of the Presbyterian Church with the assistance of the Church of Scotland and interested friends.

The Headmaster is the Rev. Lewis Davidson, M.A. Honours and the School is controlled by a Board of Governors appointed by the Church with two representatives from Government.



## MINISTERS AND STATIONS

## NORTH-WESTERN PRESBYTERY

Ministers	Stations	Post Offices
D. A. Rothnie, M.A. .. ..	Lucea, Campbell	Lucea
Vacant .. ..	Mem. Lances Bay	
J. S. Wint .. ..	Green Island	Green Island
	Brownsville, Carlile	Cascade
	Mem.	
H. U. Messam .. ..	Riverside, Cacoon	Dias
R. C. Gordon .. ..	Askenish, Maryland	Askenish
E. J. Caolsingh .. ..	Stirling, Paul Island	Grange Hill
Vacant .. ..	Friendship Blawearie	Friendship
H. McTear .. ..	Sav.-la-Mar, Negril,	Sav.-la-Mar
	Little London	
W. J. Hutton, M.A. .. ..	Montego Bay	Montego Bay
Vacant .. ..	Mt. Horeb, Pisgah	Mt. Horeb
G. S. Grey, (clerk) .. ..	Mt. Hermon, Retrieve	Lamb's River
V. N. Robinson .. ..	Mt. Zion, Somerton	Little River
	Reid's Friendship	
Vacant .. ..	Falmouth, Bellevue	Falmouth
I. A. Dell, Emeritus .. ..	Hampden	Hampden

## NORTH-EASTERN PRESBYTERY

R. A. Campbell .. ..	Carron Hall, Hampstead	Carron Hall
H. B. Swaby .. ..	Goshen, Gayle, Woodpark	Lucky Hill
C. C. Virtue .. ..	Lauriston	Epworth
S. R. Pantou .. ..	Rosehill, Brainerd, Lewisburg, Marlborough	Troja
H. Ward .. ..	Salem, Rosebank, Castleton, Zion Hill	Islington
J. M. Davis (clerk) .. ..	Port Maria, Preston, Free Hill	Port Maria
Vacant .. ..	Seafield, Cedar Valley	Carron Hall
	Windsor Castle	
E. L. Waite .. ..	Mt. Regale, Eliot, Richmond Road, Job's Hill, Rock River	Richmond
J. G. Peterkin .. ..	.. ..	Carron Hall
Emeritus		

MINISTERS AND STATIONS—*contd.*

## SOUTH-EASTERN PRESBYTERY

Ministers	Stations	Post Offices
J. A. Crabb, M.A. .. ..	St. Andrew's Scots Kirk	Cross Roads
John Perry, B.D. .. ..	St. Paul's,	Kingston
R. N. Dickson .. ..	Web. Mem.	Cross Roads
R. E. Philips .. ..	Mt. Carmel, Light of the Valley	Colonel's Ridge
J. F. Hart .. ..	Brown's Hall Dodington	Brown's Hall
C. M. Walter (Clerk) .. ..	St. John's	Cross Roads
D. R. Miller .. ..	Lincoln Kirk	Kingston

## SOUTHERN PRESBYTERY

J. J. Thomas .. ..	Victoria Town	Victoria Town
A. E. Henry .. ..	Bryce, Robin's Hall	Coleyville
C. N. Andrews .. ..	Ebenezer	Knockpatrick
W. E. Maxwell .. ..	Plowden, Alligator Pond	Alligator Pond
C. A. Thomas .. ..	Mt. Olivet, Spalding Baillieston	Walderston
G. E. Kenny .. ..	Retirement, Glen Stuart, Thornton, Accompong	Maggoty
Vacant .. ..	Medina, Hyde Park	Maidstone
James Moon .. ..	New Broughton, Grove	Cross Keys
E. G. Royal .. ..	Giddy Hall, Happy Grove, Cambridge Kilmarnock	Giddy Hall
J. J. Thomas, Jr. .. ..	Lowe River, Pike, Cascade ..	Lorrimers
B. C. Lumsden .. ..	Emeritus ..	Alligator Pond
L. Davidson, M.A. .. ..	Knox College ..	Spalding

## GRAND CAYMAN PRESBYTERY

G. Hicks, B.A. .. ..	Georgetown, Prospect	George Town
J. R. Gray, B.Sc. .. ..	West Bay, Savannah	West Bay
S. H. Ricketts .. ..	Bodden Town, East End, Gun Bay, Northside	Bodden Town
J. S. Blackman Emeritus		West Bay

## ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH

THE Roman Catholic population of Jamaica numbers about 80,000 of whom more than one-half resides in the Corporate area.

Their Vicar Apostolic is the Most Rev. Thomas Addis Emmet, S.J., D.D., Bishop Tuscumia. There are sixty-four priests, four scholastics and three lay brother assigned to the Vicariate. In addition there are five communities of Sisters, engaged principally in teaching or in hospital work. They are the Sisters of Mercy, 60 in number; the Sisters of St. Francis, 46 in number; the Sisters of St. Dominic, 15 in number; the Sisters of St. Francis of Perpetual Help, 45 in number, and 11 Marist Sisters in charge of the Leper Home.

Throughout the Island there are 88 churches, chapels or stations; 44 Catholic Elementary Schools, 10 Secondary Schools, 2 Industrial Schools, 1 Training School, 1 Hospital.

The principal church in Kingston is the Cathedral of the Holy Trinity situated at the eastern end of North Street. There are also in the Corporate Area the following churches with sufficiently large congregations:—St. Anne's Oxford Street; Holy Rosary on the Windward Road, Holy Cross near Halfway Tree and St. Peter and Paul, Old Hope Road. St. Peter Claver Waltham Park Road, Sts. George and Elizabeth, Ransford Avenue, St. Theresa, Vineyard Town.

## HOURS OF SERVICE

*The Cathedral*—Sundays—5.00, 6.00, 7.00, 8.00 and 9.00 a.m.; 3.30 and 7.00 p.m. Week Days—5.30, 6.00 and 6.30 a.m.; Wednesdays and Fridays—7.00 p.m.

*St. Anne's*.—Sundays—5.30, 7.00 and 8.00 a.m.; 3.30 and 7.00 p.m. Week Days—6.00 and 6.30 a.m.; Wednesdays and Fridays—7.00 p.m.

*St. Theresa*—Sundays—6.30 and 7.30 a.m.—Week Days—6.30 a.m.

*Holy Rosary*.—Sundays—5.30, 6.30 and 7.30 a.m.; 7.15 p.m. Week Days—6.30 a.m. Fridays—7.15 p.m.

*Holy Cross*.—Sundays—6.30, 7.30 and 8.30 a.m.; 7.30 p.m. Week Days—6.30 a.m.

*Sts. Peter and Paul*—Sundays—6.30, 8.00 and 9.00 a.m. Week Days—6.30 a.m.

*St. Peter Claver*—Sundays—6.00 a.m. and 7.30 a.m. Week Days—6.00 a.m.

*St. George and Elizabeth*—Sundays—7.00 a.m.—Week Days—6.30 a.m.

Bishop's Residence—North Street, Kingston, Most Rev. Thomas A. Emmet, S.J., D.D. L.L.D.—Chancellor and Secretary—Rev. G. O. Wilson Ph.D. D.D. J.C.D.

St. Peter Canisius Residence — 1½ North Street, Kingston, Very Rev. Walter J. Ballou, S.J., Superior of the Mission, Rev. G. F. Heffernan, S.J., Editor, Catholic Opinion, Rev. C. A. McMullan, S.J., Rev. J. P. Sullivan, S.J.

*Winchester Park*—Rev. D. T. Tobin, S.J., Rector, St. George's College; Rev. G. M. Kilcoyne, S.J., Minister; Rev. L. T. Butler, S.J., Treasurer; Rev. D. J. Cruchley, S.J., Headmaster; Rev. J. A. Blatchford, S.J., Rev. J. K. Countie, S.J., Rev. J. P. Dorsey, S.J., Rev. W. H. Feeney, S.J., Rev. P. A. Fuhs, S.J., Rev. W. H. Hannas, S.J., Rev. G. J. Hennessey, S.J., Rev. R. E. McCluskey, S.J., Rev. A. B. Ochs, S.J., Rev. T. W. O'Connor, S.J., Rev. J. J. Sullivan, S.J., Rev. E. J. Welch, S.J., Messrs. J. J. Corroll, S.J., J. M. Fallon, S.J., L. J. McGovern, S.J., G. W. Nolan, S.J. Bro. M. V. Ahern, S.J., J. F. Connolly, S.J., who are on the staff of St. George's College. In residence: Rev. F. J. Donovan, S.J.

Cathedral Rectory North Street—Rev. R. J. Fox, S.J., Rev. J. Crowley, S.J., Bro. A. LeBel, S.J., Rev. J. J. Dolan, S.J., Rev. J. B. Healy, S.J., Rev. William A. Connolly, Rev. Joseph J. Donohue, S.J.,

Campion Hall Preparatory School, 115 Old Hope Road—Rev. J. M. Krim, S.J., Rev. W. F. Coleman, S.J., Rev. L. X. Russell, S.J.,

St. Anne's Church Oxford St., Kingston—Rev. J. J. Williams, S.J. Rev. B. J. Reilly, S.J. Holy Rosary Church, Windward Road — Rev. P. J. Branon, S.J., Rev. F. C. Jackmauh, S.J.

Holy Cross Church, Halfway Tree—Rev. P. D. Kiely, s.j., Rev. T. D. Glavin, s.j.,  
Rev. W. F. Mc Hale, s.j., Rev. F. C. Jackmauh, s.j.,

St. Theresa's Church, Vineyard Pen—Rev. F. J. Donovan, s.j.

St. George and St. Elizabeth's Church, Ransford Ave.—Rev. T. D. Glaven, s.j.

Sts. Peter and Paul—Rev. J. L. LeRoy, s.j.

St. Peter Claver—Rev. A. M. J. Vidal.

Place	Priest	Place	Priest
<i>St. Andrew</i>		<i>Portland</i>	
Gordon Town	.. Rev. J. L. LeRoy, s.j.	Port Antonio	.. Rev. W. F. Dwyer, s.j.
Hagley Gap	.. "		.. "
Rock Hall	.. Rev. E. K. Cheney, s.j.	Manchioneal	.. "
King, Weston	.. Rev. R. J. Coakley, s.j.	Buff Bay	.. "
	.. "	Avocat	.. "
Stony Hill	.. "	Millbank	.. "
Mount Friendship	.. "		
Tom's River	.. "	<i>St. Mary</i>	
		High Gate	.. Rev. J. L. Hurld, s.j.
Pinto	.. Rev. E. K. Cheney, s.j.	Port Maria	.. Rev. J. L. Hurld, s.j.
White Hall	.. Rev. P. D. Kiely, s.j.	Preston Hall	.. "
Harbour Head	.. Rev. J. Branon, s.j.	Mile Gully	.. "
<i>St. Thomas</i>		Oracabessa	.. "
Morant Bay	.. Rev. F. J. Mahoney, s.j.		
Port Morant	.. "	Belfield and Free Hill	.. "
Stokes Hall	.. "	Annotto Bay	.. Rev. S. C. Garavaglia, s.j.
Seaforth	.. "		.. "
Yallahs	.. "	May River	.. "
		Mt. Joseph	.. "
		Donnington	.. Rev. N. H. Donahue, s.j.
<i>St. Ann</i>			.. "
Brown's Town	.. Rev. C. L. Judah, s.j.	Jeffreys Town	.. "
St. Ann's Bay	.. Rev. R. R. Sullivan, s.j.	Devon Pen	.. Rev. R. J. Coakley, s.j.
Alva	.. Rev. R. I. Burke, s.j.	<i>Westmoreland</i>	
Murray Mount	.. "		
Somerton	.. "	Sav.-la-Mar	.. Rev. S. J. Judah, s.j.
Lochroch Side	.. "	Revival	.. "
Moneague	.. Rev. N. H. Donahue, s.j.	Top Hill	.. "
Concord	.. "	Seaford Town	.. Rev. F. G. Kempel, s.j.
Guys Hill	.. "		.. Rev. S. J. Judah, s.j.
<i>Trelawny</i>		Orange Hill	.. Rev. S. J. Judah, s.j.
Refuge	.. Rev. C. L. Judah, s.j.		
Falmouth	.. Rev. J. J. Becker, s.j.	<i>St. Elizabeth</i>	
		Pisgah	.. Rev. F. G. Kempel, s.j.
<i>St. James</i>		Black River	.. "
Montego Bay	.. Rev. J. J. Becker, s.j.	Brighton	.. S. J. Judah, s.j.
Reading Pen	.. "		
Cambridge	.. Rev. F. G. Kempel, s.j.	<i>Manchester</i>	
		Mandeville	.. Rev. C. J. Eberle, s.j.
<i>Hanover</i>			
Luca	.. Rev. S. J. Judah, s.j.	Christiana	.. "
	.. "	Porus	.. "
Chester Castle	.. Rev. T. E. O'Lalor, s.j.	Balacava	.. "
	.. "	Cocoa Walk	.. "

Place	Priest	Place	Priest
<i>Clarendon</i>		<i>St. Catherine, contd.</i>	
May Pen	.. Rev. F.J. Osborne, S.J.	Above Rocks	.. Rev. E. K. Cheney, S.J.
Chapelton	.. "	Cassava River	.. "
Mocho	.. "	Harker's Hill	.. "
Vere	.. "	Spanish Town	.. Rev. M. F. Ashe, S.J.
		Old Harbour	.. "
<i>St. Catherine</i>		Guanaboa-Vale	.. "
Linstead	.. Rev. H. W. Ball, S.J.	Gregory Park	.. Rev. J. R. Knight, S.J.
Exwarton	.. Rev. H. W. Ball, S.J.	Port Henderson	.. "

### THE SALVATION ARMY

THE Salvation Army is a world-wide renowned religious and charitable institution, acclaimed by leaders in civic, governmental and professional life for its broad humanitarian service and accomplishments. It has a distinct legal existence, a recognized form of worship, a formal code of doctrine and discipline, an impressive religious history and a literature of its own.

The Army is an organization complete within itself with a membership of officers, soldiers, recruits and adherents. It maintains established places of worship, a number of social service institutions, holds classes for the character-building instruction of the young, and conducts schools for the preparation of its officers, who are commissioned to minister in the many departments of service upon completion of prescribed courses of study.

In addition to conducting public services and carrying on a manifold welfare programme among the poor and distressed, Salvation Army officers are authorized to perform marriage ceremonies, bury the dead, dedicate children, console the bereaved and advise and instruct all who come to them for such ministrations.

The work of The Salvation Army in Jamaica was commenced in 1887, and from this beginning has spread throughout the West Indies as well as to the adjacent countries of Central and South America.

Jamaica is now the Territorial Headquarters for Salvation Army work in Jamaica, Cuba, Bahamas, British Honduras, Panama Canal Zone, Panama Republic, Costa Rica, Columbia, Curacao, British Guiana, Dutch Guiana, Trinidad, Barbados, the Leeward and Windward Islands, also the Virgin Islands.

The work is directed by Colonel William Sansom, Territorial Commander, assisted by Lieut. Colonel Theo. Holbrook Chief Secretary. Postal address Post Office Box 153, and the Headquarters is situated on King and North Parade Streets, Kingston, Jamaica. Officers in charge of the various departments—Lieut-Colonel Eunice Gregory Financial Secretary Trade & Property Secretary, Brig. O. Dadd, Territorial Young Peoples' Secretary.

Evangelism has always been the keynote of Salvation Army endeavour and in 96 centres, under the direction of Commissioned Officers, the Gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ is being preached, and these centres are under the direction of Major John Nelson, Divisional Commander.

The Officers' Training College for the Central America and West Indies Territory is located at 174 Orange Street, Kingston. The Training Principal Brigadier James S. Austin is assisted by Sr. Capt. A. Rollock, Capt. Laura Darrell, Pro. Lieut. F. Sumpter,

Young People's activities include Sunday Schools, Youth Groups, Life Saving Scouts, Guides, Cubs, and Sunbeams Troops. Young People's Bands and Singing Companies, Day Schools. Major Aston Davis, is the Divisional Secretary.

The Home League, the women's organization, with nearly a thousand members is doing splendid work. Weekly meetings are held and the women of Jamaica receive spiritual help as well as direction in the management of the home and in community life. *President*, Mrs. Colonel W. Sansom; *Territorial Secretary*, Mrs. Lieut. Col. T. Holbrook; *Divisional Secretary*, Mrs. Major J. Nelson.

The War Cry is the official organ of The Salvation Army, and is published monthly. The Young Soldier is a monthly periodical for young people.

Particulars of the Social Service work of The Salvation Army will be found in Chapter XVIII of the Handbook.

LIST OF CORPS AND COMMANDING OFFICERS IN JAMAICA

Corps.	Commanding Officers
Kingston Central	Captain Alfred Townsend Pro. Lieut. Roy Robinson
Allman Town	Captain Amos Reid
Jones Town	Captain Samuel Daley
Rae Town	Captain Joyce Morris
Alley	2nd. Lieut. S. Riley
All Valley	2nd. Lieut. O. Williams
Balaclava	Major Johanna Winder 1st. Lieut. N. Terrelonge
Bethel Town	Captain K. Lawson
Black River	Pro. Lieut. E. Bailey
Bluefields	Captain L. Bernard
Buff Bay	Sr. Capt. E. Ranger
Cave Mountain	Captain V. Josephs Pro. Lieut. V. George
Cave Valley	Captain Doris Smith
Caymanas	Captian C. Grant
Culloden	Major Iris Rankin
Develand	Captain L. Green 2nd. Lieut. L. Clarke
Dunsville	2nd. Lieut. R. Grierson
Falmouth	Captain H. Morris
Gayle	2nd Lieut. M. Linton 2nd. Lieut. S. Murray 2nd. Lieut. V. Saunders
Gibraltar	Captain Z. Samuda
Ginger Ground	2nd. Lieut. I. Foreman
Glengoffe	2nd. Lieut. Vida Riley
Haddo	2nd. Lieut. N. Raeburn
Highgate	Pro. Lieut. V. Williams
Hopewell	Pro. Lieut. E. Francis
Lennox Bigwoods	Captain Headley Grant
Lime Hall	Captain D. Forrest
Linstead	2nd Lieut. M. Burnett
Lucea	Sr. Capt. Gwen Daley Pro. Lieut. C. Howden 2nd Lieut. I. Hammil
Manchioneal	Captain Joyce Higgins
Mandeville	Pro. Lieut. E. Powers Major Zedekiah Wisdom
Montego Bay	Captain H. Hector
Morant Bay	Captain Mavis Tatham
Mountainside	1st. Lieut. D. Sullivan Pro. Lieut. K. Leake Pro. Lieut. B. Pink
Newport	Sr. Capt. L. Critchlow
Oracabessa	Captain P. Benjamin
Point	Pro. Lieut. B. Kerr Major Sarah Smith
Port Antonio	Adjutant C. Waite
Port Maria	Pro. Lieut. O. Campbell Captain H. Jackson
Porus	Sr. Captain L. Kinglocke
St. Ann's Bay	Sr. Capt. H. Crooks
Sav-la-Mar	Captain H. Robinson
Spaldings	Sr. Capt. K. Hibbert
Spanish Town	2nd. Liet. M. Emmanuel
Springfield	Captain Ruth LeMonte
Top Hill	Pro. Lieut. E. Johnson

## SEVENTH DAY ADVENTISTS

The first Seventh-day Adventist Church in Jamaica was organized in Kingston in the year 1894. At the present time there are 242 organized churches with a membership of 15,845. There are also 262 Sabbath Schools, with a membership of 15,002. The total number of adherents is given as 27,402 in the 1943 Census.

To take care of the growing needs of the work in Jamaica, the territory was divided in 1944 into two missions: East Jamaica Mission, consisting of the parishes of St. Catherine, St. Mary, Portland, St. Thomas, St. Andrew and Kingston, with its head office at 176 Orange Street, Kingston; West Jamaica Mission, consisting of the parishes of Clarendon, Manchester, St. Elizabeth, Westmoreland, Hanover, St. James, Trelawny and St. Ann, with its head office "Hazelrigg" Mandeville. On January 1, 1949, these two Missions were re-organized with the full status of Conferences.

As a central governing body, the British West Indies Union Mission of Seventh-day Adventists was also organized in 1944. This organization takes care of the work in Jamaica, the Bahamas, British Honduras, Cayman Islands, the Turks and Caicos Islands with its head office in Mandeville.

Officers of these organizations are as follows:—

**BRITISH WEST INDIES UNION**—*President:* R. W. Numbers; *Secretary, Treasurer and Auditor:* Clyde O. Franz; *Executive Committee:* R. W. Numbers, H. D. Colburn, Clyde O. Franz, H. S. Walters, A. R. Haig, E. E. Parchment, W. S. Nation, J. N. Williams, K. S. Crofoot, W. H. Waller, O. V. Schneider, A. W. N. Druitt, B. G. Butherus, W. A. Osborne, E. C. H. Reid, M. G. Nembhard, R. E. Gibson, B. R. Hamilton.

**EAST JAMAICA CONFERENCE**—*President:* K. S. Crofoot, *Secretary-Treasurer:* Edna W. Parchment; *Executive Committee:* K. S. Crofoot, E. W. Parchment, A. D. Laing, A. C. Stockhausen, M. G. Nembhard, C. F. Edwards, W. J. Miller, *Departmental Secretary:* Home Missionary and Sabbath School A. C. Stockhausen; *Young People's M. V. and Educational:* H. E. Nembhard; *Publishing:* Ivan Benson.

**WEST JAMAICA CONFERENCE**—*President:* W. S. Nation; *Secretary-Treasurer,* Mrs. D. Rodriguez; *Executive Committee,* W. S. Nation, Mrs. D. Rodriguez, E. C. H. Reid, K. G. Vaz, C. S. Greene, H. S. Brodie, F. H. Fletcher. *Departmental Secretaries:* Home Missionary, *Young People's M. V. and Educational,* C. S. Greene; Sabbath School, Mrs. W. S. Nation.

**ORDAINED MINISTERS IN JAMAICA**—R. W. Numbers, C. O. Franz, H. S. Walters, A. R. Haig, E. E. Parchment, H. D. Colburn, B. G. Butherus, W. A. Osborne, Stanley Bull, Frank Fletcher, Frank Hall, W. A. Holgate, A. D. Laing, E. C. Walton, W. S. Nation, E. J. Parchment, C. S. Greene, W. H. Rondle, B. E. Hurst, S. G. Lindo, E. C. H. Reid, J. A. Reid, W. U. Campbell, K. G. Vaz, G. A. E. Smith, A. C. Stockhausen, Lee Goulbourne, H. E. Nembhard, M. G. Nembhard, K. S. Crofoot.

**EDUCATIONAL**—(See also West Indian Training College). In 1947 the "New Hope College, became the "Kingsway High School". The new location of the school is at 12 Osbourne Road, Halfway Tree. *STAFF: Headmaster:* W. A. Holgate, V. H. Percy, Eva Williams, Jean Mullings, E. Parker, Olga Smith.

**MEDICAL**—The Andrew's Memorial Hospital was opened in 1945. The hospital is located at 27 Hope Road, Halfway Tree, and is equipped to give special treatments in hydrotherapy and physiotherapy besides the proven medical and surgical methods. The total accommodation for in-patients is 50 beds.

The Andrews Memorial clinic is a unit of two buildings situated at 56 James Street, Kingston. The Clinic is equipped with up-to-date instruments for the diagnosis and treatment of all types of diseases requiring medical and surgical treatment. Also included in this unit is a modern operating theatre and clinical laboratory. The ward unit will accommodate 22 in-patients, but this is being extended up to 50 patients in the near future. Both units offer free treatment to the truly destitute, and those of moderate means may obtain excellent medical care at a low cost.

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS**—R. W. Numbers, A. W. N. Druitt, John Shone, E. C. Parchment, B. R. Hamilton, R. Mitchell, C. O. Franz, B. G. Butherus, L. A. Morrison, W. S. Nation, H. D. Colburn, E. E. Walters, M. G. Nembhard, K. S. Crofoot, H. S. Walters, R. E. Gibson, E. E. Parchment, W. H. Waller, A. R. Haig, J. N. Williams.

**ADMINISTRATION**—*Medical Director:* A. W. N. Druitt, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (London); *Business Manager,* B. R. Hamilton; *Director of Nurses,* R. Mitchell; *Treasurer,* E. C. Parchment.

**MEDICAL STAFF**—A. W. N. Druitt, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (London); John Shone, L.R.C.P. (London); Roy Berrett, M.D.

# UNITED CONGREGATION OF ISRAELITES (Jews)

THE 1943 Census reports that there are 1,277 adherents to the Jewish Faith.

The Synagogue of the Congregation is situated at Duke Street. *Minister*—Rev. H. P. Silverman, Residence, 6 Haining Road, St. Andrew.

*President*—A. C. L. Delgado, *Vice-President*—Granville DeLeon, *Treasurer*—Sanuel C. Henriques, *Secretary*—D. Sampson.

## AFRICAN METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCHES IN JAMAICA

THE African Methodist Episcopal Church was established in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, U.S.A., in the year 1816 by free negroes.

This church was introduced in Jamaica by the Rev. Alfonso Dumar, B.D., and the several congregations formed into a Conference Organization in 1914.

*OFFICERS*—Bishop A. J. Allen, 2193 East 89th St., Cleveland, Ohio, U.S.A., Rev, F. A. Robinson, Presiding Elder, Western District; Rev. L. L. M. Spencer, B.D., Presiding Elder, Eastern District; Rev. S. M. Jones, Secretary, 164 King Street, Kingston.

There are 22 churches, 2,416 members, 1,200 Sunday School Scholars and three day schools.

## NEW TESTAMENT CHURCH OF CHRIST THE REDEEMER

The New Testament Church of Christ the Redeemer founded by the Rt. Reverend Bishop Francis Jacobs, on the 6th day of March, 1943, at the Church of Christ Rectory, 9½ Victoria St., Denham Town, Kingston. This Church is governed by a Synod which will meet every year. The Officers of the Church for 1948, are Rt. Reverend Francis Jacobs, Bishop, *President*; Rev. Fitz Roy Smith, *Secretary*; Rev. Solomon Levy *Treasurer*; Evangelist C. Jacobs and A. Jones, *Trustees*. Other Ministers are Rev. John Sedden, Frank Brown, R. S. Wilson, Dorrell Collins, Leon DaCosta, Edward Gaynair, Edward Chambers, Altamont Wheatley, Elisha Johnson, A. T. Miller. With a membership of over 6,000, and over 4,000 Sunday School Scholars.

At present there are 41 Churches in the Island in which Services are kept—Sundays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

## OTHER RELIGIOUS DENOMINATIONS

			No. of Adherents (Census of 1943)
Bedwardite	..	..	352
Bible Student	..	..	1,789
Brethren	..	..	5,412
Buddhist	..	..	95
Christian Science	..	..	187
Church of God	..	..	43,560
Confucian	..	..	303
Evangelical Association	..	..	4,540
Hindu	..	..	4,043
Mission	..	..	1,108
Pentecostal	..	..	4,907
Plymouth Brethren	..	..	3,079



**THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY  
IN THE  
BRITISH WEST INDIES**

40 DUKE ST. KINGSTON, JAMAICA, B.W.I.

*Secretary*—The Rev. James Innes, F.R.G.S.

THE Bible Society first sent Scriptures to Antigua in the year 1807 and has been carrying on its work in the West Indies since that date. Until recently, the Headquarters of the British West Indies were in Trinidad but these have been moved from Port of Spain to Kingston, Jamaica, as and from 1st January, 1947.

The British West Indies Agency is comprised of the following territories in many of which there are Auxiliaries which seek to promote the interests of the Bible Society in their respective areas.—

Bahamas	Aruba
Barbados	Bonaire
Bermuda	Curacao
British Guiana	Dutch Guiana
British Honduras	French Guiana
Jamaica and Dependencies	Guadeloupe
Leeward Islands	Martinique
Trinidad and Tobago	
Windward Islands	

The Headquarters for the world-wide work are in London.—

**THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY**  
146 QUEEN VICTORIA STREET, LONDON E.C.4

*Patrons:* Their Majesties the King and Queen.

*President:* The Rt. Hon. The Viscount Sankey, P.C., G.B.E., D.C.L., LL.D.

*Chairman of the Committee:* Sir Graeme Tyrrell, K.B.E., C.M.G.

The sole object of the British and Foreign Bible Society is to encourage the wider circulation of the Holy Scriptures, without note or comment. The only copies in the English language to be circulated by the Society shall be either the Authorized Version 1611, or the Revised Version of 1881-85, or both. The Society publishes the Scriptures either wholly or in part in some 800 languages and dialects. The Bible Society was founded in 1804 and has distributed approximately 580,000,000 copies of the Scriptures. The Bible Society is under Royal Charter.

**THE JAMAICA CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOUR UNION**

THE Organization which was formed in the year 1893, has for its objects the extension, consolidation and general effectiveness of the Christian Endeavour Movement in Jamaica.

The Jamaica Movement is affiliated with the British C. E. Union with headquarters at 86 Old Brompton Road, London, S.W. 7.

OFFICERS OF THE CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOUR UNION OF JAMAICA.  
1949-50

<i>President</i>	..	..	Mr. J. A. Phillips, c/o Standard Furnishing Co. Harbour Street, Kingston.
<i>1st Vice-President</i>	..	..	Rev. Fergus Lewis, Lynhurst Chatham P.O.
<i>2nd Vice-President</i>	..	..	Mr. N. J. Suarez, 27 Beechwood Ave. Cross Rds. P.O.
<i>Secretary</i>	..	..	Rev. H. T. Cuthbert, 5 North Street, Kingston. Phone 34944.
<i>Assistant Secretary</i>	..	..	Miss L. B. Kerr, c/o Calabar College
<i>Treasurer</i>	..	..	Mr. F. N. Barrett, Swallowfield School, Constant Spring P.O.

# GIRLS' GUILDRY

THE Girls' Guildry is a religious organisation founded by Dr. Somerville in Glasgow, Scotland, in 1900.

It works in connection with Churches of any denomination. Training is given in accordance with "The Double Trio Plan", i.e., Preparation of Mind, Body, Spirit, on active service for home, community, church. The subjects included are handicraft, cooking, nature study, physical exercises, folk dancing, team games and bible study and members are expected to do social service and church work.

## AGE GROUP AND UNIFORM

*Greenwood* 8—12 years Speedwells—Speedwell Blue Overall with stiched Belt, Standard Pattern, Speedwell Blue Beret with Greenwood Beret Badges, White Socks, Black Shoes.

*Guildry Company* 12—15 years Navy Skirt, White Blouse, Beret White Socks, Black Shoes, Tie—Navy with red and white stripes.

*Service Company* 15 years upwards—Navy Skirt, White Blouse, Service Company tie, Navy Forage Cap, No sash, White Socks, Black Shoes.

*Guardians and Officials*—White Uniform Frock with low neck, long sleeves, and Tie. Forage Cap with flashes.

There are 57 guildry companies and sixteen speedwell (juniors) in the Island, and 5 in Grand Cayman chiefly in the Presbyterian Churches, but also in the Baptist, Moravian and Congregational Churches. These companies are grouped into districts, each district being under the supervision of a district guardian.

*President of the Jamaica Centre*—Mrs. M. Hart, The Manse Brown's Hall,  
*Vice-President*—Mrs. Mary Cameron, 70 Lady Musgrave Road.

*Organising Secretary*—Miss Madge Saunders, 5 Locket Avenue, Kingston.

# CALABAR THEOLOGICAL COLLEGE

(Kingston)

THIS Institution which was opened at Calabar near Rio Bueno in October, 1843, provides for the training of Baptist Ministers. The buildings were erected from funds supplied by the Baptist Missionary Society of England. The College was transferred in 1874 to East Queen Street and again in 1904 to Chetolah Park. An arrangement has been reached with Caenwood College (Methodist) and St. Colmes College (Presbyterian) whereby the students unite for lecture purposes. Congregationalists (living at Calabar) and Moravians (residing at St. Colmes) also participate in the classes. The conditions of entrance to Calabar may be ascertained from the President. The Institution is maintained in the following way: The Baptist Missionary Society of England appoint and maintain the teaching staff, the Baptist Churches of Jamaica providing for the board and residence of the Theological Students and for the general expenses of the College. The local management is vested in a Committee representing contributing churches in the Island.

**TUTORIAL STAFF:** Rev. Keith Tucker, M.A. (Oxon) B.A. (Bristol), *Principal*, Rev. D. W. F. Jelleymann, M.A. (Camb.) B.A. (Oxon), together with Rev. W. N. J. Clarke, Mr. T. A. M. Grant, B.A. and Mr. L. G. Grandison, (Honorary Tutors) and the Tutors of Caenwood and St. Colme's Colleges.

# CATHOLIC BURIAL ASSOCIATION

The object of the Association is to procure Christian burial for the deserving poor of the Catholic faith.

A general meeting is held twice a year at which the Officers for the ensuing year are selected. These are President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer. The Association is under the patronage of The Vicar Apostolic of Jamaica and under the direction of one of the priests of the Mission appointed by him.

*Spiritual Director*—Rev. Raymond Fox, S.J., *President*; H. Hilliare, *Vice-President*; V. A. Levy; *Treasurer*, Alex. J. Falla, *Secretary*, Geo. Carter.

## LEAGUE OF CRUSADERS

(Congregational Church)

A religious organization of young people of either sex which shall link the Sunday School to the Church. The aim is to provide preparatory training leading to church membership and definite Christian service.

OFFICERS—*Commander-in-Chief*, Mrs. F. Christie (Four Paths) *Secretary*, Miss Vera Phillips (Williamsfield P.O.).

## WINNIEFRED REST HOME

FAIRY HILL, PORTLAND

THIS Home was the gift of Frederick Barnet Brown and his wife, Mrs. Annie Brown. By Mr. Brown's Will, dated the 14th of May, 1918, the gift was intended to be "used and kept up and maintained for the purpose of a Rest Home for Missionary Workers, Teachers and respectable poor persons, where they can come for a limited time to rest, such time to be in each case decided on by the Board of Trustees of the Winniefred Rest Home hereinafter appointed, such persons to have change and rest and board and usual home comforts included."

BOARD OF TRUSTEES—*Chairman*, The Administrator General of Jamaica; *Vice-Chairman*, Miss Mary E. White, Col. P. Samson, Salvation Army, Rev. Albert E. Brown, Rev. Adam Flatter, Mrs. Naomi Flatter, Rev. H. L. A. Greaves; *Secretary*, Ernest J. Ashmeade, J.P.

## ST. PETER'S COLLEGE

(Cross Roads)

ST. PETER'S College was established, as the Church of England Theological College at Spanish Town in 1876 (1) to assist in the preparation of candidates for Holy Orders in the Diocese of Jamaica. (2) to direct and assist the catechists and evangelists in the Diocese of Jamaica in their studies and in practical preparation for their work. Its name was changed to St. Peter's College in 1918.

The property of the College is vested in the Incorporated Lay Body of the Church of England in Jamaica. The general management of the college is entrusted to a General Committee. Further information may be obtained from the Statutes of the College, Section V of Appendix to the Canons of the Church of England in Jamaica, and the Annual Reports published in the Appendix to the Journal of the Synod.

GENERAL COMMITTEE—The Lord Bishop of the Diocese, *Chairman*; Rt. Rev. P. W. Gibson, B.A., B.D., Ven. Archdeacon Sharpe, Rev. Canon E. L. Evans, B.D., M.T.H., Ven. Archdeacon Reid, Rev. R. O. C. King, M.A., Rev. J. C. E. Swaby, M.A., Rev. Canon Thomson, Rev. Canon Brown, Rev. E. L. Maxwell, B.A., Rev. J. T. Clark, B.A., Gerald Mair, H. Whitehorne, Rev. F. G. Jolly, *Secretary and Treasurer*.

TEACHING STAFF—*Warden*, Rev. D. S. Curry, M.A., *Tutor*: Vacant.

## JAMAICA CONGREGATIONAL WOMEN'S GUILD

Membership of the Guild is open to the women of the Congregational Churches.

PURPOSES AND AIMS: to draw the women of our churches together and to organise their work more fully. (b) To attract every woman to some form of service and to encourage active members in the work they are already doing.

OFFICERS—*President*, Mrs. P. Lake (Chapelton) *Secretary*, Mrs. L. Squires (Williamsfield P.O.) *Treasurer*, Mrs. E. A. Ritchie Haughton (Porus).

## KINGSTON MINISTERS' FRATERNAL

The Kingston Ministers' Fraternal has been in existence for over a quarter of a century. It includes ministers of the Anglican and Non-Conformist Churches and the Secretary of the Y.M.C.A.

Aims: (a) To draw the ministers of different denominations together in a bond of sympathy and understanding and to provide opportunities for social intercourse.

(b) To furnish opportunities for studying and discussing social problems

*President*, Rev. H. Goldstone Edwards, *Vice-President*, Mr. Mack Jones, *Secretary and Treasurer*, Rev. John Gray. Meetings are held monthly.

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METHODIST TEMPERANCE AND SOCIAL WELFARE  
DEPARTMENT

This Department is an integral part of the Methodist church and serves as the Watch Committee of the Church on all social questions related to the community.

*Secretaries*, Rev. H. S. D. Airall, Duncans P.O., Rev. A. Cartwright, Port Antonio P.O.

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## METHODIST WOMEN'S LEAGUE

The Methodist Women's League was formed in 1921 and has as its Motto "Sincerity in Service". Its activities cover any and every form of co-operative service which women can render to the Church and Community. *President*, Mrs. H. Goldstone Edwards; *Secretaries*, Miss Daisy Brown and Mrs. F. R. DeHaney.

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## MORAVIAN WOMEN'S FELLOWSHIP

Motto: with goodwill doing service, as to the Lord.

OBJECTS: (1) To bind the women of each Moravian Congregation together in fellowship and thus link the women of the whole Moravian Province into an unselfish bond of service. (2) to bring before our women matters of vital importance affecting moral questions, the duties of citizenship, and the purity of home life. (3) To undertake practical work and social service.

OFFICERS: *President*, Mrs. G. Sach, Bethany, Mile Gully P.O., *Vice-President*, Mrs. B. L. McLeary, Mrs. C. F. Smith, Mrs. Loftman, *Secretary*, Mrs. H. T. Cuthbert, 5 North St., Kingston, *Treasurer*, Mrs. M. Morris Knibb, 3 Hector St., Kingston.

## CHAPTER XII

### PAROCHIAL INFORMATION

#### THE PARISHES

##### GENERAL HISTORY\*

THE earliest existing record of the Island's parochial divisions is contained in the report of a Census taken in 1662 which shewed the Island as being then divided into ten districts. In 1671, a survey of the Island was made by the Surveyor General, Sgt.-Major John Man, and a map prepared, which shewed that it was then divided into 14 precincts. In 1677 it is recorded that there were 15 parishes, namely: St. Thomas, St. David, Port Royal, St. Andrews, St. Katherines, St. Dorothys, St. Thomas in the Valley, Clarendon, Vere, St. Johns, St. Georges, St. Maries, St. Anns, St. James and St. Elizabeth.

In 1692, on the destruction of the greater part of Port Royal by earthquake, most of the inhabitants that survived settled in hastily erected buildings in St. Andrew, on the harbour, and in the following year the parish of Kingston was formed.

In 1703, Westmoreland was formed out of a portion of St. Elizabeth. In 1723, Portland was formed, the land being taken partly from St. Thomas-in-the-East, and partly from St. George; and Hanover was formed out of a part of Westmoreland.

In 1758, the three counties of Surrey, Middlesex and Cornwall were created with a view to the more convenient holding of Courts of Justice. Kingston was declared the county town of Surrey; St. Jago de la Vega that of Middlesex; and Savanna-la-Mar that of Cornwall. In the first named were the seven parishes of Port Royal, Kingston, St. Andrew, St. David, Portland, St. George and St. Thomas-in-the-East; Middlesex comprised St. Catherine, St. John, St. Thomas-in-the-Vale, St. Dorothy, Clarendon, Vere, St. Ann and St. Mary; while Cornwall had but four parishes: St. Elizabeth, Westmoreland, Hanover and St. James. In 1770, Trelawny was formed out of a portion of St. James.

In 1814, Manchester was formed out of parts of Clarendon, Vere and St. Elizabeth.

In 1809, a law was passed fixing the boundaries of the several counties and parishes of the Island.

In 1841, the last parish to be created in the history of Jamaica, Metcalfe, was formed out of the parishes of St. Mary and St. George. The parishes then numbered 19.

In 1867, a law was passed for the reduction of the number of parishes. Kingston was enlarged by taking part of St. Andrew, a part of the parish and the whole town of Port Royal. St. Andrew took the remaining part of Port Royal parish; and St. David was merged into St. Thomas-in-the-East.

The recently created parish of Metcalfe was merged again into the parish of St. Mary. St. Thomas-in-the-Vale, St. John and St. Dorothy were all merged into St. Catherine, and Vere again became part of Clarendon; St. Ann and Manchester remaining as they were.

In 1901, Port Royal was made a separate parish for municipal purposes, remaining still part of the electoral district of Kingston.

\*A more detailed history of the Parochial and Electoral divisions will be found in earlier editions of the Handbook.

## KINGSTON

*Topography.*—Kingston is the Capital of the Island of Jamaica and is the largest and most important commercial town in the British West Indies. It covers, with its suburbs an area of about 1,080 acres, and is beautifully situated on regularly sloping ground (of about 90 feet per mile) on the northern shores of the harbour bearing its name.

The streets were originally laid out by compass, those at right angles to the shoreline by north and south; those parallel to the general run of the shoreline, by east and west; but, in consequence of the variation of the compass, the north and south streets now have a bearing of north two degrees east, and the east and west streets bear north-west and south-east eighty-eight degrees.

King Street, running north and south, was originally the centre of the town and laid out at 66 feet wide; Queen Street, also 66 feet wide, was the centre running east and west but, in consequence of the town having been extended northerly and easterly, these streets do not now form the centres of the town. At the intersections of King and Queen Streets a plaza, or parade ground, was reserved, forming a square of ten acres in the centre of the Town. This was formerly used as a market place and parade ground for the troops and militia, but the central portion is now enclosed and converted into a garden, with a road leading through the centre to connect the upper and lower portions of King Street. This garden is called the Victoria Park, from the statue of Queen Victoria in the public square to the south.

The soil is a gravel bed formed by the detritus of centuries, produced by the Hope river and other smaller streams from the Liguanea mountains. It may here be mentioned that the ancient course of the Hope River (which now discharges at the back of the Long Mountain, six miles to the east of Kingston) is distinctly traceable through Papine and Mona and near the Hope Road and down to the sea about a mile-and-a-half to the east of Kingston.

On account of the porous nature of the soil on which Kingston stands surplus water readily sinks and finds its way to the sea; it does not, therefore, tend to create malarial conditions.

Kingston was originally supplied with water by wells, most of which, in consequence of the gravelly nature of the soil, had to reach the sea level before the water was obtained. About the year 1848, a private company brought down water from the Hope River for the supply of the city. The government purchased the entire plant from the company and very much improved the supply, not only by building reservoirs and filter beds and furnishing a larger quantity of water, but by extending the supply to districts formerly destitute of water. A further supply of water was obtained from the Wag Water, a river which flows to the northside of the Island. The increase of population, particularly in the suburbs, rendered it necessary to seek additional sources of supply and these were obtained by purchase of the water rights of the Ferry River, about seven miles to the west of the city, and in 1927, the Hermitage Dam was built.

*History.*—The site of Kingston was not the first chosen by the English for the commercial capital of the island. Port Royal flourished as such until 1692, in which year occurred the great earthquake which destroyed that place and caused the death of 3,000 of its inhabitants. Many of the survivors remained but a number of them removed to the lower part of Liguanea in St. Andrew, then the property of Sir William Beeston, Lieut.-Governor of the Island. They procured for their settlement the status of a town, a plan of which was drawn up by Colonel Christian Lilly, under the direction of the Government, the name selected being Kingston. There was not at first much progress in its settlement, the recollection of the former wealth and greatness of Port Royal giving the colonists a continued preference for that place; but the fire of 1703 completely destroyed the favourite town, and the disheartened inhabitants went in large numbers to Kingston, which the Assembly caused to be divided into lots and given to those who had lost their houses. As an encouragement for the early settlement of the new town, every house built within the year (1703) was exempted from taxes for seven years. Soon after this another law was passed declaring Kingston to be "the chief seat of trade and head port of entry" of the island.

From this time the prosperity of the town was assured, and in the year 1713 it was declared by law that the place should "forever be taken and esteemed as an entire and distinct parish, with all the powers of any other parish", and, further, "that it should have the right of sending three Representatives to the Assembly".

By 1716 the town of Kingston had grown rapidly.

In 1721 an Act was passed empowering the inhabitants to erect a Court House and Exchange: and for nearly half a century the town continued to grow in size and opulence and so important had it become in 1755 that the attempt was then made to constitute it the seat of Government which was then Spanish Town. The Governor (Admiral Knowles) twice proposed and the Assembly twice rejected a bill for that purpose, but at length His Excellency obtained a majority in the Assembly and a law was passed giving effect to the arrangement. Soon after the public archives were removed to Kingston and the superior courts were established there. But the change was unpopular throughout the island and numerous petitions against it were sent to the King. On the 3rd October, 1758, (after Admiral Knowles had left) the disallowance of the law was proclaimed and the records were returned to Spanish Town, escorted by "a considerable body of military".

In 1780 the town was severely stricken by a great fire which broke out at about 2 o'clock in the morning of the 16th May and continued until the following evening. The large and closely built portion of the town lying between King and Orange Streets was burnt down, the destruction of property being estimated at £30,000. But the town soon recovered from the effects of the conflagration and prospered to such an extent that in 1802 it was granted a Corporation under the style of "The Mayor, Aldermen and Common Council of the City and Parish of Kingston". The Court of Common Council was given a seal and empowered to make and ordain by-laws, ordinances and regulations for the good order of the city, not repugnant to prerogative or to the laws of the island. The following is a description of the city seal: On the obverse the island arms, crest, supporters and mottoes Legend. *Sigi Commune Civit: Kingston in Jamaica*. Reverse, Britannia in the dress of Minerva, holding a trident in one hand, and in the other a mirror, reflecting the rays of the benign influence of Heaven on the produce of the Island; behind her the British Lion, supporting her shield, a conch shell at her feet, and at a distance a ship under sail. Legend, *Hos Jovet, hos curat, servatque, Britannia Mater*.

In 1843 another great fire devastated a large portion of the city. It began shortly before 10 a.m. on the 26th of August in a foundry situated at the east end of Harbour Street and extended diagonally across the city until it reached the old Roman Catholic Chapel at the corner of Duke Street. Many of the best dwellings and much valuable property were consumed and a large number of persons were left in utter destitution. The sum of £10,149 was distributed among the sufferers, of which £5,000 was voted by the House of Assembly. At this period a great deal of the foreign trade of Kingston had disappeared in consequence of the establishing of direct steam communication between the European and Spanish American States; still Kingston continued an important centre of commerce.

In March, 1862, another great fire occurred by which the commercial section of the city was devastated. Nineteen of the principal stores in Harbour and Port Royal Streets, three wharves and the extensive and well built three storied house in which the Commercial Hotel was kept, were burnt down at a loss of £30,000. The value of the merchandise, furniture, &c., destroyed was estimated at £60,830, making a total of £90,830. Of this £9,400 was covered by insurances, leaving £81,530 as the total loss to the owners of the premises and stock.

In 1865 Representative Government was abandoned in Jamaica and Kingston ceased to be a corporate city. All the powers and immunities of the Common Council were transferred to a nominated Municipal Board created by Law 8 of 1866, the privilege of making ordinances for the regulation of the city being transferred to the Governor in Privy Council. Since 1885, its affairs have been administered by a Mayor elected every three years, similar to the Parochial Boards of the other parishes.

In 1923, for the purposes of administration, the parishes of Kingston and Saint Andrew were amalgamated. By Law 3 of 1923, the Mayor and Council, the Kingston General Commissioners and the Parochial Board of St. Andrew were dissolved. The Hon. H. A. L. Simpson, O.B.E., J.P., was appointed Commissioner by His Excellency the Governor to administer the amalgamated parishes pending the election of the Mayor and Council for the Corporate Area of Kingston and St. Andrew.

The election for the newly formed Council of the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation was held in the year 1924, and this Council continued in existence until October, 1930, when it was dissolved by His Excellency the Governor, and the Hon. Sir William Morrison, Kt., was appointed by His Excellency the Governor to administer the affairs of the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation until November, 1931 when the Corporation Law was revised and a new Council elected.

For many years it had become evident that the convenience of the Government and of the general public would be best served by a transfer of the seat of government from

Spanish Town, and in 1872, Sir John Grant, with the approval of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, gave effect to the change. The chief courts of law had been removed a few years before, as well as the offices of some departments of government and the transfer of the Governor's permanent residence and of the Colonial Secretariat alone remained to be effected. Room for this department was provided in the spacious premises known as Head Quarters House (the official residence of the Officer in Command of the Troops) which was purchased for £5,000, whilst Bishop's Lodge, (the former residence of the Bishops of Jamaica) situated in the Liguanea Plain, was also purchased for conversion into a Governor's Residence. The Legislative Council was thereafter convened in Kingston and a Chamber for its deliberations found in the large hall of the ground floor of Head Quarters House. Since then the Colonial Secretariat has been removed to "Vernon House", No. 133 King Street, then to the East Block of Public Buildings, and finally back to a strengthened Headquarters House in 1933.

A calamitous fire occurred in Kingston on the 11th December, 1882, by which a large section of the business portion of the city was destroyed. The total number of houses entirely destroyed was five hundred and seventy-seven, and the loss was estimated at between £150,000 and £220,000. Amongst the buildings destroyed were the two Jewish Synagogues; the premises of the Ordnance Department; the Government Savings Bank; the office of the Jamaica Mutual Life Assurance Society; part of the premises of the Colonial Bank and several wharf premises.

On the 14th January, 1907, the city suffered great damage from the disastrous Earthquake of that date and from fire. Much the same area as that devastated by fire in 1882 was destroyed in the fire of 1907 in addition to the havoc caused by the earthquake. The loss of life was variously estimated as between 1,000 and 1,500. The value of property destroyed amounted to between £1,000,000 and £1,500,000. A Mansion House fund for the relief of the sufferers, amounted to £55,395 and a free Imperial Grant was made by Parliament of £150,000 and a loan of £800,000 was authorised. The relief funds were distributed by a Relief Committee, afterwards the Assistance Committee, constituted by the Assistance Committee Law 20 of 1907. After considerable delay and much negotiations and on the failure of an appeal in a test case of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, the Insurance Companies agreed to pay the claims to the extent of 85 per cent. on the face value of the policies, and the money was distributed in 1909.

The city has in great measure recovered from the disaster of 1907. Myrtle Bank hotel is rebuilt; and in King Street substantial structures have been erected. Among these may be specially named the Bank of Nova Scotia and the building of Messrs. Nathan and Co., Ltd., Messrs. D. Henderson & Co., the Royal Bank of Canada. On the western and eastern sides stand the blocks of the new Public Buildings (Sir Charles Nicholson, Architect). The western block houses the Post Office, Treasury, Audit Office, and Customs; the eastern block contains the Supreme Court and Law Offices, the Office of Titles, and Surveyor General. The Kingston Court House (J. G. Young, Architect) in Sifton Street, the Colonial Bank in Harbour Street, the Royal Bank of Canada and the Bank of Nova Scotia in King Street also demand notice.

The Roman Catholic Cathedral in North Street was opened for service on Sunday, 5th February, 1911. It is dedicated to Holy Trinity, and is a substantial building, beautifully decorated internally with mural paintings. In East Street there is the re-built Institute of Jamaica. The Ward Theatre, North Parade, was presented to the city by the late Lieut.-Colonel Ward, C.M.G., for many years Custos of the City. The offices of the Royal Mail Company in Port Royal Street, are also worthy of note.

In January, 1927, H.R.H. the Duke of York laid the foundation stone of a War Memorial Clock Tower at the Parish Church which was opened by the Prince of Wales in 1931.

In 1934 the administration of the Water Supply and Sewerage of the Corporate Area was taken from the Mayor and Council and placed in the hands of the Water and Sewerage Board which in turn gave place to the Water Commission appointed in 1936.

Under the Slum Clearance Law, 1937, schemes have been prepared and are in progress for the development of model tenements in Denham Town and Trench Town. Much progress has also been made in the reclamation of swamp lands at Kingston Pen and Greenwich Town, which should considerably lessen malarial infection from those sources.

In October, 1937, a disastrous fire occurred which totally destroyed the Catholic Convent in Duke Street and destroyed or damaged several smaller houses nearby.

A large Government Elementary School, the Kingston Senior School, was erected on lands adjoining the Kingston Race Course and opened by the Governor in 1938. The School, which is a fine and commodious building, has a Domestic and Manual Department.



The city is lighted by gas and electricity and the public and private buildings with electric light. There is a commodious market at the lower end of King Street; in connection with this structure is a public landing place; there are other markets at Orange Street, near the Parade, and at Darling Street. In the upper part of King Street and immediately opposite to the principal entrance of the Kingston Parade Gardens is a statue of Queen Victoria, by Geflowski, erected in commemoration of the sixtieth anniversary of her accession to the throne, by a vote of the Legislature. A statue of Sir Charles Metcalfe stands at the foot of King Street. On the eastern side of the parade (just without the garden fence) stands another full length marble statue, that of Edward Jordan, C.B., "who through a long series of years and in times of danger, fearlessly stood forward as the champion of emancipation and for the removal of civil disabilities" (erected by public subscription). The statue of another distinguished Jamaican, Doctor Lewis Q. Bowerbank, was erected in the year 1881, on the northern side of the garden, by his numerous friends and admirers. A statue of Father Dupont, a Roman Catholic priest, who for many years laboured among the poor of the city, erected at the north-east corner of the garden, was destroyed by the earthquake of 1907—a replica was erected in 1927. The Jamaica War Memorial, made of Jamaica stone and marble, unveiled and dedicated on the 11th of November, 1922, stands in Memorial Square east of the Public Buildings. There is a building in Orange Street known as the "Night Shelter" for the convenience of the peasantry coming to the Kingston markets.

Lines of steamers touch at Kingston regularly, keeping up communication direct with England, the United States, Canada and Europe. Electric cars run to Constant Spring to the north and Matilda's Corner to the north-east, about six miles in each direction. A branch runs along the harbour shore to Rock Fort Gardens. Another branch runs through Up-Park Camp and connects with Cross Roads. There are also a number of Motor Omnibuses running on various routes.

Five daily and weekly newspapers are published in the city, and there are several monthly publications. Postal deliveries take place three times a day, and the mail is despatched to outlying districts in the Corporate Area and to some of the country parishes daily and by all trains leaving Kingston, and for all the country parishes. The markets are plentifully supplied. Fruit, vegetable and fish are abundant at reasonable rates.

The climate is dry. The thermometer has been as high as 93° in the hot months and has stood as low as 66° in the cool months.

The area of Kingston (including Port Royal) is 10 square miles and its population in January, 1943 was 109,056.

#### PORT ROYAL

The Harbour of Kingston is enclosed to the southward by a narrow strip about 7 miles in length; at the western extremity of which, at the mouth of the harbour lies the old town of Port Royal. This strip is known as the Palisadoes, and the town formed part of the parish of Kingston until 1900 when a law was passed creating the separate parish of Port Royal with a Parochial Board consisting of 1 naval and 1 military member, and elected members, with the Commodore as Chairman, *ex-officio*; until the removal of the Naval Authorities from Jamaica and the closing of the dock-yard on 31st March, 1905.

By Law 25 of 1946 Port Royal was again incorporated into the Parish of St. Andrew and ceased to be a separate Parish on the 3rd November, 1947, when this provision in the Law came into effect.

Port Royal was, prior to the great earthquake, "the finest town in the West Indies, and at that time the richest spot in the universe," the head quarters of the buccaneers, and as such the emporium and mart of their ill-gotten wealth.

At half past 11 o'clock on the morning of the 7th June, 1692, the town was shaken by a tremendous earthquake. The rector of the parish at that time states in his narrative of the occurrence: "Whole streets with their inhabitants were swallowed up by the opening of the earth, when shut upon them squeezed the people to death, and in that manner several were left with their heads above ground, and others covered with dust and earth, by the people who remained in the place. It was a sad sight to see the harbour covered with dead bodies of people of all conditions, floating up and down without burial, for the burying place was destroyed by the earthquake which dashed to pieces tombs, and the sea washed the carcasses of those who had been buried out of their graves. At Green Bay there is still the tomb of Lewis Galdy who, according to the inscription thereon, "was swallowed up by the earthquake, and by the providence of God, was by another shock thrown into the sea and miraculously saved by swimming until a boat took him up. He lived many years after".

As terror after the earthquake subsided new houses were erected and the place under the privateering system of the time began again to flourish, but in the beginning of the year 1703, a fire broke out at one of the crowded warehouses where a quantity of gunpowder was deposited and in a few hours the whole town was in flames. With the exception of the Royal Forts and magazines not a building was left.

Notwithstanding these occurrences a number of persons who had left Port Royal returned to it and began its re-establishment. New houses were built and trade began to be restored; but on the 22nd August, 1722, a storm passed over the town which swept the greater portion of the buildings into the sea and destroyed a number of lives. Of fifty vessels which were in Port Royal Harbour on that day four men-of-war and two merchant ships alone rode out the storm, but with all their masts and booms blown away. This further calamity was in time forgotten and Port Royal was again crowded with houses and enriched by the profitable trade caused by the war in which Great Britain was then engaged.

In 1779, Nelson was in command at Fort Charles, when the island was in a critical state through fear of invasion.

In 1816, on the 13th July, about mid-day, a fire broke out which in a few hours destroyed nearly the whole of the town, including the naval hospital, and left many of the inhabitants utterly destitute. A subscription was set on foot for their relief, which was liberally responded to, Kingston alone subscribing eleven thousand pounds. Since the occurrence of the fire the town has ceased to be a commercial centre and Port Royal for several years was of importance only as a naval and military station. Its importance in this respect has, however, been much reduced by the recent abolition of the naval yard and the removal of the Commodore from the station. Victoria Battery and other parts of Port Royal were much injured in the earthquake of 1907.

The naval hospital, which is now in charge of the Military Authorities, is a very fine building, built of iron and stone and is 380 feet long and 57 feet broad.

There has been established at the Admiralty Coal Wharf, a Bunkering Station for supplying coal, water and stores to British vessels and others.

Port Royal has always hitherto been considered important as a naval station. As recently as the American war and the French occupation of Mexico the fleet on the North American and West Indian station numbered some twenty-five ships, a goodly portion of which were constantly calling at Port Royal to coal, to obtain fresh provisions and to refit. The Archduke Maximilian on his way to Mexico was met there by eleven ships of war.

A line of piping has recently been run between Rock Spring connecting the supply with that of Up-Park-Camp which does away with the constant pumping operations, at Rock Spring, which is resorted to on occasions when the supply at Camp is limited. A road has been constructed from Rock Fort to Port Royal along the Palisadoes, and was opened to traffic in October, 1936.

In 1937, Nelson's Quarter Deck at Port Royal was damaged by fire. It was repaired soon after and an opportunity was taken to restore the Fort to some semblance of its former glory. Some help was also given towards the repair of the Church, and a Guide Book of the town was prepared.

The place is generally reputed to be healthy, although as a matter of history epidemics of cholera, small-pox and yellow fever have occurred there. At one time Port Royal laid claim to be regarded as a sanitarium or marine resort, but owing to the want of house accommodation and other causes the people of Kingston do not now resort to it for change. In the church is a monument by Roubiliac.

The population of Port Royal in 1943 was 1,027.

#### ST. ANDREW

This parish was originally called Liguanea, and there is a Post Office of that name. It now consists of what before the passing of Law 20 of 1867 comprised the parish of Port Royal and the parish of St. Andrew, less the parts known as Smith's Village, Hannah's Town, Fletcher's Town and the Town of Port Royal. There are no towns in St. Andrew and the principal villages are Cross Roads, Halfway Tree, Gordon Town and Stony Hill, at the former of which there is a large market. A moving picture theatres has also been erected at Cross Roads, "The Carib."

Halfway Tree, which is situated about three miles from Kingston, derives its name from a cotton tree dating from the conquest, which as late as 1866 stood at the intersection of four roads from Passage Fort to Stony Hill, and Spanish Town to Gordon Town, near the church. It is the head Court Station of the parish and has a post and telegraph

office, and a revenue office. The parish church, which was built in the reign of Queen Anne, has been enlarged and renovated from time to time at considerable cost. It was much damaged by the earthquake of 1907, but has since been restored and enlarged. The original church stood on the old burial ground between King's House and the Constant Spring Road. There are some interesting memorial slabs and stones in the church and churchyard. There is a good monument inside the church to James Lawes (son of Sir Nicholas Lawes, once Governor of the island) by John Cheer; monuments also to General Villettes, Commander of the Forces, to Admiral Davers, to Zachary Bayley and to Sir James Ferguson killed in the earthquake of 1907, whilst Lieutenant-Governor Ruchworth, and Christopher Lipscomb, Bishop of Jamaica are commemorated in the churchyard. In the centre of this village stands a clock tower erected in 1913 in the memory of Edward VII. Not far from Halfway Tree is situated King's House, rebuilt since the earthquake of 1907 (Sir Charles Nicholson, Architect), the official residence of the Governor of Jamaica. The hotel at Constant Spring, three miles distant, burnt down in 1923, was rebuilt and opened in 1930. It has since been purchased by the Catholic Authorities for use as a Girls' School.

Between Halfway Tree and Gordon Town on the Hope land are the Government Experimental Plantations with the office of the Director of Agriculture, the Island Chemist's Laboratory, the Jamaica School of Agriculture, and the reservoir of the Kingston and Saint Andrew Water Works. The buildings of the Jamaica College stand on a portion of the lands. The cars of the Jamaica Public Service Company run between Kingston and Halfway Tree, and between Halfway Tree, Constant Spring and Matilda's corner.

There are two social clubs, the Liguanea, between Halfway Tree and Cross Roads, and the St. Andrew by Cross Roads. At both, lawn tennis is a great attraction. At the former there is a golf course. There is another course at Constant Spring. By Cross Roads is the Nuttall Memorial Hospital opened in 1923 (Mr. S. C. Henriques, Architect).

Between Cross Roads and Halfway Tree is also the well known racing track "Knutsford Park", the finest in the West Indies.

Gordon Town is distant about nine miles from Kingston, in a north-easterly direction, and contains a constabulary station, a court house and a post office and telegraph station. A little further up, at the foot of the hill leading to Newcastle is a picket house in connection with the cantonment of that place.

The military cantonment at Newcastle is situated on one of the spurs of the Blue Mountain Range; it is used as a health resort by the military authorities, being situated 3,974 feet above the sea amid charming scenery and in a very healthy climate.

Stony Hill is situated about ten miles from Kingston on the main road leading to Annotto Bay. The buildings at this place which formerly constituted the military barracks are now used for the purposes of a Boys and Girls Industrial School. In the Wag Water Valley is the Hermitage Dam which forms a reservoir for Kingston.

Up-Park Camp Barracks, about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  miles north of Kingston, contain the headquarters of the Military Authorities. There is a Garrison Chapel, a hospital for the troops and swimming bath of running water.

On the northern boundary of Kingston are the Mico Training College and Wolmer's School.

On the introduction of coffee into the island in the year 1728, it was planted in this parish, of which it has ever since been the principal product. The coffee grown in St. Andrew especially in the higher altitudes commands a high price in the English markets and the U.S.A. In 1837, there were as many as one hundred coffee plantations in the parish, but the number has since been considerably reduced. The Government established, many years ago, a Cinchona Plantation at Bellevue, some 5,000 feet above the level of the sea, and the cultivation of cinchona was carried on by private proprietors, considerable tracts of Crown Lands being purchased under the very favourable terms conceded by the Government with a view to the encouragement of cinchona planting. Owing, however, to the heavy fall in the price of bark the cultivation was discontinued and the exportation ceased. The cultivation of tea was taken up at the Government Cinchona Plantation, but was not a success.

Resident Magistrates' Courts and Petty Sessions Courts are held at Halfway Tree, Gordon Town and Stony Hill.

The area of St. Andrew including Port Royal is 181 square miles and its population in 1943 was 128,146.

## SAINT THOMAS

THE parish of Saint Thomas, situated at the south-eastern end of the island, is one of the oldest parishes in the island. It may have been named after Thomas, Lord Windsor, Governor in 1612.

This parish ranks high in the island in respect of physical beauty. The sugar estates in the Plantain Garden River district, and at Serge Island, present picturesque views when seen from the eminences above them at Quaw Hill and on the road to White Hall respectively. From Quaw Hill to Port Antonio, the majority of the area was once established in flourishing sugar cane estates, then subsequently large banana cultivations but in recent years the Panama Disease has wiped out most of the banana plantations.

The northern boundary is the Blue Mountain range of mountains.

The soil of the parish is comprised chiefly of sandy loam, black clay and shale stone. There is practically no lime stone soil in respect of which the northern side of the island is famous. There is very heavy rainfall in the eastern half of the parish, but just the opposite in the western, which is dry for many months of the year, consequently mostly catch crops are grown in this area.

There are many rivers and streams in the parish, which become formidable torrents when they are in spate as the result of heavy rains. Most of these rivers were impassable; but in recent years many of them have been bridged. One of the longest bridges in the island, known as the "Olivier Bridge" spans the Johnson River at the western entrance to the town of Morant Bay.

The very high mountain ranges in the upper regions form a natural water shed for the rivers which run very swiftly to the sea, and owing to the loose sandy nature of the soil in the western and central areas of the parish, the rivers often change their courses, and do much damage to roads and bridges.

The largest rivers in the parish are Yallahs, Plantain Garden, Negro and Morant. The principal towns and villages are Morant Bay, Port Morant, Seaforth, Bath, Golden Grove, Yallahs, Trinity Ville, Cedar Valley and Easington.

There are four major water supply schemes in the parish at Morant Bay, Port Morant, Yallahs and Eleven Miles. The Morant Bay water supply is the largest in the island outside of the city of Kingston. A supply of over 500,000 gallons daily is available for home supplies. This water supply is chlorinated.

There are 61 small district water supplies. These supplies chiefly comprise entombment of the source with delivery taps, but no distribution system from house to house or chlorination.

Morant Bay, the capital of the parish, is the chief town and shipping port of the parish. This town is noted as the principal scene of the 1865 rebellion. Nearly all the public buildings were burned down and many people murdered.

There is a Constabulary Station, Post Office and Telegraph Station, Building Society, Branch of Barclays Bank, Episcopal, Methodist, Baptist and Roman Catholic Churches, a public market and parochial infirmary. The town is lit by electricity. It is also connected up with the All-Island Telephone system, and there are call boxes of the system at Bath, Port Morant, Yallahs, and White Horses.

The Morant Bay Harbour is an open roadstead. The only danger in approaching the anchorage is Galatea Rock, which is at a depth of only 15 feet. As the soundings shoal gradually, vessels of regular draught can anchor in the harbour. There are five fathoms of water within three cables of the shore.

The town of Morant Bay is a distance of 31 miles from Kingston by road.

The town of Port Morant lies 7 miles eastward of Morant Bay. It is a shipping port of some importance. It is a safe harbour and vessels can, as a rule, enter and depart with the regular trade wind. On the eastern side of the harbour, i.e., at Bowden, there is a deep water pier. Ships of large tonnage can go alongside this pier.

The township of Bath has an Episcopal Church, Methodist Chapel and public dispensary. A sulphurous hot mineral spring (of which an account is given in another portion of this volume) is situated about one mile above the town. The original Botanical Gardens of the island were situated in the town and are still maintained for the valuable trees and plants there.

At Yallahs there is an Episcopal Church which was originally built in the 17th century. A public market and constabulary station. There are two large lagoons near the village which are believed to have been originally used as catchments for the manufacture of salt.

At the village of Golden Grove, there is an Episcopal Church, public market, police station and post office. This district has within recent years become thickly populated as a result of the increased operations of the Jamaica Sugar Estates factory nearby at Duckenfield.

There are two large sugar estates in operation in the parish, Jamaica Sugar Estates, Ltd. at Duckenfield and Serge Island Estate near Seaforth village. At Serge Island, a fairly large river dam supplies power for electricity for the sugar factory.

The climate at Cedar Valley and the area stretching up to the Blue Mountain Peak is the finest that can be found in the island. The only disadvantage is the lack of adequate water supplies which have not yet been provided.

There is a concrete hut at Blue Mountain Peak, where guests may remain overnight. On the road to the Peak there is a guest house known as "Torre Garda".

There are about 11 land settlement schemes in the parish, and two sites for housing schemes have been recently acquired by the Central Housing Authority.

There is a Lighthouse about 100 feet high at Morant Point, the eastern point of the parish and island, which serves as a guide to shipping.

The area of St. Thomas is 300 square miles and its population in 1943 was 60,693.

### PORTLAND

This parish was named after the Duke of Portland, who was Governor of the Island at the date of its formation. It extends from the sea coast to the highest peak of the Blue Mountains and is noted for its fertility and the beauty of its scenery.

Port Antonio has two of the finest and securest harbours in the Island. The western harbour is sheltered by a small islet, now called Navy Island (formerly *Ruther's* or *Lynch's* Island). The entrance has been widened to suit the conveniences of large vessels which can lie alongside its wharves. Port Antonio is divided into Upper and Lower Titchfield. Upper Titchfield stands on a peninsula and contains, besides the residences of the gentry, Fort George, the old military barracks (dating from 1733), which have been converted into a school, the Titchfield School. Lower Titchfield, or Port Antonio proper, extends along the sea-shore where the stores, wharves, court house and gaols are situated. The Episcopal church stands conspicuously in the lower portion of the town at the south-east end.

There is a Light-house on the Folly Point at the entrance of the harbour. Port Antonio has a good piped water supply. The Hotel Titchfield, in the town, caters for guests.

There is a large and handsome Court House. The lower storey contains the offices of the court and Parochial Board and the upper storey contains the Town Hall and court room. There is a market, in West Street. In West Street was erected in 1929, by voluntary subscriptions, a Cenotaph over 30 feet high in memory of the sons of Portland who died in the War of 1914-18. Five acres of the Titchfield Trust lands have been leased by the Parochial Board, who have laid it out as a Park and Pleasure Ground, called the Olivier Park, after a former Governor, who opened it in 1904. The Port Antonio Cricket Club has also leased eight acres of the land, reclaimed it and converted it into one of the best recreation grounds in the Island. Most of the residences, and all the streets and public buildings are lighted with electricity. The almshouse is at Prospect.

The fruit trade, which was started in Portland in the year 1868, made Port Antonio a town of considerable importance, and the parish of Portland one of the wealthiest in the Island. Fruit cultivation is the business of the large proprietor as well as the peasant and the shipment of fruits constitutes the great bulk of the trade of the port. Port Antonio is chiefly interested in the fruit business, several shipping companies having offices there. The United Fruit Company own a large acreage of land in the parish.

A Maroon settlement, called Moore Town, is nine miles from Port Antonio on the banks of the Rio Grande.

St. Margaret's Bay is a thriving village on the west of the Rio Grande and on the railway line between Kingston and Port Antonio; it contains a substantial Episcopal church and carries on an extensive business in fruit. There is a Police Station and the United Fruit Company has constructed a fine wharf here, and also at Hope Bay, a village lying a little further west. Hope Bay contains an Episcopal church, about 500 inhabitants, a Wesleyan church, a Constabulary station, a Telegraph station and a Market.

Buff Bay was the chief town of the old parish of St. George; it lies between the Spanish River and the Buff Bay River and is on the railway line between Kingston and Port Antonio. This town contains a fine Episcopal church, and Wesleyan, Baptist and Roman Catholic chapels, a court house and town hall, a Public General Hospital, a Constabul-

ary Station, a telegraph station and a market. Buff Bay is an important centre of the fruit trade. About two miles out of the town, on one side of Buff Bay river, lies a township of the Maroons called Charles Town. From Spring Garden east of Buff Bay river, going up the Spanish River Valley for four-and-a-half miles at Chepstowe there is a very fine waterfall known as "Fishdone". There are at Low Layton 105 feet above sea-level, the remains of an extinct volcano. The Rio Grande, Buff Bay, Spanish, Swift and White Rivers which formerly presented formidable obstacles to the traveller during the rainy seasons, have now been bridged. The bridge over the Rio Grande is the longest in the Island, the iron work alone being 480 feet in length, in six spans of 80 feet each.

Manchioneal lies on the north-eastern coast of the Island; it is of importance by reason of the fruit trade which has been established there. In the town are an Episcopal church, a Wesleyan chapel, a court house, a telegraph office and a market. Its principal exports are bananas and coconuts. The harbour, situated at the southern extremity of a coconut plantation, is very small; the entrance is only about half a cable wide and leads to an anchorage close off Shifto Point, barely exceeding one cable in diameter. From the anchorage to the southward is a narrow well-protected haven for small vessels. Manchioneal was the scene of some of the exploits of 'Tom Cringle,' recorded in his Log; and the Great House on Muirton is said to be one to which he was taken on his arrival from Cuba with yellow fever.

The area of Portland is 328 square miles and its population in 1943 was 60,712.

### ST. MARY

THIS parish was probably called after the Spanish port, Santa Maria. It includes the former parish of Metcalfe, as well as a part of the old parish of St. George, and possesses a great variety of agricultural resources, combined with much that is interesting from a geological, as well as a physical point of view. Nearly every agricultural product of the colony thrives here. The roads, owing to the natural formation of the soil and the heavy traffic they are called upon to carry are difficult to keep in good condition. The copper mines at Job's Hill and the ferruginous springs of Newport only require easy means of access to become useful. The parish is exceptionally seasonable and is intersected by large rivers. The climate on the upland plains is warm and humid and vegetation is of rapid growth; while in the hills it is cool though moist. Generally speaking, the climate is healthy, the prevailing sickness being intermittent fever unattended with much mortality. The chief products are bananas, oranges, logwood, fustic, pimento, cocoa, coffee and coconuts and sugar. Copra is also manufactured in fairly large quantities, its banana cultivation is considerable.

The parish has three large towns, namely: Port Maria, Annotto Bay and Oracabessa, the last named having come into prominence as the result of the banana trade and of its good harbour. There are also in the parish several thriving villages and out bays; the chief of the former being Highgate, Hampstead, Gayle and Richmond and of the latter Boscobel and Rio Nuevo.

The chief town is Port Maria, (population 2908) situated somewhat nearer the western than eastern end of the parish with a fairly good harbour, its exposure to "northers" being broken by Cabaritta Isle, which acts as a breakwater. Port Maria contains a public general hospital and an alms-house, a church, a kirk, a Baptist chapel, a Wesleyan chapel, a court house, a fine market, a post office and telegraph office and a government elementary school. The municipal buildings, which are very substantial and commodious, being built of stone were erected in 1821 out of the bequest of Thomas Manning. They contain the town hall, the court house and offices, the revenue and parochial board offices and the Constabulary station. The St. Mary poor house is at Simpson Hill, 1½ miles from the town. There are also several fine stores, The Victoria Park opened in commemoration of Queen Victoria's Jubilee, is in the old parade ground next to the church. In it are the War Memorial and a Monument erected by Sir Charles Price at Decoy, moved into its present site in 1933. Gray's Charity is on Fort Haldane, where evidence of its military uses in the past still exist and which possesses a commanding view of the town and harbour. A supply of wholesome water is afforded the town. There is an organized fire brigade. There are social, tennis and cricket clubs. Since 1934, the town has been served with electric light and power.

Annotto Bay, (population 2805) on the railway line between Kingston and Port Antonio, is situated on the eastern side of the mouth of the Wag Water River and is about sixteen miles from Port Maria and thirty miles from Kingston. The town of Annotto Bay is intersected by three sluggish rivers which create swamps in the neighbourhood and render it, at certain seasons of the year, unhealthy; but the inhabitants

on the whole enjoy tolerably fair health and longevity. The town contains a public general hospital, a court house and constabulary station, post office and telegraph office; also a fine church at the eastern end of the town, Baptist, and Wesleyan chapels and a government elementary school. The Maroon settlement of Scott's Hall is situated on the junction road behind Castleton Gardens, 11 miles from Annotto Bay and 19 miles from Kingston. The town is provided with a good water supply. There is an organized fire brigade. There is a central sugar factory at Gray's Inn near Annotto Bay.

Oracabessa (Golden Head), situated eight miles west of Port Maria on the main road to St. Ann's Bay, has a safe little harbour, and is visited by steamers for bananas. It has a post and telegraph office, several small stores and wharves, a Baptist and a Wesleyan chapel and schools and a police station. There is a fine water supply.

On the western side of the Gayle estate, is the village of Gayle. It contains a post and telegraph office, a market, pound, court house and constabulary station, a church and a school.

The village of Highgate is eight miles from Port Maria on the main road to Richmond. Owing to the proximity to the railway station at that place, and being within a mile of the recently constructed railway siding it has made considerable progress within the past few years. There are a market, a number of shops, a post and telegraph office, a church and an elementary school. There is now a police station, and an efficient pipe-borne Water Supply which has recently been extended to the Belfield District. The Roman Catholic Sisters have established a Secondary School, and the Friends' Society now operate a Continuation School, in this town.

The village of Richmond (Meek Spring) sprang into existence as the result of railway extension. It is a populous and thriving centre in which a large volume of business connected with the fruit trade is transacted; there is a court house and constabulary station, a post and telegraph office, a market, a pound and a social tennis club. A pipe-borne water supply established during 1935.

It was near Rio Nuevo Bay that the last Spanish Governor of Jamaica, Ysassi, built a fort when he attempted to re-conquer the Island. The fort having been captured by the English, Ysassi escaped and left the Island from Runaway Bay in St. Ann.

The chief rivers from east to west are, the Dry river, Annotto river, Wag Water, Antrim river, Oracabessa river, Rio Nuevo and White river; there are also White Hall Haughton, Tiber, Flint and Pencar rivers, all of which are now bridged.

The area of St. Mary is 254 square miles and its population in 1943 was 90,902.

#### ST. ANN

This parish was for many years supposed to have been named after Ann Hyde, wife of James II; but the name really dates from the days of the Spaniards. It has been appropriately designated "The Garden of Jamaica" "When Columbus," says Bryan Edwards, "first discovered Jamaica he approached it "on the northside, and beholding that part of the country which now constitutes the "parish of St. Ann he was filled with delight and admiration at the novelty, variety "and beauty of the prospect." Hill, in his "Lights and Shadows of Jamaica History," thus writes of the parish, "Earth has nothing more lovely than the pastures and pimento groves of St. Ann—nothing more enchanting than its hills and vales, delicious in verdure and redolent with the fragrance of spices. Embellished with wood and water, from the deep forests, from whence the streams descend to the ocean in falls, the blue haze of the air blends and harmonizes all into beauty.

St. Ann's Bay, the "Santa Gloria" of Columbus, is the capital town of the parish. It contains an Episcopal church, a Methodist chapel, a Baptist chapel, a Salvation Army Hall, a Court House, a Public General Hospital, a Post Office with Telegraph Station which is connected with the All Island Telephone System by a public call box, a modern Hotel "The Windsor Hotel which caters for Tourists and branches of Barclays and Nova Scotia Banks. There is a fine market and the water supply is obtained from the Roaring River. The town is lit with electricity and ice is manufactured from the same plant. Two miles to the westward is the Parochial Infirmary. Sea-bathing can be obtained at the Dunn's River sea-beach, four miles from the town, at the Drax Hall Cove, Roaring River Beach and at Mamee Bay, where the reef forms a large natural basin, secure from sharks. The scenery between St. Ann's Bay and Ocho Rios is unrivalled. Sea-bathing is one of the chief attractions of the town and provides for tourists' needs.

Not more than a mile to the west of St. Ann's Bay is the site of the first capital of the island. "Sevilla Nueva" or "Sevilla d'Oro," as it was afterwards called. This town was founded by Juan de Esquivel, the first Spanish Governor of Jamaica, he having been

commissioned and sent over by Diego Columbus (Christopher's son) the hereditary Viceroy of the New World, to establish a colony there. Esquevel arrived in Jamaica in November, 1509, accompanied by some of the Viceroy's friends. Bringing with them the refinements of taste and means of displaying it, they assisted in the foundation of Sevilla Nuevo, whose fame long attested its superiority over every other town which has since been built here. The town contained many buildings worthy of note, amongst which were a monastery, a cathedral and a theatre. Sevilla did not long, however, continue the capital, having been abandoned for St. Jago de la Vega. Various reasons for the change have been given; some say that it was owing to the Spanish inhabitants of Sevilla having in their wars with the natives been suddenly and entirely cut off, and others assigned the desertion to a "visitation of innumerable ants" that destroyed all the provision grounds of the people and compelled them to find a home elsewhere. Bridges attributes the abandonment to the depredations of the French filibusters, and states that "the northern coast of Jamaica afforded frequent spoils to this bold band of corsairs". As a matter of fact the Spaniards found it unhealthy; but conditions have been vastly improved in recent years from the drainage of swamps, and the construction of concrete drains throughout the town. Recent excavations on Seville Estate have unearthed remains of portions of the old Spanish Buildings which reveal ingenious work in masonry, some of which may now be seen at the Institute of Jamaica. To the eastward of St. Ann's Bay, at Drax Hall estate there is a narrow cove described in the maps as Don Christopher's Cove, where Columbus on his 4th and last voyage to the West Indies is supposed to have stranded his two remaining vessels.

Priory contains the remains of an old English church and Tomb Stones of extraordinary beauty. Midway between St. Ann's Bay and Ocho Rios are the famous Roaring River Falls which have been harnessed to provide electric power on the north coast.

There is a Cinema in St. Ann's Bay, the Seville Cinema. There is also a public lending library service in the parish with its Central Branch in St. Ann's Bay.

Ocho Rios, formerly called "Chereras" the "Bay of the Waterfalls", lies about 7 miles to the east of St. Ann's Bay and is rapidly increasing in importance as a sea-side resort. The Harbour, which is easy of approach, affords good shelter for vessels. It now has an abundant water supply and electric current. On account of the facilities in the way of getting good water at the Sailor's Hole, and provisions, Ocho Rios was at one time very frequently visited by British War Ships, for the purpose of giving leave to the crews. Near the town is Shaw Park Estate, where there is a beautiful hotel ideally situated in a tropical garden, with attractive water-falls and swimming pool; the latter patterned from the Bay of Ocho Rios, which it overlooks. Here Ysassi, the last of the Spanish Governors, pitched his tent. He was discovered and pursued by the British troops, but subsequently escaped in a canoe to Cuba from a spot about ten miles from St. Ann's Bay, which has since been known as Runaway Bay. Ocho Rios has an Episcopal church, Methodist and Baptist chapels, a Post Office and Telegraph Station, a Market, Court House and Police Station. On the way to Moneague the road runs through the celebrated Fern Gully. The Jamaica Public Service Company have installed a hydro electric plant at Lodge, six miles to the east of Ocho Rios which is now connected with the Roaring River plant.

Brown's Town is the largest of the rural townships of St. Ann and is fast growing in commerce and trade; the town is situated in the western interior part of the parish. It contains an Episcopal church, a Methodist chapel, a Baptist chapel, and Evangelist tabernacle, a Court House, a Government Elementary School, a Police Station, a Market called the "Norman Market" with a clock tower, the Addison Park, a Cinema, a branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia. The town is lit by electricity and the invigorating climate is attracting an increased number of visitors and tourists. It possesses a large reservoir that provides for the inhabitants a constant water supply. The Diocesan High School for girls (St. Hilda's) here, erected through the enterprise of the Rev. Canon Hall, from designs by Major Caws is now one of the foremost educational institutions in the colony. There is also a secondary school for boys.

Discovery Bay previously known as Dry Harbour the most westerly township of the parish has an exceptionally fine natural harbour. It was at Discovery Bay that Columbus landed and took formal possession of the island. There are some very large caves about a mile-and-a-half from the village at Dairy that are often visited by tourists and are worthy of the trouble which is necessary to explore them thoroughly: a guide can always be obtained at Discovery Bay or Runaway Bay. There is also a large lagoon near by. Subterranean springs discharge along this coast. There are excellent spots for sea bathing in the clear blue water which washes long strips of white sands, fringed by coconut palms.



A large scale Tourist development is in progress at Discovery Bay. A modern hotel has recently been erected and the entire township is being transformed into a major settlement area. Electricity and Water Supplies are provided and the Discovery Bay Company is converting the area into one of the largest single Tourist Settlements in the Island.

In the Dry Harbour Mountains there is an underground stream (probably the Cave River) flowing through a natural tunnel which can be explored for a considerable distance. At Cave Valley there is a thriving market and a police station. At Moseley Hall in the south-eastern corner of the parish there is a very fine cave that used to be frequently visited and there are several smaller but not less interesting ones in other parts of the parish. The dry bracing climate of the Dry Harbour Mountains is in high repute.

In the Pedro Hills is Edinburgh Castle on which property is situated the 'sink hole' where the murderer Hutchinson is supposed to have thrown down the bodies of all his victims in the latter part of the eighteenth century.

The village of Claremont, (formerly called Finger Post) has an Episcopal church and Methodist and London Missionary Society chapels, a Post Office and Telegraph Station, a Market, a Police Station and a clock tower.

Moneague, ten miles from Ewarton, is situated in a cool and pleasant part of the parish; it has a court house, a police station, a post office and telegraph station and a market. A good produce business is done here. There is also a fine hotel with golf course and Tennis Courts on a commanding site. During the war it has been used as a Military Training Centre. The building is handsome and comfortable and situate as it is, in one of the most charming districts of the island, attracts visitors from the northern climates seeking to escape the severity of the winter. Here a lake of considerable extent is apt to appear from time to time and last for a year or more. It rose in 1916 and disappeared in 1918. It rose again in 1933, covering approximately 500 acres of land.

St. Ann with its healthy climate affords good prospects for settlers with capital. The Coastline with the white coral and crystal clear waters is fast being developed as a Holiday and Tourist resorts are established. The productions of this parish are principally coconuts, bananas, pimento, coffee and a fair amount of citrus. The cultivation of bananas is extending, and the soil is suitable for citrus fruits. Pimento, the "all-spice" of commerce, grows luxuriantly in St. Ann in which it is indigenous, and cattle caring is one of the chief industries of the parish. Coffee is extensively cultivated and sisal does well in the dry parts. There have been constructed in nearly all the dry areas of the parish large public tanks which have materially improved the well being of the peasantry.

The area of St. Ann is 481 square miles and its population is estimated at approximately 100,000.

#### TRELAWNY

THIS parish derives its name from a former governor of the colony, Sir William Trelawny who died in Jamaica in 1772. It was formed in 1770. The principal towns are Falmouth Stewart Town, Duncans, Clark's Town, Ulster Spring and Albert Town.

Falmouth is a town of considerable importance, and is more regularly laid out than any other town in the island, except Kingston; the streets are wide and clean and the public buildings are substantial and handsome. The Court House contains full length portraits of General Sir John Keane, Lieutenant-Governor from 1827 to 1829, and of Sir Charles Theophilus Metcalfe, Governor from 1839 to 1842. The other public buildings are the former district prison, now used as constabulary barracks and alms house, and the public general hospital. The Episcopal church, the Methodist chapel and the Kirk are all good buildings and well situated. The spacious Baptist chapel, erected under the auspices of William Knibb who played an important part in Trelawny both, before and after emancipation, was completely destroyed by the hurricane of 20th August, 1944. Knibb's body lies in the Baptist church yard. The military barracks now used as the Falmouth Government School, are spacious, solid buildings, and are capable of accommodating 700 men; they have always been regarded as being particularly healthy. The town is supplied with water from the Martha Brae River; it is conveyed to a reservoir built in the market square. The inhabitants are supplied by pipes laid down to their houses. There is a market in the square, and a park called Victoria Park, to the west of the town. The town is supplied with electricity for lighting purposes.

The entrance to the harbour, which was difficult of access owing to a very narrow and intricate channel has been widened and deepened.

Martha Brae, one-and-a-half miles inland from Falmouth, the first capital of Trelawny is supposed by some to have been the site of the old Spanish settlement of Melilla, which was abandoned soon after its establishment owing to the depredations of the French filibusters. The secret gold mine of the Spaniards is said to be in its neighbourhood.

Clark's Town, ten miles from Falmouth is important by reason of its central position. There is a good trade in produce there, and much ground provisions from Ulster Spring are sold there. There is an Episcopal church, a Baptist church, a post office, police station and a court house.

Stewart Town is the centre of a considerable trade in produce from the interior of Trelawny and the neighbouring parishes. It contains an Episcopal church and spacious chapels of the Wesleyan and Baptist denominations, a post office and police station; and there is a high school for girls at Westwood, hard by. This township derived its name from a former Custos, James Stewart, who was also chairman of the Vestry when the township was incorporated.

Duncans is a town not very distant from the sea coast in which a brisk trade is carried on. There is a post office, telegraph station and police station, court house and Wesleyan and Baptist chapels, and an Episcopal Mission Station.

Rio Bueno is an important shipping roadstead, known as one of the deepest harbours in Jamaica. A plentiful supply of water can be obtained a short distance up the river. It contains an Episcopal church, a telegraph office, police station and a Government School. There are other villages in the parish of some importance, namely: the Rock, Salt Marsh, Jackson Town, Wakefield, Deeside, Sawyers, Ulster Spring and Albert Town. The land is very fertile and there are a great number of prosperous small settlers in the districts. There are also a Wesleyan chapel and a Baptist chapel, court house, a government school, police station and telegraph office at Ulster Spring. There is a constabulary station and a telegraph office and a cottage hospital in this district. Albert Town is a place of some importance possessing an Anglican church and post office. There are Land Settlements at Dromilly, Friendship, Hyde and Gibraltar, Reserve and Unity.

The Dornoch Water Supply came into use during 1926-27. It affords to a very large area of the lowlands of the parish, a good and wholesome domestic supply of water, the beneficial effects are inestimable. The work was executed by the Public Works Department and cost over £43,000, being borne equally by the Island and the Parochial Board of Trelawny. This is one of the most successful Water Schemes inaugurated in the Island, and has been extended to Calabar, Stewart Castle and Duanvale. Over 30 miles of main pipe have been laid. It is operated by three Turbines which raise water 900 feet within three miles from river to reservoir.

The productions of this parish are principally sugar and rum, pimento, coffee, coconuts and ginger and a large quantity of dyewoods and some bananas. The parish is noted for its fine flavoured rums, the prices obtained for which enabled many of the estates to keep up cultivation in spite of adverse seasons when the price of sugar did not repay the cost of production. The parish offers fine scope for the operations of sugar factories, three of which are now in operation.

The area of Trelawny is 352 square miles and its population in 1943 was 47,535.

#### ST. JAMES

THIS, one of the smaller parishes of the island, was named after the Duke of York (afterwards James II). Montego Bay, the most important town in the parish, ranks next to Kingston in point of population. The chief buildings in the town are the Court House, the Episcopal church, with the monument to Rosa Palmer by Bacon, Trinity chapel, the Presbyterian church, the Roman Catholic church, the chapels belonging to the Methodist and the Baptist denominations, the custom house and the old barracks. The terminus of the railway line from Kingston is at Montego Bay.

There are two large markets, and extensive mercantile stores indicate the commercial importance of the town. Montego Bay was called "Manteca Bay" by the Spaniards from being the great emporium for lard. The bay is an open roadstead and the anchorage is quite safe during the period of the ordinary land and sea breezes which range from N.N.E. to S.E.; but between November and March, when northers sometimes blow in, accompanied by a heavy sea, a second anchor is sometimes necessary and accidents have been known to occur. Sea-bathing is a great institution at Montego Bay, the inhabitants claiming that the "Doctor's Cave" and the "White Sands" are the best bathing places in the island. There are two ice factories and a telephone system in

the town, which is lighted by electricity. The importance of Montego Bay as a tourist resort has increased considerably in recent years, and there are many beautiful modern hotels erected on the coast.

The surrounding hills are dotted with fine residences, some of which like Grove Hill (mentioned in "Tom Cringle's Log") have historic interest.

The late Spring Hill Hotel overlooks the Bay and is now attached to Pleasant Hill, the home of Cornwall College, with accommodation for boarders as well as day scholars.

The product of the parish are principally sugar, coffee and bananas.

At Ducketta, Seven Rivers and Chesterfield, in a district of large rainfall, are considerable estates in banana cultivation.

Cambridge, now the second place of importance in the parish, owes its position entirely to the fruit cultivation in its vicinity.

There is a central sugar factory at Rose Hall. The area of St. James is 240 square miles and its population in 1943 was 63,542.

#### HANOVER

With the exception of Kingston this is the smallest Parish in area in the Island. When it was formed the Assembly wished to call it St. Sophia in honour of the mother of George I., but in this it was over-ruled by the Council, and the name was chosen with reference to the reigning family in England. The only town, Lucea, is, together with its precincts, the most picturesque in Jamaica. It contains amongst its principal buildings a handsome Court House and Market and Episcopal, Methodist, Presbyterian, Roman Catholic and Baptist Churches. The Episcopal Church (possibly the most ancient in the Island) is of attractive steeple design and is beautifully situated at the entrance of the fine harbour. The whole western shore of the landlocked harbour is fringed with houses and the hills above are studded with residences. The harbour, although of small dimensions, is one of the best on the north side of Jamaica. Its entrance is about three cables wide, but within, it sweeps round into a beautiful basin, about three-quarters of a mile in diameter, capable of receiving vessels of large size. Fort Charlotte, which was built for the defence of the harbour, stands on the peninsula that overlooks the channel. In the barracks is kept the Government Elementary School as well as the Rusea's School, which latter affords secondary education for boys and girls. On land which is alleged to have formed part of the Fort site is also situated the Public Works Office and residence, the residence of the Inspector of Police, the Public General Hospital, the Customs boat-house and boatmen's quarters. Other public buildings situated elsewhere in the town are the Police Station, the Police Guard Room, Subsidiary Parochial Board Offices and the comparatively new and attractive Poor House.

The Village of Green Island, further westwards, is a shipping port in which are Episcopal and Presbyterian churches, and a Baptist chapel. In the past this village enjoyed a considerable banana trade.

On the other side of Lucea, about 8 miles eastward is Mosquito Cove.

There are some very valuable grazing pens in the Parish of which the best known are Shettlewood, Burnt Ground, Knockalva, Haughton Grove and Sadler's Hall. Shettlewood is famous for its Indian cattle which are preferred by planters for working purposes to any other kind, owing to their activity and hardihood as well as their immunity from the attacks of ticks.

The Parish is mountainous and well watered, the highest summit being the Dolphin Head which affords a good land-mark for mariners, and though difficult of access rewards the hiker with an unsurpassed panoramic view of most of the Parishes of Hanover and Westmoreland and their capital towns, together with portions of the Parishes of St. James and St. Elizabeth.

The productions of the Parish are principally bananas, sugar and rum, pimento, ginger and arrowroot. The peasantry are chiefly employed in planting ground provisions of which the Lucea yam enjoys a great reputation in the Island.

The area of Hanover is 177 square miles and its population in 1943 was 51,246.

#### WESTMORELAND

The parish of Westmoreland was formed in 1703 and was probably so called as it is the westernmost parish in the Island. The area of the parish is 320 square miles and its population in 1943 was 90,109.

The parish is well suited for agriculture as its soil is for the greater part fertile and it has a good rainfall, the rains coming regularly between the months of April and October,

while it is also served by numerous rivers and streams, the principal of which are the Cabaritta River (navigable by boats up to eight tons for some 12 miles from its mouth), Roaring River, Great River, Negril, New Savannah and other rivers. There are some 10,000 to 12,000 acres of morass lands, which afford maintenance in the dry season to numbers of stock. Three quarters of the remainder of the parish consists of hills and slopes of moderate elevation, providing good pasture grounds for cattle, while the remaining quarter consists of low alluvial plains on which the sugar estates are situated.

The chief industry of the parish is the manufacture of sugar, the principal centre for which is Frome where the West Indies Sugar Co., have erected one of the largest and most up-to-date factories in the West Indies, producing 50,000 tons of sugar per annum. Rum is also produced as a by-product of sugar and more recently food yeast from a factory established by the Colonial Food Yeast Co., of the United Kingdom for the manufacture of this product for distribution in Jamaica as well as in other parts of the world. Next to sugar and rum in importance is the cattle industry (for dairy products and beef) and there are numerous cattle rearing pens, large and small, from which milk is supplied locally and to the Island Milk Condensary at Bog Walk, while its beef cattle are supplied to Kingston and other places. The growing of rice is also an important industry which has expanded considerably in recent years; this rice is grown principally at a large East Indian settlement at a place called Paul Island where there are marsh lands suitable for rice cultivation. Bananas, Coffee, Ginger, Pimento, Honey, and Logwood are also produced. Fishing is carried on at the Ports of Negril, Little Bay, Savanna-la-Mar, Cave, Bluefields and White House, the last named being famous for its catches of King Fish.

The chief town of the parish is Savanna-la-Mar which is also a shipping port, and one of the most important towns in the island from a commercial standpoint. The town and its precincts are supplied with water from the Carawina River and electric light from plants operated by the Parochial Board, while it also has a modern telephone service which is connected to Kingston and other parts of the island. In the town are a Court House, Police Station, several churches of different denominations, two moving picture theatres and a new and commodious market, while there is an ice factory at Water Works, some nine miles outside. In addition to a branch of the Government Savings Bank there are two commercial banks and a Building Society (The Westmoreland Building Society) situated at Savanna-la-Mar while Government sponsored People's Co-operative Banks have been established in the town as well as at Little London, Petersfield, Darliston and several other centres. There is a large public hospital at Savanna-la-Mar, equipped with modern appliances.

The Manning's School, situated at the entrance to the town, affords facilities for a secondary education, while there is also an elementary school (attendance approx. 500) which has a kindergarten department (attendance approx. 300).

Other important townships are Grange Hill, Frome, Little London, Negril, Petersfield, Darliston, Bethel Town, Glen Islay and Williamsfield.

There is a small but modern hotel at Bluefields, overlooking a very good bathing beach. Among the historic spots of the parish are The Old Spanish Fort at Savanna-la-Mar and the Soldier's Tomb on the road near Bethel Town.

#### ST. ELIZABETH

Saint Elizabeth, one of the largest parishes, was probably named in honour of Elizabeth, wife of Sir Thomas Modyford.

The chief town and shipping port is Black River, situated at the mouth of the river of the same name. More business is transacted in Black River than in most places of the same size, while its unsavory reputation for unhealthiness is not warranted by the Registrar General's statistics. The principal buildings are the Court House, the Public General Hospital, the Bank of Nova Scotia and the collectorate—the parish church, the prison and the market. Electric lights have been re-installed in the buildings and streets of the town. The distinction of being the first town in Jamaica to be lighted by electricity go to Black River, which was so lighted as far back as 1893 by Messrs. Leyden Bros.

The court house presents a fine appearance from the sea and at once attracts the attention of the visitor. In the parish church are many interesting memorial tablets recalling

to the memory of the living the many good qualities of the departed Saint Elizabeth gentry. The handsomest of these mural tablets are those on either side of the chancel to the memory of Robert Hugh Munro and Caleb Dickenson, founders of the Munro and Dickenson's Trust. The town enjoys a house-to-house supply of chlorinated water brought from the Y.S. Spring

The village of Brompton nearby has also been supplied with chlorinated water piped from the Hannah Spring, which has been recently linked with the Black River Water Supply.

Sugar factories are located at Appleton, Holland and Mexico (Raheen). There are also a Cassava Starch Factory at Barton near Maggoty and a Tomato Canning Factory at Bull Savannah.

The principal villages of the parish are Lacovia, Santa Cruz, Balaclava, Newmarket, Siloah and Malvern. There is also a Maroon township called Accompong on the northern boundary of the parish.

The northern and north-eastern parts of the parish are mountainous while an extensive plain occupies the central and southern districts. Through this plain, dividing it into two sections, runs from north to south the Santa Cruz range of mountains; at the southern extremity the range terminates abruptly, 1,600 feet to the sea. This precipice, known as "Lovers Leap," is on Yardly Chase property which has been purchased by Government under the Land Settlement Scheme. The Black River Mineral Spring now known as the Black River Spa, is becoming increasingly popular.

Black River provides river fishing unequalled in Jamaica, while its sea fishing is also of the best.

The Santa Cruz Mountains are well known for their charming climate which is at the same time both cool and dry. The thermometer seldom rises above 80° F. in the hottest months, while there is an entire absence of that excessive humidity which is a serious drawback to much of the higher lands of the islands. The district is a centre of educational activity. The schools situate in the bracing air of these Mountains, are the two schools of the Munro and Dickenson's Trust that for girls at Hampton and that for boys at Munro College, and the Moravian Female Training School at Bethlehem. On the slope of the mountain is the Manning Home for the waifs and stray children.

At Malvern there are boarding houses. The lowlands of the parish may be divided into three parts: one portion—and that a very considerable one—being taken up with morass; a second consisting of savannahs; and the third comprising some of the finest country for stock raising and grazing purposes in the island. Rising far up in the northern interior of the parish, tumbling down through the gorges there until it reaches the plain and then sluggishly creeping through the morass, comes the Black River. The stream is navigable for lighters for nearly 30 miles of its course and forms a valuable highway for the conveyance of the produce of the upper parts of the parish to the sea, while goods are conveyed by the same means from the seaport to the interior. The Grosmond and Y.S. tributaries have been opened up. Crocodiles live in the river; while in it as in the less important streams which flow through the morass, fish are plentiful. The Y.S. Falls are an object of interest to sightseers, as are the Maggoty Falls on the Black River.

The savannahs deserve some notice. In dry weather they are huge brown wastes, but after rain no land recovers more quickly or is more wonderfully fertile. The well-being of the inhabitants of these districts therefore depends more directly than elsewhere on the rainfall. St. Elizabeth is the largest corn-producing parish of the island, most of it being grown on the savannahs. where, in good seasons, the yield is very large. Parts of the savannahs are also famous for horses, which are rated amongst the best bred in Jamaica. These are raised principally by settlers, some of whom possess beautiful specimens of the stud horse and brood mare. The abundance of corn naturally enables the owners to feed their stock well, and they declare that there is a peculiarly nutritive property in their savannah grass, which renders it superior to any other for horses.

St. Elizabeth produces sugar, rum, pimento, coffee, logwood, ginger and tobacco, besides the minor products. There has been a noticeable improvement in the quality of straw goods produced in the parish, such as hats, handbags, etc., which possess a special appeal for tourists; and their manufacture is now becoming an industry of importance.

At Santa Cruz there is an alms-house.

The area of the parish is 474 square miles and its population in 1943 was 100,182.

## MANCHESTER

By an act of 1814 the neighbouring hill districts of the then parishes of Vere, Clarendon and St. Elizabeth were constituted a separate parish, upon petition of the inhabitants of Mile Gully, May Day, and the Carpenter's Mountains representing that these districts were too far removed from the administrative centres. The new parish was called Manchester, after the Duke of Manchester who was Governor of the Island at the time, and whose administration has been the longest in the history of the island, a period of 19 years.

The parish offers much diversity of climate, vegetation and scenery and has many attractions for the tourist. It consists mainly of small farms the hilly configuration of the land not admitting of large scale methods of Agriculture. Manchester oranges are famous for their flavour and other products include grapefruit, coffee, pimento, ginger, bananas and dairy products. Small stock, poultry and a large variety of tubers and roots are produced for local consumption.

Mandeville, the chief town of the parish, was so named after the title of the heir to the dukedom of Manchester. The site for the capital town of the parish was selected by the Committee of the Vestry at a meeting held on 27th August, 1816.

The town which is one of the prettiest in the island nestles among the hills at an elevation of 2,061 feet above sea level and is remarkable for the well kept appearance of its buildings and streets. It is almost in the centre of the parish and also of the island, an admirable situation for an administrative centre. It is readily accessible by road and rail from all parts of the island. The climate is salubrious and the temperature ranges from 70-75 degrees in the day time to 65-70 degrees at night, and the town has not only achieved world wide popularity as a winter resort for tourists, but is much frequented in the summer by islanders from the warmer districts on the plains. The town is also attracting in increasing numbers retired British and American settlers. Excellent accommodation is available for tourists in half a dozen good hotels, and there are several private boarding houses in addition. The town is lit by electricity and ice is manufactured locally. The local telephone Exchange is linked with the All-Island System. A public water supply is obtained from reservoirs fed by catchments.

Local amenities include a Court House, Constabulary Station, a large and convenient market, a Post Office, Public Hospital, an Episcopal church, a Wesleyan chapel, a chapel belonging to the London Missionary Society, a Baptist chapel, and local offices of various Government Departments. There are two thriving Country Clubs and excellent facilities are available for Tennis, Billiards, Golf, Cricket and Foot Ball. There are Polo and gymkhana grounds in St. Elizabeth within one hour's run from Mandeville, and sea bathing can be had at Alligator Pond, a distance of 19 miles away. Secondary Schools include a Co-Educational day School run by the Manchester Trustees and a private day school at Brampton, two miles out of town, while accommodation for boarders is available at other schools such as the Roman Catholic School for girls, the Anglican Preparatory school for boys and a private Co-Educational school. The Government also has Elementary and Infant schools and there is a large Academy run by the Seventh Day Adventists for children and adults of both sexes where vocational and industrial training is given as well as the purely academic.

Social Service Institutions are numerous and well organized and the Free Library and Maternity Hospital are splendid examples of local enterprise. The well appointed Cinema was also erected by local capital and there are in active operation a Chamber of Commerce, Tourist Trade Development Association, a Charity Organization Society, a Horticultural Society and a Musicians Guild. There is a branch of the Nova Scotia Bank.

Christiana, the second largest town of the parish, is situated 14 miles north of Mandeville at an elevation of 2,500 feet. It is also a tourist resort and has a hotel and several boarding houses. The climate is much cooler than that of Mandeville and more humid. This is one of the areas in which bananas are grown on a large scale for export and there are good views over to the undulating country in the parish of Trelawny. There is a local branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia, a Court House and Police Station, post office, market, an Anglican and a Moravian church, two large elementary schools and a number of good shops. Here also is the Government vocational training school of Holmwood, and the Percy Junor Memorial Hospital at the line of parish near Spaldings is one of the best equipped in the West Indies. Several residences in the town are served with water piped in from the public reservoir.

Porus, on the plain near the border of the parish with Clarendon, is the gateway to the parish from the direction of Kingston. It is on the railway line, having been the terminus until 1890, and it lies on the main highway from Kingston to Mandeville. It is a thriving business centre and in addition to its Court House and Police Station, Churches and Market, there is the Community Hall of the Jamaica Welfare, Ltd., which is the centre of social activity. There is an excellent water supply by pipes from the Whitney river and the area is a most fruitful one abounding in citrus, coconuts, coffee and a large variety of tropical fruits.

Newport is a small inland town six miles south of Mandeville and at approximately the same elevation, on the main road to Alligator Pond.

Alligator Pond is a small fishing village at the south-west corner of the parish. Other towns to the north are Mile Gully, near to the Government Experimental Station and Stud Farm at Grove Place, and Devon, about seven miles from Christiansa.

The area of the parish is 339 square miles and its population in 1943 was 92,745.

#### CLARENDON

The parish was named in honour of the celebrated Lord Chancellor. It is one of the largest parishes in the island and for electoral and revenue purposes it is divided into three Constituencies, southern, north western and north eastern. The parish is second in population and fourth in size.

May Pen the capital of the parish is an important township with a population of about 10,000 situated on the Banks of the Rio Minho, about 35 miles from Kingston. In the court house are the courts office, collectorate and parochial offices. The town contains a hotel, a market, an alms house, a police station, an Anglican church, a Wesleyan church, a Roman Catholic chapel, Seventh Day Adventist Church, a post and telegraph office, an All-Island Telephone Exchange, a Public Works Office, and Superintendent's quarters, a garage, a cordage factory, and several up-to-date stores. A Citrus Packing House and a Citrus Canning Factory have been established. The town is lighted by electricity. The Bell Memorial Clock Tower is in the centre of the town. A Building Society has been established with office in May Pen, also two Moving Picture Theatres and an Elementary school. Social amenities are provided at the Clarendon Country Club, with its tennis courts and a 9 hole Golf course and at Muir Park a gift of the late Hon. George Muirhead.

The principal towns or villages in the upper district are Chapelton, Spaldings, Rock River and Frankfield; in the middle district, May Pen, Four Paths and Hayes; and in the Vere or lower district, Alley and Milk River, Race Course and Lionel Town. Kellits in upper Clarendon near the St. Ann border of the parish has sprung up during the past twelve years, and is the result of the Land Settlement Scheme. The Kellits property was purchased by Government and a township laid out. There is a fine market well supported, filling station stores, dispensaries and a Government Marketing Depot.

There are a few growing villages in the Valley of the Rio Minho such as Morgan's Pass, Crooked River, and Trout Hall with Railway Stations. The shipping ports and wharves are at Salt River and Carlisle Bay. The West Indian Sugar Co., Ltd. has now purchased all the United Fruit Co's holdings, those of the Vere Estates and the Bog Estate in Vere.

There is a cordage industry with cultivations carried on in the neighbourhood of Cross Factory has been erected at Yarmouth owned by Messrs. Henriques Bros. Tobacco and rice growing are also two flourishing industries.

Spaldings is a prosperous village situated near to the border of the parishes of Clarendon and Manchester. It contains a market, Presbyterian and Anglican churches, dry goods stores, post and telegraph office, Court House, Police Station and an elementary school and is supplied with electricity for lighting purposes. The climate is unsurpassed and a thriving business is done in the purchasing of island produce, principally ginger, coffee and bananas. A large Parish Tank constructed by the Parochial Board now supplies Spaldings with water. A hospital has been recently erected there. A T.B. Ward attached to this Hospital has been constructed. A Secondary School has also been erected there.

Chapelton, the principal town of Upper Clarendon, is on the Rio Minho branch of the Railway, and contains an Episcopal church (St. Paul's), a Congregational church, Salems in connection with the London Missionary Society; a Court House, constabulary barrack, and Inspector's quarters, a public general hospital, public works office and store, a large covered market, post and telegraph office, and several large stores. There is a War Memorial Clock Tower and a public elementary school.

Rock River is a small village about five miles to the east of Chapelton market, near an abandoned sugar estate of the same name, and contains a constabulary station and market and a few shops.

Frankfield, the terminus of the Rio Minho branch of the Railway, is an important village 12 miles to the north-west of Chapelton on a good driving road, and is the centre of a large and flourishing agricultural district and the temporary terminus of the Rio Minho Valley railway extension. In the village are a court house, two churches, a market, a post office and a dispensary, and new public elementary school building. A District Medical Officer resides in Frankfield.

Frankfield is the most important buying centre for bananas in the parish, and there has been great expansion due to the railway extension, and the construction of several important feeder roads.

Four Paths is situated on the main road about four miles west of May Pen. There is a railway station in its immediate vicinity. It also has a Government School Building and a few shops. It has a public market, constabulary station, a post office and public water supply by a bore hole, constructed by the Parochial Board. A citrus packing house is also in operation there.

Hayes is a small village about seven miles south of May Pen, built on a savannah of the same name. It would be difficult to account for its existence on so arid and unproductive a site, but it has nevertheless a substantial public market, generally well attended and supplied with provisions. There are also an Anglican Church, a police station, a post office, and a few shops. The water supply has been greatly improved by the Parochial Board. Water is pumped by an engine and supplied to the villages and district by stand pipes.

Milk River (formerly called The Rest) is reached by an excellent level road, a branch from the main road between Four Paths and Porus, or from Clarendon Park station, a distance of about 10 miles. The village has a church, shops, a post and telegraph office and a constabulary station. The Milk River is navigable for lighters for four or five miles. The river used to abound in crocodiles, but the constant passage of boats has made them scarce. The Milk River Bath (of which an account is given in another part of this Handbook) stands on the west bank of the river about three miles from the village.

Alley, which was formerly the capital of the parish of Vere (now incorporated with Clarendon) is a small village on the banks of the Rio Minho and is rendered of some importance from the fact of its being in the immediate proximity to a large number of sugar estates, all under one ownership, the West India Sugar Co., Ltd. In this district may be seen some of the finest cane cultivation in the island, the estates of Moneymusk, Amity Hall, Bog, Moreland, Hillside, having very large acreages in canes, they have also all the latest and most improved machinery and appliances for the manufacture of sugar and rum. One factory is now in operation, and a sugar refinery has been lately erected at Moneymusk. The village contains an interesting Episcopal church, a court house, constabulary station, a post and telegraph office, market, and a large public general hospital.

Carlisle Bay is noted as being the spot where the colonial militia under Major (afterwards Colonel) Richard Lloyd, met the French under DuCasse in 1694, and after three days' gallant resistance drove them to their ships with a loss of 700 men. The invaders had already for nearly a month plundered and destroyed the sea-side plantations and murdered or kidnapped the gentry and their slaves.

This, in words of Bridges, was "the most formidable attack which was ever made upon the shores of Jamaica".

Dawkins says in his report on the Geology of Jamaica: "The geology of this parish is perhaps more interesting than that of any in the island. The Clarendon mines at Charing Cross and Standford Hill afford a nearer approach to true lodes or mineral veins than any of the other metalliferous deposits of Jamaica." Copper mining on Keyes, Retreat and Provost, has been carried on from time to time.



There is a very fine main road from Chapeltown to Cave Valley in St. Ann, and wheeled traffic is possible to nearly every district of the parish.

The Bull Head, rising to a height of 3,600 feet or thereabouts and situated near its northern limit, is the highest land in the parish. This mountain is as nearly as possible the centre of the island and is a conspicuous object to vessels making the island from the south. The ascent is easy and the view from it on a clear day magnificent. It commands the entire parish; to the north lies the parish of St. Ann; to the west the Manchester hills, and eastward an uninterrupted prospect to the Blue Mountain Peak.

Fort Simonds now renamed Vernam Field has been established by the American Authorities as an Air Base. It is reached by a good driving road and Railway and lies approximately 6 miles south-west of May Pen. It is lit by electricity supplied by the Jamaica Public Service Co., Ltd., and has a constabulary station and a post office, both erected since the establishment of the Air Base.

The Round Hill in Vere is a conspicuous object arising out of the plain, and seen from great distances. The climate of Upper Clarendon including the Mocho mountains in the west to Colonel's Ridge and Kellits in the East is excellent, and the scenery unsurpassed.

The area of the parish is 467 square miles and its population in 1943 was 123,505.

#### ST. CATHERINE

This parish derived its name from the Queen of Charles II. In the first act in which it is mentioned it is correctly spelled Katherine. It consists of what before the passing of Law 20 of 1867 constituted the parishes of St. Catherine, St. Dorothy, St. John and St. Thomas-in-the-Vale. The chief towns and villages are Spanish Town, Old Harbour and Linstead.

Spanish Town, or Saint Jago de la Vega, founded by Diego Columbus, son of the discoverer in 1523 was the capital of the Island until 1870 when the capital was transferred to Kingston. It is today the second largest town in the Island with a population of 12,007. It is situated on the banks of the Rio Cobre, from which it derives its water supply. Amongst the more important public buildings was the old King's House (formerly the official residence of Governors of the Island) built in 1762, but unfortunately burnt down in 1925. Other important buildings are the building formerly used for the House of Assembly and the Legislative Council, the Cathedral, a national shrine rebuilt in 1712 on the foundations of the oldest cathedral in the New World originally built between 1523-30, the Court House, the Record Office, the Registrar General's Office, the Middlesex and Surrey county gaol, the St. Catherine District Prison, originally built as a house of correction from proceeds of the estate of George Fletcher under a will dated 1714, the Lepers Home, and the constabulary depot buildings. There are two Episcopal churches, namely, the cathedral church, dedicated to St. James, and Trinity chapel. The remains of several of the Governors of Jamaica and of their wives and of the more eminent early settlers of the colony are interred within the cathedral or in the churchyard attached. There are several good monuments by Bacon, the Effingham tomb, the memorial to Archbishop Nuttall and others. In the churchyard is the tomb of Sir Charles Price, removed from Decoy in 1932. The town also contains a Roman Catholic church, and chapels attached to the Wesleyan and Baptist bodies and the foundation of a Synagogue, the land for which was purchased in 1704, commodious markets and Alms-House and a Public General Hospital, Beckford and Smith's Secondary School for Boys, partly endowed, and the Cathedral High School for Girls. There is also a town hall, in which there is a stage for dramatic representations and clubs and public telephone service. At this town is the junction of the north and west branches of the railway. The town is lit with electricity.

Among the antiquities of the town may be noted the marble statue of Rodney, by Bacon and the two large bronze guns which were captured by the Admiral in 1782 from the French fleet under Count de Grasse; the "Eagle House," once surrounded by a moat, and formerly the residence of the Earl of Inchiquin when Governor of Jamaica; a tamarind tree in the grounds of the Alms-House, which local tradition points out as that under which Colonels Tyson and Raymond were shot for mutiny in 1660, and the foundations of the old Spanish White Cross Church and of the Convent attached to it, which may still be traced in the street named thereafter.

The drive from Spanish Town to Bog Walk, past the power station which supplies some of the electric motive power for Kingston from the Rio Cobre, is a favourite with visitors. The "Bog Walk" affords one of the finest bits of scenery in the Island.

Old Harbour contains a court house, an Episcopal church, a Wesleyan chapel and a public market. About a mile from the town stands the old parish church, built by the

earlier English settlers on land donated by Colonel Fuller who died in 1690, 35 years after the Island was captured from the Spaniards, where Admiral Penn is buried. The town is supplied with water from two rivers six miles off and a deep well half a mile distant. The Ludford endowed school is also here.

Old Harbour Bay was formerly called "Esquivel," after the Spanish Governor of that name, who established it as a ship-building port. It possesses a fine harbour studded with little low cays and rocky islets on one of which was an American (U.S.) naval base during World War II (1939/1945).

When Columbus discovered it, it was inhabited by thousands of Indians, the most intelligent and the most civilized of all the aborigines of the Antilles that he had seen. There are an Episcopal church and a Baptist chapel in the village. It is to-day the largest fishing village in the Island.

Linstead, which is situated in the centre of an almost circular hollow shut in by mountains, is a thriving township. It contains a court house, a Presbyterian church, a Wesleyan chapel, a public general hospital, an Alms-House and many fine stores, and is lit with electricity. There is a good water supply and a market. An Episcopal church and Baptist chapel are in the vicinity. The railway extension to this place developed the great resources of the surrounding country and rendered it one of the most important trading centres in the Island. The Episcopal church near Linstead has become historical from the circumstance of all the public records having been deposited there under a militia guard during the period of the anticipated French invasion of 1805. There is an ex-soldier land settlement at Coolshade nearby, and two Agricultural Training Centres for boys—Dinthill and Rosehall. Ewarton is a small township.

Six miles from Spanish Town to the south-east is Passage Fort, the landing place of the English conquerors in 1655, and the place where the Rio Cobre empties itself into the sea. It was once a port of some importance and was connected with Spanish Town (then the seat of government) by a line of stage-coaches; it is now a fishing village, with a few houses, the principal building being a small chapel belonging to the Baptist denomination.

About four miles from Passage Fort and six miles from Spanish Town lies the sea-side village of Port Henderson, which was once a place of considerable resort for change of air. It contains a mineral spring, and is connected by a main road to Spanish Town. The buildings once afforded comfortable accommodation for visitors but are now dilapidated.

In the immediate neighbourhood is the quarantine station (of which a full account is given in another part of this work). On the hill at the back of the former lodgings is Rodney's lookout, from which the Admiral kept watch over the adjacent sea, until he finally defeated the French Fleet in 1782. Nearby is Port Clarence which was fortified as a modern Fort and used during World War II (1939-45). On the grounds of the quarantine station (Green Bay) there is still the tomb of Lewis Galdy who was "miraculously saved" from the earthquake of 1692.

Not far from Spanish Town is Bernard Lodge Sugar Factory one of the most modern in the Island.

Between Port Henderson and Passage Fort (on the seaward) is Fort Augusta, which was once a military station. All ammunition and other combustible materials used to be deposited here by vessels proceeding to Kingston. The fort was planned by Captain Knowles (afterwards Governor of the Island) for the protection of Kingston.

There are a few grazing pens in the plains of St. Catherine which are remuneratively managed as Dairy farms; but the plains are given over to banana and sugar cane cultivation on a large scale. The salt ponds district (lying between Spanish Town, Port Henderson, and Passage Fort) is noted for the excellent quality of its bananas and for the fine fish taken from the large salt pond, especially the well known calipeva. The inhabitants of Spanish Town were formerly supplied with salt to the extent of 5,000 bushels a year from the pond referred to.

The principal products of the parish are sugar, rum, coffee, bananas, oranges, grape fruit, corn, tobacco, cocoa, grass and milk. The Rio Cobre canal which irrigates approximately 18,000 Acres of the St. Catherine's plains since 1876 has proved a boon to the inhabitants in rendering profitable the cultivation of bananas and other fruits and various kinds of cereals and sugar cane.

There is an important factory of logwood dye at Spanish Town—The West Indies Chemical Works, Ltd.

The area of the parish is 483 square miles and its population in 1943 was 121,032

## PAROCHIAL BOARDS

THE Parochial Board of each parish, except the united parishes of Kingston and St. Andrew, consists of the Custos and Members of the House of Representatives for the parish who are *Ex-officio* Members of the Board, and from 9 to 15 persons elected by the taxpayers.

In 1923, the parishes of Kingston and St. Andrew were amalgamated for the purposes of civic administration under the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation.

The Parochial Boards manage all local affairs, but in principal matters are under the direction of the Government.

The qualifications and disqualifications of members of a Parochial Board under the Parochial Boards Law, Cap. 35, Section 5, are as follows:—

No person shall be capable of being elected a member of the Parochial Board of any parish, or, having been elected, of sitting or voting at any meeting of such Board:—

- (1) Who is not able to read and write English; or
- (2) Who is not entitled to vote at the election of a member of such Board, or
- (2A) Who is an undischarged bankrupt; or
- (3) Who is not
  - (a) Either registered as a voter as aforesaid in respect of the payment of rates or taxes, or rates and taxes, to the amount of three pounds annually; or
  - (b) in receipt of the clear annual income of one hundred pounds or
  - (c) the owner or tenant of a house or land of the value of two hundred pounds or
- (4) Who is the holder of any office of emolument, the emolument of which is payable out of the funds of the Public or Parish; or
- (5) Who is either directly or indirectly pecuniarily or otherwise, interested in any contract with the Parochial Board of such Parish, although such contract shall, by virtue of the provisions hereinafter contained, be null and void.

Provided that no person shall be deemed to be directly or indirectly, pecuniarily or otherwise interested in any contract with the Parochial Board of any Parish, within the meaning of this section, by reason only of his having any share or interest in—

- (a) Any agreement for the loan of money, or any security for the payment of money only; or
- (b) Any newspaper in which any advertisement relating to the affairs of the Parish or Board is inserted; or
- (c) Any Incorporated Company or Society, which contracts with the Board, in which he does not hold more than one-tenth of the shares:

Provided always, that no Member of a Board shall have any vote on any question relating to any contract within the meaning of this section:

Provided further, that the seat of a duly elected member of a Parochial Board shall not be vacated under the provisions of this Law, merely by reason of his being interested in a contract with such Board, unless it appears that the contract has been entered into with the actual knowledge of the member.

## ASSOCIATION OF PAROCHIAL BOARDS OF JAMAICA

The first meeting of the delegates of the Parochial Boards of Jamaica, was held at Headquarters House, Kingston, on the 16th of October, 1928, when the Association was duly instituted.

The Association came into being as a result of a resolution moved by Hon. H. E. Allan at a regular meeting of the Portland Parochial Board in 1928.

It consists of two representatives of each Parochial Board, and the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation, elected at a Regular or Special Meeting of the Board or Corporation. Such representatives shall be members of the Association for a period of one year and shall be eligible for re-election, provided, however that in the event of any vacancy occurring by death, resignation or otherwise, the Parochial Board or Corporation shall elect another representative, to fill the vacancy for the unexpired term.

The objects of the Association are—(1) to deal with matters affecting the welfare of the Parochial Boards and the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation of Jamaica. (2) To make representations to the Central Government and to co-operate with the Elected Members of the House of Representatives with a view to carrying into effect the decisions arrived at by the Association. It meets yearly.

Hon. Sir Harold Allan, O.B.E. *Secretary and Treasurer.*

### KINGSTON AND ST. ANDREW CORPORATION

The establishment of the Kingston and St Andrew Corporation is governed by the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation Law, Chapter 11.

Prior to November, 1947, the Council of the Corporation was comprised of 8 Councillors, 4 being returned for the Urban Districts and 2 each for the Sub-urban and Rural Districts. The members of the House of Representatives for the parishes of Kingston and St. Andrew and the Custodes or acting Custodes of Kingston and St. Andrew were also Councillors. In addition there were two Aldermen elected by the Councillors for a period of one year and eligible for re-election. The Mayor and Deputy Mayor were elected annually from among the Aldermen and Councillors. The Law provides that the term of an elected Councillor shall be 3 years but as a result of the war there was no general Municipal Election between 1937 and 1947.

In 1947, the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation Law, Chapter 11 was amended by Law 30 of 1947 by which the constitution of the Council was radically changed. No provision was made in the amended Law for Aldermen, and election of Councillors was on the basis of universal adult suffrage. The new Council came into office on the 4th November, 1947, and comprises:—

*His Worship the Mayor*, the Councillor the Rev. E. E. McLaughlin  
*Deputy Mayor*—Vacant

#### *Ex-Officio Councillors*

Hon. Sir Noel Livingston, Kt., Custos of Kingston  
Hon. George S. Seymour, O.B.E., Custos of St. Andrew  
F. A. Glasspole, M.H.R., P.N.P., Ken Hill, M.H.R., P.N.P.,  
Wills Isaacs, M.H.R., P.N.P., Madame Rose Leon, M.H.R., J.L.P.,  
N. W. Manley, K.C., M.H.R., P.N.P., N. N. Nethersole, M.H.R., P.N.P.

#### *Elected Councillors:*

*Eastern Kingston*—Vacant, T. A. Kelly, P.N.P.  
*Central Kingston*—B. Barnswell, P.N.P., G. S. L. Thompson, J.L.P.  
*Western Kingston*—Iris King, P.N.P., A. Smith, J.L.P.  
*Port Royal*—G. P. McFarlane, J.L.P.  
*Eastern St. Andrew*—W. M. Seivright, P.N.P., Leo. McDonald J.L.P.  
*Central St. Andrew*—Vacant, H. L. Shearer, J.L.P.  
*Western St. Andrew*—E. E. McLaughlin, I.N.D., E. A. Marriott, P.N.P.

*Town Clerk*, Russell E. LeWars, J.P., *Deputy Town Clerk*, J. M. Harris; *Assistant Town Clerk*, B. L. Daniels; *City Treasurer*, L. H. Delvaille; *City Engineer*, F. L. Bronstorpe, M.S.C., A.M.I.C.E.; *Deputy City Engineer*, C. Adams, B.S.C., D.I.C., A.M.I.C.E.; *Superintendent Parochial Roads and Works*, W. B. Hanson; *Deputy Supt., Roads and Works*, C. J. Phillips; *Gas Engineer*, D. W. Lockey; *Manager Abattoir*, Dr. G. O. Rushie Grey, M.R.C.S. (Lon.); M.O.H. Dr. L. M. Watson, M.B.Ch.B., M.T.H.; 2nd M.O.(H.), Dr. H. Lightbourne, M.B., D.S., D.T.H.; *Schools M.O.*, Dr. D. Whitbourne, M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.; *Chief Sanitary Inspector*, G. D. Bailey; *Clerk to Committees* R. R. Hollar (Acting); *Registrar*, S. O. Scarlett; *Inspector of Poor*, A. Ballen (Acting); *Superintendent Fire Brigade*, J. F. Reid; *Asst. Supt. Fire Brigade*, C. Burnett; *Chief Officer, Fire Brigade*, L. E. Spalding; *4th Officer Fire Brigade*, *Accountant*, Major F. L. Patterson; *Storekeeper*, L. E. East; *Senior Clerks*, R. H. Mullings and L. A. LeWars; *First Class Clerks*, A. S. Doig, C. R. DoHarris, C. E. Milbourne, W. H. Bell, A. S. Clarke C. M. Fairweather, H. H. Irving, A. S. Drew; *Second Class Clerks*, H. G. Green, N. G. Gordon.

## SAINT THOMAS—

The Parish has sixteen Electoral Districts, each returning one member:—

E. C. Cassells, (*Chairman*); Mr. J. H. E. McBeth, (*Vice-Chairman*); Messrs. Rudolph Burke, C. B. McQueen, S. H. Reid, Eric G. Young, George Blissett, Claudius Miller, Wilberforce Walker, Milton A. Urquhart, Reuben Moore, Wilfred Nevison, John Barrett, Harold G. Burke, V. B. Downie, Jeremiah Blake.

*Ex-Officio Members*—Hon. H. E. Pengelley, *Custos*, Hon. I. W. Barrant, Hon. J. A. McPherson, *Members of the House of Representatives*.

STAFF	Salary
<i>Secretary</i>	
R. M. Arscott .. .. .	£600-25-700
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£100
Under Secondment to Board of Supervision with allowance of £100 p.a. from Board	
<i>Asst. Secretary, now acting as Secretary</i>	
O. A. Haik .. .. .	£600
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£100
<i>Grade II Clerk</i>	
B. E. P. Lannaman .. .. .	£225-20-325
Allowance consequent upon secondment Secy. to Board of Supervision .. .. .	£20
P. F. Lightbody .. .. .	£225-20-325
Allowance consequent upon secondment Secy. to Board of Supervision .. .. .	£30
S. M. Bryant .. .. .	£225-20-325
Travelling Allowance Pay Clerk .. .. .	£120
Anthony Haik .. .. .	£225-20-325
R. C. Pitkin .. .. .	£225-20-325
<i>Grade III Clerk</i>	
Olive Terrelonge .. .. .	£120-15-210
Ivy Thomas .. .. .	£120-15-210
Evelyn Palmer .. .. .	£120-15-210
<i>Superintendent Roads and Works</i>	
Ernest DePass .. .. .	£550-25-650
Travelling Allowance and 3d. per mile .. .. .	£120
<i>Grade II Asst. Supt. Roads and Works</i>	
J. N. A. Gordon .. .. .	£250-20-300
Travelling Allowance and 3d. per mile .. .. .	£120
<i>Temp. Grade II Asst. Supt. Roads and Works</i>	
W. A. Smith .. .. .	£250-20-300
Travelling Allowance and 3d. per mile .. .. .	£120
<i>Medical Officer (Health)</i>	
Dr. A. A. Bonner .. .. .	Paid by Govt.
<i>Chief Sanitary Inspector</i>	
W. E. Gordon .. .. .	£300-20-350
Travelling Allowance and 3d. per mile .. .. .	£120
<i>Grade II Sanitary Inspector</i>	
H. M. Givans .. .. .	£180-20-300
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£66
S. O. Hyatt .. .. .	£180-20-300
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£66
S. P. Nugent .. .. .	£180-20-300
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£66
C. V. Smith .. .. .	£180-20-300
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£66

*Grade III Sanitary Inspector*

W. J. Malcolm .. .. .	£120-15-180
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£3 10 0
S. C. Ross .. .. .	£120-15-180
Travelling Allowance and 1d. per mile .. .. .	£36
E. M. Rochester .. .. .	£120-15-180
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£3 10 0
V. S. Smith .. .. .	£120-15-180
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£66

*Inspector of Poor*

E. L. McDowell .. .. .	£200-20-350
Travelling Allowance and 3d. per mile .. .. .	£120

*Asst. Inspector of Poor (South Western)*

R. C. Lightbourne .. .. .	£80-10-120
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£36

*Asst. Inspector of Poor (North-Western)*

Christopher Ogilvie .. .. .	£80-10-120
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£36

*Asst. Inspector of Poor (Eastern)*

J. K. Smalling .. .. .	£80-10-120
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£36

*Asst. Inspector of Poor (Morant Bay)*

Virginia Lawrence .. .. .	£80-10-120
Cecil Campbell .. .. .	£80-10-120
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£3 10 0

*Master Alms House Grade I*

F. O. Llewellyn .. .. .	£200-20-300
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*Matron Alms House Grade I*

I. E. Noyes .. .. .	£160-16-200
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*Dentist Dental Clinic (Part time)*

Dr. L. A. Gibb .. .. .	£250
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£75

*District Nurses*

H. M. Smith .. .. .	£75-5-100
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£26
M. L. Campbell .. .. .	£75-5-100
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£26
Cislyn Reid .. .. .	£75-5-100
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£26
Corita Taylor .. .. .	£75-5-100
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£26
Mabel Ffrench .. .. .	£75-5-100
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£26
Sadie Walker .. .. .	£75-5-100
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£26
Ida Tinglin .. .. .	£75-5-100
Travelling Allowance .. .. .	£26

*Supervisor Water Supplies*

S. M. Hewitt .. .. .	£400
Travelling Allowance and 3d. per mile .. .. .	£120

*Turncock Morant Bay Water Works*

C. A. Parchment .. .. .	£143-13-182
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The Office of the Parochial Board is located at Morant Bay.

## PORTLAND

The Parish has 15 Divisions—Each Division returning 1 Member.

The Parochial Board consists of:— C. M. Smatt (*Chairman*);

Hon. F. V. Grosett, *Custos*; Hon. Sir Harold Allan, Kt., O.B.E., M.H.R. (Eastern) and Mr. L. A. Lynch, M.H.R. (Western) *Chairman*; Mr. Lawrence Marriott, Mr. Jethro Deacon, Mr. J. W. Blackwood, Mr. D. G. Wright, Mr. Joseph T. Harris, Mr. Basil H. O. Fuller, Mr. Edgar Hall, Mr. Edward S. Brown, Mr. Clement T. Afflick, Mr. Timothy McDonald, Mr. Ezekiel Marshall, Mr. Reginald L. Lowe, Mr. Edgar Carby, Mr. Franklin Jackson.

## ADMINISTRATION

<i>Secretary</i> —S. L. Hillary (£600-700)	£700
<i>Supt. Parochial Roads and Works</i> —D. O. Spence (£550-650)	£650
<i>Asst. Secretary</i> —L. L. Nunes (£350-425)	£400
Personal Allowance	£ 50
<i>Second Class Clerks</i> (2) (£225-325)	£570
<i>Third Class Clerks</i> (2) (£120-210)	£315

## PUBLIC HEALTH AND SANITATION

<i>Medical Officer (Health)</i> —Dr. P. C. Murray (paid by Govt.)	
<i>Chief Sanitary Inspector</i> —V. E. Neysmith (£300-350)	£350
<i>Sanitary Inspectors:</i>	
Grade II (2) (£180-300)	£450
Grade III (5) (£120-180)	£688 7/-
<i>Second Class Clerk</i> (1) (£225-325)	£325
<i>Third Class Clerk</i> (1) (£120-210)	£120

## POOR RELIEF

<i>Inspector of Poor</i> —L. C. Motta (£200-350)	£300
<i>Asst. Inspector of Poor</i> —(5)	£400
<i>Master Alms House</i> —L. B. Salmon (£200-300)	£300
<i>Matron Alms House</i> —R. A. Gurrell (£160-200)	£175

## FIRE BRIGADE

<i>Supt. Pt. Antonio</i> —E. E. Blake (£120-200)	£200
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## ROADS AND WORKS

<i>Asst. Superintendents</i> (3) (£250-300)	£889
<i>Foremen</i> (2)	£325
<i>Headmen</i> (3)	£338

## SAINT MARY

The Parish was divided into 15 single member constituencies (7 in the Western Division and 8 in the Eastern Division) for purposes of the Parochial General Election held during October, 1947.

The Constituencies and members representing them are as follows:—

*Western Division*

Port Maria—C. L. Clemetson (*Chairman*)  
 Oracabessa—H. O. Thompson  
 Gayle—C. L. A. Stuart  
 Retreat—N. L. Marsh (*Vice-Chairman*)  
 Carron Hall—Ivan Cameron  
 Hampstead—T. D. H. Willis  
 Pembroke Hall—O. W. Champagne

*Eastern Division*

Annotto Bay—C. N. McKenzie  
 Enfield—N. A. Baugh  
 Castleton—J. M. Lowe  
 Belfield—Ronald Campbell  
 Rock River—A. V. Ross  
 Richmond—H. S. Schleifer  
 Highgate—L. E. A. Francis  
 Islington—S. Williams  
 The Custos (Hon. C. M. Pringle),  
 2 M.H.Rs. (Mr. L. L. Simmonds  
 “ Mr. D.G. Ross) are  
 also Ex-officio members of the Board

**STAFF:**

<i>Secretary Board</i> —Henry B. Phillpotts	..	..	£700 per annum
<i>Asst. Secretary</i> —R. A. Robinson	..	..	£475 per annum
<i>Supt. Roads and Works</i> —R. R. Spicer	..	..	£650 per annum
<i>Inspector of Poor</i> —C. N. Goffe	..	..	£350 per annum

Office of the Board—Port Maria.

**SAINT ANN**

This Parish is divided into 17 Constituencies, each of which returns one member to the Parochial Board of Saint Ann.

The Custos of the Parish and the two Members of the House of Representatives are also Ex-Officio Members of the Board; the total membership being 20.

The Parochial Board is the Body which administers the Local Government affairs of the Parish, i. e.—Roads, Water Supplies, Poor Relief, Sanitation, Markets, Cemeteries and Grounds Recreation Fire Brigades.

**MEMBERS**—N. O. Lawrence Esq., *Chairman*; C. L. Bertram Esq. *Vice-Chairman*;  
 The Hon. Surgeon Major, A.G. Curphey, M.B.E., M.C., *Custos*; Dr. Ivan S. Lloyd,  
 M.H.R. (Eastern), R. D. Wilmot M.H.R. (Western) Messrs. R. E. Baird, Philip Brown,  
 Frank B. Ricketts, Cecil Anderson, Cyril Miller, S. A. Beckford, H. W. Charley, L.  
 A. Wedderburn, R. B. Codner, N. A. Wainwright, A. S. Wilmot, I. B. Mills, Geo. N.  
 Davis, E. R. Tucker and Mrs. M. E. Aabuthnott-Gallimore.

*Secretary of the Board:*

G. Louis Byles, J.P., Barrister at Law—Salary			£700
Travelling Allowance	..	..	120 plus
			3d. per mile

*Superintendent:*

C. V. Lloyd B.S.C., A.M.I.C.E.—Salary	..	..	500
Travelling Allowance	..	..	120 plus
			3d. per mile

*Medical Officer of Health—*

Dr. H. S. Lawrence, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edn.)			
L.R.F.P. & S. (Glas.) D.T.M. & H. (Liverpool)			
D.P.H. (Liverpool)	..	..	1,050
Travelling Allowance	..	..	120 plus
			3d. per mile

*Inspector of Poor:*

S. F. Douse—Salary	..	..	200
Travelling Allowance			120 plus
			3d. per mile



## TRELAWNY

The Parish is comprised of sixteen Electoral Divisions each of which returns one member.

**MEMBERS**—Mr. Victor Gentles, *Chairman*; E. F. E. DeLayefitte, Clifford Black, Edwin Yates, O. V. Bennett, H. H. Witter, Samuel Gordon C. O. Titus, L. S. Wakeland, Z. A. Christie, V. U. Brodie, W. C. Brown, Louis Edwards, Mrs. F. I. Brissett, I. C. Burnett.

**EX-OFFICIO**—Hon. A. S. Gray, *Custos*, F. D. Toyloy., M.H.R. Allan Douglas M.H.R.

<i>Secretary</i> —M. R. Rodriques, F.C.C.S., D.P.A. . . . .	£675
Travelling Allowance . . . . .	£120 per annum
<i>Supt. Parochial Roads and Works</i> —A. C. Goodin . . . . .	£650
Travelling Allowance . . . . .	£120 per annum
<i>Medical Officer (Health)</i> —Dr. H. E. C. Cezair, L.R.C.P. . . . .	
Edin., L.R.C.S. Edin., L.R.F.P. & S. Glas. . . . .	£800
Travelling Allowance . . . . .	£120 per annum
<i>Asst. Secretary</i> —C. E. Bell . . . . .	£375
<i>Asst. Supts. Roads and Works</i> —A. A. Edwards . . . . .	£300
Travelling Allowances . . . . .	£120 per annum
C. A. A. Hilton . . . . .	£250
Travelling Allowance . . . . .	£120 per annum
<i>Inspector of Poor</i> —A. M. Beckford . . . . .	£245
Travelling Allowance . . . . .	£120 per annum
<i>Grade II Clerks</i> —H. A. Robinson . . . . .	£325
D. L. Clark . . . . .	£325
B. V. Whiting . . . . .	£225
<i>Grade III Clerks</i> —M. L. Clarke . . . . .	£190
O. E. Hammond . . . . .	£135
B. Christie . . . . .	£120
E. Woodhouse . . . . .	£120
Vacant . . . . .	£120
<i>Chief Sanitary Inspector</i> —W. C. Gordon . . . . .	£340
Travelling Allowance . . . . .	£120 per annum .
<i>Sanitary Inspectors:</i>	
Falmouth—V. E. Gordon . . . . .	£200
Travelling Allowance . . . . .	£66 per annum
Ulster Spring—N. S. Gabay . . . . .	£280
Travelling Allowance . . . . .	£40 per annum
Duncans—H. W. Jones . . . . .	£280
Travelling Allowance . . . . .	£66
Warsop—M. A. Thompson . . . . .	£180
Travelling Allowance . . . . .	£66 per annum
Duanvale—M. E. Farquharson . . . . .	£165
Travelling Allowance . . . . .	£40 per annum
Wakefield—W. C. Walcott . . . . .	£135
Travelling Allowance . . . . .	£66 per annum
<i>Master Alms House</i> —Gladys Campbell . . . . .	£200

## SAINT JAMES

The Parish has fifteen Electoral Divisions. Each Electoral Division returns a Member

## MEMBERS

Rose Hall—*Division No. 1*—Osbourne Ebenezer Moodie  
 Spring Garden—*Division No. 2*—Nathan Daniel O'Connor  
 Retirement—*Division No. 3*—William Geo S. Vernon  
 Anchovy—*Division No. 4*—Cecil Hamilton  
 Seven Rivers—*Division No. 5*—Maxwell S. Carey  
 Montego Bay (Northern)—*Division No. 6*—Walter Fletcher (*Chairman*)  
 Montego Bay (Central)—*Division No. 7*—Amos B. Campbell

ST. JAMES, *contd.*

Montego Bay (Southern)—*Division No. 8*—  
 Content—*Division No. 9*—Edgar A. Hewan  
 Somerton—*Division No. 10*—James Falconer  
 Flamstead—*Division No. 11*—Theo. A. Reid  
 Welcome Hall—*Division No. 12*—Edward Leslie Dunn  
 Maroon Town—*Division No. 13*—Robert Chas. McFarlane  
 Cambridge—*Division No. 14*—Newton Morris  
 Catadupa—*Division No. 15*—Philip William McLennan

## EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS

Hon. F. M. Kerr-Jarrett, *Custos Rotulorum*  
 S. A. Scott, *Member of the House of Representatives (South-eastern)*  
 A. G. St. S. Coombs, *Member of the House of Representatives (North-western)*

*Secretary*—K. W. Armstrong—Salary: £600-25-700  
*Assistant Secretary*—C. C. Davis—Salary: £400-25-475  
*Medical Officer (Health)*—E. A. D. Glen-Campbell—Salary: £1,050  
*Supt. Roads and Works*—A. A. McDermott—Salary: £550-25-650  
*Manager Montego Bay Water Works*—A. A. McDermott—Salary £150  
*Asst. Supt. Roads and Works*—I. K. Smith—Salary: £250-20-350  
*Superintendent Fire Brigade*—S. S. Burke—Salary £350-25-400  
*House Allowance*—£100 p.a.  
*Inspector of Poor*—R. E. B. Samuels—Salary: £200-20-300-25-350  
*Master Almshouse*—K. L. McCalla—Salary £200-20-300.

## HANOVER

The Parish has Thirteen Electoral Divisions each returning one Member.

The Members are:—

Name	Address	No. and Name of Electoral Division and/or Office
Reginald Earle Wright	Chester Castle P.O.	1. Chester Castle (Chairman)
Arnold Jackson	Ramble P.O.	2. Hopewell
Beresford Hibbert	Pondside, Great Valley P.O.	3. Great Valley
Austin Taylor	Sandy Bay P.O.	4. Sandy Bay
William Edward Spence	Chigwell, Mt. Peto P.O.	5. Alexandria
H. A. Samuels	Cascade P.O.	6. Cascade
John Belvyn Small	Lucea P.O.	7. Lucea
Selvyn Crooks	Askenish P.O.	8. Askenish
Rev. H. U. Messam	Kingsvale P.O.	9. Riverside
Cleveland Stanhope	Dias P.O.	10. Blenheim
Austin Campbell	Cessnock P.O.	11. Pell River
Harold Gordon	Green Island P.O.	12. Green Island
Chester Hudson	Cave Valley, March Town P.O.	13. Cavé Valley

## OTHER EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS

Hon. G. W. Webster	.. Cousin's Cove, Lucea P.O.	<i>Custos Rotulorum</i>
Joseph Z. Malcolm	.. Ramble P.O.	.. M.H.R. (Eastern Hanover)
Wm. Dickson	.. Lucea	.. M.H.R. (Western Hanover)

The principal Officers are:—

Office	Name	Salary	Travelling Allowance
Secretary Parochial Board	R. C. Hayle	£650 per annum	£60 p.a.
Asst. Secretary	L. W. Bernard	£375 per annum	Nil.
Supt. Roads and Works	W. N. Byles	£650 per annum	£120 p.a. plus 3d. per mile
Inspector of Poor	L. V. Miller	£200 per annum	£120 p.a. plus 3d. per mile
Master Almshouse	R. A. Robinson	£200 per annum	Nil.
Medical Officer (Health)	Dr. F. E. Lowe (Acting)	Nil.	Nil.

#### WESTMORELAND

MEMBERS—Thomas William Jones, J.P., *Chairman*; Edwin Brooks, Esq., *Vice-Chairman*; Hon. Theodore Rowland Williams, *Custos*; C. C. Campbell, M.H.R., F. L. B. Evans, M.H.R., Phillip E. Finlayson, C. O. Stevens, H. O. Ireland, F. R. Atkins, Benjamin Ephraim Murray, James Emanuel Grant, Robert P. Samuels, Mrs. Brenda Rashford Silvera, Matthew Henry, J.P., W. N. Henry, Claude Campbell, Rev. Walter M. O'Meally, J.P.

	Emoluments.
<i>Secretary</i> —E. Segre Lewis, J.P.	£700
<i>Asst. Secretary</i> —G. A. Goodin	425
<i>Stenographer and Typist</i> —Mrs. M. A. Sloley	325
<i>Clerical Asst.</i> —Mrs. M. Bubb-Clarke	325
<i>General Asst. and Pay Clerk</i> —N. O. Dwyer	225
<i>Junior Typist</i> —Miss S. V. Turner	120
<i>Medical Officer of Health</i> —Dr. L. O. Richards	1,050
<i>Chief Sanitary Inspector</i> —J. H. Jones	350
<i>Clerk to M.O.H.</i> —Miss C. A. Lewis	325
<i>Sanitary Inspectors</i> —S. E. Rainford	260
C. C. Morris	280
B. J. Jones	280
D. J. Bernard	280
B. R. McDonald	220
Oswald Randall	220
Gerald Stephenson	120
W. O. Brown	240
<i>Supt. Rds. and Works</i> —C. C. King	550
<i>Asst. Supt.</i> —W. L. Randall	300
Isaac McIntosh	300
<i>Clerical Asst. to Supt.</i> —Miss B. N. Rebhan	325
<i>Junior Clerk and Storekeeper</i> —Mrs. Olive Hastings	325
<i>Turncock</i> —Leonard Anglin	143
<i>Manager Electric Light</i> —E. G. Sloley (Acting)	350
<i>Inspector of Poor</i> —Kenneth Seaton	280
<i>Asst. Inspector of Poor</i> —L. S. McFarlane	170
H. B. Smith	130
H. L. Vaz	130
E. A. Stewart	100
Mrs. Icyline Seaton	80

#### District Nurses

F. E. Spence	Darliston	£130
Susan Bailey	New Roads	130
S. F. Morgan	Georges Plain	130
Maud Miller	Savanna-la-Mar	85
Mabel Chin	Little London	75
Dorothy Pennycooke	Sheffield	75

*District Nurses, contd.*

	Emolument
Rose Dewdney	Grange Hill £75
Winnifred Byrd-Smith	Bt. Savannah 85
Kathleen McLean	Petersfield 80
Gladys Hogg	Beeston Spring 95
W. L. Thomas	Whitehouse 100
Evelyn Mason	Bethel Town 75
L. I. Allen	St. Leonards 100
L. Petgrave	Lambs River 75
G. E. Sudlow	Negril 75
Ena Vassell	Grange Hill 75
Gertrude Davis	Lambs River 75

*Public Health Nurses*

Albertine Gordon-Hoskins	} paid by Central Government
M. J. Harvey	
Mavis C. Murray	

## SAINT ELIZABETH

This Parish is divided into 17 Divisions. The result of the last Parochial General Election held on the 25th September, and 23rd. October, 1947, resulted in one member being elected without opposition, but the following members obtained the majority of votes cast on the latter date namely:—

Divisions—No. 1—Hon. D. B. Sangster, M.H.R. & *Minister for Social Service*  
*Chairman*

- No. 2—J. C. Sangster
- No. 3—John Hylton Parchment
- No. 4—C. H. Reid, *Vice-Chairman*
- No. 5—M. S. S. Hendriks
- No. 6—Stafford B. Powell
- No. 7—Calvert Nembhard
- No. 8—J. A. Brown
- No. 9—Irving F. Hanson
- No. 10—A. E. Morrell
- No. 11—John E. Monteith
- No. 12—Alfred E. Lynch
- No. 13—Egerton P. Wright
- No. 14—Allan R. Beswick
- No. 15—John A. Dunn
- No. 16—Ronald E. Taylor
- No. 17—David Webster

EX-OFFICIO: Hon. J. T. Calder, *Custos*; E. V. Allen, M.H.R., St. Elizabeth,

<i>Secretary Parochial Board</i> —Edgar G. Taylor—Salary	..	£700 p.a.
Travelling Allowance	..	£100 p.a.
<i>Asst. Secretary Parochial Board</i> —Victor O. Nembhard—Salary	..	£425 p.a.
<i>Second Class Clerk</i> —M. A. Walters—Salary	..	£245 p.a.
D. M. Goulbourne—Salary	..	£245 p.a.
“ <i>Pay Clerk</i> —Claude O. VanWhervin—Salary	..	£225 p.a.
<i>Third Class Clerk</i> —Olive V. Hylton	..	£150 p.a.
<i>Medical Officer (Health)</i> —Dr. H. M. Johnston—Salary	..	£1,000 p.a.
<i>Chief Sanitary Inspector</i> —V. S. Johnson—Salary	..	£350 p.a.
Travelling Allowance	..	£120 p.a.
		plus 3d. per mile
<i>Second Class Clerk</i> —E. A. Samms—Salary	..	£245 p.a.
<i>Supt. Parochial Roads and Works</i> —L. P. McFarlane—Salary	..	£650 p.a.
Travelling Allowance	..	£120 p.a.
		plus 3d. per mile
<i>Asst. Supt. Parochial Roads and Works</i> —H. H. Hamilton—Salary	..	£300 p.a.
Travelling Allowance	..	£120 p.a.
		plus 3d. per mile

St. ELIZABETH, *Contd.*

<i>Third Class Clerk</i> —L. S. Anderson—Salary .. ..	£120 p.a.
<i>Turncock</i> —Thomas Lee—Salary .. ..	£130 p.a.
<i>Inspector of Poor</i> —E. R. Clarke—Salary .. ..	£240 p.a.
Travelling Allowance .. ..	£120 p.a.
	plus 3d. per mile
<i>Almshouse Master</i> —S. H. Brodie—Salary .. ..	£300 p.a.
<i>Almshouse Matron</i> —Sybil Nembhard—Salary .. ..	£175 p.a.

## MANCHESTER

The parish is divided into 16 Single Member Constituencies and the members elected therein together with the Custos and two Members for the Parish in the House of Representatives comprise the Parochial Board.

## PAROCHIAL BOARD MEMBERS

Name	Address	Electoral Division and Office
S. E. Brooks ..	.. Mandeville P. O.	Mandeville (Central) <i>Chairman</i>
W. W. Benjamin ..	.. Ellen Street P. O.	New Port— <i>Vice-Chairman</i>
Hon. Robin Williams ..	.. Mandeville	Custos ( <i>ex-officio</i> )
N. L. Sinclair ..	.. Christiana P. O.	M.H.R. ( <i>ex-officio</i> )
L. C. Bloomfield ..	.. Mandeville, P. O.	M.H.R. ( <i>ex-officio</i> )
Max. G. Evans ..	.. Christiana P. O.	Christiana
Curtis Wolfe ..	.. Craighead, P. O.	Craighead
Ralph Glanville ..	.. Devon P. O.	Devon
U. A. Josephs ..	.. Mile Gully, P.O.	Mile Gully
Rev. S. U. Hastings ..	.. Walderston, P. O.	Walderston
A. S. Lazarus ..	.. Maidstone, P. O.	John's Hall
James Johnson ..	.. Comfort Hall, P. O.	Comfort Hall
Rev. E. A. Ritchie-Haughton	Porus, P. O.	Porus (Northern)
E. C. Vernal ..	.. Porus, P. O.	Porus (Southern)
E. A. Blackburn ..	.. Mandeville, P. O.	Mandeville, (Western)
W. W. McPherson ..	.. Mandeville, P. O.	Mandeville (Eastern)
E. E. Dalgado ..	.. Cross Keys, P. O.	Cross Keys
G. F. Butler ..	.. Pratville P.O.	Pratville
G. D. Fulford ..	.. Spur Tree, P. O.	Spur Tree

*Secretary Grade I*—J. T. G. Grant, A.A.C.C.A., (Certified Accountant) £600-25-700

*Asst. Sec. Gr. I*—Raphael B. DePass, £400-25-475

*Clerks Gr. II*—(Male) H. L. Blackwood (is also Pay Clerk and Keeper of Cemetery without additional remuneration) £225-20-325

*Grade II*—(Female) Miss L. E. Turner £225-20-325

*Clerks Grade III*—(Male) W. F. Solomon £120-15-210

(Female) Miss A. E. Meikle £120-15-210

“ Miss B. J. Ilgner £120-15-210

## ROADS AND WORKS DEPARTMENT

*Superintendent*—A. E. McHardy (Acting) £550-25-650

*Asst. Superintendents Grade I*—W. N. Spratt £300-25-400

*Grade II*—L. S. Atkinson £250-20-300

*Clerks Grade II* John J. Pitter £225-20-325

*Grade III*—Norman Foord £120-15-210

*Foremen Grade I* Percy Lewis—Christiana 80/-5/-90/- p.w.

H. O. Levy—Pratville 80/-5/-90/- p.w.

## POOR RELIEF DEPARTMENT

*Inspector of Poor*—H. I. Walter £200-20-350

*Matron Almshouse Gr. I*—Mrs. V. M. Thomas £200-20-300

*Asst. Matron*—Mrs. V. Murray-Bayley £130-15-160

## HEALTH DEPARTMENT

*Medical Officer (Health)* Dr. H. D. Collins (Acting part-time) Paid by Central Government

*Clerk Grade III*—Miss Enid Ffrench £120-15-210

*Chief Sanitary Inspector*—G. J. Taylor £300-20-350

*Sanitary Inspectors:*

*Grade II*—C. R. Thompson, Grove Town £180-20-300

C. P. Wright, Porus £180-20-300

Leslie Maxwell, Christiana £180-20-300

Robert L. Bryan, Mile Gully £180-20-300

*Grade III*—K. A. Webster, Old England £120-15-180

W. B. Allen, Craighead £120-15-180

*Sanitary Inspectors Gr. III*—Arnold Williams, Newport £120-15-210

—K. U. Osborne, Spur Tree £120-15-210

—H. G. Stephenson, Maidstone £120-15-210

—R. W. Lawrence, Mandeville £120-15-210

—B. A. Roberts, Williamsfield £120-15-210

*School Dentist* (3 days per week) Dr. A. L. Wright £375 p.a.

*Public Health Nurse (Central)*—Mrs. W. Wallace-Hylton, paid by Central Govt.

*Southern* Vacant

*Northern* Vacant

## CLARENDON

The Parish has three Constituencies for the House of Representatives:—Southern, North Eastern and North Western. The Southern Constituency is divided into six Electoral Divisions; North Eastern and North Western are each divided into four Electoral Divisions (Parochial) Fourteen members are therefore returned to the Parochial Board.

Messrs. H. A. McMorris, *Chairman*, (North-Eastern); D. Tewari, *Vice-Chairman*, (Southern); Hon. A. M. Pawsey, *Custos*, (*ex-officio*); Hon. W. A. Bustamante M.H.R., and *Minister of Communications*, (*ex-officio*); V. A. McKenzie, G. F. Lawson, S. G. Beresford, O. B. Maragh and Eli Sampson, (Southern); P. A. Broderick M.H.R., (North Eastern, *ex-officio*), Messrs. W. S. Chin, S. Leiba, A. G. Taylor, (North Eastern); Messrs. O. A. Malcom M.H.R. (North-western, *ex-officio*) G. Nelson, H. Shaw, M. G. Boothe, and Rev. C. S. Clarke (North Western).

Officers of the Board are:

*Secretary* —J. L. Jackson £600-25-700

*Superintendent of Roads and Works*—A. L. Byles £600-25-650

*Medical Officer (Health)*—F. H. Crutchley £1,050

*Inspector of Poor*—A. A. Lennon £200-20-300-25-350

*Asst. Secretary Board's Office*—B. E. Campbell £400-25-475

*Grade II Clerk, Board's Office*—E. D. Simmonds £225-20-325

*Grade II Clerk, Board's Office*—Charles Leiba £225-20-325

*Master of the Almshouse*—S. Nelson £200-20-300

*Asst. Superintendent of Roads and Works*—A. T. Sherlock £250-20-300

*Asst. Superintendent*—K. R. Tomlinson £250-20-300

*Asst. Superintendent*—R. H. Thorne £250-20-300

## ST. CATHERINE

The Parish has 17 Parochial Electoral districts, each returning a single member.

As a result of investigations conducted into the affairs of the Parochial Board of St. Catherine, by a Commission of Enquiry appointed by Government for the purpose, the Governor in Executive Council on the 18th January, 1950, under powers prescribed by Section 74 of the Parochial Boards Law, Cap. 35, dissolved the Board with effect from the 24th January, 1950, and appointed Mr. G. C. Gunter to be Commissioner, to perform the Board's duties and to administer the parochial affairs of the parish for a period of two years, until January, 1952.

Principal Officers of the Board are:—

<i>Clerk</i> —R. D. Lewars	Salary	£700
<i>Asst. Clerk and Pay Clerk</i> —L. A. Williams	"	475
<i>Supt. of Parochial Roads and Works</i> —W. A. Blair	"	650
Travelling Allowance	"	200
<i>Inspector of Poor</i> —L. L. Brown	"	350
Travelling Allowance	"	200

### THE WATER COMMISSION (CORPORATE AREA)

28-30 Church Street, Kingston

The Water Commission, appointed under the Authority of The Water Commission (Corporate Area) Law, Cap. 66, is responsible for the maintenance of all major Public Water Supplies of the distribution of water therefrom, as well as for the maintenance of all Sewerage Works, in the Corporate Area. The duties and powers of the Commission are set out in the Law. There are amending Laws, Law 39 of 1941 and Law 42 of 1948.

*The Commission.*—Consists of 9 members, 4 of whom are members of the Corporation Council, (the Mayor, and 3 others elected by the Council). The remaining 5 members are appointed by the Governor.

#### *Nominated Members*

Hon. Geo. Seymour Seymour, O.B.E., Chairman, Hon. G. G. R. Sharp, O.B.E., Vac.  
Mr. W. Kirkpatrick, Vincent Aguilar.

#### *Elected Members*

His Worship the Mayor, Councillor W. Seivright, Councillor S. L. Thompson, (two vacant).

#### WATER COMMISSION (CORPORATE AREA) ESTABLISHMENT

Name	Office	Date of Appointment	Salary 1948-1949
Hon. G. Seymour Seymour	Chairman		£ 1,000
E. A. Gadpaille	Secretary	1st Oct., 1924	1,000
S. W. Parke	Accountant	5th April, 1931	600-700
D. S. Phillips	Asst. Secretary	21st Oct., 1929	600-700
E. A. Figueroa	Senior Clerk	1st Oct., 1924	500-600
T. W. Drew	Senior Clerk	1st May, 1914	500-600
V. E. S. Morris	1st Class Clerk	5th May, 1920	350-475
H. L. Priestley	1st Class Clerk	29th July, 1933	350-475
F. A. Leigh	1st Class Clerk	1st May, 1929	350-475
O. R. Gibson	1st Class Clerk	1st June, 1934	350-475
L. M. Clarke	1st Class Clerk	2nd April, 1933	350-475
H. A. Rose	2nd Class Clerk	7th Nov., 1929	225-325
R. J. Nicholson	2nd Class Clerk	7th Jan., 1935	225-325
K. E. Sasso	2nd Class Clerk	6th Oct., 1942	225-325
K. Gunter	2nd Class Clerk	30th Jan., 1940	120-210
K. C. Lawrence	3rd Class Clerk	3rd Jan., 1944	120-210
L. Lee	3rd Class Clerk	1st June, 1948	120-210
J. May	3rd Class Clerk	1st Sept., 1948	120-210
A. N. Thomlinson	3rd Class Clerk	8th March, 1944	120-210

## WATER COMMISSION (CORPORATE AREA) ESTABLISHMENT (contd.)

Name	Office	Date of Appointment	Salary 1948-1949
M. V. Arnold .. ..	3rd Class Clerk	4th March, 1946	120-210
S. Morris .. ..	3rd Class Clerk	15th Aug., 1946	120-210
V. Magnus .. ..	3rd Class Clerk	28th Nov., 1946	120-210
M. Parke .. ..	Female Clerk Grade I	2nd Jan., 1937	350
M. Milbourne .. ..	" " Grade II		225-325
R. Clough .. ..	" " " II	2nd Jan., 1923	225-325
I. Chaves .. ..	Female Clerk, Grade III	24th April, 1947	120-210
R. A. Isaacs .. ..	Storekeeper	1st June, 1942	500-550
A. R. Bonitto .. ..	1st Class Clerk	6th June, 1925	350-475
F. Collash .. ..	2nd Class Clerk	4th March, 1934	225-325
J. Lodge .. ..	Foreman, Grade I	17th April, 1935	260-312
W. Kirkpatrick .. ..	Chief Engineer	4th July, 1930	1,200
E. E. Fraser B.S.C., LOND., A.M.I.C.E.	Deputy Chief Engineer	7th Dec., 1937	750-900
C. G. Brooks .. ..	Executive Engineer	10th Oct., 1935	650-750
J. L. Kennedy .. ..	Mechanical Engineer	2nd Feby., 1932	550-650
J. H. Vendryes .. ..	San. Superintendent	4th July, 1928	650-750
V. Bell .. ..	Eng. Clerk Female Gr. I	13th Feby., 1924	350
V. Hastings .. ..	Female Clerk, Gr. III	1st May, 1945	120-210
D. W. Bourke .. ..	Supt., of Sewers	7th March, 1931	350-475
Ken. Richards .. ..	Supt. of Meters and Recorders	7th March, 1931	650
M. P. Duffy .. ..	Supt. of Distribution	8th April 1936	650
C. Campbell .. ..	Chief Mechanic	24th Oct., 1932	350-475
H. H. Brandon .. ..	Surveyor Grade I	1st Sept., 1947	500-700
H. Harris .. ..	Technician Grade I	Aug., 1929	350-475
S. V. McLean .. ..	Technician Grade III		120-210
S. E. Wilkins .. ..	Chief Draughtsman	April, 1932	450-550
R. Hewett .. ..	Draughtsman Gr. I	25th Jan., 1937	350-450
C. Philp .. ..	" Gr. II	19th Jan., 1937	225-325
I. Thompson .. ..	" Gr. III	8th May, 1947	120-210
J. E. Scott .. ..	" Gr. III	17th Dec., 1945	120-210
T. W. Lamb .. ..	" Gr. III	1st July, 1947	120-210
C. Symon .. ..	2nd Class Clerk	Jan., 1935	225-325
F. Latibeaudiere .. ..	2nd Class Clerk	26th April, 1938	225-325
O. K. Delfosse .. ..	3rd Class Clerk	1st Aug., 1942	120-210
V. deC. Hudson .. ..	Supt. of Properties	17th Jan., 1944	350-475
V. C. Hamilton .. ..	3rd Class Clerk	April, 1937	120-210
L. Ellis .. ..	3rd Class Clerk	April, 1936	120-210
E. Martin .. ..	3rd Class Clerk	10th Nov., 1947	120-210

PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY AND SEWERAGE SYSTEM,  
(CORPORATE AREA).

The City of Kingston and Lower St. Andrew are supplied with water from the following six sources:—

The Hope River, the Hermitage Reservoir, with a capacity of 430 million gallons which impounds the Wag Water and Moresham Rivers at a point about 12 miles from Kingston; these two are Gravity supplies. There are also six pumping stations, the Long Mountain Well having a capacity of 4 million gallons per day, the Montgomery Corner Well



with a capacity of 1 million gallons per day, the Race Course three-quarter million gallons per day Trench Town 1 million, Oakland Road  $1\frac{1}{2}$  million and Forest Hills 2 million. These six wells are operated by electrically driven deep well turbine pumps.

Water is treated at the following purification centres: the Sea View Filter Plant, supplying the Stony Hill area, and the Constant Spring, Hope and Cavaliers Plants which supply the rest of the system.

During the greater part of the year the Gravity sources are sufficient for the demand, the pump supplies being kept as standbys for use during dry weather. The Constant Spring Plant is the largest in the system and was completed in 1938. It consists of 8 Rapid Gravity Filter units with the necessary settling basins and chemical equipment and has a capacity of 8 million gallons per day.

All the water supplied from every source is sterilized by the chlorammoniation system. The standard of purity is well maintained, daily bacteriological examinations of samples being carried out in the Commission's laboratory; in addition further independent examinations are made by the Government Pathologist for the Medical Officer of Health.

The average daily consumption of water amounts to approximately 16 million gallons which is distributed through 310 miles of mains to approximately 21,000 rate payers the total estimated population served is over 200,000.

About 45 per cent of the services are metered there being approximately 10,000 water meters installed at the present time.

There are also approximately 1,500 Fire Hydrants which are maintained by the Commission.

The following is a chemical analysis of the water from Hermitage and Hope, the two main sources of Supply:—

	Hope Water	Hermitage Water
	Parts per 100,000	Parts per 100,000
Total Solid Matter .. .. .	30.6	16.4
Chlorine .. .. .	0.6	0.6
Nitrogen as free Ammonia .. .. .	0.0014	0.0016
Do. Albuminoid Ammonia .. .. .	0.0012	0.0014
Do. Nitrates .. .. .	Nil	Nil
Oxygen to combust Organic Matter .. .. .	0.016	0.024
Hardness—Temporary .. .. .	7.3	1.6
Do. Permanent .. .. .	15.5	9
Do. Total .. .. .	22.8	10.6

The Commission also operates the sewerage system in Kingston. There are at present nearly 52 miles of sewers and the system is divided into three zones the High Mid and Low levels. The High Level drains to the Greenwich Disposal Works on Spanish Town Road and the Mid Level to the Western Treatment Works at the end of Producers Road. At both of these plants the sewage is specially treated and the clarified effluent discharged into Hunt's Bay. The Low-level system is drained to the Darling Street Pumping Station. Here it is pumped by electrically driven centrifugal pumps to the open sea beyond Harbour Head. An average of 5 million gallons of sewage per day is thus dealt with.

#### WATER SUPPLIES (OTHER PARISHES)

In the parishes outside of the Corporate Area, there are 36 main public water supply undertakings, consisting of reservoirs fed from rivers or boreholes, which furnish supplies by gravity or by pumping. The average output of water from these projects ranges from 2,500 to 720,000 gallons a day and they supply areas ranging from one to thirty-eight square miles with populations ranging from 1,000 to 12,500 persons. Seventeen of these Water Supplies are chlorinated and five also have filtration plants—it is proposed to provide chlorination and filtration for others as finances permit. In addition there are 197 public rain-water tanks and 32 public wells, while 337 small springs provided with protected catchments serve as public water supplies. These water supplies are operated and maintained by the Parochial Boards. For piped supplies a water rate is imposed in each area of supply, while the tanks and well are kept mainly as reserves in times of drought.

## IRRIGATION WORKS

There are three principal irrigation schemes, namely, the Rio Cobre Irrigation Works, the Vere Irrigation Works and the Black River Drainage and Irrigation Scheme.

*Black River Drainage and Irrigation Scheme—*

The Black River in Saint Elizabeth contains in its upper reaches large areas of morass which cause periodical flooding and the creation of swamps and the purpose of the scheme is to keep the waterways of the river and its tributaries clear and to drain the surrounding swamps. The scheme is operated by the Black River Drainage and Irrigation Board, a statutory Body (Law 50 of 1941), consisting of a Chairman and six members and comprising Representatives of the Government, the Parochial Board and the property owners. Since 1941, approximately 3,000 acres of swamp lands have been reclaimed.

## RIO COBRE IRRIGATION WORKS, ST. CATHERINE

## CHAPTER 93. THE RIO COBRE CANAL LAW.

The project of irrigating the plains of St. Catherine was originated by Sir John Peter Grant in 1870. The Works were commenced towards the end of 1872 and came into operation in June, 1876.

The total length of Canals constructed and at present under maintenance is as follows

	Miles	Chains
Main Canal .. ..	5	73
Subsidiary Channel .. ..	..	56
Old Harbour Branch .. ..	8	29
Subsidiary Channels .. ..	5	21
Port Henderson Branch .. ..	3	61
Subsidiary Channel .. ..	..	45
Cumberland Pen Branch .. ..	3	46
Subsidiary Channels .. ..	6	08
Caymanas Branch .. ..	3	16
	<hr/> 37	<hr/> 45

The area embraced by the Irrigation System is nearly 50,000 acres of which 30,000 acres are capable of being irrigated.

The total number of acres now under irrigation by water supplied from these works is about 19,487 acres and the aggregate quantity of water supplied under agreement 16,153 c.yds. per hour. Temporary Extra water is also sold when available from the river supply. Recently as much as 4,438 c.yds. per hour of such water was being supplied.

Below are details of the acreage irrigated and of the water consumed for each description of cultivation for year ending 31st March, 1948.

Cultivation	Area Irrigated	Cubic yds. of water taken per hour
Bananas .. ..	1,070	1,337
Canes .. ..	10,356	10,356
Rice .. ..	455	455
Guinea Grass .. ..	7,356	3,678
Mixed Cultivation .. ..	250	125
Machinery and Domestic Use .. ..	..	24
Govt. Institution, Spanish		
Town Water Works .. ..	..	178
<b>Totals .. ..</b>	<hr/> 19,487	<hr/> 16,153

The Works are vested in the Hon. Colonial Secretary of Jamaica and managed by the Director of Public Works through the Hydraulic Branch of the Public Works Department

Resident Engineer .. ..	R. A. Magnus
Works Overseer .. ..	W. G. Lyon

## VERE IRRIGATION WORKS (CLARENDON)†

THE Vere Irrigation Works were constructed under the Vere Irrigation and Cockpit Scheme Law, Cap. 109.

The undertaking is under the control of the Vere Irrigation Commission consisting of 5 members, 3 of whom are nominated by the Governor and 2 elected by the owners of the properties.

The water for this undertaking was formerly obtained from the Milk and Cockpit River but the Milk River Scheme is no longer in operation.

The water for the Cockpit scheme is derived from the Cockpit river, a never failing spring-fed river which issues from the Braillette Hills near the 18th mile post on the road from Old Harbour to Alley.

The present scheme utilises 5,000 cubic yards per hour, and is capable of being extended.

The channels connecting the Cockpit river and the Irrigation channels formerly laid down for the purposes of supplying the various sugar estates in Eastern Vere, have a total length of about  $7\frac{1}{2}$  miles, and are divided into two portions, a low level canal and a high level canal. The low level channel, about  $2\frac{1}{2}$  miles long, extends from the Cockpit river to the pumping station where a pumping plant is operated.

COMMISSIONERS—Hon. A. M. Pawsey, *Chairman*; S. A. G. Taylor, C. H. Browne, C. C. Michelin, *Secretary*; N. A. Polack, 8 Port Royal St., Kingston. *Engineer and Superintendent*, H. R. Demetrius, Salt River F.O.

## ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER

Electric light and power in the Colony is supplied by private Companies under license, the largest of which is the Jamaica Public Service Co., Ltd.

The Jamaica Public Service Co., Ltd., supplies electric light and power to the Corporate Area of Kingston and St. Andrew, and through a system of high tension transmission lines aggregating 150 miles extends a similar service to the towns of Spanish Town, Bog Walk, Linstead and Old Harbour, in the parish of Saint Catherine, and to the town of May Pen in the parish of Clarendon, as well as to nearly all of the large banana and sugar plantations in the parishes of Saint Catherine and Clarendon. The Company also provides a light, power and ice service to the towns of Montego Bay, Port Antonio and Saint Ann's Bay on the north coast, and a light and power service to the towns of Brown's Town, Falmouth, Lucea and Black River.

The Company operates a steam power station in Kingston, totalling 13,000 H.P., a hydro-station at Bog Walk, totalling 1,200 H.P., a hydro-station on the White River in Saint Ann, of 5,250 H.P., and is constructing a hydro-station on the Roaring River in Saint Ann, which will add another 5,750 H.P. capacity. The smaller communities are at present supplied from isolated diesel plants.

In addition to the activities of the Jamaica Public Service Company, Ltd., the following townships and their environs are served with electric light and power by small private Companies or individuals, under licence, the supply being locally generated:—

- (a) Mandeville, Christiana and Spaldings in the parish of Manchester;
- (b) Prospect and Oracabessa in the parish of Saint Mary;
- (c) Port Maria in the parish of Saint Mary;
- (d) Savanna-la-Mar in the parish of Westmoreland.

Several Sugar Estates and other commercial undertakings also operate electrical generating stations for power supply to their factories.

## THE KINGSTON &amp; ST. ANDREW CORPORATION ABATTOIR

The Abattoir which was opened in 1940 is situated in the western section of the city of Kingston and cost over £30,000. It is said to be the finest modern Abattoir in the West Indies.

The main buildings consisted of lairs both for cattle and small animals, a cattle slaughter hall at one end of which calves, sheep, goats and turtles are slaughtered and a pig

†For further particulars see the Handbook for 1926.

slaughter hall. Carcasses are cooled and drained under an archway before being placed in either of the two chilling rooms for delivery in from one to two or three days after slaughter. No unchilled meat is delivered.

In the Tripery Department the fifth quarters are cleaned and steamed and in the By-products Department all the blood and condemned meat which formerly went to waste are processed, yielding (1) tallow for soap making, (2) Blood meal, a valuable fertilizer (3) Bone and (4) meat meals for use in dairy and poultry feeds supplying animal mineral salts and proteins.

The average weekly slaughter during 1942 was: cattle: 250, small animals: 500. The years December, 1942 to December, 1944 averaged about one-fifth of the cattle and two-thirds of small animals but the numbers are now rapidly increasing and today average weekly—cattle: 200, (of a much greater average weight than 1942), small animals: 450, also a better standard. Pigs 275, sheep 40, goats 150, calves 35.

The average monthly revenue is about £1,200 and expenditure £1,000.

The Chief Officers are: Dr. G. O. Rushie Grey (M.R.C.V.S., London, B.Sc. London). Manager, O. M. Heron, Lay Meat Inspector, H. C. Lewis, Engineer, H. P. Rae, Cashier, K. Alberga, Chilling room and Delivery Clerk.

Animals are stunned with humane killers prior to bleeding so as to render the entire operation of slaughtering painless and humane.

The fees for the inspection, slaughtering chilling and dressing of carcasses are as follows:—

	Slaughter House Fees	Slaughtermen Dressers and Chilling Room Fees	Total
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Oxen per head .. .. .	0 10 6	0 9 0	0 19 6
Calves, per head .. .. .	0 5 3	0 3 0	0 8 3
Sheep, per head .. .. .	0 2 7½	0 1 10½	0 4 6
Goats, per head .. .. .	0 1 0	0 0 9	0 1 9
Pigs (12 lbs. and under) ..	0 0 9	0 0 9	0 1 6
Pigs per head (100 lbs. and under) ..	0 2 3	0 1 6	0 3 9
Pigs per head (over 100 lbs.) ..	0 2 6	0 1 6	0 4 0
Turtles, 50 lbs. and under ..	0 1 10½	0 1 1½	0 3 0
Turtles, 51 lbs.-150 lbs. ..	0 3 4½	0 1 6	0 4 10½
Turtles, over 150 lbs. ..	0 5 3	0 2 3	0 7 6
Disjointing June fish and other large fish, each .. .. .	..	..	0 2 3

*Fee for fifth Quarter in Tripery*

	£ s. d.
Oxen .. .. .	0 2 3 each quarter
Calves .. .. .	0 0 4½ " "
Sheep .. .. .	0 0 2½ " "
Pigs, Goats, Turtles ..	0 0 1½ " "

*Special Slaughter*

Additional fees payable for the slaughter by permission on prohibited days:—

Oxen per head—£1 for the first head and 10/- thereafter on the same occasion.

Small Stock—Fee for opening Slaughter Hall for purpose of slaughtering irrespective of class of animal to be slaughtered—£1 and an additional fee equivalent to the prescribed fee before-mentioned for such animal or animals.

**BOURNEMOUTH BATHS—OFF WINDWARD ROAD, KINGSTON**

The Bournemouth Baths consist of a fine concrete swimming pool with a protected bathing beach and extensive buildings comprising dance hall, bars and cafe, with dressing rooms and showers.

There is also an open air moving picture theatre.

The Baths were donated as a free gift to the Municipality by Captain George Lindsay and were taken over by the Council of the Kingston and Saint Andrew Corporation and have been operated by the Corporation for the benefit of the inhabitants of the Corporate Area since January, 1937.

The estimated value of the premises at the time when they were taken over by the Corporation was £30,000.

The Deed of Gift provides that the Baths be operated for the benefit of all respectable and orderly citizens and makes provision for special facilities to be granted to the men of His Majesty's Navy.

A Club is operated in conjunction with the Baths and Bournemouth has become a very popular venue for pleasure seekers.

The baths are available to school children, members of Swimming Associations, members of the Police and certain other organizations at special reduced rates.

In commemoration of Captain Lindsay's generous gift a suitable tablet has been erected at the entrance of the premises.

*Manager*—H. G. Douglas: £350-25-500, *Asst. Manager*, C. Thomas.

**KINGSTON AND ST. ANDREW FIRE BRIGADE**

The Headquarters of the Brigade is situated at York Park Station by the Kingston Race Course between Upper King and Orange Streets. There is a Sub-station at Hagley Park Road, Halfway Tree, in St. Andrew.

The Staff consists of a Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent, Chief Officer, Fourth Officer, 9 Sub-Officers and 54 rank and file. Most of the staff have been trained in first-aid under the auspices of the St. John's Ambulance Association.

There are 7 underground tanks in Kingston established for the purpose of supplying water in fire-fighting.

A fire float equipped with 2 propelling engines and 8 fire-pumps is operated in the Kingston Harbour and is a valuable addition to the protection of the water front. It is manned by a Captain, Mate, Sergt. and 7 others.

There are regulations governing the operation of the Brigade and the control of its staff, &c.

The authorised strength of the land stations of the Brigade is as follows:—

**OFFICERS**

Name	Rank	Salary	Other emoluments
Capt. J. F. Read ..	Superintendent	£650-750 p.a. by £50	Unfurnished quarters light and fuel
Mr. C. Burnett ..	Asst. Supt.	£450-550 p.a. by £25	" " "
Mr. L. Spaulding ..	Chief Officer	£300-400 p.a. by £25	" " "
Mr. R. Brown	Fourth Officer	£250-275 p.a. by £10	
Vac.	District Officer	£215-240 by £10	House allowance $\frac{1}{2}$ of salary

## OTHER RANKS

No.	Rank	Rate of Pay	Allowances
3	Sergeants ..	£4 10 0 p.w.	War Bonus House allowance
2	Corporals ..	4 0 0 p.w.	" " " "
4	L/Corporals ..	3 15 0 p.w.	" " " "
54 {	1st Class F'mn. ..	3 5 0 p.w.	" " " "
	2nd Class " ..	3 0 0 p.w.	" " " "
	3rd Class " ..	2 10 0 p.w.	" " " "
1	Female Clerk ..	120-15-180	

The following is the authorised strength of the Fire Float.

Name	Rank	Salary	Other emoluments
A. Kirkwood ..	Captain	£9 0 0 p.w.	House allowance 1/6 of salary
W. Fryer ..	Mate	7 0 0 p.w.	" " " "

## Other Ranks

No.	Rank	Rate of Pay	Allowances
1	Sergeant ..	£4 10 0 p.w.	War Bonus House allowance
1	L/Corporal ..	3 15 0 p.w.	" " " "
7	1st Class Firemen ..	3 5 0 p.w.	" " " "

In addition to the Brigade as shown above which is maintained by the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation for general fire protection within the urban and suburban areas of the Corporate Area, since February, 1948, the K.S.A.C. has accepted the responsibility for the fire protection of the Palisadoes Airport and a Fire Brigade Sub Station, under the control of the Kingston Fire Brigade is maintained there at the expense of Central Government.

The authorised strength of the Airport Fire Station is as follows:—

No.	Rank	Rates of Pay	Allowances
1	Sergeant ..	£4 10 0 p.w.	War Bonus and House allowance
1	Corporal ..	4 0 0 p.w.	" " " "
6	1st Class Firemen ..	3 5 0 p.w.	" " " "
4	2nd Class Firemen ..	3 0 0 p.w.	" " " "
2	3rd Class Firemen ..	2 10 0 p.w.	" " " "

## KINGSTON GAS WORKS\*

There is a Gas Works in the west end of Kingston, which supplies gas both for street lighting and private purposes. Gas mains are laid throughout Kingston and the principal areas of lower St. Andrew.

Gas rates are as follows:

Per 1,000 c. ft.			
Up to	5,000 c. ft.	.. ..	14/- Per 1,000 c. ft.
"	10,000 c. ft.	.. ..	13/6 "
"	25,000 c. ft.	.. ..	13/- "
over	25,000 c. ft.	.. ..	12/6 "

## "MAY PEN" CEMETERY (KINGSTON).

Many of the unknown victims of the earthquake of 1907 lie buried in May Pen Cemetery. A memorial was erected in memory of them in 1909.

The scale of charges for all interments and for permission to erect permanent monument over or railings around a grave (such monuments not exceeding 3 feet 6 inches in height) is as follows:—

For each interment, including the digging of a grave if for an adult irrespective of bodies sent from public institutions .. ..	£0 16 0
For digging of graves for children not exceeding 8 years .. ..	0 11 0

Such graves to be of the following dimensions:—

If for an adult, at least 5 feet deep, 7 feet long and 2 feet 6 inches wide; and graves for children shall be of such depth and dimensions as in the discretion of the keeper of the cemetery, may be found necessary in each particular case.

The fee must be paid at the office of the Corporation at the time of giving in the requisition for the grave.

## TOMBS AND MONUMENTS

For the construction of any vault .. ..	£1 0 0
" the construction or placing of any Mausoleum .. ..	3 0 0
" the construction of any Monument .. ..	1 0 0
" Brick or Concrete Tomb with Headstone .. ..	0 10 0
" Plaster Brick or Concrete Tomb with Slab inset .. ..	0 5 0
" Simple Cross .. ..	0 1 0
" setting up a railing .. ..	1 0 0

The following fees must be paid for the re-opening of any vault, tomb or grave.

For any vault .. ..	£1 0 0
For any other tomb or grave .. ..	2 0 0

The office, which is at 24 Church Street, Kingston, is opened from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. on week days, except Saturdays from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., and from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. on Sundays and public holidays.

*Superintendent*—C. D. Tulloch, salary £200–20–300 plus £96 House allowance.

\*For a history of the Gas Works see Handbook for 1926.

## KINGSTON AND ST. ANDREW CORPORATION POOR HOUSE

THIS Institution opened on the 1st July, 1870, is situated on Admiral's Pen land in St. Andrew. No person who is capable of earning his or her own livelihood can be admitted. Orders for admission must be obtained through the Inspector of Poor for Kingston & St. Andrew.

The Institution accommodates over 700 inmates. The average cost of each is about 14.32 pence per day, including all expenses, with the exception of medical attendance, the Medical Officer for lower Saint Andrew visiting the inmates daily. The inmates are fed in accordance with a regular diet scale. The clothing is partly made up by these inmates under the superintendence of the Master and the Matron.

The Institution is managed by the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation.

*Master*—H. N. Garwood, salary, £400-25-500; *Matron*— salary, £200-15-275

*Dispenser and Assistant Master*—L. Robinson, salary, £250-20-350.

## MAXFIELD PARK

Maxfield Park Children's Home, an annex to the Union Poor House, accommodates 152 inmates.

*Matron*—Miss V. Daire, salary, £200-15-275, *Schoolmistress*—Miss I. Blackwood, salary, £120-10-140; *Head nurse and Assistant Matron*—Miss V. Isaacs, £130-10-150.

## JAMAICA ASSOCIATION OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICERS

The Jamaica Association of Local Government Officers which consists of the Officers of the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation, Water Commission and the twelve (12) Parochial Boards, was formed on the 14th June, 1941, first to promote efficiency in all branches of Local Government Service.\* To this end the Association endeavours to obtain every facility for officers to study Local Government professionally in all departments. "JALGO" supports as a vital requirement all scholarship schemes.

The Association seeks simultaneously to promote the welfare and status of its members and to protect their interests and ensure security of tenure of office.

The Association takes a very wide view of Local Government Administration, and among its objects is the consideration of all Bills to be introduced into the Legislature and Motions to be placed before Local Government Councils that would affect Local Government Administration if they become Law.

There are several other welfare activities; a recently formed *Mimic Parliament*† to afford members opportunities for Public Speaking and practice of Parliamentary Procedure, an active Sports Club, a Literary Group and a *Credit Union*.‡ The Association publishes a quarterly magazine "*Local Government Service*"‡ which is its official organ

The principal officers are:—

Mr. C. A. Adams, B.Sc., A.M.I.C.E.— *President*

Mr. J. T. G. Grant— *1st Vice-President*

Miss Clarabelle B. Grant— *2nd Vice-President*

Mr. Walton W. Zink— *General Secretary*

Mr. Alfred St. G. Thomas— *Asst. General Secretary.*

V. Ashley— *General Treasurer.*

\*A 'JALGO' Thrift Society Ltd. has been formed to assist members in financial difficulties

The Association has two branches in the Corporate Area, and a branch in each of the 12 parishes.

\*The Jamaica Sanitary Inspectors Association is now dis-affiliated

†No longer in existence.

‡Not being published again.



## CHAPTER XIII

### MEDICAL AND HEALTH

#### PUBLIC HEALTH WORK

DURING the past four or five years rapid strides have been made in the Public Health work of the island. A number of major schemes have been inaugurated and are functioning with satisfaction. Evidence of this is seen in the reduction of the mortality rate, the lowered incidence of yaws and hookworm and the extensive latrine construction undertaken by the public.

Concentrated attention has been given to such major health problems as Venereal Disease, Tuberculosis, Yaws and Malaria. At present, there are four Venereal Diseases clinics operating in Kingston, Montego Bay, Port Antonio with marked success. A voluntary system of control of brothels has been instituted and is functioning satisfactorily.

T.B. control measures are still being carried out and there is a gradual decline in the incidence. The King George V. Memorial Sanatorium, T.B. Hospital, T.B. Clinic and the T.B. wards attached to a number of country hospitals have proved to be of great assistance in the control of the disease.

The very high incidence of yaws has been reduced by a very great percentage mainly through the Mobile Health Units operating over a number of parishes.

There has been gradual reduction in the incidence of Malaria due to the extended control measures which have been undertaken.

The Nursing Service has been extended effectively resulting in a reduced infant mortality rate. Pre-natal and Child Welfare Clinics have been operating in all parishes. At these centres Health Educational work is carried out among expectant mothers and the attendances are gratifying.

The Public Health Service of the island received a fillip from the assistance given under the Colonial Development and Welfare Act. The Rural Health Demonstration Scheme, St. Catherine, and the Public Health Training Station for the training of Sanitary Inspectors and Public Health Nurses have been put into operation from funds provided under this Act.

As a whole the Health conditions of the island over the past few years have been satisfactory and with the programme now completed, it is hoped that within the next few years the standard will be much improved.

#### MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—NORTH STREET, KINGSTON\*

*Districts*—There are 45 Medical Districts at present under the charge of 46 Medical Officers and 6 subsidized Medical Officers. The Kingston Public Hospital has been entrusted to the direction of a Senior Medical Officer, who has under him at that Institution 2 Surgeon Specialists, 6 Medical Specialists, 12 Medical Officers and 11 Assistant Medical Officers. A Senior Medical Officer and 6 Medical Officers are employed and reside at the Mental Hospital.

*Cost of Medical Service*.—The actual expenditure for the Medical Service of the Colony for the year ending 31st December, 1948, was £710,211 3s. 1d. The receipts were £26,355 3s. 5d., and the actual cost after deduction of the receipts was £683,855 19s. 8d.

*Leave and Pensions*—Medical Officers are eligible for leave of absence in accordance with the Colonial Regulations. Pensions are granted under Law 27 of 1947.

\* Historical details of the development of the Medical Department will be found in issues of the Handbook prior to 1927.

Full information concerning the duties of District Medical Officers, Medical attendance on the Poor, etc. can be obtained from the Island Medical Office, North Street, Kingston.

*Outdoor Dispensary System.*—Every District Medical Officer is now provided with a central Dispensary near to his residence, (in the case of Hospital Districts the out-patient departments serve the purpose) and a varying number of subsidiary dispensaries. The number of dispensaries has been increased to 103. These facilities now provide for the extension to every Medical District of the out-door dispensary ticket service established in 1933-34, and the policy is to make this service still more available and convenient to the large group of population who are eligible to make use of it by increasing the number of subsidiary dispensaries as funds are available and increasing the number of authorised Ticket Distributors.

Patients who attend for treatment at these Dispensaries are—

- (a) Those entitled by Law or Regulation to free medical attendance, such as persons on the Pauper Roll, Constables and East Indian Immigrants.
- (b) Those who do not come under (a), but who produce a ticket signed by a Ticket Distributor appointed by the Governor.

Tickets are issued for treatment at the following rates:—

Income of patient.	Rate
Members of a family up to 20/- weekly	Free
Up to 12/- weekly	Free
Over 12/- weekly to 25/- weekly	1/6
Over 25/- weekly to 50/- weekly	2/6

*Medical Attendance on Midwifery Cases at Home.*—The following are rules regarding action to be taken in case of childbirth occurring among poor persons who are at the time destitute of the means of procuring such aid and where, at the same time, there is danger to the woman's life:—

- (a) The cases to be relieved under this system must combine the two conditions of danger to the woman's life (or to that of the child) and evidence of destitution of the means to procure medical aid at the time.
- (b) The applicant for this form of relief in all cases where practicable is required to sign a promise to refund to the parish within a specified time the amount of the medical officer's fee and mileage, if any, in such instalments as may be named in the form.
- (c) Should the applicant bring any portion of the fee it should be accepted as an instalment and be brought to account as a refund by the Inspector. In cases where the medical officer receives any money (on being applied to in the absence of the Inspector) he should forward it to the Inspector, and it is the Inspector's duty to endeavour to procure the remainder, the Medical Officer being in all cases paid his claim in full by the Parochial Board.
- (d) The order to visit should ordinarily be sent to the Medical Officer. When his services are not immediately available it should be sent to the nearest registered medical practitioner willing to attend for the fee and mileage allowed.
- (e) In the absence of the Inspector (or Assistant Inspector) application should be made to the medical officer direct.
- (f) The fee to a medical officer or practitioner for his services in a case of this kind has been fixed at one guinea, and mileage in accordance with the Regulations. When attendance on a case of this kind is made by a whole time Medical Officer, a fee of one guinea is paid by the Board to the Government and not to the Medical Officer.

*Dispensing School.*—There is a Dispensing School at the Public Hospital, Kingston, for the purpose of training Dispensers, and Students are also trained at some of the country Hospitals.

## HOSPITALS

The accommodation allowed in the Public General Hospitals and Lepers Home, as far as room for beds is concerned is as follows, namely:—

Morant Bay Hospital	57 beds	Lucea Hospital	77 beds
Hordley “	40 “	Sav.-la-Mar “	151 “
Port Antonio “	104 “	Black River “	151 “
Buff Bay “	108 “	Mandeville “	78 “
Annotto Bay “	81 “	Chapelton “	61 “
Port Maria “	173 “	Lionel Town “	62 “
St. Ann's Bay “	99 “	Spanish Town “	123 “
Alexandria “	70 “	Linstead “	96 “
Falmouth “	74 “	Lepers' Home	188 “
Ulster Spring “	16 “	Spaldings Hospital	120 “
St. James's “	135 “		
		Total	2,064 “

Admissions to the Public General Hospitals are now restricted to the following classes of cases by order:—1. Cases of serious accident; 2. Cases of acute disease requiring hospital treatment; 3. Cases likely to be benefitted by operation.

*Accidents and Acute Illness.*—Cases of serious accident or acute illness, if in a condition to be moved, should be sent to the nearest Public General Hospital, where they will be admitted at any hour of the day or night. If the person is too poor to pay for a conveyance the police should be informed, and they will in such special cases make the necessary arrangement for removal to the hospital.

*Patients*—All applicants for admission (except in case of emergency) shall be seen at the hospital by the medical officer between the hours of 9 and 11 a.m.

Applicants for admission who are on the Parochial Pauper Roll shall be admitted free of all charges, provided the medical officer considers them fit subjects for hospital treatment.

Other applicants, not on the Parochial Pauper Roll, but who are unable to contribute towards their maintenance, shall be admitted into hospital free of all charges on the written recommendation of the Custos or Chairman of Parochial Board, or the Inspector of Poor or Clerk of Parochial Board, or of any member of Board of Official Visitors of the hospital, provided, on examination, they are found fit subjects for admission, and that there is accommodation available.

All cases of accident or serious illness will be admitted at any hour of the day or night. Applicants resident in districts other than those served by Public General Hospitals should apply to the District Medical Officer of their District who will, if he considers their case suitable for hospital treatment, furnish a certificate to that effect, which the applicant should present at the nearest Public General Hospital not later, if possible, than 10 a.m. This rule, however, will not prevent cases of accident or serious illness in special cases being admitted at any hour of the day or night as stated.

## CHARGES FOR HOSPITAL TREATMENT, PUBLIC GENERAL HOSPITALS

I. *Permanent residents in Island.*

Income	Rate of Payment.
a. Up to 20/- weekly	Free.
b. Over 20/- to 50/- weekly.	6d. per day.
c. Over 50/- to £5 weekly	1/- per day plus Operation fees to M.O. in accordance with existing Government tariff.
	Minor Operations 10/6.
	Major Operations £1 1s.

CHARGES FOR HOSPITAL TREATMENT, PUBLIC GENERAL HOSPITALS, *contd.*

Income	Rate of Payment
d. Over £5 weekly	<p><i>Ordinary Ward.</i> 1/- to 3/- per day, plus Operation Room Charges 30/- plus Operation fee to M.O. as above.</p> <p><i>Special Ward.—2nd Class:</i> 3/6 per day plus Operation Room Charges 30/-. <i>1st Class</i> 7/- per day plus Operation Room Charges 30/-. King George V Memorial Sanatorium patients pay 7/- per diem. Patients from abroad pay 20/- per diem.</p> <p>These patients shall pay fees to the Medical Officer or Medical Attendant by special arrangement. 2nd Class patients will be required to pay visiting fees in Hospital not exceeding 4/- per visit and fees for operations not exceeding £1 11s. 6d. for minor operations and £5 5s. 0d. for major operations. 1st Class patients will be required to pay visiting fees in Hospital not exceeding 4/- per visit and operation fees not exceeding £3 3s. 0d. for minor operations and £10 10s. 0d. for major operations.</p>
II. <i>Articled Seamen and Ships' Apprentices</i>	1/6 per day, plus Operation fee in accordance with Government Tariff and Operation Room Charges 30/-, plus Funeral Expenses in case of death. (Guarantee to be given by Shipping Company.)
III. <i>Persons who are not natives or bona fide residents of the Colony.</i>	As in (a), (b), (c), and (d) as above. Visiting fees in Hospital not exceeding 6/- per visit may be charged to these persons by the M.O. or Medical Attendant where 1st or 2nd class special accommodation is occupied.
The following extras will be charged to persons in Classes I and III (c) and (d):—	
Special diet not in accordance with diet scale	} at actual cost
Special nursing .. .. .	
Special drugs .. .. .	
Funeral Expenses .. .. .	
Notes:—1. No fee for an operation or advice or treatment shall be charged to a patient who is not paying hospital fees.	
2. No fees for daily attendance of patients in Government Hospitals may be charged by the M.O. except as indicated in (d) I and III.	

## PUBLIC HOSPITAL, KINGSTON

North Street

*Patients.*—The patients are divided into two classes, *viz.*:—In-door patients, admitted within the wards of the institution and out-door patients receiving medical advice and medicines at the Dispensary of the Institution. Applicants for admission as in-door patients of the Hospital will be seen daily by the Medical Officers between the hours of 10 and 11 a.m. Applicants for medical advice and medicines as out-door patients must bring with them a Ticket of recommendation from such persons as the Governor may appoint to grant tickets.

Tickets will be obtainable at the following rates:—

Income	Rate of Payment
Up to 12/- weekly ..	Free
Members of a family up to 20/- weekly ..	Free
Over 12/- to 25/- weekly ..	1/6
Over 25/- to 50/- weekly ..	2/6

The fee shall be affixed in stamps to the ticket. The stamps shall be cancelled by the Medical Superintendent and the ticket sent to the Island Medical Office.

All cases of accident or emergency will be admitted at any hour of the day or night by the Medical Officer on duty.

Any person who may be suffering from Venereal Disease (that is Gonorrhoea, Chancres or Syphilis) or from complications of any form of Venereal Disease will be treated free of cost.

On Saturday of each week persons unable to pay for continuous treatment outside are given Salvarsan injections on payment of a small fee.

#### LIST OF FEES FOR HOSPITAL IN-PATIENTS

##### KINGSTON PUBLIC HOSPITAL

Patients not destitute of means who desire to be admitted to the Hospital shall be required before admission either to give a guarantee in writing signed by some person to be approved by the Senior Medical Officer for the payment of their expenses while in the Hospital or to deposit a sum of money equivalent to charges of the Hospital for a period of three weeks at the following rates:—

#### I. *Permanent residents in the Island.*

<u>Income</u>	<u>Rate of Payment</u>
a. Up to 20/- weekly	.. Free.
b. Over 20/- to 50/- weekly	.. 6d. per day.
c. Over 50/- to £5 weekly	.. 1/- per day plus Operation Fee in accordance with existing Government Tariff. Minor Operations 10/6; Major Operations £1 1/-.
d. Over £5 weekly	.. <i>Ordinary Ward.</i> 1/- to 3/- per day, plus Operation Room Charges, 30/-, plus Operation Fee as above. <i>Special Ward. 2nd Class:</i> 3/6 per day (not now applicable). <i>1st Class</i> 7/- per day, plus Operation Room Charges, 30/-, plus Operation Fee as above.

#### II. *Persons who are not natives or bona fide residents of Colony.*

As in I (a), (b), (c) and (d) above.

The following extras shall be charged to persons in Classes I and II (a) and (d):—

- |  |   |                 |
|--|---|-----------------|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Special Diet not in accordance with Diet Scale</li> <li>(2) Special Nursing</li> <li>(3) Special Drugs</li> <li>(4) Funeral Expenses</li> </ul> | } | At actual cost. |
|--|---|-----------------|

- NOTES: 1. No fee for an operation or advice or treatment shall be charged to a patient who is not paying hospital fees.
2. No fees for daily attendance of patients in Hospital may be charged by the Medical Officers.
3. Extra diet will not be charged for 1st Class Patients in special wards as they are allowed a special diet.

COUNTRY HOSPITALS

Patients not destitute of means who desire to be admitted to a Hospital shall be required before admission either to give a guarantee in writing signed by some person to be approved by the Medical Officer for the payment of their expenses while in Hospital or to deposit a sum of money equivalent to the charges of the Hospital for a period of three weeks at the following rates:—

I. *Permanent residents in the Island.*

Income	Rate of Payment
a. Up to 20/- weekly	.. Free.
b. Over 20/- to 50/- weekly	.. 6d. per day.
c. Over 50/- to £5 weekly	.. 1/- per day plus Operation Fee to Medical Officer in accordance with existing Government Tariff. Minor Operation 10/6; Major Operation £1 1/-.
d. Over £5 weekly	.. <i>Ordinary Ward.</i> 1/- to 3/- per day plus Operation Room Charges, 30/-, plus Operation Fee to Medical Officer as above. <i>Special Ward, 2nd Class:</i> 3/6 per day, plus Operation Room Charges, 30/-. <i>1st Class:</i> 7/- per day, plus Operation Room Charges, 30/- These patients shall pay fees to the Medical Officer or Medical Attendant by Special arrangements. <i>2nd Class:</i> patients will be required to pay visiting fees in Hospital not exceeding 4/- per day, and £1 11s. 6d. for minor operations and £5 5/- for major operations. <i>1st Class</i> patients will be required to pay visiting fees in hospital not exceeding 4/- per visit and operation fees not exceeding £3 3/- for minor operations and £10 10/- for major operations.
II. <i>Articled Seamen and Ships Apprentices</i>	.. 1/6 per day plus operation fee in accordance with Government Tariff, and Operation Room Charges, 30/-, plus Funeral Expenses in case of death. (Guarantee to be given by Shipping Company).
III. <i>Persons who are not natives or bona fide Residents of the Colony</i>	.. As in (a), (b), (c) and (d) above. Visiting fees in Hospital not exceeding 6/- per visit may be charged to these persons by the Medical Officer or Medical Attendant where first or second class special accommodation is occupied.

The following extras will be charged to persons in Classes I and III (c) and (d):—

- |  |                   |
|--|-------------------|
| (1) Special diet not in accordance with diet scale | } At actual cost. |
| (2) Special Nursing                                |                   |
| (3) Special Drugs                                  |                   |
| (4) Funeral Expenses                               |                   |

NOTES: 1. No fee for an operation or advice or treatment shall be charged to a patient who is not paying Hospital Fees.

2. No fees for daily attendance of patients in Government Hospitals may be charged by the Medical Officer except as indicated in (d) I and III.

No seaman, hired, articled or apprenticed to any vessel, and no indentured person shall be admitted into the hospital except on occasion of serious accident or other extreme emergency, until the consignee of such vessel, or the master or employer of such indentured person shall have given a letter of guarantee to the Chief Medical Officer and Director undertaking to the extent of £20 for the payment of the hospital dues at the rate of 2s. 6d. per diem for each seaman and 1s. 6d. per diem for each indentured person, plus operation room charges 30/-, plus operation fee in accordance with Government Tariff, and for payment also of funeral expenses in case of death.

All persons (other than articulated seamen, indentured immigrants or apprenticed servants) who are admitted into the wards of the hospital for medical treatment as in-door patients, shall be required to contribute towards their maintenance in the hospital by payment of such proportion of the hospital dues as are set out below:—

# I. Permanent residents in Island.

Income	Rate of Payment
a. Up to 20/- weekly	.. Free.
b. Over 20/- to 50/- weekly	.. 6d. per day.
c. Over 50/- to £5 weekly	.. 1/- per day, plus Operation fee in accordance with existing Government Tariff.
	Minor Operations 10/6.
	Major Operations £1 1/-.
d. Over £5 weekly	.. Ordinary Ward. 1/- to 3/- per day, plus Operation Room Charges 30/-, plus Operation fee as above.
	Special Ward. 2nd Class: 3/6 per day. 1st Class: 7/- per day. Plus Operation Room Charges, 30/-, plus Operation fee as above.
II. Persons who are not natives or bona fide residents of Colony.	As in I (a), (b), (c), (d) above.

The following extras to be charged to persons in Classes I and II (c) and (d):—

Special diet not in accordance with diet scale	at
Special Nursing	actual
Special Drugs	cost.
Funeral Expenses	

- NOTES:—1. No fee for an operation or advice or treatment shall be charged to a patient who is not paying hospital fees.
2. No fees for daily attendance of patients in Hospital may be charged by the Medical Officers.
3. Extra diet will not be charged for 1st Class patients in special wards as they are allowed a special diet.

Statement shewing the admissions, etc., at the Kingston Public Hospital for the past 5 years.

No. remaining in Hospital at the beginning of the year	No. admitted during the year	Daily average in Hospital during the year	Patients discharged			No. who died	
			Cured	Re- lieved	Not im- proved		
1943	355	8,390	418	3,383	3,757	426	753
1944	426	9,202	497	4,084	3,642	505	953
1945	441	9,385	535	4,174	3,790	447	928
1946	495	8,935	521	4,238	3,442	435	921
1947	394	8,952	520	4,207	3,241	467	973
1948	456	9,097	512	3,835	3,793	468	954

BOARD OF VISITORS: Mr. R. H. Fletcher, I.S.O., J.P., *Chairman*; Mr. Audley Evans, Rev. J. T. Clark, Mrs. J. P. Harris, Hon. W. A. Bustamante, Mr. G. C. Gunter, Dr. H. G. Vyse, Mrs. J. L. Cundall, Mrs. K. M. Cockell.

## BOARDS OF VISITORS, PUBLIC GENERAL HOSPITALS

A Board of Visitors has been appointed by the Governor for each Public Hospital in the Corporate Area and the Country parishes. The Board consists of the Custos of the Parish (*Chairman*); the Member of the House of Representatives for the Constituency in which the Hospital is situated, and certain other persons (Ladies and Gentlemen) residing in the neighbourhood.

## TICKET DISTRIBUTORS FOR FREE MEDICAL TREATMENT

His Excellency the Governor has appointed in each parish Ticket Distributors, who will distribute tickets to poor persons, enabling them to get free Medical Treatment at Hospitals and outdoor Dispensaries. The Custos, Member of the House of Representatives and Chairman of Parochial Board are ex-officio Ticket Distributors.

## LEPERS' HOME

The Lepers' Home situated in the neighbourhood of Spanish Town, is under the direction of the Director of Medical Services. This institution contains 188 beds. There is a Medical Officer and eight Marist Sisters who have given their lives to this humanitarian work. At the end of 1946, there were 169 inmates.

Facilities are provided for all religious denominations represented among the inmates and recreation is afforded in the form of in-door and out-door games.

Plots of land are allotted on the farm to those inmates physically fit to cultivate the soil. The products are purchased by Government for the use of the inmates themselves.

## BOARD OF VISITORS, LEPERS ASSYLUM.

Canon J. A. Harding, (*Chairman*); Rev. J. M. Ashe, J.P., Mr. Alexander Russell.

## VICTORIA JUBILEE LYING-IN HOSPITAL

## NORTH STREET, KINGSTON

*Admission of Patients*—Every person desiring to be admitted to the Maternity Wards for delivery shall be required to lodge in advance a deposit at the following rates, and to pay the undermentioned fee per day for every day's maintenance after ten days' residence in the Hospital:—

*I. Persons whose incomes or the incomes  
of the persons on whom they are  
dependant are*

Rate of Payments

- |                              |    |  |
|------------------------------|----|--|
| (a) Up to 20/- weekly        | .. | Deposit 7/6 and daily payment over 10 days—9d.   |
| (b) Over 20/- to 50/- weekly | .. | Deposit 15/- and daily payment over 10 days—1/6.   |
| (c) Over 50/- to £5 weekly   | .. | Deposit £2 2/- and daily payment over 10 days—3/-.   |
| (d) Over £5 weekly           | .. | It is not desired to admit such patients to the Hospital but if they have to be admitted special wards will be provided and the daily payment will be 7/-. |

II. Persons desiring to obtain obstetrical treatment other than those of full term pregnancy shall be required to make payment as under—

*Persons whose incomes or the incomes  
of the persons on whom they are  
dependant are*

Rate of Payment

- |                              |    |  |
|------------------------------|----|--|
| (a) Up to 20/- weekly        | .. | Free.  |
| (b) Over 20/- to 50/- weekly | .. | 6d. per day.   |
| (c) Over 50/- to £5 weekly   | .. | 1/- per day, plus Operation fee in accordance with existing Government Tariff.<br>Minor Operations, 10/6.<br>Major Operations, £1 1/-.                                       |
| (d) Over £5 weekly           | .. | Ordinary Ward 1/- to 3/- per day, plus Operation Room Charges, 30/-, plus Operation fee as above.<br>Special Ward. 2nd Class: 3/6 per day plus Operation Room Charges, 30/-. |



*Persons whose incomes or the incomes  
of the persons on whom they are  
dependant are*

**Rate of Payment**

(d) Over £5 weekly, (*contd.*)

**1st Class:** 7/- per day plus Operation Room charges 30/-. These patients shall pay fees to the Medical Officer by special arrangement.  
**2nd Class** patients will be required to pay Visiting Fees in Hospital not exceeding 2/- per visit, and fees for operations not exceeding £1 11s. 6d. for Minor Operations and £5 5/- for Major Operations.

**1st Class** patients will be required to pay Visiting Fees in Hospital not exceeding 4/- per visit and Operation Fees not exceeding £3 3/- for Minor Operations and £10 10/- for Major Operations.

**III. Persons who are not natives or bona fide residents of the Colony**

As in (a), (b), (c) and (d) above. Visiting Fees in Hospital not exceeding 6/- per visit may be charged to these persons by the Medical Officer where 1st or 2nd Class special accommodation is occupied.

The following extras shall be charged to persons in Classes I and II (c) and (d) and III.

1. Special diet not in accordance with diet scale
2. Special Nursing
3. Special Drugs
4. Funeral Expenses.

} At actual cost.

**NOTES:**—1. No fee for an operation or advice or treatment shall be charged to a patient who is not paying Hospital Fees.

2. No fees for daily attendance of patients in Hospital may be charged by the Medical Officer except as indicated in I and II (d) and III.

*Board of Visitors:* Mr. R. H. Fletcher, I.S.O. J.P., *Chairman*; Mr. Audley Evans, Rev. J. T. Clark, Mrs. J. P. Harris, Hon. W. A. Bustamante, M.H.R., Mr. G. C. Gunter, Dr. H. G. Vyse, Mrs. J. L. Cundall, Mrs. J. M. Cockell.

### JAMAICA MENTAL HOSPITAL

This is the only institution in the Island for the care of persons suffering from Mental illness. It is situated in Kingston on a site of 120 acres between the Windward Road and the Harbour.

**Admission of patients**—This is governed by the Mental Hospital Law, and no admission can be refused on the grounds of lack of accommodation.

Private patients are admitted on a Reception Order signed by a Resident Magistrate and supported by two Medical Certificates. In emergency an Urgency Order (signed by a relative and valid for 7 days) supported by one Medical Certificate may be used. The minimum maintenance for contributing patients is 1/6 per day. Private patients may be admitted as Voluntary Boarders on a simple written request.

Lunatics wandering at large may be arrested by the Police and eventually sent to the Mental Hospital on an Order signed by a Justice of the Peace, supported by one Medical Certificate.

Lunatics who are cruelly treated, neglected or not under proper care and control may be admitted under an order signed by a Justice of the Peace, supported by two medical certificates.

Persons who become or are found insane while in prison, (whether convicted or awaiting trial), and persons found insane by a Court of Law are confined in the Mental Hospital on a warrant issued by the Governor.

**Discharge of Patients**—This is solely at the discretion of the Senior Medical Officer, except in the case of persons admitted on Governor's Warrant.

Voluntary Boarders must be discharged within 24 hours of their giving written notice of departure. Patients may be sent out On Trial pending final discharge. There is a limit of three months for each trial period but there is no limit in the number of extensions that may be granted. In such cases a responsible person has to give an undertaking to care for and return the patient at the end of the trial period.

**Treatment**—The duties of the staff are not concerned wholly with in-patients as the Senior Medical Officer is allowed consultation practice and is required to assist in the disposal of medico-legal cases with psychiatric problems. A Clinic for neuropsychiatry at the Kingston Public Hospital under control of the Medical Staff of the Mental Hospital now affords facilities for out-patient treatment and there are plans for increasing this aspect of treatment.

The local Red Cross Society also provides some form of Occupational Recreational therapy which although limited at present is well appreciated.

A Dental Surgeon attends three afternoons each week.

"Restraint" is not permitted in any form.

"Seclusion" averages about 110 hours weekly.

Physical treatment—Insulin, E.C.T. Cardiazol, etc., is now available for all classes of patients.

**Occupation**—There is no organised Occupation Therapy, but many patients assist in domestic work in the wards, and others work out of the ward:—

- (a) On Field Parties, cutting grass, road making, fencing, wood-cutting;
- (b) Assisting artisans (carpenters, plumbers, blacksmith, painter, mason, tinsmith);
- (c) Work in workrooms with tailor and seamstresses;
- (d) At the hospital laundry.

**Medical Officers**—These are normally all whole time Officers. The Staff consist of one Senior Medical Officer, assisted by two Medical Officers (Sr.)—and four Medical Officers (Jr.)—A recognised qualification in Psychiatry is required for permanent appointment to the higher posts.

**Nursing Staff**—A fair proportion of the nursing staff, particularly among the senior grades, have passed the local examination in Mental Nursing, after attending courses of instructions.

A scheme is now in operation whereby nearly half of the female nursing staff will be given training in General Nursing.

The Nursing Staff is non-resident.

NUMBER OF PATIENTS AT THE MENTAL HOSPITAL

Year	Admitted			Discharged												Remaining at the end of the year		
				Re-covered			Re-lieved			Unim-proved			Died					
	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T
1938 ..	273	268	541	73	68	141	33	36	69	1	1	2	145	186	331	1076	1068	2144
1939 ..	273	254	527	40	37	77	17	17	34	1	1	1	152	140	292	1138	1128	2266
1940 ..	262	249	511	19	41	60	15	22	37	3	1	4	144	132	276	1218	1181	2399
1941 ..	279	259	538	54	44	98	27	28	55	16	4	20	183	135	318	1218	1223	2441
1942 ..	280	225	505	67	68	135	20	25	45	17	2	19	179	157	336	1223	1197	2420
1943 ..	313	239	552	61	53	114	24	21	45	13	1	13	198	118	316	1237	1235	2472
1944 ..	304	243	547	77	50	127	38	19	57	2	6	8	186	136	322	1222	1255	2477
1945 ..	346	265	611	40	33	73	65	32	97	4	4	1	197	184	381	1256	1269	2525
1946 ..	273	236	509	24	36	60	95	67	162	6	1	7	207	159	366	1182	1231	2413
1947 ..	302	283	585	35	13	48	78	61	139	2	1	2	136	86	222	1223	1326	2549
1948 ..	313	278	591	54	72	126	95	142	237	3	5	8	159	109	268	1217	1274	2491

Year	Average Cost per patient per annum								
	Staff			Other Charges			Total		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1944 ..	19	1	8	19	1	8	38	3	4
1945 ..	20	0	0	19	13	6	39	13	6
1946 ..	20	9	8	35	16	7	56	6	3
1947 ..	23	12	4	31	6	8	54	19	0
1948 ..	23	12	8	42	2	8	65	15	4

**Board of Visitors, Mental Hospital** (Sec. 2 of Cap. 102); Mr. Victor Nunes, M.B.E., (Chairman); Hon. W. A. Bustamante, M.H.R., Mr. F. A. Fixley, Mrs. Colonel Sanson, (S. A.) Rev. T. E. Newlin, Mrs. G. H. Scott, Rev. J. T. Clark, Rev. H. P. Silverman, Dr. E. J. Don, Fr. P. J. Branon, Mr. N. J. Suarez.

## KING GEORGE V JUBILEE MEMORIAL SANATORIUM

THIS Institution was completed in October, 1939, at an approximate cost of £91,000 to which £32,000 were contributed by public subscription through the Jamaica Anti-Tuberculosis League. In addition to providing facilities for active treatment of cases it will serve as a training centre for Medical and Nursing personnel.

The first patients were admitted in January, 1940. The Sanatorium is situated on forty-five acres of land adjoining Hope Gardens, and is four miles from the Tuberculosis Clinic. It has a bed capacity of two hundred ward beds, and twenty-two private rooms, and occupies a number of separate blocks. It is a self-contained unit, providing all the facilities for clinical, X-ray and Laboratory diagnosis, as well as those for all modern means of therapy including major surgery. There is a Nurses' Home, Hospital laundry, as well as partly furnished residential quarters for the Senior Medical Officer, Assistant Medical Officer, Matron, Assistant Matron and Dispenser.

Service between the Sanatorium and the Clinic is maintained by means of an ambulance and a truck. The ambulance is also used for transferring patients to the Sanatorium from outlying country districts.

This Institution will serve as the centre for treatment even as the Clinic now serves as a centre for diagnosis, and patients in the country, for whom specialised methods of treatment are indicated, will be admitted when the occasion arises. It is hoped that the services of the institution can be retained for those patients for whom there is a reasonable hope of recovery rather than those for whom no form of treatment holds out any ultimate hope of success.

*Board of Visitors, Mrs. Michael DeCordova, M.B.E., Chairman; Mr. Rolph Grant, Dr. A. S. Westmorland, O.B.E., Mr. E. H. Fagan, Mr. F. G. Joy, Mrs. C. A. Smith.*

## QUARANTINE REGULATIONS

## RATGUARDS

1. All vessels must place metallic ratguards in a manner satisfactory to an Officer of the Quarantine Board and of a type approved by the Board, on all mooring lines leading from the vessel to the wharf or to another vessel, immediately the vessel is berthed and keep such metallic ratguards properly adjusted to the satisfaction of an Officer of the Quarantine Board during the time the vessel remains moored to the wharf or other vessel. Such guards must not be less than 3 feet in diameter, must fit the lines tightly, must be approximated at all points along the circumference, and must be applied fairly near the vessel so as not to overhang the wharf.

2. All hawser holes and maindeck scuppers and gratings on side next to the wharf must either be plugged with a solid piece of wood or covered with thick canvas, while the vessel is alongside the wharf.

## DISINSECTIZATION OF AIRCRAFT

3. All aircrafts coming to Jamaica are required to be disinfected in flight by an approved method of spraying half an hour before arrival here or will be subject to spraying by an Officer of the Quarantine Board immediately on arrival and before disembarkation of any passenger or crew.

## GANGWAYS AND FENDING OFF

4. While alongside the wharf, vessels must keep all hatches and cargo port holes closed, unless they are actually being used in the loading or discharging of cargo.

5. The loading or discharging of cargo between the hours of 6 p.m. and 6 a.m. shall be under the supervision of an Officer of the Quarantine Board, and immediately work ceases for meals or for any other reason, all gangways cargo chutes, or anything by means of which rats can travel from the ship to the wharf must be removed, or be kept raised not less than 8 feet above the wharf.

6. Vessels of low freeboard, that is vessels where the gunnel at the lowest point is less than 8 feet above the wharf, must fend off 8 feet, or go into the stream, at 6 p.m. or immediately after work ceases for the night, and remain there until 6 a.m.

SAILING VESSELS

7. Sailing vessels which have had communication with ports other than Jamaican, while in any out port of Jamaica except Port Antonio and Bowden must anchor not less than 200 yards from the shore and when alongside in Kingston Harbour, Port Antonio, or Bowden, they must not anchor or remain within 8 feet of a drogher or other coastal vessel.

8. Sailing vessels must not come alongside a Wharf in Kingston, between 6 p.m. and 6 a.m., without the permission of the Secretary of the Quarantine Board.

TOURIST VESSELS

9. Tourist vessels will be granted pratique on arrival here, provided the Captain presents to the Port Health Officer a certificate in the form approved, signed by the Surgeon and countersigned by himself certifying that all on board have been inspected by the Surgeon of the vessel, within 24 hours of arrival here, and are free from quarantinable diseases, and that the vessel has not called at an infected port during the voyage.

DERATIZATION

10. All ships except those employed in Coastwise Service, shall produce a deratization or exemption certificate issued by the Sanitary Authority of a Port authorised to do so and dated not more than six months prior to arrival.

11. If no valid certificate is produced the ship will be investigated regarding rats and the Quarantine Department shall decide according to the findings whether the ship shall be exempted or shall be subjected to deratization by fumigation and shall issue a certificate

12. Fumigation shall be entirely at the cost and risk of the owner or owners of the ship.

13. Vessels which have been at ports other than Jamaican must be fumigated before turning drogher for coastal service or before going on the slip for cleaning or repairs.

14. The Port of Kingston is the only Port for Jamaica authorised for the purpose of deratization.

PLAGUE REGULATIONS

15. Vessels from countries infected with Plague, may accept first class passengers and will be granted pratique on arrival here, provided they are six days out, all well on board, and the Captain of each vessel produces a certificate from the British Consul certifying of his own knowledge, that the vessel while in a port of any of the countries, named in the next paragraph was anchored not less than a quarter mile from the shore, and that cargo was not taken on board. Disinfection of clothing and effects may be required.

The Captains of vessels which have been alongside, or taken cargo on board, at a port of any of the countries mentioned in the next paragraph, in order to obtain pratique here, must produce a certificate of complete fumigation, satisfactory to the Quarantine Board certifying that the vessel has been fumigated since being alongside, or taking on cargo and six days must have elapsed since the fumigation took place.

16. The following countries are infected with or suspected of Plague:—

EUROPE	ASIA	AFRICA	AMERICA
Azores	Ceylon	Algeria	Argentine Republic
	China	Belgian Congo	Bolivia
	Dutch East Indies	British East Africa	Brazil
	India	Canary Islands	Ecuador
	Indo-China	Cape Verde Islands	Peru
	Iraq	Egypt	Chile (Valparaiso)
	Japan	French West Africa	Oceania
	Thailand	Madagascar	New Caledonia
	Siberia	Morocco	Hawaii Islands
	Straits Settlements	Tripolitania	
	Palestine	Tunisia	
		West Africa	
		Union of South Africa	

Vessels which have been at any port in the countries named in this paragraph within the two months preceding their arrival here are to be detained and reported to the Quarantine Board.

17. Vessels arriving from ports in which Plague has occurred may be allowed alongside during the day time to discharge or load cargo under supervision, provided in each case the Quarantine Board is satisfied that there is no danger to the public health.

## YELLOW FEVER REGULATIONS

18. Vessels which have been alongside countries infected with Yellow Fever in order to obtain pratique in Jamaica must be either 18 days out from those countries or submit to fumigation on arrival here. Crew remaining on board for 6 days after the fumigation. Unless they can show a valid international certificate of immunity or inoculation against Yellow Fever, passengers may be detained at the Quarantine Station for 6 days.

19. Vessels which bring a certificate from the British Consul certifying that while in port they had anchored away from the shore will not be subject to restrictions, the crew and passengers will be under surveillance or observation for 6 days unless they can show a valid international certificate of immunity or inoculation against Yellow Fever.

20. *Aircraft*.—All aircraft arriving from countries infected with Yellow Fever, are to be sprayed with an insecticide at the port of departure and again  $\frac{1}{2}$  (half) hour prior to arrival. Passengers and crews from Yellow Fever ports must comply with the same Regulations as in the above paragraph.

21. The endemic Yellow Fever area includes those countries in South America and Africa as delineated by the World Health Organization.

## INFLUENZA

22. Passengers arriving from ports in which influenza has been declared by the Quarantine Board to be epidemic will be allowed to land here if two and a half days out and all well on board.

Passengers less than  $2\frac{1}{2}$  days out must complete that period at the Quarantine Station.

Crew must also remain on board for the same period.

## SMALL POX REGULATIONS

23. Passengers from Mexico, Central America (except Costa Rica), South America, the Islands of St. Andrew and Old Providence who desire to land here—

- (a) must be 14 days out, or
- (b) show to the visiting Quarantine Officer a valid International Certificate of successful vaccination against Smallpox, or
- (c) submit to vaccination on the voyage or on arrival here and remain under surveillance by a Health Officer until he is satisfied that the vaccination is successful, or until 14 days have elapsed from the date of embarkation; or
- (d) remain under observation at the Quarantine Station until 14 days have elapsed from the date of embarkation.

24. Fumigation of baggage at the Quarantine Station may also be required.

## YELLOW FEVER INOCULATION

The Government Bacteriologist and Secretary of the Quarantine Board have been appointed to be the Authorities empowered to issue International Certificates of Inoculation against Yellow fever.

## MEDICAL AND SURGICAL PRACTITIONERS

The office of registration of qualified Medical and Surgical Practitioners is the General Register Office, Spanish Town. A copy of the Register corrected to date is published in the Jamaica Gazette in May in each year.

No person may practice in Jamaica as a Physician, Surgeon, Apothecary or other Medical or Surgical Practitioner unless he has been duly registered under the provisions of the Medical Law, Cap 73.

The procedure necessary for obtaining registration depends upon the nature of the qualification possessed.

Any person already registered in the United Kingdom can be registered in Jamaica upon producing to the Registrar General the diploma, licence or certificate held by him, together with a declaration B (shewn below) made by him before a Justice of the Peace and impressed with a twenty shilling stamp, setting forth that he is the person referred

to in such diploma, license, &c., provided that the name of such person appears in the British Medical Register most recently published, or that he produces to the Registrar General a certified copy of the entry of his name in the British Register.

Any person not registered in the United Kingdom but holding a diploma, licence or certificate, evidencing the possession by him of such qualification as would entitle him to registration therein, can be registered on producing to the Registrar General such diploma, &c., together with a declaration according to Form B, as in the other case above provided.

Any person not qualified as above but holding a diploma, licence or certificate granted to him by a recognised University College or Faculty of Physicians or Surgeons, may become qualified and be registered on obtaining and producing to the Registrar General a certificate in form of Schedule C to Cap. 73, setting forth that he has been examined and passed by the Government Board of Examiners.

FORM B I residing at in the parish of  
do hereby declare that I am a member (or as the case may be) of (here state the College, Faculty or Society) and was authorised by such (here state the College, Faculty or Society) which gave the Authority) on the day of 19 to practise medicine and surgery (or to practise medicine, or to practise surgery, as the case may be) as appears by my (here specify the diploma, certificate or other document evidencing such authority) now produced and shown to the undersigned Justice of the Peace.

Declared before me this day of 19 Justice of the Peace (Signed)

#### MIDWIFERY

The Midwifery Law, Cap. 74 (See also Laws 26 of 1939, 27 of 1942 and 20 of 1943). makes provision for the registration of persons qualified to practise midwifery in Jamaica)

The Registrar under the Law is the Registrar General of Births and Deaths, General Register Office, Spanish Town.

The following person may be registered as Midwives:—

- (1) Any person who has before the passing of the Law practised successfully as a midwife for more than three years as shown by a certificate signed by a District Medical Officer.
- (2) Any person who produces to the Registrar a certificate of competency from the Board referred to in Section 7 of the Law.
- (3) Any person who produces to the Registrar a certificate of competency as a midwife granted by the Examining Board of the Victoria Jubilee Lying-in-Hospital or by any Body or Institution approved by the Governor in Executive Council.

Fee for registration under (1) is one shilling (1/-); but registrations thereunder must have been made within twelve months from the first day of January, 1920. Fee for Registration under (2) is ten shillings and six pence (10/6). Registration under (3) is free.

The Board of Examiners appointed under the Midwifery Law consists of:—Dr. Ivan Parboosingh, Dr. Ivan E.R. Parris, Dr. Leila Wyater-Wedderburn and Dr. K.A. Sleem.

#### LIST OF PERSONS QUALIFIED TO PRACTISE MEDICINE AND SURGERY

Abrahams, J. H., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.F.P. and s., Glas.: Chapelton.  
Allen, G. P. F., M.B. and B.S., Liverpool.: Kingston.  
Alexander, F. H. M.B. & B.S., Liverpool, Montego Bay.  
Anderson, A. A., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon.: Morant Bay.  
Anderson, V. F. C., M.D., Lon., D.P.H., Lon.: Hagley Gap.  
Anderson, C. R., M.D., B. and M., Canada: Half-Way Tree P.O.  
Antonio, N. M., M.B. B.S. Edin., Kingston.  
Aird, F. W., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.F.P. and s., Glas.: Mental Hosp. Kgn.  
Aris, F. W., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon.: Linstead.  
Arnold, L. E. M.D.C.M. (McGill) D.P.H., L.M. & S., Provincial Medical Board of Nova Scotia: Kingston.  
Arthurs, S. J., Ramble.  
Aub, R., M.D., Heidelberg: Kingston.  
Auden, F. T., M.B. & M.S., Edin.: South Coast, Natal, S.A.  
Bailey, R. W., Cross Roads P.O.

- Baillie, F. W. W., M.B. & B.S., Edin., F.R.C.S., Edin.: Kingston.  
 Bankoff, Geo., F.R.C.P. & s., Glas.: F.R.C.S. Edin., 6 Cargill Ave., H.W.T.  
 Bartlett, T. M., M.B. & M.S., Edin.: Trinity Ville.  
 Baxter, G. F., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon.: Kingston.  
 Beard, E. A. C., M.B. & B.S., Glas., England.  
 Beckford, J. H., L.R.C.P. Edin. L.R.F.P. & s. Glas. Kingston.  
 Binns, C. G., M.B. & B.S., Edin.: Linstead.  
 Blair, H. H., Spanish Town.  
 Bonner, A. A., Cross Roads.  
 Brady, H. S., M.B. & B.S., Aberdeen: Alexandria.  
 Bramwell, H. A., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.F.P. & s., Glas.: Balaclava.  
 Branday, W. J., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon.: Port of Spain, Trinidad.  
 Brandon, D. A. P., Gayle.  
 Bramble, P. M., L.R.C.P. & s. Ireland, 84 East St., Kingston.  
 Bronstorpe, E. E., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.F.P. & s., Glas., F.R.C.S., Edin, Kgn.  
 Brooks, T. H. P., L.R.C.P., Lon., M.R.C.S., Eng., England.  
 Brown, H. H., L.R.C.P., Lon., M.R.C.S., Eng.: Montego Bay.  
 Brown, J. A., L.R.C.P. & s., Edin., L.R.F.P. & s., Glas.: Old Harbour.  
 Browne, S. O., M.B. & B.S., Edin.: England.  
 Browne, W. A. S., Kingston.  
 Buchanan, D. M., L.P.M.B., Nova Scotia: U.S.A.  
 Butler-Parboosingh P. R. I., M.C.P. & s. Province of Manitoba, Canada: Kingston.  
 Burrowes, J. T. B.M. CH.B. (Ox.) M.R.C.O.G., Victoria Jubilee Hospital, Kingston.  
 Cadien, D. S. H., L.R.C.P., s. Edin. L.F.P. & s.: Turks Island.  
 Cafferky, A. B., M.C.P. & s. Albert, Andrew's Memorial Clinic, Kingston.  
 Cameron, J. J., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon.: Halfway Tree.  
 Cameron, D. I. M.B. & B.S., Edin.: U.K.  
 Carnegie, A. L. D., M.B. & B.S., Edin.: Sav-la-Mar.  
 Cassidy, nee Beard, M. A. A., M.B. & B.S., Glas.: England.  
 Chacko, J. F. L.R.C.P. & s., Edin., L.R.F.P. & s. Glas. Spanish Town.  
 Chamberlain, R. L., L.R.C.P. & s., Edin., L.R.F.P. & s., Glas.: Georgia U.S.A.  
 Chambers, H. Daniel, M.B. & B.S. M.D. (Aber.) Kingston  
 Chance, A. E., United States of America.  
 Chin Loy, Arthur, 35 Pembroke Rd. Kgn.  
 Clark, L. M., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon.: Kingston.  
 Clarke, A. T., Old Harbour.  
 Campbell, E. R. C. M.R.C.S. (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (Lond.), Brown's Town.  
 Collins, S. J. B., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.F.P. & s., Glas.: Frankfield.  
 Collins, H. Duckworth, M.B. & B.S., Aberdeen: Black River P.O.  
 Cooke, E. H., M.B. & B.S., Durham: Canada, B.C.  
 Cooke, R. O., L.M. & s., P.M.B. of Nova Scotia & M.D. & M.S., Dalhousie: Kingston.  
 Cooke, R. S. M., B.M.S. & O.S. Trinity College, Dublin: Kingston.  
 Copland, M. J., M.R.C.S. Eng. L.R.C.P. Lond.: Grenada.  
 Cory, R. A. S., M.B. & B.S., Bristol: M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon., Liguanea,  
 Crosswell, H. D. L.R.C.P., Lond., United Kingdom.  
 Cruchley, F. H. N., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon., M.B. & B.S., Lon.: Clarendon  
 Campbell, G. W. D. M.B. & B.S., Aberdeen, Black River.  
 Curphey, A. G., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.F.P. & s., Glas., M.C.P. & s., Ontario,  
 Canada: Claremont.  
 Davidson, R. H., Kingston.  
 Dawson, P. G., Cayman Islands.  
 deGazon, D. W., M.R.C.S. (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (Lond.) M.B., B.S. (Lond.) F.R.C.S. (Edin.) D.O.M.S  
 Kingston.  
 deCarteret, R. J., M.B. & B.S., Birmingham: Brown's Town.  
 Dickenson, W. N., M.B. & B.S., Oxford: Cross Roads P.O.  
 Don, Eric, G. A., M.B. Ch. B. M.D. Aberdeen: Half Way Tree P.O.  
 Druitt, A. W. N., M.R.C.S. Eng. L.R.C.P. Lond. Kingston.  
 Dryden, T. A., Highgate.  
 Dryden, S. C., M.B. Ch. B. Edin: Half Way Tree P.O.  
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 Dahlem, Ernestine, Kingston.  
 Escoffery, G. S., M.B., CH.B. (Aber.), D.P.H. (Liverpool), Kingston.  
 Escoffery, W. H., M.B., B.S., Aberdeen: Savanna-la-Mar.  
 Escoffery, W. I., M.B. & B.S., Aberdeen, Brown's Town.

- Evans, F. R., Half-Way Tree.  
 Evans, K. R. L., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.F.P. & s., Glas., M.P.H. (Howard), Kingston.  
 Evelyn, L. H., L.R.C.P., Lon., M.R.C.S., Eng.: St. Andrew.  
 Evelyn, M. D., L.R.C.P. & s. Edin. L.F.P. & s. Glas., U.K.  
 Elgood, E., M.R.C.S. Eng., F.R.C.P., Lond., M.D. Ox., Gordon Town.  
 Farquharson, C. H. C., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.F.P. & s., Glas.: Priestman's River.  
 Farquharson, W., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon.: St. Andrew.  
 Feanny, P., L.R.C.P., Ireland, L.R.C.S., Ireland, L.R.C.P. & s., Edin., L.R.F.P. & s., Glas.: Half-Way Tree P.O.  
 Ferguson, V. L., M.B. & B.S., Aberdeen: Barbados.  
 Ferguson, L. St. C., L.R.C.P. Edin.: L.R.F.P. & s. Glas.: Pt. Antonio.  
 Ferriera, S. E. L., L.M. & s., Nova Scotia Provincial Medical Board, Kingston.  
 Fisher, J. E. M.B.B.S. Glas., 44 Duke St., Kgn.  
 Fitzmaurice, L. W., L.M. of Canada, M.D.C.M., D.P.H. (McGill), Halfway Tree P.O.  
 Forde, J. H., Kingston.  
 Forrester, G. W. A., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.F.P. & s., Glas.: Port Maria.  
 Foster, A. I., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.F.P., Glas.: Manchioneal  
 Feanny, L., L.M.S., Nova Scotia: Kingston.  
 Freeman, L. L., M.B. & B.S., Edin.: Spanish Town.  
 Foster, W. S., L.R.C.P. Lon. M.R.C.S. Eng., Kingston.  
 Foote, W. J., Albert Town.  
 Geoghegan, J., M.B., B.S. & D.M., Edin., London.  
 Gideon, C. S., M.R.C.S., England & L.R.C.P., London: Stony Hill.  
 Glen-Campbell, E. A. D., M.B. & B.S., Aberdeen: Montego Bay.  
 Glen-Campbell, M. J., M.B. Ch.B. Aberdeen: Half Way Tree P.O.  
 Golding, M. S., L.R.C.P. & s., Edin., L.R.F.P. & s., Glas.: Buff Bay.  
 Gordon, G. D. B., Calif., U.S.A.  
 Grant, L. S., M.B. & B.S. Edin.: M.P.H., (Mich.) Kingston.  
 Grant, S. C., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.F.P. & s., Glas.: Jamaica, Frankfield.  
 Greaves, E. S., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.F.P. & s., Glas.: Duncans  
 Guilfoyle, J. A., M.R.C.S., Eng. & L.R.C.P., Lon.: Constant Spring P.O.  
 Garsia, W. L. M., Kellits.  
 Gentles, J. H., L.R.C.P. & s., (Edin.) Spaldings.  
 Goodey, John M.R.C.S., (Eng.) L.R.C.P., (Lond.)  
 Halawani, A. E., Cairo, Egypt.  
 Hall, R. S., L.M. & s. Provincial Medical Board of Nova Scotia: Kingston.  
 Hallinan, T. C., L.M.S., Lond., Frome P.O.  
 Hallinan, T. J., M.B. & B.S., F.M., Lon.: Irish Town, P.O.  
 Hamaty, E. S., M.B., & B.S., Edin.: Kingston.  
 Hargreaves, G. M., M.B. & B.S., Edin., D.P.H., R.C.P., Lon. & c.s., Eng.: China.  
 Harris, B. A., Adelphi.  
 Harrison, T. L., M.C.P. & s., Alberta, Canada: Cayman Islands.  
 Harry, G. V., M.B. & B.S., Edin., F.R.C.S., Jamaica, Kingston.  
 Harvey, C. W. McN., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon.: Sav-la-Mar.  
 Hart, K. L., L.R.C.P., Lon., M.R.C.S., Eng.: Hordley.  
 Harty, A. H., M.R.C.S. Eng., L.R.C.P., Lond., 14 Constant Spring Rd., H.W.T.  
 Hayden, A. R. C., L.M. & s., Provincial Medical Board, Nova Scotia, M.D. & M.S.  
 Dalhousie: Jamaica. Grange Hill  
 Hearne, A. A., M.B. & B.S., Aberdeen, England.  
 Henderson, J. A., M.B. & B.S., Edin.: Barbados.  
 Hendricks, M. S., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.F.P. & s., Glas.: Port Antonio.  
 Henriques, H. L., M.B. & B.S., Glas., Scotland: Mandeville.  
 Hoashoo, Y. H., M.B. & B.S., Edin.: Straits Settlements.  
 Hoermann (Hoerman), E. O., M.B. & B.S., Birmingham: Kingston.  
 Holmes, N. N., M.B., B.S. & B.O.C., Dublin, Nath. Univ., Ireland: Lucea.  
 Hortor, W. A. C., L.R.C.P., Lon., M.R.C.S., Eng.: Grand Cayman, B.W.I.  
 Hossack, C. W., M.B., B.S., Aberdeen, D.T.M., Liverpool: Kingston.  
 Haring, B. A., L.R.C.P., Lon., etc., Spanish Town.  
 Hyllton, B. St.J. M.D., C.M. (McGill), L.M.C.C., Kingston.  
 Idris, T. H. W., L.M.S., S.A., London, Eng.: Falmouth  
 Jackson, P. C., M.D., (Howard University): Kingston.  
 Jackson, P. M., M.B. & B.S., Aberdeen: Kingston.



- Jacobs, L. M. St. Ann's Bay  
 Jacobs, D. K., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., London: Lionel Town, Alley P.O.  
 Jacobson, F.W., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S. Lon. L.R.F.P. & s. Glas., Liguanea.  
 James, K. G. W., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lon., F.R.C.S., Edin.: Halfway Tree  
 James, S. R., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Eng.: Cross Roads  
 Johnston, C. D., Black River  
 Johnston, H. M., M.B. & B.S.: Edin.: Black River  
 Johnston, T. H., M.C.P., & s., Manitoba, M.D., Manitoba, Michigan, U.S.A.  
 Johnson, L. E., M.B. & B.S., Liverpool: May Pen  
 Jones, J. C., (formerly Hyslop) M.B. & B.S. Edin.: Montreal, Canada  
 Joslen, H., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., London, M.D., Durham: Claremont  
 Joyner, C. M., M.B. & B.S., Aber.: Bahamas B.W.I.  
 Kennedy, R. A., M.B. & B.S., Glasgow: Brown's Town  
 Lannaman, L. J., L.R.C.P., Lon., M.R.C.S., Eng.: Mandeville  
 Lawrence, H. S., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.F.P. & s., Glas., D.P.H.F.M., Liverpool:  
 St. Ann's Bay  
 Leslie, L. C., L.R.C.P. & s., Edin., L.R.F.P. & s., Glasgow: Linstead P.O.  
 Levy, C. I., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.F.P. & s., Glasgow: Kingston  
 Lee, A. G., M.B., Trin., Half-Way Tree  
 Levy, R. D. K., M.B., B.S. Oxon., M.R.C.P. Lond., H.W.T.  
 Lewis, D. H., M.B. & s., (Leed). Pt. Royal.  
 Lindo, R. A., M.D., D.S., Kingston.  
 Lightbourne, H. I., M.B. & B.S., Birmingham, D.P.H., London: Liguanea  
 Livingston, Olga J., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.P., Liguanea P.O.  
 Lloyd, I. S., L.M. & s., S.A., London: Claremont  
 Lofthouse, W. O. R., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.F.P. & s., Glasgow: Balacava  
 Logan, D. C., M.B. & B.S., Edin.: Cross Roads P.O.  
 Logan, R. A., Kingston  
 Logan, G. L., M.D., Howard, L.M.C., Canada, L.M. & s., Nova Scotia: Christiana  
 Lopez, M. McW., L.M. & s., S.A., London: Golden Grove  
 Lord, C. J., M.B. & B.S., Ireland, F.R.C.S., England: Frome P.O.  
 Lowe, F. E., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.F.P. & s., Glasgow: Lucea P.O.  
 Lucas, S. L., Atlantic City, New Jersey, U.S.A.  
 Lushington, A. C., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.F.P. & s., Glasgow: Cross Roads P.O.  
 Lutz-Wallace, C. R., L.M. & M.R.C.P., Ireland, L.S. & M.R.C.S., Ireland., Montego Bay  
 Lyon, L. B., M.C.P. & s., Ontario, M.B., Toronto, Claremont P.O.  
 Macdonald, O.B.E., (Mil.) A. G., M.B. & M.S., Edin., D.P.H., Manchester: Scotland  
 MacPhail, D. H., M.B. & B.S., Glasgow: Port Royal  
 Magnus, V. S., M.B. & B.S., Edin.: Falmouth  
 Mais, G. A., M.R.C.S., England, L.R.C.P., London: Mandeville  
 Manley, M. M., M.B. & B.S., London: Kingston  
 Maragh, A. M. L.R.C.P. & s. Edin. L.R.C.P. & s. Glas.: Half Way Tree P.O.  
 Martin, S. E. O., M.B., B.S., Edin.: Annotto Bay  
 Martin, D. E., (nee Brown), M.B. & B.S., Edin.: Halfway Tree—now Mrs. Verley  
 Martin J. A., Port Antonio  
 Mair, T., Kingston.  
 Marley, N. A., L.M.S., Lon., Montego Bay.  
 McNeil-Smith, E. A., Kingston.  
 McGladdery, M. S., M.B., B.S., Birm., Constant Spring.  
 McConnell, L. F., M.B. & C.B., Glasgow: Kingston  
 McCrindle, J. R. R., M.B. & M.S., Glasgow: Halfway Tree P.O.  
 McCulloch, W. E., M.D., B.S. & M.B., Aberdeen: Kingston  
 McDonald, H. E. T., M.B., B.S. Aberdeen: Kingston.  
 McFarlane A. L., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lond., M.B., B.S., Lond. F.R.C.S., Edin.:  
 Kingston.  
 McKenzie, J. F., L.M.S.S.A., Lond., M.B., B.S., Lond.: Kingston  
 McKenzie, J. P., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lond.: Gordon Ave., Salisbury.  
 McIntosh, J. N., M.B. & B.S., Edin.: U.K.  
 McKenley, A. G., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin. & L.F.P.S., Glas.: May Pen.  
 McLean, I. W., 2068 Greenway Charlotte, N.C., U.S.A.  
 McNeill, K. A., M.R.C.S. (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (Lond.,) Kingston.  
 Malabre, H.F., M.B., M.S., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng. & L.R.C.P., Lond.: Kingston.  
 Mellad, E. V. W., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin. & L.F.P. & s., Glas.: Kingston.  
 Miller, H. A., Kingston.

- Miller, J. H., M.B. & B.S., Edin.: Christiana.  
 Moffat, (formerly Stewart), J. H., M.B. B.S., Glas.: Glasgow.  
 Moody, L. M., M.R.C.S., Eng., M.R.C.P., Lond., B.S. & M.D., Lond.: Kingston.  
 Moody, L. A., L.R.C.P. & L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.F.P. & s., Glas., Kingston.  
 Morgan, J. H. S., M.B. & B.S., Aberd.: Spanish Town.  
 Morrison, H. L., M.B. & B.S., Edin.: Montego Bay.  
 Morton, J. E. C., M.R.C.S., Eng. & L.R.C.P., Lond.: Kingston.  
 Mott-Trille, R., Newport.  
 Muirhead, W. R., L.F.M.B. Nova Scotia (M. & S.): Cross Roads.  
 Muldavin, L. F., M.R.C.S., Eng. & L.R.C.P., Lond.: New York.  
 Murray, E. E., M.B. & B.S., Lond.: Cross Roads.  
 Murray, P. C., L.M. & S. Nova Scotia Provincial Medical Board: Port Antonio  
 Myers, A. A., M.R.C.S., Engl. & L.R.C.P., Lond.: Falmouth.  
 Myers, A. E. C., M.B. & B.S., Aberd.: Mandeville  
 Magnus, Paul, B.S., M.D. (Mich.) Kingston.  
 Magnus, William, M.D. (Mich.) Kingston.  
 Narcisse, Jos. A., L.R.C.P. & s. Edin. L.F.P. & s. Glas. Halfway Tree.  
 Overton, G. N. C., Malvern.  
 Parboosingh, I. S., Halfway Tree.  
 Palmer, C. A., M.C.P. & s., M.B., M.D. & M.S., Ontario: St. Ann's Bay.  
 Parkin, C. F. H., Kingston.  
 Parris, I. E. R., L.M.S., Nova Scotia: Kingston.  
 Paterson, S. E. L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.F.P.s., Glas.: England.  
 Peat, A. A., M.B. & B.S., Aberd.: Port of Spain Trinidad  
 Peat, R. A., M.B. & B.S., Aberd.: Malvern  
 Pengelley, C. E., Mandeville.  
 Pershad-Singh, H. J. B., M.B. & B.S., Edin.: Chapelton  
 Pitter, O. C. L., M.B. & B.S., Birm.: Newport.  
 Phillips, A. A., Cross Roads.  
 Phillips, C. B., L.R.C.P. & L.R.C.S., Edin., & L.R.F.P. & s., Glas.: U.S.A.  
 Prentis, J. E., M.R.C.S., Eng. & L.R.C.P., Lond.: Cross Roads  
 Preston, G. J., M.R.C.S., Eng.: Kingston.  
 Price, E. W., B.S., Camb.: Congo Belge, Africa.  
 Quee, Tie Ten, M. S., M.D., Edin.: China.  
 Reid, F. T., L.M.S. N.S., U.S.A.  
 Rerrie, J. I., M.R.C.S., Eng. & L.R.C.P., Lond.: D.P.H. Toranto Cross Roads.  
 Rerrie, J. P., L.S.A., Lond.: Cross Roads.  
 Richard, L. A. St. L., L.R.C.P. & s., Edin., & L.R.F.P. & s., Glas.: Savannalamar.  
 Riddell, C. E., M.B. & B.S., Aber.: England.  
 Ritchie, F. A., L.R.C.P., & L.R.C.S., Edin. & L.F.P. & s., Glas.: Cross Roads.  
 Rob, V. R., L.R.C.P. & L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.F.P. & s., Glas.: F.R.C.S., Spaldings.  
 Robins, H. E., M.B. & B.S., Edin.: Ulster Spring  
 Robinson, B. J. A., M.R.C.S., Eng. & L.R.C.P., Lond.: May Pen.  
 Royes, K. C., M.B. & B.S. Oxford: & L.R.C.P. Lond., M.R.C.S. (Eng.), D.P.M. (Lond.) Kingston  
 Rhodes, K., M.B., B.S., Kingston.  
 Sanford, N., Lambs River.  
 Sanguinetti, J. F. B., M.B. & B.S., Aberd.: Port Maria.  
 Saward (formerly Isaacs), E. J., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., Lond.: Stony Hill  
 Scott, L. J., L.R.C.P., & L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.F.P. s., Glas.: Washington, D.C., U.S.A.  
 Sharp, C. E., M.R.C.S. Eng. & L.R.C.P., Lond.: Bromley, Kent.  
 Shepherd, T. S., M.B. & B.S., F.R.C.S., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng. & L.R.C.P., Lond.: England.  
 Shepherd, E., (formerly McElney), M.B. & B.S., Edin.: England.  
 Sherlock, R. G., L.R.C.S. & L.R.C.P., Edin., L.F.P. s., Glas.: Halfway Tree  
 Shirley, I. O. B., L.M.S.S.A., Lond., Surrey, England.  
 Silvera, W. D., M.B., B.S. & M.R.C.S., Edin.: Nigeria.  
 Sinclair, T. B., L.M.S., Nova Scotia & D.P.H.F.M., McGill.: Kingston.  
 Sleem, K. A., M.B. & B.S., Edin.: Cross Roads.  
 St. John, W. A. L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., Carron Hall.  
 Smart, L. A., L.M.C.C., L.M. & s., Nova Scotia: U.S.A.  
 Smith, J. N., L.M.S., Nova Scotia: Halfway Tree.  
 Smith, H. S. V., L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., Edin. & L.R.F.P. & s., Glas.: New York, U.S.A.  
 Stamm, Dr. H., Kingston.  
 Stafford, E. H., Spanish Town.

- Stephenson, A. H., L.R.C.P. & S., Edin. & L.R.F.P. & S., Glas.: Morant Bay.  
 Stephenson, F. B., L.R.C.P. & S., Edin., L.R.F.P. & S., Glas.: St. Catherine. Linstead.  
 Stephenson, A. St. G., M.B. & B.S., Edin.: Point, St. James.  
 Stewart, L. N., M.B. & B.S., Edin.: Kingston.  
 Stockhausen, J. M., L.M.S., Nova Scotia: Kingston.  
 Street, S. P. W., L.R.C.P. Lond. M.R.C.S. England: Public Hospital Kingston.  
 Strudwick, H. T., Kingston.  
 Sugar, M., L.R.C.P. & S., (Edin.) L.R.C.P. & S., (Glas.) F.R.C.S. (Edin.) Kingston.  
 Sutherland, E. S., L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.C.P. & S., H.D.P.H., Edin. and Glas.:  
 Port Maria.  
 Sutherland, V. L., M.B. & B.S., Aber.: Halfway Tree.  
 Swaby, E. E., M.R.C.S., Eng. & L.R.C.P., Lond.: Kingston.  
 Slade, M., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., Cross Rds.  
 Shoucair, E. S., M.B. & B.S., Edin., Kingston.  
 Tate, J. K., M.B. & B.S., Aber.: Halfway Tree.  
 Taylor, E., M.B. & B.S., Dub.: England.  
 Taylor, K. P. A., 1212 Sunset Drive, Florida.  
 Taytelbaum, Maurits., G.A.M.F.M. & S.&M.: Europe.  
 Tennant, V. L., M.B. & B.S., Aber., Spanish Town  
 Thomas, G. E. A., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.F.P. & S., Glas.: Mandeville.  
 Thompson, M.R., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Constant Spring.  
 Tomlinson, A. E. O., Kingston.  
 Tomlinson, C. H., M.B. & B.S., Edin., D.M.R.E., Kingston.  
 Valentine, E. J., M.B. & B.S., Aber.: Toronto University. Kingston.  
 Valentine, G. E., M.B. & B.S., Aber.: Kingston.  
 Varma, J. L., M.B. & B.S., Punj.: Kingston.  
 Vaz, C. E., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin. & L.R.F.P. & S., Glas.: Kingston  
 Vernon, K. A., M.B. & B.S., Lond.: Montego Bay.  
 Vyse, H. G., M.R.C.S. Eng. L.R.C.P. Lond. D.P.H. Eng., Kingston.  
 Walcott, A. L., L.R.C.P. & S., Edin., Kellits.  
 Walsh, J. P., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.F.P. & S., Glasgow: Kingston  
 Watson, J. A., L.M.: Nova Scotia: Halfway Tree  
 Watson, J. G., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P., London: Eng.  
 Watson L. M., M.B. & B.S., Aberdeen: Cross Roads  
 Watts, E. M., Doctor of medicine of the University of Pennsylvania, U.K.  
 Wedderburn, C. C., M.B. & B.S., Edin., D.P.H. (Mich.) Liguanea P.O.  
 Westmorland, A. S., L.R.C.P., London, M.R.C.S., England: Kingston  
 Weston, D. K., M.R.C.S., England, L.R.C.P., London, F.R.C.S., Edin.: Kingston  
 Whitaker, W. B., 55 East Washington St., Chicago  
 Whitbourne, D., M.B. & B.S., London: Cross Roads P.O.  
 White, C. R. T., L.R.C.P., Edin., L.R.C.S., Edin., L.F.P. & S., Glasgow: 17 Holland Park  
 Avenue, London, W. 11, England  
 Whitelocke, K. I., M.B. & B.S. Edin., M.R.C.P., Edin.: Kingston.  
 Wilson, W. Jeffrey-Smith, M.R.C.S., England, L.R.C.P., London, M.B., B.S., London, M.D.,  
 London, D.T.M., & H., London: Kingston.  
 Wright, A. A., L.R.C.P. & S., Edin., L.R.F.P. & S., Glasgow: May Pen P.O.  
 Wright, F. C. A., M.R.C.S., England, L.R.C.P., London: Morant Bay P.O.  
 Wright, G. A. P., L.A.H., Dublin: England  
 Wynter, L. E., M.B. & S., Edin.: Liguanea P.O.  
 Wynter, T. A. P., L.R.C.P. & S., Edin., L.R.F.P. & S., Glasgow: Cross Roads P.O.  
 Weyrauch, G. S., C.F., Kingston.  
 Williams, V. O., M.D., (N.Y.U.) Kingston.  
 Wright, Adele, Savanna-la-mar.  
 Young, A. L., M.R.C.S. Eng., L.R.C.P. Lond., Halfway Tree.  
 Yuen, W., M.B. & B.S., Hong Kong: 1228 Passar Rd., oudu Kuala Lumpur, Federated  
 Malay States

# DENTISTRY

Under section 8 (1) of the Dental Law, Law 29 of 1943, the Registrar General of Births and Deaths is the Registrar of Dental Practitioners in Jamaica.

Section 8 (2) provides for the keeping of a Register of qualified Dental Practitioners. Section 5 as amended by Law 22 of 1944 provides for the establishment of a Dental Board consisting of the Director of Medical Services, (*Chairman*) and three Registered Dentists.

Section 4—Provides that no person shall be qualified to be registered under this Law unless—

- (a) he was registered in the Island immediately before the coming into operation of this Law as a qualified dental practitioner; or
- (b) he is registered or holds any qualification in respect whereof he would be entitled to be registered in the dentists' register of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland under any Act for the time being in force; or
- (c) he possesses such qualifications as may be prescribed, and has passed an examination held by the Board under this Law.

A list of Dentists registered under the Law is set out below.

## REGISTER OF PERSONS QUALIFIED TO PRACTISE DENTISTRY

Name	Address
Aarons, I. H., D.D.S., Geo. Town, Wash. D.C.	Montego Bay
Aitcheson, E. S.	64a Duke St., Kingston.
Aris, F. L., D.D.S., Penn.	63 Church St., Kingston.
Aris, F. W., D.D.S., Penn.	59½ Duke St., Kingston.
Astwood, J. A.,	172½ Orange St., Kingston.
Bragg, P. E., D.D.S., Meharry	50 Church St., Kingston.
Burey, D. M., nee Lumsden	5 Marescaux Rd., Cross Roads.
Correoso, P. N., D.D.S., Maryland, Balt.	8 Melbourne Rd., Kingston.
Cowan, H. J.,	3 James St., Kingston.
DePass, K., L.D.S., R.C.S., Eng. D.D.S., Penn.	Mandeville.
Desnoes, L. A., D.D.S., Penn.	45 Duke St., Kingston.
Dillon, C. S.,	Sav-la-Mar.
Douglas, W. L., D.D.S., Howard	54 Laws St., Kingston.
Douglas, J. B.	Frankfield.
Duhaney, W. S., D.D.S., Howard	70 East St., Kingston.
Duhaney, A. F., D.D.S., Howard	126 Church St., Kingston.
Duhaney, W. S., D.D.S., Howard	May Pen.
Duhaney, F. R.	May Pen.
Duquesnay, C. H. L., D.D.S., Penn.	45 Duke St. Kingston.
Evans, E. H., D.D.S., Howard	61 Laws St., Kingston.
Ewers, James, D.D.S., Howard	14 Eastwood Prk. Road, H.W.T.
Foster, A. F. J.	Ja. Mutual Bldg., Cr. Church and Barry Streets, Kingston.
Fraser, D. W., D.D.S., Howard	55 Duke St., Kingston.
Fraser, I. M., D.D.S., Howard	U.S.A.
Fray, J. A., D.D.S., Howard	Sav-la-Mar.
Fulford, E. R., D.S.S., Penn.	39 Duke St., Kingston.
Gibb, L. A., D.D.S., Meharry	48 Duke St., Kingston
Gilbourne, F. A., D.D.S., Howard	4 Argyle Rd., H.W.Tree
Godfrey, W. D., D.D.S., Howard	22 Church St., Kingston.
Gregory, J. M., D.D.S., Mich.	Public Gen. Hospital, Kingston.
Griffiths-Campbell, N. H., D.D.S., Howard	15½ Chisholm Ave., Whitfield Tn.
Hall, A. G.	30 Temple Lane, Kingston.
Hanley, P. C.	63 Half Way Tree Rd., H.W.Tree
Hanson, T. E.	U.S.A.
Harty, E. A., D.D.S., Maryland Balt.	Coronation Bldgs., Kingston

REGISTER OF PERSONS QUALIFIED TO PRACTICE DENTISTRY—*contd.*

- Hastings, B. A.  
Hastings, H. P., L.D.S., R.C.S., Edin.  
Henriques, L. T.  
Henriques, K.  
Henriques, B. L., D.D.M., Tufts College, U.S.A.  
Hibbert, W. N.  
Hollar, F. G., D.D.S., Penn.  
Howell, F. A. C.  
Hunter, F. W., D.D.S., Howard  
Hunter, H. D.  
Jacobs, A. S., D.D.S., Howard  
James, F. D.  
Johnson, S. O. G., D.D.S., Howard  
Josephs, L. L.  
Lloyd, H. K., D.D.S., Howard  
Lobbenberg, E.  
Lodenquai, J. T., D.D.S., Geo. Twn. Wash., D.C.  
Lopez, H. M., L.D.S., R.C.S., Eng.  
Lumsden, G. F., D.D.S., Howard  
Lumsden, G. F.  
Lyon, W. V., D.D.S., Pitts., U.S.A.  
Lyn, Herman J., D.D.S., Loyola, Chicago Ill.  
Machado, G. R., D.D.S., Penn.  
Machado, B., L.D.S., R.C.S., Eng.  
March, L. D.C., L.D.S., R.C.S., Eng.  
McIntosh, A. H. S., D.D.S., Howard  
McTaggart, R. E.,  
Maitland, S. A., D.D.S., Maryland  
Malabre, H.F., M.B.C.M., Edin., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.R.C.P.,  
Lon.  
Malcolm, D. N.  
Manson-Hing, L. R., D.M.D., Tufts Coll., U.S.A.  
Melville, E. C., D.D.S., Penn.  
Miller, L. A.  
Morrison, J. M., D.D.S., Howard  
Munro, J. N., D.D.S., Penn.  
Nethersole, S. C.  
Ogilvie, J. G. A., D.D.S., Meharry  
Orr, L. J., D.D.S., Meharry  
Penso, E. E., D.D.S., Howard  
Phillips, E. D., D.D.S., Howard  
Pickett, A. H. L.D.S., R.C.S., Eng.  
Pink, L. S.  
Plummer, O. U., D.D.S., Howard  
Pomareda, F. L.  
Richardson, C. W., D.D.S., Phil.  
Samuels, H. C. H., D.D.S., Howard  
Shakespeare, A. S., D.D.S., Howard  
Smith, C. F., D.D.S., Maryland  
Stewart, D. A.  
Sturridge, E., L.D.S., R.C.S., Eng.  
Sturridge, M. H. G.  
Thomas, C. R., D.D.S., Howard  
Virtue, A. E., D.D.S., Meharry  
Wright, A. L., D.D.S., Howard  
Savanna-la-Mar.  
Savanna-la-Mar.  
Mandeville.  
101 Old Hope Rd., H.W.Tree  
Mandeville.  
Highgate  
53 Church St., Kingston.  
4 East Parade, Kingston.  
St. Ann's Bay.  
121 Orange St., Kingston.  
Pt. Antonio, Box 29  
Montego Bay.  
66 Duke St., Kingston.  
89 Church St., Kingston.  
70 East Queen St., Kingston.  
36 Duke St., Kingston.  
Black River  
46 Trafalgar Rd., H.W.Tree  
Mandeville.  
Kingston.  
20 Duke St., Kingston.  
14 Camperdown Rd., Kingston.  
56 Duke St., Kingston.  
5 Ellesmere Rd., St. Andrew  
41 Duke St., Kingston.  
60½ East Queen St., Kingston.  
Geo. Twn., Grand Cayman.  
39 Duke St., Kingston.  
11 North St., Kingston.  
68 East St., Kingston.  
28 Lexington Ave., Kingston.  
129 King St., Kingston.  
Mandeville.  
70 East St., Kingston.  
61 Duke St., Kingston.  
Falmouth.  
Lucea.  
153 King St., Kingston.  
60 Church St., Kingston.  
Pt. Antonio.  
Richmond Pk., H.W.Tree  
Mandeville.  
68 East Street, Kingston.  
41 Duke St., Kingston.  
32 Church St., Kingston.  
68 Duke St., Kingston.  
c/o Dr. Buchanan, May Pen.  
Kingston.  
Knockpatrick.  
Mandeville.  
95 King St., Kingston.  
St. Ann's Bay.  
50 Church St., Kingston.  
57 East Queen St., Kingston.

## DENTAL BOARD, APPOINTED UNDER DENTAL LAW

(Law 29 of 1943)

Director of Medical Services, (Chairman), Dr. B. Machado, Dr. F. L. Aris, Dr. S. O. G. Johnson.

## OPTOMETRY

Register of Persons qualified to practice OPTOMETRY—Publication under  
The Opticians Law, Chapter 76

## REGISTERED OPTICIANS ARE:

Anderson, Robert Constantine, 3 Market Square, Port Antonio, 7th June, 1927.  
Brandon, Roy Harcourt, 44 Orange St., Kingston, 6th Jan., 1927.  
Broadbent, Charles Edward, 1½ Duke St., Kingston, 23rd Nov., 1936.  
Browne, Wellesley Buxton, 117 Charles St., Kingston, 7th Dec., 1929.  
Collymore, Harry Wilmotte, 1 Church Lane, Montego Bay, 25th May, 1927.  
Corinaldi, Miss E. E. 6 Corner Lane, Montego Bay, 24th Dec., 1937.  
DaCosta, Carlton Wellington, 57 East Queen St., Kingston, 9th June, 1932.  
DaCosta, Everaldo Carlton, 60 Duke St., Kingston, 19th May, 1927.  
Lopez, Rudolph Ferdinand, 89 King St., Kingston, 19th May, 1927.  
Lowe, Sylvia Kathleen Nicolas, Market St., Montego Bay, 15 Oct., 1935.  
Lumsden, Agnes Jessie, Alligator Pond, Manchester, 12th Dec., 1927.  
Lumsden, George Frederick, Mandeville, 27th June, 1927.  
Muschett, Aldred Roy, 44 Duke St., Kingston, 13th April, 1937.  
Penso, Oswald G., Off the Island, 20th Dec., 1939.  
Robinson, Herbert Ulysses, 102 Orange St., Kingston, 15th Dec., 1927.  
Scotland, George W., 29 King St., Kingston, 19th May, 1927.  
Silvera, Warren Rupert, 122 Tower St., Kingston, 11th Jan., 1927.  
Smith, Charles Francis, 11 East St., Kingston, 24th Aug., 1927.  
Solomon, Izett Charles, 116 Harbour St., Kingston, 6th Jan., 1927.  
Solomon, Izett Burnham, 116 Harbour St., Kingston, 7th Dec., 1946.  
Solomon, Gloria Mercedes, 116 Harbour St., Kingston, 19th May, 1947.  
Sutherland, Mavis Terresettia, 57 Molyne's Road, Halfway Tree, P.O., 21st July, 1941.  
Tomlinson, William James, Port Maria, 26th May, 1927.  
Williams, Eric Sylvester Stone, 2 Market St., Montego Bay, 16th June, 1941.

## MANCHESTER MATERNITY HOSPITAL AND NURSING HOME INC;

## MANDEVILLE

This Hospital was founded in 1926 and incorporated by the Manchester Maternity Hospital Law, Cap. 89. It is primarily for the purpose of affording assistance and treatment in Maternity cases; many deserving poor receiving free treatment. The Hospital is also equipped for and serves Medical and Surgical cases.

The funds for the erection and equipment for this Hospital were voluntary subscription, the buildings being erected with the kind permission of and upon lands of the Parochial Board for the Parish of Manchester. Maintenance cost is defrayed by voluntary subscription, annual grants from the Central Government, The Parochial Board for the Parish and patients fees.

*President*—Lady Huggins.

**BOARD OF GOVERNORS**—H. V. Iyer (*Chairman*); Dr. L. J. Lannaman, Dr. G.A. Mais, Messrs. D. S. M. Clark, S. E. Brooks, L. C. Bloomfield, M.H.R., Uriah A. Josephs, A.W. Sutton, J. G. Young; *Hon. Treasurer*, C. C. Lewis; *Hon. Actg. Secretaries*—Mrs. R. Williams and Mrs. B. Henriques; *Hon. Auditor*—R. Carman.

## NEW CITY DISPENSARY

This Institution was founded in 1876, the object being to provide medical attendance and medicine for the labouring and artisan classes, and others, at a nominal subscription, based on an income qualification.

*Medical Officers*.—At first, there was only one medical officer, but from the 1st July, 1936, (the 60th birthday of the Institution), a Panel System was brought into effect by which members have a choice of doctor from a Panel of 4 Medical Officers.

*Subscriptions*.—The subscription (rates revised July, 1948) is as follows:—

Unmarried persons with annual incomes not exceeding £200 per annum and married persons not more than £300 per annum between them pay 4d. per week each; unmarried people with incomes from £201 to £350 and married persons whose incomes are between £301 and £450 pay 6d. per week; while married persons with combined incomes between £451 and £600 pay 1/- each per week and 6d. per week for each child.

Children pay at the same rate as their parents except in the highest income bracket as above. There is an entrance fee of 1/- but children under 10 years are exempt from this.

*Benefits*—(a) Members are entitled to ordinary medical attention and medicine at the doctors' surgeries, or at their homes in case of need. If they reside within specified Kingston boundaries these visits are paid free, but if the doctor has to go outside of these boundaries, a fee of 6d. per mile both ways is charged.

Injections and operations are outside of the scope of the Institution.

(b) Married women (who with their husbands and children have been registered for one year, and are not in arrears) are given a grant-in-aid of one guinea on the arrival of each child, if a certified nurse is employed. The doctor will also attend at the birth, free of charge to the member, if the nurse thinks this is necessary. Otherwise, the member must arrange with and pay him.

There is an arrangement with various charitable bodies (*e.g.*, the Salvation Army) by which each pays for 2 adult members with the right to change the persons benefitting at their direction.

The D'Espinose Bequest of £2,000 yields an income which enables the Dispensary to render aid to 75 free members nominated as below.

By the Anglican Bishop	..	..	37
By the Roman Catholic Bishop	..	..	26
Nominations conceded by the Roman Catholic Bishop			
(i) Presbyterians	..	..	4
(ii) Baptists	..	..	4
(iii) Wesleyans	..	..	4
			<hr/> 75

*Board of Directors and Officers*:—President, W. M. Fraser, I.S.O.; Vice-President, Rev. F. Cowell Lloyd, A.T.S., Rev. J. C. Swaby, Revs. C. M. Watler, A. Didier, Fr. Denis Tobin, S.J.; Messrs. C. B. Facey, R. H. Fletcher, I.S.O.; G. C. Gunter, L. A. Henriques; Mrs. R. vanCuylenburg and Major John Nelson (Salvation Army). (There are at present 2 vacancies in process of being filled). Secretary: Mrs. W. A. Harty.

*Trustees*:—Mr. W. M. Fraser, I.S.O., Rev. F. Cowell Lloyd, A.T.S., and Mr. R. H. Fletcher, I.S.O.

*Medical Officers*:—Dr. W. A. S. Browne, M.B., C.M. (Can.); Dr. J. P. Walsh, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.); Dr. H. E. T. McDonald, M.B., CN. B., D. T.M.

*Hon. Solicitor*:—Mr. H. H. Dunn.

## NUTTALL MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

CROSS ROADS, ST. ANDREW

The Nuttall Memorial Hospital, erected in memory of the late Archbishop Nuttall, situated off Caledonia Avenue, was opened in 1923. It superseded the Archbishop Nuttall Nursing Home. The Hospital, which is built of reinforced concrete, is a one story building with a 10 ft. verandah on all four sides. A Chapel has been recently added and also a Rest Room with covered way connecting with the main building.

There are twenty-seven private rooms and two wards with three beds in each ward, accommodating in all thirty-three patients. There are two thoroughly equipped surgical theatres, also a Maternity Block of eight beds, delivery room and nurseries.

The staff consists of a Matron and forty-nine nurses and probationers. *Matron*: Miss N. Puckle, S.R.N.

**ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL, DEANERY ROAD, KINGSTON**

St. Joseph's Hospital situated at Deanery Park, Kingston and conducted by the Sisters of St. Dominic, was opened in 1916 for the reception of surgical, medical, gynaecological, obstetrical, and eye cases.

The building is constructed along the principles governing earthquake proof structures. Ideally located it catches the sea breeze in the day time and the cool freshness from the hills at night.

The operating room is fitted with all the most modern appliances with every convenience for both surgeon and patient. The Nursing Sisters in charge are fully trained and competent nurses.

An up-to-date X-Ray Plant, and a Vattenburg Colonic Irrigating unit has recently been installed.

Visiting hours from 10 to 12 a.m. and 4 to 8 in the afternoon.

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**BRITISH MEDICAL ASSOCIATION**

THE Jamaica Branch of the British Medical Association, the first colonial offshoot of the parent Association, was founded at Kingston in December, 1877.

The objects of the Branch, are the "promotion of medical and the allied sciences and the maintenance of the honour and interest of the Medical Profession".

The Executive consists of a President, a President elect, an Honorary Secretary (and Treasurer) and seven members of Council. The office bearers are elected annually. All registered medical practitioners are eligible for admission.

The President is Dr. K. Wilson-James.

The Secretary is Dr. C. C. Wedderburn, Island Medical Office, North St., Kingston.

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**CHILD WELFARE ASSOCIATION, LTD.**

IN 1926, this Association took the place of the Child Saving League. In 1929, it was incorporated under the Companies Act, and its legal designation now is "Child Welfare Association, Ltd". The Association is supported by voluntary contributions, and grants from the Central Government and from the Mayor and Corporation of Kingston and St. Andrew. At the beginning of 1938, the Government voted an extra grant to the Association for use in establishment of country branches of the Association. It maintains one whole time lady Doctor, Nurse Superintendent, two under-nurses, and operates a Day-time Nursery, Prenatal, Dental and Sick Clinics, as well as a Well Clinic where mothers may go for advice and instruction in the art of Mothercraft. Other activities include visits from voluntary workers to the homes of newborn infants, as well as the provision of an Affiliation Officer whose duty it is to assist mothers to collect maintenance fees from the fathers of their children.

The Headquarters of the Association is situated at the West Race Course, Kingston on land given by the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation. The building, known as the Children's Outpatient Hospital and Creche, was erected in 1930.

*Patron*—Her Majesty Queen Mary.

*Local Patrons:* His Excellency, Sir John Huggins, K.C.M.G., M.C.

His Lordship the Bishop of Jamaica

The Right Reverend, Bishop Emmet

Hon Sir William Morrison

Sir Henry Brown.

*President:* Lady Huggins

*Chairman:* Mrs. Michael deCordova, O.B.E.



## JAMAICA ANTI-TUBERCULOSIS LEAGUE

The League was formed in 1928, its objects being:—

- (a) To conduct educational and propaganda work showing the cause and prevention of tuberculosis.
- (b) To co-operate with other agencies in the Island having as their object the control of tuberculosis.
- (c) To supply nourishment to deserving cases.
- (d) To segregate and care for the children of poor parents afflicted with tuberculosis.
- (e) To establish branches throughout the Island.

During the twenty one years since its formation the League has focussed the attention of the whole colony on the problems presented by tuberculosis, and has furthered in every way the cure of this disease and the prevention of its spread. Work shops for the rehabilitation of arrested cases are operated at 2a Baker St.

*Patrons:*—Lady Slater, Lady Stubbs, c.b.e., Lady Denham, m.b.e., Sir Arthur Richards, Lady Richards, Sir John Huggins, k.c.m.g., m.c., *President*—Lady Huggins; *Hon. Treasurer:* Mr. H. H. Clarence, c/o Geddes Grant Ltd., Harbour St., Kingston; *Hon. Secretary:*—Miss Edna Lamont, *Chairman:* Dr. E. Joyce Seward, 29 Baker St., Jones Town P.O.

## THE JAMAICA CONVALESCENT SOCIETY, LTD

33 NORTH ST., KINGSTON

On the 21st August, 1942, the Society was duly registered as an Industrial and Provident Society under the name of the "Jamaica Convalescent Society, Ltd".

Its object is to acquire and operate convalescent homes primarily in Kingston and St. Andrew and if and when thought fit in other parts of the Island, and to give assistance, financial and otherwise, to convalescents in any manner that may be thought fit.

Principal Officers are.—

<i>Chairman</i>	..	Carl. Webster, Esq.
<i>Vice-Chairman</i>	..	L. A. Henriques, Esq.

Committee of Management.—

Mrs. E. Ammar	..	Mrs. M. Morris Knibb
Mr. Abe Issa,	..	Miss Gladys Morrison
Mrs. Ansell Hart	..	Mrs. Iris Jones
Mrs. Dalton James	..	Dr. J. Seward
Mr. Robt. Litherland	..	Mr. Harry Vendryes
Mrs. R. O. C. King	..	Dr. Westmorland
<i>Office Secretary</i> —Mrs. C. G. Daniels. Miss Amy Bailey		

## JAMAICA FAMILY PLANNING LEAGUE

24 EAST RACE COURSE, KINGSTON

The widespread poverty, the irresponsible attitude towards parenthood, and the tremendous rate of increase of population in Jamaica had long perturbed all who realise the grave difficulties looming before a small, poor country with a teeming population and limited land. The Jamaica Family Planning League, a philanthropic organisation, was therefore established in June, 1939, after the visit and lecture tour of Mrs. Edith Howe Martyn, the well known advocate of birth control, with the practical help of the late Sir Arthur Farquharson.

The objects of the League are, in brief, to strengthen in the Island the sense of parental responsibility, and to make available to the poor, the same facilities for scientific family spacing and contraception as have for decades been available to, and made use of by the richer people through the advice of private doctors.

With the help of Dr. Hyacinth Lightbourne and Dr. Joyce Saward, the League opened in 1939 a Clinic at 24 East Race Course, Kingston, where trained nurses are in attendance and where advice is obtainable, free of charge, and necessary appliances are supplied free of charge or below cost to suitable applicants unable to pay the cost. Literature is sent to country enquirers unable to visit the Clinic. Donations are urgently required for nurses' salaries and Clinic expenses, though all medical, secretarial, accounting and other work is unpaid.

The demand for the services offered by the League increases in direct proportion to the improvement in moral, educational, and economic standards of the general population.

**DIRECTORATE:**—*Chairman*, Dr. W. E. McCulloch, *Vice-Chairman*, Mrs. Violet Allwood, Dr. Charles Levy, Drs. Geo. Allen, J. Varma and Miss Amy Bailey, Lady Livingston, Rev. Cowell Lloyd, Messrs. C. B. Facey, Sam. Hart, Mrs. Mary Morris Knibb, and Miss May Farquharson, *Hon. Secretary and Treasurer*.

### MEDICAL APPEAL TRIBUNAL

(Under sec. 27 of the Medical Law, Cap. 73 as amended by Law 34 of 1944)

Director of Medical Services, or his nominee (*Chairman*), Dr. K. Wilson-James, and Dr. H. L. Morrison.

### MEDICAL COUNCIL OF JAMAICA

This Council was established in 1872. Its powers and duties are detailed in the Medical Law, Chap. 73.

It consists of five registered medical practitioners appointed for a term of three years by the Governor. It elects its President and Secretary.

The Council has power to:—

- (a) Make rules for the regulation of its own business;
- (b) Consider the Diplomas, etc., of any person claiming to be registered as a medical practitioner in this Island.
- (c) Require any person whom they consider has improperly obtained registration to re-register;
- (d) Direct the Registrar to remove from the Register the name of any practitioner who has been convicted of any felony or misdemeanour or who after due enquiry has been adjudged guilty of infamous conduct in any professional respect;
- (e) Direct the Registrar to reinstate the name of any practitioner who has been struck off the Register;
- (f) Decide all questions respecting the right of any person to be registered, or the mode of registration, or the liability of any person to be struck off the Register and all questions respecting the alteration of the Register. An appeal, if made within three months to the Governor, is allowed from the decision of the Council.

**MEMBERS OF COUNCIL** — Dr. L. M. Moody *President*; Dr. F. W. W. Baillie, Dr. L. W. Fitzmaurice, O.B.E., Dr. R. A. S. Cory, Dr. C. C. Wedderburn Dr. G. P. F. Allen, *Secretary*, 64 Duke Street.

### NURSING CANDIDATES SELECTION COMMITTEE

Appointed to select candidates for training in the United Kingdom as nurses.—

Senior Medical Officer, Public Hospital, Kingston (*Chairman*); The Matron, Kingston Public Hospital; The Matron, Nuttall Memorial Hospital; Mrs. J. G. Moseley.

Appointed to select candidates for training locally as nurses.

Matron, Kingston Public Hospital, Matron University College Hospital and a Nursing Supervisor.

### MEDICAL FACILITIES IN THE UNITED KINGDOM FOR COLONIAL CIVIL SERVANTS

Colonial Civil Servants are eligible for admission at special rates to the King Edward VII Convalescent Home at Osbourne, Isle of Wight. Particulars regarding this matter are obtainable from the Colonial Secretariat, Kingston.

## PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY OF JAMAICA

This Society in 1944 succeeded the Jamaica Pharmacists Association which was founded in 1908.

Some of its aims and objects are—To encourage a spirit of goodwill, sympathy and co-operation among members of the profession, to uplift and maintain the standard of the profession by

- (a) affiliation with kindred Societies in other advanced countries
- (b) to endeavour to establish a well equipped college of Pharmacy and Chemistry; to protect the general public against the evils of illicit trading in Drugs and Poisons and to assist the Government in the suppression of same; to practice the ethics of Unionism; to erect a Pharmacist Hall for the social and cultural benefit of its members in particular and the community in general.

**OFFICERS**—Mr. C. A. Robinson, *President*; Mr. R. H. Thompson, *1st Vice-President*; Mr. E. C. Cassells, *2nd Vice-President*; Mrs. C. St.G. Knight, *Secretary*, 19 Kensington Crescent, Cross Roads; Miss S. E. Miller, *Asst. Secretary*; Mrs. E. C. Mercier, *Treasurer*.

## ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION

The Jamaica Centre was inaugurated on 24th June, 1939 to assist the St. John Ambulance Association, a Foundation of the Grand Priory in the British Realm of the Venerable Order of the Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem in carrying out the following objects, viz:—

- (1) The formation of classes for the instruction of persons in First Aid, Home Nursing, Home Hygiene, Sanitation and Child Welfare.
- (2) The distribution by sale or presentation of ambulance material.
- (3) The formation of Ambulance Depots in or near centres of industry and traffic and the organization of Medical Comforts Depots.
- (4) The transport of the sick and injured.
- (5) The encouragement of the formation of units of the St. John Ambulance Brigade.
- (6) And generally the promotion and carrying out of works for the relief of the sick and injured in peace and war, irrespective of race, class, or creed.

Hundreds of candidates have taken the Association's examinations in First Aid and Home Nursing and Divisions of the St. John Ambulance Brigade have been formed.

The following are the officers and Committee:—

**President:** His Excellency Sir John Huggins, G.C.M.G., M.C.; **Vice-President:** The Hon. D. C. MacGillivray, C.M.G. M.B.R. **Chairman:** Dr. Erik Hoerman, C.S.T.J.; **Hon. Treasurer:** Mr. R.H. Fletcher, I.S.O., J.P.; **Hon. Secretary:** Miss Natalie Livingston, c/o R. S. Gamble & Son., Kingston; **MEMBERS:** Dr. H. Lightbourne, Dr. G. E. Valentine, Mr. G. C. Gunter, Mr. Gerald McCartney, Mrs. Percy Harris, Mr. E. G. Smith, Dr. Fitzmaurice, D.M.S., Mr. Mr. A. V. Surridge.

## THE BLACK RIVER SPA

The Bath house is of moderate dimensions, but the bath is becoming increasingly popular. The following is an analysis\* of the waters:—

Parts per 100,000		Hypothetical combinations	
Calcium ..	12.40	Silica ..	1.60
Magnesium ..	8.04	Calcium Bicarbonate ..	50.22
Sodium ..	52.35	Magnesium Sulphate ..	17.90
Potassium ..	29.44	Potassium chloride ..	56.23
Bicarbonate ..	37.82	Magnesium chloride ..	16.86
Silica ..	1.60	Sodium Chloride ..	133.16
Chloride ..	120.00		
Sulphate ..	14.32		
<b>Total ..</b>	<b>275.97</b>	<b>Total ..</b>	<b>275.97</b>

\*Radio Activity:— $13.6 \times 10$ , 10 curies per litre;

This water contains traces of iron and aluminium.

## MILK RIVER BATH, MILK RIVER P.O.

The Baths are situated at the foot of the Round Hill in Vere, Clarendon, which is of limestone formation, and are about 50 yards from the edge of the Milk River and about two miles from the sea. The water, which is extremely saline issues from crevices in the rock direct into the baths, through which it flows at a rate of 240 gallons per minute, or 345,600 gallons per day. The temperature of the water maintains a uniform 91/92 degs. Fah. throughout the year. Besides being rich in mineral salts it possesses a high radio-activity which renders it of the utmost therapeutic value, which is not surpassed by any mineral bath in the world. Gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, neuralgia, eczema, kidney and liver troubles are the complaints for which this water is specially recommended.

The Chemical analysis, made in 1923 by Mr. Barnett, is as follows:—

Radicals	Parts per 100,000
Calcium Ca. .. ..	60.03
Magnesium Mg. .. ..	69.49
Sodium Na. ... ..	784.77
Sulphate S.O4 .. ..	189.30
Bicarbonate HcO3 .. ..	10.06
Silica Sc. O2 .. ..	1.20
Chloride Ce. ... ..	1375.00
<b>Total .. ..</b>	<b>2489.85</b>

There are traces of Potassium, Lithium, Iodine and Bromine. Radio-activity equal to 160.2 x 10-10 curies per litre, or 43.25 Mache units. The following is the comparison of the relative Radio Activity of the Milk River Bath with other well known Spas of world wide reputation as given by Mr. Barnett, (Deputy Island Chemist).

- 9 times as active as Bath, England.
- 50 times as active as Vichy, France.
- 3 times as active as Karlsbad, Austria.
- 54 times as active as Baden, Switzerland.

Hypothetical combinations	Parts per 100,000
Silica Si O2 .. ..	1.20
Calcium bicarbonate .. ..	13.36
Calcium sulphate .. ..	192.88
Magnesium sulphate .. ..	66.61
Magnesium chloride .. ..	219.74
Sodium chloride .. ..	1996.06
<b>Total .. ..</b>	<b>2489.85</b>

There is a Telephone Office at the Baths, for telegrams only. All the lodging houses are screened against mosquitoes. The institution is lit by electricity.

The river from the Bath to the sea is two miles; it abounds in fish and the scenery is very picturesque. Pleasure boats are available for the use of visitors. The charges are as follows.—

## SCHEDULE OF RATES, ETC.

North House	Single	11/- per day	£3 10/- per week
	Double	20/- "	£6 13/- "
Main Building and Ark	Single	20/- "	£6 "
	Double	36/- "	£11 5/- "
New Wing	Single	22/- "	(No Weekly Rate
	Double	20/- each	" " "

The Mineral Baths for other than Resident Guests 1/- for each adult and 6d. each for child under twelve years of age. For children under three years no charge.

The Row Boat can be hired for two shillings per hour (including one boat man) for one person, and 1/- per hour for each additional person.

\*By Mr. W. Leigh Barnett, M.A., B.Sc. etc., from samples supplied to him.

Visitors to the Bath can arrange for the Motor Bus of the Institution to meet them at May Pen Station at the following rates.—

6/- per seat Wednesdays and Saturdays. Special trip any day except Friday 25/-.

There is fine tarpon fishing. The buildings of the Bath have been renovated, and the main building has been thoroughly overhauled and modernised, and an annex has been added to same. The Buildings are now lighted by electricity supplied by the Jamaica Public Service Co., Ltd. The distance from May Pen Station to the Bath is 14 miles.

**BOARD OF MANAGEMENT**—The Custos of the parish (*Ex-officio Chairman*), the Director of Medical Services, the Director of Public Works, the Members for the parish in the House of Representatives. *Three Members nominated by the Parochial Board*—H. McMorris, R. E. Rickman D. T. Tewari; *Secretary*—A. T. Sherlock, May Pen P.O.; *Manageress*—Mrs. K. V. Evelyn, Milk River P.O.

### ROCKFORT BATH, KINGSTON

The bath is fed by a cold spring. The water is slightly saline and it possesses a Radio activity of about twice that of the waters of Bath in St. Thomas. The Chemical analysis is as follows:—

					Parts per 100,000
Calcium	..	..	..	..	19.80
Magnesium	..	..	..	..	13.20
Sodium	..	..	..	..	85.02
Bicarbonate	..	..	..	..	24.40
Sulphate	..	..	..	..	31.43
Chloride	..	..	..	..	168.00
Silica	..	..	..	..	4.40
Total	..	..	..	..	346.25

While no provision is made for the use of the bath by the public, the Prisons Department which operates the adjacent quarry endeavours to facilitate the public by detailing a warder as attendant at the following hours:—

Monday to Friday—6.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m., 4.00 p.m. to 6.30 p.m.

Saturday—6.00 a.m. to 8 a.m., 1 p.m. 6 p.m.

Sundays and Public Holidays—6.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m.

Owing to the limited accommodation parties not exceeding 8 persons are allowed to use the bath for a period not exceeding 30 minutes and a charge of 6d. per person is made, the proceeds going into the General Revenue of the Colony. The baths are under the control of the Director of Prisons.

### BATH OF ST. THOMAS THE APOSTLE

These waters are of special value in rheumatic and kindred ailments, and especially for the treatment of skin diseases. Tradition asserts that they were discovered by a negro who in his own person found their efficacy.

The legislature of the day granted £1,250 currency equal to £750 sterling, to purchase the springs and 1,130 acres of land surrounding them. Directors were appointed as early as 1703, and were empowered to make a road, erect buildings and provide necessaries for patients. In 1749 the Directors were empowered to dispose of part of the land and to form a town and the town of Bath thus sprung into existence it was for many years the resort of the *élite* of Jamaica Society. Dr. Dancer, the Island Botanist, was in charge of both bath and garden at the close of the 18th Century. They issue from rocks of an igneous character above the level of the Sulphur River in a gorge about one and a half miles from the town of Bath. The waters are conducted through covered channels into a storage tank, known as the 'Kettle' where it has a temperature of 122 degs. Fah. The water is drawn off through pipes as required for use in the bath where the temperature is reduced to a suitable degree by water which is obtained from a cold mineral spring.

The Chemical analysis taken by Mr. W. L. Barnett, B.Sc. Deputy Island Chemist in 1923, is as follows:—

				Parts per 100,000	Parts per 100,000
				Hot Tank	Cold Spring
Calcium	..	..	..	2.60	5.02
Magnesium	..	..	..	0.15	0.98
Sodium	..	..	..	14.80	10.45
Sulphate	..	..	..	11.10	3.41
Bicarbonate	..	..	..	1.68	10.98
Carbonate	..	..	..	0.60	Nil
Silica	..	..	..	3.70	4.90
Chloride	..	..	..	18.00	19.00
				52.63	54.74

Radio-activity in curies per litre

4.9 x 10-10

0.09 x 10-10

The premises comprises 14 bedrooms, 5 on the ground floor and 9 on the upper floor. Private baths and sanitary arrangements are attached to 6 bedrooms. There are 8 double bedrooms and 6 single bedrooms, which can accommodate 20 persons. A spacious and comfortable tiled flat roof is situated at the rear of the building for sun bathing and recreation. The building is installed throughout with electric lights and electric Bell-system. An adequate sewerage system is installed both on the lower and upper floors. There are 10 bathrooms to the general public and 3 bathrooms to resident guests.

## LIST OF RATES AND MEAL TIMES

Double Bedroom with private verandah and bathroom — 30/- per day each person or £10 per week each person.

Double Bedroom without Private Verandah and bathroom 20/- per day each person or £7 per week each person.

Single Bedroom with Private bathroom 25/- per day each person or £8 8s. 0d. per week each person.

Single Bedroom without Private bathroom 18/- per day each person or £6 4s. 0d. per week each person.

Children half price if under 7 years old.

Overnight rate 16/- each person in any bedroom including dinner, bed, breakfast.

Overnight rate without food 8/- each person in any bedroom.

Bedroom can be used by guests after bathing for resting purpose at 1/- per hour each person.

Chauffeurs 10/- per day each person.

Chauffeurs 5/- per night each person without food.

All Daily and Weekly Rates include 3 meals per day and Baths.

*Meals for Itinerants—*

Breakfast—4/— 8.00 a.m., Lunch 5/— 1.00 p.m., Tea—2/— Dinner—6/— 7.00 p.m.

*General Information—*

For each bath taken by a casual visitor, 1/- each person.

The Bath is 46 miles from Kingston, 15 miles from Morant Bay and 38 miles from Port Antonio.

There is a Motor Mail Service and several Passenger Bus Service, from Kingston to Port Antonio via the town of Bath. Conveyance is available from the town of Bath to the Mineral Baths.

The Mineral Bath is connected to the All-Island Telephone Service.

The Department of Agriculture is in charge of the Botanical Gardens, in the town of Bath.

Further information can be obtained from the Clerk or the Matron.

**DIRECTORS—**A. H. Philipps, Esq., *Chairman*; Hon. H. E. Pengeley, *Custos (Ex-Officio)*, J. A. McPherson, M.H.R., Western St. Thomas, (*Ex-Officio*), Hon. I. W. A. Barrant, Esq., M.H.R., Eastern St. Thomas (*Ex-Officio*), C. E. Randall (Jnr.), R. L. Hollinsed Esq., Miss H. I. R. Mordecai, Mrs. V. Wright.

**EXECUTIVE STAFF—**G. G. Gracey, *Clerk*; Mrs. E. N. Shaw (*Matron*), Miss E. V. Rousseau, *Asst. Matron*, Miss P. Hanson, *Asst. Clerk and Typist* — Address—Bath Fountain, Bath P.O.

## CHAPTER XIV

### COMMUNICATIONS AND TRANSPORTATION

#### CABLE AND WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS

Cable and Wireless (West Indies) Limited is a unit of Cable and Wireless Limited; Head Office, Electra House, Victoria Embankment, London W.C. 2, Office in Jamaica: Royal Mail Lines Buildings, 8 Port Royal Street, Kingston, Manager—A. G. Blackwell.

Cable and Wireless (West Indies) Limited serves the whole Caribbean including Cuba, British Guiana and Bermuda with Submarine Cables, Wireless Stations for telegraph and radio-telephone, providing a comprehensive system of communications with all parts of the World in conjunction with the modern high speed, World wide network operated by the parent Company, Cable and Wireless Limited.

Direct wireless circuits with Tropical Radio Telegraph Stations at Miami and Panama are also in operation for telegrams to U.S.A. and Central America.

Senders of Overseas telegrams have the choice of the following routes:—

All British Empire countries, Europe and beyond.	} via Imperial (Cable and Wireless Ltd.)
Puerto Rico, St. Thomas and St. Croix	
Other West Indian Islands	
South America	
U.S.A., Central America and Mexico	“ Havana (Western Union)
U.S.A., Central America, Colombia and Ecuador	“ Wireless (Tropical Radio-Tel. Co.)

For telegrams to British Empire Countries, Dominions, Colonies and Protectorates, when routed “via Imperial,” cheap flat rates, based on a Full Rate of 1/3, apply, with a few exceptions as shown below:—(complete Tariff Cards may be obtained on application at the Company's Office, 8 Port Royal Street).

	Full Rate	Code	Deferred	Letter	GLT
	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Antigua .. ..	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
Barbados .. ..	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
British Guiana .. ..	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
British Honduras .. ..	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
Cayman Islands .. ..	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
Dominica .. ..	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
Grenada .. ..	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
Montserrat .. ..	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
St. Lucia .. ..	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
St. Kitts .. ..	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
St. Vincent .. ..	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
Trinidad and Tobago .. ..	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
Turks Island .. ..	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
Great Britain and North Ireland	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
Bahamas .. ..	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
Bermuda .. ..	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
Canada and Newfoundland	1 0	0 7½	0 6	8 4	4 0
All other Empire points	1 3	0 10	0 7½	10 5	5 0

Telegrams to the above British Empire Countries routed by "Foreign via" will be charged at higher rates.

Rates to principal Foreign Countries are as follows:—

	Full Rate			Full Rate	
	s.	d.		s.	d.
United States of America	1	0	Haiti:—		
Alaska .. ..	1	6	Cap Haitien and Port au Prince	2	5
San Juan, Porto Rico ..	1	4	Other Places ..	2	7½
Other offices .. ..	1	5	Dominican Republic:—		
St. Croix .. ..	1	6	San Pedro de Macoris, Ciudad		
St. Thomas .. ..	1	6	Trujillo, La Vega and Puerto		
Cuba .. ..	1	2	Plata Santiago ..	2	5
Guam .. ..	1	6	La Romana ..	2	9
Hawaii Island .. ..	1	6	Other Places ..	2	6½
Midway Island .. ..	1	6	Europe and beyond:—		
Eire .. ..	1	0	Azores .. ..	2	10
			Belgium .. ..	2	8½
			Denmark .. ..	2	10
			France .. ..	2	8½
			Germany .. ..	2	9½
			Greece .. ..	3	2½
			Holland .. ..	1	6
			Italy .. ..	2	10½
			Japan .. ..	4	9
			Norway .. ..	2	9
			Portugal .. ..	3	0
			Spain .. ..	3	0
			Sweden .. ..	2	9½
			Switzerland ..	2	10½
			Syria .. ..	3	8

NOTE—LC or Deferred rate—half Full Rate. NLT or Night Letter—third Full Rate.

Cable and Wireless (West Indies) Ltd. operates extensive Wireless services from Kingston to ships at sea and to points such as British Honduras, Bahamas and Cayman Islands, where no cable facilities exist. The Transmitting Station is located at Stony Hill and the Receiving Station at Halfway Tree, both stations being linked by land cable together and to the Company's Office in Kingston. This arrangement permits simultaneous sending and receiving for different services, eliminating delays.

Radio Telephone facilities are also provided at the Company's Wireless Stations for the long distance telephone service operated by the Jamaica Telephone Company, Ltd., particulars of which may be had on application to the latter.

Radio Telephone facilities are also available by direct circuit with Barbados at a cost of 7/6 for three minutes and 2/6 per additional minute, and by switched calls at Barbados with most of the other B.W. Islands.

## OVERSEAS TELEGRAMS

### 1. ORDINARY TELEGRAMS

The text of an ordinary telegram may be written in PLAIN language or in SECRET (CODE or CYPHER) language.

#### A—Plain Language

(a) In telegrams written entirely in plain language, each word in the text is counted at the rate of 15 letters to the word. Commercial marks are counted at the rate of 5 characters to the word.

(b) Ordinary telegrams in plain language are chargeable at the full rate.

#### B—Cypher Language

(a) Groups of figures or of letters which do not fulfil the conditions of plain language or of code language are considered as cypher language. They are counted at the rate of 5 characters to the word.



(b) In telegrams containing both plain language and cypher language, the plain language words in the text are counted at the rate of 5 letters to the word.

(c) Telegrams in cypher language or in mixed plain and cypher language are chargeable at the full rate.

### C—Code Language

(a) In the text of code telegrams the words with a secret meaning must not contain more than 5 letters. There is no restriction as to the formation of the words, but accented letters must not be used, and the joining together of plain language words and then dividing into groups of 5 letters is not allowed.

(b) Figures and groups of figures are admitted in code telegrams on condition that their number does not exceed one half of the total number of chargeable words in the text and signature. They are counted at the rate of 5 figures to the word.

(c) In telegrams containing both code and passages in plain language, the plain language words in the text are counted at the rate of 5 letters to the word.

(d) The sender of a code telegram may be required by the office of origin to produce the code from which the text or part of the text of the telegram has been compiled.

(e) Code telegrams are chargeable at special "CDE" rates, subject to a minimum charge for 5 words. They bear in the preamble the free service instruction "CDE" which is inserted by the counter clerk and transmitted to destination.

(f) Telegrams with a text containing both words in code language and a number of groups of figures in excess of one-half of the total number of chargeable words in the text and signature are considered as telegrams in cypher language (section B (a)) and will be charged at the full rate.

(g) Bank and similar telegrams expressed in plain language and containing a check word or check number placed at the beginning of the text, are not considered as code telegrams. The length of the check word or number must not exceed 5 letters or 5 figures.

## 2. URGENT TELEGRAMS

Priority of transmission and of delivery may be obtained to places where the urgent service is available by writing before the address the paid service instruction "Urgent" or =D=, which is counted as one word, and by paying twice the full ordinary or CDE rate. This service is not available for messages to the U.S.A. and U.S. possessions.

## 3. DEFERRED TELEGRAMS

(a) Deferred telegrams are chargeable at one half the full rate and are subject to a minimum charge for 5 words.

(b) The text of a Deferred Telegram must be written entirely in plain language.

(c) The sender must insert before the address the instruction =LC= which is counted and charged for as one word.

(d) Numbers written in figures, commercial marks and abbreviated expressions must be limited to one-third of the chargeable words in the text and signature.

(e) Deferred Telegrams are only transmitted after Ordinary Telegrams.

## 4. LETTER TELEGRAMS

(a) These telegrams are subject generally to the same rules as Deferred Telegrams.

(b) Letter Telegrams (NL.T) are normally delivered on the morning following the day of filing.

(c) Letter Telegrams (DLT) are normally delivered on the morning of the second day after filing.

(d) The sender must insert before the address the instruction =NL.T= or =DLT= as the case may be, which is counted and charged for as one word.

(e) The supplementary services available are Prepaid Replies (RP), Poste Restante (PR), Telegraph Restant (TR), Multiple addresses (TMX), De Luxe forms (LX) and Re-direction (Reexpedie de...). These paid service indications are charged at the reduced rate.

## 5. RADIOTELEGRAMS

(a) Radiotelegrams are accepted for Ships at Sea in direct communication with Kingston Radio at a charge of 10jd. per word.

(b) If the Ship is not in direct touch with Kingston, messages may be relayed through other Ships at an extra charge of 4d. per word for each relay, and must bear before the address the paid service indication = RM = (retransmission).

(c) Vessels fitted with Short Wave apparatus may be reached direct up to 2,000 miles.

(d) Radiotelegrams exchanged with Ships at Sea through other Radiotelegraph Coast Stations are subject to the normal telegraph charges to the country in which the coast station is situated, increased by the respective Coast and Ship Charges for the radio transmission.

(e) Radiotelegrams are not admitted at Deferred or Letter Telegram rates.

#### 6. REPEATED (OR COLLATED) TELEGRAMS

Repetition of a telegram may be obtained on payment of an additional charge equal to one-half of the full ordinary or CDE rate and by inserting before the address the paid service instruction = TC =.

#### 7. PREPAID REPLIES

The sender of a telegram may prepay a reply from his correspondent by writing before the address the paid service instruction "Reply Paid" or = RP =, followed by the amount for the reply.

#### 8. DE LUXE TELEGRAMS. (Service temporarily suspended)

Senders of telegrams to certain countries indicated in the booklet can, if they wish, have their messages delivered on a special decorated form.

Delivery on a "de luxe" form in any of the countries specified is secured by writing the paid service indication = LX = in front of the address. The indication = LX = is chargeable as one word and in addition to the normal charges for the telegram, a supplementary fee of sixpence is payable. In multiple address telegrams, the indication must be written before each separate address and the supplementary fee collected in respect of each address.

#### 9. EMPIRE SOCIAL TELEGRAMS (GLT)

Social Telegrams are accepted for all destinations in the British Empire as indicated in the booklet, at a charge of one-third the full rate for a minimum of twelve words excluding the indicator "GLT". The indicator "GLT" must be written before the address and is counted as one word but is not charged for.

These telegrams must bear the full postal address of the addressee and be written entirely in plain language, consisting solely of greetings, family news or non-commercial personal affairs.

"GLT" Telegrams will be delivered in conformity with the rules for Letter Telegrams. Prepaid replies = RPX = are admitted.

#### RADIOTELEPHONE SERVICE

Radiotelephone communications can be obtained through the Jamaica Telephone Co., Ltd., to most parts of the World, United Kingdom, United States of America, Canada, Cuba, Mexico, West Indian Islands, British Guiana, France, Holland, Belgium and Switzerland, etc., etc. Rates can be had on application to the Telephone Co.

#### TELEPHONE SERVICES

The Telephone Services throughout the Island are operated by a public company, The Jamaica Telephone Co. Ltd., under licence. The Company has for long time held a licence for operations in Kingston and the sub-urban areas of Saint Andrew where a modern automatic service is provided, but in 1945 it purchased from the Jamaica Government the All-Island Telephone System which had been installed by the Government in 1939. This system affords communication between all but two of the parishes, serving one or more of the principal towns in each. This system comprises 46 public telephone stations, which are operated from ten exchanges.

## TELEPHONE RATES

THE KINGSTON AND SAINT ANDREW TELEPHONE LICENCE, 1925

## Schedule of New Rates

Rate per  
Month

	£	s.	d.
1. For each telephone in an office or place of business or other place not used exclusively as a private residence:—			
(a) Within the Flat Rate Area .. .. .	2	0	0
(b) Outside the Flat Rate Area .. .. .	2	0	0
plus, for each quarter of a mile or fraction thereof beyond the limits of the Flat Rate Area. .. .. .	0	2	5
The above rates include an unlimited number of local calls within the Flat Rate Area defined under the Kingston and St. Andrew Licence, 1925 .. .. .			
2. For each telephone in a private residence exclusively used as such:—			
(a) Within the Flat Rate Area .. .. .	1	0	0
(b) Outside the Flat Rate Area .. .. .	1	0	0
plus for each quarter of a mile or fraction thereof beyond the limits of the Flat Rate Area .. .. .	0	1	9
The above rates include an unlimited number of local calls within the Flat Rate Area defined under the Kingston and St. Andrew Licence, 1925 .. .. .			
3. For each internal extension telephone in an office or place of business or other place not used exclusively as a private residence .. .. .	0	9	0
4. For each internal extension telephone in a private residence exclusively used as such .. .. .	0	6	0
5. For each 3-way Switching Key in an office or place of business or other place not used exclusively as a private residence .. .. .	0	1	9
6. For each 3-way Switching Key in a private residence exclusively used as such .. .. .	0	1	3
7. For each Extension Bell in an office or place of business or other place not used exclusively as a private residence .. .. .	0	4	0
8. For each Extension Bell in a private residence exclusively used as such .. .. .	0	3	0
9. For each Plug and Socket Set (consisting of one Plug and two Sockets) in a private residence exclusively used as such .. .. .	0	3	0
10. For each additional Socket in a private residence exclusively used as such .. .. .	0	2	0
11. For a Private Branch Exchange in an Office, place of business, hotel, boarding house or elsewhere:—			
(a) For the Switchboard exclusive of connections with the Exchange or extension telephone instruments, a monthly charge depending upon the number of lines and extensions capable of being accommodated as follows:—			
Switchboard with capacity for up to 2 Exchange Lines and 4 Extensions .. .. .	1	10	0
Switchboard with capacity for up to 3 Exchange Lines and 9 Extensions .. .. .	2	0	0
Switchboard with capacity for up to 5 Exchange Lines and 20 Extensions .. .. .	3	0	0
Switchboard with capacity for up to 10 Exchange Lines and 50 Extensions .. .. .	4	0	0
Private Automatic Branch Exchange Type 349 .. .. .	4	0	0
(b) For each Exchange Line the rates will be in accordance with Para. 1 of this Schedule.			
(c) For each internal extension telephone connected to the Private Branch Exchange .. .. .	0	4	0
(d) For any installation, alteration or removal of a Private Branch Exchange, a charge equal to the cost of all labour and materials (excluding the cost of the Private Branch Exchange itself) employed plus 15 per cent. thereof.			

Schedule of New RatesRate per  
Month

- |   | £ | s. | d. |
|---|---|----|----|
| 12. For each telephone installation or removal of a telephone already installed (in addition to any charges payable by the subscriber under the proviso to Clause 23 of the Kingston and St. Andrew Telephone Licence 1925) a fixed charge of .. .. . | 1 | 10 | 0  |
| 13. For any private wire supplied under section 13 of the Telephone Law and Clause 25 of the Kingston and St. Andrew Telephone Licence 1925:—   |   |    |    |
| For each mile and proportionately for each quarter mile or fraction thereof   | 0 | 19 | 4  |
| 14. (a) For each local call at any Public Telephone Call Station for each 3 minutes or fraction thereof .. .. .   | 0 | 0  | 3  |
| (b) For each trunk call at any Public Telephone Call Station: Plus the appropriate charges under paragraph 16 of this Schedule .. .. .  | 0 | 0  | 3  |
| 15. For each re-connection of a disconnected telephone within the Flat Rate Area, a fixed charge of .. .. .   | 0 | 6  | 0  |
| Plus an additional charge outside the Flat Rate Area of .. .. .   | 0 | 3  | 0  |
| 16. (a) The basic Trunk rates for calls between offices with a local Exchange and continuous 24-hour service are as under:—   |   |    |    |
| Minimum charge for an ordinary call not exceeding 3 minutes:—   |   |    |    |

For distances up to (miles)	Charge between 8 a.m. and 6.15 p.m. week days	Charge between 6.15 p.m. and 8 a.m. on week-days and all hours on Sundays and Public Holidays
	Rate Per Call	Rate Per Call
10	4d.	4d.
15	7d.	4d.
20	10d.	6d.
25	1/1d.	7d.
35	1/5d.	8d.
50	1/9d.	1/1d.
75	2/1d.	1/1d.
100	2/5d.	1/5d.
125	2/10d.	1/5d.
over 125	3/6d.	1/9d.

*Mileage* is computed on route distances measured along the shortest existing trunk route between the points concerned.

**DURATION CALLS**—Excess periods over 3 minutes are charged in one minute units at one-third of the three minute charge. Where the charge includes a fraction of a penny it shall be reckoned as follows:—

- (i) Where the fraction is less than one-half of a penny it shall be discarded, and where the fraction is more than one-half of a penny it shall be regarded as a penny.
- (ii) Where the fraction is exactly one-half of a penny it shall be discarded if the number of pence is an even number or zero and shall be regarded as a penny when the number of pence is an uneven number.

- (b) The minimum charge for an ordinary call made between two offices either of which is not a local Exchange with continuous 24-hour service is the same as shown in Column 2 of (a) above, the reduced rate for calls between 6.15 p.m. and 8 a.m. on week-days and all hours on Sundays and Public Holidays as shown in Column 3 being inapplicable.  
For a call between 6.15 p.m. and 8 a.m. on week-days and all hours on Sundays and Public Holidays there is an additional charge of 9d. if made between two offices one of which is not a local Exchange with continuous 24-hour service, and an additional charge of 1/6d. if made between two offices neither of which is a Local Exchange with continuous 24-hour service.
- (c) "PERSON TO PERSON" CALL SERVICE—
- (i) Calls for a specified person can, if desired, be booked on payment of an additional charge of 1/- irrespective of time or distance plus any messenger and overtime charges incurred. Such a call will be connected only when the person required is ready to speak at the distant end. If such a call cannot be completed owing to the absence of the person called or inability to trace him, only the additional "personal" charge of 1/- will be payable plus any messenger or overtime fees incurred.
  - (ii) All calls incoming to a Call Box Station, and all calls incoming to a Local Switchboard office when the caller requires any person except the person whose premises is connected by telephone to the Local Switchboard, are reckoned as "Person to Person" calls and chargeable accordingly.
- (d) URGENT OR PRIORITY CALLS—The charge for an urgent or priority call is half as much again as the rate for an ordinary call.  
The Licensees reserve the right to restrict the duration of any call if the traffic conditions render such a course desirable.

17. PARTY LINE SERVICE—On request of two or more intending subscribers located on the same route as regards the Central Exchange a Party service may with the consent of the Licensees be arranged (securing secrecy in ringing).

For a party line service the following reduced rates will be charged to each subscriber:—

	Rate per Month		
	£	s.	d.
For a Party Line of 2 on business premises .. .. .	1	12	0
For a Party Line of 2 on private premises .. .. .	0	16	0
For a Party Line of 3 on business premises .. .. .	1	9	0
For a Party Line of 3 on private premises .. .. .	0	14	6
For a Party Line of 4 on business premises .. .. .	1	7	0
For a Party Line of 4 on private premises .. .. .	0	13	6

18. (a) For the local service within the Stony Hill Area and the extended Stony Hill area the rates will be:—  
For each telephone in an office or place of business or other place not used exclusively as a private residence .. .. . 1 4 0  
For each telephone in a private residence exclusively used as such .. .. . 0 12 6
- (b) For the toll service between the Stony Hill Area and the Extended Stony Hill Area and the remainder of the Area included in the Kingston and St. Andrew Telephone Licence, 1925, and *vice versa*  
For each call not exceeding 3 minutes in duration .. .. . 0 0 4  
For each minute or fractional part thereof in excess of the first three minutes .. .. . 0 0 1
- (c) The toll fees shall in every case be chargeable to and paid by the subscriber from whose instrument the call originates.
- (d) Subject to the three preceeding paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) above, the other provisions of this Schedule except paragraph 17 shall apply to the Stony Hill Area and the extended Stony Hill Area.

19. Rates for any modifications or services not specified in this Schedule will be by arrangement, and

- (i) in the event of any such arrangement a summary of the services offered and the rates charged therefor shall, as soon as practicable, be forwarded to the Financial Secretary and Treasurer; and
- (ii) No such arrangement for a period in excess of six months shall be entered into without the prior approval of the Governor in Executive Council.

## THE JAMAICA ISLAND TELEPHONE LICENCE, 1945

## Schedule of New Rates

	Rate per month
1. For each telephone in an office or place of business or other place not used exclusively as a private residence:—	£ s. d.
(a) Within the Minimum Rate Area .. .. .	1 4 0
(b) Outside the Minimum Rate Area .. .. .	1 4 0
plus, for each quarter of a mile or fraction thereof beyond the limits of the Minimum Rate Area .. .. .	0 2 5
The above rates include for an unlimited number of calls within the Minimum Area associated with the Exchange to which the subscriber is connected.	
2. For each telephone in a private residence exclusively used as such:—	
(a) Within a Minimum Rate Area .. .. .	0 12 6
(b) Outside a Minimum Rate Area .. .. .	0 12 6
plus for each quarter of a mile or fraction thereof beyond the limits of the Minimum Rate Area .. .. .	0 2 0
The above rates include for an unlimited number of calls within the Minimum Rate Area associated with the Exchange to which the subscriber is connected	
3. For each internal extension telephone in an office or place of business or other place not used exclusively as a private residence ..	0 9 0
4. For each internal extension telephone in a private residence exclusively used as such .. .. .	0 6 0
5. For each 3-way Switching Key in an office or place of business or other place not used exclusively as a private residence ..	0 1 9
6. For each 3-way Switching Key in a private residence exclusively used as such .. .. .	0 1 3
7. For each Extension Bell in an office or place of business or other place not used exclusively as a private residence ..	0 4 0
8. For each Extension Bell in a private residence exclusively used as such .. .. .	0 3 0
9. For each Plug and Socket Set (consisting of one Plug and two Sockets) in a private residence exclusively used as such ..	0 3 0
10. For each additional Socket in a private residence exclusively used as such .. .. .	0 2 0
11. For a Private Branch Exchange in an Office, place of business, hotel, boarding house or elsewhere:—	
(a) For the Switchboard exclusive of connections with the Exchange or extension telephone instruments, a monthly charge depending upon the number of lines and extensions capable of being accommodated as follows:—	
Switchboard with capacity for up to 2 Exchange Lines and 4 Extensions .. .. .	1 10 0
Switchboard with capacity for up to 3 Exchange Lines and 9 Extensions .. .. .	2 0 0
Switchboard with capacity for up to 5 Exchange Lines and 20 Extensions .. .. .	3 0 0
Switchboard with capacity for up to 10 Exchange Lines and 50 Extensions .. .. .	4 0 0
Private Automatic Branch Exchange Type 349 .. .. .	4 0 0
(b) For each Exchange Line the rates will be in accordance with Para. 1 of this Schedule.	

## Schedule of New Rates

		Rate per month		
		£	s.	d.
(c)	For each internal extension telephone connected to the Private Branch Exchange	0	4	0
(d)	For any installation, alteration or removal of a Private Branch Exchange, a charge equal to the cost of all labour and materials (excluding the cost of the Private Branch Exchange itself) employed plus 15 per cent. thereof.			
12.	For each telephone installation or removal of a telephone already installed (in addition to any charges payable by the subscriber under the proviso to Clause 22 of the Jamaica Island Telephone Licence 1945) a fixed charge of	1	10	
13.	For any private wire supplied under section 13 of the Telephone Law and Clause 24 of the Jamaica Island Telephone Licence 1945:—			
	For each mile and proportionately for each quarter mile or fraction thereof	0	19	4
14.	(a) For each local call at any Public Telephone Call Station: for each 3 minutes or fraction thereof	0	0	3
	(b) For each trunk call at any Public Telephone Call Station: Plus the appropriate charges under paragraph 16 of this Schedule	0	0	3
15.	For each re-connection of a disconnected telephone within the Minimum Rate Area, a fixed charge of	0	6	0
	Plus an additional charge outside the Minimum Rate Area to be arranged	0	3	0
16.	(a) The basic Trunk rates for calls between offices with a local Exchange and continuous 24-hour service are as under:— Minimum charge for an ordinary call not exceeding 3 minutes:—			

For distances up to (miles)	Charge between 8 a.m. and 6.15 p.m. on week days	Charge between 6.15 p.m. and 8 a.m. on week-days and all hours on Sundays and Public Holidays
	Rate per Call	Rate per Call
10	4d.	4d.
15	7d.	4d.
20	10d.	6d.
25	1/1d.	7d.
35	1/5d.	8d.
50	1/9d.	1/1d.
75	2/1d.	1/1d.
100	2/5d.	1/5d.
125	2/10d.	1/5d.
over 125	3/6d.	1/9d.

*Mileage* is computed on route distances measured along the shortest existing trunk route between the points concerned.

**DURATION CALLS**—Excess periods over 3 minutes are charged in one minute units at one-third of the three minute charge. Where the charge includes a fraction of a penny it shall be reckoned as follows:—

- (i) Where the fraction is less than one-half of a penny it shall be discarded, and where the fraction is more than one-half of a penny it shall be regarded as a penny.
- (ii) Where the fraction is exactly one-half of a penny it shall be discarded if the number of pence is an even number or zero and shall be regarded as a penny when the number of pence is an uneven number.

- (b) The minimum charge for an ordinary call made between two offices either of which is not a local Exchange with continuous 24-hour service is the same as shown in Column 2 of (a) above, the reduced rate for calls between 6.15 p.m. and 8 a.m. on week-days and all hours on Sundays and Public Holidays as shown in Column 3 being inapplicable.

For a call between 6.15 p.m. and 8 a.m. on week-days and all hours on Sundays and Public Holidays there is an additional charge of 9d. if made between two offices one of which is not a local Exchange with continuous 24-hour service, and an additional charge of 1/6d. if made between two offices neither of which is a Local Exchange with continuous 24-hour service.

- (c) "PERSON TO PERSON" CALL SERVICE—

(i) Calls for a specified person can, if desired, be booked on payment of an additional charge of 1/- irrespective of time or distance plus any messenger and overtime charges incurred. Such a call will be connected only when the person required is ready to speak at the distant end. If such a call cannot be completed owing to the absence of the person called or inability to trace him, only the additional "personal" charge of 1/- will be payable plus any messenger or overtime fees incurred.

(ii) All calls incoming to a Call Box Station, and all calls incoming to a Local Switchboard office when the caller requires any person except the person whose premises is connected by telephone to the Local Switchboard, are reckoned as "Person to Person" calls and chargeable accordingly.

- (d) URGENT OR PRIORITY CALLS—The charge for an urgent or priority call is half as much again as the rate for an ordinary call.

The Licensees reserve the right to restrict the duration of any call if the traffic conditions render such a course desirable.

Minimum charge for an ordinary call not exceeding 3 minutes:—

17. Rates for any modifications or services not specified in this Schedule will be by arrangement, and:—

- (i) in the event of any such arrangement a summary of the services offered and the rates charged therefor shall, as soon as practicable, be forwarded to the Financial Secretary and Treasurer; and
- (ii) No such arrangement for a period in excess of six months shall be entered into without the prior approval of the Governor in Executive Council.

## POSTAL COMMUNICATION

There are 310 Post Offices and 71 Postal Agencies in the Island. Of these 61 are Telegraph, and 182 are Telephone Offices. All Telegraph and Telephone Offices are in communication with each other, and also with the Railway Telegraph system, which comprises 45 Telegraph Offices.

### RATES OF POSTAGE

The following are the rates of postage, local and oversea.

**LOCAL—Letters**—Not exceeding 2 ozs.—penny-half-penny (1½d.). For every additional 2 ozs. or fraction of 2 ozs.—half-penny (½d.)

**Post Cards**—Single—one penny (1d.) Reply paid—two pence (2d.)

**Printed and commercial papers**—½d. for each 2 ozs.

**(Local and British) newspapers and local magazines**—½d. for each copy irrespective of weight.

A local packet of "Printed" or "Commercial" Papers may not exceed 3 pounds in weight, nor 2 feet in length, nor 1 foot in width or depth, unless it be intended for transmission as a parcel.



*Samples*—Not exceeding 4 ozs.—one penny (1d.) Not exceeding 6 ozs.—penny-half-penny (1½d.) Not exceeding 8 ozs. (maximum)—two pence (2d.)

*Parcel-Post Parcels*—Not exceeding 1 lb.—three pence (3d.) For each additional lb. two pence (2d.)

*Parcel-Post Parcels* embrace all mailable matter, merchandise, etc., not classified above as letters or postcards, *when sent in unsealed packages exceeding 8 ozs. in weight.*

Limit of weight—11 lbs. and of size 1,000 cubic inches or 3 feet in length and 1 foot in width or depth.

*Registration fee*—3d. (See *Registration*, (Inland)).

*Advice of Delivery fee*—2d.

*OVERSEA—Letters*—2d. for the first oz. and 1d. for each additional oz. for the British Empire; and 3d. for the first oz. and 2d. for each additional oz. for all other countries in the Postal Union.

*His Majesty's Forces abroad and on land*, the rate for letters is the ordinary rate for the country of destination.

*His Majesty's Ships outside home waters*, the rate for letters 2d. for the first oz. and 1d. for each additional oz. Letters should be addressed:—H.M.S. (name of ship), c/o. G.P.O., London, E.C. I.; if addressed direct to a foreign port, instead of c/o. G.P.O. London, the rate will be the ordinary rate for the country of destination.

*Post Cards*—Imperial Single, 1d. each; Foreign, Single, 2d. each; Imperial Reply paid 2d. each. Foreign Reply paid 4d. each.

*Printed Papers*—½d. per 2 ozs.

*Commercial Papers*—3d. for first 10 ozs. and ½d. per 2 ozs. thereafter.

*Samples*—1d. for first 4 ozs. and ½d. per 2 ozs. thereafter.

*"Small Packets"*—5d. for first 10 ozs. and 1d. per 2 ozs. thereafter.

*Registration Fee*—3d. for all articles.

*Advice of Delivery Fee*—3d.

*For registered articles, applied for at time of mailing*, 3d. *Enquiry or and advice of delivery of registered articles, applied for after posting*, 4d.

*Insurance Fee* (Letters only)—5d. for every £12 of value in addition to the postage and registration fee.

#### *Limits of Weight*

Letters, 4 lbs. 6 ozs. to all destinations. Small Packets, 2 lbs. Other Articles, International, 1 lb. 2 ozs. for samples; 4 lbs. 6 ozs. for printed and commercial papers. Imperial, 5 lbs. for both classes.

Exceptionally, a printed volume for any destination abroad may weigh as much as 6½ lbs.

Parcel-Post Parcels; 11 lbs. or 22 lbs. as noted in columns 10 and 11 of Post Office Guide, p.p. 60-70. Exceptionally, the limit for *Canada* and *India* is 20 lbs.

#### *Limits of Size*

Letters, Printed Papers and Commercial Papers; To Foreign Countries in the Postal Union—3 feet in length, breadth and depth combined, but greatest dimension may not exceed 2 feet.

To British Empire: 2 feet in length by 18 inches in width or depth. To all destinations if in roll form; 3 feet 3 inches in length and twice diameter, but greatest dimension may not exceed 2 feet 8 inches.

Post Cards; 5½ by 4½ ins. (15 by 10.5 centimetres). Small Packets; Same as letters but no exception for British Empire. Samples; To Foreign Countries—Same as letters. To British Empire; 2 feet in length by 1 foot width or depth. Parcel Post Parcels: Parcels may not exceed 3½ feet for length, breadth or depth, and 6 feet for length and girth combined.

## GIFT PARCELS TO THE U.K.

The rates of postage to be paid in respect of gift parcels for transmission by post to the United Kingdom are as follows:—

- 1/5 on parcels not exceeding 3 lbs. in weight.
- 2/7 on parcels exceeding 3 lbs. but not exceeding 7 lbs. in weight.
- 3/8 on parcels exceeding 7 lbs. but not exceeding 11 lbs. in weight.
- 6/- on parcels exceeding 11 lbs. but not exceeding 22 lbs. in weight.

2. "Gift parcel" means a package addressed to an individual in the United Kingdom which—

- (a) contains only discarded apparel (*i.e.*, well worn clothing which the examining Postal Officer is satisfied has been genuinely discarded), medical supplies, or the following items of locally produced foodstuffs, or any of them:—

- Preserved Jellies
- Biscuits
- Sugar Confectionery
- Canned Tomato Soups and Juices
- Canned Pineapple and Citrus Juices
- Coffee
- Sugar
- Cashew Nuts
- Crystallised Fruit

- (b) is a *bona fide* unsolicited gift, not being exported as merchandise or intended for sale,
- (c) is clearly marked as a gift and
- (d) does not weigh more than 22 lbs. gross.

3. It is the utmost importance that all gift parcels addressed to the United Kingdom, accepted at the reduced rates mentioned and containing the permissible articles, should have a yellow label (741A Customs declaration) affixed when mailed in order that they may be properly identified.

"*Blind Literature*"—Packets containing papers impressed for the use of the blind sent to any place abroad are accepted up to a maximum weight of 6 lbs. 9 ozs. The prepaid rate of postage on such packets is:—

Up to 2 lbs.— $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; up to 5 lbs.—1d.; up to 8 lbs.— $1\frac{1}{2}$ d.; up to 11 lbs.—2d.; up to 14 lbs.—2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

In all other respects the regulations as regards printed papers apply.

## REGISTRATION (Inland.)\*

Any letter or other mail matter may be registered on pre-payment of the registration fee and postage. Packets containing money or jewellery, *must be registered* and must be prepaid at the *letter rate of postage*. Any packet found to contain money or jewellery† but not registered, will be liable to a surcharge equal to double the registration fee.

## I.—FEES

The fees payable over and above the postage, and the respective limits of compensation, are as follows:—

Fee	3d., 4d., 5d. 6d., 7d., 8d., 9d., 10d., 11d., 1/-, 1/1.
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Limit of compensation	£2, £10, £20, £30, £40, £50, £60, £70, £80, £90, £100.
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These fees *include* the ordinary registration fee 3d. The highest amount of compensation obtainable for any one packet is £400.

\*Conditions governing registration of *inland* correspondence differ from those governing *overseas* correspondence.

†For definition of *money* and *Jewellery* see P.O. Guide.

## OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE

## A.

List of officials and other persons who are authorized to receive correspondence through the inland post free of charge:

Bacteriologist	Asst. Director of Medical Services (Health)
Chief Commissioner under the Contagious Diseases of Animals (Inland) Law	Government Savings Bank, Manager.
Chief Inspector under the Agricultural Produce Law	(Postage fee including registration fee)
Collector General	Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors of Schools
Collector of Customs	Medical Officers
Collectors of Taxes and Assistants (postage free including registration fee)	Medical Officers (Health)
Commissioner of Income Tax and Stamp Duties	Meteorologist
Deputy Stamp Commissioner	Senior Medical Officers, Kingston
Director of Agriculture	Public Hospital and Mental Hospital,
Director of Education	Jubilee Maternity Hospital
Director of Medical Services	T. B. Sanatorium
	Tuberculosis Officer
	Senior Veterinary Officer and Veterinary Officer
	Treasurer
	Valuation Commission

A standard franking stamp consisting of the words "Official Free" with the Imperial Crown in the centre has been authorized for use by all persons authorized to send mail through the inland post free of charge.

Registered letters, posted by the general public and not franked with the standard franking stamp, addressed to the officials named above must be prepaid with the registration fee of 3d. except in the case of registered letters addressed to the Manager of the Government Savings Bank and to Collectors and Assistant Collectors of Taxes which are wholly postage free.

*Letters addressed to places abroad cannot be franked but should be prepaid.*

*Rules regarding Franking of Official Correspondence.*

1. The envelope or cover of the official letter or other packet may be "franked" under authority of His Excellency the Governor by the impression of an approved official frank stamp. The envelope or cover must be superscribed with the words "On His Majesty's Service."
2. The envelope or cover must be addressed to the Head of the Department or to a public officer or functionary who is entitled by the authority of His Excellency the Governor to receive official correspondence free of charge for postage.
3. No public officer will be permitted to make use of any stamp for franking letters or to frank letters without the authority of the Governor.
4. Heads of Departments and all postmasters must exercise vigilance to prevent any abuse of the franking privilege, and any evasion or attempt to abuse the privilege and any departure from the rules, must be reported, with full particulars, to the Colonial Secretary or to the Postmaster General.
5. The franking of envelopes, etc., either by means of the franking stamp or by signature, is strictly forbidden, unless the envelopes contain at the time of franking the official correspondence or matter to be transmitted through the post, subject to the following exception, namely:—

That any written or printed matter properly issued in a franked envelope or covering or circulation among members of a Board or any body of individuals, and for ultimate return to the office of issue, may be passed from one member of such Board or body to another in an envelope or covering provided for the purpose and duly franked in advance by a duly authorised officer.

## POSTAGE STAMPS, POST CARDS, ENVELOPES, WRAPPERS, ETC.

Postage Stamps of the following denominations are sold:—

½d., 1d., 1½d., 2d., 3d., 4d., 6d., 9d., 1s., 2s., 5s., 10s.

Books containing eighteen 1d. stamps and twelve ½d. stamps are issued, price 2s.

Inland post cards are sold at 1d. each, Reply-paid at 2d.; International Post Cards at 2d. Reply-paid 4d.

Registered letter envelopes (linen-lined) bearing a 4½d. stamp embossed on the flap for the payment of registration fee 3d. and postage 1½d. are of two sizes and are sold at 5d. and 5½d. each.

Judicial Stamps of the values 3d., 6d., 1s., 2s., 5s., 8s. 6d., 10s. and £1 are sold at all Post Offices where there is a demand for them.

Impressed Stamps, title deeds and black slips are on sale at all Post Offices.

The following is a description together with the dates of issue, of all postage stamps in circulation.

Denomination	Description	Colour	Date of issue
½d.	Head of King George VI	green .. ..	Oct. 10, 1938
1d.	Ditto	carmine .. ..	Do.
1½d.	Ditto	chocolate .. ..	Do.
2d.	Columbus Cove and head of Sovereign	grey and green	Dec. 10, 1938
3d.	Banana Plantation	blue and green	Do.
4d.	Citrus Grove	brown and green	Do.
6d.	Priestman's River and head of Sovereign	grey, purple and black	Do.
9d.	Kingston Harbour (aerial view)	lake .. ..	Do.
1s.	Sugar Industry	green and brown ..	Do.
2s.	Bamboo Walk	blue and brown	Do.
5s.	Symbolic design ("Wood and Water") and head of Sovereign	blue and orange	Do.
10s.	Head of King George VI.	green .. ..	Do.

All stamps are printed on paper water-marked C.A. in script. Cost of a full set £1 0s. 3d.

All postage stamps of the colony are printed on the Multiple Crown Script (C.A.) water-mark paper.

## MONEY ORDERS

Money Orders are issued at the Head Office, Kingston, and at the Post Offices of the capital of each parish. Applications for money orders addressed to the Postmaster General or to a Postmaster are free of postage. (The registration fee of 3d. must, however, be prepaid).

The commission on money orders drawn on \*Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States, Canal Zone, Canada, and any other country except those named in the following sentence is sixpence for the first £ and threepence for each additional £ or fractional part. The commission on Money Orders drawn on \*Trinidad, \*Barbados, \*British Guiana, \*Windward and Leeward Islands, \*Turks Island, \*Cayman Islands, \*Bermuda, \*Bahamas, and \*British Honduras, is sixpence for first £2 and twopence for each additional £ or fractional part.

## TELEGRAPH MONEY ORDERS

The system of Telegraph Money Orders is in operation between the United Kingdom and Jamaica. The remitter of a Telegraph Money Order is required to pay, in addition to the M.O. commission, the cost of the Telegram of Advice at the ordinary rate (1/3) or at the "deferred" rate (7½d.) per word. Every word in the telegram has to be paid

for; in the case of a "deferred" telegram, the instruction "L.C.O." is charged as one word, and the word "Postmaster" has also to be sent in every case and must be paid for. Further details may be had from the Chief M.O. Office, Kingston.

A through Money Order Exchange exists between Jamaica and certain British colonies and foreign countries via Great Britain. Such through money orders are subject on payment to a deduction of two pence for each £1 with a minimum charge of four pence. *The full name and address of the payee of a through money order must be given to enable the Chief Money Order Office, London, to forward to the payee a money order for the net amount payable, the money order issued to the remitter being only of value as a receipt for the amount paid and should be retained by the remitter.*

*The following is a partial List of countries to which money orders may be sent through London*

\*Ascension, Australia (Commonwealth of), \*Ceylon, Costa Rica, \*Cyprus, Cuba, \*Egypt, \*Fiji, \*Gibraltar, Gold Coast, Honduras (Republic of), \*Irish Free State, \*India and Aden, \*Iraq, Japan, \*Kenya, \*Malta, \*New Zealand, \*Nigeria, \*Nyasaland Protectorate, \*Palestine, Portugal, \*Rhodesia (Northern and Southern), \*Sierra Leone, \*South Africa (Union of), Spain, \*Sudan, Sweden, Switzerland, \*Tanganyika Territory, \*Togoland (British), \*Uganda, Zanzibar.

#### POSTAL ORDERS

*Amounts of poundage*—Postal Orders are sold and cashed at all Post Offices in Jamaica, and in the countries marked with an asterisk above. These orders are printed on a paper bearing an "all-over" watermark consisting of the Royal Cypher—a crown and the letters G. VI R., and they measure slightly less than 7 in. in length.

The poundages charged on postal orders are as follows:—

6d.	..	..	..	..	1d.
1/-	..	..	..	..	1½d.
1/6, 2/-, 2/6, 3/-, 3/6, 4/-, 4/6, 5/-	..	..	..	..	2d.
7/6, 8/-, 10/-	..	..	..	..	3d.
20/-	..	..	..	..	4½d.

*Postage Stamps Affixed to Postal Orders*—The sender of a postal order, whether made payable in the United Kingdom or elsewhere (excepting Canada and Australia), may increase its value by affixing postage stamps not exceeding two in number to the face of the order, by an amount not exceeding (a) 5d. in total value on an order of denominations up to and including 4/6 (b) 11d. in total value on an order of denomination above 4/6. No credit will be given for stamps which are in excess of three or which are affixed elsewhere than in the spaces provided. Odd half pence will not be paid. Stamps perforated with initials or marks, or embossed or impressed stamps cut out of envelopes, post cards, &c., cannot be accepted for this purpose.

#### REPLY COUPONS

International Reply Coupons are sold at the Money Order Office, Kingston, at 6d. each, and Imperial Reply Coupons at 3d. each. The former represent the postage on a single-rate letter mailed in any country of the Postal Union, and the latter the postage on a signal rate letter mailed in any country of the British Empire. Coupons are cashed at the rate of 3d. for a 50 centime, and 2d. for an Imperial coupon.

\*British Postal Orders are also issued and paid in these countries, see P.O. Guide p. 100.

## LIST OF POST OFFICES

List of Post Offices and Postal Agencies, latest time of posting at the General Post Office, Kingston for UNREGISTERED letters, and routing of inland mails:

The latest time of posting for REGISTERED letters for offices for which the ordinary mail closes at 8.00 a.m., is 4 p.m. and for PARCELS is 3 p.m. ON THE PREVIOUS DAY.

The latest time of posting for REGISTERED LETTERS AND PARCELS for offices for which the ordinary mail closes at 12.30 p.m., 1.00 p.m. and 3 p.m. is 12.15 p.m.\* 12.15 p.m. and 2.45 p.m., respectively.

## EXPLANATION OF MARKS OF REFERENCE

*T.*—Telegraph Offices. *Tel.*—Telephone Offices. *Ry. T.*—Railway Telegraph Offices. *P.A.*—Postal Agencies. All Offices transact parcel post business, but parcels addressed to those offices marked "*L*", which are served by foot-couriers, are occasionally subject to delay.

*Offices printed in SMALL CAPITALS are branches of the Government Savings Bank.*

Office	Parish	Latest time of posting	Routing (via)
Aberdeen, <i>Tel. L.</i>	.. St. Eliz.	8.00 a.m.	Siloah
ABOVE ROCKS, <i>Tel. L.</i>	.. St. Cath.	10.00 a.m.	Stony Hill
ADELPHI, <i>Tel. L.</i>	.. St. James	12.30 p.m.	Montego Bay and Ewarton
Aenon Town	.. Clarendon	8.00 a.m. 12.30 p.m.	Shooters Hill Brown's Town and Ewarton
Airy Castle	.. St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	
ALBANY, <i>Ry. T.</i>	.. St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	
ALBERT TOWN, <i>Tel.</i>	.. Trelawny	8.00 a.m.	Balacava
Alderton, <i>L.</i>	.. St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Claremont
ALEXANDRIA, <i>T.</i>	.. Do.	8.00 a.m. 12.30 p.m.	Shooters Hill Brown's Town and Ewarton
ALLEY, <i>L. T.</i>	.. Clarendon	8.00 a.m.	May Pen
Alligator Pond, <i>Tel. L.</i>	.. Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Cross Keys
Allman Town, <i>Tel.</i>	.. Kingston	11.15 a.m. 4.00 p.m.	
ALSTON, <i>Tel.</i>	.. Clarendon	8.00 a.m. 12.30 p.m.	Shooters Hill Brown's Town and Ewarton
ANCHOVY, <i>Tel.</i>	.. St. James	8.00 a.m. 12.30 p.m.	Montego Bay and Ewarton
ANNOTTO BAY, <i>T. (a)</i>	.. St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	
Ashley, <i>P.A.</i>	.. Clarendon		Four Paths
ASKENISH, <i>Tel. L.</i>	.. Hanover	8.00 a.m.	Lucea
AUCHTEMBEDDIE, <i>Tel.</i>	.. Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Balacava
BALACLAVA, <i>T.</i>	.. St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m. 12.30 p.m.	Montego Bay and Ewarton
Balcates, <i>Tel. L.</i>	.. Portland	12.30 p.m.	Buff Bay
BAMBOO, <i>Tel. L.</i>	.. St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Brown's Town and Ewarton
Banana Ground, <i>L.</i>	.. Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Williamsfield
Bangor Ridge, <i>L.</i>	.. Portland	12.30 p.m.	Buff Bay
Bartons, <i>L.</i>	.. St. Cath.	8.00 a.m.	Old Harbour
BATH, <i>Tel.</i>	.. St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	
Beckford Kraal, <i>Tel. L.</i>	.. Clarendon	3.00 p.m.	Chapelton
Beeston Spring, <i>L.</i>	.. W'moreland	8.00 a.m.	Newmarket

\*On Fridays (only) at 11.30 a.m.

Office	Parish	Latest time of posting	Routing (via)
BELFIELD, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Mary ..	12.30 p.m.	Highgate
BELLAS GATE, <i>L.</i> ..	St. Cath. ..	8.00 a.m.	Old Harbour
Benbow, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	St. Cath. ..	12.30 p.m.	Guy's Hill
Benson-ton, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Ann ..	12.30 p.m.	Claremont
BERMADDDY <i>P.A.L.</i> ..	St. Mary ..	12.30 p.m.	Linstead
BETHEL TOWN, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	W'moreland ..	8.00 a.m.	Montpelier
Big Woods, ..	W'moreland ..	8.00 a.m.	Darliston
Birds Hill, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	Clarendon ..	8.00 a.m.	May Pen
BLACK RIVER, <i>T.</i> ..	St. Elizabeth ..	8.00 a.m.	Maggotty
BLACKSTONEDGE <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Ann ..	12.30 p.m.	Linstead
Blairs Hill, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	Hanover ..	8.00 a.m.	Green Island
BLUEFIELDS, <i>Tel.</i> ..	W'moreland ..	8.00 a.m.	Sav-la-Mar
Bog WALK, <i>T.</i> ..	St. Cath. ..	12.30 p.m.	
Bombay, <i>P.A. L.</i> ..	Manchester ..	8.00 a.m.	Williamsfield
BONNY GATE, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Mary ..	12.30 p.m.	Port Maria
Border, <i>L.</i> ..	St. Andrew ..	10.00 a.m.	Lawrence Taverna
BOROUGHBRIDGE, <i>T.</i> ..	St. Ann ..	8.00 a.m.	Shooter's Hill
		12.30 p.m.	Brown's Town and Ewarton
Boscobel, <i>T.</i> ..	St. Mary ..	12.30 p.m.	Richmond
Bowden, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Thomas ..	1.00 p.m.	Port Morant
Braes River, <i>Tel.</i> ..	St. Elizabeth ..	8.00 p.m.	Balaclava
Braeton, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	St. Cath. ..	8.00 a.m.	Gregory Park
Brainerd, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Mary ..	12.30 p.m.	Troja
Brandon Hill, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	St. Andrew ..	10.30 a.m.	Castleton
Brighton, <i>L. Tel.</i> ..	St. Elizabeth ..	8.00 a.m.	Newmarket
Broadleaf, <i>P.A.</i> ..	Manchester ..		Porus
BROWN'S HALL, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Cath. ..	8.00 a.m.	Old Harbour
BROWN'S TOWN, <i>T.</i> ..	St. Ann ..	8.00 a.m.	Shooter's Hill
		12.30 p.m.	Ewarton
BUFF BAY, <i>T.</i> ..	Portland ..	12.30 p.m.	
Bull Bay, <i>Tel.</i> ..	St. Andrew ..	1.00 p.m.	
Bunker's Hill, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Trelawny ..	12.30 p.m.	Falmouth
Burnt Savannah, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	W'moreland ..	8.00 a.m.	Lacovia
Bushy Park, <i>Ry. T.</i> ..	St. Cath. ..	8.00 a.m.	
		3.00 p.m.	
Calderwood, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Ann ..	12.30 p.m.	Alexandria
Camberwell, <i>L.</i> ..	St. Mary ..	12.30 p.m.	Annotto Bay
CAMBRIDGE, <i>Tel.</i> ..	St. James ..	8.00 a.m.	Montego Bay and Ewarton
		12.30 p.m.	
Carmel, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	W'moreland ..	8.00 a.m.	Newmarket
Carisbrook <i>P.A.</i> ..	St. Elizabeth ..		Maggotty
CARRON HALL, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Mary ..	12.30 p.m.	Guys Hill and Linstead
			Lucea
CASCADE, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Hanover ..	8.00 a.m.	Stony Hill
CASTLETON, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Mary ..	10.00 a.m.	Montego Bay and Ewarton
CATADUPA, <i>Ry. T.</i> ..	St. James ..	8.00 a.m.	Stony Hill
		12.30 p.m.	Sav.-la-Mar
Cavaliers, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	St. Andrew ..	10.00 a.m.	Shooters Hill
Cave, <i>L.</i> ..	W'moreland ..	8.00 a.m.	Brown's Town and Ewarton
CAVE VALLEY, <i>Tel.</i> ..	St. Ann ..	8.00 a.m.	Trinity Ville
		12.30 p.m.	Green Island
CEDAR VALLEY, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Thomas ..	1.00 p.m.	St. Ann' Bay
Cessnock, <i>L.</i> ..	Hanover ..	8.00 a.m.	
Chalky Hill, <i>L.</i> ..	St. Ann ..	12.30 p.m.	
CHAPELTON, <i>T.</i> ..	Clarendon ..	3.00 p.m.	
Chatham, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	St. James ..	12.30 p.m.	Adelphi
Chester Castle, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Hanover ..	8.00 a.m.	Montpelier

Office	Parish	Latest time of posting	Routing (via)
CHRISTIANA, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Manchester	8.00 a.m. 12.30 p.m.	Shooters Hill Brown's Town and Ewarton
CLAREMONT, <i>L.</i> ..	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Ewarton
CLARK'S TOWN, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Trelawny	12.30 p.m.	Ewarton
CLONMEL, <i>L. Tel.</i> ..	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Richmond
Clover Hill, <i>P.A. L.</i> ..	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Moneague
Clydesdale, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Alexandria
Cole Gate <i>P.A.</i> ..	St. Ann		Ocho Rios
COLEYVILLE, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Christiana
Colonel's Ridge, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Clarendon	3.00 p.m.	Chapelton
Comfort Castle, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Portland	12.30 p.m.	Port Antonio
Comfort Hall, <i>L.</i> ..	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Balaclava
Constant Spring, <i>T.</i> ..	St. Andrew	10.00 a.m. 12.45 p.m. 2.00 p.m. 4.00 p.m.	
Copse, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	Hanover	8.00 a.m.	Ramble
Cornwall Mountain <i>L.</i> ..	W'moreland	8.00 a.m.	Ramble
Craighead, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Coleyville
Crawle River, <i>P.A. L.</i> ..	Clarendon	3.00 p.m.	Chapelton
Crofts Hill <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Clarendon	12.30 p.m.	Ewarton
CROOKED RIVER, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Ditto	3.00 p.m.	
CROSS KEYS, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Williamsfield
CROSS ROADS, <i>T.</i> ..	St. Andrew	10.00 a.m. 12.45 p.m. 2.00 p.m. 4.00 p.m.	
Dallas, <i>L.</i> ..	Ditto	2.00 p.m.	Liguanea
Dalvey, <i>L.</i> ..	St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	Golden Grove
Danvers Pen, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	Seaforth
Darley, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	Portland	12.30 p.m.	St. Margaret's Bay
DARLISTON, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	W'moreland	8.00 a.m.	Montpelier
DEESIDE, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Trelawny	12.30 p.m.	Falmouth
DENHAM TOWN, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Kingston	11.45 a.m. 4.00 p.m.	
Devon, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Mile Gully
DIAS, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Hanover	8.00 a.m.	Montpelier
DRY HARBOUR, <i>T., L.</i> ..	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	St. Ann's Bay
Duan Vale, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Trelawny	12.30 p.m.	Clark's Town
Dumphries, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	St. James	12.30 p.m.	Adelphi
DUNCANS, <i>T.</i> ..	Ditto	8.00 a.m. 12.30 p.m.	Montego Bay (rail) Ewarton
ELDERSLIE, <i>Tel.</i> ..	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Ipswich
Ellen Street, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Newport
Epworth, <i>L.</i> ..	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Claremont
EWARTON, <i>T. (a)</i> ..	St. Cath.	12.30 p.m.	
ENFIELD, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Annotto Bay
Essex Hall <i>P.A.</i> ..	St. Andrew		Lawrence Tavern
Fairy Hill, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Portland	1.00 p.m.	
Faith's Pen, <i>P.A.</i> ..	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	
FALMOUTH, <i>L.</i> ..	Trelawny	8.00 a.m. 12.30 p.m.	Montego Bay (rail) Ewarton
FELLOWSHIP, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Portland	12.30 p.m.	Port Antonio
Flower Hill <i>P.A.</i> ..	Hanover		Cascade
Four Paths, <i>T.</i> ..	Clarendon	8.00 a.m. 3.00 p.m.	
FRANKFIELD, <i>T.</i> ..	Ditto	3.00 p.m.	
Free Hill, <i>L. Tel.</i> ..	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Port Maria



Office	Parish	Latest time of posting	Routing (via)
Freeman's Hall, P.A., L.	Trelawny	8.00 a.m.	Albert Town
Friendship L.	Westmoreland	8.00 a.m.	Sav.-la-Mar
FROME, T.	Ditto	8.00 a.m.	Montpelier
FRUITFUL VALE, Tel. L.	Portland	12.30 p.m.	Hope Bay
Fyffes Pen, Tel. L.	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Black River
GAYLE, Tel.	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Linstead
Georges Plain, Tel.	W'moreland	8.00 a.m.	Sav.-la-Mar
GBRALTAR Tel. L.	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Stewart Town
Giddy Hall, Tel. L.	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Middle Quarters
Ginger Hill, L.	Ditto	8.00 a.m.	Ipswich
Ginger Ridge, L.	St. Cath.	3.00 p.m.	Chapelton
GLENGOFFE, Tel. L.	Ditto	10.00 a.m.	Stony Hill
GLENISLAY, Tel. L.	W'moreland	8.00 a.m.	Petersfield
GOLDEN GROVE, T.	St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	
GORDON TOWN, Tel.	St. Andrew	10.00 a.m.	
		2.00 p.m.	
		4.00 p.m.	
GRANGE HILL, Tel.	Westmoreland	8.00 a.m.	Montpelier
Grantham, Tel. L.	Clarendon	3.00 p.m.	Frankfield
GREAT VALLEY, Tel. L.	Hanover	8.00 a.m.	Anchovy
Green Hill, L.	Portland	12.30 p.m.	Spring Hill
GREEN ISLAND, Tel.	Hanover	8.00 a.m.	Anchovy
Gregory Park, Ry. T.	St. Cath.	8.00 a.m.	
		3.00 p.m.	
Grove Town, P.A., L.	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Cross Keys
GUANABOA VALE, Tel. L.	St. Cath.	8.00 a.m.	Spanish Town
GUY'S HILL, T.	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Linstead
Haddington, P.A., L.	Hanover	8.00 a.m.	Hopewell
Haddo, P.A., L.	Portland	1.00 p.m.	Hectors River
Hagley Gap, L.	W'moreland	8.00 a.m.	Ramble
Haining, P.A., L.	St. Thomas	10.00 a.m.	Gordon Town
HALFWAY TREE, T.	St. Andrew	10.00 a.m.	
		12.45 p.m.	
		2.00 p.m.	
		4.00 p.m.	
HAMPDEN, Tel. L.	Trelawny	12.30 a.m.	Falmouth
HAMPSTEAD, Tel. L.	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Richmond
Harewood, L.	St. Cath.	12.30 p.m.	Riversdale
HARKER'S HALL, Tel. L.	Ditto	12.30 p.m.	Bog Walk
Harmons, L.	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Porus
Harry Watch, L.	Ditto	8.00 a.m.	Mile Gully
Hartlands, Ry. T.	St. Cath.	8.00 a.m.	
		3.00 p.m.	
Hatfield	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Mandeville
Hayes, Tel.	Clarendon	8.00 a.m.	May Pen
HECTOR'S RIVER, Tel.	Portland	1.00 p.m.	
HIGHGATE T.	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Richmond
HOPE BAY, T.	Portland	12.30 p.m.	
Hopeton, L.	St. James	8.00 a.m.	Cambridge
HOPWELL, Tel.	Hanover	8.00 a.m.	Anchovy
Inverness	St. Ann	8.00 a.m.	Shooters Hill
		12.30 p.m.	Brown's Town and Ewarton
Ipswich, Ry. T.	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	
		12.30 p.m.	Montego Bay and Ewarton
Irish Town, P.A., L	St. Andrew	10.00 a.m.	Gordon Town
ISLINGTON, Tel. L.	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Albany

Office	Parish	Latest time of posting	Routing (via)
Jacks River, <i>P.A., L.</i>	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Oracabessa
JACKSON TOWN, <i>Tel.</i>	Trelawny	12.30 p.m.	Ewarton
JAMES HILL, <i>Tel. L.</i>	Clarendon	3.00 a.m.	Frankfield
Jeffery Town, <i>P.A., L.</i>	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Guy's Hill
Jericho, <i>Tel. L.</i>	Hanover	8.00 p.m.	Lucea
JOHNS HALL, <i>Tel. L.</i>	St. James	8.00 a.m.	Cambridge
JONES TOWN, <i>Tel.</i>	St. Andrew	11.15 a.m.	
		2.00 p.m.	
		4.00 p.m.	
Junction, <i>Tel. L.</i>	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Southfield
Kalorama, <i>L.</i>	St. Andrew	1.00 p.m.	Bull Bay
Keith, <i>L.</i>	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Brown's Town
KELLITS, <i>Tel. L.</i>	Clarendon	12.30 p.m.	Ewarton
Kings Vale <i>P.A., L.</i>	Hanover	8.00 a.m.	Dias
Knockpatrick, <i>Tel.</i>	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Mandeville
Labyrinth, <i>L.</i>	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Gayle
LACOVIA, <i>Tel.</i>	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Maggotty
LAMB'S RIVER, <i>Tel. L.</i>	W'moreland	8.00 a.m.	Lucea
Lances Bay, <i>P.A., L.</i>	Hanover	8.00 a.m.	Lucea
Lascelles, <i>T.</i>	Kingston	11.15 a.m.	
		2.00 p.m.	
		4.00 p.m.	
Laughlands, <i>Tel.</i>	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	St. Ann's Bay
LAWRENCE TAVERN, <i>Tel. L.</i>	St. Andrew	10.00 a.m.	Stony Hill
Leamington, <i>L.</i>	W'moreland	8.00 a.m.	Newmarket
LIGUANEA, <i>Tel.</i>	St. Andrew	10.00 a.m.	
		12.45 p.m.	
		2.00 p.m.	
		4.00 p.m.	
LIME HALL, <i>Tel.</i>	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Ewarton
Lime Tree Garden, <i>P.A., L.</i>	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Browns Town
Lincoln, <i>L.</i>	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Mandeville
LINSTEAD, <i>T.</i>	St. Cath.	12.30 p.m.	
Linton, Park, <i>P.A., L.</i>	St. Ann	8.00 a.m.	Alexandria
Lionel Town, <i>L.</i>	Clarendon	8.00 a.m.	Hayes
LITTLE LONDON, <i>Tel.</i>	W'moreland	8.00 a.m.	Montpelier
Little River, <i>Tel.</i>	St. James	8.00 a.m.	Montego Bay (rail)
		12.30 p.m.	Ewarton
LLANDEWEY, <i>Tel. L.</i>	St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	Bull Bay
Lloyds, <i>P.A., L.</i>	St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	Yallahs
LLUIDAS VALE, <i>Tel.</i>	St. Cath.	12.30 p.m.	Ewarton
LODGE, <i>Tel. L.</i>	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Ocho Rios
LONG BAY, <i>Tel.</i>	Portland	1.00 p.m.	
Long Road, <i>L.</i>	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Annotto Bay
LORRIMERS, <i>Tel. L.</i>	Trelawny	8.00 a.m.	Coleyville
LOTTERY, <i>Tel. L.</i>	St. James	12.30 p.m.	Montego Bay and
			Ewarton
LUCEA, <i>T.</i>	Hanover	8.00 a.m.	Anchovy
LUCKY HILL, <i>Tel.</i>	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Linstead
Lydford, <i>P.A.</i>	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	
MAGGOTTY, <i>Tel. L.</i>	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	
		12.30 p.m.	Montego Bay and
		8.00 a.m.	Crooked River
Main Ridge, <i>P.A.</i>	Clarendon	8.00 a.m.	Mile Gully
Maidstone, <i>Tel. L.</i>	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Balaclava
MALVERN, <i>T.</i>	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	
MANCHIONEAL, <i>T.</i>	Portland	1.00 p.m.	
MANDEVILLE, <i>T.</i>	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Williamsfield
March Town, <i>L.</i>	Hanover	8.00 a.m.	Green Island

Office	Parish	Latest time of posting	Routing (via)
MAROON TOWN, <i>Tel. L.</i>	St. James	12.30 p.m.	Cambridge
Maryland, <i>L.</i>	Hanover	8.00 a.m.	Lucea
MAVIS BANK, <i>Tel. L.</i>	St. Andrew	10.30 a.m.	Gordon Town
MAY PEN, <i>T.</i>	Clarendon	8.00 a.m.	
		3.00 p.m.	
MIDDLE QUARTERS, <i>Tel.</i>	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Maggotty
MILE GULLY, <i>T.</i>	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	
		12.30 p.m.	Montego Bay and Ewarton
Milk River, <i>Tel.</i>	Clarendon	8.00 a.m.	May Pen
Mocho, <i>Tel. L.</i>	Ditto	8.00 a.m.	Four Paths
MONTAGUE, <i>T.</i>	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Ewarton
MONTEGO BAY, <i>T.</i>	St. James	8.00 a.m.	(Rail)
		12.30 p.m.	Ewarton
MONTPELIER, <i>Tel. L.</i>	St. James	8.00 a.m.	Montego Bay and Ewarton
		12.30 p.m.	Port Antonio
MOORE TOWN, <i>Tel. L.</i>	Portland	12.30 p.m.	
MORANT BAY, <i>T.</i>	St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	
Moravia, <i>L.</i>	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Christiana
MORGANS PASS, <i>P.A., L.</i>	Clarendon	3.00 p.m.	Chapelton
MOUNT HOREB, <i>L.</i>	St. James	8.00 a.m.	Cambridge
Mt. Industry <i>P.A.</i>	St. Catherine		Bog Walk
Mount James, <i>L.</i>	St. Andrew	10.30 a.m.	Stony Hill
Mount Moreland, <i>P.A., L.</i>	St. Catherine	8.00 a.m.	Spanish Town
Mount Peto, <i>L.</i>	Hanover	8.00 a.m.	Ramble
Mount Pleasant, <i>P.A., L.</i>	Portland	12.30 p.m.	St. Margaret's Bay
Mount Regale, <i>L.</i>	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Richmond
MOUNTAINSIDE, <i>Tel. L.</i>	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Lacovia
Muir House, <i>P.A., L.</i>	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Alexandria
Munro College, <i>Tel.</i>	Ditto	8.00 a.m.	Balaclava
Myersville, <i>Tel. L.</i>	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Santa Crus
Myers Wharf, <i>T.</i>	Kingston	10.00 a.m.	
		11.15 a.m.	
		2.00 p.m.	
Mount Industry	St. Catherine	12.30 p.m.	Bog Walk
Myrtle Bank <i>T.</i>	Kingston	11.15 a.m.	
		2.00 p.m.	
		4.00 p.m.	
Nain, <i>Tel. L.</i>	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Newport
NEGRIL, <i>Tel.</i>	W'moreland	8.00 a.m.	Sav.-la-Mar
NEWCASTLE, <i>Tel.</i>	St. Andrew	2.00 p.m.	
New Green, <i>P.A., L.</i>	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Mandeville
NEWMARKET, <i>Tel.</i>	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Middle Quarters
NEWPORT, <i>Tel.</i>	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Williamsfield
Newton, <i>P.A., L.</i>	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Maggotty
Nine Turns, <i>P.A., L.</i>	Clarendon	3.00 p.m.	Frankfield
Ocho Rios, <i>T.</i>	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Richmond
Old England, <i>Tel. L.</i>	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Mandeville
OLD HARBOUR, <i>T.</i>	St. Cath.	8.00 a.m.	
		3.00 p.m.	
Old Harbour Bay, <i>L.</i>	Ditto	8.00 a.m.	Old Harbour
ORACABESSA, <i>T.</i>	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Richmond
Orange Bay, <i>Rly., T.</i>	Portland	12.30 p.m.	
Osborne Store, <i>Tel.</i>	Clarendon	8.00 a.m.	Four Paths
Paul Mtn., <i>P.A.</i>	St. Catherine		Spanish Town
PEAR TREE GROVE, <i>Tel. L.</i>	St. Cath.	12.30 p.m.	Troja
Pedro, <i>Tel. L.</i>	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Claremont
PEMBROKE HALL, <i>Tel. L.</i>	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Lucky Hill

Office	Parish	Latest time of posting	Routing (via)
Pepper, <i>Tel.</i> ..	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Santa Cruz
Paul Mountain ..	St. Catherine	8.00 a.m. 12.30 p.m. 3.00 p.m.	Spanish Town
Perth Town, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	Trelawny	8.00 a.m.	Falmouth
PETERSFIELD, <i>Tel.</i> ..	W'moreland	8.00 a.m.	Montpelier
Pisgah, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Ipswich
POINT, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. James	8.00 a.m.	Cambridge
POINT HILL, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Cath.	8.00 a.m.	Lluidas Vale
PORT ANTONIO, <i>T.</i> ..	Portland	12.30 p.m. 1.00 p.m.	(By Railway) (By motor van)
Porters Mountain, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	W'moreland	8.00 a.m.	Ramble
Portland Cottage, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	Clarendon	8.00 a.m.	Alley
PORT MARIA, <i>T.</i> ..	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Richmond St. Ann's Bay and Ewarton
PORT MORANT, <i>T.</i> ..	St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	
PORT ROYAL, <i>T.</i> ..	Port Royal	12.15 p.m.	
PORUS, <i>T.</i> ..	Manchester	8.00 a.m. 3.00 p.m.	
PRATVILLE, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Ditto	8.00 a.m.	Newport
Prickly Pole <i>P.A.</i> ..	St. Ann		Claremont
PRIESTMAN'S RIVER, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Portland	1.00 p.m.	
Prior Park, <i>L.</i> ..	Ditto	12.30 p.m.	Buff Bay
Race Course, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Clarendon	8.00 a.m.	May Pen
RAMBLE, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Hanover	8.00 a.m.	Montpelier
Reading, <i>Tel.</i> ..	St. James	8.00 a.m.	Anchovy
Red Hills, <i>L. Tel.</i> ..	St. Andrew	2.00 p.m.	Halfway Tree
REDWOOD, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Cath.	12.30 p.m.	Linstead
Retirement <i>P.A.</i> ..	St. Elizabeth		Maggotty
RETREAT, <i>T.</i> ..	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Linstead
RICHMOND, <i>T. (a)</i> ..	Ditto	12.30 p.m.	
Richmond Park, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Clarendon	8.00 a.m.	Porus
Rio Bueno, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Trelawny	12.30 p.m.	Duncans
RIVERSDALE, <i>Ry. T.</i> ..	St. Cath.	12.30 p.m.	
ROCK RIVER, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Clarendon	3.00 p.m.	Chapelton
Rock Spring, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	Trelawny	8.00 a.m.	Albert Town
Roehampton, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	St. James	8.00 a.m.	Anchovy
Rose Hall, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Munro
Rosewell, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Clarendon	8.00 a.m.	May Pen
Rowlandsfield, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	Golden Grove
Runaway Bay, <i>Tel.</i> ..	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	St. Ann's Bay
ST. ANN'S BAY, <i>T.</i> ..	Ditto	12.30 p.m.	Ewarton
St. Leonards, <i>L.</i> ..	W'moreland	8.00 a.m.	Catadupa
ST. MARGARETS' BAY, <i>Ry. T.</i> ..	Portland	12.30 p.m.	
St. Paul's <i>P.A.</i> ..	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Balacalva
St. Peters, <i>L.</i> ..	St. Andrew	3.00 p.m.	Newcastle
Salisbury, <i>L.</i> ..	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Ocho Rios
Salt Marsh, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	Trelawny	8.00 a.m.	Falmouth
Salt River, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Clarendon	8.00 a.m.	Hayes
Salt Spring, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	St. James	8.00 a.m.	Montego Bay
Samuel Prospect, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	Trelawny	8.00 a.m.	Duncans
Sandy Bay, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Hanover	8.00 a.m.	Anchovy
Sandy Gully, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Clarendon	3.00 p.m.	May Pen
SANTA CRUZ, <i>T.</i> ..	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Balacalva
SAVANNA-LA-MAR, <i>T.</i> ..	W' moreland	8.00 a.m.	Montpelier
Sawyers, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Trelawny	12.30 p.m.	Jackson Town
SEAFORTH, <i>Tel.</i> ..	St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	Morant Bay

Office	Parish	Latest time of posting	Routing (via)
Sheffield, <i>Tel.</i> ..	W'moreland	8.00 p.m.	Sav.-la-Mar
Sherwood Content, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Trelawny	12.30 p.m.	Clark's Town
SHOOTERS HILL, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	
Sign, <i>L.</i> ..	St. James	12.30 p.m.	Montego Bay and Ewarton
SILOAH, <i>Tel.</i> ..	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	
		12.30 p.m.	Montego Bay and Ewarton
Silver Spring, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	Clarendon	3.00 p.m.	Frankfield
Skibo, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Portland	12.30 p.m.	Buff Bay
Sligoville, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Cath.	8.00 a.m.	Spanish Town
Smithville, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Clarendon	8.00 a.m.	Four Paths
Somerton, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. James	12.30 p.m.	Montego Bay and Ewarton
SOUTHFIELD, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Balacava
SPALDINGS, <i>T.</i> ..	Clarendon	8.00 a.m.	Shooters Hill
		12.30 p.m.	Brown's Town and Ewarton
SPANISH TOWN, <i>T.</i> ..	St. Cath.	8.00 a.m.	
		12.30 p.m.	
		3.00 p.m.	
SPRINGFIELD, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Ipswich
SPRING GARDEN, <i>L.</i> ..	St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	Morant Bay
SPRING HILL, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Portland	12.30 p.m.	Buff Bay
Spur Tree, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Balacava
STEWART TOWN, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Trelawny	12.30 p.m.	
Stonehenge ..	St. James	8.00 a.m.	Montego Bay
		12.30 p.m.	Montego Bay and Ewarton
STONY HILL, <i>T.</i> ..	St. Andrew	10.00 a.m.	
		2.00 p.m.	
Strathbogie, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	W'moreland	8.00 a.m.	Sav.-la-Mar
Sturge Town, <i>L.</i> ..	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Brown's Town
SUNNING HILL, <i>L. Tel.</i> ..	St. Thomas	12.00 p.m.	Bath
SWIFT RIVER, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Portland	12.30 p.m.	Hope Bay
THOMPSON TOWN, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Clarendon	8.00 a.m.	Four Paths
Toll Gate, <i>L.</i> ..	Ditto	8.00 a.m.	Four Paths
Top Hill, <i>Tel.</i> ..	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Balacava
Tower Isle <i>Tel.</i> ..	St. Mary		
TREASURE BEACH, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Elizabeth	8.00 p.m.	Lacovia
TRINITY VILLE, <i>Tel.</i> ..	St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	Morant Bay
TROJA, <i>Ry. T.</i> ..	St. Cath.	12.30 p.m.	
TROUT HALL, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Clarendon	3.00 p.m.	
TROY, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Trelawny	8.00 a.m.	Balacava
ULSTER SPRING, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Ditto	8.00 a.m.	Balacava
		12.30 p.m.	Jackson Town
UNION HILL, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Mary	12.30 p.m.	Gayle
Victoria Town, <i>L.</i> ..	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Milk River
VINEYARD TOWN, <i>Tel.</i> ..	St. Andrew	11.15 a.m.	
		2.00 p.m.	
		4.00 p.m.	
WAIT-A-BIT, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Trelawny	8.00 a.m.	Albert Town
WAKEFIELD, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	Ditto	12.30 p.m.	Falmouth
WALDERSTON, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Shooters Hill
		12.30 p.m.	Brown's Town and Ewarton
WALKER'S WOOD, <i>Tel. L.</i> ..	St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Moneague
WARSOP, <i>Tel.</i> ..	Trelawny	8.00 a.m.	Balacava
Watchwell, <i>P.A., L.</i> ..	St. Elizabeth	8.00 a.m.	Mountainside

Office	Parish	Latest time of posting	Routing (via)
Watermount, <i>Tel. L.</i>	.. S. Cath.		Spanish Town
Watson's Hill, <i>L.</i> ..	.. Manchester	8.00 a.m.	Newport
WATT TOWN, <i>Tel. L.</i>	.. St. Ann	12.30 p.m.	Alexandria
WELCOME HALL, <i>Tel. L.</i>	.. St. James	8.00 a.m.	Cambridge
Whitehall, <i>P.A.</i> ..	.. St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	Seaforth
White Horses, ..	.. St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	Yallahs
WHITEHOUSE, <i>Tel.</i>	.. Westmoreland	8.00 a.m.	Black River
WHITFIELD TOWN, <i>Tel.</i>	.. St. Andrew	11.15 a.m.	
		2.00 p.m.	
		4.00 p.m.	
White Sands Beach, <i>T.*</i>	.. St. James	8.00 a.m.	Montego Bay (rail)
		12.30 p.m.	Do. and Ewarton
Whithorn, <i>P.A.</i> ..	.. Westmoreland		Petersfield
Wild Cane, <i>L.</i> ..	.. St. Ann	8.00 a.m.	Borobridge
WILLIAMSFIELD, <i>T.</i>	.. Manchester	8.00 a.m.	
Windsor Castle, ..	.. Portland	12.30 p.m.	
Windsor Forest ..	.. Portland		Long Bay
Wilmington, <i>L.</i> ..	.. St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	Morant Bay
WINDWARD ROAD, <i>Tel.</i>	.. Kingston ..	11.15 a.m.	
		2.00 p.m.	
		4.00 p.m.	
Woodford, <i>L.</i> ..	.. St. Andrew	2.00 p.m.	Liguanea
Woodhall, <i>L.</i> ..	.. Clarendon	3.00 p.m.	Chapelton
YALLAHS, <i>T.</i> ..	.. St. Thomas	1.00 p.m.	

## PASSENGER SERVICES

A motor mail and passenger service is maintained between the following places: Kingston and Port Antonio (via Morant Bay); Morant Bay and Trinity Ville; Ewarton and Montego Bay (a); Anchovy and Lucea (b); Balacava and Southfield; Balacava and Ulster Spring (b); Maggoty and Black River (b); May Pen and Race Course (b); Montpelier and Savanna-la-Mar (b); Montego Bay and Savanna-la-Mar; Williamsfield and Cross Keys (b); Linstead and Gayle (a); Richmond and St. Ann's Bay (a); Shooter's Hill and Brown's Town (b); Savanna-la-Mar and Negril (b); Middle Quarters and New Market (b).

## REGULATIONS

**PASSENGERS**—At intermediate stations a passenger must take his chance of finding a vacant seat in the coach, and must, if there is a vacancy, then pay his fare to the contractor's agent.

The amount for such ticket must be paid in cash, and the ticket must be handed to the driver or guard of the coach before the passenger takes his seat.

In all cases if a passenger intends to leave the coach between stations he must pay the fare to the next station beyond.

The personal luggage of each passenger is limited to 20 lbs. by weight or 2,000 cubic inches by size. Any excess must be paid for as freight and such excess may not exceed 10 lbs. in weight, or 1,000 cubic inches in size. Dogs are not allowed to be carried by motor-van.

FOOTNOTE { (a) connects with 2.55 p.m. train on week days.  
(b) connects with 10 a.m. train on week days.

## OVERSEA MAILS

## REGISTRATION (OVERSEAS)

If it is proved to his satisfaction that a *letter or packet duly admitted to Registration* has been *entirely lost whilst in his custody* the Postmaster undertakes to *pay an indemnity of 50 francs*, except in cases beyond control (e.g. tempest, shipwreck, earthquake and war). *No compensation*, however is payable *except in the case of the loss of the entire letter or packet*; and *no claim will be admitted if made more than a year after the letter or packet was posted*.

The Postal Administrations of all countries and colonies included in the Postal Union give the same undertaking in respect of registered letters or packets lost whilst in their custody.

If it is desired to obtain *compensation* in the case of *abstraction of contents* of a letter or to provide for a higher maximum than 50 francs, recourse must be had to the *Insurance System*. See "Insurance" below.

## INSURANCE—OVERSEAS (For Letters only)

Letters tendered for insurance will be accepted by the Post Office on payment of the fee and subject to the conditions stated below:—

Fee—5d. for every £12 of value *in addition to the postage and registration fee*.

A LETTER is the only article of mail matter which will be accepted for insurance; post cards, printed papers, commercial papers or sample packets will not be accepted.

Letters containing coin, anything made of gold or silver, precious stones, jewellery or any article liable to customs duty in the country of destination cannot be sent by insured letter-post. Objects of value which cannot be sent in insured *letters* may generally be sent in insured *parcels*.

The insurance system is specially applicable to letters which contain bank notes, coupons, securities, bonds and other documents of the kind.

## TELEGRAPHS

The Government Telegraphs are under the control of the Postmaster General.

There are 243 Postal Telegraph and Telephone Offices distributed throughout the Island connecting every town or village of importance.

In addition, the Jamaica Government Railway with a complement of 48 Telegraph Offices exchanges telegrams with the Postal Telegraph System.

The charge for telegrams throughout Jamaica is one shilling for any number of words up to twelve, and a half-penny for every additional word. The charge for a *PRIORITY* message is 1/6 for the first 12 words, and 3d. for every additional word. The address and signature are both counted. The charge is paid in postage stamps affixed to the message.

If the addressee resides within one mile of the terminal office the telegram is delivered by messenger without any additional charge; but if beyond that limit the following portage fee must be prepaid:—

At a rate of 6d. per mile (one way) counting from boundary of free delivery.

The above rates are maintained whenever practicable. If messengers cannot be obtained at these rates the Postmistress is authorised to make the most reasonable arrangement possible.

The charge for the transmission and for portage of telegrams must be pre-paid.

Persons resident at a place to which the Island telegraph line has not been extended can benefit by its use on the following conditions:—

(a) If the words "By Post" with the name of a telegraph station be written on a message it will be *telegraphed* to such station and forwarded from thence to its postal address by first post.

(b) If a letter marked "On Post Office Telegraph Business" be sent *by post* to the telegraph clerk at any station, the message enclosed will be promptly forwarded *by telegraph* from such station. In this case the letter by post must be registered and the cost of the message enclosed in stamps or coin. Telegrams may also be handed to a mail courier on his way to a telegraph office, but the department does not take any liability for miscarriage.

(c) No charge will be made in either case for postage or registration.

Telegrams may be sent to any port for outward transmission as letters. The sender must write "By Post" before addressee's name, and the name of the terminal Telegraph Office, at the end of the address.

For example:—

"By Post" Brown, 12 Fifth Avenue, New York, Kingston.'

In addition to the ordinary telegraph charge the sender must also pay the postage fee. In such cases registered addresses cannot be used.

The office hours are from 7 a.m. to 5 p.m., daily—Sundays and Public Holidays excepted.

Night, Sunday and Holiday services may be obtained at the following rates:—

a. After 6 a.m. until 8 p.m., double rate for telegram, plus a fee of 1/- to each clerk handling the telegram and 6d. for the messenger.

b. After 8 p.m. until 6 a.m. double rate for the telegrams plus a fee of 2/- to each clerk handling the telegram and 1/- for the messenger.

c. The charges of 6d. and 1/-, respectively, for messengers refer only to telegrams for delivery up to one mile from the office.

d. On Public Holidays all offices are open from 7 a.m. to 9 a.m. and telegrams are accepted at the *ordinary week day rates during these hours*.

A certified copy of a telegram may be obtained on application to the Postmaster for Jamaica on payment of a fee of 6d. If special search is necessary the cost incurred will be charged in addition.

Inland telegrams are retained on file for 3 months, and foreign telegrams for 6 months.

Abbreviated telegraphic addresses (inland) for use at any office, may be registered with the Postmaster General at a cost of 5/- per annum, or upon payment of £2 for a permanent address.

Local telegrams from authorized Government officials, members of the Legislative Council, House of Representatives and other authorized persons on public business are transmitted free of charge.

## II—AIR SERVICES

The following companies now operate air services through Jamaica, carrying mails. Pan American Airways Incorporated, K. L. M. (Royal Dutch Airlines), British South American Airways Corp., British West Indian Airways Ltd., Chicago and Southern Airlines Incorporated, British Caribbean Airways Ltd., Caribbean International Airways Ltd., and Trans-Canada Airlines.

P.A.A.	There are daily services to North, Central and South America.
K.L.M.	A tri-weekly service to North America, Cuba, Dutch West Indies, Dutch Guiana, and Venezuela.
B.S.A.A.	Four services weekly to the United Kingdom, Nassau, Bermuda. Mails for Europe, Asia, Africa are routed via the United Kingdom.
B.W.I.A.	There are four flights per week to British West Indian Islands and two per week to British Honduras.
C.&S.A.	There are three flights per week to Havana, Cuba.
B.C.A.	There are two flights per week to North America and one per week to the Bahamas.
C.I.A.	There is a weekly flight to the Cayman Islands.
T.C.A.	There is a weekly flight to Canada.

## AIRMAIL RATES

	Destination	Per half oz.	Air Letters
Aden .. ..	.. ..	3/-	9d.
Afghanistan .. ..	.. ..	3/-	—
Algeria .. ..	.. ..	3/-	—
Antigua .. ..	.. ..	8d.	6d.
Do. by B.W.I.A. .. ..	.. ..	2½d.	—
Argentine Republic .. ..	.. ..	8d.	—
Australia .. ..	.. ..	3/-	9d.
Azores .. ..	.. ..	1/3d.	—



AIRMAIL RATES, *contd.*

Destination	Per half oz.	Air Letters
Bahamas .. .. .	8d.	6d.
Bahrain .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Barbados .. .. .	8d.	6d.
Do. by B.W.I.A. .. .. .	2½d.	—
Belgian Congo .. .. .	3/-	—
Bermuda .. .. .	8d.	6d.
Bolivia .. .. .	8d.	—
Brazil .. .. .	8d.	—
British Guiana .. .. .	8d.	6d.
Do. by B.W.I.A. .. .. .	2½d.	—
British Honduras .. .. .	8d.	6d.
Do. by B.W.I.A. .. .. .	2½d.	—
British North Borneo .. .. .	3/-	9d.
British Somaliland .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Brunei .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Burma .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Cameroons, British Sphere .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Cameroons, French Sphere .. .. .	3/-	—
Canada .. .. .	8d.	6d.
Canary Islands .. .. .	3/-	—
Cape Verde Islands .. .. .	3/-	—
Cayman Islands .. .. .	2½d.	—
Ceylon .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Chile .. .. .	8d.	—
China .. .. .	3/-	—
Colombia .. .. .	8d.	—
Cook Islands .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Costa Rica .. .. .	8d.	—
Cuba .. .. .	8d.	—
Cyprus .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Cyrenaica .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Dominica .. .. .	8d.	6d.
Do. by B.W.I.A. .. .. .	2½d.	—
Dominican Republic .. .. .	8d.	—
Dubai .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Dutch East Indies .. .. .	3/-	—
Dutch Guiana .. .. .	8d.	—
Dutch West Indies .. .. .	8d.	—
Ecuador .. .. .	8d.	—
Egypt .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Eire .. .. .	1/3d.	—
El Salvador .. .. .	8d.	—
Eritrea .. .. .	3/-	—
Ethiopia (Abyssinia) .. .. .	3/-	—
*European Countries .. .. .	1/3d.	—
Falkland Islands .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Fiji Islands .. .. .	3/-	9d.
French Equatorial Africa .. .. .	3/-	—
French Guiana .. .. .	8d.	—
French Guinea .. .. .	3/-	—
French Indo-China .. .. .	3/-	—
French Settlements of Oceania .. .. .	3/-	—
French Somali Coast .. .. .	3/-	—

\* EUROPEAN COUNTRIES—Albania, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Corsica, Crete, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Dodecanese Islands, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany (Hamburg, Berlin, Munich, Mayence, Frankfurt Mn., Stuttgart, Krefeld, Peine, Bonn). Gibraltar, Greece, Holland, Hungary, Iceland, Italy (Milan and Northern, Rome and Southern), Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Roumania, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, Vatican City State, Yugoslavia.

AIRMAIL RATES, *contd.*

Destination	Per half oz.	Air Letters
† French West Indies .. ..	8d.	—
Gambia .. ..	3/-	9d.
Gilbert and Ellice Islands .. ..	3/-	9d.
Gold Coast .. ..	3/-	9d.
Gt. Britain and Northern Ireland .. ..	1/3d.	6d.
Grenada .. ..	8d.	6d.
Do. by B.W.I.A. .. ..	2½d.	—
Guatemala .. ..	8d.	—
Hawaii .. ..	3/-	—
Hayti .. ..	8d.	—
Honduras Republic .. ..	8d.	—
Kong Kong .. ..	3/-	9d.
India (British, French and Portuguese) .. ..	3/-	9d.
Iran .. ..	3/-	9d.
Iraq .. ..	3/-	9d.
Ivory Coast .. ..	3/-	9d.
Kenya and Uganda .. ..	3/-	9d.
Korea .. ..	3/-	—
Lebanon .. ..	3/-	—
Liberia .. ..	3/-	—
Magao .. ..	3/-	—
Madagascar .. ..	3/-	—
Maderia .. ..	3/-	—
Malay States .. ..	3/-	9d.
Marian Islands (Guam only) .. ..	3/-	—
Mauritania .. ..	3/-	—
Mauritius .. ..	3/-	9d.
Mexico .. ..	8d.	—
Montserrat .. ..	8d.	6d.
Do. by B.W.I.A. .. ..	2½d.	—
Morocco, Tangier and Spanish Zone .. ..	3/-	9d.
Morocco, French Zone .. ..	3/-	—
Nevis .. ..	8d.	6d.
Do. by B.W.I.A. .. ..	2½d.	—
New Caledonia .. ..	3/-	—
Newfoundland .. ..	8d.	6d.
New Guinea (Mandated Territory) .. ..	3/-	9d.
New Hebrides .. ..	3/-	9d.
New Zealand .. ..	3/-	9d.
Nicaragua .. ..	8d.	—
Niger .. ..	3/-	—
Nigeria .. ..	3/-	9d.
Norfolk Islands .. ..	3/-	9d.
North Borneo .. ..	3/-	9d.
Northern Rhodesia .. ..	3/-	9d.
Nyasaland .. ..	3/-	9d.
Palestine .. ..	3/-	9d.
Panama, Republic of .. ..	8d.	—
Panama, Canal Zone .. ..	8d.	—
Papua .. ..	3/-	9d.
Paraguay .. ..	8d.	—
Peru .. ..	8d.	—
Phillipines, Commonwealth of .. ..	3/-	—
Porto Rico .. ..	8d.	—
Portuguese East Africa .. ..	3/-	—
Portuguese Guinea .. ..	3/-	—
Portuguese Timor .. ..	3/-	—
Portuguese West Africa .. ..	3/-	—

† FRENCH WEST INDIES—Martinique and Guadeloupe.

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AIRMAIL RATES, *contd.*

Destination	Per half oz.	Air Letters
Reunion .. .. .	3/-	—
St. Kitts .. .. .	8d.	6d.
St. Kitts by B.W.I.A. .. .. .	2½d.	—
St. Lucia .. .. .	8d.	6d.
Do. by B.W.I.A. .. .. .	2½d.	—
St. Pierre and Miquelon .. .. .	8d.	—
St. Vincent .. .. .	8d.	6d.
Do. by B.W.I.A. .. .. .	2½d.	—
Samoa (Territory under British Administration)	3/-	9d.
Sandwich Islands .. .. .	3/-	—
Sarawak .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Saudi Arabia .. .. .	3/-	—
Senegal .. .. .	3/-	—
Seychelles .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Siam .. .. .	3/-	—
Sierra Leone .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Solomon Islands .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Somalia .. .. .	3/-	9d.
South Africa .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Southern Rhodesia .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Spanish Guinea .. .. .	3/-	—
Straits Settlements .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Sudan, Anglo-Egyptian .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Sudan, French .. .. .	3/-	—
Syria .. .. .	3/-	—
Tanganyika Territory .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Thailand .. .. .	3/-	—
Tibet .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Togo, British Sphere .. .. .	3/-	9d.
French Sphere .. .. .	3/-	—
Tonga .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Tortola (British Virgin Is.) .. .. .	8d.	6d.
Trans-Jordan .. .. .	3/-	9d.
Trinidad and Tobago .. .. .	8d.	—
Do. by B.W.I.A. .. .. .	2½d.	—
Tripolitania .. .. .	3/-	—
Tunis .. .. .	3/-	—
Turks and Caicos Islands .. .. .	8d.	6d.
U.S.A. .. .. .	8d.	—
Uruguay .. .. .	8d.	—
U.S.S.R. .. .. .	3/-	—
Venezuela .. .. .	8d.	—
Virgin Islands of U.S.A. .. .. .	8d.	—
Zanzibar .. .. .	3/-	9d.

## CIVIL AVIATION

Civil Aviation in Jamaica and its Dependencies (Turks and Caicos and Cayman Islands) is under the control of the Director of Civil Aviation, who is Registrar of Aircraft and also Director General of Civil Aviation, British Caribbean Area.

The following airlines operate regular scheduled flights to and from Jamaica:—

1. British South American Airways Corporation
2. British West Indian Airways Limited
3. British Caribbean Airways Limited
4. Caribbean International Airways Limited
5. Chicago and Southern Air Lines
6. K.L.M. (Royal Dutch Airlines)
7. Pan American Airways Incorporated
8. Trans-Canada Air Lines.

In addition, approximately twenty-five non-scheduled and charter companies of various nationalities operate through Jamaica.

The following Airports are operated under the control of the Civil Aviation Department—

- (a) *Palisadoes Airport, Kingston*—a Customs Airport, which is utilized by all airlines operating through Jamaica.  
The average number of aircraft per month through this Airport during the period January to August, 1949 was 426.8.  
The Government Aeronautical Radio Station (MRX), the Kingston Air Traffic Control centre and the 7th Regional NOTAM centre at Palisadoes provided by the Civil Aviation Department, gave communication and control services to all aircraft within or passing through the area (150 nautical miles radius of Palisadoes).
- (b) *Montego Bay*—which was previously operated by Pan American Airways Incorporated under a license issued by the Government of Jamaica, and under the supervision of the Civil Aviation Department, was taken over by the Department on 1st October, 1949, and is now open to traffic between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m. daily.  
Field maintenance at this Airport is carried out by the Public Works Department. During the period January to August, 1949, 449 aircraft operated through this Airport.
- (c) *Grand Cayman*—There is an alighting area, near Georgetown, for flying boat operations.
- (d) *Turks Island*—There is a landing strip for light aircraft, plans for the improvement of which are now under way.
- (e) *South Caicos*—There is a landing strip near Cockburn Harbour.  
The use of the landing strips at Turks Island and at South Caicos is subject to prior approval by the Government of Turks and Caicos Islands.
- (f) *Cedar Grove, Mandeville*—Private air strip licensed by and under the supervision of the Civil Aviation Department.
- (g) *Gilnock, Santa Cruz*—Private air strip licensed by and under the supervision of the Civil Aviation Department.

#### CIVIL AVIATION—ESTABLISHMENT

*Director of Civil Aviation*—Wing Commander L. A. Eggesfield, also Director General of Civil Aviation, British Caribbean area. *Airport Manager and Deputy Director of Civil Aviation*—Mr. K. D. A. Saunders. *Assistant Airport Manager*, Mr. C. G. Alexander, *Secretary*—Mr. N. S. Campbell, *Chief Control Officer*—Mr. G. Levesne, *Chief Radio Mechanic*—Mr. G. L. Stewart, *Chief Radio Operator*—Mr. R. S. Williamson, *Airport Superintendent, Montego Bay*—Mr. P. D. Lopez, *Asst. Superintendent, Montego Bay*—Mr. D. E. Williams.

In addition to the foregoing, the following posts are provided for the administration and operation of the Department:—

- 3 Radio Mechanics
- 9 Senior Radio Operators
- 7 Junior Radio Operators
- 5 Air Traffic Controllers
- 4 Assistant Control Officers
- 4 Radio Assistants
- 1 Accounting Clerk
- 1 Field Service Overseer
- 1 Airport Electrician
- 2 Aircraft Attendants
- 4 Telephone Operators
- 1 Store-keeper
- 7 Office Assistants.

There is also at present, a subordinate staff of 32 persons, as well as 30 field labourers employed for the maintenance of Palisadoes airfield.

**BRITISH SOUTH AMERICAN AIRWAYS CORPORATION AND  
BRITISH WEST INDIAN AIRWAYS, LTD.**

**75½ HARBOUR STREET**

**Kingston, Jamaica, B.W.I.**

British South American Airways was established as a Corporation in 1946. In September 1949, this Corporation was amalgamated with British Overseas Airways Corporation and now operates as the South American Division of British Overseas Airways. The Head Office is situated at Starways House, King St., St. James, London, S.W.1. The following are the chief cities served: London, Lisbon, Dakar, Natal, Rio de Janeiro, Sao Paulo, Montevideo, Buenos Aires, Santiago-de-Chile, Bermuda, Nassau, Havana, New York, Miami, Lima, Kingston, Panama.

In October, 1947, British South American Airways took over all the assets and operating rights of British West Indian Airways and this subsidiary operates to the following Countries:—Jamaica, British Honduras, Dominican Republic, St. Kitts, Antigua, Barbados, St. Lucia, Grenada, British Guiana, Trinidad and Tobago, Caracas and Curacao.

The types of aircraft used by the South American Division of British Overseas Airways Corporation are—Lockheed Constellations, Avro-Yorks and Avro-Lancastrans, which are all powered by Rolls-Royce Merlin Engines.

The aircraft at present in use by British West Indian Airways are Vickers Vikings and Lockheed Lodestars.

British Overseas Airways Corporation (South American Division) Schedules are as follows:—

Thrice a week from London to Buenos Aires via Lisbon, Dakar, Natal, Rio, Montevideo.

Once a week from London to Sao Paulo via Lisbon, Dakar, Natal, Rio.

Twice a week from London to Santiago-de-Chile via New York, Bermuda, Nassau, Kingston, Panama, Lima.

Twice a week from London to Kingston via New York, Bermuda, Nassau.

Daily between Nassau and Miami.

Once a week between Nassau and Havana.

British West Indian Airways Schedules are as follows:—

Twice a week between Trinidad and Jamaica via Caracas and Curacao.

Twice a week between Trinidad and Jamaica via Barbados, Antigua, St. Kitts, Ciudad Trujillo, D.R.

Twice a week between Jamaica and British Honduras.

Twelve times a week between Trinidad and Barbados.

Twice a week between Barbados and La Guaira.

Six times a week between Trinidad and LaGuaira.

Eight times a week between Trinidad and Tobago.

Four times a week between Barbados and British Guiana.

Six times a week between Trinidad and Grenada.

Five times a week from Trinidad to St. Lucia.

Thrice a week from Trinidad to Antigua.

Thrice a week from Trinidad to St. Kitts.

## BRITISH CARIBBEAN AIRWAYS LTD.

75½ Harbour Street, Kingston, Phone 4743

## MIAMI-KINGSTON-MONTEGO BAY

BC373 Sun. Wed.	BC371 Daily	BC396 Daily	Read Down	Read Up	BC 395 Daily	BC 372 Daily	BC 374 Sun. Wed.
		11:30 a.m.	LV MIAMI	AR	10:40 a.m.		
		2:40 p.m.	AR KINGSTON	LV	7:30 a.m.		
8:00 a.m.	3:10 p.m.		LV KINGSTON	AR		5:10 p.m.	3:40 p.m.
8:40 a.m.	3:50 p.m.		AR MONTEGO BAY	LV		4:30 p.m.	3:00 p.m.
9:10 a.m.			LV MONTEGO BAY	AR			2:20 p.m.
11:14 a.m.			AR NASSAU	LV			12:15 p.m.

\* During December this flight operates the following schedule Sundays only.

Dep. Kingston 8:00 a.m.

Arr. Montego Bay 8:40 a.m.

Dep. Montego Bay 9:00 a.m.

Arr. Kingston 9:40 a.m.

	MIAMI	KINGSTON	MONTEGO BAY	NASSAU
Miami		£22 3 0 39 17 0	£25 3 0 45 5 0	
Kingston	\$62.00 \$111.60		3 0 0 5 8 0	£11 8 0 20 10 6
Montego Bay	\$70.50 \$126.90	\$8.50 \$15.30		£10 10 0 18 18 0
Nassau		\$32.00 \$57.60	\$30.00 \$54.00	

## CARIBBEAN INTERNATIONAL AIRWAYS, LTD.

c/o R. S. Gamble &amp; Son.

Operates a plane service between Jamaica and the Cayman Islands once weekly, on Thursdays, returning to Jamaica on Fridays.

Regular weekly services by Catalina Flying Boats between Jamaica and the Cayman Islands.

Charter flights to any point in the Caribbean.

For full particulars please apply R. S. Gamble &amp; Son, Agents.

## CHICAGO AND SOUTHERN AIRLINES

(Offices at Myrtle Bank Hotel, Kingston.)

Operators daily flights to the U.S., Havana and Caracas, S. A. Stewart, *President*, H. A. Jones, *Manager*, Kingston, Jamaica.

## K.L.M. ROYAL DUTCH AIRLINES

94 Harbour Street

K.L.M. Royal Dutch Airlines operate regular Air Services from Kingston, Jamaica to the following points:—

Miami (U.S.A.), Aruba (N.W.I.), Caracas (Venezuela), Curacao (N.W.I.), Maracaibo (Venezuela), Port au Prince (Haiti), Ciuda Trujillo (Dominican Republic), Bonaire (N.W.I.) Services to Miami are operated four times a week, with four engined DC-4 aircraft, and to Caracas via Aruba thrice a week with four engined Lockheed Constellations. Through connections in Aruba to Curacao and Maracaibo are made the same day. From Curacao K.L.M. connections to Havana (Cuba), Port of Spain (Trinidad), Paramaribo (Surinam) Barranquilla (Colombia), Panama City (Panama), San Jose (Costa Rica), St. Martin (N.W.I.) and St. Kitts (B.W.I.), British Guiana are available. More-over thrice weekly Constellation flights from Curacao to the United Kingdom via New York and Montreal and maintained by K.L.M. Onward bookings from Miami to all points in the U.S.A. and Canada as well as to all parts of the world via Curacao are readily arranged by the Kingston Office. The Head Office of K.L.M.'S West Indies Division is at Curacao. Agents in Jamaica are Messrs. Lascelles de Mercado & Co. Ltd. 94 Harbour Street Kingston, (Telephones 2197 and 2802).

## PAN AMERICAN AIRWAYS, INC.—117 HARBOUR ST. KINGSTON.

The General Offices of the Company are in the Chrysler Building, New York City.—135 East 42nd Street. The Kingston Office is at 117 Harbour Street.

The Company operates a regular service, 14 times a week to the United States, Cuba and Mexico, 9 times a week to Central and South America, thrice weekly to Haiti, Dominican Republic, Puerto Rico and Leeward Islands.

It serves Montego Bay daily to and from Camaguey, Cuba and Miami, Florida.

*Type of Aircraft*—Luxurious 4-engined 52-seater Douglas D.C. 4 and 40-seater twin engined Convairs.

*Passenger Rates*—From Kingston to the following ports:—

	Single	Return
	\$	\$
Miami ..	62.00	111.60
Miami ( <i>Tourist Class</i> ) ..	53.00	100.70
New York (PAA to Miami and Eastern Air Lines, or National Airlines from Miami to New York) ..	131.00	245.40
Camaguey, Cuba ..	28.00	50.40
Port-au-Prince, Haiti ..	40.00	72.00
Panama, R. P. ..	70.00	133.70
Baranquilla, Col. ..	64.00	113.20

*Flying time*—From Kingston to the following ports: Miami 2½ hrs.; New York 6½ hrs.; Chicago 6½ hrs.; Montreal 8½ hrs.; Camaguey, Cuba, 1½ hrs.; Havana, 3½ hrs.; Barranquilla, Col. 2½ hrs.; Puerto Rico 6½ hrs.; Trinidad 12 hrs.; Georgetown 15 hrs. and Balboa 3½ hrs.

*Sailing Dates*—Daily for South and Central American Ports; Northbound: Daily for United States and Cuba; Eastbound: Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for Cuba, Haiti, Dominican Republic and Puerto Rico.

Children under two years travel free when accompanied by parent or guardian; between ages of 2 and 12 at 50% of adult tariff, on lines of Pan American Airways and U. S. Domestic Lines.

Air Express (freight) rate to or from Miami, Florida, 20 cents per lb. under 100 lbs., 10 cents per lb. 100-3,300 lbs., 9 cents per lb. over 3,300 lbs., rates to other ports correspondingly low. Special Rates for shipments over 100 lbs.

### TRANS-CANADA AIRLINES

Trans-Canada Air Lines (T.C.A.) commenced a regular scheduled Air Service through Jamaica on December 2nd, 1948. They operate services between Jamaica, Nassau, Toronto and Montreal.

From Toronto and Montreal direct connections can be obtained to all parts of Canada, Ireland, Scotland and England, Europe, Asia, etc. Equipment used is the Canadian North Star, equipped with Rolls-Royce engines.

The Head Office of Trans-Canada Air Lines is in Montreal, Canada. Agents in Jamaica are Lacelles, deMercado & Co. Ltd., 94 Harbour Street, Kingston. Telephones 2197, 3802.

### STEAM COMMUNICATION

General Communication between Kingston and the outports of the island and between the different outports, is maintained by a coastal steamer, operated by the Royal Mail Lines Ltd., and by sailing vessels which trade regularly around the Island, bringing up Island produce to Kingston for transhipment by ocean steamers to Europe, Canada, the United States and other parts of the world, and taking down goods intended for merchants, traders and others at the outports which have been landed in Kingston by Ocean Steamers.

In addition to these coastal steamers and sailing vessels, the Royal Mail Lines, frequently have cargosteamers which bring through freight from Great Britain, and land direct at certain outports. A three weekly mail service is maintained with the Cayman Islands by the Cayman Islands Shipping Company. Communication with the Turks and Caicos Islands is infrequent and irregular and is conducted chiefly by a motor vessel.

All facilities for bunkering steamers with coal and fuel oil can be obtained in Kingston.

### ALCOA S.S. LINE

Operate a fortnightly passenger and freight service from New Orleans to Mobile, via Kingston, Curacao, Venezuela, Trinidad and other Central American Ports.

Head Office is at 17 Battery Place, New York.

Local Agents are Messrs Grace Kennedy & Co., 64 Harbour Street, Kingston.

### BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Sailings from Jamaica to Hong Kong direct, subject to inducements offering for Chinese Passengers in First, Second and Third Class accommodations.

Head Office—Alfred Holt & Co., India Buildings, Liverpool.

New York Agents—Booth American Shipping Corporation, 17 Battery Place.

Agents for China and Japan—Butterfield & Swire, Hong Kong.

Agents in Jamaica—R. S. Gamble & Son, 134 Harbour Street, Kingston.

### CANADIAN NATIONAL STEAMSHIPS

Regular service between Canada, Bermuda, Bahamas and Jamaica.

Agents—Jamaica Fruit & Shipping Co., Ltd., 64 Harbour Street, Kingston.

### CAYMAN ISLANDS SHIPPING COMPANY, LTD.

A regular Mail, Passenger and Freight Service is operated between Kingston, Jamaica and Belize, British Honduras, calling at Grand Cayman and Cayman Brac both ways.

Agents—R. M. Barham, 58 Port Royal St., Kingston, Andrew Masson, Belize, British Honduras, W. L. Foster, Cayman Brac.

General Office—Georgetown, Grand Cayman.



## ELDERS AND FYFFES, LTD.

The Company operates a fortnightly passenger service (first class passenger steamers accommodating 70 passengers) between Avonmouth, Bristol and Kingston.

Head Office of Co. is at 15 Stratton Street, Picadilly, Lon., W.1.

Local Agents: United Fruit Co., 40 Harbour Street, Kingston.

## HARRISON DIRECT LINE

*Head Office*—Thos. & Jas. Harrison, Mersey Chambers, Liverpool.

*Agents in Jamaica*—Arnold L. Malabre & Co., Orange Street.

Sailings are maintained between Liverpool and Kingston by fast modern cargo vessels.

## JAMAICA BANANA PRODUCERS' STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

Freight, Passenger and Mail Service between Jamaica and England (London).

*Head Office*—64 Harbour Street, Kingston.

## JAMAICA FRUIT AND SHIPPING COMPANY, LTD.

THIS Company was formed in September, 1919, with local capital, to engage in the buying and shipping of Jamaica Bananas and other fruits and products.

*Managing Director*—C. E. Johnston.

*Secretary and Accountant*—H. B. Edwards, Grace Building, 64 Harbour Street, Kingston.

## PICKFORD AND BLACK, LTD., (JAMAICA—HALIFAX SERVICE).

Regular sailings between Halifax and Jamaica and *vice versa* calling at Santiago south bound. Steamers call at the principal Jamaica outports.

Freight carried to all points in Canada.

Rates and other information on application to—

Pickford & Black, Ltd.—*Managers, Halifax, Nova Scotia.*

Santiago Terminal Co.—*Agents, Santiago de Cuba.*

H. D. M. Orrett—*General Agent, Kingston, Jamaica.*

## ROYAL MAIL LINES, LIMITED.

Head Office—"Royal Mail House", Leadenhall St., London, Branch Offices in England "America House", Cockspur St., London, "Royal Mail House", Southampton, "Royal Mail House", Cross St., Manchester, 3 Victoria Square, Birmingham, 4 Bothwell St., Glasgow, and The Pacific Steam Navigation Co., "Pacific Building", 30, James Street, Liverpool.

Local Manager (with Headquarters in Jamaica), A. E. West, 8 Port Royal St., Kgn.

West Indies Cargo Service—A frequent service of two or three sailings per month is maintained between London and Kingston. These vessels subsequently load in Jamaica for London direct.

North Pacific Coast Service—A monthly fast service from London to North Pacific is operated calling at Kingston on the outward voyage only. Duration of voyage London/Kingston is 12/14 days.

U.K./Jamaica Passenger Service—m.v. "REINA DEL PACIFICO" (18,000 tons—18 knots) is on the regular service from U. K. to Valparaiso (via Panama Canal) and return. Calls are made at Kingston both outwards and homewards at intervals of about three months.

## SHAW, SAVILL &amp; ALBION LINE

Cabin and Tourist Class Passenger steamers by the direct route between England and New Zealand through the Panama Canal, calling at Jamaica whenever inducements offer.

*Head Offices*—New Zealand Chambers, 88 Leadenhall Street, London, E.C. 3.

*New Zealand Offices*—Corner Customhouse Quay & Brandon Street, Wellington, C. 1.

*Agents in Jamaica*—R. S. Gamble & Son, 134 Harbour Street, Kingston.

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## STANDARD FRUIT &amp; STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

A freight service between New York, Santiago-de-Cuba, Kingston and Haitian Ports is normally maintained.

A regular service is normally maintained between Jamaica and London, England, by fast, modern, oil-burning steamers offering excellent first-class passenger accommodation.

*Head Office*—2 Port Royal Street, Kingston, Jamaica.

*New York Office*—11 Broadway, New York City, N.Y.

*London Agents*—Elders & Fyffes Ltd, 15 Stratton Street, Piccadilly, London., W.C. 1.

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## UNITED FRUIT COMPANY

*Steamship Service*—Frequent sailings by modern cargo steamers between Jamaica and New York, New Orleans and Atlantic Ports of Central and South America.

For full information apply to:—

*Office in Jamaica*—40 Harbour Street, Kingston

*Office in New York*—Pier 3, North River, New York 6.

*General European Agents*—Caribbean Steamship Agency, Ltd., Adelaide House, London Bridge, London, E.C. 4.

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## TRAVELLING IN JAMAICA

By way of introduction to the information about means of travelling in Jamaica, it will be useful to give a brief outline of the main roads of the island, these being the means usually adopted for through travel, although some of the better kept parochial roads are used to a considerable extent.

The island has been divided physically by nature into the northside and the southside, the existence of the central mountainous country being the cause of the division. In the eastern end of the island the lofty range of the Blue Mountains extending from north of Kingston to the sea coast near Manchioneal accentuates the division. In the central and western portion it is by no means so marked, in fact in the very centre of the island there is a stretch of country running east and west of about 30 miles in length occupied by the valleys of three rivers, each of these sinking into the limestone soil and with no visible connection with the sea.

On account of the conformation of the island as above described the system of main roads, until comparatively recent years, consisted of a belt line running round the island with few exceptions, along the sea coast, with loop lines on the plains of St. Andrew St. Catherine and St. Elizabeth, and with three cross connections from the south to the north; one by way of Stony Hill from Kingston to Annotto Bay; a second from Spanish Town to St. Ann's Bay, by way of Mount Diablo, and the third from Savanna-la-Mar to Montego Bay via Mackfield; these three roads crossing the central range of hills at elevations of about 1,350 feet, 1,800 feet, and 1,000 feet, respectively. Commencing at Kingston and going to the east-end, then turning westerly along the northside until Green Island is reached and then returning by the southside to Kingston, the old system of main roads passed through all the principal ports and towns in the island. Founded on it as a basis, there have been either constructed as new roads, or more generally taken over from parochial roads and reconstructed, a very large number of other main roads, creating with the original roads a network over the whole of the inhabited portion of the island, and affording communication between the old northside and southside lines by some fifteen different routes, the whole length of main roads aggregating at the present time, 1944 miles of which nearly the whole are driving roads, of a width nearly everywhere sufficient for a double line of traffic, and generally maintained in very good condition although necessarily liable in times of excessively heavy weather to severe damage from flooded rivers and landslips, and from the heavy scouring effect of the rains on the surface of the roads, especially those on steep gradients. On some of the roads especially on some of the parochial roads recently taken over, heavy gradients are to be encountered, but it has been the aim in recent years to improve the roads in this respect. Many improvements in this direction have taken place, and in new roads steep gradients have been very carefully avoided.

Some of the main roads of recent construction attain much greater elevations than those of the original system. In St. Elizabeth the road over the Santa Cruz mountains reaches a height of 2,200 feet at Malvern; in Manchester the road from Shooter's Hill through Christiana to Ulster Spring touches the 3,000 feet level at Coleyville; the driving road up the Blue Mountain Valley in St. Thomas attains 2,750 feet at Arnully Gap; while the road from near Gordon Town via Newcastle to Buff Bay crosses the main ridge of the Blue Mountain at Hardware Gap at a height somewhat over 4,000 feet; and the road to Mavis Bank rises to a height of 2,800 ft. at the gap at Guava Ridge. All of these roads, as also many others in various parts of the island, afford exquisite views to the traveller, but the Newcastle road gives a succession of views of hills, plains and sea, which are surpassingly striking and beautiful.

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## JAMAICA GOVERNMENT RAILWAY

		£
Length of line in miles 207½	Gross Expenditure ..	605,822
Capital cost, including Rolling Stock £3,302,940	Loss on operation ..	194,007
Particulars for the year 1948-1949—Interest on Railway Loans	..	55,347
Gross Revenue .. £356,467	Deficit ..	249,355
Percentage of Total Expense to Gross Revenue ..	..	169.95%
Percentage of ordinary Working Expenses to Gross Revenue		154.42%

*Return for years during which the Railway has been in the possession of Government*

	Year	Gross Annual Receipts	Working expenses	Debt Charges
		£	£	£
Original line from Kingston to Old Harbour with a branch to Angels (3 miles) purchased from Jamaica Railway Company (April 1879 for .. .. £93,932				
Repairs and improvements .. £107,260				
£201,192				
Loan raised (Law 12 of 1879) .. 140,000				
Length of line—25 miles and 40 chains ..	1879-80	27,628	17,393	4,478
	1880-81	22,137	12,490	5,197
	1881-82	26,034	12,776	6,323
	1882-83	25,839	14,112	6,317
	1883-84	27,086	12,048	6,337
	1884-85	32,019	18,017	23,603
Line extended from Old Harbour to Porus and from Angels to Ewarton opened for traffic in 1885. Length of line—38 miles and 31 chains				
Loans raised for construction and equipment of these two extensions:—				
(Laws 8 and 17 of 1880) .. £400,000				
(Law 17 of 1884) .. £183,000				
( " 14 of 1886) .. 52,000				
£635,000	1885-86	34,824	27,424	31,095
	1886-87	49,095	33,050	37,217
	1887-88	55,685	32,064	38,763
	1888-89	60,860	33,167	40,984
	1889-90	19,126	9,798	19,121
Loans raised under Law 16 of 1887 chiefly for surveys for proposed extension .. £30,100	(31 Dec)			
and under Law 36 of 1888 chiefly for additional rolling stock .. £28,000	½ year			

b. Of this £61,192 was to cover excess of expenditure over amount provided for reconstruction of the old line.

RAILWAY RETURNS, *contd.*

	Year	Gross Anl. Receipts	Working Expenses	Debt Charges
Railway sold to a Company, 1st January, 1890 for c. £100,000 cash and £700,000 in 2nd Mortgage Bonds. Company in terms of Agreement of sale extended lines from Porus to Montego Bay and from Bog Walk to Port Antonio. New line to Montego Bay opened in 1894 and new line to Port Antonio opened in 1896. Guaranteed by Govt. d. £8,000 per mile	1890-91	75,970	48,250	41,751
Owing to default in payment of interest on 1st Mortgage Bonds, Trustees on behalf of Bondholders assumed possession of the Rlwy, in '98.	1891-92	71,486	55,023	41,178
The Government resumed possession on 16th August, 1900, when a final order of the Supreme Court was signed vesting the Railway in the Government	1892-93	71,021	54,956	41,438
Borrowed under Law 12 of 1889 for Redemption of Railway Bonds £1,493,600 and under Law 1 of 1900 for arrears of interest and additional equipment £198,000	1893-94	74,924	55,532	40,385
	1894-95	80,791	56,493	42,593
	1895-96	93,739	63,924	41,240
	1896-97	98,268	69,471	41,715
	1897-98	102,170	76,401	41,391
	1898-99	115,647	98,481	40,957
	1899-00	116,348	96,486	41,807
	1900-01	109,128	86,482	151,646
	1901-02	118,214	77,961	107,892
	1902-03	142,305	80,341	119,037
	1903-04	126,838	92,049	121,969
	1904-05	114,851	90,165	121,845
Railway Second Mortgage Bonds	1905-06	134,569	78,470	146,308
Law 33, 94 and 11, 1915 £45,000 0 0	1906-07	148,421	79,047	116,840
Chapelton Extn. Law 3 of 1912 86,055 0 0	1907-08	153,169	101,692	117,020
	1908-09	144,181	100,642	117,680
	1909-10	163,847	110,564	117,695
Borrowed under Law 33 of 1919 for additional Rolling Stock .. 120,000 0 0	1910-11	161,632	103,948	117,681
and under Law 5 of 1920 197,000 0 0	1911-12	190,007	97,829	117,801
Under Law 18 of 1922 for Railway Capital Works including cost of issue and for Railway Extension to Frankfield including cost of issue .. 566,014 0 0	1912-13	183,279	95,157	117,737
	1913-14	176,677	112,529	117,694
	1914-15	179,381	107,265	118,081
	1915-16	154,721	127,288	119,909
	1916-17	141,571	132,455	121,965
	1917-18	142,899	136,388	121,957
	1918-19	174,044	173,399	122,366
	1919-20	308,244	302,959	122,366
	1920-21	402,173	406,810	138,577
(i) For further expenses .. ..	1921-22	351,557	345,136	161,413
Chapelton Frankfield extension Law 2 of 1927 12,742 0 0	1922-23	342,333	306,571	159,967
For Relaying Track, Law 28 of 1927 .. 216,015 0 0	1923-24	293,398	262,635	169,017
	1924-25	274,701	254,217	185,866
	1925-26	321,814	270,257	189,093

c. The greater portion of £100,000 has been used in providing the track for the line £700,000 has since been written off as a bad debt.

d. The Government also granted the cost of providing the track (£100,000 approximately) and one square mile of Crown land for each mile constructed. Under this agreement some 74,000 acres of land were conveyed to the Company which was afterwards sold to the Government for £18,500.

e Loan exclusive of £38,000—£1,462,000

Less First Mortgage Bonds redeemed before the issue of stock—

By the Company	£6,400	
“ Government	200	6,600

£1,455,400

(£2,100 of Inscribed Stock on account of First Mortgage Bonds was claimed at 31st March, 1906).

e Under Inscribed Stock Law 35 of 1933, the sum of £337,143 was raised to pay off the balance of Loan due under this Law.

RAILWAY RETURNS, *contd.*

	Year	Gross Anl. Receipts	Working Expenses	Debt Charges
(j) Rebuilding No. 1 Pier, Law 13 of 1930 including cost of issue .. £86,505 0 0	1926-27 1927-28 1928-29 1929-30	355,951 391,399 319,592 375,457	297,961 334,658 183,414 326,058	189,198 186,343 186,440 187,683
(k) Further Relaying of Railway Track, Law 20 of 1930 .. £34,237 0 0 Length of Line—210 miles Law 17 of 1933. The Public and Municipal Works Loan Law. Sundry	1930-31 1931-32 1932-33 1933-34	395,421 365,846 322,223 224,987	302,194 279,310 244,869 265,083	183,529 157,621 164,221 156,924
(l) Works and cost of issue £100,485 0 0 Law 35 of 1943—Rolling Stock and Replacement Works £300,000 0 0	1934-35 1935-36 1936-37 1937-38 1938-39 1939-40 1940-41 1941-42 1942-43 1943-44 1944-45	293,767 264,249 279,384 338,500 301,265 238,793 194,967 298,543 404,146 511,621 578,420	262,996 270,744 274,839 275,420 287,728 309,814 348,203 418,021 513,793 730,598 682,851	108,637 90,564 90,144 89,341 58,142 582,78 57,293 65,922 48,636 40,093 49,094
(m) Law 1 of 1946.—Railway Renewal works £200,000 0 0 Law 35 of 1947—Railway Improvement Works £7,256 0 0	1945-46 1946-47 1947-48 1948-49	545,518 390,473 359,831 356,467	673,561 595,982 545,497 550,474	53,571 52,668 55,093 55,347

f In addition a balance taken over of £48,701 in cash and Miscellaneous Stores, £15,097.

g In addition a sum of £30,417 0s. 8d. paid to the Crown Agents by the Colonial Bank in connection with judgment given against the latter on 5th July, 1905.

h—Gross Annual Receipts for 1909-10 are inclusive of £9,250, Insurance of No. 2 Pier, Kingston destroyed by fire 18th May, 1909, and £789 12s. 9d., credit for coal overcharged to Locomotive Department during 1907-08 and 1908-09.

Working expenses for 1909-10 are inclusive of £8,710 rebuilding No. 2 Pier.

i, j and k—These Loans were paid off by new Loans raised under Law 12 of 1938 and Law 1 of 1941.

l—The sum of £48,224 was raised for repaying the Treasury moneys advanced for repayment of balance of the Imperial Treasury Loan 5%, Law 3 of 1912, completion and equipment of Chapelon Extension and is included in this sum.

By a resolution passed on March 30th, 1911, the Legislative Council approved of a branch railway being built at an estimated cost of £92,250. This branch starts from May Pen station and runs up the valley of the Rio Minho to Danks, near Chapelon, (the station is called Chapelon) a distance of 13 miles. It was opened on September 4th, 1913.

In April, 1921, a further length of line of 2½ miles, from Linstead to New Works was opened to traffic but this line was taken up during 1941 and it was considered unprofitable. On March 18th, 1925 the extension from Chapelon to Frankfield, a distance of 10 miles was opened to traffic.

In 1942, construction of a Branch Line from a point 34½ miles from Kingston on the Montego Bay Line to the American Military Base at Vernamfield, was completed—a distance of 5½ miles.

## JAMAICA GOVERNMENT RAILWAY

## TIME TABLE

## KINGSTON—MONTEGO SECTION

Station	Labour Trolley Week Days	Trolley Week Days	Steam Train Daily Except Sunday	Steam Train Week Days	Steam Train Saturdays Only
	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.
Kingston (Dep.) .. .. .	..	7.30	10.00	4.15	..
Gregory Park .. .. .	..	7.49	10.16	4.31	..
Grange Lane .. .. .	..	7.56	10.24	4.38	..
Spanish Town .. .. .	..	8.03A	10.36	4.50	..
Hartlands .. .. .	..	..	10.46	5.01	..
Bushy Park .. .. .	..	..	10.56	5.14	..
Old Harbour .. .. .	..	..	11.06	5.26	..
Inverness Siding .. .. .	..	..	11.19	5.40	..
May Pen .. .. .	6.30 a.	..	11.35	5.58	..
Fort Simonds .. .. .	7.15 a.	..	..	..	..
Four Paths .. .. .	..	..	11.46	6.13	..
Clarendon Pk. Sdg. .. .. .	..	..	12.03	6.32	..
Porus .. .. .	..	..	12.18	6.45	..
Williamsfield .. .. .	..	Arr.	12.44	..	..
Kendal .. .. .	..	..	12.54	..	..
Greenvale .. .. .	..	..	1.15	..	..
Balaclava .. .. .	..	..	1.53	..	..
Appleton .. .. .	..	..	2.16	..	..
Maggotty .. .. .	..	..	2.27	..	..
Ipswich .. .. .	..	..	2.48	..	..
Stonehenge .. .. .	..	..	3.08	..	..
Catadupa .. .. .	..	..	3.22	..	7.40
Cambridge .. .. .	..	..	3.37	..	7.52
Montpelier .. .. .	..	..	3.54	..	8.04
Anchovy .. .. .	..	..	4.07	..	8.13
Montego Bay .. .. .	..	..	4.30	..	8.28

## RAILWAY TIME TABLE (contd.)

## MONTEGO BAY—KINGSTON SECTION

Station	Steam Train Week Days	Market Special Thursdays only	Steam Train Daily Except Sundays	Trolley Daily Except Sundays	Steam Train Saturdays Only
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
Montego Bay (D) ..	..	..	7.30	..	4.30
Anchovy ..	..	..	7.56	..	4.56
Montpelier ..	..	..	8.08	..	5.11
Cambridge ..	..	..	8.24	..	5.26
Catadupa ..	..	..	8.42	..	5.45
Stonehenge ..	..	..	8.53	..	..
Ipswich ..	..	..	9.12	..	..
Maggotty ..	..	..	9.33	..	..
Appleton ..	..	..	9.47	..	..
Balaclava (D) ..	..	..	10.10	..	..
Greenvale ..	..	..	10.49	..	..
Kendal ..	..	..	11.12	..	..
Williamsfield ..	..	..	11.22	..	..
Porus ..	5.30	..	11.46	..	..
Clarendon Park Siding ..	5.45	..	12.02	..	..
Four Paths ..	6.01	..	12.15	..	..
Fort Simonds ..	..	..	4.30	..	..
May Pen ..	6.18	3.00	12.33	..	..
Inverness Siding ..	6.32	..	12.46	..	..
Old Harbour ..	6.48	..	1.04	..	..
Bushy Park ..	6.55	..	1.13	..	..
Hartlands ..	7.03	..	1.25	..	..
Spanish Town ..	7.23	..	1.42	4.53	..
Grange Lane ..	7.30	..	1.51	5.02	..
Gregory Park ..	7.37	..	2.00	5.10	..
Kingston ..	8.00	6.00	2.15	5.25	..



## RAILWAY TIME TABLE (contd.)

## KINGSTON—MAY PEN—FRANKFIELD SECTION

Station	Steam Train Thursday and Saturday	Kala. Monday Tuesday Wednesday and Friday	Kala. Mondays
	p.m.	.p.m.	a.m.
Kingston (Dep.) .. ..	..	..	..
Gregory Park .. ..	..	..	..
Grange Lane .. ..	..	..	..
Spanish Town .. ..	..	..	..
Hartlands .. ..	..	..	..
Bushy Park .. ..	..	..	..
Old Harbour .. ..	..	..	..
Inverness Siding .. ..	..	..	..
May Pen .. ..	6.00	6.00	8.30
Suttons .. ..	6.45	6.27	..
Ivy Store Halt .. ..	..	..	..
Chapelton .. ..	7.05	6.38	..
Morgan's Pass Sdg. .. ..	7.16	6.47	..
Crooked River .. ..	7.30	6.56	..
Trout Hall .. ..	7.40	7.02	..
Frankfield (Arr.) .. ..	7.50	7.11	10.00

## MAY PEN—KINGSTON—FRANKFIELD SECTION

Station	Steam Train Thursday	Steam Train Friday	Kala. Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Saturday	Kala. Mondays
	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.
Frankfield (Dep.) .. ..	1.00	4.30	5.00	10.30
Trout Hall .. ..	1.15	4.43	5.09	..
Crooked River .. ..	1.25	4.53	5.15	..
Morgan's Pass Sdg. .. ..	1.40	5.04	5.24	..
Chapelton .. ..	2.00	5.21	5.33	..
Ivy Store Halt .. ..	..	..	..	12 noon
Suttons .. ..	2.20	5.36	5.44	..
May Pen .. ..	2.55	6.06	6.10	..
Inverness Sdg. .. ..	..	..	..	..
Old Harbour .. ..	Connects with trains from	Connects with trains from	Connects with trains from	Connects with trains from
Bushy Park .. ..	Porus arriving	Porus arriving	Porus arriving	Montego Bay
Hartlands .. ..	Kingston at	Kingston at	Kingston at	arriving Kgn.
Spanish Town .. ..	5.25 p.m.	8.00 a.m.	8.00 a.m.	at 2.15 p.m.
Grange Lane .. ..	..	..	..	..
Gregory Park .. ..	..	..	..	..
Kingston .. ..	..	..	..	..

**RAILWAY TIME TABLE (contd.)**  
**KINGSTON—PORT ANTONIO SECTION**

Station	Rail Coach Fridays Only	Steam Train Week Days	Rail Coach Saturdays Only
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.
Kingston (Dep.) ..	3.00	2.15	..
Gregory Park ..	..	2.30	..
Grange Lane ..	..	2.37	..
Spanish Town ..	..	2.46	..
Bog Walk ..	..	3.12	..
Riversdale ..	..	3.29	..
Harewood Halt ..	..	..	..
Troja ..	..	3.47	..
Richmond ..	..	4.08	..
Highgate ..	..	4.20	..
Albany ..	..	4.41	..
Bellefield Sdg. ..	..	..	..
Grays Inn Siding ..	..	..	..
Annotto Bay ..	..	5.08	..
Windson Castle ..	..	..	..
Buff Bay ..	..	5.33	8.15
Orange Bay Sdg. ..	..	5.44	8.27
Hope Bay ..	..	6.03	8.43
St. Margaret's Bay ..	..	6.13	8.55
Port Antonio (Arr.) ..	6.45	6.30	9.14

**PORT ANTONIO—KINGSTON SECTION**

Station	Steam Train Week Days	Rail Coach Saturdays Only	Rail Coach Mondays Only
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.
Port Antonio (D) ..	6.00	4.30	5.45
St. Margaret's Bay ..	6.22	4.51	..
Hope Bay ..	6.33	5.04	..
Orange Bay Siding ..	6.48	5.21	..
Buff Bay ..	7.03	5.31	..
Windsor Castle ..	..	(Arr.)	..
Annotto Bay ..	7.35	..	..
Gray's Inn Siding ..	..	..	..
Bellefield Siding ..	..	..	..
Albany ..	8.03	..	..
Highgate ..	8.25	..	..
Richmond ..	8.30	..	..
Troja ..	8.59	..	..
Harewood Halt ..	..	..	..
Riversdale ..	9.17	..	..
Bog Walk ..	9.36	..	..
Spanish Town ..	10.00	..	..
Grange Lane ..	10.08	..	..
Gregory Park ..	10.16	..	(Arr.)
Kingston (Arr.) ..	10.30	..	9.30

RAILWAY TIME TABLE (*contd.*)

## KINGSTON—Linstead SECTION

Station						Steam Train Week Days
Kingston ..	..	..	..	..	..	p.m. 2.15
Gregory Park	..	..	..	..	..	2.30
Grange Lane	..	..	..	..	..	2.37
Spanish Town	..	..	..	..	..	2.46
Bog Walk	..	..	..	..	..	3.17
Linstead ..	..	..	..	..	..	3.32

## Linstead—KINGSTON SECTION

Station						Steam Train Week Days
Linstead	..	..	..	..	..	a.m. 6.25
Bog Walk	..	..	..	..	..	6.45
Spanish Town	..	..	..	..	..	7.10
Grange Lane	..	..	..	..	..	Connects with
Gregory Park	..	..	..	..	..	Kingston 8.00
Kingston (Arr.)	..	..	..	..	..	a.m. Train.

## JAMAICA GOVERNMENT RAILWAY

*Passenger Fares Payable*

FROM

KINGSTON STATION

To	Miles	FIRST CLASS		SECOND CLASS		Second Class Market Cheap Tickets
		Ordinary Ticket Fares	Cheap Ticket Fares	Ordinary Ticket Fares	Cheap Ticket Fares	
		Single	Single	Single	Single	Return
Kingston	..	..	..	..	..	..
Gregory Park	7	1/6	1/2	9d.	7d.	..
Grange Lane	9	1/11	1/6	11d.	9d.	..
Spanish Town	12	2/6	2/-	1/3	1/-	..
Hartlands	15	2/8	2/6	1/4	1/3	..
Bushy Park	20	3/8	3/4	1/10	1/8	..
Old Harbour	23	4/4	3/10	2/2	1/11	..
Inverness	28	5/4	4/8	2/8	2/4	..
May Pen	33	6/4	5/6	3/2	2/9	..
Suttons	43	8/6	7/2	4/3	3/7	..
Chapelton	46	9/2	7/8	4/7	3/10	..
Morgans Pass	49	9/9	8/2	4/10	4/1	..
Crooked River	52	10/4	8/8	5/2	4/4	..
Trout Hall	53	10/6	8/10	5/3	4/5	..
Frankfield	56	11/2	9/4	5/7	4/8	..
Four Paths	37	7/2	6/2	3/7	3/1	..
Clarendon Park	43	8/6	7/2	4/3	3/7	..
Porus	47	9/4	7/10	4/8	3/11	..
Williamsfield	53	10/6	8/10	5/3	4/5	..
Kendal	55	11/-	9/2	5/6	4/7	..
Greenvale	61	12/2	10/2	6/1	5/1	..
Balaclava	70	14/4	11/8	7/2	5/10	..
Appleton	77	15/6	12/10	7/9	6/5	..
Maggotty	80	16/2	13/4	8/1	6/8	..
Ipswich	86	17/6	14/4	8/9	7/2	..
Stonchenge	91	18/6	15/2	9/3	7/7	..
Catadupa	94	19/2	15/8	9/7	7/10	..
Cambridge	98	20/-	16/4	10/-	8/2	..
Montpelier	103	21/-	17/2	10/6	8/7	..
Anchovy	106	21/8	17/8	10/10	8/10	..
Montego Bay	113	23/-	18/10	11/6	9/5	..
Bog Walk	21	3/10	3/6	1/11	1/9	..
Linstead	24	4/6	4/-	2/3	2/-	..
Riversdale	27	5/2	4/6	2/7	2/3	..
Troja	31	6/-	5/2	3/-	2/7	..
Richmond	36	7/-	6/-	3/6	3/-	..
Highgate	38	7/6	6/4	3/9	3/2	..
Albany	43	8/6	7/2	4/3	3/7	..
Annotto Bay	50	10/-	8/4	5/-	4/2	..
Windsor Castle	55	11/-	9/2	5/6	4/7	..
Buff Bay	59	11/1	9/10	5/11	4/11	..
Orange Bay	62	12/6	10/4	6/3	5/2	..
Hope Bay	66	13/6	11/-	6/9	5/6	..
St. Margaret's Bay	70	14/2	11/8	7/1	5/10	..
Port Antonio	75	15/2	12/6	7/7	6/3	..

## MOTOR VEHICLES

The use of Motor Vehicles in Jamaica is regulated by the Road Traffic Law, Chapter 310 which gives power to the Governor in Executive Council to make Regulations for their control. These Regulations have the force of Law.

Regulations under this Law were published in the Gazette of 17th March, 1938, and copies containing these Regulations may be obtained from the Government Printing Office.

"*Motor Tractors*" are defined as motor vehicles which are not constructed themselves to carry any load other than the following articles, that is to say, water, fuel, accumulators and other equipment used for the purpose of propulsion, loose tools and loose equipment.

"*Trucks*" are defined as motor vehicles which are constructed themselves to carry a load or passengers or both.

"*Motor Cars*" are defined as motor vehicles which are:—

- (1) constructed solely for the carriage of passengers and their effects; and
- (2) adapted to carry not more than seven passengers, exclusive of the driver.

"*Motor Cycles*" are defined as motor vehicles with less than four wheels and the unladen weight of which does not exceed eight hundred-weight.

"*Invalid Carriages*" are defined as motor vehicles the weight of which unladen does not exceed five hundred-weight, and which are specially designed and constructed, and not merely adapted, for the use of persons suffering from some physical defect or disability and are solely used by such persons.

"*Trailers*" are defined as vehicles without motive power designed or used for carrying goods or freight or persons wholly on their own structure and for being drawn by a motor vehicle.

The Law and the Regulations provide for the Island being divided into 13 Traffic Areas and 5 Licensing Areas.

All motor vehicles must be registered with the Licensing Authority and have the Registration number on two Plates, one on the front and one on the back of the vehicle. The Plates are supplied by the Licensing Authority through the Collector of Taxes, as well as a License Disc to be carried on the inside of the wind-screen. Regulation Plates cost 5/- per pair.

Each motor vehicle must be examined and a Certificate of Fitness issued by the Examiner of the Traffic Area Authority before it is licensed.

Drivers of motor vehicles also must be examined by the Examiner of the Traffic Area Authority. The fee for a Licence is 10/- and the duration is from 1st April to 31st March. Forging or altering a Licence or allowing it to be used by any other than the Licensee is an offence.

Dangerous and careless driving are offences under the Law.

Lamps and warning devices must be carried on vehicles.

Spot Lights are prohibited, and so are cut-outs.

All accidents must be reported to the nearest Police Station within 24 hours.

Offences may be tried summarily before a Resident Magistrate or two Justices of the Peace.

## TAXES

Motor Cars .. .. .	£8 0 0
Each Motor Car operating as a P.P.V. .. .. .	9 0 0
<i>Motor Trucks</i> are taxed according to their weight:—	
Not exceeding 20 cwt. .. .. .	5 10 0
Exceeding 20 cwt. and not exceeding 40 cwt. .. .. .	6 0 0
Exceeding 40 cwt. and not exceeding 50 cwt. .. .. .	7 10 0
Exceeding 50 cwt. .. .. .	12 10 0
Vehicles using uncustomed spirits (Diesel) for fuel are liable to additional Duty at the following rate:—	
Not exceeding 30 cwt. .. .. .	28 0 0
Exceeding 30 and not exceeding 40 cwt. .. .. .	32 0 0
Exceeding 40 and not exceeding 50 cwt. .. .. .	36 0 0
Exceeding 50 and not exceeding 60 cwt. .. .. .	42 0 0
Exceeding 60 .. .. .	48 0 0
<i>Motor Cycles and Invalid Carriages:—</i>	
Not exceeding 3 cwt. .. .. .	1 0 0
Exceeding 3 cwt. .. .. .	1 10 0
<i>Trailers</i> 2/- per cwt.	

Vehicles used for the carriage of passengers for reward or for the carriage of goods are liable to an additional Tax for Road Licence, or Carriers Licence as the case may be.

*Speed limits* in the various parishes will be found published in the Jamaica Gazette Extraordinary of the 17th December, 1938.

## ISLAND TRAFFIC AUTHORITY

(OFFICES: CORNER OF DUKE AND PORT ROYAL STREETS)

Under the Road Traffic Law Chapter 310 the control of traffic in the Colony is vested in the Island Traffic Authority with subordinate local Traffic Area Authorities in each parish. The Island Traffic Authority consists of the Director of Public Works, (*Chairman*), the Commissioner of Police and Mr. W. J. Masterton. The Law also provides for the appointment of a Supervisor of Traffic and Transport and Motor Examiners.

### ESTABLISHMENT OF THE ISLAND TRAFFIC DEPARTMENT

Post	Name of holder	Salary			Date of first Appointment to Public Service
		£	s.	d.	
Supervisor of Traffic and Transport	J. B. L. Taylor	900	0	0	5th July, 1930
Second Class Clerk	A. B. Miller	265	0	0	14th Feb., 1939
Ditto	A. H. Abrahams	225	0	0	15th Dec., 1942
Third Class Clerk	A. E. Robinson	135	0	0	8th Dec., 1948
Ditto	W. G. Gordon	120	0	0	3rd April 1944
Female Clerk, Grade II	Mrs. F. C. McLean	225	0	0	12th Nov., '43
Ditto Grade III	Mrs. H. E. Dyer	165	0	0	1st April, 1945
Motor Examiner Grade I	H. A. Muschett	450	0	0	1st Mar., 1938
Ditto	E. A. Marshall	450	0	0	1st Mar., 1938
Ditto	E. M. Byles	450	0	0	1st Mar., 1938
Ditto	G. O. Fisher	400	0	0	1st Feb., 1939
Motor Examiner Grade II	E. C. Bubb-Clarke	350	0	0	1st Mar., 1938
Ditto	V. Codrington	350	0	0	1st Mar., 1938
Ditto	J. Silvera	350	0	0	1st Mar., 1938
Ditto	H. R. Hitchens	350	0	0	1st Nov., 1938
Ditto	A. A. Stedman	350	0	0	1st Feb., 1939
Ditto	A. G. McDermott	350	0	0	15th Feb., 1939
Ditto	G. R. Cooper	350	0	0	1st Mar., 1941
Ditto	E. A. Plummer	350	0	0	1st Mar., 1938
Ditto	C. G. Robertson	300	0	0	1st Feb., 1939
Ditto	L. Wathe	275	0	0	1st July., 1947
Ditto	L. E. Constantine	275	0	0	1st, May, 1948
Ditto	W. R. Boyd-Brown	250	0	0	1st May, 1948
Motor Examiner Grade III	R. Fielding	200	0	0	8th Nov., 1948

## PUBLIC PARKING PLACES

The following public parking places have been established in Kingston:

1. South Parade from the kerb to the West of Queen Victoria Statue to West Parade.
2. East Parade, opposite Coke Chapel.
3. Old Wolmers Yard, Corner South Parade and Laws Street.
4. Duke Street, west side from Port Royal Street to the Sea.
5. Harbour Street from Duke Street to Johns Lane and Water Lane on the north.

The following is a list of places where parking is prohibited:—

1. East Queen Street between East Street and Johns Lane, south side.
2. East Street between Laws Street and East Queen Street, west side.
3. Hanover Street between Tower Street and Harbour Street, west side.
4. King Street between Water Lane and Harbour Street, eastern side and western side.
5. Tower Street between King Street and Temple Lane, north side.
6. Harbour Street between Temple Lane and Peters Lane, both sides.
7. West Parade between West Queen Street and South Parade, both sides.
8. Victoria Avenue, between South Camp Road and Blake Road, both sides.
9. On the north side of East Queen Street between Johns Lane and Duke Street.
10. Church Street from Harbour Street to Laws Street, eastern side.
11. South Camp Road, Woodford Park opposite Camp Dene on the western side.
12. Spanish Town Road from West Street to Chapel Lane, both sides.
13. Spanish Town Road from Chapel Lane to Darling Street, northern side.
14. Oxford Street from Spanish Town Road to North Street, western side.
15. Bond Street from Spanish Town Road to North Street, western side.
16. North Street on the southern side (in front of the Public Hospital) from Rose Lane to Princess Street.
17. Port Royal Street from West Street to Little Pechon Street, both sides.
18. Port Royal Street from East Street to Duke Street, both sides.
19. Port Royal Street from Duke Street to West Street on alternate sides on alternate blocks.
20. Princess Street from West Queen Street to Beeston Street, eastern side.
21. Heywood Street from Orange Street to Rose Lane, southern side.
22. East Parade from West Queen Street to South Parade, both sides.
23. Church Street, between Harbour Street and Port Royal Street, both sides.
24. Water Lane from Gold Street to West Street on both sides.
25. Temple Lane from South Parade to Barry Street and from Tower Street to Port Royal Street on both sides.
26. Peters Lane from South Parade to Barry Street and from Tower Street to Port Royal Street on both sides.
27. Portions of Cross Roads, St. Andrew.
28. Within 20ft. of the intersections when marked by white lines.

## HACKNEY CARRIAGE STANDS

(for Hackney Carriages only)

## KINGSTON

## A.—Animal Drawn

	No. of Vehicles
1. Duke Street between Harbour and Port Royal Streets, in the forenoon on the east side, in the afternoon on the west side .. ..	4
2. King Street parallel to the Victoria Market, east side .. ..	8
3. Elletson Road north of Victoria Avenue, east side .. ..	4
4. Regent Street north of North Street, west side .. ..	4
5. Drummond Street, north side .. ..	4
6. Port Royal Street between Pechon and West Streets, south side .. ..	8
7. Rum Lane between Harbour and Tower Streets, east side .. ..	6
8. Heywood Street between King and Orange Streets, south side .. ..	6
9. Barry Street west of the Railway Station, south side .. ..	15
10. Clovelly Road, east side .. ..	6
11. Hanover Street between Laws and Barry Streets, west side .. ..	6
12. Orange Street from Port Royal Street to South Street, west side .. ..	4

## B.—Mechanically Propelled:

1. Barry Street between King and Church Streets, south side .. ..	8
2. Tower Street between Temple and Mark Lanes, north side .. ..	8
3. Tower Street between King and Orange Streets, north side .. ..	10
4. South Parade between King Street and Peter's Lane .. ..	6
5. Barry Street in front of the Railway Station, north side .. ..	12
6. Duke Street below Port Royal Street, east side .. ..	6
7. Church Street below Port Royal Street, west side .. ..	6
8. King Street between Beeston and Charles Streets, east side .. ..	8
9. Beeston Street between East Street and George's Lane, south side .. ..	4
10. Victoria Avenue east of South Camp Road, south side .. ..	8
11. South Camp Road north of East Queen Street, east side .. ..	10
12. East Street between East Queen and Sutton Streets, east side .. ..	6
13. North Street between Orange Street and Chancery Lane, south side .. ..	4
14. Pechon Street north of Harbour Street, west side .. ..	8
15. Duke Street between East Queen and Sutton Streets, east side .. ..	6
16. North Parade between Orange and King Streets, south side .. ..	4
17. Princess Street south of Port Royal Street, east side .. ..	6
18. Orange Street from Port Royal Street to South Street, west side .. ..	4
19. Hanover Street between Harbour Street and the sea, west side .. ..	10
20. King Street parallel to the Victoria Market, west side .. ..	8



## ST. ANDREW—CROSS ROADS

No. of  
VehiclesB.—*Mechanically Propelled*

21. On the southern side of Market Square.

## TORRINGTON BRIDGE

B.—*Mechanically Propelled*:

22. On the road east of the bridge and 50 feet from the bridge, north side 3

## HALFWAY TREE

B.—*Mechanically Propelled*:

23. On the Constant Spring Road north of the market gate, east side 3

24. On Deanery Road at its junction with South Camp Road south-east side 2

A.—*Animal Drawn*:

13. On Deanery Road at its junction with South Camp Road, south-east side ?

Provided that no Hackney Carriage shall stand or park at any part of any thoroughfare within 40 feet of any street intersection or at which signs prohibiting parking may be exhibited.

## ROAD TRAFFIC LAW—CHAPTER 310

## FARE TABLE

*Hackney Carriage*

Licencees..... Address.....

Registration No..... P.P.V. No..... Rd. Licence No.....

## 1. Between the hours of 5 a.m. and 12 m.n.

(a) For every person conveyed between any two points in the area contained within the defined market limits of any town, village or district situated within the ..... Area.

For the first mile or any fractional part thereof 1/6

For every additional mile or any fractional part thereof beyond the first mile 1/-

For every person in addition to one so conveyed within the first mile 6d.

And for every additional or any fractional part thereof beyond the first mile 6d.

(b) Where a driver is required to wait he shall be entitled to charge for every 10 minutes or fractional part thereof the sum of 3d.

(c) For every child or two children between the ages of 3 years and 14 years the charge shall be one-half of the afore-mentioned rate of fares.

(d) No charge shall be made for any child under 3 years of age accompanied by any person or persons.

2. Between the hours of 12 m.n. and 5 a.m. the fares set forth in the above Tables shall be increased by one-half the respective amounts thereof.

3. The rates set out at (a) represent the rates for a single journey and the driver shall not be entitled to charge for any return journey if the carriage be not occupied by the fare on such return journey.

*Rates for a journey to a destination from any point within the above limits to a point beyond such limits*

*Day Rate	Hour Rate	Mile Rate	Rate for Waiting
£3 per day of 12 hours	12/- per hour	1/- per mile	See condition 6

\* Applicable only outside the Corporate Area.

## CONDITIONS ATTENDANT ON THESE RATES:

1. Maximum mileage for "Day Rate" not to exceed.....Sixty.....miles in one day.
  2. Maximum mileage for "Hour Rate" not to exceed.....Twelve.....miles in any one hour.
  3. Additional mileage under Day or Hour Rate to be charged as under "Mile Rate".
  4. Where the contract of hire is for a journey at the fixed rate per mile, if the total mileage to the point of destination does not exceed.....Eighty.....miles from the starting point, the HIRER shall be entitled to be paid for the total mileage to and from such destination whether or not the carriage is occupied by the HIRER or his agent on the return journey.
  5. Where the contract at hire is for a journey of the fixed rate per mile, if the total mileage to the point of destination exceeds.....Eighty.....miles from the starting point, the HIRER shall be entitled to be paid for the total mileage to and from such destination PROVIDED THAT if the carriage be not occupied on the return journey the HIRER shall not be required to pay for more than.....Eighty.....miles of such return journey.
  6. Where a driver is required to wait he shall be entitled to charge the following rates:—
    - (a) For any time within and not exceeding half an hour .. .. 3/-
    - (b) For any time exceeding half an hour but not exceeding one hour 6/-
    - (c) For every additional half hour or any fractional part thereof after the first hour .. .. 2/-
- NOTE: This Fare Table is issued in accordance with CONDITION 1 attaching to Hackney Carriage Licence No.... which expires on the 31st day of March, 19.. and continues in force during the currency of the said Licence and no longer. APPROVED on behalf of the Licensing Authority for the .....Area on the.....day of .....19.....

.....  
*Supervisor of Traffic and Transport*

## ONE-WAY STREETS (KINGSTON)

*The following Streets were declared one-way streets and approved by the Governor in Privy Council on 14th August, 1928*

Name of the Thoroughfare	Portion of Thoroughfare	Direction in which Vehicles are to be driven or operated
1 Barry Street	Hanover-st to West-st	East to West
2 Tower Street	Pechon-st to Hanover-st	West to East
3 Water Lane	Hanover-st to Pechon-st	East to West
4 George's Lane	East Queen-st to Harbour-st	North to South
5 John's Lane	Port Royal-st to East Queen-st	South to North
6 Mark Lane	East Queen-st to Port Royal-st	North to South
7 Temple Lane	Port Royal-st to Tower-st and from Barry-st to South Parade	South to North
8 Peter's Lane	South Parade to Barry-st and from Tower-st to Port Royal-st	North to South
9 Luke Lane	Port Royal-st to Heywood-st	South to North
10 Matthew's Lane	Heywood-st to Port Royal-st	North to South

*Approved by Governor in Privy Council, 6th May, 1929*

11 Port Royal-st	Pechon-st to West end of Port Royal-st	East to West
12 Little Pechon-st	Port Royal-st to Harbour-st	South to North
13 Taylor's Lane	South Camp Road to Emmaville Avenue	West to East

*Approved by the Governor in Privy Council, 17th Sept., 1935*

14 Robert-st	Throughout	West to East
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*Approved by Governor in Privy Council, 7th February, 1936*

15 Foster Lane	Tower-st to Harbour-st	North to South
16 Orange St.	Beckford to Harbour Streets	North to South
17 Princess St.	Harbour to West Queen Streets	South to North
18 Thompson Alley		North to South
19 Beeston St.	John's Lane to Church Street	East to West
20 Beckford St.	Orange Street to West Street	East to West

## STAGE CARRIAGE SERVICES

### KINGSTON AND ST. ANDREW

#### *Rockfort Gardens*

South Parade to Rockfort Gardens (Near Whitehouse)—

OUTWARD—via South Parade, East Parade, East Queen Street, Victoria Avenue, Windward Road.

INWARD—Returning over the same route.

#### *Constant Spring to Beechwood Avenue*

Constant Spring to South Parade (At Peter's Lane):—

INWARD—via Constant Spring Road, Halfway-Tree Road, Slipe Road, Torrington Road, West Race Course, Upper King Street, North Parade, East Parade, and South Parade and to Beechwood Avenue and Park Avenue via West Parade, North Parade, East Parade, East Queen Street, South Camp Road, Caledonia Avenue, Cross Roads, Halfway-Tree Road, Retirement Road, Lyndhurst Road.

OUTWARD—Returning over the same route.

#### *Molynes Road*

South Parade (At Peter's Lane)—junction Molynes and Waltham Park Roads—

OUTWARD—via Beckford Street, Princess Street, Slipe Pen Road, Brentford Road, Elgin Road, Lyndhurst Road, Maxfield Avenue, Molynes Road.

INWARD—Returning over the same route to Princess Street, West Queen Street and West North, East and South Parade.

#### *Jones Town*

West Queen Street and West Parade to Penn Street (Admiral Town)—

OUTWARD—via West Parade, Beckford Street, Princess Street, Studley Park Road, Livingston Street, Asquith Street and Price Street.

INWARD—via Baker Street, Slipe Pen Road and Princess Street.

#### *Maxfield Avenue*

West Queen Street and West Parade to Junction Robinson and Omara Roads—

OUTWARD—via West Parade, North Parade, East Parade, South Parade, Beckford Street, Princess Street, West Queen Street, Spanish Town Road, Maxfield Avenue, Chisholm Avenue, Omara Road.

INWARD—Returning over the same route to West Queen and Princess Streets and thence to West Queen Street only

*Fernandez Avenue*

Fernandez Avenue and Jackson Road to South Parade and Peter's Lane—

INWARD—via Jackson Road, Giltress Street, Portland Road, Cumberland Avenue, Elletson Road, Glemnore Road, South Camp Road, North Street, Princess Street, along West Queen Street, West Parade, North Parade, East Parade to South Parade.

OUTWARD—South Parade, Beckford Street, Princess Street and thence over the same route to Elletson Road, Sussex Lane, Cambridge Street, Cumberland Avenue, Portland Road, Giltress Street, Jackson Road and Fernandez Avenue.

*Papine to Mountain View Avenue via Hagley Park Road.*

Papine to Junction Mountain View Avenue and Old Hope Road via Hope Road, Hagley Park Road, Spanish Town Road, West Queen Street, West Parade, North Parade, East Parade, South Parade, West Parade, North Parade, East Parade, East Queen Street, Victoria Avenue, Windward Road, Mountain View Avenue, returning over the same route to East Parade, thence via South Parade, Beckford Street, Princess Street, West Queen Street, and over the same route to the terminus.

*Waltham Park Road*

West Queen Street and West Parade to Seaward and Molyne's Roads—

OUTWARD—via West Parade, North Parade, East Parade, South Parade, Beckford Street, Princess Street, West Queen Street, Spanish Town Road, Waltham Park Road and Molyne's Road.

INWARD—Returning over the same route to West Queen and Princess Streets and thence to West Queen Street only.

*Vineyard Town*

Deanery Road (By Residence No. 63) to South Parade—

INWARD—via Deanery Road, Merriem Road, Deanery Road across to South Camp Road, North Street and Church Street, East Parade, South Parade.

OUTWARD—Returning over the same route to Deanery Road via West Parade and North Parade.

*Denham Town*

South Parade to Examination Depot (Spanish Town Road)—

OUTWARD—via Beckford Street, Princess Street, West Queen Street, Spanish Town Road, Bond Street, Blunt Street, Gurling Street, Minstrel Street, Asquith Street, then west to First Street, Fifth Street, Second Street, Nathan Street, Duff Street, Tobias Street, Harris Street, Spanish Town Road, East Avenue, Greenwich Town, Seaview Avenue, Greenwich Town West Avenue, Greenwich Town, Spanish Town Road.

INWARD—Over the same route to West Queen Street and thence to South Parade via West Parade, North Parade, East Parade.

*East Race Course*

Duke and Port Royal Streets to Junction Hopefield and Seymour Avenues—

OUTWARD—via Duke Street, Manchester Square, South Race Course, East Race Course, Marescaux Road, Caledonia Crescent, Caledonia Bye-Pass, Slips Road, Cross Roads, Old Hope Road, Lady Musgrave Road, Seaview Avenue, Seymour Avenue to Hopefield Avenue.

INWARD—Returning via Hopefield Avenue, Lady Musgrave Road, Old Hope Road and over the same route to Duke and Port Royal Streets.

*Rollington Town*

Giltress Street and Waterloo Road to Barry Street (Opposite the Jamaica Government Railway)—

INWARD—via Waterloo Road, Langston Road, Deanery Road, Elletson Road, Tower Street, Fleet Street, Harbour Street, West Street, Barry Street to the Jamaica Government Railway.

OUTWARD—Returning over the same route substituting Highholborn Street, for Fleet Street.

*Hope Gardens*

Papine to South Parade (At Peter's Lane)—

INWARD—via Hope Road, Cross Roads, Slipe Road, Orange Street, North Parade, East Parade.

OUTWARD—Returning via West Parade, Orange Street, and over the same route.

## GARAGES IN KINGSTON

A. C. Garage	..	..	..	60½ East Queen Street
Blair's Garage	..	..	..	53 Church Street
Commercial Garage	..	..	..	60A East Queen Street
Crook, John	..	..	..	7-11 Hanover Street
deCordova Agencies	..	..	..	164 Harbour Street
Dunlop & Cooper	..	..	..	24 East Street
Efficient Garage	..	..	..	136D Orange Street
Eveready Garage	..	..	..	75 Harbour Street
Francis Garage	..	..	..	68 West Street
Jamaica Motor Repairs & Agencies	..	..	..	22 West Street
Kingston Industrial Garage	..	..	..	34-38 Church Street
Lane Garage	..	..	..	103 Water Lane
Lindo's Garage	..	..	..	Hanover Street
E. M. Martin's Garage	..	..	..	76 Harbour Street
McCaulay's	..	..	..	34 Duke Street
M. C. Garage	..	..	..	8 West Street
Motor Sales & Service	..	..	..	159 Harbour Street
Motta's Garage	..	..	..	2A Gold Street
Penso's Carriage & Auto Supply Co.	..	..	..	89-92 Orange Street
Rockfort Garage	..	..	..	71 West Street
Sinclair's Garage	..	..	..	31½ Hanover Street
Standard Garage	..	..	..	59 Harbour Street
L. A. Stewart	..	..	..	24-26 Hanover Street
Sutton Brown	..	..	..	72 Tower Street
Theatre Garage	..	..	..	20 North Parade
United Motors	..	..	..	East Parade
Vaz Transportation Service	..	..	..	46 Hanover Street
Waddington Garage	..	..	..	162 Harbour Street

## THE ROAD CODE

## TO ALL USERS OF THE ROAD

"A failure on the part of any person to observe any provision of the Road Code shall not of itself render that person liable to criminal proceedings of any kind, but any such failure may in any proceedings (whether civil or criminal and including proceedings for an offence under the Road Traffic Law, Chap. 310) be relied upon by any party to the proceedings as tending to establish or to negative any liability which is in question in those proceedings." (Chapter 310, Section 80 (3)).

- (1) All persons have a right to use the road for the purpose of passage.
- (2) As the manner in which you use the road affects a large number of others, show care and courtesy at all times and avoid unnecessary noise.
- (3) Accidents are inevitable unless due allowance is made for possible errors on the part of others.
- (4) Before using the road be sure that your alertness or sense of caution is not affected by alcohol or fatigue. A fraction of a second may make all the difference in avoiding an accident. If you cannot give the necessary concentration, you are risking not only your own life but the lives of others.
- (5) Learn the traffic signals used by persons regulating traffic and by drivers of vehicles.
- (6) Every person who uses the road should learn thoroughly those Rules in the Code which apply to him in particular, and should make himself familiar with those which concern other classes of road users.
- (7) Keep your dog under proper control whether it is on the road or in a vehicle.

## TO DRIVERS OF MOTOR VEHICLES

## (INCLUDING MOTOR CYCLISTS)

*Rule of the Road—*

- (8) Keep as near to the left as practicable, unless about to overtake or turn to the right.
- (9) Remember that the faster you are travelling, the smaller is the margin of safety should an emergency arise, and the more serious must be the result of an accident.
- (10) Always be able to pull up your vehicle well within the distance for which you can see the road to be clear, whether by night or by day.
- (11) At night always drive well within the limits of your lights. When your headlights are dipped or extinguished, be specially careful. If you are dazzled, slow even to a standstill.
- (12) Take special care when it is misty or rainy, when light is bad, or when roads are wet, slippery or otherwise dangerous.
- (13) Go slow in narrow roads or winding lanes, however familiar they may be to you.

*Duties towards other Road Users—*

- (14) Do not drive in a spirit of competition with other road users. If another driver shows lack of care or good manners, do not attempt any form of retaliation.
- (15) Remember that you cannot be certain of the movements of pedestrians. Be ready for children who may run suddenly on to the road and for people who may step from a sidewalk. Make allowance for the hesitation of the aged and infirm and for the blind.
- (16) Give plenty of room to pedestrians, especially in wet weather. Avoid splashing pedestrians on occasions when the road is wet and pools of water have collected.
- (17) Go slow when passing animals and give them as wide a berth as possible. Stop if necessary, or if signalled to do so. Should you when driving in the country meet or overtake a herd of cattle or other driven animals, slow down to a crawl, and if it is night, dim your lights and co-operate with the herdsman.
- (18) Be prepared to meet pedestrians and led animals coming towards you on your own side of the road. Stop if signalled.
- (19) Take special care when passing a stationary vehicle or any other form of obstruction which prevents a clear view of pedestrians or oncoming traffic.
- (20) When the traffic in front of you is held up, do not drive on the right or off-side of the road and thereby obstruct traffic.

(21) Never open the door of a vehicle without first making sure that you will not endanger or inconvenience anyone on the road or sidewalk and keep a good look-out when getting in or out on the right or off-side.

(22) When the load carried on your vehicle projects behind the vehicle it is helpful to other traffic to mark the end of the projection by means of a red cloth.

(23) Do not drive abreast as this endangers and obstructs other traffic.

(24) When pulling out from a parking place, look behind to see what is coming and give a signal.

(25) When two vehicles of the same class approach one another on a hill on which there is not sufficient space to pass, the vehicle proceeding down the hill shall have the right of way over the other vehicle which latter will reverse down the hill to a place where they may pass in safety. Provided that in the case of a truck meeting a car the car shall give way to the truck.

#### *Cross Roads, Corners and Bends—*

(26) Take special care at cross roads, corners and bends.

(27) When turning from one road into another, go slow and give way to any pedestrians crossing the road out of which or into which you are turning.

(28) Proceed with special care when coming from a minor road into a major road and give way to traffic on the major road. Stop just before entering the major road.

#### *Overtaking—*

(29) Overtake only on the right except when a driver in front has signalled his intention to turn to the right.

(30) Tramcars may be overtaken on either side. Before overtaking a tramcar which is about to stop, or is stationary, watch carefully to see if passengers are about to board or alight, and if so, stop until the tramcar has moved on.

(31) Never attempt to overtake if by so doing you are likely to inconvenience or endanger any other road user.

(32) Avoid overtaking at any places fixed as pedestrian crossings.

(33) Overtake only if you can do so without forcing the person overtaken or approaching traffic to swerve or slacken speed. Be particularly careful in overtaking a vehicle which has a left-hand drive.

(34) Never accelerate when being overtaken.

(35) Never cut out that is, never turn out from the left or near side of the road sharply without giving ample warning and being satisfied that it is safe to do so.

(36) Never overtake at a blind corner or bend, or at or approaching the brow of a steep hill or a hump-backed bridge or road.

(37) Never overtake at cross roads.

#### *Reversing—*

(38) Never turn or reverse your vehicle unless you have satisfied yourself that it is safe to do so. Look out especially for pedestrians and children. Always go to a side road or entrance, back into it and then come forward into the major road.

#### *Traffic Signs and Signals—*

(39) Keep a good look-out for all traffic signals, signs and lines, and carefully follow the indications they give. (See Appendix).

(40) Before you stop or slow down or change direction, give the appropriate signal clearly and in good time. If you use a direction indicator see that it is returned to neutral as soon as your movement is completed. Remember that the driver of a left-hand vehicle cannot always see your signals if you are driving a right-hand drive.

(41) When approaching a Police Constable or other person regulating traffic signal the direction in which you intend to go. (See Appendix). Do not rely on signals to proceed given by unauthorised persons.

#### *Filtration—*

(42) When you are held up at a road junction by a person regulating traffic, do not turn to the left—that is, filter—unless you are given a definite indication to do so by him.

#### *Obstruction—*

(43) When you stop draw up close to the side of the road, and do not stop by the side of a Fire Hydrant or road repairs or any other obstacle. Never stop opposite or nearly opposite a standing vehicle.

(44) Never allow your vehicle to remain standing close to a bend or road junction, on or near the brow of a hill or a hump-backed bridge or in any other dangerous position.

(45) Never leave your vehicle standing in such a position as to obscure any pedestrian crossing or traffic sign or private entrance.

(46) Never leave your vehicle without lights at night on an unlit or badly lit road.

(47) Never, if it can be avoided, put questions to a Constable regulating traffic; you distract his attention and may cause obstruction or danger.

#### *Convoys—*

(48) If you are a driver in a convoy or a driver of one of a series of large vehicles, such as lorries or motor coaches, do not drive close behind the vehicle in front of you. Leave ample space so that a faster vehicle, after overtaking you can draw in to the left, if necessary, before overtaking the next vehicle.

#### *Lamp—*

(49) Dip your headlights when meeting other vehicles on the road.

(50) Dip your headlights when you are following another vehicle which you do not intend to overtake.

(51) When driving through mist turn on your side and tail lamps.

#### *Horns and Noises—*

(52) Make as little noise as you can. Do not sound your horn or race your engine when your vehicle is stationary. Sudden noisy acceleration is unnecessary and disturbing, and also bad for your engine.

(53) Remember that the sounding of your horn does not give you the right of way or absolve you from the duty of taking every precaution to avoid an accident.

#### *Brakes and Tyres—*

(54) Give regular attention to your brakes and see that they are always efficient.

(55) Always maintain your tyres in a safe condition and, in the case of pneumatic tyres, see that they are kept constantly at a proper pressure.

### TO CYCLISTS

#### *Rule of the Road—*

(56) Keep as near to the left as practicable, unless about to overtake or turn to the right.

#### *Control of Vehicle—*

(57) Always keep a good look-out, especially when riding with dropped handlebars.

(58) Remember that the faster you are travelling the smaller is the margin of safety should an emergency arise, and the more serious must be the result of an accident.

(59) Always be able to pull up your cycle well within the distance for which you can see the road to be clear whether by night or by day.

(60) Never ride without holding the handlebars.

(61) Take special care when visibility is affected by mist or rain, or when the light is bad, or when the roads are wet, slippery, or otherwise dangerous.

#### *Duties to Other Road Users—*

(62) Remember that you cannot be certain of the movements of pedestrians. Be ready for children who may run suddenly on to the road and for people who may step from a sidewalk. Make allowance for the hesitation of the aged and infirm and for the blind.

(63) Give plenty of room to pedestrians.

(64) Be prepared to meet pedestrians and led animals coming towards you on your own side of the road.

(65) Take special care when passing a stationary vehicle or any other form of obstruction which prevents a clear view of pedestrians or on coming traffic.

(66) When the traffic in front of you is held up do not encroach on the right or off-side of the road and thereby impede other traffic.

(67) Do not attempt to gain a forward position in a traffic block by riding along the narrow spaces between stationary vehicles.



(68) Ride in single file whenever road or traffic conditions require it, and never more than two abreast. Avoid riding between tram lines, whenever possible; there is danger that your wheels may skid when passing over the tram lines.

(69) Keep a straight course and do not wobble about the road.

(70) Never ride close behind fast moving vehicles, always leave enough space to allow for their slowing down or stopping suddenly.

(71) Never hold on to a moving vehicle.

(72) Never carry parcels or other articles which may interfere with your control of your cycle or cause damage to others.

#### *Cross Roads, Corners and Bends—*

(73) Take special care at cross roads, corners and bends.

(74) When turning from one road into another go slow and give way to pedestrians crossing the roads out of which or into which you are turning.

(75) Proceed with special care when coming from a minor road into a major road and give way to traffic on the major road. Unless you have a clear view of the major road in both directions, stop just before entering the major road.

#### *Overtaking—*

(76) Overtake only on the right, except when a driver in front has signalled his intention to turn to the right.

(77) Tramcars may be overtaken on either side. Before overtaking a tram car which is about to stop or is stationary watch carefully to see if passengers are about to board or alight. Go slow or stop as the circumstances require.

(78) Never attempt to overtake if by so doing you are likely to inconvenience or endanger any other road user.

(79) Overtake only if you can do so without forcing the person overtaken or approaching traffic to swerve or slacken speed.

(80) Never cut out, that is, never turn out from the left or near side of the road sharply without giving ample warning and being satisfied that it is safe to do so.

(81) Never overtake at a blind corner or bend, or at or approaching the brow of a steep hill or a hump-backed bridge or road.

(82) Never overtake at cross roads.

#### *Traffic Signs and Signals—*

(83) Keep a good look-out for all traffic signals, signs and lines, and obey them. (See Appendix).

(84) Before you stop or slow down or change direction, give the appropriate signal clearly and in good time.

(85) When approaching a Police Constable or other person regulating traffic, signal the direction in which you intend to go. (See Appendix). Do not rely on signals to proceed given by unauthorised persons.

#### *Filtration—*

(86) When you are held up at a road junction by a person regulating traffic do not turn to the left—that is, filter—unless you are given a definite indication to do so by him.

#### *Brakes and Tyres—*

(87) Give regular attention to your brakes and see that they are always efficient.

(88) Always maintain your tyres in a safe condition.

### TO PEDESTRIANS

#### *Rule of the Road—*

(89) Never walk along the carriageway where there is a pavement or suitable footpath. If there is no footpath, it is generally better to walk on the right of the carriageway so as to face oncoming traffic.

(90) When out at nights on unlit streets, special care should be taken by pedestrians wearing dark suits or dresses as they are not easily seen in the beams of the headlights by motorists.

(91) On a pavement or sidewalk do not walk along-side the kerb in the same direction as the nearer stream of traffic.

***Crossing the Road—***

(92) Never start to cross the road without first looking right then left, and keep a careful look-out until you are safely across. Be specially careful when the road is slippery and where one way traffic is in force.

(93) Cross the road at right angles whenever possible.

(94) Take special care if you have to step out from behind or in front of a vehicle or any other form of obstruction which prevents a clear view of the road.

(95) Remember that moving vehicles require time to slow down or stop, particularly when the road is wet or slippery.

***Stepping off the Sidewalk—***

(96) Never step off a sidewalk on to the road even momentarily without making sure that it is safe to do so.

***Standing at Corners—***

(97) Never stand in the road at blind corners or other places where you may not be seen by approaching drivers or where you may obscure their line of vision.

**TO DRIVERS OF ANIMAL-DRAWN VEHICLES**

(98) Remember you are slow-moving and keep well to the left of the road unless about to overtake or turn to the right.

(99) Study carefully rules 15, 18-20, 22-33, 35-37, 39, 41-46, 48, which apply to you as well as to the drivers of motor vehicles.

(100) Before you stop, or slow down, or change direction, give the appropriate signal with your hand or whip clearly and in good time. (See Appendix).

(101) Always sit on the right or off-side of your vehicle or in such a position that your signals may be easily seen by other road users.

**TO RIDERS AND PERSONS IN CHARGE OF LED HORSES OR OTHER ANIMALS**

(102) When leading an animal always place yourself between it and the traffic and keep the animal to the edge of the road. This rule applies equally whether you are your self walking or riding. Leave the road as clear as possible for other traffic, and make use of grass and other verges, where these are available.

(103) When acting as a drover and there is some other person with you, send him forward so that traffic approaching from either direction can be warned, especially when near a bend or the brow of a hill or when coming out of a gateway on to a road.

(104) Before you let any animal out of a field or yard on to the road, always make sure that the road is clear.

**APPENDIX****TRAFFIC SIGNALS THAT EVERY ROAD USER SHOULD KNOW****PART I*****Signals to be given by Police Constables and Others engaged in the Regulation of Traffic.***

The following signals are those officially recommended and are intended to cover the ordinary situations which arise in traffic control, but other signals may be required for abnormal situations or owing to the peculiar lay-out of particular road junctions.

Driver should note that once they have been stopped the Constable may lower his hand or use it for giving other signals. They should not move on until the Constable signals them to do so.

Signals Nos. 1 to 4 are especially illustrated to show how in a simple instance, they appear to the drivers for whom they are intended. It makes no difference if, as will often happen, the Constable's other arm is engaged in making another signal.

An illustration is also given of "Stop" Signals Nos. 1 and 2 combined. Other signals may also be used in combination such as "Stop" Signal No. 1 or No. 2 and "Proceed" Signal No. 4.

Drivers should be specially careful to distinguish the "Proceed" signal intended for them from those intended for other traffic. This will be shown primarily by the Constable looking in their direction.

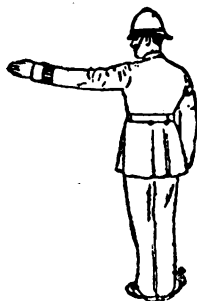
"Proceed" signals are used not only to bring on vehicles which have been stopped, but also to indicate to approaching vehicles that their way is clear.

No. 1. To STOP a vehicle approaching from his front or from either side, the Constable faces squarely towards it and extends his right arm and hand at full length above the right shoulder, with the palm of the hand towards the vehicle.

No. 2. To STOP a vehicle approaching from behind the Constable extends his left arm horizontally from the shoulder and holds it right with the back of the hand towards the vehicle.



**"Stop" Signal No. 1**  
*as viewed by the driver  
for whom it is intended.*



**"Stop" Signal No. 2**  
*as viewed by the driver  
for whom it is intended.*

Nos. 1 and 2 combined. To STOP a vehicle approaching from his front and from behind simultaneously the Constable combines Signals Nos. 1 and 2 (above).



**Combined STOP" Signals Nos. 1 and 2**

No. 3. To BRING ON a vehicle from his front the Constable looks towards the driver and beckons him on with right hand and forearm, which should be raised well above the shoulders.



**"Proceed" Signals No. 3**

*as viewed by the Driver for whom it is intended.*

No. 4. To BRING ON vehicles from his right or left the Constable looks towards the driver for whom the signal is intended, and beckons him on with the right (or left) hand and forearm, which should be raised well above the shoulder.

8



**"Proceeds Signals No. 4**

*as viewed by the Driver for whom it is intended.*

Note that the Constable does not turn his body because he may be holding up vehicles in front of him and behind him.

## PART II

## SIGNALS TO BE GIVEN BY DRIVERS AND CYCLISTS TO INDICATE THEIR OWN INTENTIONS

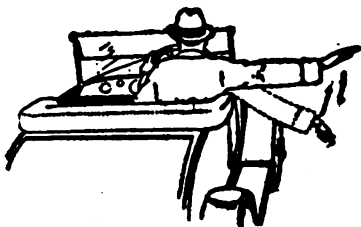
*(These Signals give information and not instructions to following traffic)*

Signals by drivers should be given with the arm extended from the side of the vehicle at least as far as the elbow, where mechanical indicators are not used.

## SIGNALS TO OTHER DRIVERS

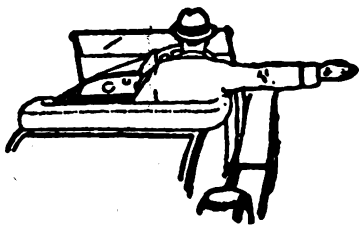
## No. 1. "I am going to SLOW DOWN, or STOP"

Extend the right arm with the palm of the hand turned downwards, and move the arm slowly up and down, keeping the wrist loose.



## No. 2. "I am going to TURN to my RIGHT"

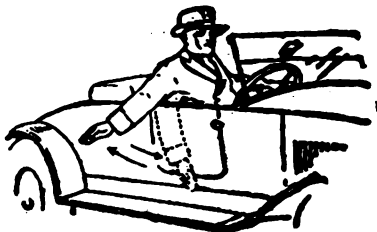
Extend the right arm and hand, with the palm turned to the front and hold them rigid in a horizontal position straight out from the right or off-side of the vehicle.



## No. 3. "I am READY to be OVERTAKEN"

*(The overtaking driver must satisfy himself that he can overtake with safety).*

Extend the right arm and hand below the level of the shoulder, and move them backwards and forwards.



## (B) SIGNALS BY DRIVERS TO POLICE CONSTABLES

When approaching a Police Constable engaged in the regulation of traffic, drivers of all vehicles should whenever possible indicate to him by means of the following signals the direction in which they wish to proceed. The Signals are shown in the diagrams as being given with the right hand, but Signals Nos. 4 and 5 may be given with the left hand if more convenient.

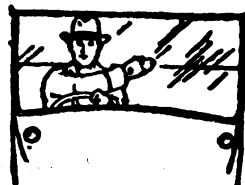
## No. 4. "I want to GO STRAIGHT AHEAD"



Raise the hand towards the shoulder and move the forearm well forward and then back in a vertical plane, making the movement sufficiently pronounced to be easily seen by the Constable.

## No. 5. "I want to TURN to my LEFT"

Point the hand to the left, making the movement sufficiently pronounced to be easily seen by the Constable.



## No. 6. "I want to TURN to my RIGHT"

Use Signal No. 2.

## SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

(These Notes are merely for the guidance of road users and are not intended to give a complete list of offences under the Road Traffic Law, Chap. 310)

## (i) Duty to Stop and Report Accidents

(See Section 30 of the Road Traffic Law, Chap. 310)

If you are the driver of a motor vehicle which is involved in an accident causing injury to any person, vehicle or animal, you must stop, and if asked to do so, give your name and address, the name and address of the owner of the Vehicle and also the identification marks of the vehicle. If for any reason you do not give these particulars at the time of the accident you must report the accident at a Police Station or to a police constable as soon as possible.

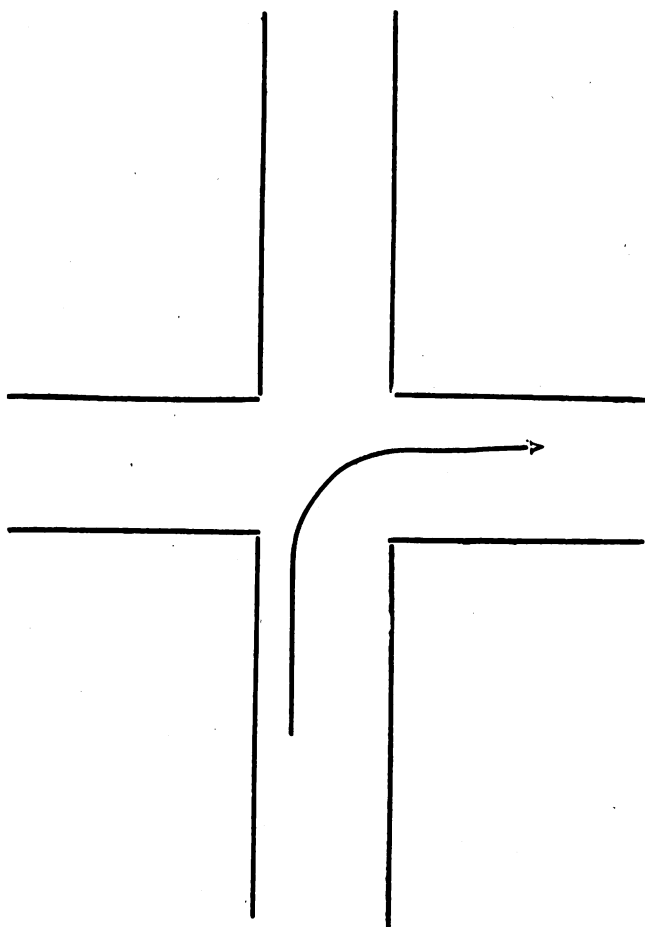
(ii) *Disregard of Traffic Signals*

Under section 32 (1) of the Road Traffic Law, Chap. 310, it is an offence for any driver or cyclist to disobey indications given by any traffic sign.

(iii) *Entering a Principal Road from any other Road.*

A Driver or Cyclist on entering on intersection of roadways at which there is a "Stop" Sign should bring the vehicle to a full stop and should not proceed into or across such intersection until such time as this may be done with safety and without interfering with traffic which actually is at the time proceeding along the street or road into which the driver or cyclist desires to proceed into or across, but in any case care should be taken irrespective of whether signs are erected on any road junction or not before entering or crossing roadways in order to avoid danger to yourself and others.

(iv) A motor vehicle turning into another road to the right should be driven as indicated in the following diagram:—



## TRAFFIC SIGNS

v. (a). (See Supplementary Note No. (ii) ).

The following Traffic Signs were authorised under section 81 of the Road Traffic Law Chapter 310. It is the duty of every driver of motor vehicle and the rider of every pedal bicycle to obey these traffic signs.

# **NO PARKING BETWEEN THESE SIGNS**

Size : 2' 3" X 15".

Black Letters on white  
background.

# **PARKING ALLOWED BETWEEN THESE SIGNS FOR ONE HOUR ONLY**

Size : 2' 3" X 15".

Red Letters on White  
background.

# **PARKING ALLOWED BETWEEN THESE SIGNS FOR HALF-HOUR ONLY**

Size : 2' 3" X 15".

Red Letters on White  
background.



Size : 7½" sides Octagonal shape  
White Letters on Red  
background.



Size : 2' 9" X 9½".

Red Letters with Black Arrow  
2' 4½" X 7"  
on White background.





Size: 16" x 16" Diamond shape.  
Black Letters on White  
background.

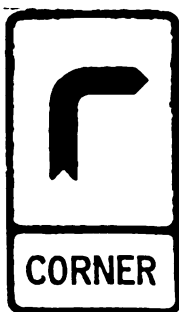
## **SPEED LIMIT 20 MILES PER HOUR**

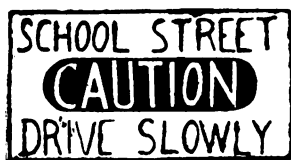
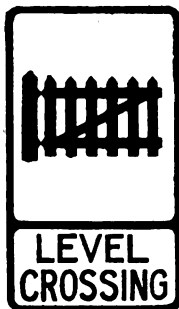
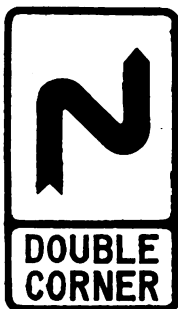
Size: 2' 3" x 15".  
Red Letters on White  
background.



Size: 20" Circular.  
Black Letters on White Strip on  
Red background.

v (b). The following Signs are among the more important of the Caution Signs and all road users should be familiar with their significance:—





(vi) *Leaving a Vehicle in a Dangerous Position*

Under section 43 of the Road Traffic Law, Chap. 310, a motor vehicle when not in motion should be placed with its rear or left side as close to the left of the roadway as possible and should not be placed in such a position or in such circumstances as to be likely to cause danger to other persons using the road.

(vii) *Horns*

It is an offence under the Road Traffic Law, Chap. 310, to sound a horn fitted to a motor vehicle when stationary or to call persons attention other than a warning.

(viii) *Noise*

It is an offence under the Road Traffic Law, Chap. 310, not to have an efficient silencer or to use a vehicle in such a way as to cause any excessive noise which could with reasonable care be avoided

(ix) *Brakes. (Regulations 8 and 9)*

It is an offence under the Road Traffic Regulations not to maintain brakes on motor vehicles in good and efficient working order or not to keep them properly adjusted

(x) *Tyres. (Regulation 157)*

It is an offence under the Road Traffic Regulations not to maintain the tyres fitted to a motor vehicle in a safe condition.

(xi) *Holding on to another Vehicle*

It is an offence under Section 36 (k) of the Road Traffic Law, Chap. 310, for a person to hold on to a moving vehicle for the purpose of being towed.

(xii) *Carrying a Passenger on a Motor Cycle*

Under section 26 of the Road Traffic Law, Chap. 310, it is not lawful for more than one person in addition to the driver to be carried on any two-wheeled motor cycle nor shall it be lawful for any such person to be so carried otherwise than sitting astride the cycle and on a proper seat securely fixed to the cycle behind the driver's seat.

(xiii) *Speed Limit*

Under section 21 of the Road Traffic Law, Chap. 310, it is an offence for any person to drive a motor vehicle of any class or description on a prescribed road within a prescribed area at a greater speed than the speed prescribed as the maximum speed in relation to a vehicle of that class or description.

(xiv) *Careless Driving*

It is an offence under section 23 of the Road Traffic Law, Chap. 310, for any person to drive a motor vehicle on a road without due care and attention or without reasonable consideration for other persons using the road.

(xv) *Too many Passengers*

It is an offence under the Road Traffic Regulation 28 (3) for the number of passengers carried on a motor vehicle to exceed the seating capacity as stated on the Licence disc.

(xvi) *Silence Zones*

It is an offence under section 34 of the Road Traffic Law, Chap. 310, for any person to sound a horn or other warning device during such hours or at or within such place or area of any urban area as may be declared by the Island Traffic Authority to be "Silence Zones".

(xvii) *Unlawful Use of Motor Vehicles*

It is an offence under section 35 of the Road Traffic Law, Chap. 310, for any person to take and drive away any motor vehicle without having either the consent of the owner thereof or other lawful authority.

(xviii) *Riding on Outside of Motor Vehicle*

It is an offence under section 42 of the Road Traffic Law, Chap. 310, for any person to ride on the running board, wings, or fenders of a motor vehicle or on the outside of the vehicle except in a properly constructed seat.

(xix) "*Cyclists should clearly understand that section 79 of the Road Traffic Law, Chap. 310, makes them subject to the provisions of the Law and Regulations made thereunder, particularly with regard to dangerous riding, careless riding, and riding while under the influence of alcohol or drugs.*"

## PUBLIC PASSENGER (CORPORATE AREA) BOARD OF CONTROL (SECTION 6 OF LAW 20 OF 1947)

E. A. Gadishaw, Esq. (Dep. Aud. Gen.) *Chairman*; W. B. Powell, Esq.; Eric Abrahams, Esq., J.P.; Gerald A. L. Mair, Esq.; E. E. A. Campbell Esq., Barrister-at-Law; *Secretary*—W. L. Forrester, Esq.

## JAMAICA AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION

THE Association was founded in December, 1924, is affiliated to the Royal Automobile Club, and federated with the Automobile Association.

The principal objects of the Association are: (i) to bring together Motorists with a common interest, for the mutual benefit of themselves and the general public; (ii) to afford protection to Motorists, by advising as a body on Bills introduced in the Legislature and Local By-Laws; (iii) to negotiate and combine with the Local Authorities for the improvement of roads, the removal of dangerous corners; (iv) to combine with the Local Authorities in the control of inconsiderate and dangerous driving; (v) to investigate and deal with cases of misconduct of chauffeurs and others with a view to the further protection of owners of Motor Vehicles and the public; (vi) to supply Motorists with full information on general subjects connected with Motoring; (vii) to foster a feeling of camaraderie and esprit de corps amongst Motorists for the welfare and progress of automobilism, and for the good of the general community.

*Cables and telegrams*—J A U T O, Jamaica.

*Patron*—His Excellency, Sir John Huggins, K.C.M.G., M.C.

*President*—W. B. Powell.

*Vice-President*—H. J. Evennett, O.B.E.

*Vice-President*—Frank E. Lyons.

*Executive Committee*—Major Baldwin, Simon Bloomberg, A. K. Butler, H. J. Evennett, V. L. George, F. E. Lyons, Dr. S. A. Maitland, R. C. Marley, H. D. M. Orrett, M. K. Powell, W. B. Powell, L. V. D. Samuel, C. R. Webster.

*Secretary and Treasurer*—Mrs. Dorothea Edmonds.

*Address*—115 Tower Street (Upstairs), Kingston.

*Telephone*—3006.

## ROAD TRAFFIC APPEAL TRIBUNAL (SEC. 3 OF LAW 39 OF 1944)

Crown Solicitor, *Chairman*; Mr. E. G. Whitbread, Mr. C. R. Campbell, C.B.E.

## TOURIST GUIDE

DESCRIBED as the "Loveliest Tropic Isle", Jamaica is one of the foremost and best-developed Tourist Resorts in the tropics. Among its chief advantages and attractions are situation and accessibility, magnificent scenery, fine climate and other natural features such as hot mineral springs and excellent seabeaches.

Centrally situated about 90 miles south of Cuba, Jamaica is within 3 hours' flight from Miami, Florida; 550 miles north of the Panama Canal; 1,457 miles from New York; 2,247 miles from Halifax (Canada); and 4,097 miles from England. With about fifty per cent. of the total population of the British West Indies including British Guiana and British Honduras, Jamaica has the largest capital city (Kingston) and the highest mountain in the islands (Blue Mountain Peak, 7,402 ft.).

The mountainous nature of the country, with about one-half of the area lying at an elevation of 1,000 feet and upwards, assures the visitor as soon as he approaches from sea or air of a fascinating scenic interior.

Kaymaca—"well wooded and watered"; often referred to as the "Isle of Springs". sunlit and sparkling like a jewel in the incredibly blue setting of the Caribbean Sea—is ringed with golden sands and a picturesque, rocky coastline fringed with graceful palms swaying in the cooling trade winds. Fully tropical at sea-level, Jamaica is one of the first landfalls of the sun-seeking migrant from the north who longs for a really warm winter rendezvous where he can be guaranteed absolute freedom from frost, and sun and sea bathing practically 365 days in the year. An amazing contrast is enjoyed by the visitor when he ascends the hills and mountains. As he climbs, the mean temperature at sea-level, of 79 degrees, falls to 75 at 1,000 feet and 72 when 2,000 is reached; at 3,000 feet, the thermometer registers 69° Fahrenheit and so on, up and up, 65, 62, 59 to 55 degrees on Blue Mountain Peak where the world is spread out at one's feet in awe-inspiring grandeur—a magnificent spectacle. North and south is the sea, east and west, the great mountains stretch away and recede into seemingly continental obscurity.

The journey to Blue Mountain Peak may be made from Kingston to the village of Mavis Bank by motor car, a distance of 17 miles, and the remainder of the journey (about 13 miles) on foot, or on horseback or by mule.

A hut on the peak provides shelter, and information respecting the trip may be obtained from the Tourist Trade Development Board, 78-80 Harbour Street, Kingston.

This transformation of scene and climate at different altitudes is one of the features of Jamaica. It is not surprising, therefore, that Jamaica boasts of an extraordinary variety in its plant-life—evidence of its tropic, sub-tropic and temperate "zones" where coconuts, bananas, citrus fruits, grapes and strawberries vouch for the claim, supported by a wide range in the vegetable kingdom; the yam, breadfruit, tomato, potato, carrot, cabbage and a large number of other products, edible and economic, that would, if listed, fill columns. Indeed, Jamaica is an epitome of the tropics as a visit to the beautiful Hope and Castleton Botanic Gardens reveals and nowhere else can the visitor enjoy, under better auspices and comfort, a trip to the tropics.

Free from venomous snakes and wild animals of the jungle, Jamaica is now a network of excellent roads which cross, recross and encircle the island, offering gorgeous motor car tours, making every part accessible and presenting an astonishingly variegated picture. A chain of hotels throughout those parts of the country frequented by visitors, provides first-class accommodation for tourists. Among sporting and recreative facilities, there are fishing, shooting, yachting, sea-bathing, motoring, horse-riding, golf, tennis, cricket, football, mountain climbing and walking, dancing and other activities.





MYRTLE BANK HOTEL

## HOTELS AND GUEST HOUSES

The following are the principal Hotels and Guest Houses in the Island, registered with the Tourist Bureau:—

## KINGSTON

Myrtle Bank Hotel .. ..	Harbour Street
South Camp Road Hotel .. ..	South Camp Road
Melrose Hotel .. ..	117 Duke Street
Warden Court Guest House .. ..	47a South Camp Road
Collingwood Guest House .. ..	49a South Camp Road
Y.M.C.A. Hostel .. ..	76 Hanover Street
Y.W.C.A. Hostel .. ..	1e North Street

## ST. ANDREW

Courtleigh Manor .. ..	Halfway Tree
Manor House Hotel .. ..	Constant Spring
Mona Great House Hotel .. ..	Liguanea
The Doric Guest House .. ..	Camperdown, Constant Spring Road
Maryfield Private Hotel .. ..	60 Hope Road
Reka Dom Private Hotel .. ..	21 Hope Road
Richmond Park Guest House .. ..	58 Halfway Tree Road
Derrymore Guest House .. ..	15 Constant Spring Road
Ardlui Guest House .. ..	61 Hope Road
St. Andrew Hotel .. ..	8 Marescaux Road, Cross Roads
Mt. Mansfield Guest House .. ..	Gordon Town
Green Gables .. ..	Halfway Tree
Dudley Lodge .. ..	Halfway Tree
Mimosa .. ..	Halfway Tree
Green Gables .. ..	Halfway Tree

## ST. THOMAS

Bath of St. Thomas (Thermal Mineral Spring)	Bath
Torre Garda .. ..	Hagley Gap P.O.

## PORTLAND

Titchfield Hotel .. ..	Port Antonio
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## ST. MARY

Castle Gordon .. ..	Port Maria
Tower Isle Hotel .. ..	Retreat P.O.
The Villa .. ..	Port Maria P.O.

## ST. ANN

Shaw Park Hotel .. ..	Ocho Rios
Eden Bower Guest House .. ..	Ocho Rios
Eaton Hall Hotel .. ..	Runaway Bay
Mt. Pleasant Guest House .. ..	Runaway Bay
Windsor Hotel .. ..	St. Ann's Bay
Columbus Inn .. ..	Discovery Bay
White River Beach .. ..	Ocho Rios

## TRELAUNY

Good Hope .. ..	Falmouth
Silver Sands Hotel & Beach Club .. ..	Duncans



HOTELS AND GUEST HOUSES, *contd.*

## ST. JAMES

Casa Blanca Hotel .. ..	Montego Bay
Beach View Hotel .. ..	Montego Bay
Gloucester House (Guest House) ..	Montego Bay
Richmond Hill Inn .. ..	Montego Bay
Staffordshire Hotel .. ..	Montego Bay
Mar Vista Hotel .. ..	Montego Bay
Ethelhart Hotel .. ..	Montego Bay
Fairfield Hotel .. ..	Montego Bay
Chatham Hotel .. ..	Montego Bay
Coral Cliff Hotel .. ..	Montego Bay
Huntingdon Guest House .. ..	Montego Bay
Avalon Guest House .. ..	Montego Bay
Sunset Lodge .. ..	Montego Bay
Tryall Hotel .. ..	Sandy Bay
Bloomsbury Guest House .. ..	Montego Bay

## ST. ELIZABETH

Treasure Beach Hotel .. ..	Pedro Plains
Retirement .. ..	Malvern

## MANCHESTER

Hotel Manchester .. ..	Mandeville
Mandeville Hotel .. ..	Mandeville
Newleigh .. ..	Mandeville
Wickham House .. ..	Mandeville
Wales Guest House .. ..	Newport
Savoy Hotel .. ..	Christiana
Villa Bella .. ..	Christiana

## CLARENDON

Milk River Bath (Thermal Mineral Spring) Milk River

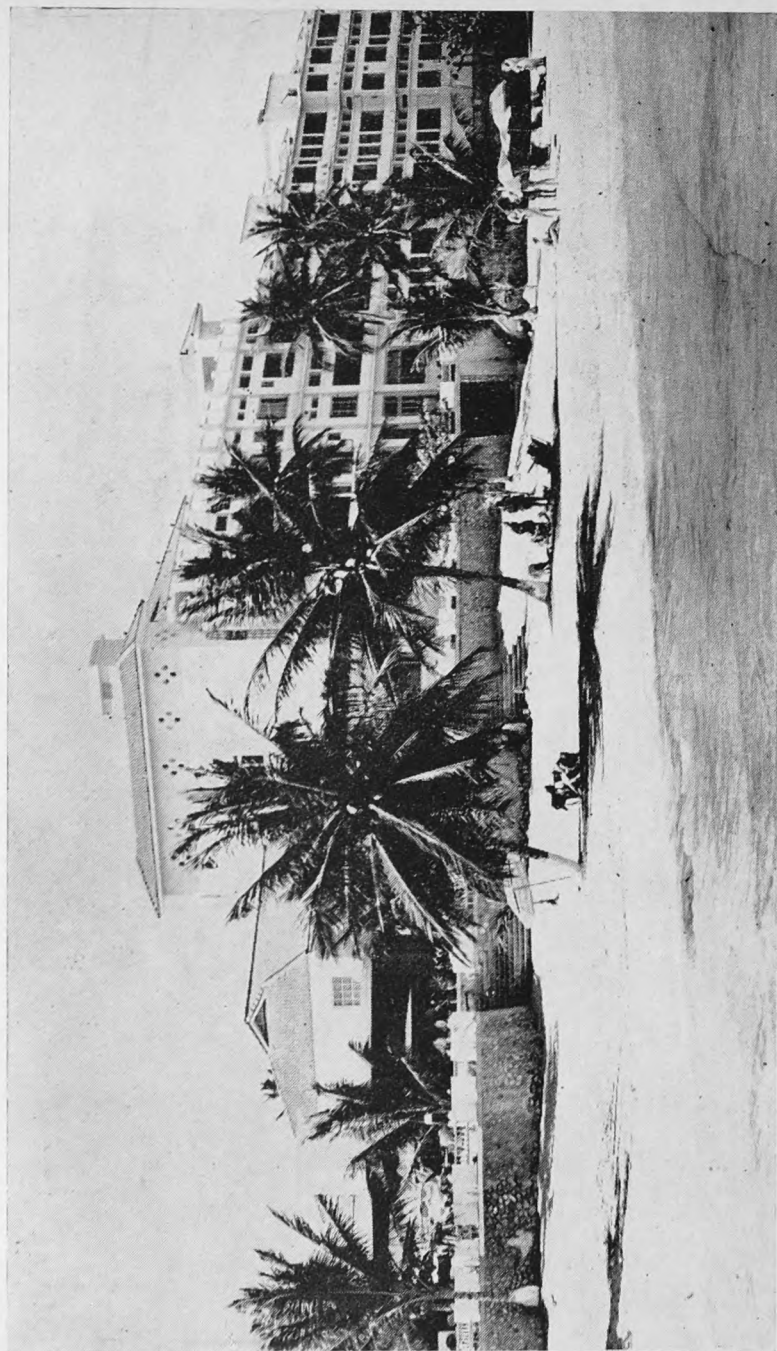
The places where hotels are situated, as shown on the above list, include all the principal centres and resorts frequented by visitors.

Information respecting the City of Kingston and the Parishes, the Jamaica Government Railway, Clubs and Sports, Societies, Churches, etc., may be found elsewhere in this Handbook; and visitors may obtain information respecting hotel rates, and literature descriptive of the Island as a tourist resort, from the Tourist Bureau of the Tourist Trade Development Board, 78-80 Harbour St., Kingston.

### JAMAICA OUTPORTS WHARF OWNERS AND OPERATORS ASSOCIATION

The aims of the Association are in general the regulation of all questions affecting the interests of Outports Wharf Owners and Operators, and in particular the question of labour relations, wharfage and/or lighterage fees, etc.

*Chairman:*—Mr. Walter Fletcher, Montego Bay; *Hon. Secretary and Treasurer,* Mr. R. C. Clegg, Montego Bay; *Kingston Representative*—Mr. Frank E. Lyons.



TOWER ISLE HOTEL



## CHAPTER XV.

### MARITIME

#### MARINE BOARD

THE Marine Board, constituted by the Marine Board Law Chapter 316 of the Revised Laws of Jamaica, takes the place of the several pilotage and harbour boards which were established under Laws 21 of 1891 and 36 of 1903, such boards and the pilotage and harbour districts under those laws having been abolished.

The Marine Board has all the powers and authority formerly vested in the Pilotage and Harbour Boards, as well as the superintendence and control of all lights and beacons other than Lighthouses.

It has power to make enquiry as to shipwrecks and other casualties affecting ships, and into charges of incompetency or misconduct on the part of masters, mates and engineers of ships and to summon such witnesses for the purpose as it may think fit.

It has power to order the survey of any ship if it has reason to believe that she is in any way defective and to detain her if they think such a course necessary.

It can examine and grant certificates to ships engaged in the coasting and home trade, and can examine persons applying to be masters, mates or engineers of coasting and home trading ships. The Board also has the duty of examining persons applying for pilot licenses.

BOARD: Mr. Simon Bloomberg, Collector General, *President*; Commander W. deM. Clarke, R.N.; Hon. H. V. Alexander, C.B.E.; Capt. B. H. Pickering, *Harbour Master*; Mr. Adam T. Pullar, Lt. Commander, R. D. Pankhurst, Airport Manager, Palisadoes Airport, Mr. William H. Black, *Secretary*;

*Marine Board Surveyors of Ships and Engineer Surveyor*—Edgar Watson, M.I. MAR. E., Raymond Edgar, M.I. MAR. E.

The fees payable to pilots under Chapter 317 are as follows:—

THIRD SCHEDULE. *First Class Ports.* Old Harbour, Salt River, Savanna-la-Mar, Falmouth.

<i>Registered Gross Tonnage</i>				<i>Fees payable</i>	
Up to	200 tons	“ “ and not exceeding	300 tons	£1	10 0
Above	“ “	“ “	400 “	1	16 0
“	300 “	“ “	500 “	2	2 0
“	400 “	“ “	600 “	2	6 0
“	500 “	“ “	800 “	2	10 0
“	600 “	“ “	1,000 “	2	14 0
“	800 “	“ “	1,200 “	3	18 0
“	1,000 “	“ “	1,400 “	3	1 0
“	1,200 “	“ “	1,600 “	3	4 0
“	1,400 “	“ “	1,800 “	3	7 0
“	1,600 “	“ “	2,000 “	3	10 0
“	1,800 “	“ “	3,000 “	3	12 6
“	2,000 “	“ “	4,000 “	4	5 0
“	3,000 “	“ “	5,000 “	5	0 0
“	4,000 “	“ “	6,000 “	5	15 0
“	5,000 “	“ “	7,000 “	6	10 0
“	6,000 “	“ “	8,000 “	7	5 0
“	7,000 “	“ “	9,000 “	8	0 0
“	8,000 “	“ “	10,000 “	8	15 0
“	9,000 “	“ “		9	10 0

Above 10,000 tons, 1/3 for each 100 tons.

Between beyond the prescribed distance and Kingston the fees above set out shall be paid.

Between beyond the prescribed distance and Port Royal one half the fees above set out shall be paid.

Between within the prescribed distance and Kingston one half the fees above set out shall be paid.

Between within the prescribed distance and Port Royal one quarter the fees above set out shall be paid.

Between Kingston and Port Royal one half the fees above set out shall be paid.

The prescribed distance is between Cow Bay Point to the East and Polink Point to the South.

#### *Second Class Ports*

Port Morant, Morant Bay, Alligator Pond, Black River, Lucea, Montego Bay, Rio Bueno, Dry Harbour, St. Ann's Bay, Ocho Rios, Oracabessa, Port Maria, Annotto Bay, Port Antonio, Manchioneal.

Two-thirds of the fee for First Class Ports.

The following are Licensed Pilots for the ports named:—

- I. M. E. McCalla, Kingston, Morant Bay, Port Morant, Rio Bueno, Sav.-la-Mar, Black River, Montego Bay, Lucea.
- Edw. Spencer Grossett, Kingston, Morant Bay, Port Morant, Manchioneal, Port Antonio, Port Maria, Lucea, Annotto Bay, Oracabessa, St. Ann's Bay, Rio Bueno, Falmouth, Montego Bay, Salt River.
- Charles Nathaniel McGregor, Black River, Sav.-la-Mar, Lucea.
- Frank Albert Davis, Port Antonio, Annotto Bay, Port Maria, Oracabessa, St. Ann's Bay, Rio Bueno, Montego Bay, Lucea, Manchioneal, Port Morant, Morant Bay, Kingston, Falmouth, Sav.-la-Mar, Black River, Salt River.
- F. G. Vosper, Kingston, Morant Bay, Port Morant, Port Antonio, Annotto Bay, Port Maria, St. Ann's Bay, Rio Bueno, Montego Bay, Lucea, Black River, Salt River, Sav.-la-Mar, Oracabessa, Old Harbour.
- F. V. Tilley, Kingston, Salt River, Morant Bay, Port Morant, Port Antonio, Port Maria, Alligator Pond, Black River, Oracabessa, St. Ann's Bay, Montego Bay, Annotto Bay, Manchioneal, Green Island, Lucea, Old Harbour.
- Harold Mortimer Brown, Port Antonio, Port Morant, Morant Bay, Annotto Bay, Port Maria, Oracabessa, St. Ann's Bay, Montego Bay, Lucea, Kingston, Rio Bueno.
- S. H. A. King, Kingston, Salt River, Morant Bay, Port Morant, Port Antonio, Oracabessa, St. Ann's Bay, Montego Bay.
- R. I. Francis, Kingston, Port Morant, Port Antonio, Sav.-la-Mar, Falmouth, Rio Bueno, St. Ann's Bay, Lucea, Black River, Morant Bay, Montego Bay, Annotto Bay, Salt River, Oracabessa.
- John Morton, Port Antonio, Port Maria, Oracabessa, St. Ann's Bay, Rio Bueno, Montego Bay, Lucea, Kingston, Morant Bay, Port Morant, Manchioneal, Annotto Bay, Falmouth, Sav.-la-Mar, Black River, Salt River.
- R. T. A. Logan, Port Antonio, Manchioneal.
- S. O. Wells, Kingston, Morant Bay, Port Morant, Port Antonio, Manchioneal, Annotto Bay, Port Maria, Falmouth, Salt River, St. Ann's Bay, Montego Bay, Lucea, Oracabessa, Rio Bueno, Black River, Sav.-la-Mar.
- L. T. Forsyth, Port Antonio, Annotto Bay, Port Maria, Oracabessa, St. Ann's Bay, Rio Bueno, Montego Bay, Lucea, Port Morant, Morant Bay, Salt River, Kingston.
- W. G. Chevannes, Kingston, Morant Bay, Falmouth, Lucea, Sav.-la-Mar, Rio Bueno, Salt River, Black River, Port Morant, Montego Bay, Port Antonio, Ocho Rios, St. Ann's Bay, Manchioneal, Annotto Bay, Port Maria, Oracabessa.
- Vincent A. Kensington, Kingston, Port Morant.
- Herbert V. Hayden, Sav.-la-Mar, Montego Bay, Falmouth, Port Antonio, St. Ann's Bay, Lucea, Black River, Kingston, Port Morant, Morant Bay, Salt River, Oracabessa.
- A. W. Jones, Kingston, Port Morant, Salt River, Sav.-la-Mar, St. Ann's Bay, Black River, Falmouth, Montego Bay, Morant Bay, Rio Bueno, Lucea.
- R. A. Gray, Kingston, Port Morant, Port Antonio, Annotto Bay, Black River, Sav.-la-Mar, Morant Bay, Port Maria, St. Ann's Bay, Rio Bueno, Falmouth, Montego Bay, Lucea, Manchioneal, Salt River, Oracabessa.
- C. A. P. Jensen, Kingston, Morant Bay, Port Morant, Port Antonio, Manchioneal, Annotto Bay, Port Maria, St. Ann's Bay, Oracabessa, Rio Bueno, Falmouth, Montego Bay, Lucea, Black River, Sav.-la-Mar, Salt River.

G. S. McLaughlin, Black River, Savanna-la-Mar, Lucea, Green Island, Montego Bay  
 Falmouth, Rio Bueno, Dry Harbour, St. Ann's Bay, Ocho Rios, Oracabessa  
 Port Maria, Kingston, Annotto Bay, Port Antonio, Morant Bay, Port Morant  
 G. C. Alveranga, Kingston.  
 F. S. McGregor, Sav.-la-Mar, Black River.  
 Daniel A. Rhino, Kingston.  
 Delbert M. Sicard, Kingston.  
 Wilfred H. Brown, Port Antonio, Oracabessa, Port Morant, Montego Bay, Lucea,  
 Kingston.  
 Charles E. deMercado, Old Harbour, Kingston.  
 Lloyd G. McLaughlin, Kingston.

## KINGSTON HARBOUR

### PROHIBITED ANCHORAGE

No vessel shall be anchored in the Harbour in such a position that any part thereof shall at any time be within a distance of one cable's length from a straight line joining the centre line of the SE-NW Runway to the Southern extremity of No. 1 Railway Pier.

For the benefit of those not in possession of a chart showing the runways, the centre line of the prohibited area runs  $137\frac{1}{2}$  degrees from the southern end of No. 1 Railway Pier.

## KINGSTON APPROACH

### PLUMB POINT LIGHT—CABLE AREA

Under Section 24 of the Harbours Consolidation Law it is prohibited for any ship to anchor within the prescribed area.

Position A—Plumb Point Light.

Position B—068 degrees distant 2.08 miles from position (A).

The area is from a line extending from the positions indicated in a  $139^\circ$  direction to the 100 fathom line.

Vessels proceed from Port Royal to Kingston passing through the Ship Channel which has a least width of 600 feet and least depth of 36 feet and is marked by light beacons on each side, the centre of the channel being midway between the Beacons. The whole channel from Port Royal to the anchorage abreast the wharves at Kingston is well marked and lit, the least depth being 36 feet.

The A. G. A. Continuous Burning Lamps erected to mark the Approaches to Port Royal and Kingston are hereby advertised as permanent lights under Section 8 of Cap. 316.

All previous lists are cancelled:—

The following is a description of the Lamps referred to:—

*Gun Cay Light*:—A flashing white light, 19 feet above water, on a square pile beacon painted black and white. On the south side of the Cay in 24 feet of water.

In position:

Lazaretto Cairn  $59^\circ 14'$  Clock Tower Port Royal  $84^\circ 34'$  Fort Rocky Tower.

*Rackum Cay Light*:—A flashing red light, 25 feet above water, on a square pile beacon painted red. On the northern edge of Rackum Cay in 26 feet of water.

In position:

Lazaretto Cairn  $64^\circ 20'$  Clock Tower, Port Royal  $74^\circ 58'$  Fort Rocky Tower.

*Beacon Shoal Light*:—A flashing white light, 19 feet above water, on a square pile beacon painted black and white. On the southern edge of the shoal in 26 feet of water.

In position:

Clock Tower, Port Royal  $46^\circ 35'$ , Fort Rocky Tower  $16^\circ 10'$ , Plum Point Light-house.

*Currey's Gate Light*: A flashing white light, 19 feet above water on a tripod shaped beacon painted black and white. Situated on the western tip of the Shoal in 26 feet of water.

In position:

Fort Augusta Beacon 66° 06', Pond Mouth, 93° 11', Fort Charles Flagstaff.

*Harbour Shoal Light*: A flashing white light, 16 feet above high water on a tripod shaped beacon painted black and white. Situated near the South western extremity of the Shoal.

In position:

Healthshire Beacon 42° 25', Lazaretto Cairn 90° 58', Fort Augusta Beacon.

*Burial Ground Light*—An occulting red light, 22 ft. above water on a square pile beacon painted red.

In position:

Plum Point Lighthouse 15° 40' Fort Rocky Tower 32° 55' Clock Tower, Port Royal.

*Two Sister's Light*—A flashing white light 22 feet above water on a square pile beacon painted black and white.

In position:

Plum Point Lighthouse 15° 45', Fort Rocky Tower 36° 25' Clock Tower, Port Royal.

*St. Alban's Light*—A flashing red light 22 feet above water on a square pile beacon painted red.

In position:

Plum Point Lighthouse 21° 02', Fort Rocky Tower 36° 26' Clock Tower, Port Royal.

*Mammee Light*—A flashing white light 22 feet above water on a square pile beacon painted black and white.

In position:

Plum Point Lighthouse 20° 48', Fort Rocky Tower 38° 25' Clock Tower, Port Royal.

*East Horse Shoe Light*—An occulting white light, 22 feet above water, on a square pile beacon painted black and white.

In position:

Plum Point Lighthouse 29° 04' Fort Rocky Tower 43° 50' Clock Tower, Port Royal.

*Pond Mouth Light*—A flashing red light, 22 feet above water, on a square pile beacon painted red.

In position.

Plum Point Lighthouse 55° 06', Fort Rocky Tower 33° 58' Clock Tower, Port Royal.  
*Cairn*—A white structure near Lazaretto. The light is 53 feet above water.

In position:

Fort Augusta 29° 05', R.M.S.P. Tower 23° 00' Flagstaff, Port Royal.

*East Middle Ground Buoy*—A buoy painted red showing a white flashing light.

In position:

*Pelican Spit*: square wooden structure 14 ft above water 21 ft., painted black, showing green flash light.

Dome Roman Catholic Cathedral 20° 46' Plum Point Lighthouse 33° 12' Martelle Tower.

Off Kingston there is good holding ground anchorage in from 6 to 8 fathoms off the town; the majority of vessels lay alongside the different wharves to discharge or take in cargo, the depth of water ranging from 12 to 36 feet.

No Vessel is allowed to anchor in the harbour in such a position that any part of her shall be within a distance of 400 yards from any pier or wharf at any time.

Coals and provisions can be readily obtained in Kingston at reasonable market prices.

Ballast is obtained through the authorities at the General Penitentiary from the Quarry at Rock Fort. It is put on board vessels by convict labour.

## ESTABLISHMENT OF HARBOUR MASTERS

Office	Name of Holder	Salary
Kingston .. .. .	Captain B. H. Pickering, Marine Sup. and Harbour Master ..	£ s. d. 800 0 0
Morant Bay .. .. .	H. B. Brown .. .. .	.. .. .
Port Morant .. .. .	N. H. Franklin .. .. .	.. .. .
Port Antonio .. .. .	R. L. C. Aarons .. .. .	.. .. .
Manchioneal .. .. .	R. L. C. Aarons .. .. .	.. .. .
Port Maria .. .. .	R. O. Guilfoyle .. .. .	.. .. .
Annotto Bay .. .. .	J. M. Weller .. .. .	.. .. .
St. Ann's Bay (1) .. .. .	G. W. Facey .. .. .	.. .. .
Falmouth (2) .. .. .	R. H. Kerr .. .. .	.. .. .
Montego Bay .. .. .	C. T. Livingstone .. .. .	.. .. .
Lucea .. .. .	A. R. Phillips .. .. .	.. .. .
Green Island .. .. .	H. V. McKenzie .. .. .	6 0 0
Savanna-la-Mar .. .. .	K. F. Dickson .. .. .	.. .. .
Black River .. .. .	J. S. Marshall .. .. .	.. .. .

(1) Ocho Rios and Dry Harbour included in St. Ann's Bay survey.

(2) Rio Bueno included in Falmouth survey.

## RECEIVERS OF WRECKS

UNDER the 4th Section of Chapter 322, a law relating to wrecks, casualties to ships and salvage, which was passed in consequence of the old Act, 53 Geo. III, cap. 25 having been found insufficient to protect the interest of ship-owners and insurers, and to give adequate redress to persons injured by wrecking, the Governor may appoint any officer of customs, revenue officer or other person to be a Receiver of Wreck in any district, and may fix, and from time to time alter, the limits of the district for which any Receiver is appointed.

The existing districts of Receivers of Wreck and their limits as fixed by the Governor are as follows:—

Kingston—Cockpit River on the West to Cow Bay inclusive on the East.

Morant Bay—Cow Bay to Prospect Point.

Port Morant—Prospect Point to Southern Bank of Hector's River.

Port Antonio—Southern Bank of Hector's River to the Eastern Bank of Little Spanish River

Annotto Bay—Eastern Bank of Little Spanish River to Don Christopher's Point.

Port Maria—Don Christopher's Point to Eastern Bank of White River.

St. Ann's Bay—Eastern Bank of White River to Western Bank of easternmost of the Three Rivers at Pear Tree Bottom.

Dry Harbour—Western Bank of the easternmost of the Three Rivers at Pear Tree Bottom to Bengal Point.



Falmouth—Bengal Point to Western Side of Long Bay.

Montego Bay—Western Side of Long Bay to Round Hill Bluff.

Lucea—Round Hill Bluff to North Negril Point.

Savanna-la-Mar—North Negril Point to Whitehouse Point.

Black River—Whitehouse Point to Cuckold Point.

Milk River—Cuckold Point to mouth of Cockpit River.

The following public officers are Receivers of Wreck of the several districts:—

Kingston	..	..	..	O. W. Grosett
Morant Bay	..	..	..	H. B. Brown
Port Morant	..	..	..	N. H. Franklin
Port Antonio	..	..	..	R. C. L. Aarons
Port Maria	..	..	..	R. O. Guilfoyle
Annotto Bay	..	..	..	J. M. Weller
St. Ann's Bay	..	..	..	G. W. Facey
Dry Harbour	..	..	..	
Falmouth	..	..	..	R. H. Kerr
Montego Bay	..	..	..	C. T. Livingstone
Lucea ..	..	..	..	A. R. Phillips
Savanna-la-Mar	..	..	..	K. F. Dickson
Black River ..	..	..	..	J. S. Marshall
Salt River ..	..	..	..	H. A. Anderson

The duties of the Receivers of Wreck may be briefly classified as follows:—

- (a) To render assistance in cases of stranded or distressed ships or boats, including the preservation of life and property, and the suppression of plunder, disorder or obstruction;
- (b) To institute inquiries into wrecks and casualties at sea;
- (c) To see to the safe custody of wrecked property and the restoration thereof to the owners;
- (d) To arrange the settlement of salvage claims;
- (e) To see to the protection of the Customs Revenue in respect of wrecked goods.

The following table shows the fees payable to Receivers, one moiety of which is paid into the Treasury and the other retained by the Receivers for their personal use:—

For every examination on oath instituted by a Receiver with respect to any ship or boat which may be, or may have been, in distress, a fee not exceeding .. .. .	£1 0 0
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But so that in no case shall a larger fee than two pounds be charged for examinations taken in respect of the same ship and the same occurrence, whatever may be the number of the deponents

For every report required to be sent by the Receiver to the Governor the sum of .. .. .	0 10 0
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For wreck taken by the Receiver into his custody, a percentage of five per cent. upon the value thereof, but in no case shall the whole amount of percentage so payable exceed twenty pounds.

In cases where any services are rendered by a Receiver in respect of any ship or boat in distress not being wreck, or in respect of the cargo or other articles belonging thereto, the following fees, instead of a percentage, that is to say:—

If such ship or boat, with her cargo, equals or exceeds in value six hundred pounds, the sum of two pounds for the first, and the sum of one pound for every subsequent day during which the Receiver is employed on such service; but if such ship or boat with her cargo is less in value than six hundred pounds one moiety of the above-mentioned sum.

## LIGHT DUES AND HARBOUR FEES

*Light Dues:* Chapter 319—1d. per ton upon the registered tonnage of steamers and 3d. per ton upon the registered tonnage of sailing vessels that shall enter any port of the Island. Such Dues in respect of Droghers and other ships, sloops and vessels engaged in the coasting trade of the Island or trading within the tropics shall be demandable not oftener than once within a period of twelve calendar months, and in respect of all other ships not oftener than once within any period of three calendar months.

Fixed by the Governor in Privy Council on 25th April, 1927.

*Harbour Fees:* Chapter 319.

Ports	Tonnage	Within			Beyond		
		Tropics			Tropics		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Kingston	Under 70 tons	0	7	6	0	15	0
	70 tons and under 160	0	10	0	1	0	0
	160 " " 350	0	15	0	1	10	0
	350 " " 850	0	17	6	1	15	0
	850 " and upwards	1	0	0	2	0	0
All other Ports	Under 160 tons	0	5	0	0	10	0
	160 tons and upwards	0	10	0	1	0	0

*Droghers*

*Kingston*—Once in every period of 3 months .. .. .8/-

*All other Ports*— " " " .. .. .1/-

Ships of War and private pleasure yachts are exempt from Light and Harbour Dues, as well as ships putting into any Port of the Island for repairs or medical assistance, and vessels calling only for orders, coal, water and necessary ships stores—provided no passenger (other than a passenger whom it is necessary to land on account of sickness) or cargo or ballast is landed or shipped.

## LIGHT HOUSES

THE care and management of all light houses are by Chapter 321 vested in the Director of Public Works.

*Morant Point*—This light house is situated at the extreme east end of the island and carries a revolving white light, elevated 100 feet above high water which is visible at a distance of 21 miles at sea in clear weather.

The illuminating apparatus is a third order holop hotal light, revolving once in eight minutes and giving a flash every minute. This was erected in 1889, in place of the original apparatus.

On February 1st, 1933, the intensity of the light was increased by the installation of an incandescent petroleum vapour lamp in place of the old wick lamp.

The position of the light house is in latitude 17° 55' north, and longitude 76° 12' west.

*Plum Point*.—This light house, built in the year 1853 stands on the Palisadoes, at Great Plum Point, at the entrance to Kingston Harbour. The tower, 70 feet in height, is built of stone and cast iron and carries a third order dioptric light. The illuminating apparatus is of the dissolved acetylene system and the character of the light is single flashing giving a flash of 1½ seconds duration followed by 7½ seconds darkness. It is arranged to show a white light over the entrance of the eastern navigable channel and a red light over the foul ground and the south channel for a distance of 12 miles. The white light is visible at a distance of about 20 miles in clear weather. The position of the light house is in latitude 17° 56' north, longitude 76° 47' 30" west.

**Folly Point, Port Antonio**—This light house was built under the powers of Law 17 of 1886 now included in Cap. 321. The tower is constructed of masonry and is fire proof throughout. The optical apparatus is dioptric of the fourth order shewing a flashing white light, which gives a flash of two seconds duration followed by 8 seconds darkness. The light is visible at 13 miles distance over an arc of  $183^{\circ}$ , the backward rays being reflected by a dioptric mirror. The illuminant used is compressed acetylene gas. The position of the light house is in latitude  $18^{\circ} 11'$  north, longitude  $76^{\circ} 27'$  west.

**Negril Point**.—A light house was erected at South Negril Point at the extreme western end of the island in July, 1895.

The tower is of concrete 66 feet high above ground, and the light is elevated 100 feet above sea level.

The apparatus is a second order dioptric, with a 5 wick burner, occulting, exhibiting the light for  $57\frac{1}{2}$  seconds, with periods of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  seconds of darkness intervening.

The position of the lighthouse is in latitude  $18^{\circ} 15'$  north, longitude  $78^{\circ} 23'$  west.

**Galina Point, (near Port Maria)**.—This light is placed on a concrete tower 44 feet above high water in approximately lat.  $18^{\circ} 25'$  north and long.  $76^{\circ} 55'$  west, and is an Automatic acetylene light giving a white flash of  $4\frac{1}{2}$  seconds duration visible at a distance of 12 miles, followed by  $7\frac{1}{2}$  seconds of darkness.

**Portland Point**.—This Light-house is situated in latitude  $17^{\circ} 44' 9''$  North, Longitude,  $77^{\circ} 9' 58''$  West on the summit of the Portland Ridge near the southernmost point of the Island. Character of light—White revolving, giving two flashes in quick succession every 15 seconds, visible all round horizon (with the exception of an obscured patch in shore near Rocky Point). Height above sea 665 feet.

The tower is an open framed steel struction 132 feet high.

The light is automatic and unattended. Illuminant, compressed Acetylene.

#### LIGHTHOUSES STAFF

Office	Name of Holder	Salary and other Emolument	Date of first appointment to Public Service
<i>Establishment</i>			
Superintendent, Morant Point	G. Bell	£250-25-300 and free quarters	1st May, '24
Superintendent, Negril Point	R. A. Parkinsor	Ditto	1st Dec., '38
Keeper Grade I, Plumb Point	H. Yeo	£150-15-180 and free quarters	28th June, '38
Keeper Grade I, Negril Point	C. Recas	Ditto	24th Oct., '43
<i>Unestablishment</i>			
Keeper Grade II, Morant Point	D. Kildare	45/-5/-60/- p.w. and free quarters	30th Sept., '45
Keeper Grade II, Folly Point	P. F. Lynch	Ditto	17th Mar., '47
Keeper Grade II, Portland Point	B. Levy	Ditto	12th Sept., '42
Keeper Grade III, Galina Point	A. DaCosta	40/-5/-45/- p.w. and free quarters	1st July, '48
Keeper Grade III, Negril Point	K. Bell	Ditto	1st Feb., '42
Attendant, Morant Point	D. Holland	25/-5/-35/- p.w. and free quarters	28th June, '49
Attendant, Galina Point	Vacant	Ditto	
Attendant, Negril Point	A. Russel	Ditto	1st Feb., '49

## LLOYD'S AGENTS FOR JAMAICA

*For the Island*—R. S. Gamble and Son, Kingston. *Sub-Agents*—Port Antonio, Noel E. Dawson; St. Ann's Bay, Harry Stephenson & Sons Ltd.; Black River, W. G. Hendriks; Alligator Pond, E. E. Sampson; Falmouth, Montego Bay, Lucea and Green Island, J. E. Kerr & Co. (Suc.) Ltd; Port Maria, G. T. Farquharson; Savanna-la-Mar, Kirkham & Co. Ltd.; Grand Cayman, H. O. Merren & Co.

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## PORT WELFARE COMMITTEE

Mr. C. R. Webster (*Chairman*), Hon. Sir Noel Livingston, Mr. W. J. Palmer, M.B.E., Mr. F. W. Harris, Shipping Master, Harbour Master, Reverend Crabbe, Mrs. G. J. DeCordova, Mr. K. V. Samuel, Rev. J. T. Clark, Mr. R. E. West, Mr. H. D. Orrett, Director of Medical Services, Secretary Social Welfare Services, Mr. C. M. Graham, (*Secretary and Treasurer*).

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## REPRESENTATIVES OF UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATIONS AND COMPANIES

R. S. Gamble & Son—Salvage Association, London.

Liverpool Underwriters' Association, Liverpool.

R. S. Gamble & Son—Board of Underwriters of New York. Insurance Company of North America, Union Marine Insurance Co., Ltd., of Liverpool.

George & Branday—Cassa Navale D'Assicurazioni of Genoa; Comitato delle Compagnie D'Assicurazioni Maritime, of Genoa, Comité des Assureurs Maritimes of Havre, Paris & Marseilles; Italia Società D'Assicurazioni Marittime Fluviale, i.e. Terrestri, Genoa; La Estrella of Carthagena, Spain; La Esperanza of Barcelona, Spain; La Union y el Fenix of Madrid, Spain; English and Foreign Insurance Company of Paris; Lloyd of France, Paris; Compagnie D'Assurance Paris; La Baloise of Basle.

CHAPTER XVI  
**LITERATURE, ART, &c.**  
**THE INSTITUTE OF JAMAICA**

(FOR THE ENCOURAGEMENT OF LITERATURE, SCIENCE AND ART)

*East Street, Kingston*

The Institute of Jamaica was constituted during the governorship of Sir Anthony Musgrave by Law 22 of 1879, which created a Board of Governors consisting of seven members, (increased in 1889 to eleven and in 1908 to twelve) their duties being to establish and maintain an institution comprising a library, reading room and museum, to provide for the reading of papers, the delivery of lectures, and the holding of examinations on subjects connected with literature, science and art, to award premiums for the application of scientific and artistic methods to local industries and to provide for the holding of exhibitions illustrative of the industries of Jamaica. Members of the Board of Governors hold office for four years and any casual or recurring vacancy is filled by the person or persons appointing. The law above mentioned transferred to the Institute the libraries of the House of Assembly and the old Legislative Council, both of which had ceased to exist in the year 1866, and the museum of the Royal Society of Arts and Agriculture, together with the building in East Street, Kingston, known as Date Tree Hall. An amending Law was passed in 1909 and a consolidating Law in 1930.

By the earthquake of 1907, the Museum was wrecked, the Library building seriously damaged, and the Art Gallery rendered unsafe. The new Institute, built on the old site of re-inforced concrete and bricks, from designs by Mr. A. E. Herschel, was completed in November, 1911, and the Library and Museum objects were at once removed back from 133 Orange Street, which had been their temporary home for upwards of four years, to East Street, the new Institute being opened on the 6th January, 1912.

*Library*—The books, newspapers, manuscripts and maps on Jamaica and on the West Indies form a special feature in the Library. In addition to the volumes of scientific, historic and general literature, there is a collection of popular works, whilst the quarterly and other leading reviews and periodicals of the day are regularly obtained from Europe and America.

There are now five Libraries.

The *General Library* is open from 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. on week days and is situated on the ground floor. In the centre of this is the Members' Reading Room, with the bookcases placed north and south. Owing to lack of space, the Public Reading Room had to be placed in the two wings on either side of the vestibule, but as this was found impracticable a Public Readers' Table has been placed in the Members' Reading Room.

There are approximately 26,704 volumes in the *General Library* consisting of Art, Biography, Education, Prose Fiction, History, Law, Politics and Sociology, Poetry and the Drama, Science and Natural History, Theology and Philosophy, Travel, Works of Reference, Periodicals, &c.

The West India Reference Library is open from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday to Friday, and 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., on Saturday; it is situated on the upper floor.

There are in the library some 15,075 books, periodicals and pamphlets, and 2,544 manuscripts, maps and plans, on the West Indies, Central America and West Africa.

The *Junior Library* has its own building opposite the Institute. The Library is situated on the lower floor and is open from 9 to 12 and 1 to 5 p.m. A Lecture Hall and Art Room used for activities—are on the upper floor. The membership is 3,100.

The *Junior Library, Halfway Tree*, is situated in the old Court House, kindly loaned by the Government. The Library is open from 9 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. on week days; Saturdays from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., but the issuing of books is from 1 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. on week days—Saturdays 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. The Library is on the lower floor, while the upper floor is used for activities, lectures, concerts, etc. The membership is 1,091.

The Science Library contains approximately 7,000 volumes. The Reading Room opens from the Geological Gallery and contains 1,500 of the most useful reference books and current journals and periodicals. The library stacks are located in the basement directly beneath the reading room and are accessible by a direct staircase. Hours of opening 9 a.m.—4 p.m.

*Museum.*—This is situated in Tower Street, and is open daily from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Saturdays 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

The construction of the Museum Building was completed in 1941. The Scientific Department occupies the ground floor and the eastern half of the basement. The large gallery to the right of the entrance, is devoted to plants and animals; this gallery was opened to the public on July 3, 1945. The exhibits, commencing at the right of the room, give a comprehensive survey of the Plant and Animal Kingdoms. The examples used to illustrate the various groups and to explain biological principles are mostly Jamaican. Apart from the main survey there are special exhibits on seaweeds, ferns, grasses, fungi, palms, seed dispersal, mosquitoes, bird migration and sponges. In preparation is an extensive survey of flowering plants. There are still gaps in the Animal Survey but the Museum, from the outset, has been extremely handicapped by the lack of essential equipment and collecting facilities. The exhibits of many groups, notably butterflies and reptiles, may be considered quite representative.

To the left of the Museum entrance a gallery devoted to Geology and allied subjects is being prepared. The exhibits will tell the story of rocks, and earth formations, they will explain the presence and formation of fossils and show their significance. A survey of minerals will give an idea of the characteristics of the most important ores. The geological and mineral surveys will not be confined to Jamaica, which is limited geologically, but they will be world-wide in scope and application. Jamaican rocks, minerals and fossils will be featured. Also in preparation are wall exhibits on erosion, earthquakes volcanoes and weather.

Study collections are provided for and are slowly growing, but at present they are small and confined to a few groups. Some of these collections are stored beneath exhibition cases in the galleries while others are provided for in the basement. Most of the collections from the old Natural History Museum, demolished in 1939, were adjudged worthless and to a large extent have been discarded and replaced by new material with full data.

On the second floor of the Museum there is a gallery for the exhibition of all kinds of Arts and Crafts and a Lecture Hall which is available to and used by many societies and organizations. Series of lectures are periodically arranged by the Institute and regular series of Lunch Hour concerts are held.

The History Gallery referred to in previous Handbooks, is no longer in existence. Many of the portraits, prints, and paintings, including the scenery in oils by Lady Barkly, are hung in various parts of the Institute: in the West India Library, in the General Library, and in the Museum building. The western half of the Museum basement is devoted to the display of historical objects. The room has been subdivided into 7 bays. The first commencing with the pre-Columbian Arawak Period; the second displays some unique and very fine Spanish Carvings in Jamaican Limestone. These pieces were recently discovered at Seville, St. Ann, the site of the first Spanish Capital of Jamaica. The third bay contains temporary exhibits of West African objects and crafts. The fourth bay displays some fine prints, the Spanish Bell recovered from old Port Royal, which was submerged during the earthquake of 1692, a fine 18th century brass cannon and an interesting 1st Century Roman Altarpiece recovered from Kingston Harbour. The next bay contains weapons and other interesting items, including examples of 17th century Tortoise-shell work made in Port Royal prior to the 1692 earthquake, the famous "shark papers" which, recovered from the shark's maw, led to the condemnation of the Brig "Nancy" at Kingston, 1799. Also displayed in this bay is the Ross Rapier and a few pieces of the West India Regimental Silver, the entire collection of which is in the custody of the Institute. In the next bay are displayed coins, tokens and medals used in Jamaica; objects of the Slavery Period, including branding irons and an iron cage gibbet in which criminal slaves were hung to die of starvation; a set of early 19th Century standard measures and on the walls are interesting prints of the Slavery Period. The last bay is devoted largely to relics and souvenirs of World War I.

One of the finest exhibits of all in the Museum is the Chandelier which overhangs the staircase leading to the second floor. This magnificent piece, as well as the wall brackets along the stairs, was salvaged from the Ball Room of Old King's House in Spanish Town.

On the landing, between the Art Gallery and the Lecture Hall, are exhibited some of the Institute's oil paintings, including Pine's "Rodney on board the Formidable"; a

contemporary oil painting of the "Battle of the Saints", and two valuable paintings by Phillip Wickstead of the Pusey Family in Jamaica presented by Miss Caroline Nias. The portrait of Capt. Lorenzo Dow Baker, Jamaica Banana pioneer and philanthropist, was presented by the heirs and hung in February, 1947.

*Archives.* The Archives, housed for the present in "The Old Armoury" at Spanish Town, contains the records of the Court of Vice-Admiralty, the Court of Chancery, and the Grand Court; as well as Tax Rolls, Colonial Despatches, Vestry Minutes, Assembly Votes, and miscellaneous documents and letters. Permission to examine the records for research purposes may be obtained from the Secretary of the Institute of Jamaica.

In 1948, the Carnegie Corporation gave the Institute eighteen thousand dollars to assist in the preservation of these documents and to provide the services of a Senior Archivist for three years.

*The DaCosta Institute.* A small gallery for exhibition of works of art will be opened at Number one, Central Avenue, Kingston Gardens, during 1949.

*Membership.*—The membership consists of Honorary, Corresponding, Life, Subscribing and Sustaining.

Honorary members, who are subject to no charge, may be elected to the number of twenty, from men distinguished in literature, science or art or for special services rendered to the Institute.

Corresponding members, who are exempt from payment of subscriptions, consist of persons residing outside Jamaica, or under exceptional circumstances, of residents, who can be helpful by correspondence or otherwise in promoting the objects of the Institute.

Life members pay a subscription of two guineas.

Subscribing members, the number being unlimited, are nominated and elected at the meetings of the Board of Governors; these members pay five shillings per annum, have the right of borrowing two books and a periodical at a time and the use of the special reading room referred to.

Sustaining members contribute voluntarily an annual subscription of one guinea towards the upkeep of the Institute and receive the same privileges as the subscribing members.

Books are sent free by post to and from the Institute to the country members. In 1948, 22,376 parcels were issued. Visitors to the Island who join the Library deposit £1 and pay, for three months, two shillings, for the right to borrow two books and one magazine.

*Literary Societies and Community Centres.*—A number of these are affiliated with the Institute and obtain boxes of books free of charge from time to time. Smaller societies—especially in the interior country districts—who are suitably recommended, are helped with reading material (books withdrawn from the Library, etc.) as gifts.

*Teachers' Libraries.*—During the last six years, the Institute of Jamaica has provided a limited number of Teachers' Associations, Training Colleges, Elementary and Secondary Schools in the country districts with boxes of books.

*Lectures.*—Various Lectures are given from time to time at the Institute.

*Arts and Crafts.*—Since 1897, the Board of Governors has done much to foster the interest of Arts and Crafts. In 1940, an Art Gallery was built as part of the Museum building and regular exhibitions of Arts and Crafts have been held. These activities have done much to encourage artists and craftsmen and have been instrumental in developing a steadily growing public interest in Arts and Crafts.

#### PRESENT MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS:

*Nominated by the Governor*—Hon. Sir Robert Barker, O.B.E., Mr. Bernard Williams, F.R.C.S., Mr. Martin Blake, M.A., Mr. H. H. Houghton.

*Members, House of Representatives*—Hon. Sir Harold Allan, O.B.E., F. A. Glasspole, Esq.

*Elected by Members of the Institute*—Mr. J. E. Clare McFarlane, O.B.E., Hon. Douglas Judah, Vice-Chairman, H. A. Lake, Esq., Chairman.

## PRESENT STAFF:—

E. E. Deuchars, M.A., Secretary and Librarian  
 Miss H. W. Morris—Assistant Librarian  
 Miss Violet Hill—Accountant Cashier  
 Miss D. MacGregor—Assistant Cashier  
 Miss E. Solomon—Clerical Assistant.

*West India Reference Library*

K. E. Ingram, B.A., A.L.A.—Supervisor  
 Miss B. M. Fletcher—Assistant  
 Clinton V. Black—Research Assistant  
 Miss P. Caws—Assistant  
 Miss Patricia Hall—Assistant

*General Library*

Mrs. E. Mullings—Supervisor  
 Miss M. Campbell—Library Assistant  
 Miss C. Nash—Library Assistant and Cataloguer  
 Miss I. McGilchrist—Assistant  
 Miss S. Fletcher—Library Assistant (Parcels Division).  
 Miss J. Boor—Library Assistant (Parcels Division).  
 Mrs. B. Duncker—Night Assistant.

*Junior Centres*

Robert Verity—Supervisor, East Street Branch  
 Miss Carmen Lawrence—Library Assistant  
 Miss J. McIntosh—Library Assistant  
 Miss P. Fisher-Berry—Supervisor, Half Way Tree Branch.

*Art Gallery*

Mrs. G. Gray—Assistant.

*Museum*

C. Bernard Lewis, B.A.—Curator.  
 R. P. Bengry, M.Sc.—Assistant Curator.  
 Mrs. Amy Von der Porten—Botanist.  
 Miss Lena Pierce—Museum Assistant  
 Mrs. A. Wiles—Museum Assistant.  
 Mrs. E. Rerrie, —Clerical Assistant.  
 Miss Gloria Silvera—Library Assistant.

*Archives*

Mrs. H. Hall—Acting Archivist.  
 Miss E. Magnus, Typist.

## AVAILABLE PUBLICATIONS OF THE INSTITUTE OF JAMAICA

Meteorology of Jamaica, 1904. Maxwell Hall .. ..	1/-
The Mosquitoes or Culicidae of Jamaica, 1905. F. V. Theobald and M. Grabham .. ..	1/-
A Revised List of the Birds of Jamaica, 1910. P. L. Selater .. ..	6d.
The Life of Enos Nuttall, 1922. F. Cundall .. ..	5/-
Chronological Outlines of Jamaica History, 1492-1926, 1927. F. Cundall .. ..	6d.
A Brief History of the Parish Church of St. Andrew, 1931. F. Cundall .. ..	2/6
A History of Printing in Jamaica from 1717-1834, 1935. F. Cundall .. ..	1/-
Letters to Jane from Jamaica, 1788-1796. Geraldine Mozley .. ..	6/-
Collection of Fishes of Jamaica. Reprinted from Handbook of Jamaica of 1936. Luis Howell Rivero .. ..	6d.



Governors of Jamaica in the 17th Century, 1936. F. Cundall	10/6
Governors of Jamaica in the First Half of the 18th Century, 1937. F. Cundall	10/6
The Aborigines of Jamaica, 1934. F. Cundall, revised by P. M. Sherlock in 1939	1/-
Place Names of Jamaica. F. Cundall, revised by P.N. Sherlock in 1939	9d.
The Story of Port Royal, with a Guide to Visitors, 1939	1/-
Herpetology of Jamaica, 1940. W. Gardner Lynn & Chapman Grant	5/-
Herpetology of the Cayman Islands, 1940. Chapman Grant and C. B. Lewis	4/-
Education in Jamaica, 1942. Mary Manning Carley	1/-
Medical Services in Jamaica, 1943. Mary Manning Carley	1/-
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Glimpses of Jamaica, Natural History, Vol. I, 1945. Second edition 1949. Members of the Natural History Society of Jamaica	2/6
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*Chronological list of special articles contributed to previous issues of Jamaica Almanacs and Handbooks.*

## ALMANACS

- 1751 A Discourse on Meteors.  
 1788 (Stevenson). An essay on the Culture of Coffee.  
     A Brief History of Jamaica.  
 1788 (Aikman). On the Culture of Coffee.  
     Observations on the planting of Cotton.  
     Directions for planting and making Indigo.  
 1788 (Bennett and Dickson). An essay on the Culture of Coffee.  
     A Brief History of Jamaica.  
 1812 Apparent path of the Comet as seen from Jamaica in 1811.  
 1839 Geography, Area, Boundaries and History.  
     Answers to some of the queries respecting the Winds.  
     Currents and Weather in the West Indies—By W. Arnold, m.d.  
     Topography of Portland—By W. Arnold, m.d.  
 1840 The Indians of the Antilles and their predilection for snails—By Richard Hill.  
     An account of those Birds which are to be found in this Island and most commonly followed by Sportsmen—By Richard Chamberlaine, m.d., [reprinted in 1842]  
     Notes from an interleaved pocket-book. Being memoranda for each month of the year 1839—By Richard Hill.  
 1841 The Shell Collector—By Richard Hill.  
     On the Fecundating Food of the Mosquito—By Richard Hill.  
     On the weather of the past year (1840); but particularly with reference to the late drought—By Richard Hill.  
     Statistical and Topographical sketch of the parish of St. Ann—By William Rob.  
 1843 Meteorological Notes of the past year (1841)—By Richard Hill.  
     Lists of plants growing in the plain of Liguanea in the parish of St. Andrew—By James MacFayden, m.d., f.l.s.  
     The Natural History of the John-Crow Vulture—By Richard Hill.

- 1843 Ichthyology.  
 On the culture of Silk.  
 Culture of wheat within the tropics.  
 The Jamaica Trap-door Spider—By Richard Hill.  
 Black Seal of the Pedro Shoal—By Richard Hill.  
 Contributions to Ornithology—By R. Chamberlaine.  
 On Jamaica Cultivation—By Robert Russell, B.L.  
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- 1846 Life Assurance Societies in the West Indies.  
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- 1879-80 Agricultural Calendar—with supplementary notes—By Dr. John Potts.

## HANDBOOKS

- 1881 Astronomy—By Maxwell Hall, M.A., F.R.A.S.  
 Meteorology—By Maxwell Hall, M.A., F.R.A.S.  
 The Climate of Jamaica—By M. Stern, M.R.C.S.  
 List of the Birds of Jamaica—By Alfred Newton and Edward Newton.  
 Insects—By James John Bowery, F.C.S., F.I.C.  
 The Fishes of Jamaica—By the late Richard Hill.  
 Fishes and Fishing—By Anthony Musgrave, Jnr.  
 The Timber Supply of Jamaica—By Thomas Harrison.  
 The Ferns of Jamaica—By W. Nock.  
 Orchids of Jamaica with cultural hints—By George Syme.  
 The Poisonous Plants of Jamaica—By J. J. Bowery.  
 Cultivation of the Sugar Cane in Jamaica—By DeB. Spencer Heaven.  
 Cinchona Cultivation—By Daniel Morris, M.A.  
 Banana Cultivation—By Septimus Feurtado.  
 Cultivation of the Pine Apple—By John Hart.
- 1882 Approaches to the Ports of Jamaica, with sailing directions—By Navigating Lieutenant Nankivell, R.N.  
 Jamaica as a Health Resort and as a place to settle in—By Rev. Alexander Robb, D.D.  
 The Manufacture of Sugar—By W. B. Espeut, F.L.S.  
 Penkeeping or Cattle Farming—By a Penkeeper.  
 The Climate of the Hills of the Parish of Manchester—By Rev. H. Walder.
- 1883 Meteorology—By Maxwell Hall.  
 Jamaica and the Panama Canal—By Staff Commander Nankivell, R.N.  
 Cinchona—By D. Morris.  
 The Mineral Springs of Jamaica—By J. C. Phillippo, M.D.
- 1884-5 A review of the Finances since 1866—By J. Macglashan.  
 The Climate of the Santa Cruz Mountains—By J. H. Clark, M.R.C.P.  
 The Maroons—By Rev. J. Radcliffe.
- 1885-6 Jamaica as a Winter Residence for Northern People—By G. E. Hoskinson, late U. S. Consul.
- 1886-7 The Storm of June, 1886—By Maxwell Hall.
- 1887-8 Celebration of the Queen's Jubilee in Jamaica.  
 A few impressions of Jamaica—By an Officer's Wife.  
 Obi-ism—By Rev. J. Radcliffe.  
 Curiosities of the Island Record Office—By E. N. McLaughlin.  
 The Cyclone, August 20th, 1886—By Maxwell Hall.
- 1891-92 The Jamaica International Exhibition of 1891.
- 1895 Some account of the books on Jamaica in the Library of the Institute of Jamaica—By Frank Cundall.
- 1896 Elementary Notes on Planting and care of woodlands, chiefly from Schleich's Manual—By William Fawcett, B.Sc.
- 1897 Jamaica Cartography—By Frank Cundall.
- 1909 Jamaica Place names—By Frank Cundall.
- 1910 Revised List of the Birds of Jamaica.—By P. Sclater, Dr. Sc., F.R.S.
- 1911 Some notes on the History of Secondary Education in Jamaica. By Frank Cundall.

- 1912 Some notes on Natural History of Grand Cayman.—By T. M. Savage English.  
 1913 The Mineral Resources of Jamaica.—By Francis C. Nicholas, PH. D. *Illustrated*.  
 1914 Catalogue of the Portraits in the Jamaica History Gallery in the Institute of Jamaica.—By Frank Cundall.  
 1915 Catalogue of Engravings of Jamaica Scenery in the Institute of Jamaica.—By Frank Cundall.  
 1917 A Brief Memoir of Enos Nuttall, Archbishop of the West Indies.—By Frank Cundall.  
 1920 A List of the Birds of Jamaica.—By Outram Bangs and Frederic H. Kennard.  
 1922 An Annotated List of the Amphibia and Reptilia of Jamaica.—By Thomas Barbour, M.A., PH.D.  
 1923 Some Recent Contributions to the Geology of Jamaica.—By C. A. Matley, D.Sc., F.G.S., Government Geologist.

### JAMAICA LIBRARY SERVICE

An island-wide Library Service supported in its early years jointly by the British Council and the Jamaica Government was legally established by the Jamaica Library Service Law 1949, Law 62 of 1949, but prior to the Law much preliminary work had been undertaken, a number of Parish libraries had been established and 40,000 volumes made available.

The Law places the control of the Library Service under the Jamaica Library Board consisting of the Director of Libraries (*Chairman*), the Minister for Education, a member nominated by His Excellency the Governor, a representative of the British Council, and representatives appointed by the University College of the West Indies, the Board of Governors of the Institute of Jamaica and the Parochial Boards' Association.

Statutory parish library committees are established by order of the Governor in Executive Council on the request of the Jamaica Library Board and the local Parochial Board. All books in the system are interchangeable between parishes so that any book in any library in the Island is available to all readers no matter where they live.

The book stock is divided into three main collections:

- (1) the basic stock of parish and branch libraries which unless a special request is received remains at the library to which it is allocated.
- (2) the circulating collection which revolves through Book Centres and the smaller Branch Libraries.
- (3) the headquarters collection consisting of a student collection for direct postal loans, a small West India collection and a Drama Collection consisting of sets of plays loaned to organisations.

To these will eventually be added the general collection of the Institute of Jamaica to form a Central Lending Library for Kingston and St. Andrew.

At present the headquarters library is housed in temporary premises at Cross Roads.

Parish Libraries have been established in the following towns:—

Lucea (Hanover); Mandeville (Manchester); St. Ann's Bay (St. Ann) Spanish Town (St. Catherine); Black River (St. Elizabeth); Montego Bay (St. James); Morant Bay (St. Thomas); Falmouth (Trelawny); Sav-la-Mar (Westmoreland). Branch Libraries are in operation at Brown's Town, Christiana, Linstead, Porus and Spaldings and a number of book centres are working.

Courses in Librarianship are being conducted in co-operation with the Library of the University College of the West Indies and a Central Bindery to execute binding and repairs for the two organisations has also been established in conjunction with the University.

### JAMAICA LIBRARY BOARD

A. S. A. Bryant, F.L.A., *Director of Libraries—Chairman*; H. Houghton, M.A., *Director of Education—Vice-Chairman*; The Minister for Education; Martin W. Blake, M.A., *Representative of the British Council*; Hon. Sir Robert Barker, M.A., O.B.E., H. Holdsworth, M.A., F.L.A., *Librarian of the University College of the West Indies*; Wills O. Isaacs, *Representative of the Parochial Boards' Association*.

## STAFF

*Director*—A. S. A. Bryant, F.L.A., *Assistant Director*—Miss Ursula Judd, F.L.A., *Cataloguer*—Miss Barbara Mandy, A.L.A., *Secretary to the Director*—Mrs. Beryl DaCosta, *Assistants*—Miss Norma Segre, Messrs. Lensworth Small and Victor Mightly, *Clerical Assistant*—Mrs. Celia Vermont, *Chief Binder*—Dudley Ramsay.

HEADQUARTERS—8½ Brentford Road, Cross Roads P.O., Jamaica, B.W.I.

## MANCHESTER FREE LIBRARY

(Mandeville)

This is the first Free Public Library to be operated in the Island. Opened to the public April, 1938. Housed in a building loaned by the Parochial Board situated behind the Market in Mandeville.

Open daily (except on Sundays and Public Holidays) from 9 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Comprises a Junior Section for children from 5 years of age; and adult fiction library; a well stocked Reading and Reference room; several village branches; 32 boxes containing 25 vols. each for School distribution; and a syllabus of monthly lectures.

Was established and operated from April, 1938 to December, 1943 entirely by voluntary service, without any regular income, at an overall cost of approximately £40 per annum. During those years 10,500 books, mostly gifts, were collected and catalogued; the membership reached 1,306 and over 25,000 volumes per annum were borrowed.

Owing to rapid expansion the voluntary system of control was considered inadequate and in January, 1944 the British Council made a grant to cover the salary of a trained Librarian, the Parochial Board of Manchester made a grant to cover the salary of an Assistant Librarian, and Government gave a maintenance grant of £100 per annum.

*Librarian in Charge*—Miss P. M. Fisher-Berry.

## SAINT ELIZABETH PUBLIC LIBRARY

As a result of efforts by the Rev. Walter Lewis and with co-operation of public spirited persons in the parish a public library was opened at Black River on the 5th of February, 1944.

The library is administered by an Executive Committee, consisting of 21 members, which meets quarterly. The principal officers are—

*Chairman*—Mr. E. G. Taylor, *Vice-Chairman*—Rev. W. Z. Getfield, *Secretary and Librarian*—Miss J. L. Lawson, *Asst. Secretary*—Miss D. M. Goulbourne, *Treasurer*—Mr. T. P. Goodin.

The Library has 482 members at present and 2,211 books. These books have been accumulated from time to time by donations from the British Council, The Colonial Secretary, Jamaica Library Service and other interested bodies and private persons. A Subvention Grant of £59 is contributed by the Parochial Board of St. Elizabeth.

## THE PHOENIX LIBRARY

(21 Port Royal Street, Kingston)

The Phoenix Library was founded in January, 1933, for the purpose of making modern literature available to members. Members join by subscription. All classes of current literature are available including books of the month and the selections of all the principal book clubs. Other departments include importation and sale of new books magazine, and periodicals, and the distribution of Penguin Books throughout the West Indies.

*Librarian and Proprietor*—Mrs. Doris Duperly.

## THE BRITISH COUNCIL

The British Council is an organization established by the Foreign Office in 1934, and incorporated by Royal Charter which derives its funds from the British Treasury. In foreign countries it works for the promotion of international understanding by spreading a knowledge of British culture and the British way of life and fostering a greater knowledge in Britain of the culture of foreign countries. In British countries, such as Jamaica, its work is clearly different so that, while the Council encourages an interchange of ideas and the promotion of a better understanding between Great Britain and these countries, it is primarily concerned with assisting in their balanced cultural development, working wherever possible through existing institutions and organizations.

In Jamaica, the British Council works in close association with the Institute of Jamaica to which it gives financial and other assistance. It has also provided the funds for the building of the Extension to the Junior Centre.

The Manchester Free Library was organized and catalogued through the assistance of the Council.

The Council has also contributed to the establishment of other parish libraries and has provided nuclear Reference Libraries to secondary schools and Practical Training Centres and has provided a library for the use of the Community Centres of Jamaica Welfare.

An offer by the Council of £70,000 towards the cost of an island-wide library service in Jamaica was responsible for the Jamaica Library Service, full details of which are shown under a separate heading. The chief professional staff of the Library Service are British Council Officers.

The British Council provides scholarships and bursaries, the first scholarship in Jamaica having been awarded for the academic year 1944-45.

A central collection of documentary films and a similar central collection of recorded music have been formed, for use throughout the Island, at British Council House in Kingston. The Montego Bay Musicians' Society, the Manchester Musicians' Guild and musical societies in Kingston have been formed under the auspices of the British Council. Recitals of recorded music are held fortnightly at British Council House, and broadcasts are given bi-monthly by the Music Officer in the weekly British Council series. Assistance has been given to artists by providing materials and by help in the organization of exhibitions. The British Medical Bulletin and Science News and other periodicals are distributed to the appropriate organizations.

*Patron*—H.M. the King; *President*: The Rt. Hon. Lord Riverdale of Scheffeld, G.B.E., K.C.V.O.; *Chairman*: General Sir Ronald Adam, Bt. K.C.B., D.S.O., O.B.E.

*Headquarters*: 3 Hanover Street, London, W.1.

*Representative in Jamaica*: Martin Blake, British Council House, 13 East Street, Kingston.

*Asst. Representative*: C. W. Fyfield

*Music Officer*: T. Murray, Mus. B.

*Administrative Officer*: Miss M. Gentry.

## JAMAICA CENTRE OF THE INTERNATIONAL P.E.N. CLUB

The Jamaica Centre of the International P.E.N. Club was founded on April 20, 1948, by Mrs. H. V. Ormsby Marshall, with Dr. Andrew Guershooon Colin, LL.B., PH.D. of London as co-founder. Its headquarters are at 13 East Street, Kingston.

The P.E.N. Club is a world association of writers with headquarters in London, and centres all over the world. Its aims are to break down all barriers of nationality, race, class or creed in the interests of Literature, regardless of political or international upheavals. It upholds the ideal of one humanity living at peace in one world, and seeks good understanding and mutual respect between nations. It stands for the principle of unhampered transmission of thought within each nation and between all nations, and encourages translated works, publications, and a spirit of goodwill. An Annual Congress attended by delegates from all over the world is held in one or another of the world centres.

Membership of the P.E.N. is open to all qualified writers in any branch of Literature to editors and translators who are in accordance with the aims of the organisation. Subscription rates in Jamaica are £1 1/- entrance fee and £1 1/- per annum. Monthly informal meetings, an Annual General Meeting and Annual Dinner are held. Lectures, literary discussions and comments on literary works are arranged for meetings. Broadcasts and lectures are given otherwise.



*Officers of the Jamaica Centre are—*Dr. T. W. J. Taylor, C.B.E., M.A., D.Sc. (*President*) Mr. J. E. Clare McFarlane, O.B.E., J.P., F.R.S.A. (*1st Vice-President*), Mr. R. L. C. Aarons (*2nd Vice-President*), Mrs. H. V. Ormsby Marshall, (*Secretary*), Mr. Arthur L. Hendriks, (*Treasurer*).

*On the Executive Committee are—* Mr. Martin Blake, M.A.; Mrs. Vera Bell, Mr. Victor Reid and Mr. Vivian L. Virtue.

## THE JAMAICA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

(13 East Street, Kingston)

In the summer of 1943, the Jamaica Historical Society was established with a view to the pursuit and encouragement of the objective study of history in Jamaica.

Broadcasts on various aspects of the history of Jamaica are given regularly by members of the Society. Papers are also read and lectures given. The official organ of the Society is "*The Jamaican Historical Review*" which is published half-yearly. The Society plans to organize lectures and excursions which will enable its members to take an active interest in local folklore, history and traditions. The Vendryes Shield which the Society offers for competition among the schools also stimulates interest in local history among the young people of Jamaica. The British Council is greatly interested in the Society (the headquarters of which are at the office of the British Council at 13 East Street) and has provided the funds for its publications.

Full members pay one guinea per annum; associate members pay half a guinea.

**PATRONS**—His Excellency, Sir John Huggins, K.C.M.G., M.C., Governor of Jamaica, Lord Milverton of Lagos and Clifton and Sir Harry Luke, K.C.M.G., D. LITT.

**OFFICERS**—*President*: The Hon. Sir. Noel B. Livingston; Kt; *Vice-President*: J. G. Young, A.B.I.B.A., A.R.I.A.S., *Actg. Hon. Secretary*: Martin Blake, M.A.; *Hon. Treasurer*: H. E. Vendryes; *Hon. Assistant Secretary*: K. E. Ingram, B.A., *Editor*: J. G. Young.

**EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**—The Officers and Frank Casserley, C. B. Lewis, B.A., and F. A. Foster.

## MUSICAL COMPETITION FESTIVAL OF JAMAICA

The Musical Competition Festival of Jamaica was founded by the Musical Society of Jamaica in 1929 in which year a Syllabus of 42 classes attracted 269 entries. Subsequent Festivals were held at approximately biennial intervals until 1940 when Sir Ernest MacMillan of Toronto was the Adjudicator. War conditions made the holding of Festivals impracticable during the years 1941-46.

In November, 1947 the seventh Festival was adjudicated by Dr. Frederic Staton, Mus. Doc, F.R.C.O., L.R.A.M., Hon. R.A.M., Hon. R.C.M. There were 616 entries in 111 classes including instrumental solos and ensemble, vocal solo and ensemble, sight reading and accompanying at sight, original composition, folk dancing, essay, verse speaking, original composition and Jamaican Folk and Digging songs. There were large audiences and much enthusiasm. The standard of performance has improved and is now very good in junior (under 16) pianoforte and violin, in some of the school and adult choirs and in verse speaking. Male solo singers were better on the whole than the female singers. There were no entries in instrumental ensemble owing to the lack of cellists. Dr. Staton proved to be a most successful and efficient Adjudicator.

The Festival now has its own Constitution and is under the management of an Executive Council of twelve members including (a) four officers (*Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Treasurer and Secretary*); (b) two representatives of the Musical Competition Festival of Kingston (a precursor of the existing Festival), (c) two representatives of the Musical Society of Jamaica, (d) one representative of the Elementary Schools selected by the Jamaica Union of Teachers and (e) three representatives of the members of the Festival. The Executive Council may add to its members by co-option.

*Chairman*: H. A. Lake, Esq., *Vice-Chairman*: G. D. Goode, Esq., I.S.O., *Hon. Treasurer*: G. V. Rennie, Esq., *Hon. Secretary*: G. H. R. Clough, Esq., M.A., L.R.S.M., *Members*: Mrs. R. Delgado, Mrs. A. H. C. Packer, L.R.A.M., A.R.C.M., Miss B. Smythe, F.T.C.L., Miss V. Mills, L.R.A.M., Rev. Canon W. L. Brown, Messrs. W. Spooner, S. M. Kitchin, J. J. Mills, M.B.E., E. G. Soutar.

The Festival is affiliated with the British Federation of Musical Competition Festivals Mrs. Percy Bodker, L.R.A.M., being the Jamaica Festival Representative to the Federation in London.

The Constitution of the Festival provides for three classes of Members viz.: (a) *Subscribing Members* who pay a minimum of 5/- biennially (2/6 in the case of elementary School teachers); (b) *Sustaining Members* who subscribe a minimum of half a guinea biennially and (c) *Vice-Presidents* who subscribe a minimum of one guinea biennially.

Financial Support for the festival has also been forthcoming from many individuals, organizations and business firms who have generously contributed to the prize-fund or donated trophies for competition.

## MUSIC EXAMINATIONS OF TRINITY COLLEGE, LONDON

In March, 1935, the Trinity College Examinations were first held in Jamaica. The first Examination was held by Sir Granville Bantock, M.A., Mus. Doc., F. T. C. L., F.R.A.M., at the Brenda Smyth School of Music and Languages. The number of candidates was 31.

In June, 1936, there were 86 candidates—29 Theory and 57 Practical. The Examinations were conducted by Sir Granville Bantock, M.A., Mus., Doc., F.T.C.L., F.R.A.M. and Dr. W. Greenhouse, Alt., Mus. Doc., F.T.C.L., F.R.C.O.

These Examinations were discontinued after 1940 owing to the war.

Dr. Greenhouse Alt. visited the West Indies in March, 1949 and the Centre for these examinations was re-opened.

*Committee*.—Miss Brenda Smyth, F.T.C.L., M.R.S.T. (London), *Chairman*; Miss V. Mills, L.R.A.M., Mrs. A. H. Packer, L.R.A.M., A.R.C.M., Mrs. R. Delgado, Mrs. B. Cover, L.R.A.M., A.R.C.M., Miss L. Trench, L.R.A.M. Mrs. M. Johnson, L.R.A.M. (Eloc.), Mrs. O. H. Nash, *Secretary*.

## MUSICAL SOCIETY OF JAMAICA

*Objects*.—The objects of the Society which was founded in 1926 shall be to provide members with opportunities for hearing good music and for general improvement of their knowledge and appreciation of the art of music and to encourage generally the practice of the art in Jamaica.

*Membership*.—Anyone interested may become a member. There are Town, Country and Junior members; the subscription being as follows:—

Town Members 6/- per annum; Country Members 4/- per annum; Junior Members 3/- per annum.

*Patrons*, Lady Huggins, The Lord Bishop of Jamaica.

1947 *Executive Committee*.—H. A. Lake, Esq., *President*; George Goode, Esq., I.S.O., *Vice-President*; Mrs. Ruby Delgado, 16½ West Avenue, Camperdown, H.W.T. *Hon. Secretary and Treasurer*; Mrs. A. H. L. Packer; Miss L. Bubb-Clarke; Mrs. Sylvia Ebanks; Mr. Sibthorpe Beckett; Mr. W. Spooner; Sir Norman Strathie.

## THE NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY OF JAMAICA

The Natural History Society of Jamaica was founded in January, 1941, and developed with the stimulus and facilities of the Science Museum of the Institute of Jamaica. It is closely affiliated with the Museum and recognises the Museum as its headquarters. The object of the Society is to encourage and advance the study of Natural History in Jamaica.

There are 144 members and 11 schools are subscribers. A mimeographed Journal is produced bi-monthly at the Museum and distributed to all members as well as to important Scientific Institutions abroad. An Annual Summer Camp is held during the latter

part of August at Clydesdale in the Blue Mountains, and in addition Monthly Field Trips are arranged throughout the year. Lectures, film shows and demonstrations are held at intervals. Membership consists of Honorary Members, Full Members with an annual subscription of 10/- per year and Associate Members with an annual subscription 5/- per year. Life Membership subscription is five guineas.

The Officers of the Society are:—

Mrs. R. G. Taylor, M.A., *President*  
 R. P. Bengry Esq., M.Sc., *Vice-President*  
 Horace Vendryes, Esq., *Hon. Treasurer*  
 Mrs. Arnold Von der Porten, *Hon. Secretary*

The Executive Committee consists of the officers and the following members:—

C. B. Lewis, Esq., B.A.  
 Dr. G. V. Helwig, Ph.D.,  
 E. W. March, Esq., M.A.  
 Vinton Burns, Esq., B.A.  
 A. J. Thomas, Esq.

### THE POETRY LEAGUE OF JAMAICA

The Poetry League of Jamaica which began as a branch of the Empire Poetry League, founded in 1917, was inaugurated in September, 1923. The League is a fellowship of those interested in poetry, either as students or creative artists, and are banded together with a view to extending the love and knowledge of all imaginative literature. The immediate aims are:— (1) The creation of an Island Literature and study of its folklore; (2) The encouragement of young and inexperienced writers; (3) The promotion of a wider study of imaginative literature in the Schools of the Island; (4) Encouragement of the art of elocution; (5) The creation of a conscience for ideal beauty in the community.

*Executive Committee:* J. E. Clare McFarlane, O.B.E., J.P., F.R.S.A., *President*; W. Adolphe Roberts, Hon. Sir Noel Livingston, Rev. Canon Walter Brown, *Vice President*; Wycliffe S. Bennett, *Hon. Secretary*, c/o H.M. Customs, Kingston; Miss A. B. Bailey, *Hon. Treasurer*, Eric W. Patterson, B.A. (Hon.) Lond., D.P.A., *Chairman, Finance Committee* Howard A. Spencer, B.A., *Chairman Schools Committee*; Vivian L. Virtue, M.R.S.L., *Hon. Asst. Secretary and Librarian*; Miss Marjorie Smith, *Hon. Asst. Secretary*; (Miss Una Marson, *Publicity Secretary (Overseas)*, Miss Maria Howden, *Publicity Secretary (Local)*).

### DIOCESAN FESTIVAL CHOIR

This Choir was organised by the Diocesan Music Committee in the year 1924, the Choir's first performance in that year being part of the celebrations in honour of the one hundredth anniversary of the founding of the Diocese of Jamaica.

The object of the Choir is to further the progress of the art of music in the Diocese by undertaking the study and performance of such choral works as the Committee of Management may from time to time select.

The Choir aimed originally at giving biennial performances and ten such performances were given up to July, 1943. Subsequent to this annual performances have been given.

The present membership is approximately 120.

*Committee of Management:*—Rev. Canon H. G. Lovell, *Chairman*; Rev. F. G. Jolly, George D. Goode, I.S.O. *Conductor*; P. S. Goldson, *Treasurer*, E. G. Soutar, D. H. Robinson, S. L. Beckett, and Miss E. Marson, Hope, Kingston P.O., *Secretary*

### THE KINGSTON GLEE SINGERS SOCIETY

The Kingston Glee Singers Society was founded in September, 1909, its object being the study of unaccompanied vocal part music. The season is from October to June and the Society aims at giving at least one public concert each season. The subscription is eight shillings per annum.

*Conductor:*—George D. Goode, I.S.O., 18½ Lyndhurst Road, Cross Roads P.O.  
*Secretary:*—S. M. Kitchin, 60 Duke Street, Kingston.

## SURREY PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

THE Orchestra was founded by Mr. Sibthorpe L. Beckett (of the Supreme Court, Kingston) July, 1940.

It has given 9 Symphony concerts since its inception, playing orchestral works by famous composers.

Rehearsals are held weekly in the Doorly Memorial Hall at the Y.M.C.A.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE—T. E. Sealey, *Chairman*, Martin G. Smith, *Vice-Chairman*, S. L. Beckett, *Secretary and Treasurer*, R. M. R. Rainford, B.A., (Lond.), *Library Superintendent*, Mrs. Edna Manley; I. V. Wright, G. H. Neilson.

*Permanent Conductor*, Sibthorpe L. Beckett; *Temporary Tutor-conductor* (1943-1944), Charles Draper, F.G.S.M., Musician in ordinary to H.M. the King, late professor of the Royal College of Music; *String Class Instructor* (1943), Ena Foster-Davis, L.R.A.M., Trinity College London, graduate in Violin and Piano, Choral and Orchestral Conducting.

## 'Y' CHORAL GROUP

The Group was formed in 1943 by Mr. Sibthorpe L. Beckett of the Y.M.C.A., consisting of members of both the Y.M.C.A. and Y.W.C.A. and incorporates the Vocal Culture Class which is conducted by Mr. Beckett at the Y.M.C.A. weekly on Wednesdays. The Group has given several performances since its inception including joint concerts with the Surrey Philharmonic Orchestra featuring Choral Works of Bach, Handel, Elgar, Morley and Strauss.

*Conductor*: Sibthorpe L. Beckett, Y.M.C.A. House, 76 Hanover Street, Kingston.

*Secretary*: Miss Aileen Brammer, c/o Supreme Court, Kingston.

## JAMAICA ASSOCIATION OF CHURCH ORGANISTS AND CHOIRMASTERS

THE Association was formed by Mr. Frank Haworth (formerly Music Officer of the British Council in the West Indies) in October, 1944.

The main object of the Association is to improve and maintain the standard of church music in Jamaica and to promote social intercourse amongst its members. Amongst the activities are—Lectures and discussions, debates, symposia, massed choir rehearsals and performances, Organ recitals etc.

*Patrons*, His Grace the Lord Archbishop of the West Indies, Most Rev. W. G. Hardie, M.A., D.D., Moderator of the Presbyterian Church, Chairman of the Methodist Synod President of the Jamaica Baptist Union, and the Secretary of the Congregational, Union of Jamaica.

*Officers*—*President*, George D. Goode, I.S.O.; *Chaplain*, Rev. Canon E. L. Evans, M. Th., B.D.; *Secretary and Treasurer*, Sibthorpe L. Beckett, c/o Supreme Court; *Committee Members* (1948,) Eric A. Levy and Oscar V. Carnegie.

## GRAMAPHONE CONCERTS COMMITTEE

THE purpose of this Committee established in 1944 is to organise Gramophone Concerts under ideal conditions featuring the best recordings of great music for the improvement of musical culture in the community.

Since the year 1944 several concerts open to the general public have been presented on the lawns of the Y.W.C.A., 1F North Street.

*Chairman*, Ernest A. Foster-Davis; *Secretary and Treasurer*, Sibthorpe L. Beckett, c/o Supreme Court.

*Members*: Egerton Andrews, Douglas Forrest and Maxy Henry.

## SPALDINGS LITERARY AND SOCIAL CLUB

(Spaldings, P.O.)

THE Club was formed in July, 1915, with the object of providing a place where the inhabitants of the township could meet periodically for healthy and instructive recreation by debates, lectures, addresses and discussions and by games, concerts and other convenient forms of entertainment.

The principal officers are:

*President:* Mr. F. R. Ricketts, *Vice-President:* Mr. W. H. McCaulay, J.P., *Secretary* Mr. B. A. Wallace, *Treasurer:* Mr. G. O. Atkinson, *Librarian:* Mr. R. Atkinson.

## PRINCIPAL NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS

Publications	Editor or Proprietors	When published	Address
"The Daily Gleaner"	Gleaner Co., Ltd.	Daily (1834)	148 Harbour, St. Kingston
"The Jamaica Daily Express"	Printer's Ltd.	"	3 Hanover Street Kingston
"The Jamaica Gazette"	The Government Printer	Weekly	Duke Street, King- ston
"The Jamaica Times"	Jamaica Times, Ltd.	"	King St., Kingston
"Public Opinion"	.. O. T. Fairclough (Mgr.)	Weekly	67 Slipe Rd., Cross Roads
"Catholic Opinion"	.. Rev. Fr. G. Heffernan, S.J.	"	1A North St., Kingston
"Agricultural Advocate"	Agricultural Advocate, Ltd.	"	5 Penrith Road, Cross Roads
"Police Gazette"	.. Police Dept. C. I. D.	"	
"The Pagoda"	.. Chas. T. Chang	"	
"Spotlight" ..	.. Evon Blake	Monthly	95 Harbour St., Kingston
"Journal of the Jamaica Agricultural Society"	Secretary, J.A.S.	"	Sutton Street, Kgn.
"Welfare Reporter"	.. Jamaica Welfare (1943), Ltd.	"	74½ Hanover St., Kingston
"Jamaica Arise"	.. People's National Party	"	67 Slipe Road, Cross Roads
"The West Indian Review"	Esther Chapman	Weekly	15 East Street Kingston
"The Torch" (review of Education in Jamaica)	.. Education Dept.	Quarterly	116 East St., Kingston
"The Caribbean Post"	Aimee Webster	Monthly	
"Madame" ..	.. B & B Publications, Ltd.	"	
"Press and Public"	.. —	Annual	1A Duke Street
Caribbean Quarterly	.. P. M. Sherlock and Andrew Pearse	Quarterly	University College of the West Indies, Liguanea.

## GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS

ON SALE AT THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE — KINGSTON

LAWS— LAW REPORTS, RULES, REGULATIONS, ETC.

1. Supreme Court Decisions of Jamaica and Privy Council Decisions from 1774–1923, by J. E. R. Stephens, 2,314 pp. £1 for the set of 2 volumes.
2. Supreme Court Judgments, Jamaica, 1917–1932 and Digest—Clark, £1 1/-.
3. Jamaica Law Reports, 1933, by the late S. R. Braithwaite, Barrister-at-Law, £1 1/- per volume.
4. Jamaica Law Reports, 1936–40, 1941–45 by W. S. K. Gordon, Deputy Registrar, Supreme Court, £1 10/- each.
5. Pamphlets of current Judgments of Supreme Court, 1½d. per page.
6. Rules and Orders of the Supreme Court of Judicature, Jamaica, 1938, 5/-.
7. Matrimonial Causes in Jamaica—A consolidation of Cap. 442 and Law 23 of 1938 and the New Rules of 1939, by Trevor L. Lyons, Registrar, Supreme Court, 11/- per volume.
8. Schedule of Fees payable in the Supreme Court, 5d.
9. Revised Edition of the Laws of Jamaica in force on the 1st of Aug., 1938, in 7 Vols. £12 12/- (Out of Print.)
10. Laws of Jamaica—Yearly Volumes, 1939–1947, 3/- each. Chapters and Laws, separately, 2 pp., 6d. each, over 2 pp., 1/- each.
11. Rules and Forms of the Resident Magistrates Courts, 1934, 6/-.
12. Privy Council Regulations, Orders, etc.—1925 to 1948, 3/- each.
13. R.M. Court—Tariff of Fees, 6d.
14. Rules under Real Property Representative Law, 1903, 1/-.
15. Trade Marks Rules, 1/3d.
16. Regulations as to the Construction of Building in Reinforced Concrete, 9d.
17. Rules under the Petroleum and Oil Fuel (Landing and Storage) Law Cap. 308. made on 6th March, 1941, 6d.
18. Code of Regulations of the Education Department, 1945, 1/-.
19. Code of Regulations, Education Department Schedules A, B and D 1/- (Out of Print.)
20. Regulations for carrying out the purposes of Section 2 of the Tariff Law, 1925, as amended by Law 14 of 1932, 3d. each.
21. Regulations (made under Sec. 20 of the Motor Vehicles Insurance (Third Party Risks) Laws 1939). Price 9d.
22. Industrial and Provident Societies—Rules 1/-.
23. Statutes (Imperial and Jamaican) and Regulation relating to British Nationality, Naturalization of Aliens and the Loss of British Nationality, compiled by Hector Josephs, K.C., 1/-.
24. Rules and Regulations, Barbers, 6d.
25. “ “ “ Court of Appeal, 1/-.
26. “ “ “ Electric Lighting Law, 6d.
27. “ “ “ Road Traffic Law, 1/-.
28. “ “ “ Land Surveyors, 1/-.
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33. Colonial Air Navigation Order 1948 6d. each
34. Regulations under the Excise Duty Law 1941, (Law 73 of 1941) 1/- each.
35. British Nationality Act, 1948, (11 & 12 Geo. 6 Ch. 56) 1/-.

## AGRICULTURAL PUBLICATIONS

1. Agricultural Produce Law, Ch. 339, 1/-.
2. Regulations under the Agricultural Produce Law, 1926, (a) Citrus Fruit, (b) Cocoa and Coffee, (c) Honey and Wax, (d) Banana, 1d. each.
3. Banana Books, 4/- each.
4. Bulletins issued by Department of Science and Agriculture, Jamaica, 6d. each.
  - No. 3. Cultivation of Citrus in Jamaica.
  - “ 5. Maturity Tests for Citrus.
  - “ 9. Field Experiments on Sugar Cane in Jamaica (several years).
 Survey of Yields of Sugar Cane (several years).

- No. 10. Damage in K.S.A.C. by Termites. (Out of print)
- " 12. Reprints of Miscellaneous Articles (several years).
- " 13. Report on Agricultural Survey in Cayman Islands.
- " 14. Proceedings of Summer Course of Lectures and Demonstrations 1937.
- " 15. Cercospora Leaf Spot of Bananas.
- " 17. Soils Erosion and Conservation in Jamaica 1937.
- " 19. Fertilizer Investigations with the Gros Michel Banana.
- " 21. Forestry and Erosion in Haiti and Puerto Rico.
- " 22. Report on Coconut Growing Areas of Jamaica.
- " 30. Citrus Pests Investigations. (Out of print)
- " 32. Diseases of Plants in Jamaica. (Out of stock).
- " 33. Legislation re Forestry and Agriculture. (Out of print)
5. Agriculture in Jamaica, 1/1.
6. Handbook of Agriculture in West Indies, 10/-.
7. The Principal Agricultural Pests of Jamaica, 2/-.
8. Irrigation Reports, 1927, Five Reports by C. F. Stewart Baker, M.I.C.E. Illustrated by 5 diagrammatic maps in colours, in Gazette Supplement form, 6d.
9. Proceedings of Ninth West Indian Agricultural Conference, 1924, 238 pp., 2/6.
10. Produce Dealers Account Books, small 9/.
11. Extracts from Reports of the Imperial Economic Committee on Marketing and Preparing for Market of Foodstuffs produced in the Overseas Parts of the Empire. Third Report—Fruit, 1926, 34 pp., 1/-.
12. List of Properties of 50 acres and upwards, 1938, 2/6.
13. The Rainfall of Jamaica from about 1870 to end of 1909, with maps, 2/6.
14. The Rainfall of Jamaica from about 1870 to end of 1919, with maps, 2/6.
15. The Rainfall of Jamaica from about 1870 to end of 1929, with maps, 2/-.
- 15a. The Rainfall of Jamaica from about 1870 to 1939, 2/-.
16. Report upon the Forest of Jamaica, 1886, E. D. Hooper, Indian Forest Department 1886, 1/-.
17. Address by Sir William Furse, K.C.B., D.S.O., "The Work of the Imperial Institute" 1/-.
18. Statistics of the Sugar Industry of Jamaica. Prepared for the use of the Sugar Commission, 1929. 102pp., F'cap. folio, 2/-.
19. History of Hope Farm and Part 1 of Jamaica Herd Book of Pure Bred Cattle, 5/-.
20. A Preliminary List of Plant Diseases in Jamaica by Larter & Martyn, 2/3.
21. Report of the Jamaica Banana Commission, 1936 6d. (out of print)
22. Meteorology of Jamaica, 1936, 1/-.
23. Report of the Banana Leaf Spot Control Advisory Board, 1/-.
24. " Parish Rainfall, 1/-.
25. " Table of Rainfall Records, 1/-.
26. " Committee on Banana Insurance, 1/-.
27. " Department of Agriculture, 1914, 1/-.
28. " Reorganization of the Coconut Industry, 1/-.
29. " Memo Colonial Agricultural Policy, 1/-.
30. " Agricultural Policy Committee of Jamaica, 1945, 1/-.
31. " Agriculture, Fisheries, Forestry and Veterinary Matters, by Prof. F. L. Engledow, 3/6.
32. Special Report on Land Settlement, by Agricultural Policy Committee, 1/-.
33. Report, Sugar Industry Committee, 1944-45, 1/-.
34. Rehabilitation of the Coffee Industry, 1/-.
35. Report, Economic Survey in Sugar Industry, 2/3.
36. Investigations, Banana Leaf Spot on Gros Michel 2/-.
37. Forestry Bulletin No. 1, 1/3.
38. Report Cost of Production of certain Local Food Crops, 1/6.
39. " Survey of Animal Husbandry etc., Br. Guiana, 6d.
40. Forestry in Cayman Islands, 6d.
41. Report of the British Guiana and British Honduras Settlement Commission (Cmd. 7533) 7/11.
42. Report, (Interim) Insurance Hurricane Damage to Coconut Plantation, 1/-.
43. Report, Infestation of Foodstuff by Insects, 6d.
44. Report, Cattle, Banana, Coconut, Citrus Investigation Committee, 1/6.

## MEDICAL AND HEALTH PUBLICATIONS

1. Sale of Drugs and Poisons Law, Ch. 79, 1/-.
2. Public Health Law, Ch. 71, 1/-.
3. Address by Dr. Andrew Balfour, C.B., C.M.G., "Why Hygiene Pays", 1/-.
4. Jamaica Health Stories and Plays, by B. E. Washburn, M.A., M.D., Demy 8v., 110 pages, 1929. Stiff paper cover, 4d. each or 3/- a dozen.
5. Forms, Private Nursing Homes, 10/- per 100.
6. Report Epidemiology of T.B. in Jamaica, 1/-.
7. " Social Hygiene, Parts I and II, 1/- each.
8. " Vomiting Sickness 1943 1/-.
9. " Public Health Regulations, 1/-.
10. " Agricultural Policy Committee on Nutrition in Jamaica, 1/-.
11. Public Health Regulations, 1/-.
12. Report Nutritional Condition of Babies in Jamaica, 6d.
13. Report, 1st Veterinary Conference 1947, 1/-

## MISCELLANEOUS PUBLICATIONS

1. Census of Jamaica and its Dependencies, 1911, 1/6. 1943, 12/- (paper cover).
2. 1943 Census Bulletins, A1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, Agriculture 1 and 3, 6d. each.
3. 1943 Census Administrative Progress Report, 1/-.
4. The Jamaica Gazette (Weekly) including Supplements, 20/- per annum, in Jamaica. 25/- abroad payable in advance. Separate copies of Gazette, 6d. Extraordinary Gazette, 6d.
5. Supplements to the Jamaica Gazette, containing Bills as introduced into Legislative Council, 6d. each, containing Laws as passed 1/- each.
6. Jamaica Gazette (Defence) Supplements, 1941-1948, 5/- per volume.
7. Finance and Appropriation A/c., Annual 2/6.
8. Jamaica Civil List and Records of Public Officers (Annual), 2/6 —(out of stock).
9. Handbook of Jamaica, 10/-.
10. Minutes of the Legislative Council, Annual, 5/-.
11. Estimates of Revenue and Expenditure, as passed by the Legislative Council, 5/- of the K.S.A.C. 2/6, of Parochial Boards, 2/6, of Water Commission, 2/6.
12. Memorandum on Estimates, 1/-.
13. Trade Report Annual, 5/-.
14. Notes on the Geology of Jamaica (with maps) 1913, by Maxwell Hall, M.A., F.R.A.S.F.R. Met. Soc., 1/-.
15. Report on the Finances of Jamaica, 1899, by Sir D. Barbour, K.C.S.I., 1/-.
16. Report on the Finances of Jamaica, by H. E. Dale, C.B., 5/-.
17. Report on Transport Problems in Jamaica, 1923, by Lt.-Col. F. D. Hammond C.B.E., D.S.O., with Map, 5/-, without Map, 4/-.
18. Report of the First West Indies Conference, Jan.-Feb., 1929, 144 pp. F'cap folio, 2/6.
19. Report of the Commission on Government Savings Bank, 1/-.
20. Report of the Transport Commission, (1933) 1/-.
21. Debates of the Legislative Council from 1936, Annual Set £3.
22. Report on Jamaica Government Railway—Bland, 1/-.
23. First Report—Nutrition in the Colonial Empire, Parts I and II, 5/6.
24. Recommendations of West India Royal Commission 1938-39; 30 pp., 6d.
25. Address on the Constitution, 6d.
26. Bankruptcy Forms, 3/9 per set.
27. Certificate of Origin of Goods under Law No. 4 of 1925, 2/6 per 100. (out of print)
28. Imperial Preference Forms, 3/- per 100. (out of print)
29. Naturalization Forms, 6d. each.
30. Governor's Address to Legislative Council, 1/-.
31. Handbook of Legislative Council and House of Representatives, 1/6.
32. Road Code, 1d.
33. Result, Jamaica Local Examination, 1945 and 1948, 5d each.
34. Report All Island Telephone System, 1/- (out of stock).
35. " Building Industry, (1941) 2/6.
36. " Central Housing Advisory Board, 1 -.
37. " Illegitimacy and Concubinage, 1/- (out of print.).
38. " Middle Class Unemployment, 1/-.
39. " Poor Relief, 1938, 1/-.



MISCELLANEOUS, *contd.*

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42. " Earthquakes in Jamaica, 1/-.
43. Report, Hurricane, 1933, 1/-.
44. " Memo on Trench Town, 1/-.
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  - " 9 Poor Relief Re-organization
  - " 15 Cayman Islands
  - " 16 Social Welfare, Residential Schools
  - " 17 Poor Relief Re-organization
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  - " 19 General
  - " 20 Education in Jamaica
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  - " 23 Water Supplies
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50. " Subordinate Employees, 3/-.
51. " Industrial Relations Committee, 1/-.
52. " Subordinate Staff, K.S.A.C., 1/-.
53. " Local Government Reform (Hill), 1/- (out of print).
54. " Apprenticeships Committee, 1/-.
55. " Committee on Economic Policy, 1/-.
56. " Land Taxation and Valuation, 1/- (out of print)
57. " Training of Local Government Officers, 1/-.
58. " Elections, 1944 and 1947, 2/- ea.
59. " Committee on Asylum 1/-.
60. " " Disturbance at Frome 1938, 1/-.
61. " " Disturbance 1938, 1/-.
62. " " Fire 23rd Oct., 1937, 1/-.
63. " " Lands Department, 1935, 1/-.
64. " " Parochial Boards, 1899, 1/-.
65. " " Prisons, 1926, 1/-.
66. " " Pension Legislation, 1/-.
67. " " Regrading—Jamaica Govt. Railway, 1935. 1/-.
68. " " Regrading—P.Ms. 1937, 1/-.
69. " Munro and Dickenson Trust, 1/-.
70. " West Indian Conference, Barbados, (1944) 6d.
71. " Statement Cost of Restoration Flood Damage, (1933) 1/-.
72. " Women Institute Movement in Britain, 6d.
73. " Reprint of Import and Export Duties, 2/- (out of print)
74. " Preservation of Wooden Buildings in the Tropics, 1/3.
75. " Ten Year Plan of Development 1/-.
76. " Library Plan of Jamaica, 1945, 1/- (out of print).
77. " Co-operation in Jamaica, 1944, by E. Lucette, 6d.
78. " Examination Papers, (Training College and Jamaica Local), 1/- each.
79. " Colonial Development and Welfare Bulletin No. 15, Cost of Education, 6d.
80. " Potentialities of the Tourist Trade Industry in Jamaica 1945, 1/-.
81. " Memorandum of Agreement between Colonial Secretary and Jamaica Telephone Co., 1945, 1/-.
82. " West India Royal Commission, 1938-39, 7/6 (out of print).
83. " Dev. and Welfare in W.I. 1943-44, 2/-.
84. " W.I. Royal Commission Statement of action taken, 2/-.
85. " Development of Co-operatives in Jamaica, 1/-.

MISCELLANEOUS, *contd.*

86. Report Memo on B.W.I. Inter-Colonial Trade, 6d.
87. " Proposed Road Improvement, 1/-.
88. Plan for Post Primary Education in Jamaica, 1/6.
89. Report on Constabulary—Calver, 1/3. (out of print).
90. " on Constabulary—Campbell, 1/-.
91. " on Transport in Jamaica, Rooke, 2/-.
92. " on Conference Closer Association of B.W.I. Part I, 9d., Part II, 3/-.

The following maps and prints are sold by the Survey Department:—

Maps of Jamaica 2.698 miles to 1 inch—

Coloured in Two Sheets	..	..	6/- each
Black and White, One Sheet	..	..	5/- "
Black and White, One Sheet, mounted	..	..	16/- "
Coloured " " "	..	..	20/- "

Photographic prints of the following maps:—

Maps of each Parish 1" to 1 mile	..	..	21/- "
Maps of Liguanea Plain and Kingston (2 Sheets) 1/10,000	..	..	21/- "

Map of Jamaica, approximately 6.3 miles to 1 inch, coloured, unmounted	..	..	1/6 "
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Pomeroy Sheets, 2½" to 1 mile; set of Four  
Sheets showing Kingston and portions of St.  
Andrew, St. Catherine and St. Thomas

Mounted	..	..	26/- per set
Unmounted	..	..	20/- "

## CHAPTER XVII

### SPORT AND SPORTING CLUBS AND INSTITUTIONS

#### CRICKET

CRICKET is played during the Season all over the Island.

The principal Clubs in Kingston are the Kingston C.C. with their grounds at Sabina Park; the Melbourne C.C. at Melbourne Park, the Kensington C.C., who play at Kensington Park on the Windward Road, the Lucas C.C. at Nelson Oval, and the Wembley A.C. with their grounds at Dunoon Park, Windward Road.

The principal Clubs outside of Kingston are the St. Catherine C.C., the Inns Wood C.C., both of St. Catherine, the Middlesex C.C. of St. Mary, the Port Antonio C.C., the Montego Bay C.C. and the Guild C.C. of St. James, and the St. Georges C.C. of Buff Bay. Cricket is played at all the Secondary Schools.

The Jamaica Cricket Association was formed in 1925 to govern Cricket in Jamaica, and all the principal Clubs in the Island are affiliated to it. It is governed by a Board of Control which has assumed the duties formerly carried out by the Jamaica Cricket Council and the Managing Committees of the several Cup Competitions.

Keen rivalry is shown in the competitions, the principal one being the Senior Cup Competition, which was won in 1949 by the Wembley A.C.

In March, 1926, the M.C.C. Team which toured the West Indies, visited Jamaica captained by the Honourable F. S. G. Calthorpe. Three matches were played, the first was won by the visitors and the other two were drawn. A team captained by the Hon. L. Tennyson visited the Island early in 1927. All the matches were drawn. In February, 1928, the Hon. L. H. Tennyson again brought out a team and of the three matches played two were won by Jamaica and the other drawn.

In February, 1929, the late Sir Julien Cahn brought out a very strong team. Of the four matches played two were won, one by Jamaica and the other by the West Indian XI. The other two matches were drawn.

An M.C.C. Team under the captaincy of the Hon. F. S. G. Calthorpe, toured the West Indies in the Winter of 1929-30 and visited Jamaica in March, 1930.

For the first time on record official Test Matches were arranged and of the four played the West Indies won one and England one, the other two were drawn.

The West Indies Cricket Board of Control met in Jamaica in April, 1930, and selected a West Indies Team which toured Australia in the winter of 1930-31. The Team included four Jamaicans.

In February, 1932, Lord Tennyson brought out a Team which included several All England players; of the four matches played three were won by Jamaica and the other drawn.

In 1933, a West Indies Cricket Team which included five Jamaicans toured England.

A strong, M.C.C. Team under the captaincy of Mr. R. E. S. Wyatt toured the West Indies in the Winter of 1934-35 and visited Jamaica in March, 1935. Three matches were played, two against the Colony's full strength and one against the West Indies in an official Test Match (the final of a series of four). The two Colony Matches were drawn but the Test Match resulted in a victory for the West Indies who for the first time on record won the "rubber".

Of the four Test Matches played, the West Indies won two and the other two were drawn.

The Yorkshire County Cricket Team (Champion County of England) visited Jamaica in February, 1936. Five matches were played, one against the Schoolboys XV one against the Next XII, and three against Jamaica. All the matches were drawn, with the exception of the first Colony match, which was won the Yorkshire Team, with being the first defeat sustained by the Colony during the past 10 years from a visiting team.

In the Summer of 1939, a West Indies Cricket Team, which included five Jamaicans, toured England. Three Test Matches were played one of which was won by England and the other two were drawn.

A Trinidad Cricket Team visited Jamaica in June-July, 1946 and played three Colony Matches one of which was won by Jamaica and the other two were drawn.

In March 1947, a Barbados Team visited the Island and played two Colony Matches in connection with the Intercolonial Cricket Tournament. Both matches were drawn.

A Jamaican Cricket Team visited British Guiana in October, 1947, and played two Colony Matches both of which were drawn. This visit was historic for the reason that it was the first occasion on which Jamaica met B.G. in the Intercolonial Cricket Tournament.

An M.C.C. Team under the Captaincy of G.O. Allen, toured the W.I. in the winter of 1947-48 and visited Jamaica in March, 1948. Three Matches were played, two against the Colony which were drawn and one Official Test Match against the W.I. which resulted in a decisive victory for the W.I. and meant the winning of the Rubber for the second time.

A West Indies Cricket Team which included four Jamaicans, under the Captaincy of Mr. J. D. Goddard of Barbados and with Mr. D. P. Lacy of Jamaica as Manager toured India Pakistan and Ceylon during the winter of 1948-49. Five Test Matches were played against India, the West Indies winning the series by defeating India in the Fourth Test, whilst the other four matches were drawn. This visit was historic for two reasons. It was the first time the West Indies were opposed to India in a series of Test Matches and the first time they won the "Rubber" away from home.

R. K. Nunes, *President*; V. C. McCormack and R. H. Fletcher, *Vice-Presidents*; K. H. Ivan Levy, *Hon. Treasurer*; S. M. Abrahams, (*acting*) *Hon. Secretary*; F. V. Lacy, *Asst. Hon. Secretary*; Hon. R. L. M. Kirkwood, Hon. A. S. Campbell, N. N. Nethersole, F. R. Martin, G. M. DaCosta, R. C. Marley, R. N. Vaz, E. A. Rae and H. A. Grant.

### JAMAICA FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION

(FOUNDED 1910)

*Affiliated to The Football Association*

Football is played in Jamaica from September to February.

The first Civilian Football Club was formed in Kingston in 1893 and games were played against Military teams from Up Park Camp, Newcastle and Port Royal. Five years later, a Challenge Shield competition was inaugurated and for many years the Military teams proved too strong for the Civilians.

In 1906, Mr. Frederick N. Martinez offered a Cup for competition among Civilian clubs. That trophy was won outright by the Kingston C.C. in 1913-14 and replaced by another which in turn was won outright in 1929-1930 by the Melbourne C.C. The present trophy was donated by Messrs. Edwin Charley and is competed for on the same terms; i.e. an outright win for any club winning it on three successive occasions.

The Challenge Shield is now awarded to the winner of the Senior League and the Edwin Charley Cup to the winner of the Junior League. There is also a League Competition open only to Business Houses for which the winner receives the Roy Morin Shield. In addition to these competitions there are Knock Out Competitions for both Senior and Junior teams and an All-Island Competition run in two sections, Kingston and Country Parishes. The winners receive respectively the Martinez Cup, the Ronald Macdonald Cup and the Tower Brand Cup.

The Secondary Schools in and around Kingston compete for the Manning Cup, a trophy presented by a former Governor, Sir William H. Manning in 1914. A Knock-Out Competition is run for the schools out side of Kingston and the winner meets the winner of the Manning Cup competition in two matches for the Olivier Shield. This shield was also presented by a former Governor, Sir Sydney Olivier, in 1910. The winner of the shield is determined by the school scoring the greater number of goals in the two matches which are played in the country and in Kingston.

In the 1933-34 season, the Jamaica Football League, arranged in three Divisions with promotion and relegation on the system of the English Football League, was instituted. This League was given a fair trial, but it was found unsuitable and was discontinued in 1939. The Senior and Junior Leagues were again conducted and a new competition for Business Houses was added.

In 1940 a competition for the Past and Present students of the Secondary Schools taking part in the Manning Cup and Olivier Shield competitions was held. It proved a success and was run again in 1941 but owing to shortage of transportation occasioned by the war there was no competition in 1942. Kingston College was the winner of the competition on both occasions.

The Jamaica Football Association, founded in 1910 and affiliated to The Football Association (England) is the controlling body and conducts all competitions except those

confined to the Schools. The affairs of the Association are administered by a Council which consists of 5 Executive Officers and 8 other members elected annually. The personnel of the Council for 1948-49 is as follows:—

*President*—Mr. G. M. daCosta, J.P.

*1st Vice-President*—Mr. A. D. Soutar, J.P.

*2nd Vice-President*—W. E. Meeks.

*Honorary Treasurer*—Mr. R. W. Campbell

*Honorary Secretary*—Mr. H. N. Walker.

8 Other Members—Messrs. P. A. Chevannes, D. V. Fletcher, J. M. Groves, M. Hanna, V. A. Sasso F. X. Rankin, E. A. Rae, and K. H. Ivan Levy.

The immediate Past President, Hon. Douglas J. Judah, also has a seat on the Council.

Since 1947, bodies in the country parts have been given representation on the Council by the appointment of three additional members.

The following bodies are affiliated to the Jamaica F.A.:—

**CLUBS:**—Black River, Boy's Town, Chinese Athletic, Garden Raiders, 1st Bn. Gloucestershire Regiment, Government Printing Office, Industrial School, Jamaica School of Agriculture, Kensington C.C., Kingston C.C., Kingston Police, Local Forces, Lucas C.C., Mandeville, Melbourne C.C., Mental Hospital, Port Maria, Railway, St. Ann's Bay, St. George's College O.B.A., St. Peter's, Staff & Command Troops, Wembley Athletic and Y.M.C.A.

**BUSINESS HOUSES:**—British Overseas Stores, Gleaner Co., Hannasons, Jamaica Times, Machado, Metropolitan, Ordnance Services, Soap & Edible Products and Taylor's.

**MINOR ASSOCIATIONS:**—County of Cornwall F.B., Elementary Schools A.A., Govt. Aided Secondary Schools, Independent Secondary Schools, St. Catherine F.A.

In 1943-44 the Council introduced the awarding of blazer pockets to the 12 best and most consistent players. The awards in 1946-47 and in 1947-48 were made to those players who represented Jamaica against Trinidad.

Results against Overseas Teams:—

1935-36 The Trinidad A.F.A. won all three representative games.

1937 The Corinthians and Casuals won the two All-Jamaica matches.

1938 Aug. Oxford and Cambridge won two out of the three matches.

1938 Mar. Haiti won all three matches with scores of 5-2, 2-0, 2-0.

1947 Feb. The Trinidad A.F.A. played 5 matches against the full strength of Jamaica, the scores being 0-0, 2-1, 1-0, 0-2, 0-6.

The six nil defeat handed out by the Trinidad A.F.A. was repeated when Jamaica visited Trinidad in November, 1947. There was a triangular tournament between Trinidad, British Guiana and Jamaica, the colonies finishing in the order named. Jamaica lost to Trinidad with scores of 0-6, 0-1, to British Guiana 0-2, drawing the return match nil all.

1948 June, Jamaica played two matches against a combination of two clubs from Cuba, winning the first 3-0 and drawing the second one all.

1948 October, Haiti visited Jamaica and played three All-Jamaica matches, the scores being 1-0, 1-2, 3-0 in favour of the home side.

## TENNIS, LAWN

The Jamaica Lawn Tennis Association (affiliated to the English Lawn Tennis Association) and the International Federation, is composed of the following clubs:—

Liguanea, St. Andrew; Kingston, Melbourne; Chinese Athletic, Manchester, Fairfield. All of these Clubs with the exception of the Manchester Club and Chinese Athletic Club, possess excellent grass courts. The Manchester Club uses hard courts entirely.

The general business of the Association is run by a Council elected by the Association.

**COUNCIL:** *President*, Hon. H. V. Alexander, C.B.E., *1st Vice-President*, H. A. Lake; *2nd Vice-President*, L. E. Ashenheim; *Hon. Secretary*, O. Marshall, 17A Kew Road, Halfway Tree; *Hon. Treasurer*, G. L. Duquesnay; *Councillors*, G. I. Desnoes, H. C. Nunes, V. A. Days, W. F. Coke, B. M. Clark, C. C. Langford, A. P. Ramsay, V. A. Sasso.

## INTER CLUB COMPETITION

Inter Club Competitions are held annually, the winner for each year being entitled to hold the Cup so won for one year. There are four such competitions namely:—The Senior and Minor (Men), Mixed, and Ladies.

## TOURNAMENTS

An all Island championship Tournament (referred to as the "All Jamaica Championship") is conducted annually by the Association and has been played for the past 30 years on the Courts of St. Andrew Club.

The Association runs annually in the month of August a Championship Tournament for Boys and Girls under 19 years of age (referred to as the All Jamaica Junior Championships).

Visitors to the Island are allowed to compete in these tournaments.

Nearly all the Clubs in Kingston and St. Andrew, and some of those in the country hold annual tournaments, in which are included events open to members of affiliated Clubs as well as events confined to its members.

The Manchester Club holds an annual open tournament in Mandeville for Hard Courts Championships of the Island usually in August, in which the events are open to visitors to the Island.

## FOREIGN VISITING TEAMS

In an endeavour to raise the standard of play throughout the Island, the Association has from time to time invited down prominent players from England, the United States and Canada.

In February, 1924, a team was invited from the United States the star players being Vincent Richards, Harold Throckmorton, and Carl Fisher. In 1925, another team from the United States was brought down, including Vincent Richards and T. Harada.

In 1932, an English team was brought down, consisting of F. Perry, G. P. Hughes, H. G. Lee, H. K. Lester, Mrs. Whittingstall and Miss Betty Nuttall; also a Canadian team of four men and two ladies, which included Marcel Rainville.

The Association again brought down prominent players in 1934 from England, Canada and U.S.A.

The English players consisted of Misses Dorothy Round, Kay Stammers, Freda James and Mary Heeley, while the United States players were Misses Helen Jacobs and Virginia Rice, and Messrs. George Lott and Gilbert Hall, with Mr. Marcel Rainville of Canada.

The visits of these teams have done a great deal to improve the standard of play and stimulate interest in the game.

Great enthusiasm was evinced locally and abroad in 1934, when Miss Dorothy Round of England and Miss Helen Jacobs, both then No. 1 ranking in their respective countries met in the final of the Ladies Singles. These two ladies had met one another twice before, once at Wimbledon, England, when Miss Round won and once at Forest Hills, U.S.A., when Miss Jacobs prevailed, and this match being played on "neutral" ground was regarded as the "decider" and won by Miss Jacobs.

In 1939, the Association again brought to the Island prominent players from England and America.

The English players consisted of Misses M. C. Scriven and Mary Hardwicke and the Messrs. C. E. Hare and C. M. Jones.

The American players were Mrs. Sarah P. Fabyan and Miss K. Winthrop and Messrs. E. T. Cooke and Hal Surface. Mr. W. B. Reece of America was also here on his own.

Some very fine matches were witnessed, specially between Mrs. S. P. Fabyan, (who ranked No. 2 in the United States) and Miss Scriven, (who is No. 1 in England), Mrs. Fabyan winning a very closely contested final match.

Some of the finest tennis was played and the visit attracted a lot of attention abroad.

Mr. E. T. Cooke of America was a finalist in the Wimbledon Championships later on in the year.

In early 1947 an English Team visited the Island and took part in representative matches and tournaments. As this was the first English "invasion" since the war great interest was shown in the play. The English Team was managed by Mr. J. W. Gilbert an old friend of Jamaica, and consisted of: Mrs. Betty Hilton, Miss Jean Quertier, Messrs. A. J. Mottram, D. W. Barton, G. L. Paish, and R. E. Carter.

## COACHING

Since 1927, the Association has on several occasions brought out coaches, the first of whom Mr. A. E. Beamish, visited the Island on three occasions. In 1937 and 1938 Mr. Ray McLeod of U.S.A. coached. Great advances in the game locally have resulted from their lessons.

## CHAMPIONSHIP OF THE B.W.I.

In April, 1948, the first Championship of the B.W.I. was played in Trinidad, with Jamaica and Trinidad drawing for first place in an unfinished rubber. These championship Tournaments are the British West Indian equivalent of the Davis Cup, being played along similar lines, and will be annual affairs as from 1948, on when the matches will take place by rotation in each competing colony.

In 1949, the Matches were played in Jamaica, also in April on the courts of St. Andrew Club by kind permission, and Jamaica emerged the winner by virtue of victories over both British Guiana and Trinidad.

## JAMAICAN VISITS ABROAD

In October, 1948, another milestone was reached when by special invitation our two leading lady players, Mrs. A. P. Cover Ramsay and Miss Mary Davidson, took part in the very important Pan American Tennis Championships held annually in Mexico City. Their success was only moderate, but by their going it has paved the way for what the Association hopes will be an annual visit to this Tournament of our Champions, both men and ladies.

## CYCLING

## JAMAICA CYCLING BOARD OF CONTROL

The Jamaica Cycling Board of Control formed on July 12, 1938, governs the sport of cycling in Jamaica both amateur and professional.

The Board grants licences to promoting bodies to conduct meetings from time to time on the various tracks in Kingston and other parts of the island.

All cyclists taking part in these meetings are registered with the Board. They are grouped in classes every three months. At present there are 6 classes (1 to 4C) of 20 each, one Junior class divided into two parts A and B consisting of 25 in each part.

In Kingston, race meetings are held every week by three promoting bodies, the Jamaica Cycle Racing Association, Ltd., the Bowl Cycle Club, Ltd., and the Cycle Union of Jamaica in the proportion of 22: 17: 13 respectively. There is one track at Kingston Race Course. This is  $\frac{1}{4}$  mile long and is excellently lighted so that meetings are held at nights.

Professional cyclists receive cash prizes according to their classification and the distance of the race. In addition, there are a number of challenge trophies for competition in the various classes, viz.: The Governor's Cup, The Issa Cup, The Manley Cup, the Wilson Cup and The Sam Myers Cup.

The Governor's Cup Race run by the Jamaica Cycle Racing Association, Ltd., over a distance of 10 miles is the official championship trophy. The first race for this trophy was run on Saturday, 19th August, 1939 and was won by Lance Hayles, who has been for some years the outstanding cyclist in the Island and the champion of the West Indies. This cup was not competed for in 1946 and 1947. Other winners—1940—G. Baker, 1941—L. Freemantle, 1942—L. Elliott, 1943—G. Cohen, 1944—S. Blissett, 1945—F. Minott, 1948—C. Prendergast.

The Board is comprised of an Executive Body of 7 persons. They are:—

Dr. L. E. Arnold, *President*; Mr. Eric D. Saunders, *Vice-President*; Mr. Douglas Fletcher, Mr. J. M. Groves and one representative from each of the three promoting bodies named above. *Secretary*—P. A. Chavannes, 36 Vineyard Road.

Mr. F. M. Watson, J. C. R. A.; Mr. L. O. Ramson, Bowl Cycle Club; Mr. L. E. Gaumlett, Cycle Union of Jamaica.

The Executive Body meets quarterly and when otherwise summoned for special purposes.

Fines are imposed by the Referee at Cycle meetings, on cyclists guilty of breaking the rules of racing, or otherwise misconducting themselves. These fines are lodged to a Special Account, from which donations are made to needy or injured cyclists.

The Jamaica Amateur Cycle Club of which G. M. DaCosta, J.P., is President and J. W. Taffe c/o Gleaner Co., Ltd., Secretary is affiliated to the Jamaica Cycling Board of Control and to the Jamaica Amateur Athletic Association.

Representatives of the Jamaica Amateur Cycle Club compete at meetings in the sister Colonies and neighbouring Islands.

## GOLF

GOLF was first introduced into Jamaica at Mandeville in 1891, when six holes were laid out at "Brumalia", the property of Mr. Lewis. The course has since been laid out on another site and now has nine holes.

In 1896, the Kingston and St. Andrew Golf Club was formed. Their course was situated at Solomon's Pen now known as Retreat. In 1902, the club transferred its home to the Constant Spring Hotel Grounds, and in 1908, changed its name to the Jamaica Golf Club. Subsequently, the name was again changed to the Constant Spring Golf Club.

Courses of varying character are found throughout the island. The Constant Spring Golf Club, situated at Constant Spring, near Kingston, boasts the only 18 hole course in Jamaica while Liguanea Club also near Kingston, Montego Bay, Fairfield Country Club, Savanna-la-Mar (Westmoreland Country Club), Malvern (Malvern Golf Club) and Mandeville (Manchester Club), have nine hole courses.

In 1925, the Jamaica Golf Association was formed with the object of fostering the progress of the game in the island and to centralise its control. The principal golfing fixtures in the colony are run under the auspices of the Association. Officers of the Association are:—

*President*—Mr. L. R. Mayall; *Vice-President*: Mr. Robin Williams; *Hon. Secretary* Mr. A. R. Simpson; *Executive Committee*: The President, Vice-President, Hon. Secretary Hon. A. F. Thelwell, Mr. A. R. Simpson, Mr. T. L. Lyons, Mr. L. Mair and Mr. G. Sewell.

Mr. Frederick Lindo is medal play Champion, and Mr. R. Gardiner, match play Champion. Mrs. R. Thomson is medal and Mrs. Noel Hughes match play Lady Champion.

## POLO

Polo has been played in Jamaica for many years from the 19th Century and, as is the case in most other Colonies, was first introduced by the Officers of His Majesty's Army. The Garrison Polo Club was originally the only Polo Club in the island, and, when this was so, civilians were elected as honorary members and allowed to use the Club. The game, however, rapidly became popular and after a few years the Kingston Polo Club was formed; subsequently the game spread to the country parishes and clubs were formed in St. Ann, St. Mary, St. Catherine and St. James. When war broke out in 1914, seven Polo Clubs were in existence in Jamaica, but they all, with the exception of the St. Ann Club, went out of existence as a great majority of the members proceeded overseas to serve in His Majesty's Forces. No Polo was played in Jamaica between the years 1915 and 1919. The Garrison Polo Club re-started in January, 1920, and the Kingston Club in April of the same year. There are now four Polo Clubs in existence:—The Garrison, Kingston St. Ann, Montego Bay.

The All Jamaica Polo Association was formed in 1906, it went out of existence in 1915, and was resuscitated in 1921. The Association is the controlling body for polo and polo pony racing in the Colony. A Tournament is held under its auspices each year when a "Senior" and a "Junior" Cup are competed for by all the Clubs affiliated to the Association.

In 1923, Colonel J. A. Hartigan, C.M.G., D.S.O., R.A.M.C., presented a cup to be competed for by teams of young players who are members of recognized polo clubs, and this cup is competed for at regular intervals.

The Captain and Officers of H.M.S. "Constance" presented a cup in 1924 to the Garrison and Kingston Clubs and this Cup is competed for by teams composed of members of these clubs.

In December, 1927, Mrs. Marescaux presented the Jamaica Polo Championship Cup in memory of her husband the late Col. O. H. S. Marescaux, and this cup is played for at the Annual Tournament.

In 1936, the Association presented the "Keeling" Cup in memory of the late Mr. A. L. Keeling, for many years its President, to be competed for by low handicap teams at the annual Tournament.

Polo teams from Jamaica have on several occasions visited the other West Indian Islands and Costa Rica and a team representing the U.S.A. Army in Haiti has visited Jamaica.



In 1935, the Island was honoured with a visit from H.R.H., the Duke of Gloucester, and he took part in polo arranged in his honour by the Kingston and St. Ann Clubs. He also rode in a polo pony race at Knutsford Park.

In February, 1938, Hurlingham sent out a team of six players and twenty-two ponies under the captaincy of Captain Lord Louis Mountbatten, G.C.V.O., A.D.C., R.N. This team played a series of four matches against Jamaica. The team presented to the All Jamaica Polo Association a Cup known as the "Hurlingham Team Cup" to be competed for by the Senior teams of Clubs.

World War No. 2 brought about dislocation but with victory achieved the Clubs resumed pre-war activities.

*Secretary* of All-Jamaican Polo Association is Mr. E. N. Mais, Irish Town P.O.

## BOXING

The Jamaica Boxing Board of Control is the executive body of the Jamaica Boxing Association, which body was reorganized in the spring of 1928. Its objects are (a) to raise the standard of professional and amateur boxing in Jamaica, (b) to encourage boxing throughout the island, (c) to control all professional and amateur boxing in Jamaica in accordance with rules made by the Board of Control, (d) to act as a central Board of Appeal.

To this end rules were framed, based on those adopted by the National Sporting Club and the Imperial Service Boxing Association but adapted to local conditions.

Since the spring of 1933, and to the end of 1938, the island enjoyed considerable success in the sport both at home, and through its representatives in England, Santo Domingo, Haiti, British Honduras, Panama and other Central American States in the Professional sphere and also in Australia; added to which we nominated a contender in the British Empire Games held in Canada in the early 1930's, and were well represented at the Panama-Caribbean Olympic Games, held in Panama in February-March, 1938.

Several boxers have visited the island and tried conclusions with the local lads, in which our representatives have consistently maintained a high standard. Our Middle-weight champion Stafford (Buzz) Barton, a N.C.O. in the Royal Air Force paid the supreme sacrifice in 1943, while on active service in an aerial attack on Italian soil. Our Light-weight champion, Kid Hartley after being a prisoner of war in Germany since September, 1940, when the ship in which he was serving was torpedoed in the South Atlantic, was freed in May, 1945, and set about in a boxing engagement in Liverpool on May 30, in which he earned a draw decision.

Inter-Scholastic Boxing Championships promoted by the J.B.B.C. have been held each year since December, 1931, at the Rose Gardens Stadium and the Ward Theatre.

These were suspended in 1943, by action of the Principals of the Schools, but resumed by them since 1946,—using the Board's original Championship Trophy, the Leslie Mordecai Challenge Cup.

The Board has also staged series of Amateur Boxing, and set up a "nursery" for developing latent talent among the under privileged.

Jamaica, through the Boxing Board entered a team in the 5th Central American Olympic Games held in Barranquilla, Colombia, from December 8 to 27, 1946. For some yet unexplained cause the team was instructed by the officials of the Jamaica Olympic Association to return home on Christmas Eve, and did so, with 70 per cent of the boxers qualified for the Finals, which were set for the 27th. They therefore had to forego certain honours for themselves and the island.

In May 1948, a party of 4 boxers sailed for the United Kingdom, with Cheshire their headquarters. Up to November 15th they had engaged in 42 bouts—these since June 15 won 30, drawn 6, lost 6.

The membership of the Jamaica Boxing Board of Control since 1941, is as follows:  
**OFFICERS:**—N. W. Manley, K.C., B.A., B.C.L., *President*; Owen L. Samuel and Fred C. Joy, *Vice-Presidents*; Martin A. G. Smith, *Hon. Secretary and Treasurer*.

**MEMBERS:**—Mrs. N. W. Manley, Dr. Ernest E. Bronstorff, *Hon. Surgeon*, W. E. Foster-Davis, Leslie R. Mordecai, Donald Fitz Ritson, Gilbert Aarons, and H. G. DeLeon. The *Hon. Secretary's* address is, Editorial Dept., The Daily Gleaner.

## RIFLE SHOOTING

The West Indian Club, in its efforts to forward and encourage sport in the West Indies, arranged in 1910 with the various authorities there, to shoot annually on Empire Day, or within fourteen days before or after that day, and concurrent with the "Daily Mail" or any other competition. The cup is held by the winning team for one year and if not competed for within the fourteen days, it is deposited at the Colonial Bank in the Colony in which it is held. The competition is open to teams of ten, the best eight scores to count from either the Militia, Local Defence Force, Police, Volunteers, Rifle Club or Rifle Association of at least one year's standing or a team made from a combination of those forces, of any island of the British West Indies including the Bahamas, the Bermudas, British Guiana and British Honduras, and is a home and home shoot, and members of H. M. regular forces, whether attached to any unit qualified to compete or not, are not eligible to be included in a team.

Distances, number of shots, targets, and conditions are the same as the King's 1st stage, as specified for the previous year's National Rifle Association meeting at Bisley.

General rules are laid down for the pattern of rifle, time limits, dress, score sheets, status of range officer and other details. The following competitions have been held:

1911—winners: Barbados Volunteers; 1912—British Guiana Volunteers Rifle Club; 1913—Barbados Volunteers; 1914—British Guiana; 1922—Barbados Volunteers; 1923—Trinidad Local Forces; 1924—British Guiana Local Forces Rifle Club; 1925—British Guiana Local Forces Rifle Club; 1926—Jamaica Local Forces; 1927—Trinidad Local Forces; 1928—Trinidad Local Forces; 1929—British Guiana Local Forces; 1930—Trinidad Local Forces; 1931—All Jamaica Rifle Team; 1932—Trinidad Local Forces; 1933—Trinidad Local Forces; 1934—Trinidad Local Forces; 1935—Trinidad Local Forces. 1936—Trinidad Local Forces; 1937—Barbados Rifle Association; 1938—Trinidad Local Forces; 1939—British Guiana Local Forces, Rifle Club.

## JAMAICA RIFLE CLUB

The Jamaica Rifle Club was founded in December, 1934, for the encouragement of civilian rifle shooting and to form a training ground for future Jamaica Rifle Eighters. The scheme immediately met with enthusiastic response and under the distinguished patronage of His Excellency the Governor and Brigadier-General Longhorne the Club made excellent progress.

In 1937, with the sanction of the Government, members of the Club were accorded military status by incorporation in the Jamaica Rifle Corps as a unit of the Local Defence Forces, which gave the qualification to compete at Bisley.

Jamaica has since been represented at Bisley; members of the Club supplying parts of the teams. These teams have had many successes; amongst them being the Junior Kolapore and a place in the Junior McKinnon. Jamaica also competes annually for several Inter-Colonial Challenge Cups in which the Club has always been well represented.

Subscription of 2/- per month has been specially arranged at a low figure to enable all lovers of the sport to indulge there at the minimum of expense, and the Club now has .303 Target Rifles available for the use of members. As a result, full bore shooting, once the luxury of the favoured few, has been brought within the reach of the enthusiast. Among the foundation members are some of the finest shots in the Island, who are always ready to place their knowledge at the service of less experienced members.

The Club is affiliated with the National Rifle Association and the National Small Bore Rifle Association of England. The Club owns and competes annually for the Sydney Cup presented in 1916 by the Rifle Club of H.M.A.S. "Sydney" to commemorate the sinking of the German Cruiser "Emden".

OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE—*President*: Dr. L. M. Moody; *Vice-Presidents*: Allan Lopez, H. C. Chambers, Arthur Ross, G. E. Waddington, *Hon. Secretary and Treasurer*: B. N. Cridland, 93 Harbour St., Kingston; *Captain* .303: G. E. Waddington, *Vice-Captain* .303: L. E. Messado, *Captain* .22, Mr. L. Blackmoor, Major F. L. Patterson, Dr. B. Machado, K. D. DeCasseres and A. N. Saunders.

## JAMAICA SCHOOLS MINIATURE RIFLE ASSOCIATION

The Jamaica Schools Miniature Rifle Association was formed in 1906 in order to promote rifle shooting in the secondary schools of the island. Mr. A. E. Perkins took a great interest in the movement and presented the Perkins Shield for annual competition.

The late Dr. G. C. Henderson was for many years president of the Association and in order to perpetuate the memory of his connection therewith, the gold medal awarded annually (on certain conditions) to the boy who makes the best score in the competition for the Perkins Shield is now called the Henderson Medal.

Towards the end of 1930, the late Bishop deCarteret presented a Shield for competition among the Junior boys of the Secondary Schools. The Shield is shot for annually and only boys under 14 years of age are eligible to shoot.

These Competitions are now under the direct control of the Headmaster's Conference who appoint a Rifle Shooting Committee from year to year.

*Chairman:* H. C. Chambers, *Secretary:* B. L. Cridland.

## SWETTENHAM CUP RIFLE COMPETITION

The Swettenham Cup, of solid silver of Chinese workmanship, was presented by Sir Alexander Swettenham, then Governor of British Guiana, for Annual Competition by Teams of eight Riflemen each in the various West Indian Colonies, and was first shot for in the year 1903. It has been won as follows:—

Barbados, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1928, 1931, 1934, 1935.

Jamaica, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1925, 1927.

Trinidad, 1918, 1919, 1929, 1933.

British Guiana, 1923, 1924, 1926, 1929, 1930, 1932, 1936.

No names of Officers available as the Competition is managed by Barbados.

## \*SWIMMING SPORTS

Organised Amateur Swimming is controlled by the Amateur Swimming Council of Jamaica, which is affiliated to the American Amateur Athletic Union. The Officers of the Council are:—*President:* H. H. Harris, (Town Clerk); *Treasurer:* St. G. Gaynair; *Hon. Secretary:* Walter E. Rogers, 15 Lower Elletson Rd., Kingston.

*Competitions:*—Annual Water Polo League Championship; Trophy—W. P. Lowrie Challenge Cup; Donors—Messrs. W. P. Lowrie and Co. Ltd., London and Glasgow; Winners:—Kingston "A"—1935-1939, 1944-1946 (no contest 1940-1943), The Huntington's Challenge Cup for Women, Donor—W. M. Seivright, J.P., Won 1935 by Pat Sutton, 1936 Greta Lockey, 1937 Elaine Haase, 1938-39 Ruth Harris, no competition 1940-41, 1942 Thelma Rich, 1943 Jean Silvera, 1944 Shelia Clark, 1945 S. Clark and M. Tilley, 1946 M. Tilley.

Annual Secondary Schools' Championship; Trophy—Simpson Shield—Donor H. A. L. Simpson, M.L.C., Mayor of Kingston. Winners:—Team of Calabar High School, 1934-40; Jamaica College 1941-1943. No contest 1944; St. George's College 1945-46.

## SWIMMING POOLS AND BATHING RESORTS IN AND AROUND KINGSTON

*Open to the Public*

*The Bournemouth Bath*, off the Windward Road, Kingston, concrete built, salt water; Professional Swimming Coach Walter Lowi, P. O. Box 446, Kingston.

*The Myrtle Bank Hotel Swimming Pool*, Harbour St., tiled, mixed salt and fresh water.

*The Constant Spring Swimming Pool*, at Constant Spring Convent, fresh water.

*The Mineral Bath at Rockfort*, concrete built. Open to the public only at limited hours.

For details see Chapter XIII

\* For a detailed history of Swimming in Jamaica see earlier editions of the Handbook.

*Pools built into the Harbour protected by Fences**The Springfield Beach Club Pool, off Windward Road.**The Sirgany's Beach, off Windward Road.**The Barneds Beach, off Windward Road.***SURF BATHING IN THE HARBOUR**

Palm Beach, Seaview Park and Wickie Wackie, and others, on the Road to St. Thomas provide huts for hire.

**FISHING**

Jamaica possesses considerable fishing resources, in salt and fresh water, but they are little developed. It is estimated that 12,000,000 lbs of salt water fish are caught annually, and this without exploration of the large fishing banks. This is about 150% below consumption level, the difference being made up by importations of salted, pickled and canned fish.

*Sport Fishing—*

There are great possibilities for development of sport fishing in Jamaica. At fishing "banks" within 25 miles of Kingston are to be found Blue Marlin, Sailfish, Tuna, Broad Bill, Swordfish, Tarpon and Wahoo of considerable size. There is also to be had river fishing of the finest. Jamaica possesses over 40 rivers, comprising hundreds of miles of fishable water, the largest being upwards of 50 miles in length. In some of the rivers can be found large Tarpon, Snook, Jew fish, Grey and Black Snappers, Bonefish, etc., in most of them will be found the Mountain and Hognose Mulletts, which grow to about 5 and 10 lbs. respectively and are great fighters, with the Calipever Mullet confined to a few.

*The Angling Association of Jamaica*, takes great interest in fish protection and development and has been appointed by Government to administer fish legislation. The Executive Committee of the Association consists of:—Dr. J. G. Moseley, *President*; Mr. Allan Lopez, *Vice-President*; Mr. W. H. B. Cathcart, *Treasurer*; Drs. F. W. Baillie and L. M. Clark, Hon. D. J. Judah, Messrs Samuel Hart, O. L. Samuel, Donald Hendry, A. Russell Facey, A. H. B. Aguilar, and Mr. A. J. Thomas, 47 Beechwood Ave., Cross Roads, *Secretary*.

**JAMAICA AMATEUR ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION**

This Organisation governs all amateur athletics in Jamaica and was first established in June, 1928. Its efforts are directed towards improving athletic programmes, the maintaining of the amateur status and the widening of the field of competition so as to afford the Island's youth a better chance of displaying its athletic ability in more events than have hitherto been possible.

The following Challenge Trophies have been generously given for awards annually:—

100 Metres—G. M. DaCosta's Challenge Trophy

400 Metres—The Noel B. Livingston's Challenge Trophy

1,500 Metres—The Dr. E. Gideon's Challenge Trophy

Champion Athlete—The Joseph Issa's Challenge Trophy

Champion Club—The Horace Myers' Challenge Trophy

**OFFICERS:**—R. E. Taylor, Esq., *President*; F. A. Laing, Esq., *1st Vice-President*; 2nd *Vice-President*, Vacant; D. E. Whittle, Esq., *3rd Vice-President*, Rev. Fr. Countie, *4th Vice-President*; C. A. Woodstock, Esq., *Hon. Secretary* c/o Labour Department, Kingston, G. B. Grant, Esq., *Hon. Asst. Secretary*, H. McD. Messam, Esq., *Hon. Treasurer*, B. Freckleton, Esq., *Hon. Publicity Secretary*.

**MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE:**—George Desnoes, Esq., Harry Edwards, Esq., Norman McDonald, Esq., J. McKenzie, Esq., G. R. Tucker, Esq., W. Rogers, Esq., Capt. Lopez, Miss C. A. Thompson.

## THE JAMAICA OLYMPIC ASSOCIATION

The Jamaica Olympic Association was formed in 1936.

Its objects are to encourage, manage and control Jamaica's representation in Olympic Games; to foster, encourage and stimulate the holding of Inter-Colonial and International Games; and to work along with other Bodies, promoting Olympic Games, either in the Empire or elsewhere.

The Association is comprised of representatives of recognised Associations of Amateur Sport in Jamaica and its Dependencies which become affiliated to it. These Associations are:—

Jamaica Amateur Athletic Association  
 Women's Amateur Athletic Association  
 Jamaica Football Association  
 Jamaica Lawn Tennis Association  
 Jamaica Golf Association  
 Women's Amateur Softball Association  
 Jamaica Boxing Association  
 Jamaica Amateur Swimming Council  
 Jamaica Weight Lifters Association  
 Women's Basket Ball Association

The Association has received official recognition from the International Olympic Committee.

The Officers of the Association are as follows:—

*President:* H. O. A. Dayes; *Vice-Presidents:* G. M. DaCosta; Geo. Desnoes; *Hon. Secretary:* Frank A. L. Laing, *Hon. Asst. Secretary:* H. McD. Messam, 41 East St. Kingston.

## THE JAMAICA BRIDGE ASSOCIATION

The objects of the Association are to organise, regulate and manage Contract Bridge Matches, Tournaments and Competitions, to provide trophies for competition, to maintain relations with International and National Bridge Leagues and Associations, to adopt, enforce and interpret the existing laws of Contract Bridge from time to time and generally to advance the interests of the game in Jamaica.

Membership of the Association is confined to recognised Clubs in Jamaica, each of which is represented by two members. The following Clubs are at present members of the Association:—Liguanea Club, St. Andrew Club, Kingston Cricket Club, Melbourne Cricket Club, Kensington Cricket Club, Lucas Cricket Club, Jamaica Club, Wembley Club, Royal Jamaica Yacht Club, Chinese Athletic Club, Combined Club, Manchester Club and Brenton Club.

The Association is managed by Officers and a Council, and the present Officers are as follows:—*President:* Mrs. T. Lyons, *Vice-President:* O. D. Honiball; *Secretary:* Mrs. C. H. Abraham, 11A Oxford Road, Halfway Tree; *Treasurer:* H. A. Lindo. Other members of the Council are:—N. N. Ashenheim, F. E. Lyons, V. G. Williams, L. E. Ashenheim, A. D. Holness, A. Kong, E. Neita.

The Association conducts three Inter-club Competitions every year, viz:—*The Manchester Cup*, for teams of 4, on the knock-out system, *The Ashenheim Cup*, for teams of 4, each Club playing every other Club once, and *The Lyons Shield*, on the same system as the Ashenheim Cup but with the restriction that players who have taken part in two matches in the Ashenheim Cup are not eligible to play in the Lyons Shield Competition.

In addition, the Association conducts annually a number of Open Tournaments, including Open Pairs, Open Teams of 4, Mixed Pairs, and Mid-Island Pairs, the last-named held in Mandeville in August, and an annual Masters' Individual has recently been added.

The Association maintains close relations with the American Contract Bridge League of the United States, and a number of Jamaica players have paid visits to some of the National Tournaments in the United States.

The Association has instituted a system of awards of Jamaica Master Points in connection with its Tournaments, and has been able to arrange for recognition of these Master Points by the American Contract Bridge League at full parity with the League's own Master Points.

### JOCKEY CLUB OF JAMAICA

In 1926, the Jamaica Jockey Club Limited ceased to exist as a racing association and became The Jockey Club of Jamaica and assumed control of all racing in the Island.

This Club is under affiliation with the Jockey Club of England, and is the organised body for controlling and regulating all legalised racing in Jamaica.

Among other dates race meetings are held yearly under the Licence of the Jockey Club of Jamaica by the following Racing Associations on the undermentioned public holidays.

*Knutsford Park*—New Year's Day, Easter Monday, Emancipation Day, Constitution Day, Christmas Day and Boxing Day.

*Jamaica Turf Club*—Ash Wednesday, Empire Day.

Since the passing of the Sweepstake Law of 1936, the value of The Jamaica Two Year Old Stakes in December, The Jamaica Guineas in Easter, The Jamaica Derby in August have been increased and are over £500 each. These races are confined to native bred two and three year olds. Some English Jockeys come out for the December and January Racing Season and they go home to take part in the Spring Races in England.

The members of the Club elect "Stewards of the Jockey Club"—the Stewards being the governing body. The membership of the Club is unlimited, and at present there are 122 members. The entrance fee is £5 5s. The subscription £5 5s. per annum.

*Executive*—Hon. H. V. Alexander, C.B.E., *President*; H. W. Bolton, *Vice-President*; C. C. Calder, Dr. Chas. Levy, Roberts Huggins, A. H. B. Aguilar, Hon. Capt. H. S. McGrath, J. Leslie Cundall, L. R. Mayall, L. C. Hendriks, H. Drury.

*Secretary*—Hon. G. Seymour Seymour; *Auditor*—Carman and Bruce; *Bankers*—Bank of Nova Scotia.

### JAMAICA CLUB

87-91 HANOVER STREET, KINGSTON

The Club is managed by a committee consisting of 20 elected members, two of whom are by vote of the others chosen President and Vice-President. The election of candidates for membership is in the hands of the committee by ballot.

The entrance fee is £2 2s. and the annual subscription is £8 8s. for members residing within a radius of 12 miles of Kingston and £4 4s. for country members. For members residing permanently out of the Island, the subscription is 10s. 6d. Officers of the Army and Navy are admitted, after the usual ballot, to membership on payment of an annual subscription of £2 2s. H. E. The Governor, the Officer Commanding the Troops, the Senior Naval Officer Stationed at Jamaica and the Officers of H. M. Fleet and Royal Air Force visiting the station are honorary members.

A Member may introduce a visitor to the Island as a Privileged Member for a period not exceeding 2 weeks, provided that the name of such Visitor be entered together with his introducer and a Member of the Committee as seconder in the book provided for that purpose.

A visitor to the Island may on application in writing to the Committee by a member be elected a Special Member of the Club by the Committee, and such Special Member shall be entitled to the rights and privileges of a Member for a period not exceeding 6 months upon payment of £1 1s. per month in advance. The Committee shall have power at any time to cancel any Privileged or Special Membership.

*President*—Hon. Sir Alfred H. D'Costa.

*Vice-President*—Lindsay P. Downer, O.B.E.

**MANAGING COMMITTEE:** The President, The Vice-President, L. J. Stone, Esq., The Hon. Sir Noel B. Livingston, Dr. Charles I. Levy, The Hon. H. V. Alexander, C.B.E., T. P. Evelyn, Esq., D. W. Kyle, Esq., The Hon. O. K. Henriques, W. J. Masterson, Esq., Captain John Hamilton, L. E. Ashenheim, Esq., Archie DePass, Esq., Hon. G. G. R. Sharp, O.B.E., Frederick C. Lindo, Esq., Charles E. D'Costa, Esq., Samuel Hart, Esq., H. J. Evennett, Esq. O.B.E.; *Secretary*—Patrick deMercado.



## LIGUANEA CLUB.

The Liguanea Club is situate at the corner of Oxford and Halfway Tree Roads, St. Andrew, on approximately 39 acres of land which adjoin the Knutsford Park race course.

The Club was formed in 1910 as a proprietary Club. It became a Members Club in 1938 and now has a membership of over 700. The classes of membership are Town, Country Service, Special, Junior and Minor for ladies and gentlemen.

Residential accommodation is provided for men only. There is a nine hole golf course, tennis courts and a swimming pool. The indoor games are billiards and cards. Lunches, teas and dinners are served.

The Club is governed by a Committee of eleven elected by the members. In 1949 the old Club buildings were taken down and replaced by a modern and substantial structure.

**COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT**—Clinton Hart, *President*; O. V. A. Lindo, *Vice-President* Messrs. L. P. Alberga, L. E. Ashenheim, J. L. Cundall, G. J. deCordova, F. V. Nunes, H. C. Nunes, L. J. Stone, Dr. C. I. Levy, Dr. E. Swaby, *Secretary*: Lt. Col. E. R. Burton; *Treasurer*: Miss V. Tame, Liguanea Club, Cross Roads P.O., Tel. 8144.

## LUCAS CRICKET CLUB

The Lucas Cricket Club was founded in the year 1895 by the late David C. Ellington and was named after Mr. R. Slade Lucas who toured Jamaica in that year with the first visiting English cricket team. The Club provides facilities for Cricket, Football and Tennis.

## ST. ANDREW CLUB—MARESCAUX ROADS, CROSS ROADS

This Club was formed in 1895. Candidates for membership are elected by ballot by the committee.

The entrance fee is £5 5s., and the annual subscription £2 2s. for town members, £1 1s. entrance fee, and £3 3s. subscription for country members, £3 3s. entrance fee, and £3 3s. subscription for lady members, while £1 1s. is paid by officers of the army and navy and mercantile marine, admitted after the usual ballot to membership. Special members elected by the committee for a period not exceeding three months pay a fee of £1 1s. 0d.

The committee has the power to elect any distinguished visitor to the island as an honorary member and also to life membership any members of the Club who have rendered useful and distinguished service to the Club.

Members have the privilege of introducing a friend residing at a distance exceeding ten miles from the club house as a privileged member for a period not exceeding two weeks. The names of such friend and his introducer, and also that of a member of the committee as seconder, must be entered in a book kept in the club house for the purpose. A member may introduce visitors to the club. Such visitors may not, however, be introduced more than twice in any one month, and their names must be recorded in the visitor's book on entering the club. Games of hazard are not allowed.

**Committee of Management**—*President*: L. R. Mordecai, *Vice-President*: S. E. Levy; Hon. H. V. Alexander, C.B.E., A. K. Butler, W. Bowman, T. P. Evelyn, O. L. Samuel, Aston Levy, W. A. Lanigan, H. C. Powell, H. R. Facey, L. V. D. Samuel, Dr. L. A. Desnoes, R. C. Sturdy, C. F. Smith, W. C. Buie, J. C. Breakspear.

*Secretary and Treasurer*—S. F. Binns.

## KENSINGTON CRICKET CLUB

*Windward Road*

Founded in 1879, the club provides facilities for playing Cricket, Football and Tennis. Its members also indulge in billiards and other indoor games.

## KINGSTON CRICKET CLUB

The Club was founded in 1863, and is situated at Sabina Park, on the South Camp Road. There is a Club House Pavilion, and spacious grounds and facilities are provided for Cricket, Football, Tennis, Billiards and Soft Ball. A well was put into operation during the year 1948.

*President:* A.D. Soutar; *Vice-President,* George Desnoes; *Hon. Secretary,* H. F. Edwards; *Hon. Treasurer,* F. Evans.

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## MELBOURNE CRICKET CLUB

The Club which was founded in May 1892, is situated at Melbourne Park, Elletson Road, Kingston. The principal games are Cricket, Tennis and Football. Provision is also made for Hockey, Base Ball, Physical Culture and Boxing, all of which have been indulged in by the Members of the Club from time to time.

Ladies are admitted to Membership.

A Social Hall is included in the Pavilion and facilities for Billiards and cards are provided for Members.

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## ROYAL JAMAICA YACHT CLUB

The objects of the club are the encouragement of yachting and boating. The club consists of about 300 members. The ensign is the blue ensign of H. M. Fleet with the island's crest (crocodile) in gold surmounted by a crown on the fly. The burgee is white with blue St. George's cross and crown in centre. One guinea entrance fee. The subscription is two guineas per annum for members residing beyond 25 miles from Kingston—five guineas per annum for members residing within that distance, two guineas per annum for lady members. One guinea for temporary and one guinea per annum for service members and one guinea per annum for junior members (under 21 years of age), payable in advance. The members of the club are elected by ballot. Naval and military commissioned officers on the station may be service members or may be elected members in the ordinary way and may be allowed to enter the boats under their command in club races, subject to the approval of the Sailing Committee. Club boats competing for a race must be steered throughout the match by a member of the club. Boats which are employed in trade are excluded from competition in club races or from being entered on the list of club yachts. All prizes sailed for by club boats must be given in plate or other suitable articles but not in money.

*Commodore*—H. F. Sir John Huggins, G.C.M.G., M.C.; *Vice-Commodore:* Mr. I. Shirley; *1st Rear Commodore:* Mr. D. E. Levy; *2nd Rear Com.:* Mr. L. O. Ramson; *Sec.* Clare Scott. *Trustees:* Eugene Desnoes, E. R. Hanna, T. H. Geddes.

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## WEMBLEY ATHLETIC CLUB

*Dunoon Park, Dunoon Road, Windward Road P. O., Kingston*

The Club was founded on the 3rd of September, 1924, by a small but energetic band of athletes of the Scots' Church Sunday School for the purpose of developing the Physique of the youths. In course of time this small band developed into a virile Club, and today is numbered amongst the leading clubs of the Island. The Club offers facilities for Cricket, Football, Tennis, Dancing and other entertainments.

The emblem of the Club is the Wembley Exhibition Lion, and the colours, Navy Blue and Gold.

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## CHINESE ATHLETIC CLUB

*3 Lower Deanery Road*

Founded in November, 1937, for the purpose of providing recreation for the Chinese Community in Jamaica, the Club has a membership of about 145. The Club offers facilities for playing Cricket, Football, Tennis, Basket Ball, Table Tennis, Soft Ball, and Volley Ball. Ladies are admitted to membership.



## ST. THOMAS COUNTRY CLUB

Formed in December, 1929.

The Club's premises are in Morant Bay. There is a suitable and airy Club House and three grass tennis courts.

Membership at present is approximately 100. Election is by ballot. Provision is made for temporary membership and for Junior Members also, for introduction of visitors. Subscription, ordinary £2 2s., tennis, extra. Country (non-parish) £1 1s., juniors 10/- per annum.

## WESTMORELAND COUNTRY CLUB

The Westmorland Country Club was founded in 1933. It is located four miles from Savanna-la-Mar at 'Paradise.'

The Club premises contain the usual amenities such as Billiard and Card rooms and command a fine view of the nine-hole Golf links and tennis Courts.

The Club is registered as a Members Club under the Registration of Clubs Laws, 1935 the membership being in the vicinity of 150.

*Entrance Fee*.—£1 1s. for men, 10/6 for ladies.

*Green Fees*.—Visitors 2/6 per day.

## THE ST. MARY COUNTRY CLUB—ANNOTTO BAY

The St. Mary Country Club is situated on the north coast a few miles from the town of Annotto Bay, and about 35 miles from Kingston. The Club House is a spacious building with wide verandahs and a comfortable lounge only a few yards from cliffs which overlook the sea. Half a mile away, there is an excellent private bathing beach and commodious bath house.

The Club possesses a fine 9-hole Golf Course which is by the sea-side with two holes stretching inland.

## THE MANCHESTER CLUB

This is an unincorporated Members Club formed in the year 1868 for purely social purposes and is situate at Mandeville the chief town of the parish of Manchester.

The Club Building of two storeys consisting of a Lounge, Ball Room, Card Rooms, Billiard and Changing Rooms, Bar and spacious verandahs and the Secretary's Quarters, stands on its own 2½ acres of land, 2,100 feet above sea-level, and within easy walking distance of the several hotels in the Town.

The Club possesses four hard tennis courts on which the All-Jamaica Hard Court Championships are played each August.

In addition the Club has its own 9 hole Golf Course with a length of 2,900 yards and a Par 35.

Membership of the Club is made up of about 450 Members resident both within and without the parish. Visitors to Mandeville on being properly introduced and paying the requisite fees, may become Term Members. These fees vary in accordance with the length of stay and are more for Golfers than for Non-Golfers.

## THE FAIRFIELD COUNTRY CLUB

The Fairfield Country Club is situated on a ridge overlooking Montego Bay and about 2 miles from the centre of the Town. The Club House has a cocktail Lounge, Card room and Billiard room on the ground floor.

On the upper floor is a large and cool Ballroom which may be hired by Members for private parties.

There are 7 excellent grass tennis courts and it is proposed to build in addition, 2 more courts, and a sporty 9 hole golf course.

Membership of the Fairfield Country Club is solely by invitation of the Club's Committee.

Visitors to Montego Bay from outside Jamaica, may apply to the Secretary of the Fairfield Country Club, on the form provided, for an invitation to become temporary members.





LADY HUGGINS

## CHAPTER XVIII

### SOCIAL WELFARE SERVICES AND BENEVOLENT TRUSTS AND INSTITUTIONS

#### CENTRAL COUNCIL OF VOLUNTARY SOCIAL SERVICES

40 Duke Street, Kingston.

This Council was formed in 1941. Its functions are:

- (1) To take steps to secure that the Council is maintained and operated in such a manner that it safeguards the necessity for the voluntary character of social welfare work.
- (2) To provide for consultation between organisations and where necessary to organise united action.
- (3) To maintain an information service on all matters relating to social services: to encourage the recruitment of voluntary workers and arrange for their placement.
- (4) To promote the co-ordination of training for voluntary social workers.
- (5) To secure the provision of adequate literature and the distribution of same.
- (6) To establish a Case Work Exchange.
- (7) To encourage united fund-raising efforts amongst member-organisations of similar interests.

2. Conferences are arranged for the following groups of organisations:—

1. Child Care
2. Youth Work
3. Adult Education
4. Relief Agencies.

3. The Council consists of representatives of the following bodies:—

Y.W.C.A., Y.M.C.A., Girls Guides Association, Boys Scouts Association, Girls' Guildry, Boys' Brigade, 4-H Clubs, Christian Auxiliary Movement, Student Christian Movement, Save the Children Fund, St. John Ambulance Association, Toc. H., Jamaica Christian Endeavour Union, British Red Cross Society.

ANGLICAN CHURCH—Mothers Union, Daughters of the King, Brotherhood of St. Andrew.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Laymen's Association, Women's Federation, Young People's Fellowship.

CONGREGATIONAL UNION—Women's Guild, Young Crusaders.

FRIENDS EDUCATION COUNCIL.—FRIENDS' SERVICE COUNCIL.

METHODIST CHURCH—Women's League, Girls' League, Social and Temperance Com'tee.

MORAVIAN CHURCH—Women's Fellowship, Upward and Onward Society.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Woman's Guild.,

SALVATION ARMY.

Child Welfare Association, East Indian Progressive Society, Family Planning League, Jamaica Agricultural Society, Jamaica Anti-T.B. League, Jamaica Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, Jamaica Social Welfare Commission, Jamaica Women's League, Settlers' Associations, Jamaica Association in aid of the Deaf and Dumb, Jamaica Women's Christian Temperance Union, Kingston Charity Organization Society.

Women's Club, Jamaica Federation of Women, Youth Movement.

4. The following are its officers:—*President*, Lady Huggins; *Secretary*, Jessie R. Irwin, J.P.,—office: 40 Duke St., Kingston, *Chairman*, Hon. Major A. G. Curphey, M.B.E., M.C. E.D., 1st *Vice-Chairman*, D. Fitzritson, Esq.

## BOY SCOUTS ASSOCIATION (JAMAICA OVERSEAS BRANCH)

THE Scout Movement, incorporated by Royal Charter, and its founder, the late Lord Baden Powell of Gilwell, are known all over the world. Local information is to be found in previous issues of the Handbook of Jamaica together with a brief historical resume.

The uniform, badges, tokens or emblems are protected in Jamaica by Chapter 124 of the Revised Laws.

The aim of the Association is to develop good citizenship among boys by forming their character, training them in habits of observation, obedience and self-reliance, inculcating loyalty and thoughtfulness for others; teaching them services useful to the public and handicrafts useful to themselves, and promoting their physical, mental and spiritual development.

His Excellency the Governor is Chief Scout of Jamaica and there is a Jamaica Council under the Presidency of Honourable Brigadier Kenneth Page, which guides the Movement through the Local Association in each parish. The active work of Scouting is entrusted to the Island Commissioner and his three County Commissioners, the District Commissioners and Scoutmasters.

With the coming of age of the Movement in Jamaica in 1932, the grant of a new Constitution in 1939, the establishment of a Scouters' Training Camp through the generosity of Jamaica Welfare Ltd. in 1940 and the acquisition of the Baden-Powell Memorial Headquarters at 22 Windward Road, Kingston, in 1942, there has been a revival of interest resulting in a substantial increase in all sections of the Association. There are at present 95 Groups actively at work. These Groups comprise 694 Wolf Cubs, 1,486 Boy Scouts, 192 Rover Scouts and 237 Scouters, which, together with 140 Island and District Scouters, and Branch Officers, make a Grand Total of 2,749 of all ranks.

As in the War of 1914-1918, the Boy Scouts rendered public services to the Naval and Military Authorities and to all bodies actively engaged in the prosecution of World War II, or in the raising of Funds for War purposes as well as in the Home Guard and Civil Defence in which over 1,500 Scouts were engaged.

The Salvation Army Life Saving Scouts have now been affiliated with this Movement.

## OFFICERS FOR 1948-49

<i>Chief Scout</i>	..	..	His Excellency Sir John Huggins, G.C.M.G., M.C.
<i>President</i>	..	..	Honourable Brigadier Kenneth Page, Command Headquarters, Up Park Camp, Kingston
<i>Vice-Presidents</i>	..	..	His Grace the Archbishop of the West Indies, Bishop's Lodge, Cross Roads His Lordship the Most Reverend T. A. Emmet, S.J. D.D., Bishop's Residence, North Street, Kingston Honourable Sir Noel Livingston, Kt. 10 King's House Road, Liguanea
<i>Island Commissioner</i>	..	..	D. S. A. Fitz-Ritson, 31, Duke St. Kingston
<i>Asst. Island Commissioners</i>			H. St. C. Whitehorne, Duke Street, Kingston Dr. K. C. Royes, 16, Surbiton, Road, H.W.T.
<i>Deputy Camp Chief</i>	..	..	H. Douglas Tucker, M.B.E., Brown's Town
<i>Field Commissioner</i>	..	..	I. E. Jones, B-P. Scout Memorial H.Q., Doncaster
<i>Island Secretary</i>	..	..	Vacant
<i>Asst. Island Secretary</i>	..	..	H. J. Moore B-P. Scout Memorial Headquarters, Doncaster
<i>Island Treasurer</i>	..	..	Leslie R. Mordecai, 50A Port Royal St., Kingston

## KINGSTON

<i>District Commissioner</i>	..	..	W. Ellwood, L.I.B., 7 Crieffe Road, Liguanea
<i>Chairman</i>	..	..	Samuel Hart, 79 Barry St., Kingston
<i>Secretary</i>	..	..	R. G. Chambers, c/o Commissioner of Police, Kgn.

## WESTERN KINGSTON AND ST. ANDREW

<i>District Commissioner</i>	..	..	George R. Bowen, 115 Tower Street, Kingston
<i>Chairman</i>	..	..	Dr. J. L. Varma, 42 Duke Street, Kingston
<i>Secretary</i>	..	..	Ronnie Matthews, c/o Audit Office, Kingston

OFFICERS FOR 1948-49—*contd.*

<b>ST. ANDREW</b>	
<i>District Commissioner</i>	.. Ellis E. Levy, Park Ave., Collins Green
<i>Chairman</i>	..
<i>Secretary</i>	.. E. K. Alexander, Lascelles P.O., Kingston
<b>PORTLAND</b>	
<i>District Commissioner (Asst.)</i>	Dr. K. B. Crooks, Ph. D., Happy Grove
<i>Chairman</i>	.. Vac.
<i>Hon. Secretary</i>	.. Vac.
<b>ST. THOMAS</b>	
<i>District Commissioner</i>	.. D. E. Moyston Jnr. (Ag.) Morant Bay
<i>Chairman</i>	.. C. E. Randall, Morant Bay
<i>Hon. Secretary</i>	.. P. M. McCalla, Morant Bay
<b>COUNTRY COMMISSIONER</b>	
<i>Middlesex</i>	.. C. L. Clemetson, Frontier, Port Maria.
<b>ST. CATHERINE</b>	
<i>District Commissioner</i>	.. Vacant
<i>Chairman</i>	.. Frank deFonseca, Spanish Town
<i>Hon. Secretary</i>	.. E. C. Whittingham, Spanish Town
<b>EASTERN ST. MARY</b>	
<i>District Commissioner</i>	.. C. A. Touzalin, Highgate
<i>Chairman</i>	.. Dr. G. V. Harry, Port Maria
<i>Hon. Secretary</i>	.. Rev. Percy Holmes, Annotto Bay
<b>WESTERN ST. MARY</b>	
<i>District Commissioner</i>	.. Vac.
<i>Chairman</i>	.. T. A. Burke, Goshen, Lucky Hill
<i>Hon. Secretary</i>	.. Miss Joyce Boyd, Gayle
<b>CLARENDON</b>	
<i>District Commissioer</i>	.. Vac.
<i>Chairman</i>	.. Allan J. Anderson, May Pen
<i>Secretary</i>	.. Vacant
<b>ST. ANN</b>	
<i>District Commissioner</i>	.. Lt. Colonel Robin Stuart, O.B.E., St. Ann's Bay
<i>Chairman</i>	.. Vac.
<i>Hon. Secretary</i>	.. Allan C. Geddes, St. Ann's Bay
<b>MANCHESTER</b>	
<i>District Commissioner</i>	.. Vac.
<i>Chairman</i>	.. Rev. R. Morton York, Mandeville
<i>Hon. Secretary</i>	.. R. G. Williams, Mandeville
<i>County Commissioner, Cornwall</i>	
<b>ST. ELIZABETH</b>	
<i>District Commissioner</i>	.. Lionel Densham, Gilnock Hall, Santa Cruz
<i>Chairman</i>	.. G. Laurie C. Smith, Malvern P.O.
<i>Hon. Secretary</i>	.. R. K. Tomlinson, Lacovia
<b>TRELAWNY</b>	
<i>District Commissioner</i>	.. A. M. Douglas, Falmouth
<i>Chairman</i>	.. Vacant
<i>Hon. Secretary</i>	.. Mrs. C. T. Livingston, Falmouth
<b>ST. JAMES</b>	
<i>District Commissioner</i>	.. K. A. Smith, 19 Dome St., Montego Bay
<i>Chairman</i>	.. N. S. Jackson Esq., Montego Bay
<i>Hon. Secretary</i>	.. E. Grant Levy, Montego Bay

**HANOVER**

*District Commissioner*  
*Chairman*  
*Hon. Secretary*

.. Vacant  
 .. Rev. D. A. Rothnie, The Manse, Lucea  
 .. M. L. McFarlane, Lucea

**WESTMORELAND**

*District Commissioner*  
*Chairman*  
*Hon. Secretary*

.. W. T. Ritch, Savanna-la-Mar  
 .. Rev. Canon Cope  
 .. Miss M. Tomlinson, Savanna-la-Mar

**"BOYS' TOWN" KINGSTON**

In 1940, the Government of Jamaica asked the Y.M.C.A. for and on behalf of the Government, to implement a recommendation made in 1937 by Mr. Alexander Patterson that, as a preventive measure, a Club for underprivileged boys be formed in Kingston. The Y.M.C.A. secured the secondment of the Rev. Hugh Sherlock from the Methodist Church and work began in the rented Jones Pen Baptist Church Hall in 1940.

In March 1942 the Y.M.C.A. invited a Special Committee to raise funds for a development programme which would include Vocational Training in Woodwork and Tailoring, and 4-H projects, In July 1942, the Director, Rev. Hugh Sherlock was given a Fellowship by the Montreal Y.M.C.A. to study Boys' Work in Canada and the U.S.A. In August, 1942, a building was provided by Government in Trench Town on 8 acres of land given by the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation.

**PRESENT**—Membership 230. Neighbourhood Club at Ebenezer, with another 70 boys in membership. This Neighbourhood Club is affiliated with the Clubs supervised by Organising Secretaries of the Kingston and St. Andrew Youth Council. 20 Voluntary Helpers each week. A Workshop with 26 boys undergoing Vocational Training in Woodwork and Tailoring. A Medical Panel. Weekly Worship with a speaker from the Kingston Ministers' Fraternal. A full recreational programme including Junior Cup Cricket and Junior League Football with the leading city Clubs, Leahong Cup Cricket, Athletics, Boxing, etc. A Scout Troop. A Cub Pack. 30 boys employed in the City.

A full Interest Group Programme including music, dramatics, physical training, handwork, etc. Boys' Own Hour of Worship. A Leaders' Council. A Benevolent Fund. Scholarships. Employment. A Parents' Club with an Advisory Committee. A "Special Area School" has been established as an integral part of the work. Plans for development of the work so as to reach more boys have also been made.

*Motto*—"We Build".

**Aim**—To build for an all round Christian manhood. To build boys mentally, morally, and spiritually to meet the problems of living. To enable those who are now "pensioners of the past to become, not parasites of the present, but architects of the future".

Boys' Town is accordingly a place of friendship, opportunity and guided privilege. There are no negative rules because we believe that "regulations multiply as friendship diminishes."

**STAFF**—Rev. Hugh Sherlock, *Director*; Mr. J. Henry, Miss N. Strudwick, *Tailoring Instructor*; Mr. Kenneth White; *Woodwork Instructor*; Mr. C. H. Brown; *Head Master*, Mr. F. Lawes; *Assts.* Mrs. Lawes Miss M. A. Barrett, Miss G. Wint, Miss L. McCalla.  
*Medical Panel*—Doctors: J. L. Varma, H. T. Strudwick, Paul Magnus, Wm. Magnus, J. G. Preston, Mavis Sutherland (Optician)

*Y.M.C.A. Committee of Management*—R. H. Fletcher, Esq., *I.S.O.*, Rev. J. W. Poxon, *B.A.*, Messrs. D. S. A. FitzRitson, O. D. Sanguinetti, Carl R. Webster, *J.P.*, Rev. W. Fester, *M.A.*, Dr. H. Chambers.

*Special Finance Committee*—Alderman W. Seivright, Messrs. Carl R. Webster, *J.P.*, Clive Webster, Abe Issa, J. E. Issa, H. C. Tai Tenquee, D. S. A. FitzRitson and E. W. Abrahams.

*Parents' Club Advisory Committee*—(Patrons) R. H. Fletcher Esq., *I.S.O.*, Rev. Canon W. L. Brown, Rev. M. E. W. Sawyers and Mme. Irene Wheatle.

(Members) Miss Gladys Morrison, *M.A. (Chairman)*, Mrs. M. Morris Knibb, Messrs. G. R. Staples, Evon Blake, C. Mullings, The Director is ex-officio member of all Committees.

## THE BOYS' BRIGADE—41 East Street, Kingston

The Boys' Brigade was founded in 1883, when the late Sir William Smith formed a company with thirty boys in Glasgow.

At the very beginning the Object was laid down as "the advancement of Christ's Kingdom among boys and the promotion of habits of Obedience, Reverence, Discipline, Self-respect and all that tends towards true Christian Manliness".

The Boys' Brigade is the pioneer organisation for boys; from one small company the movement has grown into a world-wide organisation with companies in every part of the world.

The whole Brigade is governed by the Brigade Council which appoints an Executive to manage the affairs of the Brigade throughout the Empire.

Each company is connected with a Church or religious organisation and is divided into squads under non-commissioned Officers appointed by the Captain. Boys can join the Brigade at the age of 12 years. An organisation for junior boys is carried on in connection with many companies for boys under the age of 12 years, who are called Life Boys.

While the work varies in different companies, nearly all are alike in having a parade once a week for Drill and Bible class, which are two of the principal activities of a company. Other activities include Physical Training and Gymnastics; Ambulance work and First aid to the injured; swimming, football, cricket, indoor games, signalling and life-saving. Camping which forms a very important part in Brigade life is held every year.

The Boys' Brigade Movement has come to Jamaica within comparatively recent year and has as its local Patron His Excellency Sir John Huggins, K.C.M.G., M.C.

There are 28 Companies in the island with 600 boys and Officers enrolled. There is a Local Brigade Council which meets regularly to direct the affairs of the Brigade. The Rev. J. A. Crabb, M.A., is Chairman of the Executive.

The work of the Boys' Brigade has long been recognised as of great value to the nation. His Majesty The King is Patron for the whole organisation, H.R.H. Prince Arthur of Connaught is the Hon. President, the Archbishops of Canterbury and York are Vice-Patrons and the Treasurer is the Marquis of Clydesdale.

Officers of the Jamaica Division are *Patron*: H. E. Sir John Huggins, G.C.M.G., *President*: Mr. R. H. Fletcher, J.S.O.; *Vice-President*: Rev. Walter Richards, M.B.E., Rev. M. E. W. Sawyers, Rev. Hugh Sherlock, Carl Webster Esq., J.P., *Secretary*: H. McD. Messam Esq., 41 East St., Kingston, *Propaganda Secretary*: T. Martin Davis, Esq., *Area-Secretaries*: Rev. Hewitt-Smith (*Treasurer*) Montego Bay, *Supplies Secretary*: Rev. Cyril Dorsett, Grove Mount, Mandeville P.O.

## GIRL GUIDES ASSOCIATION

The Girl Guide Association in Jamaica comprises:—

	No. of Companies	Nos.	Officers
Brownies .. ..	29	533	48
Guides .. ..	75	1,561	143
Rangers .. ..	4	94	8
Cadets .. ..	3	80	6
Extension Guides ..	1	10	1
Guide Club .. ..	1	29	2
Trefoil Guild .. ..	1	12	2
	114	2,319	210

Lady Huggins is President of the Association; *Island Commissioner*: Lady Agar *Deputy Island Commissioner*: vacant; *Commissioner for Training*: Miss V. Gridley; *Commissioner for Camping*: Miss J. Irwin; *Divisional Commissioners*: Mrs. J. L. Cundall, Mrs. W. Farquharson, Miss I. Jeffrey-Smith, Miss M. Jeffrey-Smith, and Miss J. Macnee; *District Commissioners*: Miss V. Gridley, Miss M. Irving, Miss Fletcher, Mrs. K. Clarke, Lopez, Miss Webb, Mrs. Dale, Miss Olson, Mrs. Bowen, Miss I. Jeffrey-Smith, Mrs. A. Clarke, Mrs. Freeman, Miss M. Webster, Mrs. Simpson, Miss Bemand, Mrs. Gossett, Mrs. Rothnie, Mrs. Saunders; *Commissioner for the Guide Shop*: Mrs. O. W. Grossett; *Island Secretary*: Mrs. S. Parke (78½ Hagley Pk. Rd., Halfway Tree); *Island Treasurer*: Mr. W. A. G. Webster (c/o United Fruit Co. Kingston).



The General Council consists of the following:—

*The President, Vice-Presidents, Island Commissioners, Commissioners for Training and Camping, Divisional Commissioners and Island Treasurer.* Mrs. Ellen DeLisser, Mrs. A. Bourke, Mrs. O. K. Henriques, Mrs. Evannett, Mrs. M. R. DeCordova, Miss Anderson, Mrs. T. McWhinnie, Mrs. A. Rennie, Mrs. H. Chambers, Dr. W. Farquharson, Mrs. H. Wood, Mrs. Martin Carazo, Mrs. Goldston-Edwards, Mrs. M. Morris-Knibb, Mrs. Earle, Mrs. E. G. Whitbread, Mrs. Gick, Mr. Martin Blake, Mrs. Ray Farquharson, Mrs. H. Reid, Mrs. G. Roe, Mrs. Geddes, Mrs. Ammar, Mrs. E. Watson, Mrs. O. Grossett, Mrs. McIntosh, Mrs. R. Shearer, Mrs. J. Maria, Mrs. J. T. Clark, Mrs. Lounsberry; Representatives of the Boy Scouts Association: Mr. D. Fitzritson, *County Commissioner*, Mr. J. Moore, *Asst. Island Secretary*, and Mr. H. Whitehorne, *District Commissioner for St. Andrew*.

The aim of the Movement is to make good citizens by forming the character of our girls. They are taught services useful to the public handicrafts useful to themselves and by means of jolly activities, their physical development is promoted.

### THE JAMAICA ASSOCIATION IN AID OF THE DEAF AND DUMB

The Jamaica Association in aid of the Deaf and Dumb founded by the Rev. F. W. G. Gilby, M.A. was inaugurated in May, 1938.

#### *Aim and Objects:*

- (1) To aid and improve the spiritual, moral, educational, industrial and social conditions of the deaf in Jamaica;
- (2) To encourage and aid all scientifically approved efforts for the prevention of deafness and conservation of hearing;
- (3) To maintain and administer the affairs of St. Christopher's School and any other which the Association may establish in the future for the oral, academic and vocational training of deaf children;
- (4) To assist the deaf to obtain and retain employment and to earn a livelihood;
- (5) To encourage and carry on any other activities that may be to the benefit and interest of the deaf.

*OFFICERS—President:* The Lord Bishop of Jamaica; *Executive Officers—Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Treasurer and Secretary.*

*MANAGEMENT*—The Management of the Association and the general conduct of its affairs is vested in an Executive Board composed of the Officers of the Association and eight other members all of whom are elected annually. The present members are as follows:—

*Chairman:* Mr. Lister Mair; *Vice Chairman:* Mr. Carl Webster; *Secretary-Treasurer:* Mr. R. A. F. Macpherson; Mr. Abe Issa, Major Nelson, Mr. W. R. Goldsworthy, Mrs. R. F. Williams, Mrs. C. L. Gruchy, Mrs. C. H. Abrahams, Miss J. Irwin, Mr. A. S. Byles, Mr. C. B. Facey.

The present headmistress is Miss E. C. Coapes. It is a charitable institution for the care of deaf mute children between the ages of 5 and 16. Most of the expenses of the school are met by voluntary donations collected by the Association. A charge of 12/- per week for maintenance is made and is provided by Parochial Boards or, in the event of their ability to contribute, by the parents of the child.

Requests for information should be made to the Secretary, Box 402, Kingston.

### THE JAMAICA SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO CHILDREN (LTD.) 40 DUKE ST., KINGSTON.

The Society which was inaugurated on the 11th November, 1942 exists to help the children of the Island and to do this wherever possible by working with the parents and guardians. All field-work, therefore, is Family Welfare Work carried on through the practice of Case Work techniques. The Society finds that very good use is made of its services by those who seek them. The Society is financed by voluntary contributions from its shareholders and other supporters and since 1946 by a grant of £500 p.a. from Central Government and of £100 from the K.S.A.C. the latter being increased to £200 p.a. as of 1948-49.

As at the 31st March, 1948, 729 children had received full Case Work Service, and 67 children had received In-Placement.

*Service.* Cases are carried for periods ranging from a few weeks to several years, the average length of time being 15 months. The Society's offices are used increasingly by students and other visitors to Jamaica from other West Indian Islands seeking an insight into the methods used.

The officers of the Society are as follows:—

*President:* Lady Huggins. *Vice-President:* Mrs. D. C. MacGillivray.

*BOARD OF DIRECTORS—Chairman:* Hon. G. G. R. Sharp, O.B.E., *Vice-Chairman:* D. S. A. Fitzritson, Esq., *Hon. Organising Secretary:* Mrs. K. L. Hart; *Hon. Assistant Secretary:* Mrs. H. R. Ballysingh, *Hon. Treasurer:* Vacant, *Hon. Assistant Treasurer:* Mrs. Douglas Orane, J. L. Cundall, Esq., O. B. Burrowes, Esq., Mrs. E. A. Foster-Davis, Abe Issa, Esq., Thomas Myers, Esq., Major John Nelson, Dr. K. C. Royes, Rev. Hugh Sherlock, Rev. Gladstone Wilson, O. D. Witter, Esq.

*STAFF—Supervisor:* Mrs. L. Walters, *Asst. Agent:* Miss Leila Whiteman, *Student Workers:* Miss Joyce Sinclair, Miss Linda Kennedy, Miss Yvonne Correoso.

## JAMAICA SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS

THE ANIMAL HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,

115 Spanish Town Road, Denham Town

Telephone 4049

*President:* His Excellency the Governor Sir John Huggins, G.C.M.G., M.C., *Patron:* Mrs. K. H. Bourne, O.B.E., *Chairman:* Lady Huggins, *Vice-Chairman:* Hon. Sir Noel Livingston, *Hon. Secretary:* Miss Annie Don, *Hon. Treasurer:* A. K. Butler, Esq., J.P. *Executive Committee:* Mrs. D. C. MacGillivray, Councillor William Seivright, J.P., H. M. Radcliffe, Esq., K.C.; Captain A. F. Thelwell, O.B.E., *Superintendent:* A. B. Harper, deLacy Cuffe, Esq., J.P.; R. C. Livingston, Esq., A. H. B. Aguilar, Esq., Mrs. A. E. Williams, E. Wells Elliott, Esq., J.P.; Reggie Matcham, Esq., J.P.; A. E. West, Esq., Mrs. G. Hargreaves.

The Jamaica Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to animals was founded on the 4th June 1903, by Mrs. Lumb, the wife of His Hon. Mr. Justice Lumb, LL.D., afterwards Sir Charles F. Lumb. The object of the Society as its name implies is the protection of animals and it endeavours to attain this aim by education, encouragement and example, and where these fail by having recourse to the Law. Subscriptions are entirely voluntary and all donations are thankfully received.

Through the efforts of Lady Huggins and the Hon. Sir Noel Livingston, Mr. Chadwick, one of the Superintendents of the People's Dispensary for Sick Animals, with headquarters in London, started work at the Animal Hospital and Dispensary in April 1949 and in the same month an Animal Ambulance was acquired which has proved of the greatest value. Representations to Government resulted in the transfer of the dog pound from the Police Department to this Society and kennels were erected on land adjoining the exercising paddock. The Parent Branch of the Society employs a Secretary, five Agents, two caretakers and a maid. Great strides have been made within the last few years and particularly within the last eighteen months, the Veterinary Officer treating an average of 60 cases a day. The animal Hospital and Dispensary plays an important part in the life of the Community with its kennels and Paddocks filled with sick animals. Early in January of 1949, Mrs. MacGillivray the wife of the Hon. Colonial Secretary, organized a Gymkhana which proved a great financial success. It was followed by Animal Tag Day which met with ready response from the public. The Country Branches of which there are seven do excellent work and continue to serve the animals of poor persons.

*St. Ann Branch—*Formed in 1919 by Mrs. Anderson Cocks, the present Hon. Secretary to promote better animal husbandry from a humane and economic aspect. From a modest beginning of one subscribing member, the Branch has grown into a large and useful organization, of great help to stock owners in St. Ann and the surrounding parishes. The Animal Hospital at Brown's Town employs a qualified Veterinary Surgeon and excellent accommodation is provided for large and small animals. Surgery hours are, week days 8-10 a.m. The Branch also maintains a motor ambulance which is also fitted as a travelling dispensary. The Branch receives no Government grant, and all the work is carried out on voluntary contributions.

**Manchester Branch**—Formed in June, 1937. Membership continues to increase, with many new members coming in. There are four Agents stationed in different parts of the Parish.

**St. James Branch**—Founded in June, 1946 and now has a membership of over 100. The chief work of this Branch is the inspection of carts coming into the main markets, for overloading and for sores, which are treated, the providing of chicken coops in the Montego Bay Market, lecturing to school children and teaching the people the proper care of their animals. A Rest Pasture has very kindly been donated and is in constant use. Collecting Boxes have been put in all the main hotels and visitors to this parish have been generous in their support.

**Westmoreland Branch**—Founded in July, 1947. Many animals have been treated by the Agent who visits the Savanna-la-Mar and Hertford Markets.

**St. Catherine Branch**—Founded in 1947. The Parish has been divided into sections each having its own sub-Committee for more effective help in carrying out its aims. Regular visits are paid to the Pound and Slaughter House and Market in Spanish Town on which the Branch is concentrating at present as so much horse-drawn traffic passes through this Town.

**Trelawny Branch**—Supervision of existing water troughs is carried out and this year a drinking Trough was erected at Duanvale by this Society.

**St. Elizabeth Branch**—Formed in February, 1948 is unfortunate in serving a large and scattered community and this makes it very difficult to reach those persons which the Society is desirous of helping. However one of the Agents of the St. James' Branch visits the markets and examines the animals.

**Clarendon Branch**—Formed in May, 1949 is expected to make a real contribution in the Society's effort to protect animals. Two other Branches are in process of formation.

### JAMAICA SOCIAL WELFARE COMMISSION

74½ HANOVER STREET, KINGSTON

Shortly after the conclusion of the arrangements which were made in 1936 between the United Fruit Company, the Standard Fruit and Shipping Company and the Jamaica Banana Producers Association in regard to the future conduct of the Banana business in Jamaica, Mr. Samuel Zemurray, then Operating Manager and now President of the United Fruit Company, proposed the setting up of a fund by the Banana Exporting Companies to be made up of one American cent per count bunch bananas exported as a gift to the Island for the promotion of schemes of Civilisation value in the development of the Agricultural peasantry of Jamaica. This most generous proposal was at once accepted by Mr. D'Antoni, President of the Standard Fruit and Shipping Company and the Companies jointly requested Mr. N. W. Manley to set up an organisation appropriate to the scheme.

Jamaica Welfare Ltd., a Company limited by shares, was formed on the 17th June, 1937 in accordance with the wishes of the two Donors and with their approval to administer the funds provided in this way. The Local Organisation had complete control over the administration of the money but contact was maintained with the Donors who kept in touch with all the plans of the Company. The understanding was that charitable and welfare work in the narrow sense of those terms was not allowed to be undertaken but the widest latitude existed as to what might be done for the general, social, economic and cultural development of the peasants and small farmers of the Island.

The Company between the years 1937 and 1943 established or assisted in the following activities—

- (a) A general programme of Community Organisation in Rural areas based on "The Better Village Plan" and the formation of Community Councils.
- (b) Co-operative development, urban and rural
- (c) A Cottage Industries programme
- (d) Three travelling Cinema Units for Educational work operate in collaboration with Education Department.
- (e) The Co-operative development of Tomato Industry in collaboration with Jamaica Vegetables, Ltd.,
- (f) Collaboration with Agricultural Society in 4H Club development.

In addition considerable sums were spent in aid of other activities including donations to the Institute for the establishment of the Junior Centre and the Natural History Museum.

In 1943 the Company was invited by the Committee for Development and Welfare in the West Indies to carry out their proposed programme in Jamaica for Social Welfare, and agreements were entered into with the Government of Jamaica with the approval of the then Legislative Council whereby the Company accepted responsibility for the Social Welfare Programme for Jamaica. The necessary amendments of the Memorandum and Articles of Association have been made and the reconstituted Company commenced to function on the 7th August, 1944.

On 1st April, 1949, Jamaica Welfare (1943) Limited was wound up under the Company's Law and a Law to provide for the establishment of the Jamaica Social Welfare Commission and for the vesting in the Jamaica Social Welfare Commission of all the property, rights, powers, privileges and interests which were hitherto vested in Jamaica Welfare (1943) Ltd., and for other matters relating thereto came into operation.

The following is a list of the members of the Commission who hold office for two years from 1st April, 1949, and are eligible for re-appointment.

*Ex-officio members:*

Secretary, Social Welfare Services—Rev. T. E. Newlin, *Chairman*  
Minister, Social Welfare Services—Hon. D. B. Sangster  
Director of Education—H. Houghton  
Commissioner of Lands—Capt. A. F. Thelwell, *O.B.E.*  
The registrar of Co-operatives—(If and when appointed).

*6 Members appointed by Governor in Executive Council.*

Hon. W. A. Bustamante, *M.H.R.*  
Hon. G. G. R. Sharp, *O.B.E.*  
Rev. J. T. Clark  
Mr. N. C. Lewis  
Mr. D. C. Ferguson  
Lady Huggins.

*2 Members Co-opted.*

Director of Medical Services—Dr. L. Fitzmaurice  
Mr. P. M. Sherlock, *B.A.*

*4 Members representing certain Bodies.*

Jamaica Agricultural Society—R. Burke  
Council of Voluntary Services—O. Burrowes  
Co-operative Development Council—Rev. J. P. Sullivan, *s.j.*  
Sugar Industry Labour Welfare Board—Miss Iris Collins  
Mr. R. H. Fletcher, *I.S.O.*, *Secretary*  
Mr. D. T. M. Girvan, *Manager*

The present Organisation is continuing the programme as set out in (a) to (f) above.

## JAMAICA WOMEN'S LEAGUE

THE Jamaica Women's League was founded on February 18th, 1936. The objects of the League are to: Aid and further all social work throughout the island of Jamaica; arrange the visiting of hospitals, alms houses, houses of the poor and children's homes; provide transport for poor to and from hospitals; visit schools and provide soup kitchens; assist mental and physical development of all children; aid and further works of all Churches in the island, particularly the Salvation Army and their efforts in respect of the blind; help and encourage local industries; co-operate with Parochial Boards and the Government in the extension of District Nursing throughout the island.

*President*, Lady Huggins; *Vice-President*, Mrs. Michael deCordova, *M.B.E.*; *Chairman*, Mrs. C. C. Michelin; *Vice-Chairman*, Mrs. C. N. Hislop; *Hon. Treasurer*, Mrs. C. N. Hislop, *Hon. Secretary, Executive Committee*: Mrs. S. G. Levy; *Hon. Secretary for Embroidery Depot*: Mrs. Leonard Swaby;



## LADY MUSGRAVE WOMEN'S SELF-HELP SOCIETY

HARBOUR ST., KINGSTON

THE Women's Self-Help Society was founded by the late Lady Musgrave, and formally opened as a depository by Dr. Nuttall, (late Archbishop of the West Indies) on 1st November, 1879. During these years it has successfully carried out its objects, viz.: the development of some of the specially feminine industries of the island (thereby fostering self-help), and that of providing employment for poor needle-women.

At the sale rooms of the Society, there is a large assortment of Jamaica curiosities, baskets, jippi-jappa hats, drawn thread work, embroidery, as well as native jams and pickles. An attractive show of antiques, in silver, brass and Sheffield plate will also be found. Depositors are charged 2s. in the £ commission on articles sold.

The Society is self-supporting, and has done so well in the past year, that they have been able to keep up their charities without the annual subscriptions formerly paid by the members of the Committee.

The usefulness of the Society has been considerably enhanced by a contract, which it has held with the Government Medical Department for over 50 years to make garments which are used in various Hospitals throughout the Island, this gives work to many poor needle women in Kingston who are in need of help.

*Patronesses*—Lady Swettenham, Lady Olivier, Lady Clarke, Lady Wilson, Lady Stubbs, O.B.E., Lady Slater, Lady Denham, Lady Jelf, The Lady Milverton, (formerly Lady Richards.)

*President*—Lady Huggins; *Vice-President and Chairman*, Mrs. Gamble.

*Trustees*: J. H. Cargill, Esq., O.B.E., F. N. Isaacs, Esq.

*COMMITTEE*—Lady Livingston, Mrs. Bourne, O.B.E., Mrs. Westmoreland, Mrs. H. M. Radcliffe, Mrs. Russell, Mrs. Tuach, Mrs. Beaton, Miss Mina Bourke, Mrs. Leslie Cundall; Miss E. Saunders, *Hon. Treasurer*; Miss V. D'Costa, *Hon. Secretary*; Miss Stewart, *Asst. Secretary*.

## MONTEGO BAY SELF HELP SOCIETY

The Montego Bay Self Help Society was started in 1906 with the object of helping the women and girls of the town and parish.

Its premises, which include a sales-room where native curios and plain and fancy needlework can be purchased, are under the management of a Superintendent. Orders are taken for mattress-making, upholstery, preserves, needlework, etc.

In connection with the Self Help, there is a Soup Kitchen, which in conjunction with the Pauper Relief assists the needy poor. The Society also has the contract for making garments for five hospitals. This work greatly benefits the respectable poor.

*Patroness*: Lady Huggins; *President*, Mrs. Robert Fletcher; *Vice President*, Mrs. C. M. Kelly-Lawson; *Secretary of Self Help Society*, Mrs. E. M. Byles; *Secretary, Anti-Tuberculosis Work*, Mrs. F. Mills; *Treasurer, Self Help Society*, Mrs. Leslie Fletcher.

## THE MOTHERS' UNION

*Patron*: Vacant; *Patroness*: Lady Huggins, King's House; *President*: Vacant; *Vice-Presidents*: Mrs. Rowland Williams, Mrs. Vermont, Mrs. Bitter, Mrs. Curphy, Mrs. Walter Brown; *Organizing Secretary*: Mrs. Reader, The Rectory, May Pen; *Hon. Treasurer*: Mrs. Messias, 24 Hopefield Avenue, Liguanea P.O.

Number of branches—78; number of members—1,870; number of links with Branches in the British Isles, 54.

## SALVATION ARMY—SOCIAL WELFARE

The Social Service work of The Salvation Army has, since its inception in 1887, played an important part in the life of the needy people of Jamaica, and is recognised by the Government and the people themselves.

This work is under the direction of the Territorial Commander, Colonel W. P. Sansom with Headquarters at King Street and North Parade, Kingston.

*Westerham Approved School for Girls*—57 Mannings Hill Road, Constant Spring, Matron: Major C. Whitehorne. Accommodation 35. Girls are received from the Police Courts of the Island, and trained to do domestic work as well as handicrafts.

*Tunstall Cottage, 57 Mannings Hill Road*: Captain Inez Smith, Officer in Charge. Accommodation 12. Children of Leper parents are cared for in this Home.

*Institute for the Blind*—19½ Slipe Pen Road. Accommodation 40.

The work of the Institute is well known and highly appreciated. The blind students are taught to be self-reliant. Braille and Moon Systems are taught. The curriculum includes geography, grammar, history, scripture, etc. Handicrafts are also taught and these include sewing, weaving, mat and broom making. A Certificate of Merit was recently awarded to the students by the Institute of Jamaica.

*Men's Hostel*—1 Peter's Lane. Manager, Senior Major E. Purser. Accommodation 67. Clean and comfortable beds are available at a low cost.

*Night Shelter*—Accommodation 250. The management of this Shelter was turned over to the Salvation Army by the City Council. This Shelter meets a great need as it is always crowded.

*Probation Work*—Discharged Prisoners' Aid; Affiliation Work. Secretary, Major C. Wilson, Assistant Sr. Capt. E. Pink. Office, Salvation Army Headquarters, King Street and North Parade, Kingston.

*Probation Work*—Salvation Army Officers act as Probation Officers in various parts of the Island. Police Courts, Penal Institutions and Jails are visited by experienced Officers.

*Discharged Prisoners' Aid*—This work is made possible by the help of the Government. Practical counsel is given to discharged prisoners. Tools and other help are made available in an endeavour to re-establish them in the community.

*Affiliation work*—This work is closely associated with the Child Welfare Association, and is of untold help to young unmarried mothers.

*Missing Friends Bureau*—By reason of the wide circle of Salvation Army Centres throughout the world, success has often resulted in tracing missing friends and relatives.

## MANCHESTER CHARITY ORGANIZATION SOCIETY

The Society came into being on 19th October, 1938, when at a public meeting held in Mandeville, the Constitution and rules were adopted. Its objects are the general welfare of the poor of Manchester and particularly:—

- (a) To bring into harmonious co-operation with each other and the Poor Law Authorities the various charitable agencies and individuals in the parish, and thus to check the evil of over-lapping relief caused by independent action.
- (b) To investigate the cases of all applications for relief and to secure from the proper Charities or from individuals suitable help for the deserving.
- (c) To assist all cases where it may appear that temporary aid will tend to permanent advantage and for which adequate help cannot be obtained elsewhere. Such assistance may, where desirable, take the form of loans or gifts of money.
- (d) To repress mendicancy and imposture by the above means and where desirable by collaboration with the police, also by the distribution of investigation tickets.
- (e) To inculcate habits of prudence, self-reliance and thrift on the part of those aided.
- (f) To promote the establishment of subsidiary efforts dealing with such matters as:—
  1. Provision of food for hungry persons and school children.
  2. The proper housing of the poor.
  3. The assistance of unemployed persons to prepare for and obtain employment.

**OFFICERS OF THE SOCIETY**—*President*: Rev. Canon P. Chaperlin; *1st Vice-President*: Mrs. J. A. Godfrey; *2nd Vice-President*: Mr. W. Hyde McCaulay; *3rd Vice-President*: Mr. J. T. G. Grant; *Hon. Secretary and Treasurer*: Miss B. Thorne.

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS**—Officers of the Society together with Messrs. F. R. Ricketts, A. A. Morgan, J. D. Whiteley, Mesdames V. M. Bromfield, Maurice Lyn and F. J. Whitely. Branches have been formed at Mandeville, Christiana and St. Paul's.

*Mandeville Branch*—*Chairman*: Rev. Canon P. Chaperlin, *Secretary*: Mrs. G. M. Bicknell; *Treasurer*: Mrs. Maurice Lyn.

*Lunch Room Managing Committee*—*Chairman*: Mrs. J. A. Godfrey; *Secretary*: Miss B. L. Thomas; *Treasurer*: Mr. R. A. Gordon; Mrs. R. A. Gordon, Miss Evelyn Hendriks, Rev. Canon P. Chaperlin and Mrs. Islin Shaw.

*Christiana Branch*—*President*: Mr. W. Hyde McCaulay; *1st Vice-President*: Mr. C. D. Neilson; *2nd Vice-President*: R. C. Gayle; *3rd Vice-President*: Mrs. A. M. Limonius; *Treasurer*: Mr. E. Dillon Limonius; *Secretary*: Mr. F. R. Ricketts.

*Managing Committee*—The Officers together with Mr. C. J. Tomlinson, Mr. A. A. Morgan, Mr. J. H. Turner, Mesdames F. R. Ricketts, A. R. Wint, S. Mendez, E. R. Ferguson, B. Feurtado, and Miss C. O. Webster.

*St. Paul's Branch*—*President*: Mr. J. D. Whitely; *Vice-President*: Rev. S. R. Panton; *Secretary and Treasurer*: Mrs. F. J. Whitely.

*Managing Committee*—Messrs. J. E. Coley, Albert Freckleton, Wilfred Sessing, J. D. Whitely, Rev. S. R. Panton, Mesdames F. J. Whitely, E. M. Coley, Misses I. L. Rogers, and E. Wildman.

## TOC H

TALBOT House, in the War was "Everyman's Club" open to officers and men alike: it was opened in December, 1915, at Poperinghe, the nearest habitable town behind Ypres. Its founders were Padres Neville Talbot, H. R. Bates, and Philip Clayton ("Tubby").

It was named in memory of Neville's younger brother, Gilbert, Lieut., Rifle Brigade killed at Hooge on July 30, 1915. The name "Toc H" is merely T.H. (Talbot House) pronounced according to the Army signaller's alphabet. In 1922, the movement was granted a Royal Charter. The Patron is His Majesty the King.

Its first aim was to recapture the War's spirit of comradeship in common service and to pass it on to the younger generation. *Toc H* is not an ex-Servicemen's society; it remembers the past but look to the future. It draws its members from all ranks of society, from all Christian denominations, schools of thought and political parties. It is a "power-house" for social service of every kind, directed in each place by a voluntary *Jobmaster*. *Toc H* in no way competes with existing societies; it encourages and trains its members to help them.

The voluntary service of *Toc H* members throughout the world flows in two main streams—(a) "*Stretcher-bearing*" work for the sick, the disabled, the blind, the deaf and dumb, the lonely, the "down-and-out", the crippled or neglected child, the boy or man in prison or just out of it; (b) "*Sheep-dog*" work towards boys, and younger men—in clubs, camps, classes, Scout troops, Brigade companies, etc.

All men, from the age of 16 upwards, who are in sympathy with the aims and objects are eligible for membership. Candidates are required to fill up a form of application, to be proposed and seconded by members, and to undergo a period of probation varying in length according to circumstances.

An invitation meeting was held at Bishop's Lodge in Jamaica in October, 1930, when the movement was explained by a London member. The late Right Reverend Cecil deCarteret, Bishop of Jamaica was initiated into general membership in December, by the Rev. Harold Hubbard, late Chaplain to Cheltenham College and ex-Administrative Padre of *Toc H*. Permission to form a Jamaica Group was granted in March, 1931, and the Rushlight was received from London and bestowed by H.E. the late Governor of Jamaica, Sir Reginald Edward Stubbs in the Mais Memorial Hall, Kingston, on 16th March, 1931. On March 17th, the Rushlight was dedicated at the Parish Church,

Halfway Tree. The Group was raised to Branch Status in October, 1936, and the Lamp of maintenance bestowed to the Branch, and lit for the first time by Viscount Halifax, K.C. in York Minster on 11th December, 1937. The Lamp was received in Jamaica in 1938 and handed over to the Branch by H. E. the late Governor of Jamaica, Sir Edward Denham in the Mais Memorial Hall, Kingston on 21st March, 1938.

The Branch holds fortnightly meetings at the Toc H Hall, Halfway Tree.

#### OFFICE BEARERS

W. B. Powell, 2 Hollywood Road, Liguanea P.O. *Chairman*: V. S. Chambers, c/o Commissioner of Police Office, Kingston, *Vice-Chairman*: H. S. Hickling, c/o Dept. of Agriculture, Hope, *Secretary*: Chas. Hickling, *Jobmaster*: V. A. Valentine, *Treasurer*: Rev. J. T. Clark, *Padre*: H. E. Reid, *Pilot*.

### THE UPWARD AND ONWARD SOCIETY IN JAMAICA

THE Society was started in 1900. It spread to most of the parishes, being divided into Unions, and numbering over 50 branches. It had a Self Help at Montego Bay, and a Hostel and Girls Club in Kingston. Through its efforts, the Y.W.C.A. Headquarters in England decided to begin work in Jamaica. When that was done, the U. and O. premises in Kingston were sold and the proceeds given to help with the erection of the Y.W.C.A. building, and the Kingston Branch merged into the Y.W.C.A.

The Self Help at Montego Bay did excellent work for many years, under Miss Belle Mills, but is now continued independently.

Owing to the rapid development of many other organizations, there are now only 16 Branches of this pioneer Society, mostly found in Manchester. The work is undenominational, but is carried on in connection with the various Churches, on religious lines, chiefly in the Moravian denomination.

An exhibition of needlework and handicraft is held bi-annually. On alternate years Fellowship Day is held at a different centre. The U. & O. Shield is competed for every year.

The Society became a member organization of the Jamaica Women's League, then of the Jamaica Federation of Women, and of the Central Council of Voluntary Social Services.

An Embroidery Depot has been formed at Christiana under the auspices of the Jamaica League, and the workers trained in the Upward and Onward Society.

The objects of the Society are: to have a religious foundation, to unite the young women of Jamaica in the promotion of womanly virtue, pure family life, and a healthy public opinion on moral questions, while developing Head, Heart and Hand.

OFFICERS FOR 1947-48—*President*, Mrs. Stephen Miller, Christiana P. O., *Vice-President* Mrs. G. Sach, Bethany, Mile Gully P.O., *Secretary*, Mrs. C. F. Smith, Lititz, Watsons Hill P.O., *Treasurer*, Mrs. B. L. MacLeavy, Bethlehem T.C., Malvern P.O., *Asst. Secretary*, Miss K. Kneale, Fairfield, Lincoln P.O., *Representatives on C.C.V.S.S.*, Mrs. Cuthbert, Mrs. C. F. Smith, *Jamaica Youth Movement*, Miss Joyce Fisher.

### WOMEN WORKERS' FELLOWSHIP

THE Women Workers' Fellowship (on the lines of the Minister's Fraternal) was started in March, 1929. The members of the Fellowship are women who are the wives of ministers, full-time church workers, or (by special invitation) other workers (social, etc.).

The aims:—(a) To draw all women workers of the different churches together in a closer bond of sympathy and understanding.

(b) To promote co-operation in the work amongst women and children.

(c) To provide all women workers with an opportunity of meeting for social intercourse.

OFFICERS, 1947-48—H. Goldstone Edwards, *President*, Mrs. J. A. Crabbe, *Vice-President*, Mrs. D. Grizzle, *Secretary*.



## YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION

Y.M.C.A., 76 Hanover Street, Kingston. These premises, previously used as the Jamaica Hotel, were purchased and opened as a Y.M.C.A. in 1920. It comprises a commodious building with a large alfresco lounge and dining annex, 18 bedrooms (running water), hostel lounge, offices, baths, etc. with necessary outbuildings. Car entrance 16 Sutton Street. Extensions were carried out in 1930, Billiard Hall for 2 English Tables and a suite of Servants Rooms. In 1942 the Entrance Hall was enlarged, and the Doorly Hall built as a Memorial to the late president, Sir Charles Doorly, C.B.E. This has a fine stained glass window of the Y.M.C.A. International Badge, executed by the late Rev. R. E. R. Wade, and presented by the family of Sir Charles. The premises provide an open-air gymnasium, basketball and volley ball courts. An all round programme of educational, religious, social and recreational activities, designed to serve the needs of youth is organised, some are open to the general public. The Hostel caters for 20 residents and visitors and is usually full, catering being especially good. Lunches and other meals are available to visitors. The Student Branch has centres in the University and Training Colleges and functions as the Student Christian Movement (affiliated to Y.M.C.A. and Y.W.C.A.). Ex-students are organised in a Christian Auxiliary Movement with branches through the Island. Boys' Town is controlled by a special Sub-Committee with the Rev. Hugh Sherlock in charge (see separate heading). In 1947 an arrangement was made to lease from the Boy Scouts Association a portion of Doncaster as a Y.M.C.A. athletic ground. A pavilion was erected and opened in 1948. This provides facilities for football, cricket, softball etc. and special boy's work for Eastern Kingston is undertaken, including use of the Scout's swimming pool (an enclosed section of the beach). A feature of the Boys Work is the Summer Day Camp during the school holidays, hobbies and crafts being a special attraction. His Excellency the Governor is (Patron, R. H. Fletcher, Esq., I.S.O., J.P., President, D.S.A. Fitz-Ritson, J.P., Hon. Recording Secretary, O. D. Sanguinetti, Hon. Treasurer, Mr. Edgar B. Hallett is Acting General Secretary. Trustees are W. J. Palmer, Esq., O.B.E., J.P., W. M. Fraser, Esq., I.S.O., Arthur O. Scoggin, Esq., Carl Webster, Esq., J.P., and W. A. Logan, Esq. (representing English National Council). Hon. Auditor, Wm. Bowman, Esq.

There are three forms of membership—Honorary, Full and Associate. Only Full Members, who accept the religious basis, can serve on, or elect to, the Board of Directors.

Subscriptions vary according to age:—

Over 21	30/- per annum or 3/- per month
17 to 21	21/- per annum or 2/- per month
Students	15/- per annum or 1/6 per month
Athletic Clubs	10/- per annum extra or 1/- per month
Country	10/6 per annum ..
Honorary	unlimited ..

Hostel rates and cost of meals—reasonable.

Terms on application to the General Secretary.

## YOUNG WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION

North St., Kingston

THE Association was formally established with the opening of the hostel in North St. in February, 1923.

There is accommodation for 26 residents and transients. Visitors from other countries and from the country districts of Jamaica can secure comfortable accommodation at a moderate rate. The ground floor premises serve the purpose of a club for business and professional girls in Kingston, which has at present a membership of over 200. Additional buildings serve as a club centre for some 700 industrial girls and elementary school children. Branches have been opened in Brown's Town, Sav-la-Mar, Christiana, Montego Bay and Darliston. A new Club Centre has been opened in Trench Town with approximately 250 members.

## JAMAICA COUNCIL

OFFICERS—Acting President—Mrs. E. A. Foster-Davis, Treasurer—Geo. V. Rennie Esq.

STAFF—General Secretary—Miss Carmen Lusan, Office Secretary—Miss Pearl I. Robinson.

## JAMAICA YOUTH MOVEMENT

An invitation was received in 1942 by a political youth organisation in Jamaica to attend a conference of youth bodies of the Americans in Mexico called to intensify the war effort of Pan American youth against the Axis Powers. This conference did not take place, but it was felt that the association of Jamaican Youth Bodies drawn from all spheres and formed for the purpose of attending the Mexico Conference should not be allowed to lapse but should set to work on Jamaican problems from the youth angle. Accordingly under the sponsorship of the Central Council of Voluntary Social Services the First Annual Conference was held in 1942. Present were 248 delegates and 300 observers from over 80 different organisations.

Youth bodies, youth service bodies, and bodies having a substantial number of young persons are entitled to attend the annual conference with representation on a numerical basis of one delegate for every fifty members with a minimum of two and a maximum of ten. In the case of bodies with branches the maximum is twenty-five. These member organizations are classified in ten groups, viz:

Religious bodies; Schools, Student Bodies and Training Colleges; Old Students' and Teachers' Associations, Social Service Organizations; Political Organizations; Y.W.C.A and Y.M.C.A.; Organizations of Employees; Co-operative Societies and Study Groups; Sports and Other Approved Organizations; Individual members.

A representative of each organization which is a member of the Movement serves on the Central Council which meets bi-monthly. Conference delegates also elect the officers of the Movement: President, 1st Vice-President, 2nd Vice-President, General Secretary, Assistant Secretary, Secretary for West Indian and Foreign Affairs, Treasurer. These with one or more as necessary, representatives from each of the classifications form the Executive Committee. The Executive Committee meets monthly and controls the work of the Movement, apportioning it out to Committees composed of volunteers from Central Council and others with a Chairman appointed by the Executive Committee and responsible to it. Committees at present at work are: Publications, Social Service, Education, Sports and Recreation.

The aims of the Jamaica Youth Movement are as follows:—

- “ (a) To unite all the youth of Jamaica in a common effort to build a country in which the Christian ideal of Freedom and Brotherhood will prevail;
- (b) To co-operate with the youth of other countries in striving towards universal fellowship, peace and justice;
- (c) To inspire the youth of this country with a spirit of national and civic responsibility and service, which involves the study of Jamaica's problems and action for the betterment of our country;
- (d) To strive for equality of opportunity for all without distinction of race, colour, class, creed or nationality, particularly in the spheres of education and employment;
- (e) To foster a spirit of comradeship among the youth of the island by providing sport, recreation and social facilities.”

Some achievements are:—

- (a) Interesting Jamaican youth in island problems by means of lectures, debates, publications;
- (b) Constructive social welfare work in connection with the Institute Junior Centre, 1944 Storm Relief 1945 Work Camps among other things;
- (c) Committee work and surveys as on Education as set out in our Memorandum to the Higher Education Commission;
- (d) Organizational work in connection with the proposed Hiking Association.
- (e) Calling together West Indian Students attending Social Welfare Courses for proposed West Indian Youth Conference and subsequently sending Messrs Hector Wynter, Oswald Thorbourne, Ivorall Davis and Miss Beryl Loftman to the first West Indian Youth Conference held at Port of Spain, Trinidad, August, 1947.

Hector Wynter, *1st Vice-President, Caribbean Federation of Youth*, Secretariat in Jamaica  
 Frank Phipps, c/o R.M. Court, Sutton Street, *Secretary*; Karl Jenkins, *Asst. Secretary*;  
 Eric DePass, *Treasurer*, Member of Executive, Eric Campbell.

The Officers for 1947-48 are: Geo. Thompson, Senior School, *President*; H. A. Muir, The Constabulary, *1st Vice-President*; Beatrice Gordon-Veitch, *2nd Vice-President*; Neville Bailey, Bankruptcy Department, *General Secretary*; Eloise Gordon, *Asst. Secretary*; Edmond McIntosh, *Treasurer*; Eric DePass, *Secretary for West Indian and Foreign Affairs*.

### CENTRAL SUPPLEMENTARY ALLOWANCES COMMITTEE

The Committee operate the Contingent Sufferer's Fund for the relief of ex-soldiers of the British West Indies Regiment who are in needy circumstances and are unable to work on account of ill-health. The securities in the Fund at 31st March, 1949 were valued at £8,334 and yielded an income of £320 for the financial year, ended at that date. The Committee received a grant of £3,000 from Government and £1,000 from the British Legion. Assistance to the extent of £3,017 was rendered during the year to ex-soldiers widows and children; expenses including clerical assistance amounted to £352.

2. The personnel of the Committee is as follows:—

Captain R. S. Martinez, *Chairman*; Mr. O. R. Nunes, *Vice-Chairman*; Mr. E. M. Morales, Mr. H. K. Samuels, Mr. Clifford Rae, Captain Ernest Platt, Mr. A. G. Buckley, Mr. A. R. Abrahams, *Secretary (Treasury)*.

### FLETCHER'S CHARITY, SPANISH TOWN

In March, 1714, George Fletcher by will bequeathed all his real estate to be applied to the use of three poor widows of the parish of St. Catherine, to be selected from time to time by the churchwardens and vestrymen of that parish.

The real estate consisted of 800 acres of land in St. Elizabeth, 227 acres near Highgate, St. Catherine, a pen near the Angels, and a house in Spanish Town in which the widows were to reside. All the property has since been sold.

The moneys derived from the sales were appropriated to the use of the parish, part having been expended in the building of a House of Correction, now the District Prisons.

The annual value of the trust property after the final sale of the lands was set down at £91 4s.

In 1847, the Act 10 Vic., cap. 45 was passed, which authorised the justices and vestry to raise a sum for the payment of the annuities as an item of parochial expenditure, but there is no record of any rate having been levied for this purpose, although provision was made for the widows' pensions each year in the parochial estimates.

By the Act 21 Vic. cap. 44, the power of the parishes to raise taxes was abolished and the liabilities of all the parishes were assumed by the Government. Since then provision has been made for the payment of the pensions at the rate of £30 8s. per annum to each of 3 widows out of general revenue.

### GRAY'S CHARITY, ST. MARY (GRAY'S CHARITY LAW, CAP. 63)

On the 10th of May, 1854, John William Gray, of the parish of Saint Mary, merchant, made a will, in which he directed that after his death a sum of £5,000 should be paid by his executors into the hands of the Governor of Jamaica for the time being, "to be by him appropriated for the use and benefit of the respectable poor of the parish of Saint Mary in the establishment of a poor house for the exclusive benefit of the respectable poor of the parish of Saint Mary, to be established and secured by legislative enactment in the manner he, the Governor, may deem best, so that it may be of lasting advantage."

Gray died in 1855, one month after making this will.

Rules for the management of the Charity were passed by the Governor in Privy Council, under the 6th section of Law 42 of 1872. These rules provided, *inter alia*, that fourteen inmates should be admitted to the poor house, who are to receive a weekly allowance of 9/-, with water and furniture, but are to provide their own food. These rules further regulated the expenditure on account of the institution, the duties of the clerk and matron, and the arrangements for quarterly meetings of the trustees.

The Home was destroyed by hurricane during 1944 and is now being reconstructed to accommodate ten inmates.

The funds of the Trust consist of stock amounting to			£17,853	0	0	
Cash on deposit at Government Savings Bank						
at 1.4.48 .. .. .	£300	0	0			
Surplus (Current a/c) at 1.4.49 ..	60	0	0	£360	0	0
				18,213	0	0

*Trustees*, Hon. S. M. Walker, (*Chairman*) Messrs. C. L. Clemetson, H. S. Schleifer, E. Leo Sharpe, Mr. J. H. Jefferson, and A. B. Phillpotts, Rev. James Davis, *Clerk*. Henry B. Phillpotts, Port Maria P.O.

#### GREGORY'S CHARITY, SPANISH TOWN.

MATTHEW GREGORY, Doctor of Medicine (who died 31st December, 1779, aged 86) by deed, dated 22nd March, 1765, conveyed certain property in trust, the proceeds of which and profits arising therefrom were to be applied towards relieving any distressed persons in or from any part of the colony, coming to St. Jago de la Vega, to bind out poor children to trades, and to portion orphan girls at marriage. By Law 34 of George III the trustees are the Chief Justice of the Island, the Custos of St. Catherine and the clergyman for the time being in charge of the Cathedral, Spanish Town; the last-named of whom has the administration of the fund, the annual income of which is £144 (*vide* Gregory's Charity Law, Cap. 64). 41 distressed persons receive help.

#### JEWISH LADIES CHARITY ORGANIZATION

THE object of this organization is to support the Jewish Home and all Jamaica Jewish charities.

*President*, Mrs. Michael deCordova, M.B.E., *Treasurer*, Mrs. Ivy Melhado, *Secretary* Mrs. Cecil deCordova.

#### KINGSTON CHARITY ORGANIZATION SOCIETY

THE objects of the Society are the charitable relief and the general welfare of the poor of Kingston and the adjacent parts of the parish of St. Andrew. It will seek:

1. To bring into harmonious co-operation with each other and the Poor Law Authorities, the various charitable agencies and individuals in the district, and thus to check the evils of overlapping relief caused by simultaneous but independent action.
2. To investigate thoroughly the cases of all applicants for charitable relief, and to secure from the proper charities, or from charitable individuals suitable and adequate relief for deserving cases.
3. To assist from its funds all suitable cases in which temporary aid will tend to permanent advantage, and for which adequate assistance cannot be obtained from other sources. This assistance may (when possible and desirable) take the form of gifts of money for the individuals needing it.
4. To repress mendicancy by the above-named means, by investigation dealing with cases of imposture.

5. To inculcate habits of prudence, self-reliance and thrift on the part of those who are aided.
6. To promote the establishment of subsidiary efforts, dealing with such matters as
  - (a) Provision of food for hungry persons; (b) The proper housing of the Poor;
  - (c) Assisting moneyless people to return home; (d) The establishment of suitable industries to supply work for the poor.

On 31st Dec., 1949, the Organisation will have completed 50 years of useful service to Jamaica.

**Patrons and Patronesses**—His Excellency the Governor and Lady Huggins, The Hon. the Colonial Secretary, His Lordship the Bishop of Jamaica, His Lordship the Bishop of the Roman Catholic Church, Sir Henry Brown, His Hon. the Custos of Kingston, His Hon. the Custos of St. Andrew, His Worship the Mayor of Kingston, The Hon. Sir Robert Barker, O.B.E., J.P., Mrs. M. DeCordova, M.B.E.

**OFFICERS OF THE SOCIETY**—*President*, C. B. Facey Esq., J.P.; *Vice-President*, V. N. Aguilar, Esq., J.P.; *Hon. Secretary*, Mrs. R. K. Nunes; *Secretary, Treasurer and Collector*, Mrs. D. H. Grizzle; *Hon. Auditor*, G. A. Forbes Esq., *Hon. Accountant*, H. Nosworthy, Esq.

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS**—The officers of the Society together with W. J. Palmer, Esq.; M.B.E., Rev. F. Cowell Lloyd, Mrs. W. Yuill, Rev. H. Goldstone Edwards, Rev. H. P. Silverman, Mrs. E. G. Plant, Mrs. R. Van Cuylenburg, Rev. Fr. P. Branon, Sister Olga Brooks-Smith, C. G. C. Kerr, Esq., Mrs. H. Dayes, Colonel W. P. Sansom, Mr. N. Matalon, Mrs. D. C. MacGillivray.

**STANDING COMMITTEE**—The officers of the Society together with Rev. F. Cowell-Lloyd, Sis. Olga Brooks Smith, Rev. Fr. P. Branon, Mrs. H. O. A. Dayes, Colonel W. P. Sansom.

**SOUP KITCHEN AND GARMENT COMMITTEE**—Mrs. E. G. Plant, Mrs. E. C. Joysey, Mrs. H. Dayes, Mrs. W. A. Gaynor, Mrs. R. K. Nunes, Mrs. Van Cuylenburg, Mrs. A. Marchalleck, Mrs. M. Sauter, Mrs. P. Marley, Mrs. H. Randall, Mrs. O. Plant.

**FINANCE COMMITTEE**—C. B. Facey, Esq., J.P., *Chairman*; Mrs. R. K. Nunes, Mrs. H. Dayes, Mr. Vin Aguilar, Mr. H. Matalon.

**Trustees**—Mr. W. J. Palmer, M.B.E., J.P., Mrs. R. K. Nunes,

### LAWSON GIFFORD BEQUEST

By the will of the late Dr. Lawson Gifford, formerly Medical Officer of Health, Kingston and a member of the Legislative Council, (died 1943) the following legacies were left to the Government of Jamaica.—

- (i) £5,000 for the benefit of the Jamaica Schools Commission;
- (ii) £6,000 for the benefit of the Public General Hospital, Kingston;
- (iii) £10,000 for the benefit of the Farm School and Stock Farm at Hope;
- (iv) £1,000 for the benefit of the Tuberculosis Sanatorium.

Doctor Gifford also bequeathed the residue of his Estate after the deduction of certain other legacies made to individual persons and Bodies, to be invested in Trustee Securities, the income therefrom to be paid over to a *Board of Trustees* nominated by the Governor, for disbursement to the respectable poor in the parishes of Kingston and St. Mary as indicated below. The Board consists of eight persons, appointed by the Governor, four of them to be responsible residents in the Corporate Area and four responsible residents in the parish of St. Mary. Two-thirds of the income from the fund shall be disbursed by the Corporate Area members of the Board from time to time in their discretion, in aiding the respectable poor of Kingston irrespective of class, creed and colour and the remaining one-third shall be distributed by the St. Mary members of the Board in aiding the respectable poor of the parish of St. Mary irrespective of class, creed or colour.

The following gentlemen have been appointed by His Excellency the Governor to be the Board of Trustees:—

Hon. Sir Noel Livingston, Chairman  
 Mr. Lindsay P. Downer, O.B.E.  
 Dr. A. S. Wesmoreland, O.B.E.  
 Mr. H. H. Dunn  
 Capt. L. R. Mandeville-Ellis  
 Mr. C. McTavish Goffe  
 Mr. E. Leo Sharpe  
 Mr. L. E. Tingling.

Mr. L. M. Johns of the Administrator General's Department is Secretary to the Board.  
 Mrs. Mary Anderson c/o Standard Fruit and Shipping Company, is Secretary of the Kingston Parish Committee.

Mr. H. B. Philippotts, Clerk, Parochial Board of St. Mary, Port Maria P. O., is Secretary of the St. Mary Parish Committee.

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### SAVE THE CHILDREN FUND

21½ Mark Lane, Kingston.

*Chief Patron*—Lady Huggins; *President*: Mr. Ruel Vaz; *Chairman*: Dr. J. L. Varma; *Hon. Secretary*: Rev. M. E. W. Sawyers.

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### ST. VINCENT DE PAUL SOCIETY

THIS Society was established in December, 1903 by the late Rev. John Harpes, s.j. Its principal work is the visitation and relief of the poor in their homes, irrespective of their religious beliefs. Generally, relief is not given in money, but by tickets issued to the purveyors of groceries, and also for clothing. All Bills are met by means of contributions from charitable persons and by collections at the weekly meetings. No officer or member is allowed to receive any salary or out-of-pocket expenses for this work.

The officers of the Particular Council which controls the work of the Society are:—*Spiritual Director*, Rev. F. James Healey, s.j.; *President*, Mr. Joseph E. Issa; *1st Vice-President*, Mr. Harold E. Mendes; *2nd Vice-President*, Mr. R. R. Campbell; *Secretary*, Mr. Reginald E. Mais; *Assistant Secretary*, Mr. Martin G. Smith; *Treasurer*, Mr. Gilbert Aarons.

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### VERLEY HOME FOR GENTLEWOMEN, 21 & 23 EAST ST., KINGSTON

THIS Institution was established in May, 1902, by Mrs. Eliza Jane Verley, widow of Louis Verley and endowed by her with £3,000 for its maintenance and up-keep. It was again enriched by a bequest of the benefactress of a sum of £2,000 at her death. The deed of settlement declares the uses to be a "Home for respectable Gentlewomen (Widows and Spinsters) of indigent circumstances irrespective of creed." There are rooms for 28 inmates almost always occupied.

**TRUSTEES**—Hon. Sir Noel Livingston, *Chairman*; W. J. Palmer, Esq. M.B.E.; *Vice-Chairman*; Hon. Sir Robert Barker, M.A., O.B.E., *Honorary Treasurer*; Messrs—T. P. Evelyn, V. N. Aguilar, C. R. Webster, Ralph Grant; *Secretary*: V. L. Duquesnay.

**LADIES COMMITTEE**—Mrs. W. Gamble, *Presiding Lady*; Mrs. John Crook, *Honorary Secretary*; Mrs. E. K. Richards, Miss Elsie Myers, Miss Ida Clarke, *Matron*.

## SAILORS' HOME AND REST

18 Duke St., Kingston

THE SAILORS' HOME was founded in 1864 through the exertions of the Rev. George Cheyne with the co-operation of other philanthropists.

THE SAILORS' REST was founded by Mrs. Denniston in 1898. This institution was given to the British Sailors' Society by Mrs. Denniston in 1917.

In August 1936, the two bodies were amalgamated, the work being carried on at 18 Duke St., under the auspices of the British Sailors' Society. There is ample accommodation for all seafaring men visiting the port of Kingston. In addition to sleeping rooms there are several rooms for recreation, including a billiard room and dance hall which is also used for concerts, etc.

## MANAGING COMMITTEE

C. R. Webster, *Chairman*; Hon. Sir Noel Livingston, *Vice-Chairman*; C. M. Graham, *Hon. Secretary and Treasurer*.

*Committee*—Captain B. H. Pickering, O. W. Grosett, A. E. West, W. J. Palmer, M.B.E. K. V. Samuel, Mrs. G. J. deCordova, F. W. Harris, Rev. J. A. Crabb, M.A., H. D. M. Orrett, J.P., Rev. T. Clark, *Official in Charge*—Mr. Samuel Marno.

## FRIENDLY SOCIETIES

There are 304 Friendly Societies registered under the Friendly Societies Law, Chapter 262. The aims of these Societies are in general to render assistance pecuniary and otherwise to their members in time of illness and death. 199 of these registered Societies were known to be in active operation on the 31st of December, 1949. A list of these Societies is kept by the Deputy Keeper of the Records.

## THE FRIENDLY SOCIETIES COUNCIL OF JAMAICA

The Friendly Societies Council of Jamaica was founded in the year 1943 by the late Bro. H. Leo. Brown, who was its first president. Its aims and objects are to promote mutual co-operation of all Friendly Societies, to watch any proceedings legislative or otherwise, affecting their principles, and interest, and to take appropriate action in connection therewith. Its main purpose is to safeguard and develop the interests and privileges of these Societies. There are 62 Registered Friendly Societies affiliated to the Council. The President of the Council is Mr. M. A. Hector, and the Secretary, E. L. Cupidon of 19 Blunt Street, Kingston.

## FLETCHER'S TRUST, KINGSTON

MARTHA BELLINGER FLETCHER, by her will dated 15th July, 1847, devised and bequeathed her real and personal estate to the Hon. Hector Mitchell and Thomas B. Wiltshire upon trust to manage and rent out the same, and with power to sell and invest and apply the clear yearly revenue among such of the blind, poor and destitute of Kingston as should be recommended to the trustees by the ministers of the churches or places of worship to which they may belong. Hector Mitchell and Thomas Wiltshire proved the will and sold all the personal and certain portions of the real estate.

On the 27th May, 1853, Mitchell died, leaving Wiltshire surviving. By instrument made between Thomas Wiltshire of the first part, Rev. D. H. Campbell, Rev. W. West and Rev. D. J. East of the second part, and the churchwardens of Kingston of the third part, the churchwardens were appointed trustees in the room of Hector Mitchell and Thomas Wiltshire. It appears that Wiltshire never interfered with the management of the estate.

On the death of Mitchell his creditors filed a suit in Chancery against his estate, and the churchwardens of Kingston on their appointment as trustees of Fletcher's Trust filed a petition in the suit for recovery of the sum of £314 2s. 1d. which was in his hands at the time of his death. The result of this petition was that the sum of £187 19s. 3d. was recovered as the *pro rata* proportion of the debt which was due to the trust.

The sum received, less solicitor's costs, namely, £130 0s. 0d., was by direction of the Chancellor paid into the Treasury and thereafter drawn out on the receipt of the churchwardens (Dr. C. Campbell and Mr. C. Goldie) and lodged to the credit of an account called "Fletcher's Trust" in the Government Savings Bank, where it remained until 1912 when it was invested in Local Inscribed Stock yielding 3½%. This Trust is now administered by the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation.

#### SARAH MORRIS' TRUST, KINGSTON AND ST. ANDREW

This trust arose out of a legacy of a Miss Sarah Morris of Kingston, whose will was proved on the 22nd of December, 1809, in which after making several bequests, she bequeathed all the rest, residue and remainder of her estate, both real and personal, to be sold and invested, and the proceeds to arise therefrom, at interest, to be distributed from time to time unto and among the poor of the parishes of Kingston and St. Andrew, who receive the pay or bounty of the said parishes, in proportion to the number of the poor of the said parishes.

The money of the trust is invested in Island Debentures and in Local Inscribed Stock the total sum so invested being £2,150. The interest is divided between the parishes of Kingston and St. Andrew, in proportion to their total pauper expenditure. Out of the sum received by Kingston, the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation distributes annually during the Christmas season small doles to the poor in addition to their usual allowances. In view of the large amount of credit applicable to the Kingston poor from this trust the City Council gave during the Jubilee holidays a substantial dinner to the in-door poor as well as an extra allowance of money and clothing to the out-door poor.

#### WOOD'S BEQUEST, KINGSTON

R. T. Wood bequeathed in 1879 a sum of £1,900 in Island Debentures to the City Council of Kingston, the interest to be distributed amongst the poor of Kingston. The interest is distributed annually at New Year by the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation.

#### D'ESPINOSE'S BEQUEST

CHARLES D'ESPINOSE, formerly a merchant in the city of Kingston, who died in Paris, on the 7th of April, 1875, by his will dated 7th June, 1867, bequeathed the sum of one thousand pounds "in aid of any fund or establishment that may be formed for the relief of the destitute poor of Kingston." To this will there was a codicil, dated the 25th May, 1872, declaring that this legacy should be increased to £2,000, "subject to the conditions and control already stated in the will"

In the absence of any fund or establishment which could be considered in keeping with the testator's intention, the executrices and executor of D'Espinose's will in 1882, proposed to the City Council of Kingston that the money should be invested for the benefit of the City Dispensary, with the Bishop of Jamaica and the Vicar Apostolic of the Roman Catholic Church as Trustees, and the Board approved of this appropriation of the bequest.



## FREEMASONRY

There are three Grand Lodges at present in Jamaica, namely, District Grand Lodge of England, District Grand Lodge of Scotland, District Grand Lodge of Mark Master Masons.

Under the District Grand Lodge of England are the Royal Friendly, Sussex, Phoenix, Collegium Fabrorum, Kingston Moore Keys, Arawak in Kingston, Friendly in Montego Bay, Hamilton in Spanish Town, Hoze in Sav-la-Mar, Ewing in Mandeville, Harmony in Lucea and St. Thomas in Morant Bay.

The Arawak Lodge No. 6902 Dist. No. 16 E.C. was formed during 1949 and was duly constituted and Consecrated on Friday, October 7th, by Rt. Wor. Bro. P. L. Abraham, D.G.M. The first master is Wor. Bro. Eric M. Clarke, D.G. Secy.

There are five Craft Lodges under the Scotch Constitution, namely, Glenlyon, Saint John and Imperial Service in Kingston, Seville in St. Ann's Bay, Caledonian in Port Maria, and Clarendon Kilwinning in Four Paths. A Mark Lodge is connected with each of these Lodges and a Royal Arch Chapter is attached to the Glenlyon.

Clarendon Kilwinning No. 1427 S.C. was formed during 1948 and was duly Constituted and Consecrated by Rt. Wor. Bro. J. J. Mills, D.G.M. on 18th October, 1948. The first Master was Wor. Bro. W. E. Ashman.

There is one Craft Lodge working under the Irish Constitution, namely, South Carolina in Kingston, No. 390.

Mark Lodges are attached to the Royal Sussex, Phoenix and Kingston Lodges.

There is also a District Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons and 4 daughter chapters.

There are two Rose Croix Chapters in Kingston namely, No. 48, called the Jamaica and No. 86 called the Kingston, under the Supreme Council of England.

## JAMAICA MASONIC BENEVOLENCE ASSOCIATION

The purposes of this institution are the relief of necessitous and impoverished members of the masonic order, their widows, orphans or other dependent relatives, by weekly, monthly, or yearly allowances by donations; by providing education for their children; by aiding in their passage to or from the island; or by such other charitable means as may come within the scope and objects of the Association.

The funds are raised by voluntary donations and by annual subscriptions from lodges and chapters and from individual masons and others.

The funds and general affairs of the association are under the control and direction of a Board of Management consisting of the presiding officers of the District Grand Lodges of England and Scotland in the island and their deputies; the presiding masters and immediate past masters of the subscribing lodges, and twenty-four master masons elected every third year from amongst the subscribers. Every mason subscribing 10s. or more per annum is entitled to vote for the members of the Board of Management and to all the other privileges of membership.

A report of the transactions of the Association is annually prepared by the Board and distributed amongst the lodges and individual subscribers to the fund, but the names of the recipients of charity are not included in such report. Particulars in this regard are only furnished confidentially to individual subscribers or to subscribing lodges on applications to the Treasurer. In cases of emergency the President (and in his absence from Kingston, a Vice-President) is empowered to dispense in charity any amount not exceeding five pounds. The Income for 1948 was £844 12s. 3d.

The grants to distressed brethren and widows, wives and children of masons during 1948 amounting to £680 18s. 0d., educational £180 18s. 0d.

The working expenses, including printing, postage and stationery, amounted to £22 10s. 2d. The deficit of £39 18s. 11d. was taken from the accumulated funds which now stand at £3,698 13s. 9d. made up as follows:—Inscribed Stock £1,830 7s. 6d. English Funding Bonds £277, Shares, Masonic Association of Jamaica, Ltd., £228. Shares, Jamaica Public Service Co., Ltd. £20, In Bank £1,343 0s. 3d.

## BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

Wor. Bro. J. J. Mills, M.B.E., D.G.M., S.C., *President*; Wor. Bro. P. L. Abraham D.G.M. Eng., *Vice-President*; Wor. Bro. N. J. Fraser, *Hon. Treasurer*; Wor. Bro. E. A. Tomlinson, *Hon. Secretary*; and the *Past Presidents*, *Hon. Vice-Presidents*, Life Members and Elected Members representing Kingston and Country Lodges.

## KNIGHTS OF ST. JOHN, GORDON HALL

(Corner of Sutton St. and Mark Lane)

*Aims and Objects*—To foster and create fraternity among its Members, to inculcate sympathy and charity by alleviating the conditions of such members of the Order who through sickness or misfortune are unable to sustain themselves, to promote a more generous and filial respect for the spiritual authority of the Catholic Church, to infuse among its members and all other good citizens a broader and purer patriotism and thus exert a wholesome and beneficial influence upon existing conditions.

The first Charter was granted to Jamaica on the 30th August, 1911, and known as St. Joseph's Commandery, No. 182.

Entrance fee, 2/- and 1/3 per month after passing medical test for 6/-.

*Benefits*.—After a membership of 6 months and not in arrears for 3 months: free medical service.

*Patron*: Rt. Rev. Thomas A. Emmet, D.D., S.J., Bishop of Tuscamai, Vicar Apostolic of Jamaica, *Spiritual Director*, Rev. Fr. G. Wilson, *President*, J. C. McPherson, *Recording Secretary*, M. Brown, 16 Shoe Lane, Passmore Town, Kingston.

## LADIES AUXILIARY

The aims and objects are identical as the Knights of St. John.  
Charter granted August of 1914 and known as St. Ann's Auxiliary, No. 174.

Entrance fee, 6/- and 2/- per month after passing medical test for 4/-.

*Benefits*.—6 weeks at 8/- per week; 6 weeks at 6/- per week; then a further 6 weeks at 4/- per week, and if illness continues, 2/6 per week until death.

Upon the death of a member in good standing the amount of £6 is granted for funeral expenses.

*OFFICERS*—*Spiritual Director*—Rev. Fr. P. Brannon, S.J., *Lady President*; Mrs. H. Lopez; *Recording Secretary*, Mrs. A. Rosetta Leevy.

## CHAPTER XIX

### PUBLIC COMPANIES

#### JAMAICA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY, LIMITED

THIS Company, which is incorporated under the Companies Act, (Jamaica) 27 Vic. Sec. 2, Chap. 4, acquired the undertakings and property of the West India Electric Company, Limited, and The Jamaica Light and Power Company, Limited, (of Canada) in June, 1923.

Jamaica Public Service Company Limited supplies light and power service to Kingston and St. Andrew, and through a system of high tension transmission lines aggregating about 131 miles in extent, light and power through the parishes of St. Catherine, Clarendon, St. Ann, St. Mary, Trelawny, St. James, St. Elizabeth and Portland.

There are 10 Power Stations, comprising a Steam Plant at Gold Street, Kingston, Hydro-Electric Plants at Bog Walk, White River and Roaring River and Diesel Plants at Montego Bay, Port Antonio, Brown's Town, Falmouth, Lucea and Black River.

The management of the Company is under the supervision of Stone and Webster Service Corporation who supervise and operate about sixty Public Utilities throughout the North American Continent and the West Indies. The registered office is at 151 Orange Street, Kingston, Down Town Office—No. 1 King Street, Kingston.

**OFFICERS**—*President*: Russell D. Bell; *Vice Presidents*: Abner Kingman, G. H. Clifford; George W. MacDuff, *Vice-President*, in charge of Operations. *Resident Manager*: George W. MacDuff; *Assistant Manager*: A. D. Church, M.I.E.E., A.M.I.E.A.; *Secretary and Treasurer*: Jas. McIntosh Clark, O.B.E.; *Chief Engineer Steam Station*: J. C. McPherson; *New Business Manager*: J. E. S. Caithness; *Personnel Officer*: M. Hepher.

30th September, 1949.

#### Capital Stock:

Cumulative Preference Shares, fully paid (b)	£669,138 7 4	\$3,256,473.33
Ordinary, 150,000 shares of \$5 each, fully paid	154,109 11 10	750,000.00

#### THE JAMAICA TELEPHONE Co., Ltd.

The Company operates telephone exchanges in Kingston and St. Andrew under a licence granted by the Governor in Privy Council in 1925 under the provisions of the Telephone Law. By agreement dated the 30th of July, 1945, the Company purchased from the Government of Jamaica the existing All-Island Telephone System, which had been operated by Government up to that date, and in August, 1945, a licence was granted to the Company by the Governor in Executive Council to operate telephone services throughout the Island.

**Exchanges**—The central exchange of the Company is at 65 Duke St., and the Company's headquarters are at 47 Halfway Tree Road. Automatic exchanges are at 47 Halfway-Tree Road, No. 1 Hillcrest Avenue, and Stony Hill in St. Andrew, and also at Montego Bay, Savanna-la-Mar, Mandeville, Port Antonio and Spanish Town. Manual exchanges are operated at May Pen and Morant Bay, Highgate, St. Ann's Bay, Old Harbour and Oracabessa.

In addition a variety of sub-exchanges and call boxes are located throughout the Island.

**The Directors** of the company are: Sir Alexander Roger, K.C.I.E., President; Hon. O. K. Henriques, Chairman; Mr. L. E. Ashenheim, Mr. A. F. Roger, the Hon. Sir Noël Livingston, Mr. F. W. Harris, Hon. Sir Robt. B. Barker and Mr. D. C. Ferguson, *Bankers*—Barclays Bank (D.C. & O.), Kingston. *Auditors*—Messrs. Wood, Costa and Harty; *Solicitors*—Messrs. Milholland, Ashenheim & Stone.

## BUILDING SOCIETIES

(Registered under The Building Societies Law, Chap. 261)

Brown's Town Benefit Building Society (Estd. 1893)	Brown's Town (St. Ann)
Central Jamaica Building Society .. ..	Christiana
Clarendon Benefit Building Society (Estd. 1931) ..	May Pen
Hanover Benefit Building Society .. ..	Lucea
Jamaica Permanent Building Society (Etab. 1878)	133 Tower St., Kingston
Metropolitan Building Society .. ..	94 Orange St., Kingston
Middlesex Benefit Building Society (Estd. 1925) ..	Gayle (St. Mary)
Northern United Building Society .. ..	Montego Bay
People's Mutual Building Society .. ..	48 Church St., Kingston
Progressive Mutual Building Society .. ..	115 Tower St., Kingston
St. Ann Benefit Building Society (Estd. 1874) ..	St. Ann's Bay
St. Catherine Mutual Building Society .. ..	3b Hanover St., Spanish Town
St. Elizabeth Benefit Building Society .. ..	Black River
St. James Benefit Building Society (Estd. 1874) ..	Montego Bay
St. Mary Benefit Building Society (Estd. 1915) ..	Annotto Bay
St. Thomas Mutual Building Society (Estd. 1897)	Morant Bay
Surrey Mutual Building Society .. ..	30 Duke St., Kingston
Trelawny Benefit Building Society (Estd. 1875) ..	Falmouth
Victoria Mutual Building Society (Estd. 1878)	6 Duke St., Kingston
Westmoreland Building Society (Estd. 1874) ..	Savanna-la-Mar
Caribbean Benefit Building Society .. ..	35 Sutton St., Kingston

## PEOPLE'S DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT COMPANY, (LIMITED)

THE People's Discount and Deposit Company (Limited), was established in 1879, the main object being to provide help for a large class of industrious and enterprising people who, not having influence to secure them business relationships with the Bank, was reduced to the necessity of applying to private individuals for the means necessary to aid them in their business undertakings. A company was therefore formed to raise a capital fund by the issue of shares, for the purpose of discounting Island and other bills of exchange or promissory notes, or other obligations making advances of money on mortgage and other securities, and otherwise transacting business as bankers, save and except the issuing of a paper currency or bank notes, and also to receive deposits on current accounts or otherwise.

*Directors—Chairman:* V. L. George; *Vice-Chairman:* Hon. Sir Robt. Barker, O.B.E., L. V. D. Samuel, V. N. Aguilar, Wm. C. Buie, Leslie R. Mordecai.

*Secretary:* D. G. Ritchie. *Auditors:* G. W. N. Downer, A.C.A., H. C. NUNES, A.C.A.

*Office:* No. 1 Orange Street, Kingston, P.O. Box 198.

## INSURANCE COMPANY OF JAMAICA, LIMITED

THE Company was established in April, 1931. It transacts Fire, Earthquake, Hurricane, Motor and Workmen's Compensation and Marine Insurance. The Memorandum of Association enables the Company to carry on and transact every kind of insurance business excepting Life and Health Insurance. Its authorised capital is £200,000.

*Directors:* Hon. Owen K. Henriques, *Chairman;* Leslie R. Mordecai, *Vice-Chairman;* Vincent N. Aguilar, Reginald Melhado, Percy Junor, Dr. Charles Levy, W. C. Buie, L. V. D. Samuel, R. Elder. V. A. Dayes, *Secretary and Manager.*

*Office Address:* Harbour Street, Kingston.

**JAMAICA CO-OPERATIVE FIRE & GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.**

THIS Company was formed in July, 1873. Authorised Capital, £200,000. Claims Paid exceed £700,000

The Company offers facilities for insurance in respect of Fire, Hurricane, Earthquake, Accident of all kinds including Motor Vehicles, Burglary, Plate Glass, Fidelity Guarantee, Personal Accident and Sickness, Workmen's Compensation and Third Party (Public Liability); Marine.

*Directors:* H. H. Dunn, *Chairman*; Hon. G. Seymour-Seymour, O.B.E., James Henderson, Lt. Col. H. M. Burke, v.p.

*Manager and Secretary:* A. K. Butler. *Office:* 10 Duke Street, Kingston.

**THE JAMAICA MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY**

The Jamaica Mutual Life Assurance Society was established in 1844 for the immediate purpose of reducing life assurance premiums and of thereby bringing this important instrument of social security within the means of people here who could not afford to pay the very high rates then charged by the large companies. A wider aim of the founders of The Jamaica Mutual was to encourage thrift and co-operative self-help.

On 4th July, 1949 there were 12,314 policies subsisting amounting to £4,529,228 Bonus additions totalled £366,899 9s. 6d., bringing the total assurance in force to £4,896,127 9s. 6d. The assets totalled £1,523,448 7s. 7d., and the life assurance fund £1,460,335 0s. 9d.

Security protection and investment, as offered to policyholders, are the main standards by which the worth of a life assurance office must be judged. In each of these respects The Jamaica Mutual stands in the front rank, as independent and highly qualified English and Scottish Actuaries have often testified. It has stood the test of time. It is by far the oldest co-operative Society in Jamaica and one of the oldest anywhere. All its profits belong to its members.

*Directors:* The Hon. Sir Alfred H. D'Costa, *Chairman of the Board*; L. P. Downer, Esq., O.B.E., *Deputy Chairman*; Hon. Sir William Morrison, Hon. George Seymour-Seymour O.B.E.; Hon. O. K. Henriques, James Henderson, Esq., Rudolph Elder, Esq., J.P., Hon. G. G. R. Sharp, O.B.E. and V. N. Aguilar, Esq., J.P.

*Secretary:* G. R. Orrett, Esq., *Auditors:* G. W. N. Downer, Esq., F.C.A.; G. W. Butler, Esq., F.C.A.; G. A. Forbes, Esq., A.L.A.A., F.R.S.A.

*Consulting Actuary:* D. A. B. Scrimgeour, Esq., F.F.A., F.I.A.; *Solicitors:* Messrs. Harvey & Bourke.

*Head Office:* Jamaica Mutual Building, 79, 81 and 83 Barry Street, Kingston.

*Telephones:* General Office, No. 2514; Travelling Agents' Department, No. 4044.

**KINGSTON ICE-MAKING COMPANY, LIMITED**

This Company was established in 1884; it sells ice at 1/6 per 100 lbs. at Factory, and 1/8 per 100 lbs. delivered. The present capital is 68,136 shares on which has been paid £59,701 10s. 0d.

*Directors—Chairman:* Hon. O. K. Henriques; Hon. Sir Noel B. Livingston, Kt., F. W. Harris, L.V.D. Samuel, Otto Crowden. Hon. Sir Robert Barker, M.A., O.B.E.

*Secretary:* E. R. Surridge. *Auditors:* W. Bowman, C. C. Kelly. *Office:* 35 Harbour Street, Kingston.

**THE COSMOPOLITAN ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED**  
 with which is merged  
**THE EMPIREX GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED**  
 and  
**THE JAMAICA PROVIDENT ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED**

The Cosmopolitan Assurance Company Ltd., was incorporated in 1933; The Empirex General Insurance Company in 1937; and the Jamaica Provident Assurance Company in 1935.

The Companies primary object is to give insurance services, especially to persons in the lower and middle income brackets who need insurance protection most, yet cannot afford large sums of money, and also to inculcate the habit of thrift and savings.

The Companies sell Industrial and Ordinary Policies.

Industrial Policies are obtained between £10 and £200, and the premiums can be paid weekly, monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly; payments being made either through collectors or directly to the company's Head Office.

Industrial Policies cover Life, Endowment, Education, Sickness and Accident Insurances.

Ordinary Policies are obtained from £100 upwards, and the premiums can be paid quarterly, half-yearly, or yearly with Policies covering Life and Endowment contracts.

The authorized Capital of the Companies is £3,500.

Claims paid to December, 1948—Over £23,200.

*The Directors*—W. G. Morais, *Chairman*; A. H. B. Aguilar, N. A. D. Tappin, Dr. A. H. Stephenson and George R. Bowen.

*General Manager and Secretary*—George R. Bowen.

*Auditor*—E. Stanley Sparkes, A.L.A.A.

*Consulting Actuaries*—Woodward and Fondiller, Inc.

*Head Office*—Kingston, Jamaica, B.W.I., P.O. Box 428

## INSURANCE COMPANIES WITH AGENCIES IN JAMAICA

### I.—LIFE

Barbados Mutual Life Assurance Society—T. P. Evelyn, Kingston

Confederation Life Association—Kingston.

Crown Life Insurance Co., of Canada—Cargills, Hendry & Graham.

Dominion of Canada General Ins. Co.—V. A. Desnoes, Kingston.

Dominion Life Assurance Company of Waterloo, Ontario, Canada—Gerald Mair & Co., Kingston.

Gresham Life Office—Myers, Fletcher & Gordon, Kingston.

Imperial Life Assurance Company of Canada—Manton & Hart, Kingston.

London Assurance Corporation—Hon. Sir Robert Barker, Kingston.

Manufacturers Life Insurance Co.—C. L. Robison, Kingston.

North American Life Assurance Company of Canada—W. J. Rennalls, 16 Duke St., Kingston.

North British and Mercantile—Grace, Kennedy & Co., Ltd., Kingston.

Royal Insurance Co.—Bryden & Evelyn, Ltd., Kingston.

Standard Life Assurance Co.—H. G. Mazeley, 22-24 Duke St., Kingston.

Sun Life of Canada—Kingston.

### II.—FIRE

Alliance Assurance Co., Ltd.

Atlas Assurance Co., Ltd.

Bankers & Traders Insurance Co., Ltd.

British American Assurance Coy.

Caledonian Insurance Co., Ltd.

Century Insurance Co. Ltd.

Commercial Union Assurance Co., Ltd.

*Agents*—Sir William Morrison

Samuel & Samuel

Lake & Nunes.

Livingston, Alexander & Levy

Manton & Hart (Ins.) Ltd.

George Desnoes

Cargills, Hendry & Graham.

Manton & Hart (Ins.) Ltd.

Judah & Randall

Employers Liability Assurance Corpn. Ltd.

General Accident, Fire and Life Assurance

Corpn. Ltd.

Guardian Eastern Insurance Co., Ltd.

Brandon & Bolton

Thompson, Hankey & Co.



Home Insurance Company	Agents—Fletcher & Co., Ltd.
Halifax Insurance Company	“ Fletcher & Co., Ltd.
Insurance Company of Jamaica Ltd.	“ V. A. Dayes
Insurance Company of North America	“ Fletcher & Co., Ltd.
Jamaica Co-Operative Fire and General Ins. Co., Ltd.	“ A. K. Butler
Legal Insurance Co., Ltd.	“ Harvey & Bourke.
London Assurance Corporation	“ Hon. Sir Robert Barker.
London & Lancashire Insurance Co., Ltd.	“ Milholland, Ashenheim & Stone,
London and Scottish Assurance Co., Ltd.	“ George Desnoes
Lancashire Insurance Company	“ Bonitto Bros. and Cecil deCordova & Co., Ltd.
Legal & General Assurance Society, Ltd.	.. John P. Fraser
Motor Union Insurance Co., Ltd.	“ Samuel & Samuel.
North British and Mercantile Insurance Co., Ltd.	“ Grace, Kennedy & Co., Ltd.
Northern Assurance Co., Ltd.	“ Myers, Fletcher & Gordon
Phoenix Assurance Co., Ltd.	.. Alberga & Hart
United States Fire Ins. Co., of New York	.. Fraser & Calame
Western Assurance Company	.. M. M. Alexander, Limited.
Norwich Union Fire Insurance Socy., Ltd.	Agents—Livingston, Alexander & Levy.
Palatine Insurance Co., Ltd.	“ Dunn, Cox & Orrett.
Provincial Insurance Company, Ltd. of London	“ George & Branday.
Queen Fire Insurance Co. of England	“ Levy Bros.
Queen Insurance Co. of America	“ Lascelles, deMercado & Co., Ltd.
Queensland Insurance Co., Ltd.	“ Manton & Hart. (Insurance) Ltd.
Royal Insurance Co., Ltd.	“ Bryden & Evelyn, Ltd.
Sea Insurance Co., Ltd.	“ Gerald Mair, Goldson & Co.
Sun Insurance Office, Ltd.	“ N. N. Nethersole.
Yorkshire Insurance Co., Ltd.	“ H. D. M. Orrett.
Prudential Assurance Co., Ltd.	“ K. D. DeCasseres
Eagle Star Insurance Co.,	“ Fletcher & Co., Ltd.

### III.—MOTOR CARS

Army, Navy and General Assurance Association, Ltd.— — Attorney  
 Bankers & Traders Insurance Co., Ltd.—Lake & Nunes.  
 Caledonian Insurance Co., Ltd.—Manton & Hart (Insurance) Limited.  
 Commercial Union Assurance Co., Ltd.—Manton & Hart (Insurance) Limited.  
 Lancashire Insurance Coy.—Bonitto Bros. and Cecil deCordova & Co., Ltd.  
 Insurance Co. of Jamaica, Ltd.—V. A. Dayes.  
 London and Lancashire Insurance Coy., Ltd.—Milholland, Ashenheim & Stone.  
 London Guarantee and Accident—Harvey & Bourke.  
 Motor Union Insurance Co., Ltd.—Cargills, Hendry & Graham.  
 National Employers Mutual Insurance Co.—A. C. Saward.  
 North British and Mercantile Insurance Co.—Grace, Kennedy & Co., Ltd.  
 Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Ltd.—Livingston, Alexander & Levy.  
 Northern Assurance Co.—Myers, Fletcher & Gordon.  
 Palatine Insurance Co., Ltd.—Dunn, Cox & Orrett.  
 Phoenix Assurance Co., Ltd.—Alberga & Hart.  
 Queen Insurance Co.—Levy Bros.  
 Royal Insurance Co., Ltd.—Bryden & Evelyn, Ltd.  
 Sea Insurance Co., Ltd.—Gerald Mair, Goldson & Co.  
 Sun Insurance Office, Ltd.—N. N. Nethersole.  
 United British Insurance Co., Ltd.—Samuel & Samuel.  
 Yorkshire Insurance Co., Ltd.—H. D. M. Orrett.  
 British Empire Assurance Co.—Fraser & Calame  
 Eagle Star Insurance Co., Ltd.—Fletcher & Co., Ltd.  
 Employers Liability Assurance Corp'n. Ltd.—Judah & Randall  
 General Accident, Fire and Life Assurance Corp'n. Ltd.—Brandon & Bolton.  
 Halifax Insurance Company—Fletcher & Co., Ltd.  
 Insurance Co. of North America—Fletcher & Co., Ltd.

III.—MOTOR CARS, *contd.*

Liverpool and London & Globe Insurance Company Ltd.—Lascelles, deMercado & Co., Ltd.  
 London Assurance Corpn. Ltd.—Hon. Sir Robert Barker.  
 Jamaica Co-Operative Fire and General Insurance Co., Ltd.—A. K. Butler  
 Queensland Insurance Co., Ltd.—Manton & Hart (Ins.) Ltd.  
 Western Assurance Company—M. M. Alexander Ltd.

## IV.—LIVESTOCK

Lancashire Insurance Co.—Cecil deCordova & Co., Ltd.  
 Yorkshire Insurance Co., Ltd.—H. D. M. Orrett.  
 Royal Insurance Co., Ltd.—Bryden & Evelyn, Ltd.

## V.—MARINE

Bankers & Traders Insurance Co., Ltd.—Lake & Nunes.  
 Commercial Union Assurance Co., Ltd.—Manton & Hart.  
 Lancashire Insurance Co., Ltd.—Cecil deCordova & Co., Ltd.  
 Queen Insurance Co.—Levy Bros.  
 London Guarantee and Accident Co., Ltd.—Harvey & Bourke.  
 World Marine and General Insurance Co., Ltd. Agent—J. S. Webster & Sons;  
*Local Underwriter*, B. W. Boyd.  
 Yorkshire Insurance Co., Ltd.—H. D. M. Orrett.  
 Royal Insurance Co., Ltd.—Bryden & Evelyn, Ltd.  
 Eagle Star Insurance Co., Ltd.—J. C. Breakspeare

## VI.—ACCIDENT AND FIDELITY

Car and General Insurance Corporation, Ltd.—Gerald Mair, Goldson & Co.  
 Yorkshire Insurance Co., Ltd.—H. Macaulay Orrett.  
 Dominion of Canada General Insurance Co.—George Desnoes.  
 Commercial Union Assce. Co., Ltd.—Cargills, Hendry & Graham.  
 London Guarantee and Accident Co., Ltd.—Harvey & Bourke.  
 Northern Insurance Co.—Myers, Myers & Fletcher.  
 Motor Union Insurance Co., Ltd.—Samuel & Samuel, Kingston.  
 Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Ltd.—Livingston, Alexander & Levy.  
 Royal Insurance Co., Ltd.—Bryden & Evelyn, Ltd.  
 Lancashire Insurance Company—Bonitto Bros.  
 Lancashire Insurance Company—Cecil deCordova & Co., Ltd.  
 The Liverpool and London & Globe Insurance Co., Ltd.—Lascelles, deMercado & Co., Ltd.  
 Queen Insurance Company—Levy Bros.

## VII. BURGLARY

Motor Union Insurance Co., Ltd.—Samuel & Samuel, Kingston.  
 Royal Insurance Co., Ltd.—Bryden & Evelyn, Ltd., Kingston.  
 Sea Insurance Co., Ltd.—Gerald Mair, Goldson & Co.  
 The Lancashire Insurance Co.—Bonitto Bros. and Cecil deCordova & Co., Ltd.  
 Queen Insurance Company—Levy Bros.  
 The Liverpool and London & Globe Insurance Co., Ltd.—Lascelles deMercado & Co., Ltd.



## JAMAICA FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION

1. The Association was founded in the year 1869.
2. The objects of the Association are to unite Fire Insurance Companies (through their local Agents or Representatives) transacting business in Jamaica to secure joint action in all matters affecting the interests of such companies, and to establish and enforce Rules for the working of Fire Insurance business generally in Jamaica.
3. The Members and their Local Representatives are set out below:—

NAME OF COMPANY	REPRESENTATIVE
1. Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Ltd. ..	Livingston, Alexander & Levy
2. British America Assurance Co. ..	
3. Caledonian Insurance Co. ..	Manton & Hart (Ins.) Ltd.
4. Queensland Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	
5. Legal Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	Harvey & Bourke
6. Alliance Assurance Co., Ltd. ..	Sir Wm. Morrison
7. Commercial Union Assurance Co., Ltd. ..	Cargills, Hendry & Graham
8. Bankers and Traders Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	Lake & Nunes
9. General Accident, Fire & Life Assurance Corporation, Ltd. ..	Brandon & Bolton
10. Jamaica Co-Operative Fire & General Insurance Company, Ltd. ..	A. K. Butler
11. Lancashire Insurance Co. ..	Bonitto Bros.
12. Lancashire Insurance Co. Ltd. ..	Cecil deCordova & Co., Ltd.
13. London Assurance Corporation ..	Robert Barker
14. London & Lancashire Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	Milholland, Ashenheim & Stone
15. London & Scottish Assurance Corp., Ltd. ..	George Desnoes
16. Motor Union Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	Samuel & Samuel
17. Atlas Assurance Co., Ltd. ..	Samuel & Samuel
18. Northern Assurance Company, Ltd. ..	Myers, Fletcher & Gordon
19. North British & Mercantile Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	Grace, Kennedy & Co., Ltd.
20. Palatine Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	Dunn, Cox & Orrett
21. Provincial Insurance Co. ..	George & Brandy
22. Royal Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	Bryden & Evelyn, Ltd.
23. Queen Insurance Co., (of America) ..	Lascelles deMercado & Co., Ltd.
24. Queen Fire Insurance Co. (of England) ..	Levy Bros.
25. Yorkshire Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	H. M. Orrett
26. Western Assurance Co. ..	M. M. Alexander, Ltd.
27. Sea Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	Gerald Mair Goldson & Co.
28. Phoenix Assurance Co., Ltd. ..	Alberga & Hart
29. Insurance Company of Jamaica, Ltd. ..	V. A. Dayes
30. Sun Insurance Office, Ltd. ..	N. N. Nethersole
31. Guardian Eastern Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	Thompson Hankey & Co.
32. Employers Liability Assurance Corp., Ltd. ..	Judah & Randall
33. Legal and General Assurance Society, Ltd. ..	John P. Fraser
34. United States Fire Insurance Company ..	Fraser & Calame
35. Home Insurance Company ..	Fletcher & Co., Ltd.
36. Halifax Insurance Company ..	Fletcher & Co., Ltd.
37. Century Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	George Deanoes
38. Insurance Co., of North America ..	Fletcher & Co., Ltd.
39. Prudential Assurance Co., Ltd. ..	K. D. DeCasseres
40. Commercial Union Assurance Co., Ltd. ..	Manton & Hart (Ins.) Ltd.
41. Eagle Star Insurance Co. ..	Fletcher & Co. Ltd.

Secretary: D. Eml. Clough, 54 King St., Kingston.

## JAMAICA MOTOR INSURANCE ASSOCIATION

(Formed 16th December, 1918)

List of Companies now members of the Association and of Registered Representatives:

Name of Company	Registered Representative
1. London Guarantee & Accident Co., Ltd.	Harvey & Bourke
2. Lancashire Insurance Co., Ltd.	Bonitto Bros.
3. Bankers & Traders Insur. Co., Ltd.	Lake & Nunes
4. Commercial Union Assurance Co., Ltd.	Manton & Hart (Ins.) Ltd.
5. Caledonian Insurance Co.	Manton & Hart (Ins.) Ltd.
6. The Sea Insurance Co., Ltd.	Gerald Mair, Goldson & Co.
7. Phoenix Assurance Co., Ltd.	Alberga & Hart
8. Jamaica Co-operative Fire & General Insurance Co., Ltd.	A. K. Butler (Mngr. & Secty.)
9. London & Lancashire Insurance Co., Ltd.	Milholland, Ashenheim & Stone
10. Insurance Co. of Jamaica	V. A. Dayes (Mngr. & Secty.)
11. Lancashire Insurance Co., Ltd.	Cecil deCordova & Co., Ltd.
12. Motor Union Insurance Co., Ltd.	Cargills, Hendry & Graham
13. Northern Assurance Co., Ltd.	Myers, Fletcher & Gordon
14. Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Ltd.	Livingston, Alexander & Levy
15. North British and Mercantile Insurance Co., Ltd.	Grace, Kennedy & Co., Ltd.
16. Queen Insurance Co.	Levy Bros.
17. Royal Insurance Co., Ltd.	Bryden & Evelyn, Ltd.
18. United British Insurance Co., Ltd.	Samuel & Samuel
19. Yorkshire Insurance Co., Ltd.	H. Macaulay Orrett
20. General Accident, Fire and Life Assurance Corp. Ltd.	Brandon and Bolton
21. Eagle Star Insurance Co., Ltd.	Fletcher & Co., Ltd.
22. Insurance Company of North America	Fletcher & Co., Ltd.
23. Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Co., Ltd.	Lascelles deMercado & Co., Ltd.
24. Western Assurance Company	M. M. Alexander, Ltd.
25. Palatine Insurance Co., Ltd.	Dunn, Cox & Orrett
26. Employers Liability Assurance Corporation, Ltd.	Judah & Randall
27. London Assurance Corp'n.	Hon. Sir Robert Barker
28. Queensland Insurance Company	Manton & Hart (Insurance) Ltd
29. British Empire Assurance Co.	Fraser & Calame
30. Halifax Insurance Co.	Fletcher & Co., Ltd.

Secretary—D. Eml. Clough, 54 King Street, Kingston.

## JAMAICA WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION INSURANCE ASSOCIATION

(Formed 28th July, 1936)

List of Companies now Members of the Association and of Registered Representatives:—

Name of Company	Registered Representative
1. Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society, Ltd.	Livingston, Alexander & Levy
2. Commercial Union Assurance Co., Ltd.	Manton & Hart (Ins.) Ltd.
3. Caledonian Insurance Co.	Manton & Hart (Ins.) Ltd.
4. Commercial Union Assurance Co., Ltd.	Cargills, Hendry & Graham
5. Jamaica Co-operative Fire and General Insurance Co., Ltd.	A. K. Butler (Mgr. & Secty.)
6. Lancashire Insurance Co.	Bonitto Bros.
7. Lancashire Insurance Co., Ltd.	Cecil deCordova & Co., Ltd.

Name of Company	Registered Representative
8. The Liverpool and London & Globe Ins. Co., Ltd.	Lascelles, deMercado & Co., Ltd.
9. London Assurance Corporation ..	Hon. Sir Robert Barker
10. London and Lancashire Assurance Corporation, Ltd. ..	Milholland, Ashenheim & Stone
11. Motor Union Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	Samuel & Samuel
12. Northern Assurance Co., Ltd. ..	Myers, Fletcher & Gordon
13. Royal Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	Bryden & Evelyn, Ltd.
14. Yorkshire Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	H. McC. Orrett
15. Phoenix Assurance Co., Ltd. ..	Alberga & Hart
16. Insurance Company of Jamaica, Ltd. ..	V. A. Dayes (Mngr. & Secty.)
17. Sun Insurance Office, Ltd. ..	N. N. Nethersole
18. Guardian Eastern Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	Thomson Hankey & Co.
19. National Employers Mutual General Insurance Association, Ltd. ..	A. C. Saward
20. Bankers and Traders Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	Lake & Nunes
21. Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation, Ltd. ..	Judah & Randall
22. Queen Insurance Co. of England ..	Levy Bros.
23. North British and Mercantile Insurance Co., Ltd. ..	Grace, Kennedy & Co., Ltd.
24. Eagle Star Insurance Co. Ltd. ..	Fletcher & Co., Ltd.
25. Insurance Co. of North America ..	Fletcher & Co., Ltd.
26. Prudential Assurance Co., Ltd. ..	K. D. DeCasseres
27. Halifax Insurance Co. ..	Fletcher & Co., Ltd.

*Secretary*—D. Eml. Clough, 54 King Street, Kingston.

## INDUSTRIAL AND PROVIDENT SOCIETIES

There are 259 Societies registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Law, Chapter 263, which are known to be in operation at the present time; of this number, 121 are Agricultural Loan Banks.

## CHAPTER XX

### MISCELLANEOUS COMMITTEES, BOARDS, SOCIETIES AND ASSOCIATIONS

#### ASSOCIATION OF ELECTED MEMBERS

Established in February, 1935 on the instigation of the Hon. H. E. Allan, O.B.E.

##### RULES AND CONSTITUTION

##### *Aims and Objects:*

- (a) To consolidate the views of Elected Members on matters of Island-wide importance;
- (b) To decide on procedure in dealing with such matters;
- (c) To make representations on any questions affecting the interest of the Island.

##### *Rules:*

- (1) The Association shall be called the "Association of Elected Members of Jamaica."
- (2) Membership shall be confined to Elected Members of the House of Representatives, the names of such members to be enrolled in accordance with their consent to become members;
- (3) Meetings of the Association shall be held annually in the first month of the Spring Session when the Election of Officers shall take place and an Annual Report be presented;
- (4) The Association shall meet as often during the year as the Officers may deem necessary, at least six hours notice being given to Members during the sitting of Council and forty-eight hours otherwise. Such notice shall contain the purpose for which the meeting is being summoned. At the request of at least eleven members a meeting shall be called;
- (5) The quorum at each Meeting of the Association shall be eleven;
- (6) The Officers of the Association shall be President, Vice-President, Secretary, Assistant Secretary and Treasurer-Founder. They shall hold office for one year and shall be eligible for re-election. Any vacancy occurring during the year shall be filled by election at a regular meeting;
- (7) Any member who introduces a proposal which is accepted by the Association shall have the option of introducing it in the House.

#### BLACK RIVER DRAINAGE AND IRRIGATION BOARD

Appointed under Sections 3 and 4 of the Black River (Upper Morass) Reclamation Law, 1941, Law 50 of 1941, the Board consists of:

Mr. W. G. Hendriks (*Chairman*); Messrs. C. H. Browne, S. A. G. Taylor, Dr. H. M. Johnston, Messrs. L. Densham, W. D. Gordon Hendricks, A. R. Beswick, B. B. Coke.

The Board has done valuable work in reclaiming lands for growing of foodstuffs. The general health condition around the area has also greatly improved.

## BOARD OF MANAGEMENT OF THE PROVIDENT FUND.

*(Appointed under the Provident Fund Law)*

Accountant General (*Chairman*); Manager, Govt. Savings Bank, Asst. Secretary Local Govt. Division of the Secretariat, Member of the Executive of the Jamaica Civil Service Association, Member of the Executive of the Jamaica Association of Local Govt. Officers, a Nominee of the Staff of the Jamaica Agricultural Society, Mr. C. R. Campbell, C.B.E., (*Secretary* Mr. A. D. Langley, c/o Treasury).

## CENSOR FOR MOVING PICTURE FILMS

The Film Censoring Authority under the Cinematograph Law consists of:  
Hon. G. Seymour Seymour, O.B.E., *Chairman*; Director of Education, Mr. R. E. Seaton, Mr. E. A. Tomlinson, Miss Anna Hollar, M.B.E.

COMPETENT AUTHORITY UNDER REGULATION 44A & 50s OF THE  
JAMAICA DEFENCE REGULATIONS, 1940:—

Trade Control Board.

## CUSTOMS TARIFF BOARD

THIS Board is appointed under Sec. 17 of Law 34 of 1919 for the purpose of deciding disputes referred to it under Section 16 of that Law, and all cases of doubtful classification of goods for tariff purposes, etc. It consists of:—

Mr. K. R. Brandon (*Chairman*); Hon. Sir Harold Allan, O.B.E.; Government Chemist; Mr. R. T. Thompson; Mr. C. P. Stephenson.

## JAMAICA CO-OPERATIVE DEVELOPMENT COUNCIL

74½ Hanover Street, Kingston

The Council was formed in August, 1943, for the purpose of supervising and co-ordinating all co-operative development in the island, and to lay down general policy and in consultation with, and through co-operative bodies themselves to secure its observance in accordance with the essential Rochdale Principles of Co-operation.

The Council is made up of —

- (i) Organizations engaged in general work of promoting Co-operative Development;
- (ii) The Central Organizations of Associations of Co-operative Groups or Societies;
- (iii) Public Bodies concerned in Co-operative development in connection with their own work;
- (iv) Government Departments concerned with Co-operative Development in connection with the work of the Department;
- (v) The Secretary for Social Welfare Services;
- (vi) The Chairman of the House Committee for Social Services of the House of Representatives;
- (vii) The Assistant Secretary for Development.

THE OFFICERS ARE—Rev. Fr. J. P. Sullivan, S.J., *Chairman*; D. T. M. Girvan, Esq. *Vice-Chairman*, Arthur A. Carney, Esq., *Secretary*.

## JAMAICA CO-OPERATIVE UNION LTD.

74½ Hanover St., Kingston.

The Jamaica Co-operative Union Ltd., is a Central Organisation of Co-operative producer and consumer groups. It was formed in 1942, for the purpose of promoting the development of co-operation and to co-ordinate the activities of approved co-operative groups and societies of every description.

The Union has two representatives on the Jamaica Co-operative Development Council, one for producer interests and one for consumer interests.

The Union was registered on August 7, 1946 as a Limited Liability Society under the Industrial and Provident Societies Law, Chapter 263, in order to undertake distributive services on behalf of its members. In this connection the Union operates a Farmers' and Fishermen's Section to procure equipment and to give marketing services to these groups.

At present there are 19 Registered Societies and 50 Buying Clubs affiliated to the Union.

The Union is now in the process of setting up a Central Bank for the purpose of pooling the resources of the Co-operative Movement in Jamaica. Other services will be organized as the need arises.

The Union operates a Co-operative Wholesale which is in direct contact with the Co-operative Wholesale Society of London, the Scottish Co-operative Wholesale Society and Co-operative Organizations in Scandinavia, Canada and the United States of America.

The Officers of the Union are:—

D. T. M. Girvan, Esq., *Chairman*; C. C. Taylor, Esq., *Vice-Chairman*; A. A. Carney, *Treasurer*; L. C. Dowdy, Esq., *Secretary*.

## THE JAMAICA CREDIT UNION LEAGUE

The Jamaica Credit Union League Limited was founded as the result of a resolution moved at the Convention held on 11th July, 1942, the terms of which were to set up a Central Organization for the promotion of Credit Union Work in Jamaica. A Constitution was drawn up setting out its objects in detail, which briefly are:—

1. The enactment of adequate co-operative legislation in general for all species of co-operative as well as in particular specific legislature exclusive for credit Unions.
2. To achieve affiliation with the Credit Union National Association of America and Canada, and thereby obtain numerous Insurance and other benefits provided by this organization. The League has now achieved affiliation.
3. To provide an Audit Service for members. Consequent on the amendment of the Industrial and Provident Societies Law which prescribes that all Societies registered under the Law should present accounts audited by qualified Accountants, the League moved to have this service centralized, and has been operating this system for the past six years.
4. To provide members on a co-operative basis with all stationary used by Credit Unions.
5. To carry on the necessary educational work in conjunction with other bodies for the promotion of new Credit Unions, and enhance the efficiency of the present ones.
6. To maintain constant liaison with government on all matters affecting Jamaica Credit Unions.

There are now 33 registered Credit Unions on the island, 25 of whom are already affiliated to the League. Others, some of them recently registered Credit Unions, are in the process of being affiliated. As of October, 1949, about six credit union study groups are being coached by the League preparatory to registration. Since the inception of the Movement some years ago, six credit unions have been wound up by Government.

The present Directors are:—

John Peter Sullivan, S.J., *President*; K. C. Burke, *Vice-President*; Gilmore Delgado, *Secretary*; George Aarons, *Treasurer*; George Bowen, Arthur Carney, Gerry Smith, Herbert Bell, Paul Thompson, Charles Robinson.

## FACTORIES APPEAL BOARD

*(Appointed under the Factories Law, Law 43 of 1940)*

Mr. Bertram Burrowes (*Chairman*); Mr. D. M. Rait, M.I.E.E., Mr. Reginald Aitken A.M.I.E.E., Assistant Director of Medical Services (Health), Mr. A. J. Watson.

## LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS LAW

APPEAL Tribunal appointed under Section 10a of the Law (Cap. 26) as inserted by Law 40 of 1944: Director of Public Works, (*Chairman*); Town Planning Adviser and Mr. A. R. Simpson.

## PASSENGER DUTY COMMITTEE

To advise as to the allocation of duty collected under the Passenger Duty Law (Sec. 7 of Cap. 185):—

Hon. Sir Harold Allan, O.B.E., *Chairman*; Hon. W. A. Bustamante, M.H.R.; Hon. I. W. A. Barrant, M.H.R.; Hon. J. Z. Malcolm, M.H.R., and Hon. D. B. Sangster, M.H.R.

## RENT ASSESSMENT BOARDS

THESE Boards have been set up under the Rent Restriction Law, 1944 and apply to

- (1) The Corporate Area, Urban District and Sub-Urban District, as respectively defined in the First and Second Schedules to the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation Law.
- (2) The Town of Spanish Town.
- (3) The Town of St. Ann's Bay.
- (4) The Town of Montego Bay.
- (5) The Town of Falmouth.
- (6) The Town of Morant Bay.
- (7) The Town of Savanna-la-Mar.
- (8) The Town of Black River.
- (9) The Town of Linstead.
- (10) The Town of Port Antonio.
- (11) The Town of Buff Bay.
- (12) The Town of May Pen.

The Rent Restriction Law 1944 came into operation on the 10th October, 1944 and sought to achieve the object of stabilizing rentals in the areas defined at the figure prevailing on the 1st day of January, 1941. For this purpose under the above Law, Rent Assessment Boards were appointed—the Governor appointing for each Board a Chairman, and a panel of persons from which the Chairman selects for each sitting of the Board two other members to constitute with him the Rent Assessment Board for the area concerned.

The Chairman of the Rent Assessment Board for the Corporate Area of Kingston and St. Andrew is Mr. K. R. Brandon, and the Secretary is Mr. W. A. Duffus. They are assisted by a small staff, including Investigators.

The Orders of the Board are subject to review by the Supreme Court on questions of Law or on questions involving mixed Law and fact.

The Office of the Rent Assessment Board for Kingston and St. Andrew is situate at 79A East Street, Kingston.

## SPIRIT LICENSING AUTHORITIES

Under the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 12 of the Spirit License Law, Chapter 189, the undermentioned Justices of the Peace, together with the Resident Magistrate for the parish concerned, have been appointed the Licensing Authority of the several parishes of the Island for the ensuing year, for the purpose of dealing with applications for licences, under that Law, other than Wholesale Licences and Occasional Licences, and for carrying out the provisions of the Law:—

*Kingston*

Dr. E. E. Penso  
Mr. R. T. Thompson  
Mr. Carl Webster  
Mr. O. L. Samuel  
Mr. Geo. R. Orrett

*St. Andrew*

Mr. G. N. Penso (*Vice-Chairman*)  
Mr. Wm. Seivright  
Mr. G. C. Gunter  
Mr. Wells Elliott  
Mr. R. N. Vaz

*St. Thomas*

Mr. R. F. Robison  
Capt. John Hamilton  
Mr. C. E. Randall, Jnr.  
Mr. D. E. Moyston  
Mr. R. J. Hollinaed

*Portland*

Mr. S. L. Geddes  
Mr. S. L. Hillary  
Mr. H. A. L. Munro  
Mr. W. Harper Watson  
Mr. Keith Paterson

*St. Mary*

Mr. C. L. Clemetson (*Vice-Chairman*)  
Mr. C. C. McT. Goffe  
Mr. N. L. Marsh  
Mr. J. Vincent Goffe  
Mr. C. A. Touzalin

*St. Ann*

Mr. A. S. Byles (*Vice-Chairman*)  
Mr. A. M. Gordon, M.B.E.  
Mr. G. J. Casserly  
Capt. C. S. Cotter  
Lt. Col. L. S. Coke

*Trelawny*

Mr. D. L. Ogilvie, (*Vice-Chairman*)  
Mr. A. C. Gregg  
Mr. A. D. Gray  
Mr. M. R. Rodrigues  
Mr. George Cox

*St. James*

Commander J. K. L. Ross, O.B.E.  
Capt. Stanley Scudamore  
Mr. F. D. Mills  
Capt. J. Thomson-Evans  
Mr. C. M. Excell

*Hanover*

The Honourable G. W. Webster,  
(*Vice-Chairman*)  
The Reverend H. U. Messam  
Mr. O. L. Reckord  
Mr. D. A. Webster  
Mr. A. E. Clodd

*Westmoreland*

Mr. Patrick T. Meany  
(*Vice-Chairman*)  
Mr. Charles E. Thompson  
Mr. I. N. Vaz  
Mr. A. W. Aguilar  
Mr. C. L. Forrest

*St. Elizabeth*

Mr. Lionel Densham  
Mr. G. L. C. Smith  
Mr. J. A. Parnell  
Mr. J. Isaac Groves  
Mr. H. E. C. Farquharson

*Manchester*

Mr. C. C. Lewis (*Vice-Chairman*)  
Mr. S. E. Brooks  
Mr. G. Sewell  
Mr. C. H. Shillette  
Mr. H. T. Littlejohn

*Clarendon*

Mr. A. G. Lankester  
Mr. H. R. Sharp  
Mr. Robert deRoux  
Mr. C. S. Helwig

*St. Catherine*

Mr. C. E. Verley  
Dr. H. H. Blair  
Mr. D. J. Sumpter  
Mr. B. O'Toole  
Mr. C. H. Collman



## TENDERS BOARD

The function of this Board is or to call for, consider and award tenders for the supply of foodstuffs, etc., required by Government Departments from local merchants and other persons, and it is governed by rules made by the Governor. The Board consists of the Collector General, *Chairman*; Director of Prisons, Executive Officer Mental Hospital, Deputy Treasurer, Superintendent of Stores (P.W.D.), Headmaster the Jamaica School of Agriculture and the Accountant Island Medical Office. W. H. Black, *Secretary*.

## TOURIST TRADE DEVELOPMENT BOARD

The Tourist Trade Development Board was established under the Tourist Trade Development Board Law, 1922, and revived in 1925.

The object of its establishment is to promote and increase tourist traffic to Jamaica. The duties and powers of the Board are to make enquiries and to collect such information as the Board may think necessary for the purpose of promoting the thorough advertising of Jamaica as a Tourist Resort, and for such other purposes as in the judgment of the Board will materially facilitate and increase the tourist traffic to and from Jamaica.

Power is conferred on the Board to adopt all such measures as it may think necessary for thoroughly advertising Jamaica as a Tourist Resort and to appoint agents, to make such contracts as it deems necessary, and, subject to the approval of the Governor in Executive Council, make any contract for the provision of steamship and air communication.

The Law provides for contributions for the Board's purposes.

Since the 1st August, 1935, under the Passenger Duty Law, No. 16 of 1935, Passenger Duty has been collected from visitors, (4/- from visitors landing for any time not exceeding 72 hours and 10/- from visitors remaining longer); the object of the law being to provide funds for advertising and publicity and other measures for the development of the tourist trade of Jamaica; and the Board is now in receipt of annual grants from such Passenger Duty Collections.

Among the measures adopted by the Board since its inception have been the arrangement of extensive advertising and publicity programmes abroad, publication of large quantities of literature in different forms, the use of motion picture films taken under the Board's auspices which have been widely shown in motion picture theatres in other countries; Radio Broadcasts and a number of other measures of a promotional character, as well as developments within the island.

Agreements negotiated by the Board in recent years, have provided for additional ocean and air transportation facilities from the United States of America to Jamaica and also a passenger air service between Kingston and Montego Bay, during the tourist season.

From the Board's funds there has been erected an imposing structure in Kingston to house the Board's staff and the Tourist Enquiry Bureau. In addition to Tourist Rests at both Castleton and Hope Botanic Gardens and a hut on the summit of Blue Mountain Peak to provide shelter for tourists, the Board has from time to time effected improvements to beauty spots and places of historical interest frequented largely by visitors, in different parts of the island.

The Board's offices and agents in the principal countries from which tourists are drawn are as follows: West India Committee, London, England; Canadian West Indian League Montreal, Canada; and the Jamaica Tourist Trade Development Board, 400 Madison Avenue, New York, U.S.A.

**BOARD—***Chairman:* F. H. Robertson (who is also Tourist Trade Commissioner); *Members:* The Hon. W. A. Bustamante, M.H.R., The Hon. Sir Harold E. Allan, O.B.E., M.H.R., Capt. R. C. S. Rutty, K. V. Abendana, V. C. McCormack, Walter Fletcher, C. D'Costa, H. D. Thompson and Abe Issa.

*Secretary*—Philip P. Olley, F.C.I.S., (Lond.)

*Address*—Tourist Bureau, 78-80 Harbour Street, Kingston.

*Cables and Telegrams*—Devboard, Jamaica.

## TRADES TEST BOARD

Appointed by the Governor to test the skill of all applicants for appointment in the Public Service which fall under the classification of skilled occupations and to issue to successful candidates a certificate of fitness denoting the skill attained in a specific trade. The terms of reference of the Board have been extended to include the testing of applicants for appointments with the Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation, the Water Commission and the Parochial Boards. The Board consists of:—

The Labour Adviser, (*Chairman*); Deputy Director of Public Works; Executive Engineer (Electrical and Mechanical), P.W.D.; Mechanical Engineer, Ja. Govt. Railway; Mr. W. R. Goldsworthy, Mr. P. L. Abraham; Mr. C. H. Stephens; Mr. R. T. Thompson; The Government Printer.

## WILD LIFE PROTECTION COMMITTEE

To advise Government on the administration of the Wild Life Protection Law, Law 46 of 1944:—

Conservator of Forests (*Chairman*); Hon. D. J. Judah, Commissioner of Commerce and Industries, The Curator of the Institute, Hon. T. R. Williams, A. J. Thomas, A. H. B. Aguilar, Capt. R. C. S. Rutty and Dr. Benito Machado.

## CANADIAN-WEST INDIAN LEAGUE

The League was organised by the late Lord Shaughnessey, and a number of prominent Canadian and West Indian business men to promote trade and travel between the Dominion of Canada and the British West Indies.

The League has played a prominent part in the development of the present friendly and mutually profitable relations that exist between the Dominions and the West Indies Colonies. It has provided an unofficial trade commissioner service for those colonies without official representation in Canada.

Associate Membership \$5.00 per annum, Active Membership \$10.00 per annum, Life Membership (Associate) \$50.00, Life Membership (Active) \$100.00.

The League answers trade enquiries, supplies members with specific information concerning markets and trade opportunities and issues the Canada-West Indies Magazines free of charge to members.

R. C. Vaughan, *Honorary President*; S. R. Noble, O.B.E., *President*; H. C. Collier, *Secretary and Editor*. Address: Sun Life Building, Dominion Square, Montreal, Canada.

## JAMAICA IMPERIAL ASSOCIATION

85-87 Barry Street, Kingston

The Association was founded on December 19th, 1917, as a result of a circular sent out by the late Sir Arthur Farquharson to planters, professional men and merchants of this island. The objects for which the Association is established are:—

- (a) To support the objects of and to work in concert with all Institutions and Bodies of the British Commonwealth with the special object of ensuring that Jamaica shall play a worthy part in the consolidation and development of Jamaica or any part thereof.
- (b) To consider, debate and deal with all matters which may affect the economic, social, agricultural, industrial or commercial welfare and development of Jamaica or any part thereof.
- (c) To create and foster a sound public opinion in connection with such matters.
- (d) To represent the views of the Association to the Governments of Jamaica, Great Britain or to any Governments or other Public Bodies in any part of the British Commonwealth.
- (e) To appoint or nominate suitable persons to act in Jamaica or abroad on Committees and Commissions and at Conferences and/or as representatives at meetings dealing with matters for the advancement of the objects of the Association

- (f) To negotiate with the Governments of Jamaica, Great Britain and the Commonwealth and other Authorities on all matters relating to the objects of the Association and to watch legislation and local administration of Laws and/or Regulations affecting the same and to take any such action in this regard either independently or in conjunction with others.
- (g) To work in concert with and secure the co-operation and support of any Institution or Organisation in advancing the views of the association.
- (h) To do all such other things as are in the opinion of the Association necessary, proper or advisable for the advancement generally of the interests of the Island or which are incidental or conducive to the attainment of any of the above objects.

The affairs of the Association are administered by a Council consisting of not less than ten nor more than twenty-four members selected from amongst its members and an Executive Committee consisting of not less than five nor more than eleven elected from amongst the members of the Council. This Executive Committee has full powers to carry on the business of the Association.

#### COUNCIL

Mr. Rudolf Elder, *Chairman*, Mr. H. V. Lindo, *Vice-Chairman*, Mr. James Henderson, *Vice-Chairman*, Mr. T. P. Evelyn, *Hon. Treasurer*, Hon. R. L. M. Kirkwood, Mr. Reginald Aitken, Mr. R. F. Williams, Hon. G. G. R. Sharp, *O.B.E.*, Mr. Walter Fletcher, Mr. Roy D. Lindo, Mr. Kenneth L. Roxburgh, Mr. J. Stephen Miller, Mr. W. D. Gordon Hendriks, Major H. Barker-Hahlo, Mr. C. Gilpin Hudson, Miss May Farquharson, Mr. Clifford deLisser, Mr. E. C. Joysey, Mr. Lindsay P. Downer, *O.B.E.*, Mr. R. D. C. Henriques, *Jnr.*, Mr. Elias A. Issa, Mr. D. P. Elder, Mr. S. G. Fletcher, Mr. J. G. Marchalleck.

#### EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Mr. Rudolf Edler, *Chairman*, Mr. H. V. Lindo, *Vice-Chairman*, Mr. James Henderson, *Vice-Chairman*, Mr. T. P. Evelyn, Mr. Reginald Aitken, Miss May Farquharson, Mr. Roy D. Lindo, Mr. R. F. Williams, Hon. R. L. M. Kirkwood, Mr. Kenneth L. Roxburgh, Mr. G. G. R. Sharp, *O.B.E.*, Mr. S. G. Fletcher.

*General Secretary*—H. P. Jacobs, *B.A.*, Cable Address—"Empire", Jamaica.

#### THE VICTORIA LEAGUE OF JAMAICA

The Victoria League is a non-party Association of British men and women, founded in April, 1901, in memory of the late Queen Victoria, for the purpose of promoting closer union between British subjects living in different parts of the world.

The Branch of the League in Jamaica, founded in February, 1910, has the same aims and works for the same ends as the Parent League. Management is vested in an Executive Committee, elected annually. Each sectional committee has its own Chairman and Secretary, all being subordinate to the General Executive. Minimum subscription is 5/- per annum. Members must be British Subjects.

There are three Sectional Committees. The Ever Ready Committee, which meets on the third Tuesday of every month at the Woman's Club, 51 Halfway Tree Road, St. Andrew, the Hospital Visiting Committee and the Entertainment Committee.

**EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**—*President*, Sir Noel Livingston; *Chairman*, Mr. G. C. Gunter, *Vice-Chairman*, Mrs. J. B. Stiven; *Members*, Mrs. E. Gamble, Mrs. C. Jackson, Mrs. Rait, Mrs. C. G. C. Kerr, Mrs. A. E. Marchalleck, Mrs. E. E. Condell, Mrs. J. B. Stiven, Mrs. S. A. O. Martin, Mrs. Gilbert Roe, Mrs. McDonald, *Hon. Secretary*, Mrs. G. A. R. Farquharson, 20A West Kings House Road, Halfway Tree, *Hon. Treasurer*, Mr. J. S. Stiven; *Hon. Auditor*, W. Bowman, *Esq.*

**SUB-COMMITTEES**—Hospital Visiting, *Chairman*, Miss Una Haughton; Ever-ready, *Chairman*, Mrs. C. G. C. Kerr; Entertainment, *Chairman*, Mrs. S. A. O. Martin.

**LONDON HEADQUARTERS**—*Secretary*, Col. R. W. Hills, *O.B.E.*, *M.C.*, 38 Chesham Place, Belgrave Square, London, S.W.1.

## WEST INDIA ASSOCIATION OF GLASGOW

The West India Association of Glasgow, which was instituted in 1807, is an Association of Scottish Firms, Companies and Individuals interested in the British West Indies and British Guiana.

The objects of the Association are to promote the general welfare of the British West Indies and British Guiana, and by united action to further the interests of those Colonies.

*Chairman*:—*Vice-Chairman*—G. W. Service; *Hon. Treasurer*—T. W. Donald; *Hon. Secretary*—T. Stevenson, 134 Wellington Street, Glasgow, C. 2.

## WEST INDIAN CLUB, Ltd.

4 Whitehall Court, London, S. W., I

The objects of the Club are:—1. To bring persons interested in the West Indies and British Guiana including the Bahamas, the Bermudas, and British Honduras together in order to promote the discussion and consideration of questions affecting those colonies.

2. To further the interests of the West Indies and British Guiana by providing headquarters for associated action, not political, but social.

3. To afford facilities for organising, in connection with the West Indies and British Guiana, cricket matches and other kindred amusements recognised by our English Universities and public schools.

4. The doing of all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

## RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION

(a) Members resident or with a business address within 25 miles of Charing Cross, London	£5 5 0
(b) Members resident outside the radius of 25 miles and having no business address within this area but within 50 miles of Charing Cross, London	4 4 0
(c) Members resident within the United Kingdom and outside above radius	3 3 0
(d) Members resident outside the United Kingdom	1 11 6
Entrance fee	3 3 0

Subscriptions are payable on election, and thereafter on January 1st of each year.

Members elected after 30th June in any year shall pay half the appropriate annual subscription for that year. The names of members whose annual subscriptions are six months in arrear may, at the discretion of the Committee, be publicly posted on the Club premises. The liability of members which arises only in the event of winding up is limited to a guarantee of £2.

Members are elected by ballot by the Committee. All further information may be obtained from the Hon. Secretary.

Applications for membership should be forwarded to the Hon. Secretary, or to any member of the Committee. Subscriptions can be paid at any branch of the Barclays Bank, (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas) the Royal Bank of Canada, the Bank of Nova Scotia, or the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

*President*—Sir Algernon Aspinall, K.C.M.G., O.B.E., *Vice-Presidents*:—The Lord Lyle of Westbourne, J. Gordon Miller, A. L. Jupp.

*COMMITTEE*—A. L. Jupp, *Chairman*; J. Gordon Miller, *Deputy Chairman*; A. E. V. Barton, C.B.E., W. F. Clatworthy, G. M. Eccles, B. D. Edmonds, Robert Gavin, M.A., LL.B., J. M. Lee, N. S. Murray, Major A. A. Nathan, Lieut.-Colonel Kenneth Previte, O.B.E., G. C. Rhodes, N. P. Sherlock, H. Allan Walker, *Hon. Treasurer*, Alexander Elder, Harold L. Q. Henriques, Lieut.-Colonel K.E. Previte, O.B.E., N.S. Murray, *Acting Hon. Secretary*, G. J. Dent, *Bankers*: Barclays Bank (Dominion Colonial and Overseas).

## WEST INDIA COMMITTEE

*Established circa. 1750. Incorporated by Royal Charter, August 4th, 1904*

The West India Committee, which was established prior to the year 1750, is the oldest body representative of any Colony or group of Colonies.

It is an Incorporated Association of British subjects and firms whose object is, by united action, to promote the interests of the agricultural and manufacturing industries and trade of the entire British West Indies, British Guiana and British Honduras and thus increase the general welfare of those colonies.

Candidates for admission must be proposed by one and seconded by another member of the West India Committee.

There is no entrance fee. The Annual Subscription is, for an individual, thirty shillings and for a firm, company or association, five guineas. Subscription become due on January 1st, except for new members, whose subscriptions for the current year become payable on election. Members elected during the last 6 months of a year pay 15/- or 52/6 in the case of firms, etc., and their first subscription may be commuted by individuals by payment of the sum of 18 guineas for life membership.

The West India Committee Circular, containing a review of the affairs of The West Indies including statistical and other information relating to their trade and industries and an account of the activities of the West India Committee, etc., is posted to members monthly, free of charge.

The West India Committee rooms are situated at 40 Norfolk St., Strand, W. C. 2, near Temple and Aldwych Stations (Underground Railway). The rooms form a useful rendezvous for visitors from the West Indies. There are special trade sections for Jamaica and Trinidad and Tobago respectively. Writing materials are provided and in addition to the official gazettes, parliamentary papers, etc., all the West Indian Papers are filed. There is also a comprehensive library of West Indian books for the use of members. Telegraphic and Cable Address—Carib, London.

*President:* The Viscount Hailsham, P.C., D.C.L., LL.D.; *Vice-Presidents:* Sir Algernon Aspinall, K.C.M.G., C.B.E., J. Gordon Miller, *Chairman* J. M. duBuisson; *Deputy Chairman* J. M. Campbell, *Treasurers* J. M. duBuisson, J. M. Campbell, Alexander Elder, E. Cassleton Elliott, H. Alan Walker.

**EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**—The Chairman, Commander H. V. Lavington, R.N., (Rtd.). The Deputy-Chairman, The Treasurers, Hon. Dudley G. Leacock, W. J. Blanchard, Hon. Sir Noel B. Livingston, P.C., Major Stephen T. S. Clarke, M.C., J. Gordon Miller, J. B. Cuthill, M. S. Moody-Stuart, M.C., Lieut.-Colonel H. M. Davson, C.M.G., D.S.O., Cecil W. Murray, D.F.C., Major A. A. Nathan, Harold dePass, T. H. Naylor, Lieut.-Colonel J. Alan dePass, Hon. G. Douglas Pile, O.B.E., G. M. Eccles, Lieut.-Colonel Kenneth E. Previte, O.B.E., W. G. Freeman, B.Sc., Thomas Greenwood, Sir Alexander Roger, K.C.I.E. H. L. Q. Henriques, Lauchlan Rose, M.C., Admiral Sir Alan Hotham, K.C.M.G., C.B. A. J. Ruthven-Murray, M.A., M.Sc., F.G.S., F.I.P., Sir T. Harrison Hughes, Bart., N. P. Sherlock, O. H. Keeling, L. B. Whitaker, M.I.E.E., Hon. R. L. M. Kirkwood, The Right Hon. Lord Tweedsmuir, O.B.E.

*Secretary,* A. E. V. Barton, C.B.E. *Asst. Secretary,* Thomas Souness, M.B.E.

## JAMAICA HOTELS ASSOCIATION

The Association was formed in December, 1938, under the auspices of the Tourists Trade Board.

Its objects are:—

- To promote co-operation and goodwill within the Hotel industry in Jamaica.
- To create a channel for disseminating information upon matters affecting the industry.
- To organise for joint action as occasion may arise.
- To classify the hotels.
- (a) for any of the purposes of the Association,
- (b) for any other purposes to the best interests of the industry as a whole.

To promote closer contact and co-operation between Hotels and Tourist and Travel agencies in other countries, and the establishment of an island booking office for hotels and affiliation with any other recognised Hotel Association in any part of the world.

## ADVERTISING AND PUBLICITY

To encourage the adoption of advertising, publicity and promotional measures aiming at the greater development of the tourist trade of the island.

To afford joint representation of the Hotel industry in all legal and legislative matters.

To encourage and adopt all measures calculated to maintain and improve the standard of Jamaica Hotels in all respects.

The institution of any measures for the benefit of the hotel industry of the island.

To raise such funds in the nature of donations from members or others and or by assessments upon members for the purpose of the Association as may be decided from time to time.

One of the first aims of the Association has been to set up a "Central Hotel Booking Office" in Kingston for the service of travel agents abroad wishing to book guests at Jamaica hotels.

It is learned that practically all the large hotels throughout the Island have joined the Association as well as many of the smaller ones and guest houses and the following officers have been elected:

## COUNCIL MEMBERS

*Chairman:* Sam Levy c/o Myrtle Bank Hotel, *Members:* Capt. R. C. S. Ratty, Col. Robin Stuart, Mr. H. D. Thompson.

## ST. ELIZABETH TOURIST TRADE DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION

(Black River)

The aim of the Association is to develop the Tourist Trade in St. Elizabeth and in Black River in particular. There is a membership fee of £1 1/- per annum.

*President:* W. G. Hendriks; *Vice-President:* Dr. C. D. Johnston; *Secretary:* D. B. Sangster; *Treasurer:* M. S. Hendriks.

## ALLMAN TOWN-WOODFORD PARK CITIZENS' ASSOCIATION

(Secretary E. N. McGraham, 1 Hitchen Street, Allman Town)

FOUNDED in April, 1938, the Association has for its aims Community Welfare improvement and Social Works in the area specified in particular and in the Corporate Area and Jamaica in general. It is non-political with a broad platform and invites membership irrespective of creed, colour, religion, etc. It endeavours to offer constructive criticism and to co-operate with Government and the Municipal Authorities.

*President:* V. R. Harry; *Secretary:* E. N. McGraham.

## INDIAN COMMISSIONER FOR THE WEST INDIES

'Consequent upon the achievement of Dominion Status by India, the Indian Government decided to send diplomats all over the world to establish friendly relationship. To the British West Indies including British Guiana was assigned Professor Satya Charan Shastri, an eminent Hindu Scholar and a past Secretary of the Overseas Relations Department of the Indian, National Congress, as Commissioner. Head Office of the Commissioner is at P.O. Box 530, Port of Spain, Trinidad. He visited Jamaica in October of this year and has established an Indian Information Agency at 117 Hope Rd., Liguanea under the supervision of the East Indian Progressive Society. Mr. Ivan Blake is in charge of the Agency.'

## BUSTAMANTE INDUSTRIAL TRADE UNION

The Union was formed on the 23rd of June, 1938, arising out of the labour unrest and social upheavals of the time. Since then it has grown rapidly throughout the country and now covers almost every category of worker, including Government employees nearly every branch of the subordinate staff of the Government Service. The Union is housed in its own premises at 98-100 Duke Street, Kingston.

The Honourable W. A. Bustamante, M.H.R., Minister for Communications in the Executive Council and Leader of the Majority Party in the House of Representatives, is the founder and Life President of the Union.

Other Principal Officers of the Union are: Mr. L. W. Rose, M.H.R., *Vice-President*; Miss Gladys Longbridge, *Treasurer*; Mr. L. G. Newland, *General Secretary*; Miss E. Nelson, *Assistant General Secretary*; Mr. F. A. Pixley, is Solicitor for the Union.

## JAMAICA PRESS ASSOCIATION

(Office, Library and Press Club)

101 Water Lane, Kingston, Telephone 3875)

The Association, which was established in June, 1943, interests itself in all matters affecting the welfare of the Press, and aims, in particular, at improving the standard and efficiency of journalism in Jamaica.

*President*: Mr. H. P. Jacobs, B.A., OXON; *Secretary*: Mr. Hector Bernard.

## EAST INDIAN PROGRESSIVE SOCIETY

42 Duke Street, Kingston.

The Society was founded in 1940 by Dr. Jia Lal Varma after the publication of the recommendations of the West Indian Royal Commission. Its chief object is to try to remove discrimination against East Indians domiciled in Jamaica. It has achieved a certain measure of success in its object. It has established a Building, named after the Founder, at 3 Bethune Avenue, lower St. Andrew, to foster educational, cultural and social developments.

The Society has been appointed as 'Indian Information Centre by the Indian Commissioner for the British West Indies, including British Guiana.

The officers for the year 1948-49 are Dr. J. L. Varma, *President*, Mr. A. I. Blake, *Vice-President*; Mr. E. G. Jack Goberdon, *Secretary*, Mr. L. Jadusingh, *Asst. Secretary*; Mr. Charles Blake, *Treasurer*.

The Executive Committee consists of the above named officers and the following: Mr. R. Tewari, Mrs. M. V. Blake, Mr. D. Tewari, Messers F. Ranjitt, Debi Ram, A. Meghoo, Mrs. S. D. Varma.

## JAMAICA FEDERATION OF WOMEN

Lady Huggins, *President and Chairman of Executive Committee*; Mrs. M. deCordova, O.B.E., *1st Vice-President*; Mrs. Winston Lyon, *2nd Vice-President*; Mrs. Morris-Knibb, *3rd Vice-President*; Lady Allan, *Vice-Chairman*, Mrs. O. K. Henriques, *Hon. Treasurer*, *Executive Committee Members*:—Mrs. D. C. MacGillivray, Lady Barker, Mrs. Freddy Burke, Mrs. J. L. Cundall, Mrs. Emiel Hanna, Mrs. James Gibson, Lady Livingston, Mrs. G. G. R. Sharp, Miss A. Bailey, Mrs. F. Gick, Mrs. D. C. Ferguson, Mrs. K. Cameron, *Secretary*; Miss K. Dupree, *Asst. Secretary*; Miss F. Leevy, *Asst. Secretary*. *Handicraft Teacher*—Miss Masie Elletson.

**PARISH ADVISORY COMMITTEE MEMBERS:**—Lady Huggins, *President*, Mrs. Eric Don, Mrs. G. G. R. Sharp, Lady Allan, Mrs. Ferguson, Mrs. R. D. Lindo, Mrs. Basil Parks, Mrs. G. Kelly, Mrs. E. K. Page, Mrs. A. Rice, Mrs. C. Webster, Mrs. Nelson Park, Mrs. C. Crosswell, Mrs. A. Thelwell, Mrs. Sale, Mrs. W. Ferguson, Mrs. A. Haughton, Mrs. R. Simpson.

The Jamaica Federation of Women was started in July, 1944, with the following Aims and Objects:—

- (a) To unite and co-ordinate every kind of women's work, regardless of race, colour, class or creed for the promotion of their common interests.
- (b) To aid voluntary social services throughout the Island.
- (c) To foster cultural, educational and civic developments throughout the Islands.

The Federation has been organized in every parish in the Island. Approximate membership 20,000; District Committees 450. Almost every existing welfare organization is affiliated to the Federation, and their representatives attend the yearly Islands Council Meeting of the Federation so that the work of the Federation is carried out in close co-operation with all other welfare bodies

#### PROGRAMME OF WORK

- (a) *Committee Activities:* Knitting, sewing, simple embroidery, cooking, jam making, advice on nutrition and better home making, organized recreation, development of the community spirit.
- (b) *Collage Industries:* Jamaica Market Woman Doll being made country Committees and sold throughout the Island. Tatting straw work and preserves.
- (c) *Girl's Clubs:* Over 110 Girl's Clubs, active throughout Jamaica, providing physical culture, simple amusement and useful instruction for the teen age girl.
- (d) *Cultural Development:* Distribution of literature to all Centres. Concerts held in rural districts. Discussion Groups and lectures.
- (e) *Civics:* Mass Weddings, campaign against the evils of illegitimacy, encouragement of parental responsibility, training in mothercraft, play centres, soup kitchens and school Canteens.
- (f) *Clothing:* 1948 Government Clothing Scheme Grant of £6,000 for needy school children is being carried out. Garments are being made by Federation members on a voluntary basis. 632 schools with an average of 20 children in each is the scheme on hand at present and when finished the estimated number of children clothed will be 20,000.

*Distressed women:* A further Government Grant of £6,000 will be used to provide clothing for distressed women throughout the Island.

*Worn clothing:* Gifts of clothing from U.S.A. and locally are being distributed from time to time.

- (g) *Club Houses:* Simple Federation Club Houses, built by communal effort—mostly in remote country districts.
- (h) *Hospital Supplies:* Hospital Bandage Committee meet every week at King's House where all varieties of dressings are made. Total number delivered to Hospital October, 1948/1949 65,369.
- (i) *Books:* Distribution of books and magazines to all branches also Hospitals and Nursing homes. Assistance given with setting up school Libraries and Federation Reading rooms.

#### THE JAMAICA LABOUR PARTY

The Jamaica Labour Party was formed on the 8th of July, 1943. The Leader of the Party is the Hon. W. A. Bustamante, M.H.R., Minister for Communications in the Executive Council. The Secretary is Mr. Cleveland Lewis.



## THE JAMAICA PROGRESSIVE LEAGUE OF KINGSTON

(93 Church Street, Kingston).

FOUNDED in Jamaica, November, 27, 1937, by W. G. McFarlane, the objects of the League are, in general, ultimate self-government for Jamaica within the British Commonwealth, the stimulation of interest in Jamaicans and Jamaican affairs and the betterment of the political, social and economic life of Jamaica. The work of the League is managed by a Board of Directors.

*President:* W. Adolphe Roberts; *Treasurer:* P. A. Aiken; *Secretary:* W. G. McFarlane.

## JAMAICA WOMEN'S LIBERAL CLUB

The Club was founded on the 24th January, 1936, its aims being:—

- (1) To foster and develop a national spirit among the women of Jamaica.
- (2) To encourage women to take an acting and intelligent interest in local and world events.
- (3) To form a Study Circle, Politics, Economics and Governments, particularly.
- (4) To study Negro history, native and foreign.
- (5) To study social and economic conditions at home and abroad.
- (6) To advance the status of Jamaica women, socially and politically.

*OFFICERS—President,* Mrs. Morris Knibb; *Vice President,* Miss Amy Bailey; *Secretary,* Mrs. F. Dean, *Treasurer,* Mrs. F. C. Wells-Davis.

## PEOPLE'S NATIONAL PARTY

The People's National Party was formed in September, 1938, as the result of a Conference organised by Mr. O. T. Fairclough, the first Party Secretary, and admits to membership all persons living in Jamaica who make an application accepting its principles.

The Party is organised in groups throughout the island. The group being the basic unit. There are over 600 established groups. Groups send delegates to an Annual Conference where the Officers of the Party and its General Council are elected—The General Council elects the Party Executive. Party programmes and Party policy are debated and settled by the delegates at Annual Conference.

The Party held its Inaugural Meeting in September, 1938, when Sir Stafford Cripps who was in Jamaica at the time and Mr. N. W. Manley, first President of the Party spoke. It declared its immediate aims to be:—

- (a) Universal Suffrage and Constitutional Reform and
- (b) Full support of Labour and Trade Union Organisations.

At the first official conference in 1939 these aims were re-stated and "The achievement of representative and responsible Government within and as a unit of the British Commonwealth of Nations" was accepted as the Constitutional aim.

In 1940 the Party declared its adherence to Socialist principles and made it clear that it advocated a moderate Socialist Programme adapted at all points to local needs and local possibilities. It affirmed that Socialism must be democratic and Christian in method and outlook. Since then the Party has maintained friendly relations with the Socialist Labour Party of England.

The Party from its inception maintained a continuous agitation for Constitutional Reform. In 1942 it was instrumental in bringing other Bodies together to formulate the proposals which ultimately led to the present Constitution and in 1944 led the struggle which ended when the Executive Council was constitutionally defined as 'the principal instrument of Policy' for Jamaica.

The Party still maintains its stand for Self-Government. It also strongly supports political Federation for the British Caribbean territories and strongly supports the Caribbean Labour Congress in its work in this behalf.

Since the Elections of 1944 the Party has been the official opposition in the new House of Representatives. It has 14 members in the House with Mr. N. W. Manley, k.c. as Leader of the Parliamentary Group (an official party office).



MR. N. W. MANLEY, K.C., M.H.R.



The present officers of the Party are:—Mr. N. W. Manley, *President*; Mr. N. N. Nether-sole, 1st *Vice-President*; (Vacant) 2nd *Vice-President*; Mr. William Seivright 3rd *Vice-President*; Mr. N. W. Manley, *Parliamentary Leader*; Mr. O. T. Fairclough, *Treasurer* and Mr. V. L. Arnett, *Secretary*.

Headquarters of the Party are at 67 Slipe Road, Cross Roads.

## TRADES UNION CONGRESS OF JAMAICA

OFFICE 129 TOWER ST., KINGSTON

This Organisation was originally known as the Trades Union Advisory Council and was formed on February 25th, 1939. The formation was due to the very unsettled labour situation in 1939. Its membership is comprised of affiliated Unions of which there are 22. In 1939, all Unions including the Bustamante Industrial Trades Union were affiliated to the Council but the B.I.T.U. withdrew late in 1939. The Council was re-organised in 1940 and called the Trades Union Council. It was again re-organised in 1945 and the name changed to the Trades Union Congress of Jamaica.

Its main objects are:—

1. To organise and unite within its ranks all democratically constituted trade unions.
2. To organise or assist in organising new trades unions where the interests of the workers will be best served by so doing.
3. To promote the interests and welfare of labour generally.

The Congress has direct connections with the British Trades Union Congress of England and is affiliated to the Caribbean Labour Congress and the World Federation of Trades Unions.

The total membership of the affiliated Unions is approximately 23,500.

The following are the present members of the Executive:—

*President*—Kenneth George Hill; *M.H.R. Secretary*—F. A. Glasspole, *M.H.R.*; *Treasurer*—Arthur Henry.

*Executive Members*—A. E. Grant, T. A. Kelly, H. Anderson, C. N. Stewart, A. G. S. Coombs, *M.H.R.*, Frank Hill, L. G. Shand, L. W. Holness, R. Aitchison, H. Douglas, George Wright, V. B. Edwards, Arthur Henry.

## WOMAN'S CLUB

The Woman's Club was organized May 21, 1936. Admitted to General Federation of Women's Clubs in U.S.A., September 10, 1938; Admitted to Jamaica Federation of Women July 11, 1944 and sends a representative to the Central Council of Voluntary Social Services.

Aims and objects are the attainment of literary, musical, artistic, philanthropic ends and aims, also promotion of civic and municipal improvements.

OFFICERS OF THE CLUB ARE—*President*, Mrs. Winston V. Lyon; 1st *Vice-President*, Mrs. A. K. Rice, 2nd *Vice-President*, Mrs. Chas. Fisher, *Secretary*, Mrs. M. Mehlman; *Recording Secretary*, Mrs. P. Feanny, *Asst. Secretary*, Mrs. R. Powell, *Treasurer*, Mrs. Ken MacIntosh, *Asst. Treasurer*, Mrs. I. Vaz.

DIRECTORS—Miss Muriel Facey, Mrs. S. Setton, Mrs. J. Breakspear, Mrs. S. A. O. Martin, Mrs. I. C. Solomon.

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE—*Officers, Directors and Ex-Officio*:—Mrs. S. A. O. Martin and Mrs. I. C. Solomon, *Co-Chairmen of Ways and Means*; Mrs. A. K. Rice and Mrs. H. E. T. MacDonald, *Co-Chairmen of Programmes*; Mrs. J. Maria, *Chairman of International Relations*; Miss Muriel Facey, *Chairman of Publicity*; Mrs. R. Mahfood, *Building and Maintenance Chairman*; Mrs. E. Rae, *House Chairman*; Mrs. A. O. Scoggin, *Librarian*; Mrs. Ivan Vaz, *Chairman of House Rentals*; Mrs. R. C. Carley, *Chairman Public Affairs Committee*; Mrs. A. K. Rice, *Chairman Fine Arts Department*.

## HURRICANE RELIEF COMMITTEES

LOCAL COMMITTEES:—The Kingston and St. Andrew Corporation and the Parochial Boards are the Local Hurricane Relief Committees for the Corporate Area and the parishes respectively. The Custodes and Members of the House of Representatives of the several parishes are Ex-Officio Members of the Local Committees for the parishes concerned. The Town Clerk and the Secretaries to the Parochial Boards are the Secretaries to the respective Local Committees.

It is the duty of the Local Committee to take measures for the relief of distress and the restoration of damage in the parish, in the event of a hurricane, and to disburse funds made available through the Central Committee. This involves the carrying out by the Local Committee of the necessary surveys after a hurricane, the making of a report to the Central Committee, etc.

**CENTRAL COMMITTEE:**—A Central Hurricane Relief Committee has been appointed by Government whose duties are in general, to co-ordinate the work of the Local Committees, to make recommendations to Government covering measures for the relief of distress and the restoration of damage in the event of a hurricane, and to disburse to the Local Committees any grants made by Government for such purposes.

The Central Committee consists of the following persons:—

- Mr. J. J. Mills, M.B.E., (Chairman)
- Secretary, Social Welfare Services
- Manager, Central Housing Authority.
- Director of Medical Services, or his nominee
- Director of Public Works, or his nominee
- Commissioner of Commerce and Industries, or his nominee
- Trade Administrator
- A Representative of the Army
- A Treasury Officer
- A Nominee of the Board of Supervision
- A Representative of the Jamaica Social Welfare Commission
- A Representative of the Central Council for Voluntary Social Services
- A Representative of the Jamaica Chamber of Commerce and Merchants Exchange
- A Representative of the Jamaica Federation of Women
- Mr. G. C. Gunter (Co-opted Member)

The Secretary of the Central Committee is Mr. R. M. Arscott, Acting Secretary, Board of Supervision.

### THE JAMAICA PHILATELIC SOCIETY

The Jamaica Philatelic Society was organized on April 14th, 1920, from the dormant elements of the "Jamaica Philatelic Association" and the "Kingston Philatological Society". The objects of the Society are the study and practise of philately, the prevention and detection of forgeries, and the publication of articles on philatelic subjects. The Society meets at 8 p.m. on the first Thursday of each month at the Woman's Club, 51 Halfway Tree Road, St. Andrew.

Delegates are appointed from among the members of the Society to attend the yearly Philatelic Congress in Great Britain. In 1935 a special delegate was sent to represent the Society at the Philatelic Exhibition in Johannesburg, and in 1936 at the Third International Philatelic Exhibition in New York. An annual Magazine "The Jamaica Philatelist" is issued in June.

**EXECUTIVE OFFICERS** for July, 1949 to July, 1950:—

Mr. G. C. Gunter, *President*; Mr. H. M. Brandon, *Vice-President*; Mr. A. S. Briscoe, *Hon. Treasurer*; Mr. H. T. Bush, *Hon. Secretary*, 30 Hope Road, Halfway Tree, Mr. A. W. Perkins, *Hon. Exchange Superintendent*; Mr. G. E. Calder, *Hon. New Issue Superintendent*.

**COMMITTEE** comprises the first four officials mentioned above and the following five elected members:—

Mr. C. E. Scott, Mr. F. L. Williamson, Dr. George Escoffery, Mrs. H. M. Brandon, Mr. F. C. Valencia.

### PERFORMING RIGHTS SOCIETY, LIMITED

This Society, an Association of Composers, Authors, Publishers and Proprietors of Copyright Musical Works, was established in England in 1914, to restrain the unauthorised public performance of copyright music of its members and the members of affiliated Societies throughout the civilised world, and to collect fees for permission of such public performances.

Under the Imperial Copyright Act, 1911, proclaimed to come into operation in Jamaica with effect from 1st July, 1912, Performing Right is established as one of the constituent

parts of copyright, and the owner of the copyright in a musical work has under that Act the sole right of performing or authorising the performance of the work in public. The Act extends to all classes of musical works without distinction.

All other civilised countries have enacted legislation similar to the Imperial Copyright Act, and each country has organized its own Performing Right Society. Each such Society controls in the Territory under its jurisdiction, the performing right of the copyright musical works of all affiliated Societies.

Composers, Authors and Proprietors of Copyright musical works finding it impracticable to issue permits and collect fees individually, join the Society thereby securing the advantages which the Society affords in safeguarding their rights. By means of affiliation with the National Societies of other countries, the rights of members of the Society are also protected in the territories administered by those Societies and fees collected for performances there. In addition, the Society's operations extend to the British Dominions, Colonies and Protectorates and Agencies have been established in Australia, New Zealand, Canada, South and East Africa, India and Ceylon, Palestine, Cyprus, Mauritius.

**HEAD OFFICE OF THE SOCIETY**—Copyright House, 33 Margaret Street, London, W. 1.  
*Agent for B.W.I.*, Mr. H. T. Landale, 10 Duke Street, Kingston, Jamaica.

### WELSH SOCIETY OF JAMAICA

The objects of this Society, which was founded in 1932, are to keep in touch with Welsh people throughout the Island, and to welcome Welsh visitors to the colony. An Annual Dinner is held on St. David's Day.

**COMMITTEE**—G. A. Jones, c.m.g., *Chairman*: F. O. Ellis, c/o Dept. of Agriculture, *Hon. Secretary*: Mrs. E. Groves, Mrs. Clive Smith, Mr. W. Ryle-Davis, Mr. Leslie B. Powell, Dr. D. A. Bryn-Davies, (*Vice-Chairman*) Mrs. D. A. Bryn-Davies, Mr. R. F. Innis, Rev. Donald Davies.

### JAMAICA SCOTTISH SOCIETY

Many years ago when the Sugar Industry was at the height of its boom, many hundreds of young Scotsmen were brought out as Field Overseers and Engineers in the works. There was then a strong Caledonia Society in Jamaica, whose chief functions were to hold Highland Games and a Dinner once a year. With the advent of cricket and football, and their increasing popularity, the Highland Games were discontinued. For some years the Caledonia Society was moribund, but again was enthusiastically re-established as "The Jamaica Scottish Society" on new lines. It holds an Annual Dinner on St. Andrew's Day (30th November) and is also a Benevolent Society, having a fund to assist stranded or other unfortunate Scotsmen.

During the war period, substantial amounts were sent to "The Scottish Red Cross Society", the fund to aid Scottish Prisoners of War in Germany, etc.

*President*: Sir Noel B. Livingston; *Hon. Secretary*: Kenneth Cameron, 70 Lady Musgrave Road, Halfway Tree; *Hon. Treasurer*: John S. Stiven, 114 Harbour Street, Kingston.

### JAMAICA ASSOCIATION OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS

This Association which was formed in 1946 has for its objects:—

- (a) The advancements of engineering knowledge and the promotion and maintenance of a high standard of work in the Engineering field.
- (b) To promote the recognition of the engineers' importance to the welfare of every community.
- (c) To guarantee professional integrity.
- (d) For the protection and security of engineers.

His Excellency the Governor, Sir John Huggins, g.c.m.g., m.c., is Patron of the Association, while its chief officers are:—

*President:* G. F. Alberga, B.S.C., A.M.I.C.E. (Asst. D. P. W.); *First Vice President:* P. L. Abraham, F.S.I., M.I. Struct. E., A.M. Am. Soc. C.E.; *Second Vice President:* C. A. Adams, B.S.C., A.M.I.C.E., D.I.C., Deputy City Engineer; *Secretary:* Kenneth Richards, G.I. Mech.E. c/o Water Commission, Cross Roads, *Treasurer:* G. A. Gauntlett, c/o ZQI Broadcasting Station.

During 1948 the Western Branch of the Association was formed with headquarters in Montego Bay.

Their chief officers are:—*Chairman:* B. M. Alexander, B.S.C. Commissioned Land Surveyor; *Secretary:* N. S. Jackson, B.A., B.S.C. Headmaster, Cornwall College.

The operations of the Association are guided and controlled by a Council of sixteen in which includes the officers mentioned above.

### JAMAICA AMATEUR RADIO CLUB

116 HARBOUR STREET, KINGSTON.

The Jamaica Amateur Radio Club, located in Kingston, was founded in February 1939. Its object being—

- (a) To foster a deeper spirit of friendship and co-operation among Radio Amateurs.
- (b) To encourage greater interest in Radio Telegraphy and Telephony.
- (c) To carry out research work in the Ultra-high Frequencies and Television.

"The Club is affiliated with the Radio Society of Great Britain".

*EXECUTIVE OFFICERS*—*President:* E. M. Metcalf, A.M.I.R.E., (VP5EM); *Vice President:* R. P. Samuels, (VP5RS); *Hon. Treasurer:* A. H. Forbes, (VP5DX); *Hon. Secretary:* Thomas Myers, (VP5AD).

*MEMBERS OF THE MANAGING COMMITTEE ARE*—A. H. Forbes, (VP5DX); T. Bailey, (VP5JC); C. M. Corinaldi, (VP5CC); I. Hendricks, (VP5AK); G. Stewart, (VP5AL); In addition to the Executive Officers.

*MEMBERS OF THE TECHNICAL COMMITTEE ARE*—E. Metcalf, R. P. Samuels, (VP5RS) G. Stewart, (VP5AL), T. Bailey, (VP5JC), R. Gordon, (VP5AR).

Entrance fee is 5/- and a Quarterly subscription of 5/-.

### CHINESE BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION, LTD.,

129 BARRY STREET, KINGSTON

The Chinese Benevolent Association, Ltd. (Chung Far Fuicon) was established in 1890 and is registered under the Companies Acts.

The object of its establishment is to raise from time to time by subscriptions from members donations or otherwise funds for the relief and maintenance of all and every member, their wives, children, relations and other dependents in illness, accident, infancy, advanced age, widowhood, etc., and to maintain the Chinese Sanitarium, Chinese Public School, Chinese Public News, Chinese Almshouse, and Chinese Cemetery. This Association is also to promote and protect the lawful trade and commerce carried on by members, to act as arbitrator in the settlement of disputes; to diffuse information as to sound principles of trading and to impress upon members the necessity of maintaining an intimate knowledge of the state of their affairs; to enter into any arrangements with any authorities municipal, local or otherwise that may seem conducive to the objects of the Association.

The Association has been recognized by the Chinese Central Government.

The Management and Supervisory Committees of this Association are elected in the General Meeting by members on the 10th October annually.

### CARIBBEAN EX-SERVICEMEN ASSOCIATION No. (21 North St.)

(Late Ex-B.W.I.R.)

This, the Third Organization of Ex-Service men, was formed October, 1932; the two earlier ones having been the Old Comrades Association, and the Ex-Service Men's Co-operative Association. William Bennett the Founder with C. H. Eastwood, President and Allen Henry the Secretary.

A keen benevolent work which includes widows and orphans of Ex-Service men is undertaken by the Association and close contact is made with the Central Supplementary Allowances Committee to the interest of destitute Ex-Soldiers and their dependents.

## CHAPTER XXI

### MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

#### REGISTRATION

##### *General Register Office, Spanish Town*

Compulsory registration of births and deaths came into force on 1st April, 1878. During the years 1844 to 1855 there was a voluntary system of registration of births and deaths under the Acts 7 Victoria, Chapter 54, and 8 Victoria, Chapter 47. These Acts were repealed in 1855 by the Act 18 Victoria, Chapter 29 as the voluntary system of registration was found to be ineffectual.

Baptisms and burials by Ministers of the Church of England were, previous to 1st April, 1878, recorded at the Island Secretary's Office, Spanish Town (now the Island Record Office). These registers have been transferred to the custody of the Registrar General.

From the 1st April, 1878, births and deaths have been registered throughout the island, each parish being divided into registration districts with a Registrar for each district, the central office being at Spanish Town. The present Registration (Births and Deaths) Law, is Chapter 121 of the Revised Laws.

The present system of registration of marriages came into operation in 1880. There are in the registry records of marriages by Ministers of the Church of England beginning in 1666, and by Ministers of other denominations beginning in 1840. The present Marriage Law is Chapter 122 of the Revised Laws.

#### BIRTHS

##### *(Chapter 121)*

When a birth takes place personal information of it must be given within 42 days to the Registrar of the district in which it took place, and the register be signed in his presence by one of the following persons:—1—The father or mother of the child; if they fail, 2—The occupier of the house in which the birth took place, 3—A person present at the birth, or 4—The person having charge of the child.

The duty of attending to the registration thus rests firstly on the parents. One of them must within 42 days of the birth give to the Registrar *by word of mouth* the information needed and must sign the register in his presence. If they fail without reasonable cause they become liable to a penalty of forty shillings. In case of their failure one of the other classes of informants above-named must give personal information and sign the register within the same period.

If at the end of 42 days registration has not been effected the Registrar may send a requisition to any qualified informant requiring him or her to attend for the purpose, and any person who fails to comply with such requisition is liable to a penalty of forty shillings.

After three months a birth can only be registered on the informant making, before the Registrar and some Justice of the Peace, or in place of such Justice some other respectable witness, a solemn declaration as to the correctness of the particulars required to be registered, and on payment of a fee of one shilling to the Registrar.

After twelve months a birth can be registered only on the express authority of the Registrar General, and on payment of a fee of ten shillings.

It is often of great importance to persons of all classes to be able to prove their age and the place of their birth. Legal proof of these is to be obtained from the civil registers as kept by law. Parents owe to their children, therefore, a careful attention to registration.



## DEATHS

## (Chapter 121)

When a death takes place personal information of it must be given within five days to the Registrar of the district in which it occurred, and the register be signed in his presence by one of the following persons:—

1. The nearest relative of the deceased present at the death, or in attendance during the last illness; if they fail
2. Some other relative of the deceased in the same Registrar's District. In default of any relatives.
3. (a) A person present at the death; (b) the occupier of the house in which the death happened. If all the above-named fail
4. (a) An inmate of the house; or (b) the person causing the body to be buried.

Relatives present or in attendance are, therefore, firstly required to attend to the registration. One of them must give to the Registrar of the district *by word of mouth* the information needed and sign the register. In case of their failure one of the other persons above-named must give personal information and sign the register in their stead.

When a registered Medical Practitioner has attended the deceased during the last illness that Practitioner must sign and give to some person qualified as an informant certificate of the cause of death, and the person so receiving the certificate must deliver it to the Registrar at the time of registration. The penalty for not giving or duly delivering the certificate is two pounds.

It is advisable that every death should be registered and a certificate of registry (which is given free of charge) be obtained from the Registrar before the funeral. This certificate should be delivered to the Minister or other person who performs the funeral or religious service.

If no such certificate of registration is thus delivered the Minister or person who buries or performs any funeral service, or who presides at the burial, must, within seven days after the burial, give notice thereof in writing to the Registrar of the district, and if he fails so to do he is liable to a penalty of ten pounds.

After twelve months a death can be registered only on the Registrar General's express authority and on payment of a fee of two shillings.

A careful attention to these requirements is likely to prove of the highest importance to the surviving relatives and friends of the deceased persons.

## MARRIAGES

## (Chapter 122)

There are four ways of obtaining the necessary legal authorisation for the performance of a marriage in Jamaica.

*I.—Publication of Banns*—In this case the persons intending marriage must each give written notice to a Ministerial Marriage Officer of the congregation to which he or she belongs, or to any Ministerial Marriage Officer having charge of a place of worship in the parish in which they reside (when both belong to the same congregation a single notice will suffice, or when one does not reside in Jamaica a single notice by the other will suffice) and thereupon the Marriage Officer, if satisfied that the notice is conformable to law, will publish the banns in legal form for one Sunday, or one Saturday in the case of persons professing the Jewish religion. In addition to such publication the particulars of the marriage notice must be entered on a specified form and affixed on the outside of the principal door of the place of worship at which the banns are published for a period of seven clear days. After due publication the Marriage Officer will give a certificate of the fact to the person who gave the notice and thereupon the marriage may be contracted and solemnized (a) by or before a Ministerial Marriage Officer, according to such form and ceremony as the parties may see fit to adopt, provided that the requirements of the Marriage Laws as to witnesses, etc., and the form of contracting words be observed; or (b) in the presence of a Civil Registrar of Marriages and two credible witnesses, with the declaration and form of contract provided. No religious service is permitted before the Civil Registrar.

*II.—By a Licence from the Governor*—In this case application must be made and the prescribed form of declaration be furnished to the Colonial Secretary, together with the sum of *five pounds*, the value of the stamp to be borne upon the Governor's licence. Immediately upon the issue of such licence the marriage may be solemnized by or before a Ministerial Marriage Officer, or in the presence of a Civil Registrar of Marriages as above described in the case of banns.

*III.—By Public notice at the Office of a Civil Registrar of Marriages*—In this case residence in the parish for not less than fifteen clear days before the giving of notice is requisite. When both persons intending marriage reside within the same parish a single notice will suffice. When one of them does not reside in Jamaica a single notice by the other will suffice. The notice must be posted up in a conspicuous place on the outside of the Civil Registrar's Office during seven clear days, at the end of which time a certificate of due publication will be given by that officer and the marriage may then be solemnized in either of the ways already described as after publication of banns or Governor's Licence.

*IV.—By Licence from a Justice of the Peace, etc.*—By special licence from a Justice of the Peace for any parish, the Clerk of the Resident Magistrate's Court for the parish in which the parties or one of the parties intending marriage resides, or any person appointed for the purpose. Before the granting of such licence there must be produced to such Justice of the Peace, Clerk of the Resident Magistrate's Court, or other appointed person, a notice of marriage signed by the applicants for the licence, together with a statutory declaration from some minister of religion (being a Marriage Officer), stating that the applicants are well known to him and that the statements made by them in their marriage notice are to the best of his knowledge and belief in every particular just and true. Before the issue of any Marriage Licence, the person issuing it must secure that such licence be stamped with revenue stamps to the value of two shillings and sixpence, and shall himself cancel the stamps before he delivers the licence.

If the marriage is not solemnized within three months from the date of the licence or certificate of publication the licence or certificate becomes void and of no effect.

*Registration, Certified copies, etc.*—Indices of marriage, birth and death registers, are kept at the General Register Office, Spanish Town. Searches can be made there and certified copies of entries in Registers be given on application and payment of the prescribed fees.

#### SCALE OF FEES

##### BIRTHS AND DEATHS

For registration of a birth after three months, but before the expiration of twelve months from date of birth, to the Registrar	£0 1 0
For registration of a birth after the expiration of twelve months	0 10 0
For registration of a death after the expiration of twelve months	0 2 0
For taking, attesting and transmitting a declaration made by an informant respecting a birth in another district, to Registrar attesting the declaration	0 2 0
For entering the baptismal or other name of child upon certificate produced after registry of birth:—	
Within 12 months of registry of birth	0 1 0
After do. do.	0 10 0
For correction of error of fact or substance in birth or death register or registration form book, to the officer who made the correction	0 2 6
For certificate of registry of birth given on prescribed form at the time of registration, to Registrar	0 0 3
For every search, to the Registrar General, if it is a general search, i.e., during any number of successive hours not exceeding six without stating object of search	0 5 0
For every search, to the Registrar General, if it is a particular search, i.e., over any period not exceeding five years for any given entry	0 1 0
For every certified copy of any entry, to the Registrar General	0 2 6

##### MARRIAGES

##### To a Marriage Officer

For receiving a notice for banns	0 1 0
For receiving an objection, payable by the party making the objection	0 2 6
For witnessing or solemnizing a marriage, payable by one of the parties to the marriage	0 2 6

##### To a Civil Registrar

For receiving a notice of marriage	0 1 0
For receiving an objection, payable by the party making the objection	0 2 6
For witnessing a marriage solemnized in his presence under section 27 of Chapter 122, payable by one of the parties to the marriage	0 10 0

*To the Registrar General*

For every search in the General Register Office, per hour and each part of an hour, payable by the person making the search .. .. .	£0 1 0
For every certified copy of an entry of a register of marriage, payable by the person requiring the copy .. .. .	0 2 6

*To the Colonial Secretary*

Stamp duty on Governor's Licence .. .. .	5 0 0
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## DISTRICT REGISTER OFFICES OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS

*Kingston*—Kingston; Port Royal.

*St. Andrew*—Brandon Hill, Castleton P.O.; \*Bull Bay; Cavaliers; \*Cold Spring, New Castle P.O.; Content Gap, Gordon Town; Cross Roads; \*Dallas Castle, Dallas P.O.; \*Galloway, Kalorama P.O.; \*Gordon Town; \*Halfway Tree; Lawrence Tavern; Mannings Hill, Stony Hill P.O.; Mary Brown's Corner, Constant Spring P.O.; \*Mount Charles, Mavis Bank P.O.; \*Red Hills; St. James; Mount James P.O.; Salisbury Plains, Above Rocks P.O.; Stony Hill; Temple Hall, Stony Hill P.O.; \*Woodford; \*Whitfield Town.

*St. Thomas*—The Abbey, Llandewey P.O.; \*Airy Castle; Bath; \*Blue Mountain Valley, Seaforth P.O.; \*Bowden; \*Cedar Valley; \*Dalvey; \*Eleven Miles, Bull Bay P.O.; Golden Grove; Morant Bay; \*Port Morant; \*Spring Garden; \*Sunning Hill; \*Trinity Ville; \*Whitehorses; \*Wilmington; \*Woburn Lawn, Hagley Gap P.O.; \*Yallahs.

*Portland*—\*Belvedere and Prior Park, Prior Park P.O.; \*Birnhamwood and Silver Hill, Spring Hill P.O.; \*Buff Bay; Claverty Cottage, Skibo P.O.; \*Comfort Castle; \*Fairfield, Bangor Ridge P.O.; \*Fairy Hill; \*Fellowship; \*Fruitful Vale; \*Hector's River; \*Hope Bay; \*Long Bay; \*Manchioneal; \*Moore Town; \*Orange Bay; Port Antonio; \*Priestman's River; \*St. Margaret's Bay; \*Skibo; \*Swift River.

*St. Mary*—\*Albany; Annotto Bay; \*Belfield; \*Bonny Gate; \*Brainerd; \*Camberwell; \*Carron Hall; \*Cascade, Labyrinth P.O.; \*Castleton; Chesterfield, Castleton P.O.; Clonmel; Enfield; Gayle; Guys Hill; Hampstead; \*Islington; Jeffery Town; Lucky Hill P.O.; Lenna, Lawrence Tavern P.O.; \*Long Road; Mt. Angus, Gayle P.O.; \*Mount Regale; \*Oracabessa; Port Maria; \*Retreat; Richmond; Scott's Hall, Castleton P.O.; \*Wood Park, Pembroke Hall P.O.; \*Woodside, Pear Tree Grove P.O.

*St. Ann*—\*Alderton; Alexandria; \*Bensonton; \*Blackstoneged; Brown's Town; \*Cave Valley; Claremont; \*Discovery Bay; Gibraltar; Guys Hill; \*Keith; \*Linton Park; \*Little Kent, Bamboo P.O.; \*Moneague; Mount Moriah, Boroughbridge P.O.; Ocho Rios; \*Pedro; \*Runaway Bay; St. Ann's Bay; Stepney, Calderwood P.O.; \*Sturge Town; \*Walkerswood; \*Watt Town; Yankee, Coley Ville P.O.

*Trelawny*—\*Albert Town; \*Bellevue, Duanvale P.O.; \*Bounty Hall, Hampden P.O.; Bunkers Hill, \*Clark's Town; \*Deeside; Duncans; Falmouth; \*Jackson Town; \*Lowe River, Lorrimers P.O.; Rio Bueno; Rock Spring; Salt Marsh, Falmouth P.O.; \*Sawyers Market, Sawyers P.O.; \*Stewart Town; \*Troy; \*Ulster Spring; \*Wait-a-bit; \*Waldensia, Sherwood Content P.O.; \*Warsop.

*St. James*—\*Adelphi; Cambridge; \*Catadupa; \*Hopeton; \*John's Hall; \*Little River; \*Lottery; Maldon, Point P.O.; Mochu, Point P.O.; Montego Bay; Montpelier, Anchovy P.O.; \*Mount Horeb; Niagara, Elderslie P.O.; Orange Hill, Stonehenge P.O.; \*Reading; Sign; \*Somerton; Springfield, Welcome Hall P.O.; Vaughansfield, Maroon Town P.O.

*Hanover*—\*Askenish; Brownsville, Cascade P.O.; \*Cessnock; \*Chester Castle; \*Church Hill, March Town P.O.; \*Green Island; \*Gurney's Mount, Great Valley P.O.; \*Hopewell; \*Jericho; \*Lucea; \*Mount Hannah, Maryland P.O.; \*Mt. Peto; \*Ramble; Riverside, Dias P.O.; \*Sandy Bay; Haddington.

*Westmoreland*—Ashton, Leamington P.O.; \*Beeston Spring; \*Bethel Town; Bigwoods, \*Bluefields; \*Cave; \*Cornwall Mtn.; \*Darliston; \*Friendship; \*Glenislay; \*Grange Hill; \*Kings, Whitehouse P.O.; \*Negril; \*Petersfield; Porters Mtn., Mt. Peto P.O.; \*St. Paul's, Little London P.O.; \*St. Peters, Georges Plain P.O.; \*Savanna-la-Mar; Seaford Town, Lambs River P.O.; Sheffield, Negril P.O.; Sutcliffe Mtn., Petersfield P.O.; Town Head, Grange Hill P.O.

\*Situated at the Post Office.

*St. Elizabeth*—\*Aberdeen, \*Balaclava; Black River; \*Braes River; Bull Savannah, Junction P.O.; \*Cambridge, Fyffes Pen P.O.; Carisbrook, Maggoty P.O.; Cheltenham, Giddy Hall P.O.; \*Elderslie; \*Ginger Hill; \*Junction; \*Lacovia; Lititz, Watsons Hill P.O.; \*Malvern; \*Mountainside; Mulgrave, Ipswich P.O.; \*Munro College; Myersville; \*Nain; Newell, Mountainside P.O.; \*Newmarket; Parotee, Black River P.O.; \*Pedro Plains, Treasure Beach P.O.; \*Pepper; Portsea, Rose Hall P.O.; Retirement, Maggoty, P.O.; \*SantaCruz; Shaws, Middle Quarters P.O.; Siloah; \*Southfield, Top Hill P.O. Springfield; Williamsfield, Mountainside P.O.

*Manchester*—\*Alligator Pond; Asia, Pratlville P.O.; \*Auchtembeddie; \*Banana Ground; \*Christiana; \*Coley Ville; \*Comfort Hall; Craighead; Davyton, Williamsfield P.O.; \*Devon; \*Harmons; \*Harrywatch; \*Hatfield; \*Kendal, Shooters Hill P.O.; \*Keynsham, Balaclava P.O.; \*Lincoln; Maidstone; Mandeville; \*May Hill, Spur Tree P.O.; \*Mile Gully; \*Moravia; New Broughton, Cross Keys P.O.; \*Newport; Old England; \*Porus Royal Flat, Williamsfield P.O.; Shooters Hill, Walderston P.O.; \*Victoria Town; \*Watsons Hill; \*Spaldings.

*Clarendon*—Aenon Town; \*Alley; \*Alston; \*Beckford Kraal; Bull Head, Colonel's Ridge P.O.; \*Chapelton; \*Clarendon Park, Porus P.O.; \*Crofts, Crofts Hill P.O.; \*Crooked River; \*Four Paths; \*Frankfield; \*Garlogie, Banana Ground P.O.; Grantham; \*Hayes; \*James Hill; \*Kellits; \*Keys, Bellas Gate P.O.; \*Lionel Town, Masons River, Kellits P.O.; May Pen; \*Mears, Trout Hall P.O.; \*Milk River; \*Mocho; \*Moravia; Portland, Alley P.O.; \*Race Course; \*Richmond Park; Rock River; Rosewell; \*St. Jago, Toll Gate P.O.; \*Salt River; \*Smithville; \*Spaldings; Thompson Town; \*Woodhall.

*St. Catherine*—Allman Hill, Above Rocks P.O.; \*Bartons; \*Bellas Gate; Bermaddy; \*Bog Walk; Buxton Town, Linstead P.O.; \*Ewarton; \*Guanaboa Vale; Guys Hill; \*Harewood; Highgate, Sligo Ville P.O.; Linstead; Marie Hill, Brown's Hall P.O.; McCook, Spanish Town P.O.; Mt. Hermon, Riversdale P.O.; Old Harbour; \*Pear Tree Grove; Point Hill; The Rectory, Old Harbour P.O.; Redwood; \*Rentcome, Harker's Hall P.O.; St. Faiths, Glengoffe P.O.; Seafield, Carron Hall P.O.; Spanish Town; \*Troja; \*Watermount; \*Worthy Park, Lluidas Vale P.O.;

## CIVIL REGISTRARS OF MARRIAGES

*Civil Registrars*—J. N. Russell, Kingston P.O.; C. M. Codling, Halfway Tree P.O.; V. G. S. Pinnock, Morant Bay P.O.; C. H. Gale, Port Antonio P.O.; J. M. Lloyd, Spanish Town P.O.; R. A. Robinson, Port Maria P.O.; S. F. Douce, St. Ann's Bay P.O.; E. W. Monaghan, May Pen P.O.; H. G. Swaby, Mandeville P.O.; M. H. Segre, Savanna-la-Mar P.O.; A. O. Cotterell, Montego Bay P.O.; A. M. Jenkins, Falmouth P.O.; O. Reckord, Lucea P.O.; E. G. Taylor, Black River P.O.

## TRADE MARKS

**LAW 37 of 1911** (Chapter 272 of the Revised Laws) consolidates and amends the Laws relating to Trade Marks. It came into operation on March 1st, 1912, and supercedes Law 17 of 1888 and the Laws amending the same. Rules made thereunder will be found in the Supplement to the Jamaica Gazette of 2nd December, 1946.

The Registrar General is the Registrar of Trade Marks, and he keeps a Register of Trade Marks at the General Register Office, Spanish Town.

Any person claiming to be the proprietor of a Trade Mark who is desirous of registering the same must apply in writing to the Registrar in the prescribed form, copies of which can be obtained from the General Register Office.

A registrable Trade Mark must contain or consist of at least one of the following essential particulars:—

- (1) the name of a company, individual, or firm represented in a special or particular manner; (2) The signature of the applicant for registration or some predecessor in his business; (3) An invented word or invented words; (4) A word or words having no direct reference to the character or quality of the goods, and not being according to its ordinary signification a geographical name or a surname; (5) Any other distinctive mark, but a name, signature, or word or words other than such as fall within the descriptions in the above paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4), will not, except by order of the Court, be deemed a distinctive mark.

\*Situatd at the Post Office.

Special provision is made as to the registration of Trade Marks used before 1st April, 1889, and of Trade Marks registered in England.

Applications must be advertised and the procedure to be followed in opposed and unopposed applications is prescribed.

### REGISTRATION OF BOOKS

The Registrar General is also Registrar of Books under Chapter 403 of the Revised Laws. Under this Law three copies of every book printed in the Colony must, within one month of the printing thereof, be delivered to the Registrar-General by the printer at the General Register Office, Spanish Town, together with a memorandum of the particulars of the book. A form of the memorandum may be obtained at the General Register Office.

### REGISTRATION OF BUSINESS NAMES

CHAPTER 259 of the Revised Law as amended by Law 20 of 1941 makes provision for the registration of firms and persons, etc., carrying on business in Jamaica.

Traders (i.e., individuals or firms carrying on "Business by way of trade") are required to furnish three photographs with their application as well as to supply particulars of the place or places where each and every branch of the business by way of trade is carried on and to furnish an additional photograph in respect of each branch. The Certificates of Registration furnished by the Registrar (which in the case of a Trader has affixed thereto a photograph of the individual or, in the case of a firm, of each partner) are required to be kept exhibited in a conspicuous position at every place of business or branch.

The Registrar under the Law is the Registrar General of Births and Deaths, General Register Office, Spanish Town.

#### SCHEDULE OF FEES

	£	s.	d.
On a statement of particulars required by Section 5 of the Registration of Business Names Law, which fee shall also cover the issue of one certificate of registration and in the case of a trader one additional certificate in respect of each place of business other than the principal place of business	0	5	0
On any Statement of Particulars required by the Schedule to the Law when such particulars are not furnished with the Statement of Particulars required by Section 5 of the Law which fee shall also cover the issue of one certificate of registration	0	2	6
On a Statement of any change within the meaning of Section 8 of the Law which fee shall also cover the issue of one certificate of the registration of such statement and in the case of a trader of one additional certificate in respect of each additional or substituted place of business or branch set out in such statement	0	2	6
By any person inspecting under the provisions of Section 18 of the Law the documents filed by the Registrar, for each inspection	0	0	6
On the application of any person requiring under the provisions of Section 18 of the Law a certificate of registration of any firm, individual or corporation, or a certified copy of or extract from any registered Statement:			
For certificate of registration	0	2	0
For certified copy or extract for each 100 words	0	1	0
By any person appealing to the Governor from a decision of the Registrar	1	0	0

### COPYRIGHTS

The local laws as to Copyrights were repealed in 1913. An Imperial Act on the subject is now in force in the colony. No registration is required.

The owner of any unpublished original literary, dramatic, musical or artistic work is entitled to copyright therein if at the date of the making thereof the Author was a British Subject or resident in Jamaica, or in some other place in His Majesty's Dominions to which the Imperial Act extends. The owner of a published work is entitled to Copyright therein if the work was first published in Jamaica or in some other place on His Majesty's Dominions as before mentioned. Copyright extends throughout all parts of His Majesty's Dominions to which the Imperial Act extends.



## RECORD OFFICE

CHAPTER 260. The Companies Law, requires that a register of all companies incorporated under the provisions of the Law shall be kept in the Record Office by the Deputy Keeper of the Records. Building Societies and Friendly Societies established under the provisions of Chapter 261, the Building Societies Law, and Chapter 262, the Friendly Societies Law, respectively, have also to be registered in the Record Office by the Deputy Keeper of the Records. Transcripts of the Rules and Regulations of these Societies (when certified by the Attorney General) have to be filed in the Record Office; and the annual general statements of the funds and effects of the Societies and certain of the Companies registered under Chapter 260 have to be sent to the Deputy Keeper of the Records and by him published in the Jamaica Gazette. Under Chapter 296, the Trade Union Law, Trade Unions are also required to be registered at the Island Record Office by the Deputy Keeper of the Records who is Registrar of Trade Unions under the Law.

Abstracts or notes from the registers may be taken by persons interested in searching the records, but copies of all public records must be made and certified as a true copy and sealed with the seal of the office at the cost of the person desiring the same. Office copies so made and certified are evidence in all Courts of Justice, without further proof in every case in which the original record would have been received as evidence.

Deeds or writings presented for registration shall, if required, and on production of the receipt be returned at any time after registration, but if application for the return of deed or writing be not made within two months after the same has been recorded and the record thereof examined and certified, it shall be returned to the party presenting it by registered letter, addressed to him at the postal address furnished in the declaration of counting. No public record may be taken out of the Record Office unless under an order of some competent Court. All revenue is paid over to the Treasury for the use of the public.

## SCHEDULE OF FEES

	£	s.	d.
For recording deeds and other writings, per legal sheet (of 160 words) ..	0	1	6
“ plat or diagram at the rate of 1/3 for each quarter of an hour per hour .. .. .	0	5	0
“ crop accounts .. .. .	0	2	0
“ memorandum of mortgage under Benefit Building Society's Act, 1865 .. .. .	0	2	0
“ Letters Patent .. .. .	1	10	0
For making office copies of deeds or other writings recorded in the Record Office, per legal sheet (of 160 words) .. .. .	0	1	6
For each docket of land for Collector General .. .. .	0	1	6
“ receipt for any deed or writing received to be recorded (including stamp) except crop accounts, which are 2s. more ..	0	2	3
“ search per hour .. .. .	0	1	0
“ additional hour after four hours during the same day .. .. .	0	0	6
For entering satisfaction on mortgage, including search .. .. .	0	2	0
For taking each receipt for any deed or other writing delivered out of office, the receipt being lost .. .. .	0	1	0
For the production of any record in court, not including travelling expenses .. .. .	0	2	0
For preparing and recording a docket of any deed per sheet of such deed .. .. .	0	0	4
For recording “with expedition” any deed or instrument (in addition to the ordinary fees for recording) .. .. .	0	10	0
For each inspection of the Register of Companies Incorporated and Societies established by law .. .. .	0	1	0
“ certificate of registration of a Friendly Society (exclusive of Stamp Duty) .. .. .	0	5	0
For every certificate under the Building Societies Laws (exclusive of stamp duty) .. .. .	0	2	6
For registering Trade Union, Cap. 296 of the Revised Laws .. .. .	1	0	0
“ “ alteration in rules .. .. .	0	10	0
“ “ inspection of documents .. .. .	0	2	6

## REGISTRATION OF INDUSTRIAL DESIGNS

The Designs Law, Chapter 271 of the Revised Laws—now provides for the registration of Industrial Designs.

The Registrar under the Law is the Registrar-General, General Register Office, Spanish Town.

## SCHEDULE B—FEES

	£	s.	d.
Application for registration of every design .. .. .	1	0	0
Registration of every assignment, charge or transmission of copyright .. .. .	0	10	0
Publication in Gazette of any application or other matter required to be published .. .. .	0	10	0
Every search or inspection of the Register .. .. .	0	2	0
Every certificate (other than of the correctness of a copy) .. .. .	0	10	0

## WIRELESS TRANSMITTING AND RECEIVING APPARATUS

The Telegraph Control Law, Cap. 247, as amended by Law 30 of 1941, provides that no persons shall sell, establish, maintain or use, any telegraphic or telephonic apparatus, mechanism or contrivance whatsoever without Licence as prescribed in the Regulation thereunder.

*Penalty.*—A fine not less than £2 and not exceeding £200 or imprisonment with or without hard labour not exceeding twelve months; and liability to forfeiture of the apparatus.

*Fees.*—On application for a Licence, the following fees are payable to the Collector or Assistant Collector of Taxes for the Parish or District in which the apparatus is to be operated:

1. Each Radio Receiving Set .. .. .	£0	10	0
2. Each Experimental Licence Receiving and Transmitting .. .. .	1	0	0
3. Each Dealer's Licence .. .. .	1	10	0
4. Each Substitute Licence .. .. .	0	2	0

*Procedure.*—A form of application for a Licence (procurable from Collectors or Asst. Collectors of Taxes) must be filled in and sent to the Collector or Asst. Collector for the Parish or District together with the fee prescribed, and such Certificates as are required, under the Regulation.

*Renewals.*—Every Licence issued shall expire on the 31st March each year, and shall be renewed annually in the month of April by application to the Collector or Asst. Collector of Taxes for the parish or District in which the Licence is issued and payment of the fee.

If a Licensee changes his address, he should so notify the Collector or Asst. Collector of Taxes concerned and forward his Licence for endorsement.

If a Licensee desires his Licence to be cancelled he must so inform the Collector or Asst. Collector of Taxes concerned not less than 21 days before the renewal fee becomes due.

## PATENTS FOR INVENTIONS

The legal formalities in the matter of the application for and obtaining Letters Patent for Inventions are enacted in the Patent Law, Cap. 270. A brief outline, in general terms, of the course to be pursued in applying for Letters Patent is given below:—

The person desiring that Letters Patent for an invention should be granted to him should first forward to the Governor his formal petition in the form shown in the Schedule to the Law, accompanied by a declaration that he is the true inventor or discoverer of the thing for which he desires the Letters Patent, together with a description or specification with drawings where necessary, shewing in clear and exact terms the nature of the invention. He should then publish for at least four weeks in the Jamaica Gazette and in one local newspaper a notice of his having made such application stating in general terms the nature of the invention in respect of which Letters Patent are sought. Copies of the Gazette and Newspaper containing this notice should be lodged in the office of the Colonial Secretary.

The Governor will then give his order for the reference of these papers to the Attorney General for examination, and if the Attorney-General is satisfied that the application for the Letters Patent may properly be granted he returns the papers to the Governor with a certificate to this effect; and if he sees reason for disallowing the application he gives a certificate embodying his reasons for this conclusion.

The applicant for Letters Patent is required to send up with his petition the sum of £3, which is sent to the Attorney General as his fee when the papers are referred to him by the Governor. Letters Patent are subject to stamp duties to the amount of £2 and 5s. on a Power of Attorney, if necessary—See Stamp Duties, in Chapter VIII.

Letters Patent have effect for a period of 14 years from the time of being granted which may be extended by the Governor for a further term of seven years.

The Register of Patents registered is kept at the Island Record Office, Spanish Town, and is available for each search by the public on payment of a fee of one shilling for each hour of search or part thereof.

### NIGHT SHELTER

There is a Country People's Night Shelter in Kingston at the corner of Orange Street and Drummond Street. The charge is 1d. a person a night.

### WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

#### 1. MEASURE OF LENGTH

12	Inches	=	1 Foot
3	Feet	=	1 Yard
5½	Yards	=	1 Rod or Pole
40	Poles	=	1 Furlong
8	Furlongs	=	1 Mile
69 1/510	Miles	=	1 Degree of a Great Circle of the Earth.

#### Particular Measures of length

A Nail	=	2½ Inches	} Used for measuring cloth of all kinds.
Quarter	=	4 Nails	
Yard	=	4 Quarters	
Ell	=	5 Quarters	

Hand	=	4 Inches	} Used for height of horses.
Fathom	=	6 Feet	

Link	=	7 In. 92 hds	} Used in measuring depths
Chain	=	100 Links or 66 ft.	

#### 2. MEASURE OF SURFACE

144	Sq. Inches	=	1 Sq. Foot
9	Sq. Feet	=	1 Sq. Yard
30½	Sq. yards	=	1 Perch or Rod
40	Perches	=	1 Rood
4	Roods	=	1 Acre
640	Acres	=	1 Sq. Mile

#### 3. MEASURE OF SOLIDITY AND CAPACITY

##### DIVISION I.—SOLIDITY

1,728	Cubic Inches	=	1 Cubic Foot
27	Cubic Feet	=	1 Cubic Yard

##### DIVISION II.—CAPACITY

4	Gills	=	1 Pint	=	34½ cub. ins. nearly
2	Pints	=	1 Quart	=	69½ —
4	Qrts.	=	1 Gallon	=	277½ —
2	Galls.	=	1 Peck	=	554½ —
8	Galls.	=	1 Bushel	=	2218 1-5 —
8	Bush.	=	1 Quarter	=	10½ cub. ft. nearly
4	Qrs.	=	1 Load	=	51½ —

The four last denominations are used for dry goods only. For liquids several denominations have been heretofore adopted, viz.:—For Beer, the Firkin of 9 Gallons, the Kilderkin of 18, the Barrel of 36, the Hogshead of 54, and the Butt of 108 Galls. Flour is sold nominally by measure but actually by weight reckoned at 7 lbs. avoirdupois to a gallon.

#### 4. MEASURE OF WEIGHT

##### DIVISION I.—AVOIRDUPOIS WEIGHT

27½	Grains	=	1 Drachm	=	—
16	Drachms	=	1 Ounce	=	437½ gr.
16	Ounces	=	1 Pound (lb.)	=	7000 —
28	Pounds	=	1 Quarter (qr.)	=	—
4	Quarters	=	1 Hundredweight (cwt.)	=	—
20	Cwt.	=	1 Ton	=	—

This weight is used in almost all commercial transactions and in the common dealings of life.





## MEASURES

## Length

[The Metric unit of linear measure is the METRE = 39.3708 inches. It is the 10 millionth part of the arc of the meridian from the equator to the pole.]

Millimetre	=	1000th of a metre	..	=	.03937 inches
Centimetre	=	100th "	..	=	.39371 "
Decimetre	=	10th "	..	=	3.93708 "
METRE			..	=	39.3708 = 3.2809 ft.
Décamètre	=	10 metres	..	=	32.809 ft. = 10.9363 yds.
Hectomètre	=	100 "	..	=	328.09 ft. = 109.363 yds.
Kilomètre	=	1000 "	..	=	1093.63 yds = .62138 miles
Myriamètre	=	10000 "	..	=	10936.33 yds. = 6.21382 miles

NOTE 1—Since the fraction of  $\frac{1}{5}$  is equal to the decimal .625, the Metric kilomètre differs but little from the  $\frac{1}{5}$ ths of an English mile; the difference being .625— .62138 = 1.00362, which is less than the 4-1000th, or the 1-250th of a mile; so that by estimating a kilomètre at  $\frac{1}{5}$ ths of an English mile, we make an error in excess, of less than one mile in 250 miles. For the ordinary purposes of comparison therefore we may regard 8 kilometres as equal to five miles; so that the distance between any two places, expressed in kilomètres, may be converted into English miles, near enough for general itinerary objects, by multiplying the number of kilomètres by 5, and then dividing the product by 8; as in the instance in the margin, where we see that 40 kilomètres make 25 miles.

40 kilos-
5 "
8) 200
25 miles

## Surface

[The Metric unit of superficial measure is the ARE = 119.603 sq. yds. It is the square of 10 mètres; that is, of a décamètre].

Centiare = 100th of an are = 1 square mètre = 1.196 sq. yds.

ARE	..	..	=	119.603	"
Decare	=	10 ares	..	=	.2471 acres
Hectare	=	100 ares	..	=	2.471 "

## Capacity

[The Metric unit of capacity is the LITRE = 61.02705 cubic inches. It is the cube of one-tenth of a mètre, that is, of a decimètre.

Millitre	=	1000th of a litre = 1 cubic centimetre	=	.06103	cub. in.
Centilitre	=	100th "	..	=	.6103 "
Decilitre	=	10th "	..	=	6.1027 "
LITRE			..	=	61.02705 "
Decalitre	=	10 litres	..	=	610.2705 "
			..	=	2.201 gallons
Hectolitre	=	100 litres	..	=	3.53166 cub. ft. = 22.0097 gal.
Kilolitre	=	1000 " = a cub. metre	..	=	35.31658 " = 220.0967 "
Myrialitre	=	10000 "	..	=	353.1658 " = 2200.9667 "

In the measurement of *solids*, a cubic metre is called a *stere* a 10th part of which is a *Decistere*, and 10 *stères* is a *Décastère*.

## LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES IN JAMAICA

The Register of Companies registered under the Trading Companies Laws of Jamaica is kept at the Island Record Office, Spanish Town, and is available for search by the public on payment of a fee of one shilling for each inspection.

## ANNIVERSARIES AND FESTIVALS, 1950

Epiphany ..	Jan.	6	Whit Sunday ..	May	28
Septuagesima Sunday ..	Feb.	5	Celebration of King's Birthday ..	June	8
Sexagesima Sunday ..	"	12	Trinity Sunday ..	"	4
Quinquagesima ..	"	19	Midsummer Day ..	"	24
Ash Wednesday ..	Feb.	22	Emancipation Day ..	Aug.	1
St. David ..	Mar.	1	Birthday of Queen Elizabeth ..	"	4
St. Patrick ..	"	17	Michaelmas Day ..	Sept.	29
Annunciation—Lady Day ..	"	25	Birthday of King Edward VII ..	Nov.	9
Palm Sunday ..	April	2	Constitution Day ..	"	20
Good Friday ..	"	7	1st. Sunday in Advent ..	Dec.	3
Easter Day ..	"	9	Accession of King George VI ..	"	11
St. George's ..	"	23	Birthday of King George VI ..	"	14
Rogation Sunday ..	May	14	Christmas Day ..	"	25
Ascension Day ..	"	18	Boxing Day ..	"	26
Birthday of Queen Victoria ..	"	24			
Birthday of Queen Mary ..	"	26			

## PUBLIC HOLIDAYS

The following are public holidays under the Public General Holidays Law, Cap. 264:—

1. New Year's Day (1st January) or in case New Year falls on Sunday, then the day after New Year's Day.
2. Ash Wednesday
3. Easter Monday.
4. Victoria Day, the 24th of May, the birthday of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria provided that if the 24th May falls on a Saturday or Sunday, Victoria Day shall be kept on the Monday following.
5. Emancipation Day, 1st of August, unless it falls on a Saturday or Sunday, when the following Monday is to be observed.
6. Constitution Day, the 20th of November, (if the 20th falls on Saturday or Sunday, then the following Monday shall be observed.)
7. The day after Christmas Day, or when Christmas Day falls on a Sunday, then the 26th and 27th of December.
8. The day appointed by the Governor to be observed as the birthday of the reigning Sovereign. In the year 1950 this will be the 8th of June.

## STORM WARNINGS

The following warning procedure will be adopted as soon as it is considered that a hurricane or tropical storm will cause damage in Jamaica:—

1. Warnings will be published in the Press broadcast in special transmissions by the Cable and Wireless Fairview Station, VQI, and the Government Broadcasting Station, ZQI and telegraphed to all Port, Harbour Masters and Postal Telegraph Stations.
2. A red flag with a black square in the centre will be hoisted at Postal Telegraph Stations to indicate that a hurricane warning has been received; particulars of the warning will be displayed on a notice board.
3. Harbour Masters will arrange that captains of vessels are informed of all hurricane warnings received.
4. In Kingston, warning notices will also be displayed at the Island Telegraph Office, Cable and Wireless Telegraph Office, 8 Port Royal Street, and the Gleaner Company's Office in Harbour Street.

5. *Warning Signals at Kingston.* When it appears probable that winds of hurricane force will be experienced in the vicinity of Kingston, the Harbour Master will order the following signals to be displayed from the flagstaff above the Royal Mail Building, Port Royal Street:—

By Day: Two red flags with black squares in the centre

By Night: Two red lights, vertically placed, six feet apart.

6. Orders will be given to remove flags, signals and warning notices, as soon as it is considered that danger no longer exists.

7. News of the movement of hurricane and tropical storms, which, though not threatening Jamaica, may be of public interest, will be issued in the Press and in the regular news bulletins from the Government Broadcasting Station.

### U.S.A. AIR AND NAVAL BASES

The sites leased by the Government to the United States Government for provision of air and naval bases are:—

(1) The waters of the approaches to Portland Bight including Galleon Harbour, Great and Little Goat Islands and various cays, the land being an area of approximately 1½ square miles.

(2) A portion of the Healthshire Hills, including the shore line of Manatee, Coquar and Long Bays, an area of approximately 12 square miles.

(3) A tract of 19 square miles consisting of the Portland Ridge Peninsula.

(4) Pigeon Island, containing 45 acres.

(5) An area of approximately 3½ square miles, being south and west of the main roads leading from Rest to May Pen and from Race Course to May Pen respectively; including the entire villages of Gimme-me-Bit and Mannings Field and a railway reservation from Jacobs Hut.

(6) 340 acres north of the village of Cross Keys known as Glasonby.

(7) Approximately 1½ square miles near Old Harbour Bay, including a railway reservation leading from Bodle's Pen.

(8) Five acres north of Hordley, in St. Thomas, known as Moro.

(9) Twelve acres near Bamboo, in St. Ann.

(10) Eight acres near Negril, in Westmoreland, known as Airy Mount.

### JEWISH CALENDAR

NOTABLE DAYS IN 5710-5711

			1950
Fast of Esther	..	..	Mar. 2
Feast of Purim	..	..	Mar. 3
First Night Seder	..	..	April 1
First Day Passover	..	..	April 2
Seventh Day Passover	..	..	April 8
First Day Pentecost	..	..	May 22
Second Day Pentecost	..	..	May 23
Fast of Ab	..	..	July 23
First Day New Year	..	..	Sept. 12
Second Day New Year	..	..	Sept. 13
Day of Atonement	..	..	Sept. 21
First Day Tabernacles	..	..	Sept. 26
Second Day Tabernacles	..	..	Sept. 27
Eight Day Solemn Assembly	..	..	Oct. 3
Rejoicing of the Law	..	..	Oct. 4
Feast of Chanukah	..	..	Dec. 4

## TRADE UNIONS ON REGISTER

## (CHAPTER 296)

Name of Union	Address
Postal and Telegraph Workers Union .. ..	129 Tower St., Kingston
Public Works Employees Union .. ..	do.
Jamaica Fruit Selectors and Tally Clerks Union .. ..	88 Church St., Kingston
Water Commission Manual Workers Association .. ..	58 Luke Lane, Kingston
Jamaica Clerical Workers Association .. ..	5 Duke St., Kingston
Bustamante Industrial Trades Union .. ..	98 Duke St., Kingston
Jamaica Government Railway Employees Union .. ..	129 Tower St., Kingston
Jamaica Printers and Allied Workers Union .. ..	do.
Caterers and Hotel Employees Union .. ..	do.
Machado Employees Union .. ..	do.
Municipal and Parochial Workers Union .. ..	do.
Government Hospitals and Prisons Employees Union .. ..	do.
Jamaica United Clerks Association .. ..	do.
Government Auxiliary Workers Union .. ..	do.
Factory and General Workers Union .. ..	do.
Government Printing Office Employees Union .. ..	31 Drummond St., Kingston
Jamaica Progressive Seamen's Union .. ..	109 Tower St., Kingston
Tramway, Transport and General Workers Union .. ..	155a King St., Kingston
Shipping Association of Jamaica Union .. ..	134 Harbour St., Kingston
Master Printers and Allied Trades Association of Jamaica .. ..	8 King St., Kingston
Jamaica Radical Workers Union .. ..	37 Barnett St., Montego Bay
Jamaica Ex-Servicemen and People's Trades and Labour Union No. 1. .. ..	81 Hanover St., Kingston
Maritime Union of Jamaica .. ..	5 Duke St., Kingston
Licensed Sanitary Constructors Association .. ..	116 Orange St., Kingston
The Jamaica Tobacco Workers Union .. ..	129 Tower Street, Kingston

## COLONIAL DEVELOPMENT AND WELFARE

The West India Royal Commission in 1938-39 reported that there was a pressing need for large expenditure on social services and development in the West Indies and considered it essential that a new organisation should be set up to work out, in collaboration with the local Governments concerned, long term programmes on social reform and schemes of development and welfare for which grants from the United Kingdom might be recommended. Arising out of these recommendations, the Colonial Development and Welfare Act of 1940, was passed which provides for expenditure from the United Kingdom Exchequer on schemes for development and welfare in the Colonial Empire. The Colonial Development and Welfare Act of 1940 was originally limited in duration to a period of 10 years and would have expired on the 31st of March, 1951. An Act of Parliament was passed in 1945 however, which provides for an extension of the period of the Act to 1956 and provides for an extension of the financial provision of the Act from £5,000,000 per annum for development and £500,000 for research to £120,000,000 for all purposes for a ten-year period commencing on the 1st of April, 1946, subject to a maximum issue in any one financial year of £17,500,000.

The post of Comptroller for Development and Welfare in the West Indies was created on the 1st of September, 1940. In June, 1941, the Comptroller and his staff visited Jamaica and remained in this Colony for a period of over four months, when matters connected with agriculture, education, public health, water supplies, housing and social welfare as well as other problems were given consideration. Visits of shorter duration have since been paid by the Comptroller and his advisers. Many useful memoranda have been written by the staff of the Comptroller on these subjects and applications for assistance under the Act in respect of schemes for development and welfare have been made from time to time. In 1947 the post of Controller was replaced by that of Chairman, Development and Welfare Organisation, and Sir. Hubert Rance, G.C.M.G., G.B.E., C.B., appointed thereto. At the same time a new post of Chief Advisor, Development and Welfare Organisation, was also created and Mr. S. A. Hammond, C.M.G., appointed thereto.

**3. ESTABLISHMENT OF DEVELOPMENT AND WELFARE ORGANISATION**

*Chairman:* Development and Welfare Organisation, Sir. Hubert Rance, G.C.M.G., K.B.E., C.B., *Chief Advisor:* Mr. S. A. Hammond, C.M.G.

**ADMINISTRATION:**

*Administrative Secretary*—C. Y. Carstairs

*Secretaries*—R. Norris, M.B.E., M. A. Greenhill, M.B.E., M. S. Staveley

*Assistant Secretary*—K. McGowan

**AGRICULTURE:**

*Agricultural Adviser and Inspector General of Agriculture*—Vac.

*Sugar Agronomist*—P. E. Turner, M.Sc., F.I.C.

*Cotton Officer*—J. V. Lochrie, O.B.E.

**ECONOMICS:**

*Economic Adviser*—Professor C. G. Beasley

**EDUCATION:**

*Educational Adviser*—J. L. Nichol

*Assistant Educational Adviser for Vocational Training*—William Healey, B.Sc., M.I.

Mech. E., A.M.I.C.E.

**ENGINEERING:**

*Engineering Adviser*—Vacant

*Hydraulic and Electrical Engineer*—Vac.

*Engineering Draughtsman*—G. F. Owen, A.R.I.B.A.

**HOUSING AND TOWN PLANNING:**

*Town Planning Adviser*—Vac.

*Technical Assistant*—L. G. Creed, A.R.I.B.A., A.M.T.P.I.

*Building Research Officer*—W. M. Woodhouse, M.A., A.R.I.B.A.

**LABOUR:**

*Labour Adviser*—Vac.

**MEDICAL:**

*Medical Adviser*—Dr. J. W. P. Harkness, C.M.G., O.B.E.

**SOCIAL WELFARE:**

*Social Welfare Adviser*—Miss D. Iberson, C.B.E.

**COLONIAL DEVELOPMENT AND WELFARE SCHEMES**

Up to the 31st of March, 1949, the total assistance received under the Colonial Development and Welfare Acts, 1940 and 1945, by this Colony by way of grant and loan totalled £3,729,203. It is estimated that a further £1,048,316 will be received under approved schemes during the year 1949-50, making a total of £4,777,519 received up to 31.3.50.

Since 1st April, 1946 the remaining assistance allocated to Jamaicans the CD & W Acts, namely £6½ million, has been incorporated in a Ten Year Plan of Development, involving the expenditure of about £ 21½ million, the balance of £15 million to be found by the Government of Jamaica, from general revenue in the annual budget or by loan.

## HONOURS

## Persons resident in Jamaica on whom Honours have been conferred:

*Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George:*

His Excellency Sir John Huggins, M.C.

*Knights Bachelor:*

Morrison, Hon. Sir William  
 D'Costa, Hon. Sir Alfred Horace  
 Livingston, Hon. Sir Noel Brooks  
 Wainwright, Sir Gilbert Cochrane, O.B.E.  
 Hearne, Hon. Sir Horace Hector  
 Allan, Hon. Sir Harold Egbert, O.B.E.  
 Barker, Hon. Sir Robert Beacroft, O.B.E.

*Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George:*

Sewell, Brig. Gen. H. S., D.S.O.  
 Barnes, Arthur Chapman  
 Jones, Guilym Arthur  
 MacGillivray, Hon. D. C. M.B.E.

*Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire:*

Hallinan, Dr. Thomas John  
 Alexander, Hon. Harold V.  
 Fox, Harold Robert Leslie  
 Taylor, Dr. Thomas Weston Johns  
 Campbell, Charles Rudolph

*Officers of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire:*

Bourne, Mrs. Katherine Hyde  
 Seymour, Hon. George Seymour  
 Simms, Henry M.V.O.  
 Hudson-Heaven, Lt. Col. L. G. (Mil.)  
 Wainwright, Sir Gilbert Cochrane  
 Clark, J. McIntosh (Mil.)  
 Downer, Lindsay Pierrepont  
 Allan, Hon. Sir Harold Egbert  
 Barker, Hon. Sir Robert Beacroft  
 DeCordova, Mrs. Judith  
 Fitzmaurice, Dr. L. W.  
 McNeill, Lt. Col. Kenneth (Mil.)  
 Evenett, H. J.  
 Thelwell, Capt. Arthur Frederick  
 Moulton-Barrett, Lt. Col. Edward F. (Mil.)

Sharp, Hon. G. G. R.  
 Westmoreland, Dr. A. S.  
 Watkins, Col. H. C., M.C., (Mil.)  
 Johnston, Dr. Curtis Daniel  
 McFarlane, J. E. Clare  
 Drury, Col. Harold (Mil.)  
 Walker, Hon. S. M.  
 MacDonald, Herbert  
 Baxter, Dr. George Frederick  
 Gordon, Alexander MacKenzie  
 Mount, Brigadier C. B.  
 Hargreaves, Geoffry  
 Hopkins, Lister George  
 Clayton, Lt. Col. Roscoe, (Mil.)

*Members of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire:*

Cargill, John Henry  
 Coke-Kerr, Mrs. Maud  
 Westmoreland, Mrs. Josephine  
 Rutty, Aston Sheddon (Cay. Is.)  
 Don, Charles  
 Pantan, A. C. (Cay. Is.)  
 Palmer, W. J.  
 Bird, Eustace Noel  
 MacGillivray, Hon. D. C., C.M.G.  
 Bodden, R. B. (Cay. Is.)  
 Jones, W. I. (Cay. Is.)  
 Walton, Miss A.  
 Greenwood, Capt. F. C. (Mil.)  
 Curphy, Hon. Dr. Aldington George M.C. (Mil.)  
 Jack, Enos L.  
 Campbell, Lt. Col. Archibald (Mil.)  
 Jeffrey-Smith, Miss M. T.  
 Scudamore, Capt. Stanley (Mil.)  
 Scovell, Lieut. A. E. (Mil.)  
 Nunes, F. V.  
 Dawson, Major H. S. (Mil.)  
 Mills, J. J.  
 Pantan, E. O. (Cay. Is.)  
 Purcell, Major F. H. V. (Mil.)  
 Hollar, Miss Anna C. J.  
 Rowland, Capt. Wallace (Mil.)  
 Willis, T. W. (Turks Is.)  
 Swaby, Charles Leonard  
 French, S. M.  
 Crawford, Cecil E. (Turks Is.)  
 Pantan, E. O.  
 Jones, Major A. J. Arango  
 Richards, Rev. W. H.  
 Graham, Jack  
 Moody, Mrs. Vera

*Member of the Royal Victorian Order:*

Simms, Henry, O.B.E.

*Holders of the British Empire Medal:*

Leslie, William  
 Williams, Elkanah  
 Sievwright, Ronald  
 Kerr, Sgt-Major J. F. A. A. (Mil.)  
 Jones, Sgt. C. (Mil.)  
 Lopez, Sgt. Carmen Claudia (Mil.)  
 DeCordova, Vincent Felix  
 King, Harvey A.

*King's Counsel in Jamaica:*

Radcliffe, H. M.  
 Manley, Norman Washington  
 Mayers, Hon. Thomas Henry  
 Cundall, J. Leslie

HONOURS, *contd.*

*Companions of the Imperial Service Order:-*      *Kings Police Medal, contd.*

Hall, Duncan Hamilton  
Fraser, Walter Mortimer  
Fletcher, Reginald Honon  
Neilson, C. D.  
Goode, Geo. D.  
Martinez, Roy Sidney

*Imperial Service Medal:*

Livingston, C. A.

*King's Police Medal:*

Black, W. N.  
O'Toole, B.  
O'Connor, J. M.

Murphy, J.  
Higgins, S. V.  
Wellington, H. M.  
Vassall, Reuben E.  
Spencer, T. E.  
Beckett, J. U.  
Hamilton, Z.  
Harper, A. B.  
Stanley, L. E.  
Watson, U. A.  
Smith, Clive Alexander  
Long, Peter  
Ricketts, James Nathaniel  
Williams, Samuel Octavious

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## CHAPTER XXII

### THE DEPENDENCIES

#### TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS

**GEOGRAPHICAL.**—The Turks and Caicos Islands lie between 21° and 22° N. latitude and 71° and 72° 50' W. longitude, at the south-east end of the Bahama Islands, and just below the tropic of Cancer. They lie about 90 miles to the north of the Dominican Republic, about 720 miles to the south of Bermuda, and about 450 miles to the north-east of Jamaica.

They consist of two groups of islands, separated by a deep-water channel about 22 miles wide known as the Turks Islands passage. The Turks Islands lie to the east of the passage and the Caicos Islands to the west. The area of these islands is estimated to be about 166 square miles, but, as no thorough survey of the group has ever been made, this figure may be below the mark.

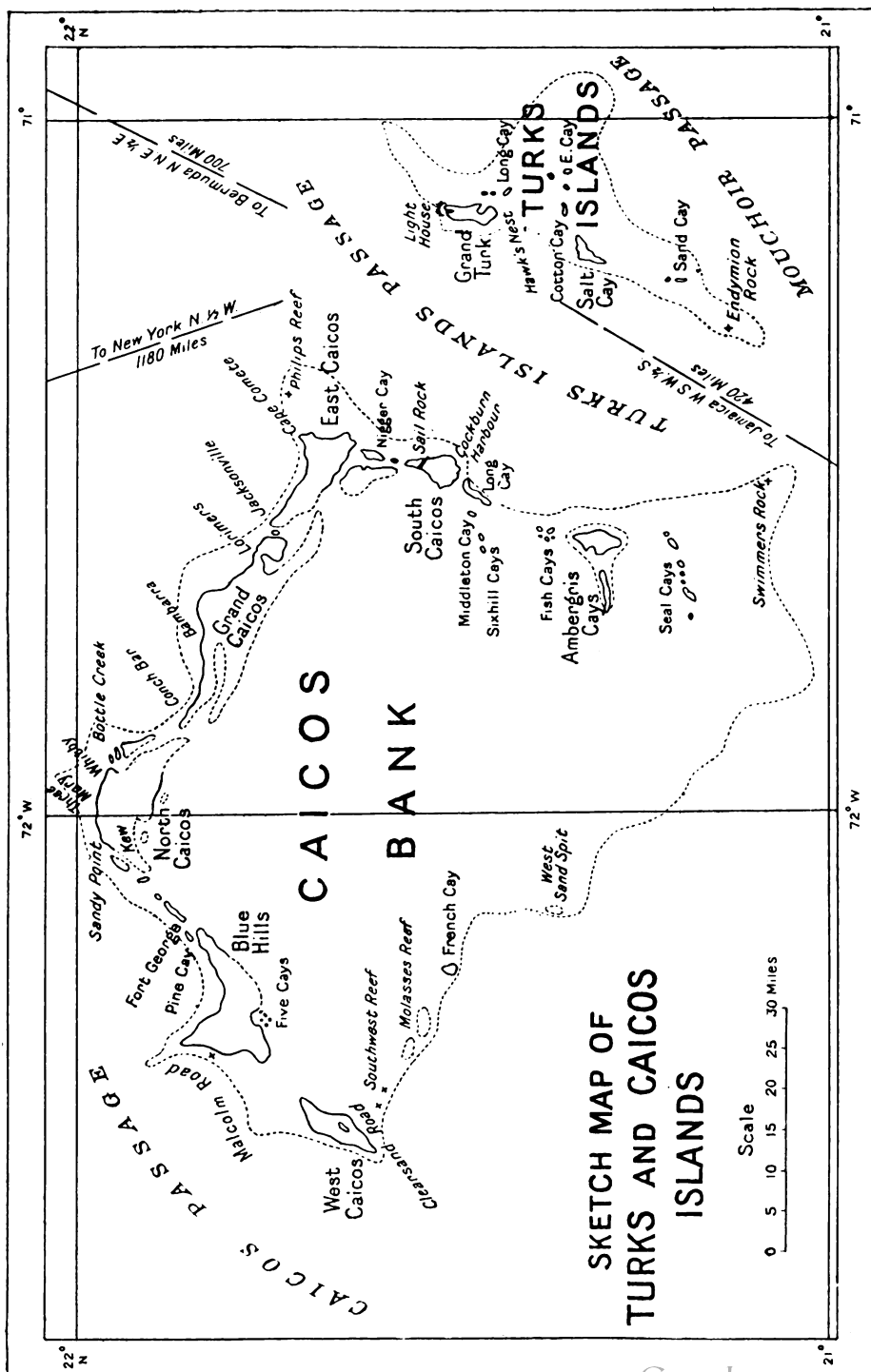
The Turks Islands consist of two inhabited islands, Grand Turk and Salt Cay, four uninhabited islands or cays, and a large number of islets and rocks. These islands derived their names from a species of cactus found there by the early settlers, the scarlet head of which was said to resemble a Turkish Fez.

The Caicos Islands, which lie to the west of the channel, surround the Caicos Bank, a triangular shoal 58 miles long on its northern side and 56 miles long on its eastern and western sides, respectively. The northern and eastern sides of the bank are bounded by a chain of islands, separated from each other by narrow passages or channels.

**HISTORICAL.**—The Turks and Caicos Islands were discovered in 1512 by Juan Ponce de Leon while on a voyage from Puerto Rico. These Islands remained uninhabited, probably on account of the sterility of the soil and the scanty rainfall, until the year 1678, when a party of Bermudians arrived and established the salt raking industry. From that date onwards parties of Bermudians used to resort annually to the Turks Islands to rake salt arriving about the month of March and returning to Bermuda about November when the salt raking season was over. Several attempts were made by the Spaniards and the French to obtain possession of the islands. In the year 1766 the King was pleased to appoint an agent, Mr. Andrew Symmer, "to reside there and by his residence on the spot to insure the right of the island to His Majesty." By an Order in Council in 1781 regulations were approved for the management of the salinas (salt ponds) and for the preservation of order in general amongst the inhabitants. In 1790 Colonel Alexander Murray arrived as the agent of the Crown, and in 1799 an act was passed by the Bahama Legislature which placed the Turks and Caicos Islands under the Bahama Government, and so they remained until 1848 when, in answer to a petition from the inhabitants, the Queen granted a separate charter to the "Turks Island and the islands and Cays commonly known as the Caicos Islands." Under this charter the islands had an elective Legislative Council and a President administering the government, but this system was found burdensome in the altered circumstances caused by the fall in the price of salt, and in 1873 a petition was presented to the Queen praying for the abrogation of the charter. The islands were then annexed to Jamaica and still remain one of its dependencies. Under this new arrangement the government is administered by a Commissioner as chief executive officer, who is also President of the Legislative Board.

The Turks and Caicos Islands are subject to hurricanes. Severe hurricanes occurred in 1837, 1866, 1888, 1908, 1926, 1928 and 1945, the most severe being those of 1866 and 1945. Over £40,000 was spent in repairing damage done by the hurricane of 1945 and even this sum was inadequate to deal with more than part of the damage. Generous help was received from the British and Jamaican Governments, and from subscribers in Jamaica, Bermuda and Nassau.

A number of endeavours have been made by means of subsidies to secure a regular steamer service with Jamaica but they have been short-lived, the first contract being with the Atlas Company in 1873. Since 1940 it has proved impossible to maintain any regular steamer service. The essential needs of the Dependency are at present met by a small motor vessel which plies between Jamaica and Grand Turk at roughly monthly intervals.





The first Cable was landed at Grand Turk in 1898 by the Halifax and Bermuda Cable Company which later became known as the Direct West India Cable Company Ltd. In 1923 an inter-island radio service was inaugurated and was operated until 1941 when the Grand Turk station was taken over by Cable and Wireless Ltd., who also took over the Direct West India Cable Company's cables. The Salt Cay and Cockburn Harbour sets which work in conjunction with Cable and Wireless Ltd., are still operated by Government. It is believed that this was the first radio telephone service to be operated by a British Dependency. Cable and Wireless Ltd. also established wireless connection with the Dominican Republic in 1941. A direct Radio Telephone service between Grand Turk and Jamaica was opened by Cable and Wireless Ltd., on December 1st, 1947.

During the second World War an anti-aircraft battery was stationed at Grand Turk. The last Garrison had been withdrawn over 80 years before when a detachment of the 1st West India Regiment under the command of Ensign Nolan was withdrawn to Nassau. A temporary air base was established by the United States Army Air Force on South Caicos Island in 1944 and an airstrip constructed. The base and strip were handed over to the Government of the Turks and Caicos Islands in 1947.

**CONSTITUTION.**—The Legislature consists of a Legislative Board comprising the Commissioner as President, 2 official members, and 3 unofficial members nominated by the Crown. The Governor of Jamaica has a supervising power over the local government and his assent to the ordinances of the Legislative Board is necessary. Laws passed by the Legislative Council of Jamaica which are in express terms made applicable to the Turks and Caicos Islands take effect there. The Supreme Court of Judicature of Jamaica has jurisdiction in matrimonial and divorce causes and has been constituted a Court of Appeal from the Supreme Court of the Dependency.

**Climate.**—Although the islands are within the tropics the climate is not unhealthy. The severe heat in the hot months is tempered by the constant sea breezes. The temperature ranges from 64 degrees minimum to 94 degrees maximum. The average rainfall in the year 1943, from observations taken at four stations throughout the islands, was 31.39 inches. The maximum precipitation was recorded at Cockburn Harbour, measuring 36.88 inches, and the minimum at Salt Cay registering 26.27 inches. The average annual rainfall during the previous ten years amounted to 29.74 inches.

**Grand Turk.**—Grand Turk is situated on the eastern side of the Turks Islands passage and is approximately 7 miles long and  $1\frac{1}{2}$  miles wide. It is the capital, and the Commissioner resides there. The island has a population of about 1,693, of whom about four-fifths are of African descent. The only settlement is Cockburn Town, on the western side of the Island, where almost the entire population live. The town contains the various public offices and the prison; several stores, a market, a public library and reading room, four churches (two Anglican, one Wesleyan, and one Baptist), and Masonic and other society lodges. There is a local public telephone system connecting the public offices, business places and private residences. Vessels lie at anchor about 500 yards from the shore, and cargoes are conveyed between ship and shore by lighters. There is a lighthouse at the north-east end of the island. The elevation of the light is 108 feet above sea-level. This light can be seen 15 miles off in clear weather. There is a range of low hills running almost the entire length of the island on the eastern side, the greatest elevation being about 75 feet. The island is covered with low, scrubby vegetation, with stunted, hardy trees scattered here and there. The principal industry in Grand Turk is the production and export of salt, for which there is a good demand in the United States and Canada for meat packing and fish curing purposes. The salt ponds cover about 230 acres. There are 5 salt crushing mills on the island. Automobiles and horse-drawn carriages are used as conveyances.

**Salt Cay.**—Salt Cay, which lies about 7 miles to the south-west of Grand Turk, is the only other inhabited island of the Turks Islands group. The area is about 4 square miles. The population, about 395 depend almost entirely on the salt ponds, 120 acres in extent, for their living.

**South Caicos.**—This island is situated at the south-east end of the Caicos Island and it is the only island of that group in which the salt industry is carried on. The area is about 8 square miles and the salt ponds (including reservoirs) cover about 400 acres. The population of South Caicos is about 834. The Government is represented by a District Commissioner, who resides at Cockburn Harbour (also known as East Harbour).

*East Caicos.*—This island, the north-eastern of the group, was formerly devoted to the cultivation of sisal and the production of fibre. The industry was abandoned in 1919, and the island is now uninhabited.

*Middle Caicos.*—Separated by a narrow passage from East Caicos lies Middle Caicos or, as it is sometimes called, Grand Caicos. This island, the largest of the Caicos group, is 25 miles long and 12 miles wide. On it are situated the villages of Lorimers, Bombarra and Conch Bar, with a total population about 720. The inhabitants are engaged in agriculture.

*North Caicos.*—To the north-west of Middle Caicos lies North Caicos, an island about 12 miles long, with fertile soil. The principal settlements are Kew and Bottle Creek. The population of this island is about 1,704, mostly engaged in agriculture and fishing.

*Parrot Cay, Dellis Cay and Others.*—Lying to the west of North Caicos are several small cays, the principal ones being Parrot Cay and Dellis Cay. The cultivation of cotton was abandoned at Parrot Cay in 1925.

*Providenciales or Blue Hills.*—Continuing the chain of islands, which in the form of a semicircle encloses the eastern and western sides of the Caicos Bank, and to the westward of the islands just mentioned, is the island of Providenciales, or Blue Hills, one of the largest of the Caicos group. This island is 17 miles long by 12 miles wide, and contains a population of about 802. From this island sponge fishing is carried on.

*West Caicos.*—West Caicos, also known as Belle Isle, is situated about 12 miles to the south-west of Providenciales. This island is about 8 miles long and 2 miles wide. A large amount of money was spent in an attempt to develop the resources of this island which attempt was abandoned, and the island is now uninhabited.

#### INDUSTRIES

*Salt Industry.*—The Salt Industry remains today as for the last 270 years since the Industry was established by the early Bermudians, the principal source of revenue of these islands, which are ideally situated for this purpose. The combination of low lying flat islands, unlimited supplies of salt water, a steady trade wind, a low rainfall and the heat of the tropical sun provides the conditions needed for the cheap manufacture of salt. Salt cargoes were carried until the 1930's in sailing vessels and even young people can recall occasions when six or more schooners, brigs and square riggers would be lying in the roadsteads taking or awaiting cargo. The coming of war hastened the disappearance of these ships. The requisitioning of steam and motor vessels for war purposes prevented tonnage becoming available for salt shipments and by 1942 the industry was at a standstill. As a relief measure the British Government purchased the salt crop raked in the years 1942 to 1945. These stocks were seriously damaged during the great hurricane of 1945 but at the end of 1946 over 50,000 tons remained and an even larger quantity of privately owned salt. During 1947, 50,000 tons of Government salt was sold to Japan and about 20,000 tons of private salt was shipped, chiefly to dollar areas. Most of the salt was sold at an exceedingly low price but the sales provided employment.

During 1948 conditions in the Industry improved to some extent but the urgent need for reorganisation and heavy capital investment remained. It is anticipated that the Colonial Development Corporation will operate the Industry on behalf of the Dependency starting during 1949.

*Fishing Industry.*—There is a fair amount of fishing for local consumption but despite a prolonged trial the salting of fish for export has not proved a success.

The export of dried conchs to Haiti continues and is a useful dollar earning industry. About 3,000,000 conchs a year are exported.

The export of crawfish from the Caicos Banks is now being organised and should prove a steady source of income to the Caicos fishermen for a number of years. The market for crawfish is the United States and useful dollar earnings will result.

The sponge industry is dormant as the banks have not recovered from the disease which ruined them about eight years ago. Recovery was retarded by the great hurricane of 1945.

*Minor Industries.*—Sea Island Cotton and sisal are grown in small quantities. Marketing is being actively pursued.

## VITAL STATISTICS

The population of the Dependency at the Census of the 4th January, 1943, was 6,148.

The white population numbering about 117, is composed almost entirely of the descendants of the Bermudians. During the year 1948, 195 births were registered, giving a birth-rate of 30 per 1,000. During the same period 88 deaths were recorded, the death-rate being 13.5 per 1,000. 36 marriages were registered.

## ESTIMATES 1949-50

Revenue			Expenditure		
	£	s. d.		£	s. d.
Customs	16,300	0 0	Pensions	1,213	0 0
Royalty	4,800	0 0	Commissioner's Dept.	5,631	0 0
Port Dues	650	0 0	Treasury and Customs	3,602	0 0
Licences and Other			Judicial Department	1,240	0 0
Internal Revenue	665	0 0	Police Department	2,811	0 0
Fees of Court and Office	318	0 0	Prison Department	1,878	0 0
Departmental Revenue	186	0 0	Medical Department	5,225	0 0
Reimbursements	1,100	0 0	Paupers and Lunatics	1,200	0 0
Post Office	30,240	0 0	Education	2,614	0 0
Interest	100	0 0	Miscellaneous	3,450	0 0
Miscellaneous Receipts	1,585	0 0	Post Office	3,449	0 0
			Lighthouses	1,736	0 0
Total Ordinary Revenue	£55,944	0 0	Savings Bank	392	0 0
Land Sales	1	0 0	Public Works Department	536	0 0
C.D. & W. Schemes	4,795	0 0	Public Works Recurrent	3,625	0 0
Hurricane (1945)					
Relief and Rehabilitation			Total Ordinary Exp.	£38,602	0 0
Imperial Food Subsidy	28,000	0 0	Public Works Extraordinary	4,110	0 0
Investments	11,500	0 0	Industries	1,000	0 0
Total Revenue	£100,240	0 0	Grant to Hurricane Reserve Fund	500	0 0
			C. D. & W. Schemes	4,210	0 0
			Repayment Loan		
			Instalment re Sisal Farms, Jca. Govt.	800	0 0
			Land Purchases	10	0 0
			Imperial Food Subsidy	28,000	0 0
			Food Control Dept.	5,073	0 0
			Investments	11,500	0 0
			Unallocated Stores	1,000	0 0
			Total Expenditure	£94,805	0 0

## IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

	£	£	£	£	£
	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
Imports ..	58,272	93,731	60,864	83,198	82,756
Exports ..	14,367	21,293	31,891	53,556	62,415
Imports were:—					
From United Kingdom	740	330	509	3,096	622
From British Dominions	40,527	78,440	50,965	63,121	52,831
From Foreign Countries	17,005	14,961	9,390	16,981	29,303
Exports were:					
To United Kingdom	..	..	5	..	..
To British Dominions	10,510	17,607	26,704	23,678	25,448
To Foreign Countries	3,867	3,686	5,187	29,869	36,967

## SALT SHIPMENTS—VALUE

	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
	£	£	£	£	£
United States ..	50	..	1,833	348	3,192
Canada ..	2,728	4,476	4,873	7,488	3,174
Jamaica ..	7,730	6,745	11,382	10,475	12,176
United Kingdom ..	..	..	5	..	..
St. Vincent ..	..	..	101	..	..
Newfoundland ..	..	..	7,543	6,562	12,384
Japan				25,889	26,847
					57,773

EDUCATION—GRANT £2,614

C. D. W. Grant 1,000

£3,614

School	No. on Roll	Ave. Attdee.
Senior ..	28	26
Elementary ..	894	612

## COMMUNICATIONS

Mails and passengers are conveyed between Jamaica and Turks Islands by Motor Vessel. There is also an airmail service fortnightly via the Dominican Republic.

The Government radio-telephone service has been transferred to Cable and Wireless (W.I) Ltd., and continues to operate between Grand Turk, Salt Cay, Cockburn Harbour and Jamaica.

## CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT

*Commissioner*—His Honour C. E. Wool-Lewis, £1,000, Duty Allowance £100, residence.

*Judge of the Supreme Court*—D. A. R. Alexander—Acting.

*Magistrate*—D. A. R. Alexander (Seconded)—£600 to £700 by £50, residence.

*Government Medical Officers*—Seconded for service from Jamaica.

*Turks Islands*—Dr. S. C. Dryden; *Caicos Islands*—Dr. N. M. Antonio, £800 to £900 without private practice, residence.

*Treasurer, Postmaster, Collector of Customs, Registrar of Shipping and Manager, Savings Bank*—T. W. Willis; M.B.E. £750; House Allowance £50.

*Assistant Treasurer*—E. T. Wood—£525-25 to £600.

*Treasury Officer*—A. A. M. Tatem—£300-25 to £400.

*District Commissioner, Caicos Islands*—John W. Astwood (Acting)—£300-25 to 500.

*Headmaster, Senior School*—Miss H. J. Robinson (Acting)—£240.

*Mechanical Superintendent*—A. Astwood—£300 by £25 to £500.

*Building Supervisor*—H. J. Lee—£420 by £25 to £470.

*Manager, Salt Industry*—B. D. Kelly—£700 by £25 to £800.

*Agricultural Officer*—Vacant

*Competent Authority*—H. E. Sadler also Assistant Commissioner £600 by £50 to £700, residence.

*Government Dentist*—Dr. D. O. Astwood—£750.

*Legislative Board*—

*Commissioner (President)*

*Magistrate*

*Treasurer*

F. B. Harriott

E. G. Ewing

F. C. Grant

} Unofficial Members

*Salt Industry Board*

B. D. Kelly (Chairman)

L. E. Astwood

Hon. F. C. Grant

Hon. F. B. Harriott

J. Morgan

A. J. Durham

D. O. Astwood

Vacant

} Members

*CONSULS*—W. Stanley Jones, M.B.E., Haiti; J. Delgado, Dominican Republic.









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	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
	£	£	£	£	£
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Canada ..	2,728	4,476	4,873	7,488	3,174
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United Kingdom ..	..	..	5	..	..
St. Vincent ..	..	..	101	..	..
Newfoundland ..	..	..	7,543	6,562	12,384
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*Competent Authority*—H. E. Sadler also *Assistant Commissioner* £600 by £50 to £700, residence.

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*Legislative Board*—  
*Commissioner (President)*

*Magistrate*

*Treasurer*

F. B. Harriott

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} Unofficial Members

*Salt Industry Board*

B. D. Kelly (Chairman)

L. E. Astwood

Hon. F. C. Grant

Hon. F. B. Harriott

J. Morgan

A. J. Durham

D. O. Astwood

Vacant

} Members

**CONSULS**—W. Stanley Jones, M.B.E., *Haiti*; J. Delgado, *Dominican Republic*.

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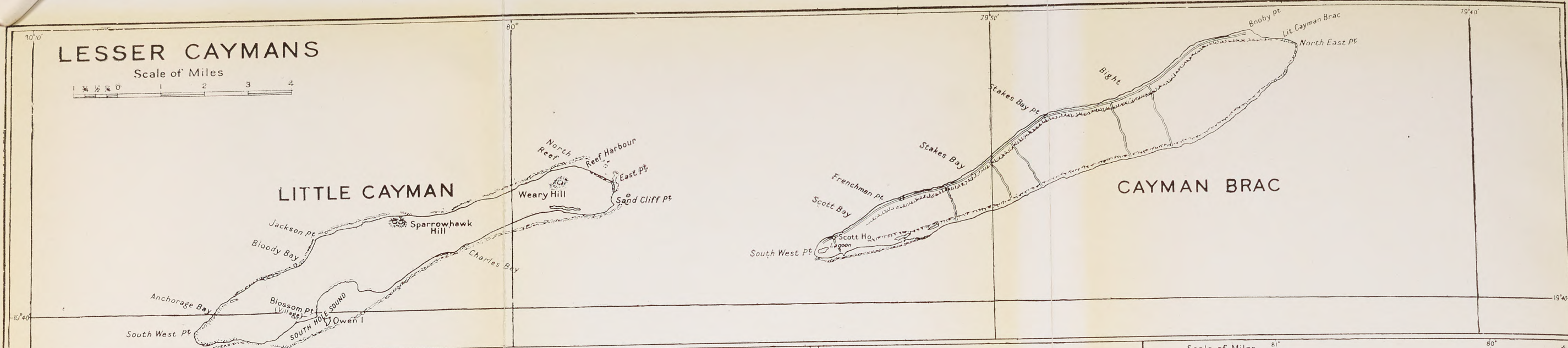
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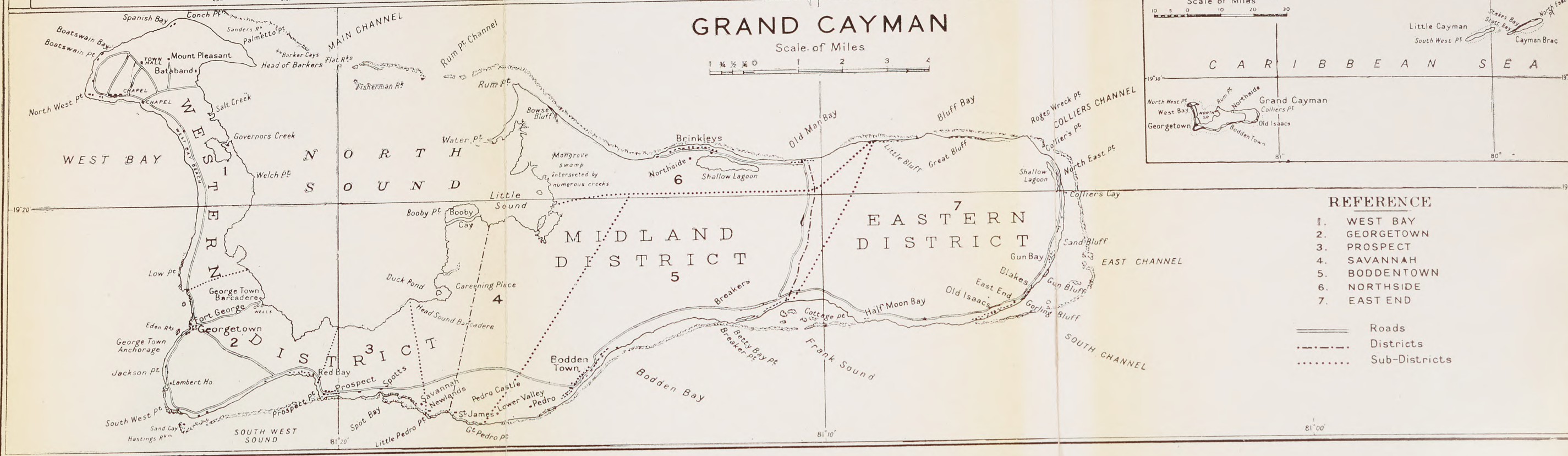
Scale of Miles

0 1 2 3 4

1 2 3 4






Scale of Miles



## REFERENCE

1. WEST BAY
2. GEORGETOWN
3. PROSPECT
4. SAVANNAH
5. BODDENTOWN
6. NORTHSIDE
7. EAST END

-  Roads
-  Districts
-  Sub-Districts



## CAYMAN ISLANDS

*Geographical.*—The Cayman Islands consists of three small islands in the Caribbean Sea, lying north-west of Jamaica, and approximately mid-way between that island and the south-west coast of Cuba. Sixty miles intervene between Grand Cayman and Little Cayman, and four miles east of the latter is Cayman Brac. The group lies between 79.83 and 81.30 west longitude and the 19th and 20th parallels of north latitude. Grand Cayman the largest of the islands, is about 20 miles in length from east to west, four miles in width at the east and seven at the west. No part of the island is more than 50 feet above the surrounding ocean. Cayman Brac is 11 miles long by one and a quarter miles at its widest. Traversing its length from east to west is a central ridge of rock with precipitous sides, 150 feet high at the eastern end and sloping to the general level a few feet above the sea at the western end. Water-worn caverns are noticed along the entire length of this ridge, locally called the Bluff, indicating that the low land around the base, much the smaller part of the island's area, has been recently, in a geological sense, elevated above the sea. Little Cayman, the smallest of the group, is flat and largely a sand ridge above the surrounding ocean. A large and shallow reef lies about ten miles west of Grand Cayman and a smaller reef some two miles north east of the same island. Both provide excellent fishing grounds. The 100 fathoms ocean depth closely encircles the islands. A basin in the ocean floor, known as Bartlett's Deep and said to be one of the deepest areas in the Caribbean, lies parallel with and south of the islands from 25 to 30 miles off shore.

*Historical.*—The islands were discovered by Columbus on the 10th May, 1503, but were not occupied by the Spaniards. They were first called Las Tortugas, on account of the number of turtle in the surrounding waters. The present name is supposed to be derived from "caiman"—alligator—this reptile being at one time numerous in the smaller islands. Settlement flowed from Jamaica in the first half of the 18th century; but many of the present inhabitants bear the surnames of British seamen wrecked either on the islands or on the neighbouring coast of Cuba who have remained domiciled in the Dependency.

*Constitution.*—In the early days of settlement public affairs were managed by the Justices of the Peace, appointed by the Governor of Jamaica, acting with and under the direction of a locally elected "governor". To this body elected vestrymen were subsequently added, and in 1833 a Custos was commissioned. In 1863 an Act was passed by the Imperial Parliament (26 and 27 Vic. chapter 31) recognising the existence of acts and resolutions passed by the local body and validating such as should be subsequently assented to by the Governor of Jamaica. As provided in the Imperial Act, the Legislature of Jamaica may make laws for the peace, order and good government of the Dependency and may amend or repeal any of the laws locally passed. Under the provisions of Jamaica Law 24 of 1898, as amended by Law 33 of 1920, the Governor of Jamaica has power to appoint a Commissioner to administer the affairs of the Dependency. The Commissioner performs the duties of Collector-General and Treasurer, and presides in the Grand Court where, when sitting alone, he has the powers of three Justices of the Peace. The Assembly of Justices and Vestry consists of the Commissioner, as President, twenty-eight Justices named in a General Commission of the Peace, and twenty-seven elected Vestry men representing the several districts. Five Justices and eight Vestrymen form a quorum. There is an appeal from the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands to the Supreme Court of Judicature of Jamaica; and this Court has exclusive jurisdiction in matters of divorce.

*Geological Survey.*—In 1924, Dr. C. A. Matley, D.Sc., Government Geologist of Jamaica, visited the Dependency for the purpose of studying its geology. Apart from its scientific interest, the geology of the islands was one of local speculation, for in the previous year an oil-pro prospector, impressed by the conformation of the land in its relation with the surrounding ocean floor, had visited the islands and shown some activity in securing, prospecting and boring rights over large areas of land. Dr. Matley describes the islands as being the only projecting peaks of the submarine Cayman Ridge which extends from the Sierra Maestra Range of Cuba to the Misteriosa Bank in the direction of Honduras, with the exposed surfaces composed of a fairly hard semi-crystalline massive white limestone, a part of the white limestone formation of Jamaica, forming the central and more elevated portion of each island, and a younger calcareous formation, an outer and lower coastal platform, made up of reef-building corals, mollusca corals, sand and marl with a hard crust due to cementation by carbonate of lime.

*Emigration and Immigration.*—Emigration of others than the sea-faring population has decreased in recent years, and the total is inconsiderable and the absence temporary. There is little immigration other than the return of natives after varying terms of absence.

*Public Health and Sanitation.*—The staple food of the people consists of fish, meats and of cassava, yams, sweet potatoes and breadfruit, all locally grown, and the ordinary wheat and corn products by way of imports. These constitute an almost entirely starchy diet which induces mild digestive disorders.

*Vital Statistics.*—There were 144 births in 1948 (21.43 per thousand) and 56 deaths (8.22 per thousand). The population was estimated at 6,813 on 31st Dec., 1948.

*Imports and Exports.*—For the year 1948 the value of Imports was £139,491 and of Exports, £19,241.

*Trade, Agriculture and Industry.*—In 1948, exports from the turtle fisheries were valued at £9,528. The catch of green turtle was returned at 2,012 of marketable size, and the price obtained approximately £3.10/- each.

The export of thatch-palm rope, the mainstay of the poorer classes, amounted to 1,194,625 fathoms valued at £5,973 in 1947.

The following tabulation shows the comparative value of imported and exported merchandise:—

	Imports	Exports
	£	£
1947	122,448	20,162
Average 5 years	108,078	21,614
1948	139,491	19,241

The excess of imports over exports is balanced by the remitted wages of seamen in every part of the world, the earnings of island vessels not engaged in the turtle and shark fisheries and the contributions to dependents here of men working ashore in the United States and Central America.

Revenue 1947-8 £34,375. Expenditure, 1947-8 £31,890. The main sources of Revenue are from Customs duties and sales of postage stamps, which in 1947-8 accounted for £16,602 and £11,680 respectively. The Reserve Fund of the Dependency at the 31st Dec., 1948 was valued at £29,094, and the Hurricane Fund at £2,181. The Public Debt was £6,032.

There are Customs Offices at Georgetown and Cayman Brac. Georgetown, Grand Cayman and Stake Bay, Cayman Brac, are the principal ports of entry.

There is an *ad valorem* duty of 12½ per cent. on everything imported into the Dependency with the following preferential duties on Ale and Beer, 1/6 per gallon, Spirits, 9/- per gallon, Wines 3/- per gallon, Bay Rum, 9/- per gallon, Leaf and plug tobacco, 3d. per pound, Cigarettes, 4/- per thousand, Cigars, 10 per cent. There is a preferential rate on certain goods imported from the British Empire and there is a free list including such items as manures, school requisites, trees, plants, cuttings, insecticides and mosquito screening wire, articles for the relief of the poor and books, manuscripts, etc.

The Tonnage Tax Law, with certain exemptions, imposes a tax on each package imported into the Dependency.

Three cattle dips are in operation.

*Shipping.*—Georgetown is a port of registry, having on its register 5 sailing vessels and 17 motor driven craft with a total tonnage of 8,750 tons (gross).

*Banking Facilities.*—There are no branches of banks in the Dependency. Remittances are made from abroad by drafts on American banks or branches of banks established in Jamaica. The fullest use is made of the postal money order system. There is a Government Savings Bank.

*Education.*—Thirteen Government primary schools were in operation throughout 1948 with 850 pupils enrolled and an average daily attendance of 669. There are also 4 private schools recognised by the Board of Education. The total expenditure in the Government Schools was £3,856 during 1948-49. There are two Secondary Schools at Georgetown, Grand Cayman, operated under the auspices of the Presbyterian Church and the Church of God Mission respectively.

*Climate.*—The seasons are fairly well defined. The cool season lasts from November to April, when the temperature ranges from 70° F. to 85.0 F., and the prevailing winds are from north-east to north-west. The hot season lasts from May to October, when the prevailing winds are from east to south, and the ranges of temperature are roughly ten degrees higher than in the cool season. The rainfall is, during this period, comparatively heavy and mosquitoes abound. It is during this season, more particularly, during the period July to November, that hurricanes periodically occur. The last visitation of this kind, which occurred in October, 1944, is said to have been the severest within living memory. The most pleasant period of the year is from mid-December to mid-March, when the weather is cool. The annual rainfall lies between 50 and 60 inches. The meteorological station continued its operations in 1948. Reports are exchanged daily with the National Observatory at Havana, Cuba, where they are embodied in the weather forecasts and distributed to all parts of the Caribbean.

*Communications.*—Regular mail, passenger and freight service by steam vessel is maintained with Jamaica. There is also intercourse with ports in Florida, Cuba, Honduras and Nicaragua, by motor and sailing vessels. Roads suitable for vehicular traffic connect all districts in Grand Cayman and Cayman Brac.

*Postal and Telephone Services.*—Foreign mails are received through Jamaica. There is a wireless station at Grand Cayman and one in Cayman Brac and messages are received and forwarded through Cable and Wireless Ltd., Kingston. There is a telephone service to all districts.

*Hotels*—“Bay View”, Georgetown—H. O. Merren, Jr., *Proprietor*; “Turtle Inn”, Georgetown—Caribbean International Airways, Ltd.

*Boarding Houses*—“Petra”—Miss O. N. Hinds; “Cradoc”—Mrs. A. S. Granger. Terms—15/- to 25/- a day.

#### CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT

*Commissioner and Judge of the Grand Court*—His Honour Major Ivor O. Smith—£900 plus £100 duty allowance, and fees.

*Assistant Commissioner*—A. C. Panton, M.B.E. —£450-25-550.

*District Commissioner, Lesser Islands*—A. S. Rutty, M.B.E. £350-25-450.

*Secretary to the Commissioner and Secretary, Board of Education*—Miss F. L. Bodden, £125-10-175.

*Government Medical Officer*—V. O. Finlayson, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.—£500-25-600: Allowance in lieu of private practice £300.

*Government Dispenser, Cayman Brac*—L. G. Lawrence £135-15-210; Drug Allowance £39.

*Sanitary Inspector*—S. O. Ebanks, £125-10-175.

*General and Maternity Nurses*—Boddentown, Nurse M. L. Holloway, £110-10-150;

*Deputy Treasurer and Assistant Manager, Savings Bank*—E. O. Panton, M.B.E., £300-20-400

*Postmaster and Collector of Customs, Grand Cayman*—A. C. Panton, M.B.E.

*Postmaster and Collector of Customs, Lesser Islands*—A. S. Rutty, M.B.E.

*Assistant Collector of Customs and Assistant Postmaster, Lesser Islands*—J. C. Lazzari, £185-15-260.

*Assistant Treasurer and Assistant Collector of Customs, Grand Cayman*—D. V. Watler, £185-15-260.

*Assistant Postmaster and Senior Clerk, Treasury*—C. V. Thompson—£185-15-260.

*Clerk of Court and Coroner*—E. S. Parsons—£280-20-360.

*Clerk of Vestry*—E. O. Panton, M.B.E.

*Inspector of Police, Bailiff and Foreman of Works*—J. R. Watler—£200-20-300

*Chief Wireless Operator, Grand Cayman*, A. D. Bodden, £200-20-300.

*Assistant Operator, Grand Cayman*—C. V. Thompson

*Operator, Cayman Brac*—E. G. D. Tibbetts, £155-15-185.

*Supervising Teacher*—C. A. Hunter—£200-20-300

*Tide Waiter and Warehouse-keeper*—R. D. Watler £125-10-175.

*Clerk of Cemetery*—J. R. Watler.

*Clerk of Markets*—E. O. Panton, M.B.E., fees.



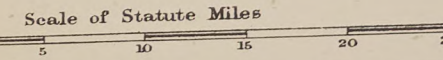
*Auditors*, E. J. Lyon, £60; Miss A. H. Bodden, £48; W. T. Foster, £15; J. A. Ryan, £15.  
*Customs and Taxes Officers—East End*—A. B. Conolly, fees, *West Bay*: T. A. Ebanks, fees  
*Postmistress, Boddentown*—Adina Bodden, £28.  
*Postmistress, West Bay*—Ruby Ebanks, £28.  
*Postmaster, East End*—A. B. Conolly, £21.  
*Postmaster, Northside*—Berlin Ebanks, £17.  
*Registrar of Shipping*—A. C. Panton, M.B.E., fees  
*Registrar of Marriages*—E. O. Panton, M.B.E., fees; W. T. Foster, fees  
*Registrars of Births and Deaths (Fees)* *Georgetown*, Mrs. L. E. Ross, Prospect, Miss Irene Jackson—Boddentown, Mrs. Adina Bodden, East End: A. B. Conolly; Northside, Mrs. Nettie McCoy; West Bay, Ruby Ebanks; Cayman Brac, A. S. Rutty, M.B.E.  
*Recorder of Deeds*—W. S. Coe, fees.  
*Receiver of Wrecks—Nos. 1 and 2 Districts*—A. C. Panton, M.B.E., fees.  
*Lesser Islands*—A. S. Rutty, M.B.E., fees  
*Foreign Vice Consul—Nicaragua*—W. S. Coe.  
*Justices of the Peace:*  
 Ivor O. Smith, H. O. Merren, W. T. Foster, J. N. Tibbetts, A. B. Conolly, A. S. Rutty, M.B.E., A. C. Panton, M.B.E., E. S. Parsons, B. Marson, R. B. Bodden, M.B.E., R. P. Bodden, E. J. Lyon, C. Glidden, Edwin Walton, J. C., Lazzari, Logan Bodden, R. B. Kirkconnell, E. O. Panton, M.B.E., J. R. Watler, T. A. Ebanks, T. W. Farrington, T. F. Hill, J. S. Smith, D. V. Watler, J. A. Panton, S. O. Ebanks, G. L. Lawrence.

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Map of  
**JAMAICA**

<i>Boundaries of Counties</i> .....	<i>Towns and Villages</i> .....
" " <i>Parishes</i> .....	<i>Churches and Chapels</i> .....
<i>Railways &amp; Stations</i> .....	<i>District Court Stations</i> .....
" <i>under construction</i> .....	<i>Estates and Settlements</i> .....
<i>Motor Roads</i> .....	<i>Swamps</i> .....
<i>Other</i> .....	<i>Canals</i> .....
<i>Bridle Paths</i> .....	<i>Rivers</i> .....
<i>Post Offices</i> .....	<i>Police Stations</i> .....



Stanford, London  
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